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VERAMARK TECHNOLOGIES INC
Form 10-Q
May 14, 2002

FORM 10-Q

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

Quarterly Report Under Section 13 or 15 (d)
of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For Quarter Ended March 31, 2002

Commission File Number 0-13898

Veramark Technologies, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

16-1192368

(State or other jurisdiction of
Incorporation or Organization)

(IRS Employer
Identification Number)

3750 Monroe Avenue, Pittsford, NY

14534

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip Code)

(585) 381-6000

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

N.A.

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last
report)

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports
required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Act of 1934
during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant
was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to such filing
requirement for the past 90 days.

YES

XX

NO

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's
classes of common stock, as of March 31, 2002

Common stock, par value \$.10

8,323,689 shares

This report consists of 15 pages.

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

VERAMARK TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	MARCH 31, 2002 ----- (Unaudited)	DECEMBER 2001 -----
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 423,951	\$ 63,000
Investments	688,421	61,000
Accounts Receivable, trade (net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$143,000 and \$139,000, respectively)	1,696,423	1,620,000
Inventories, net	144,449	150,000
Prepaid Expenses	97,646	70,000
	-----	-----
Total Current Assets	3,050,890	3,100,000

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PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Cost	6,645,921	6,66
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(5,061,558)	(4,91
	-----	-----
Property and Equipment (Net)	1,584,363	1,74

OTHER ASSETS:

Software Development Costs (net of accumulated amortization of \$2,299,127 and \$2,070,351, respectively)	2,276,380	2,50
Pension Assets	2,119,274	2,11
Deposits and Other Assets	661,829	65
	-----	-----
Total Other Assets	5,057,483	5,28
	-----	-----
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 9,692,736	\$ 10,13
	=====	=====

See notes to Condensed Financial Statements.

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VERAMARK TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	MARCH 31,	D
	2002	

	(Unaudited)	
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Accounts Payable	\$ 247,677	
Accrued Compensation and Related Taxes	1,801,000	
Deferred Revenue	2,918,026	
Capital Lease Obligation - Current	15,884	
Other Accrued Liabilities	123,116	

Total Current Liabilities	5,105,703	
Long Term Portion of Capital Leases	20,793	
Pension Obligation	3,548,304	

Total Liabilities	8,674,800	
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:		
Common Stock, par value \$.10; shares authorized, 40,000,000; shares issued and outstanding for both periods, 8,403,914	840,391	
Additional Paid-in Capital	20,263,490	
Retained Deficit	(19,601,188)	

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Treasury Stock (80,225 shares, at cost)	(385,757)
Note Receivable for Common Stock	(99,000)

Total Stockholders' Equity	1,017,936

TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 9,692,736
	=====

See notes to Condensed Financial Statements.

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VERAMARK TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

	THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31,	
	2002	
	-----	(Unaudited)
NET SALES		
Product Sales	\$ 970,912	\$
Service Sales	1,667,928	
	-----	-----
Total Net Sales	2,638,840	
COSTS AND OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Cost of Sales	539,860	
Engineering and Software Development	724,431	
Selling, General and Administrative	2,018,985	
	-----	-----
Total Costs and Operating Expenses	3,283,276	
LOSS FROM OPERATIONS	(644,436)	
NET INTEREST INCOME	11,307	
OTHER INCOME (NOTE 4)	--	
	-----	-----
LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	(633,129)	
INCOME TAXES	--	
	-----	-----
NET LOSS	\$ (633,129)	\$
	=====	=====
NET LOSS PER SHARE		
Basic	\$ (0.08)	\$
	=====	=====
Diluted	\$ (0.08)	\$
	=====	=====

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See notes to Condensed Financial Statements

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VERAMARK TECHNOLOGIES, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	THREE MONTHS ENDED 2002 -----
OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	
Net loss	\$ (633,129) -----
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash used by operating activities	
Depreciation and amortization	396,002
Provision for losses on accounts receivable	7,500
Provision for inventory obsolescence	6,250
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	19
Gain on sale of VeraBill	--
Changes in assets and liabilities	
Accounts receivable	(81,077)
Inventories	4,460
Prepaid expenses	(21,471)
Deposits and other assets	(2,266)
Accounts payable	56,894
Accrued compensation and related taxes	90,831
Deferred revenue	78,694
Other accrued liabilities	(112,562)
Pension obligation	78,265 -----
Net adjustments	501,539 -----
Net cash flows used by operating activities	(131,590) -----
INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	
Sale (Purchase) of investments	(70,772)
Additions to property and equipment	(2,902)
Capitalized software development costs	--
Proceeds from sale of VeraBill, net of selling expenses	-- -----
Net cash flows (used) provided by investing activities:	(73,674)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Repayment of capital lease obligation	(3,923) -----
Net cash flows used by financing activities	(3,923) -----
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(209,187)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD	633,138 -----

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CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD

\$ 423,951

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NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(1) GENERAL

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements include all adjustments of a normal and recurring nature which, in the opinion of Company's management, are necessary to present fairly the Company's financial position as of March 31, 2002 and the results of its operations and cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001.

Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been omitted pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the supplemental consolidated financial statements and related notes contained in the Company's annual 10-K Report on Form 10-K to the Securities and Exchange Commission for the year ended December 31, 2001.

The results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2002 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year's operation.

(2) INVENTORIES, NET

The composition of inventories at March 31, 2002 and December 31, 2001 was as follows:

	MARCH 31, 2002	DECEMBER 31, 2001
	-----	-----
Purchased parts and components	\$ 104,579	\$ 119,107
Work in process	35,887	32,394
Finished goods	3,983	3,658
	-----	-----
	\$ 144,449	\$ 155,159
	=====	=====

(3) PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

The major classifications of property and equipment at March 31, 2002, and December 31, 2001 were:

MARCH 31, 2002	DECEMBER 31, 2001
-----	-----

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Machinery and equipment	\$ 775,815	\$ 795,098
Computer hardware and software	2,723,677	2,706,067
Furniture and fixtures	1,763,870	1,776,552
Leasehold improvements	1,382,559	1,382,559
	-----	-----
	\$ 6,645,921	\$6,660,276
	=====	=====

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- (4) On March 26, 2001, the Company completed the sale of VeraBill, its billing and customer care product line, to MIND CTI Ltd. of Yokneam, Israel. The net proceeds from the sale were \$941,000, representing cash received at closing of \$1,000,000, less transaction related fees and expenses of \$59,000. After all fees, expenses, and the write-off of remaining capitalized software associated with the VeraBill product line, the Company recognized a net gain on the transaction of \$315,676.

(5) ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In June 2001, the FASB issued SFAS No. 143, "Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations." SFAS No. 143 requires that obligations associated with the retirement of a tangible long-lived asset be recorded as a liability when those obligations are incurred, with the amount of the liability initially measured at fair value. Upon initially recognizing a liability for an asset retirement obligation, an entity must capitalize the cost by recognizing an increase in the carrying amount of the related long-lived asset. Over time, the liability is accreted to its present value each period and the capitalized cost is depreciated over the useful life of the related asset. Upon settlement of the liability, an entity either settles the obligation for its recorded amount or incurs a gain or loss upon settlement. The provisions of SFAS No. 143 will be required to be adopted by the Company in fiscal 2003. The Company does not currently believe adoption of this statement will have a material effect on its financial position or its results of operations.

In May 2002, the FASB No. 145, "Rescission of regular type FASB Statements No. 4, 44 and 64, Amendment of FASB Statement No. 13, and Technical Corrections." SFAS No. 145 eliminates the requirement that gains and losses from the extinguishments of debt be aggregated and, if material, classified as an extraordinary item, net of the related income tax effect. However, an entity is not prohibited from classifying such gains and losses as extraordinary items, so long as they meet the criteria outlined in Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 30, "Reporting the Results of Operations - Reporting the Effects of Disposal of a Segment of a Business, and Extraordinary, Unusual and Infrequently Occurring Events and Transactions." SFAS No. 145 also eliminates the inconsistency between the accounting for sale-leaseback transactions and certain lease modifications that have economic effects that are similar to sale-leaseback transaction. This statement is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after May 15, 2002. The Company will adopt SFAS No. 145 in the fiscal year beginning January 1, 2003 and has determined that adoption will not have a material effect on its financial position.

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ITEM 2 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Except for the historical information contained herein, the matters discussed in this report are forward-looking statements, which involve risks and uncertainties including, but not limited to, economic, competitive, governmental and technological factors, affecting the Company's operations, markets, products, services and prices, as well as other factors discussed in the Company's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Sales for the quarter ended March 31, 2002 of \$2,638,840 were 21% less than the sales of \$3,324,315 for the quarter ended March 31, 2001. The first quarter of 2001 included approximately \$275,000 of sales associated with VeraBill, the Company's billing and customer care product line, sold in late March of 2001. After removing those VeraBill sales for comparative purposes, the sales decrease in the first quarter of 2002 from the first quarter of 2001 was 13%.

The decrease in sales for the first quarter of 2002 as compared to 2001 was attributable to a 32% decrease in sales of the Company's Quantum Series enterprise products. While quote activity remained strong for Quantum products, the Company continues to see a trend on the part of customers to delay, whenever possible, significant capital expenditures in light of current economic conditions. As a result, several orders expected to be placed during the first quarter are now expected to be delayed into at least the second quarter of 2002. Subsequent to the end of the quarter, the Company received a Quantum Series order encompassing several modules, valued at approximately \$451,000 from McChord Air Force Base. Delivery, installation, and related services attached to this order is expected to occur in late second and early third quarters.

Sales of the Company's call accounting products increased by 6% for the quarter ended March 31, 2002, as compared with the quarter ended March 31, 2001. The increased sales reflect the fourth quarter 2001 release of eCAS, the Company's new call accounting system, the signing of several new distributors and an increased sales level from existing distribution channels. eCAS is the first entirely web-based product of its type in the world, and provides small to large businesses with a powerful and easy to use method for controlling their telecom related expenses, managing staff productivity and providing enhanced security features. Shipments of eCAS began late in the fourth quarter of 2001 and have increased steadily during the first quarter of 2002.

During the first quarter of 2002, the Company announced the signing of two new distribution contracts, both of which are expected to increase future call accounting sales. The first was the signing of a three-year distribution contract with SBC, one of the world's largest communications companies. The new agreement includes all Veramark product offerings and covers all of SBC's regional operating groups, including Ameritech, Pac Bell, Southwestern Bell, Southern New England Telephone and Nevada Bell. First shipments under this contract began late in the first quarter. The second major announcement in the first quarter was a new cooperative software trial program with Siemens Communications Limited and Solitaire Communications Limited in the United Kingdom. Under the terms of the agreement, Siemens will provide a free 90-day trial version of the Company's Emerald XP software with every HiPath 3500 and 3700 series switch it sells in the UK. At any time during the trial period, the customer will have the option of licensing the software off the Internet and continue use of the system without interruption. The Company expects that this program will be expanded to include the new eCAS product offering following

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international certification, expected in late 2002.

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For the first quarter of 2002, the Company also recognized an 18% increase in revenues generated from its Service Bureau operations as compared to the first quarter of 2001. While service bureau revenues accounted for only 4% of the Company's first quarter 2002 sales, the Company continues to see a growing interest in the marketplace among larger organizations to outsource its telecom requirements. The Company's current service bureau offerings allow clients to remotely poll, process, and report on telecommunications, activity and data, and provides standard or customized reports by e-mail, fax or CD-rom. The Company plans to expand its marketing and sales activity significantly during 2002 to take advantage of this growing market opportunity.

For the quarter ended March 31, 2002, sales generated from service activities, which include installation, training, customization and consulting activities, accounted for 63% of total sales. For the quarter ended March 31, 2001, these service activities accounted for 48% of the Company's total sales.

The gross profit margin for the quarter ended March 31, 2002 was \$2,098,980 or 80% of sales, as compared to a gross profit margin of \$2,778,620 or 84% of sales for the quarter ended March 31, 2001. The lower percentage gross margin reflects increased amortization costs incurred due to the previously capitalized development costs associated with eCAS now being amortized and charged to cost of sales.

Net engineering and development expenses for the quarter ended March 31, 2002, were \$724,431 as compared to \$772,217 for the quarter ended March 31, 2001, a decrease of 6%. Gross engineering and development expenses, however, were reduced by 40% when comparing the same periods, before the effects of capitalization attributable to the development of eCAS. The chart below details gross engineering and development costs, amounts capitalized and the resulting net engineering and development costs included in the Company's condensed consolidated Statement of Operations for the quarters ended March 31, 2002 and 2001.

	THREE MONTHS ENDED	
	MARCH 31, 2002	MARCH 31, 2001
	-----	-----
Gross engineering and development expense	\$ 724,431	\$ 1,199,238
Less: Development cost capitalized	- 0-	(427,021)
	-----	-----
Net engineering development expense	\$ 724,431	\$ 772,217
	=====	=====

Selling, general, and administrative expenses of \$2,018,985 incurred for the first quarter of 2002 were 26% lower than the expenses incurred of \$2,733,491 in the quarter ended March 31, 2001. The lower expense level results from the reduction in employment undertaken throughout 2001. At March 31, 2002, the company employed 119 full-time employees as compared with 158 at March 31, 2001.

The net loss for the quarter ended March 31, 2002 was \$633,129, or \$0.08 per diluted share. For the quarter ended March 31, 2001, the Company incurred a loss of \$382,473, or \$0.05 per diluted share, after recording a

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one-time gain on the March 2001 sale of the VeraBill product line of \$315,676.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

As of March 31, 2002, total cash and investments were \$1,112,372, compared with \$1,250,787 at December 31, 2001. Neither the March 31, 2002 nor December 31, 2001 amounts referenced above include the

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cash surrender values of company-owned life insurance policies of approximately \$1.3 million available to fund current operations should it become necessary. The cash surrender values are included in the Pension Assets category of the Company's balance sheet.

Accounts receivable increased by 5% from \$1,622,846, net of an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$139,000, at December 31, 2001 to \$1,696,423, net of an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$143,000 at March 31, 2002. There were no significant write-offs of uncollectable accounts during the first quarter of 2002.

Inventories declined from \$155,159 at December 31, 2002 to \$144,449 at March 31, 2002. It is expected that inventories will continue to decline in the future as product offerings that contain a hardware component continue to be replaced by software-only products.

The cost value of property and equipment at March 31, 2002 was \$6,645,921 as compared to \$6,660,276 at December 31, 2001. During the first quarter of 2002, the Company's capital equipment purchases totaled \$2,902. Additionally, during the first quarter of 2002, the Company disposed of \$17,257 of fully depreciated assets.

The net value of software development costs declined from \$2,505,156 at December 31, 2001 to \$2,276,380 at March 31, 2002, reflecting current period amortization costs. There were no development costs capitalized during the first quarter of 2002, nor are any expected to be capitalized for the remainder of 2002.

Total current liabilities at March 31, 2002 were \$5,105,703, an increase of 2% from the total current liabilities of \$4,991,391 at December 31, 2001. Accounts payable increased by 30% from \$190,783 at December 31, 2001 to \$247,677 at March 31, 2002. This increase is the result of the timing of payments to suppliers and does not reflect a change in Company policy regarding how suppliers are paid.

Accrued compensation and related taxes increased 5% from \$1,710,169 at December 31, 2001 to \$1,801,000 at March 31, 2002, reflecting an increase in the liability recorded for deferred compensation costs related to the issuance of stock options to employees.

Deferred revenues of \$2,918,026 at March 31, 2002 increased by 3% from the December 31, 2001 total of \$2,839,332. Deferred revenues consist of services for which the Company has billed customers but have not yet performed the service, and accordingly have not recorded the revenue as of March 31, 2002. These services include support and maintenance, training, installation, and consulting services.

Total stockholders equity at March 31, 2002 is \$1,017,936 versus \$1,651,065 at December 31, 2001, reflecting the first quarter net loss of \$633,129.

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The company maintains a private equity line of credit agreement with a single institutional investor. Under the equity line, the Company has the right to sell, to the investor, shares of the Company's common stock at a price equal to 94% of the average bid price of the stock for the prior ten trading days. During the term of the agreement, the Company may sell up to \$6 million of common stock to this investor with no more than \$500,000 in any single month. The term of this agreement extends through August 31, 2004.

Despite the operating loss incurred for the quarter ended March 31, 2002, the Company maintained a stable cash position, and believes that at its current reduced operating expense levels, and access to the cash

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surrender value of current insurance policies, that sufficient resources are available to meet the Company's financial obligations for the next twelve months.

In June 2001, the FASB issued SFAS No. 143, "Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations." SFAS No. 143 requires that obligations associated with the retirement of a tangible long-lived asset be recorded as a liability when those obligations are incurred, with the amount of the liability initially measured at fair value. Upon initially recognizing a liability for an asset retirement obligation, an entity must capitalize the cost by recognizing an increase in the carrying amount of the related long-lived asset. Over time, the liability is accreted to its present value each period and the capitalized cost is depreciated over the useful life of the related asset. Upon settlement of the liability, an entity either settles the obligation for its recorded amount or incurs a gain or loss upon settlement. The provisions of SFAS No. 143 will be required to be adopted by the Company in fiscal 2003. The Company does not currently believe adoption of this statement will have a material effect on its financial position or its results of operations.

In May 2002, the FASB No. 145, Rescission of regular type FASB Statements No. 4, 44 and 64, Amendment of FASB Statement No. 13, and Technical Corrections." SFAS No. 145 eliminates the requirement that gains and losses from the extinguishments of debt be aggregated and, if material, classified as an extraordinary item, net of the related income tax effect. However, an entity is not prohibited from classifying such gains and losses as extraordinary items, so long as they meet the criteria outlined in Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 30, "Reporting the Results of Operations - Reporting the Effects of Disposal of a Segment of a Business, and Extraordinary, Unusual and Infrequently Occurring Events and Transactions." SFAS No. 145 also eliminates the inconsistency between the accounting for sale-leaseback transactions and certain lease modifications that have economic effects that are similar to sale-leaseback transaction. This statement is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after May 15, 2002. The Company will adopt SFAS No. 145 in the fiscal year beginning January 1, 2003 and has determined that adoption will not have a material effect on its financial position.

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PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 6:

EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

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- (1) Registrant's Condensed Financial Statements for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001 are set forth in Part I, Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.
- (2) Calculation of loss per share for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001, as set forth as "Exhibit A".

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EXHIBIT A:

VERAMARK TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

CALCULATIONS OF EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE

	THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31,	
	2002	2001
	-----	-----
BASIC		

Net Loss	\$ (633,129)	\$ (382,473)
	=====	=====
Weighted Average Common Shares Outstanding	8,323,689	8,188,909
	=====	=====
Loss Per Common Share	\$ (0.08)	\$ (0.05)
	=====	=====
DILUTED		

Net Loss	\$ (633,129)	\$ (382,473)
	=====	=====
Weighted Average Common Shares Outstanding	8,323,689	8,188,909
	=====	=====
Additional Dilutive Effect of Stock Options and Warrants after Application of Treasury Stock Method	--	--
	-----	-----
Weighted Average Common Shares Outstanding	8,323,689	8,188,909
	=====	=====
Loss per Common Share and Common Equivalent Share	\$ (0.08)	\$ (0.05)
	=====	=====

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

VERAMARK TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

REGISTRANT

Date: May 14, 2002

/s/ David G. Mazzella

David G. Mazzella
President and CEO

Date: May 14, 2002

/s/ Ronald C. Lundy

Ronald C. Lundy
Treasurer (Chief Accounting Officer)