LAMSON & SESSIONS CO Form 10-K February 26, 2001 Table of Contents

## SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

## **FORM 10-K**

[X] ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 [NO FEE REQUIRED]

For the fiscal year ended December 30, 2000

Commission File Number 1-313

[ ] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 [NO FEE REQUIRED]

## THE LAMSON & SESSIONS CO.

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

<u>Ohio</u>

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)
25701 Science Park Drive
Cleveland, Ohio
(Address of principal executive offices)44122-7313
(Zip Code)

34-0349210 (IRS Employer Identification No.)

Registrant s telephone number, including area code: 216/464-3400

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Shares, without par value	New York Stock Exchange Pacific Stock Exchange

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes X No \_\_\_\_

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of Registrant s knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

The aggregate market value of the voting stock held as of February 9, 2001 by non-affiliates of the Registrant: \$143,808,987.

As of February 9, 2001 the Registrant had outstanding 13,706,877 common shares.

#### DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Portions of the Proxy Statement for the 2001 Annual Meeting of Shareholders are incorporated by reference into Part III.

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#### **PART I**

## Item 1. Business

The Lamson & Sessions Co., an Ohio corporation, (the Company or Lamson & Sessions), founded in 1866, is a

diversified manufacturer and distributor of a broad line of thermoplastic electrical, consumer, telecommunications and fluid drainage products for major domestic markets. The markets for thermoplastic electrical conduit, related fittings and accessories, wiring devices and sewer pipe include: the construction, utility and telecommunications industries, municipalities, other government agencies, and contractors; and do-it-yourself home remodelers.

#### **Principal Products and Markets**

The Company is engaged in the manufacture and distribution of a broad line of thermoplastic electrical, telecommunications and engineered sewer products. In addition, the Company distributes a wide variety of consumer electrical wiring devices, home security devices, wireless electrical and other wireless products.

All of the Company s thermoplastic electrical products compete with and serve as substitutes for similar metallic products. The Company s engineered sewer pipe products compete with and serve as substitutes for clay, concrete, ductile iron, asbestos cement and polyethylene products. The Company s thermoplastic electrical products offer several advantages over these other products. Specifically, nonmetallic electrical and telecommunications conduit and related fittings and accessories are generally less expensive, lighter and easier to install than metallic products. They do not rust, corrode or conduct electricity. Thermoplastics, either polyvinyl chloride (PVC) or high density polyethylene (HDPE), are the materials of choice to protect fiber optic cable. Thermoplastic sewer pipe weighs less than alternative products, is easier and more economical to install, does not degenerate due to chemical attack as do some competing products, and eliminates avoidable problems which can be caused by infiltration and exfiltration.

Three markets are served, each of which has unique product and marketing requirements. These markets are:

Carlon Industrial, Residential, Commercial, Telecommunications and Utility Construction: The major customers served are electrical contractors and distributors, original equipment manufacturers, electric power utilities, cable television (CATV), telephone and telecommunications companies. The principal products sold by this segment include electrical, telecommunications and wire raceway systems and a broad line of nonmetallic enclosures, outlet boxes and electrical fittings. Examples of the applications for the products included in this segment are multi-cell duct systems or HDPE conduit designed to protect underground fiber optic cables, allowing future cabling expansion and flexible conduit used inside buildings to protect communications cable. The two recent acquisitions of Pyramid Industries, Inc. (Pyramid) and Ameriduct Worldwide, Inc. (Ameriduct) are included as part of the Carlon segment.

<u>Lamson Home Products</u> <u>Consumer</u>: The major customers served are home centers and mass merchandisers for the do-it-yourself home repair market. The products included in this segment are outlet boxes, liquidtight conduit, electrical fittings, chimes and lighting controls.

<u>PVC Pipe:</u> This business segment supplies electrical, power and communications conduit to the electrical distribution, telecommunications, consumer and power utility markets. The 1/2 inch to 6 inch electrical and telecommunications conduit is made from PVC and is used to protect wire or fiber optic cables supporting the infrastructure of our power or telecommunications systems. In addition, this segment provides closed profile engineered sewer pipe ranging in diameter from 21 inches to 54 inches to various municipalities and private contractors for drainage systems in new construction and rehabilitation markets.

A breakdown of revenues as a percent of net sales by major business segment for 2000, 1999 and 1998, is as follows:

(Dollars in thousands)	2000		1999		1998	
Carlon Lamson Home	\$142,979	41%	\$120,975	42%	\$109,458	40%
Products63,35118%53,40118%50,34819%PVC Pipe142,40341%117,00540%111,10841%						

0 0
\$348,733100%\$291,381100%\$270,914100%

See discussion of segment products in Note K of financial statements.

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### Competition

Each of the three segments in which the Company presently operates is highly competitive based on service, price and quality. Most of the competitors are either national or smaller regional manufacturers who compete with limited product offerings. Unlike a majority of the Company s competitors, the Company manufactures a broad line of thermoplastic products, complementary fittings and accessories. The Company believes that its products will continue to compete favorably. However, certain of the Company s competitors have greater financial resources than the Company, which could adversely affect the Company through price competition strategies.

#### Distribution

The Company distributes its products through a nationwide network of more than 100 manufacturers representatives and a direct sales force of approximately 40. Currently, three manufacturers representatives maintain an inventory of the Company s products.

#### **Raw Materials**

The Company is a large purchaser of pipe grade PVC and HDPE resins. The Company has entered into supply contracts for PVC which should stabilize its availability for the next several years. HDPE is purchased by the Company from various sources and is readily available.

#### **Patents and Trademarks**

The Company owns various patents, patent applications, licenses, trademarks and trademark applications relating to its products and processes. While the Company considers that, in the aggregate, its patents, licenses and trademarks are of importance in the operation of its business, it does not consider that any individual patent, license or trademark, or any technically related group, is of such importance that termination would materially affect its business.

#### **Seasonal Factors**

Two of the Company s three business segments experience moderate seasonality caused principally by a decrease in construction activity during the winter months. They are subject also to the economic cycles affecting the residential, commercial and industrial construction industries and to a lesser degree the telecommunications infrastruction construction. The Company s consumer products business unit is affected by consumer spending and consumer confidence.

#### **Major Customers**

Sales to Affiliated Distributors, a buying group within the Carlon and PVC Pipe segments not otherwise affiliated with the Company, totaled approximately 17% of consolidated net sales in 2000 and 1999 and 15% of consolidated net sales in 1998.

#### **Backlog**

In the Company s three business segments, the order-to-delivery cycle ranges from several days to a few weeks. Therefore, the measurement of backlog is not a significant factor in the evaluation of the Company s prospects.

#### **Research and Development**

The Company is engaged in product development programs which concentrate on identifying, creating and introducing innovative applications for thermoplastic and wireless electrical products. The Company maintains a separate product development center in Cleveland, Ohio, to facilitate this effort and improve manufacturing processes. The Company s research and development expenditures totaled \$3.3 million, \$3.8 million and \$3.7 million in 2000, 1999 and 1998, respectively.

#### **Environmental Regulations**

The Company believes that its current operations and its use of property, plant and equipment conform in all material respects to applicable environmental laws and regulations presently in effect. The Company has facilities at numerous geographic locations, which are subject to a range of federal, state and local environmental laws and regulations. Compliance with these laws has, and will, require expenditures on a continuing basis.

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During the second quarter of 1999, the Company reached a settlement on litigation involving environmental matters at a property sold by the Company in 1981 whereby the Company agreed to incur costs of certain remediation activities which will occur over several years. The settlement did not have a material impact on the Company s financial position or results of operations.

#### Associates

At December 30, 2000, the Company had 1,246 associates, 1,020 of whom were employed at the Company s manufacturing facilities and distribution centers. The remainder of associates were primarily employed at the Company s corporate headquarters and product development facilities.

## **Foreign Operations**

The net sales, operating earnings and assets employed outside the United States are not significant. Export sales were approximately 2% of consolidated net sales in 2000 and 1999 and 1% in 1998, and were made principally to countries in North America.

### **Item 2.** Properties

The Company owns (O) or leases (L) manufacturing and distribution facilities, which are suitable and adequate for the production and marketing of its products. The Company owns executive and administrative offices, which are located in Cleveland, Ohio, and occupy 68,000 square feet in a suburban office complex. The Company also has research and development offices, located in Cleveland, Ohio, which occupy leased space of 27,000 square feet, and administrative offices in Erie, Pennsylvania, which occupy 7,000 square feet of leased space. The following is a list of the Company s manufacturing and distribution center locations:

Approximate
Square
Feet

#### **Manufacturing Facilities**

Woodland, California (O)66,000High Springs, Florida (O)110,000Fort Lauderdale, Florida (L)7,500Tennille, Georgia (O)41,000Clinton, Iowa (O)124,000Mountain Grove and Seymour, Missouri (O)36,000Bowling Green, Ohio (O)67,000Oklahoma City, Oklahoma (O)172,000Nazareth, Pennsylvania (O)59,000Erie, Pennsylvania (L)56,000Cranesville, Pennsylvania (L)10,000Pasadena, Texas (O)48,000Distribution CentersColumbia, South Carolina (L)350,000Woodland, California (L)105,000Fort Myers, Florida (O)4,000

The Company operated the above manufacturing facilities at approximately 91% of their productive capacity in 2000.

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#### **Item 3.** Legal Proceedings

On September 23, 1999, the Company announced that a United States District Court jury in the Northern District of Illinois found that the Company willfully infringed on a patent held by Intermatic Incorporated of Spring Grove, Illinois, relating to the design of an in-use weatherproof electrical outlet cover, and awarded Intermatic \$12.5 million in damages plus pre-judgment interest of approximately \$1.5 million. The court declined to increase the damages with respect to the willfulness finding. The Company is pursuing a vigorous appeal and believes it has meritorious positions that will substantially reduce or eliminate the jury award. If, however, the appeal process is not successful, the final resolution of the matter could have a material adverse affect on the Company s financial position, cash flows and results of operations. It is the Company s understanding that the appeal process may require a one-to-two year period.

The Company has filed a suit to recover damages related to the termination of the agreement to sell its PVC Pipe business. This matter is scheduled for trial in March 2001. It is premature to estimate the timing for a resolution of this suit.

The Company is also a party to various other claims and matters of litigation incidental to the normal course of its business. Management believes that the final resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse affect on the Company s financial position, cash flows or results of operations.

### **Item 4.** Submission of Matters to Security Holders

None.

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#### **EXECUTIVE OFFICERS OF THE REGISTRANT**

#### JOHN B. SCHULZE

Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer since January 1990. Age 63.

#### **JAMES J. ABEL**

Executive Vice President, Secretary, Treasurer and Chief Financial Officer Executive Vice President, Secretary, Treasurer and Chief Financial Officer since September 1994. Age 55.

#### **CHARLES E. ALLEN**

Senior Vice President Senior Vice President since September 1989. Age 60.

#### ALBERT J. CATANI, II

Vice President Manufacturing

Vice President, Manufacturing since August 1995. Previously was Independent Consultant, Environmental Growth Chambers, March 1995. August 1995. Previously was Vice President, Operations, Universal Electronics, Inc., April 1993. March 1995. Age 53.

#### **DONALD A. GUTIERREZ**

Vice President Carlon

Vice President, Carlon since March 1998. Previously was Vice President, Carlon Electrical Products since July 1997. Previously was National Sales Manager since January 1997. Previously was Manager, Distributor Sales August 1996. January 1997. Previously was in Marketing and Sales with General Electric 1979. August 1996. Age 43.

#### **CHARLES W. HENNON**

Vice President and Chief Information Officer

Vice President and Chief Information Officer since April 1998. Previously was Manager, Business Support Services with Ferro Corporation 1993 April 1998. Age 55.

#### **MELVIN W. JOHNSON**

Vice President

Vice President since February 1991. Age 64.

#### LORI L. SPENCER

Vice President and Controller

Vice President and Controller since August 1997. Previously was Vice President, Strategic Planning since February 1997. Previously was Director, Financial Planning & Internal Audit, September 1994 February 1997. Age 42.

#### NORMAN P. SUTTERER

Vice President Lamson Home Products

Vice President Lamson Home Products since March 1998. Previously was Vice President, Carlon Telecom Systems since January 1994. Age 51.

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#### PART II

#### Item 5. Market for the Registrant's Common Stock and Related Security Holder Matters

The Company s Common Stock is traded on the New York Stock Exchange and the Pacific Stock Exchange. High and low sales prices for the common stock are included in Note M to the Consolidated Financial Statements. No dividends were paid in 2000, 1999 or 1998. The approximate number of shareholders of record of the Company s Common Stock at December 30, 2000 was 1,377.

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#### Item 6. Selected Financial Data

#### FIVE-YEAR CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL SUMMARY

(Dollars in thousands except per share data, shareholders, associates and percentages)

2000	1999	1998	1997	1996

Fiscal Vears Ended

#### **Operations:**

Net

sales\$348,733\$291,381\$270,914\$271,780\$289,052Cost

of products sold 260, 114229, 981214, 410221, 898223, 778 GROSS**PROFIT**88,61961,40056,50449,88265,274Operating expenses54,13248,05447,58452,37753,135**OPERATING INCOME** (LOSS)34,48713,3468,920(2,495)12,139Interest4,5393,5584,3413,7682,611INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAXES ANDCUMULATIVE EFFECT OF **ACCOUNTING** CHANGE29,9489,7884,579(6,263)9,528Income tax provision (benefit)8,500(9,000)(2,100)(1,550)(4,100)**INCOME** (LOSS) BEFORE CUMULATIVEEFFECT OF ACCOUNTING CHANGE21,44818,7886,679(4,713)13,628Cumulative effect of accounting change(4,940)NET **INCOME** (LOSS)21,44818,7886,679(9,653)13,628 Year-End Financial Position: Current Assets\$134,906\$94,704\$83,975\$91,567\$90,945Other Assets120,09040,52225,95721,0799,703Property, Plant and Equipment65,29748,09350,73556,32960,473Total Assets320,293183,319160,667168,975161,121Current Liabilities76,65656,22347,27857,58051,906Long-Term Debt130,27636,91940,80744,71236,911Other Long-Term Liabilities 27, 33226, 80828, 45129, 70227, 517 Shareholders Equity86,02963,36944,13136,98144,787Working Capital58,25038,48136,69733,98739,039

Statistical Information: Average number of

dilutive common shares

out standing 13,98913,48213,48813,34913,641 Number

of shareholders of

record1,3771,5581,6871,8321,987Number of

associates1,2469639831,0441,164Book value

per share\$6.15\$4.70\$3.27\$2.77\$3.28Market

price per

share\$10.50\$4.88\$5.13\$5.81\$7.25Market

capitalization\$143,819\$65,584\$68,903\$77,970\$96,433Gross

margin as a % of net

sales25.4%21.1%20.9%18.4%22.6%Operating

expenses as a % of net

sales 15.5% 16.5% 17.6% 19.3% 18.4% Operating

margin as a % of net

sales9.9%4.6%3.3%(0.9%)4.2%Operating cash

flow as a % of total

debt19.9%29.9%19.5%6.2%21.3%Capital

Expenditures\$11,085\$7,563\$4,546\$11,584\$16,771EBITDA

(earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amoritzation)\$45,716\$23,482\$18,877\$6,224\$20,909EBITDA Margin13.1%8.1%70%2.3%7.2%Long-term debt as a % of equity 151.4%58.3%92.5%120.9%82.4%Return on average equity from operations28.7%35.0%16.5%(11.5%)36.0%

**Basic Earnings (Loss) Per Common** 

Share:Earnings (Loss) before change in accounting principle\$1.58\$1.40\$0.50\$(0.35)\$1.02Cumulative effect of accounting change\$(0.37)Net earnings (Loss)\$1.58\$1.40\$0.50\$(0.72)\$1.02Diluted Earnings (Loss) Per Common Share:Earnings (Loss) before change in accounting principle\$1.53\$1.39\$0.50\$90.35)\$1.00Cumulative effect of accounting change\$(0.37)Net earnings (Loss)\$1.53\$1.39\$0.50\$(0.72)\$1.00

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#### Item 7. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

#### **Discussion of the Consolidated Statements of Income**

**The Consolidated Statements of Income** present Lamson & Sessions operating performance over the last three years.

#### **Results of Operations**

Net sales increased in 2000 to \$348.7 million from \$291.4 million in 1999 representing a 19.7% growth rate. Excluding the two acquisitions made by the Company during the year net sales would have increased by 14.6% or \$42.7 million. All three business segments experienced healthy growth during this year. Carlon grew by \$22 million or 18.2% primarily from the Pyramid and Ameriduct acquisitions, which added \$14.7 million in combined net sales. This business unit generated a 6% growth from its core electrical and telecommunications products reflecting price increases early in the year and modest market growth. Lamson Home Products increased its net sales level by \$10 million or 18.6% over 1999 to \$63.4 million. This improvement in the top line is almost entirely from additional business at the unit s second largest customer as price increases were negligible. The PVC Pipe business had an outstanding year as sales increased by 21.7% or \$25.4 million to \$142.4 million. These results reflect a 50% increase in selling price per unit as resin costs were up by an average of 30% during 2000 versus 1999. The Company gave up market share to maintain material spreads as the construction market was very strong throughout the first half of this year. Telecommunications duct volume was up by 12% this year, the mix improving from predominantly electrical conduit to a more balanced product distribution. Sales of large diameter sewer pipe have continued to decline due to

extremely competitive pricing in the direct bury product lines (12% lower than 1999). However, the targeted rehabilitation pipe products have expanded rapidly this year, almost doubling in sales value.

Net sales increased in 1999 by 7.6% to \$291.4 million from \$270.9 million in 1998. The largest increase came in the Carlon business unit, which expanded sales by 10.5% or \$11.5 million. The segment has continued to gain market acceptance of its engineered cable management products used in telecommunications network construction both for inside premise and outside plant applications. Strong construction markets and improved customer service led to solid growth across the board in electrical products. Lamson Home Products grew net sales by 6.1% or \$3.1 million in 1999 compared with 1998. Continued strong growth in the home improvement market drove improved sales volume in electrical fittings, outlet boxes and liquidight tubing. This segment was negatively impacted for 1999 by the Hechinger s bankruptcy as well as the elimination of unprofitable wiring device products. Finally, the PVC Pipe business increased sales by 5.3%, with electrical and telecommunications conduit growing by 8.1%, primarily from increased resin costs, which we were able to pass on to our customers. This segment was negatively impacted by unexpected PVC resin shortages during the third quarter, which limited its supply of conduit to the electrical construction market. In addition, sales in large diameter sewer pipe declined by 5.7% due to increased competition and a softening demand for rehabilitation pipe.

Gross margins grew by over 20% to 25.4% in 2000 compared with 21.1% in 1999. This improvement was a result of better margins in both the Carlon and the PVC Pipe businesses from price increases and product mix improvements. Overall distribution and freight costs were around \$5 million less on a comparable basis to 1999 primarily due to the consolidation of distribution operations completed last year and effective management of freight surcharges incurred in 2000.

Gross margins were 21.1% in 1999, a slight improvement from the 20.9% in 1998. The 1999 cost of products sold includes \$2.1 million of costs for the consolidation of distribution operations. They consist primarily of associate relocation, training and start-up costs and asset dispositions. Better product mix, distribution and freight savings were partially offset by unfavorable volume variances caused by the raw material shortages experienced during the peak construction season.

Operating expenses were \$54.1 million in 2000 (\$6.1 million higher than 1999) or 15.5% of net sales compared with 16.5% of net sales in 1999. Continued productivity improvements in general administrative activities offset increases in sales commission and legal, professional and acquisition related expenses. The result was more than a two and a half times increase in operating income to \$34.5 million (9.9% of net sales) in 2000 versus \$13.3 million (4.6% of net sales) in 1999.

Operating expenses in 1999 declined to 16.5% of net sales or \$48.1 million, 6.3% lower than the 17.6% in 1998. The Company continued to experience productivity improvements from its infrastructure investments in management information systems and associate training programs, which resulted in lower staffing levels. With the exception of

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higher commission expense due to increased sales, operating expenses actually declined by 1.3% from 1998. Operating income improved by almost 50% to \$13.3 million in 1999 (4.6% of net sales) compared with \$8.9 million (3.3% of net sales) in 1998.

Interest expense increased by a million dollars in 2000 due to the acquisition debt added late in the year. The new debt agreement entered into in August 2000, lowered the Company s average borrowing rate by over one percentage point. In 1999, the interest expense had declined as a result of lower average debt levels and lower interest rates from

improved operating performance.

The Company s earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) was \$45.7 million for 2000, almost double the \$23.5 million EBITDA earned in 1999.

#### **Financial Condition**

Working capital was \$58 million at the end of 2000 compared with \$38.5 million at the end of 1999. The current ratio increased to 1.76 in 2000 from 1.68 in 1999 as accounts receivable and inventory balances grew more than current related payables. Cash flow generated from operating activities was a strong \$27.5 million in 2000 versus \$12.2 million in 1999. These results reflect the significant improvement in operating results this year, which offset a \$9.5 million increase in inventory.

Accounts receivable were \$56.6 million at the end of 2000, which includes \$15.8 in receivables from the acquisitions, compared with \$40.7 million at the end of 1999. Days sales outstanding were about 49.2 this year compared with 49.8 days for 1999.

Inventory levels at the end of 2000 were \$59.6 million compared with \$42.6 million at the end of 1999.Of this \$17.3 million increase, \$7.5 million is inventory acquired in the Pyramid and Ameriduct purchases. Almost the entire remaining increase has occurred in the PVC Pipe business as pounds of resin are up almost 45% from the low level at the end of last year, while resin pricing at the end of 2000 is relatively the same as the prior year end.

Accounts payable at year end were approximately the same (\$28.6 million) as last year, as the Company has decreased its purchasing activity in the last quarter to help adjust its inventory levels going into next year.

The current balance in deferred tax assets increased due to improved operating results allowing the Company to utilize net operating losses to reduce current expected tax payments. Accrued expenses reflect acquired liabilities to be paid in the next year and the expectation that outstanding legal cases will be resolved in the next year. The current portion of long-term debt has increased to reflect the amortization schedule of term debt provided in the new credit agreement.

The Company completed the refinancing of its debt during 2000 to provide up to \$194 million in a five-year facility with a ten bank consortium of which \$48.5 million is a term loan. During the year the Company utilized in excess of \$110 million for the acquisitions of Pyramid and Ameriduct. Excluding these acquisitions, the Company would have paid down nearly \$20 million in debt.

Capital expenditures totaled \$11.1 million in 2000 compared with \$7.6 million in 1999. The current year spending was primarily for conduit extrusion capacity additions, distribution center productivity, new product tooling and quality enhancements.

#### Outlook

The following paragraphs contain forward-looking comments. The comments are subject to, and the actual future results may be impacted by, the cautionary limitations and factors outlined in the following narrative comments.

We began to express caution with respect to the moderating effects on the general economy of interest rate increases in our Form 10-Q filings and quarterly earnings releases throughout 2000. The general level of economic activity slowed dramatically in the fourth quarter of 2000 and this slowing has continued into the first quarter of 2001, especially in the telecommunications market where funding sources for infrastructure development projects were sharply contracted or eliminated.

On January 30, 2001, in our fourth quarter 2000 earnings release and web cast conference call, we outlined our expectations for both the first quarter and full year 2001 which reflected the best information available to us at that time from economic data as well as input from customers and our sales force. Since then, we have experienced a significantly lower sales order rate which now causes us to reduce our earnings estimate accordingly. Recent announcements by major telecommunications companies lowering their growth forecasts and recognizing the severity of the economic slowdown are having an effect on our performance. The sales order activity from the telecommunication infrastructure market has fallen precipitously in light of the slowing or deferral of outside plant construction projects (including the installation of fiber optic backbone networks) over the past several weeks. While we continue to believe that the telecom infrastructure market s prospects over the next two or three years are projected to be good, the near term decline reflects a combination of conservative capital spending and difficulty in gaining firm financing agreements as a result of general credit tightening measures.

Our Carlon business segment encompasses both the telecom market and the residential and commercial construction markets. While the telecom activity has slowed, we are encouraged by the continuing strength in housing permits and housing starts, which should begin to favorably impact our results in the second quarter.

The dramatic fall in consumer confidence, its lowest level in seven years, is likely to reduce the growth target of our Lamson Home Products business segment as evidenced by recent public statements by its largest customer, Home Depot.

The PVC Pipe business segment is highly sensitive to commodity raw material pricing volatility. Currently, margins are very tight due to aggressive competition trying to defend market share positions in a climate of soft demand.

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The length and depth of the economic slowing are problematic to estimate, at best. The spring months should bring some increased spending simply due to seasonal factors. If the economy begins to respond to the interest rate reductions over the next several months, we believe that some of the wait and see conservatism will abate and more capital spending will begin to flow in the second half of 2001.

We previously disclosed a projected sales level of \$95 to \$100 million for the first quarter of 2001 which would likely result in an earnings range of 22 cents to 25 cents per diluted share. As a result of the factors described above, we now project an \$85 million to \$90 million sales range resulting in earnings of 3 cents to 8 cents per diluted share for the first quarter of 2001. This revised earnings level reflects the reduction in plant operating rates, particularly for high density polyethylene (HDPE) conduit that has resulted in unabsorbed fixed costs creating higher manufacturing variances.

For the full year 2001, we have previously indicated a range of \$460 million to \$470 million in net sales and an earnings range of \$1.70 to \$1.75 per diluted share. While we anticipate that demand will begin to strengthen in the second quarter, in light of the projected weaker first quarter described above and continued competitive pricing, we are revising our projection for the full year 2001 to a net sales range of \$430 million to \$440 million and net earnings of \$1.00 to \$1.10 per diluted share.

The volume levels currently being experienced, and those projected for the balance of the year, effectively preclude the Company from sustaining growth in earnings per share for 2001. We are disappointed that low volume will prevent the Company from fully demonstrating the improved performance made possible by continued progress in cost reduction and operating efficiency. Even at the reduced volume, which is now projected, the EBITDA level for 2001 is projected to exceed EBITDA for 2000 by \$9 million. For 2001, the increase projected in EBITDA is offset by

the projected increase of \$7.2 million in interest expense resulting from the increased borrowings to finance the Company s two recent acquisitions as well as projected increased charges of \$5 million and \$2 million for amortization of goodwill and income taxes, respectively.

Lamson & Sessions is a leading producer of thermoplastic enclosures, fittings, wiring outlet boxes and conduit for the electrical, telecommunications, consumer, power and wastewater markets. For additional information, please visit our Web site at: <a href="https://www.lamson-sessions.com">www.lamson-sessions.com</a>.

The above statements contain expectations that are forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform act of 1995. Actual results may differ materially from those expected as a result of a variety of factors, such as: (i) the volatility of resin pricing, (ii) the ability of the Company to pass through raw material cost increases to its customers, (iii) maintaining stable level of housing starts, telecom infrastructure spending, consumer confidence and general construction trends, and (iv) further deterioration in the country s general economic condition affecting the markets for the Company s products.

#### Item 7(a). Market Risk Disclosures

The following discussion about the Company s market risk disclosures involves forward-looking statements. Actual results could differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements. The Company is exposed to market risk related to changes in interest rates and commodity prices for PVC and HDPE resins. The Company does not use derivative financial instruments for speculative or trading purposes.

Almost all of the Company s long-term debt obligations bear interest at a variable rate. In order to mitigate the risk associated with interest rate fluctuations, in January 2001, the Company entered into an interest rate swap with a notional amount of \$48.5 million and effectively fixed the variable rate debt at 5.48% plus the Company s risk premium of 1.125% to 1.875%. The notional amount is used to calculate the contractual cash flow to be exchanged and does not represent exposure to credit loss.

These risks and others that are detailed in this Form 10-K and in the Company s Annual Report must be considered by any investor or potential investor in the Company.

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#### Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

#### THE LAMSON & SESSIONS CO. AND SUBSIDIARIES

	Fiscal Years		
(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)	2000	1999	1998
NET SALES Cost of products sold260,114229,981214,410	\$348,733	\$291,381	\$270,914

(Dollars in	n thousands)		2000	1999	1998
			F	iscal Years	
THE LAM	SON & SESSIONS CO. AND SUBSIDIARI	ES			
	DATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS				
Table of Cor					
Table of Cor	atanta				
		12			
See notes to	consolidated financial statements.				
		•			
		•			
	SHARE\$1.53\$1.39\$0.50	•			
	DILUTED EARNINGS PER COMMON	•			
		•			
	BASIC EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE\$1.58\$1.40\$0.50				
		!			
		•			
	NET INCOME\$21,448\$18,788\$6,679				
	INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES29,9489,7884,579Income tax provision (Benefit)8,500(9,000)(2,100)	•			
	expense4,5393,5584,341				
	OPERATING INCOME34,48713,3468,920Interest				
	expenses54,15246,05447,564				
	<b>GROSS PROFIT</b> 88,61961,40056,504Operating expenses54,13248,05447,584	•			
		•			

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OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Net income\$21,448\$18,788\$6,679Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash provided by operating activities:Depreciation and amortization11,22910,1369,957Loss on disposal of assets 516 Deferred income taxes 6,903 (9,000) (2,100) Net change in working capital accounts (excluding effect of acquired businesses):Accounts receivable1,574(5,596)(2,129)Inventories(9,531)(3,399)6,413Prepaid expenses and other1,217(2,041)4,535Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other current liabilities1,92410,629(10,391)Other long-term items(7,243)(7,835)(4,243) **CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES**27,52112,1988,721**INVESTING ACTIVITIES**Net additions to property, plant and equipment(11,085)(7,563)(4,546)Acquisitions, net of cash acquired(112,839) **CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES**(123,924)(7,563)(4,546)**FINANCING ACTIVITIES**Long-term borrowings161,387 Retirement of previous credit agreement(42,296) Payments on long-term borrowings and capital lease obligations(25,330)(3,848)(3,816)Exercise of stock options 1,370 168 **CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES**95,131(3,848)(3,648) (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH(1,272)787527Cash at beginning of year2,7241,9371,410

YEAR\$1,452\$2,724\$1,937

CASH AT END OF

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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#### CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

#### THE LAMSON & SESSIONS CO. AND SUBSIDIARIES

December 30, 2000 and January 1, 2000 (Dollars in thousands)

2000

1999

## ASSETS CURRENT ASSETSCash

and cash equivalents\$1,452\$2,724Accounts receivable, net56,65940,676Inventories, netFinished goods and work-in-process53,28336,778Raw materials6,2905,783

59,57342,561Deferred tax assets13,2114,963Prepaid expenses and other4,0113,780

TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS134,90694,704PROPERTY, PLANT AND

**MENT**Land5,7173,588Buildings22,98322,251Machinery and equipment116,15492,893

144,854118,732Less allowances for depreciation and amortization79,55770,639

Total Net Property, Plant and Equipment65,29748,093GOODWILL88,8682,141PENSION ASSETS21,55519,046DEFERRED TAX ASSETS 15,787OTHER

ASSETS9,6673,548

**TOTAL** 

**ASSETS**\$320,293\$183,319

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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#### CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

#### THE LAMSON & SESSIONS CO. AND SUBSIDIARIES

December 30, 2000 and January 1, 2000 (Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

2000

1999

LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY

**LIABILITIES**Accounts

**CURRENT** 

payable\$28,572\$28,237Accrued compensation and benefits10,0349,184Other accrued expenses25,49911,269Taxes4,3833,645Current maturities of long-term

TOTAL

CURRENT

debt8,1683,888

LIABILITIES76,65656,223LONG-TERM
DEBT130,27636,919POST-RETIREMENT
BENEFITS AND
OTHER LONG TERM

**OTHERLONG-TERM** 

 ${\bf LIABILITIES} 27,33226,808 {\bf SHAREHOLDERS}$ 

**EQUITY**Common shares,

without par value, stated value

of \$.10 pershare, authorized

20,000,000 shares;

outstanding 13,697,277shares

in 2000 and 13,453,251 shares

in 19991,3691,345Other

capital74,99773,616Retained

earnings

(Deficit)10,236(11,212)Cumulative

other comprehensive income

(Loss)(573)(380)

Total Shareholders
Equity86,02963,369

TOTAL LIABILITIES &
SHAREHOLDERS
EQUITY\$320,293\$183,319

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY

#### THE LAMSON & SESSIONS CO. AND SUBSIDIARIES

(Dollars in thousands)

		Cumulative Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)
		Retained Total
Common Shares	Other Capital	Foreign Minimum Earnings Currency Pension Shareholders (Deficit) Translation Liability Equity
\$1,341	\$73,409	\$(36,679) \$(279) \$(811) \$36,981

#### Balance at January 3, 1998

Net income6,6796,679Other comprehensive income (Loss):Foreign currency translation(72)(72)Minimum pension liability375375

Total comprehensive income (Loss)6,982Issuance of 30,350 shares under employee benefit plans3165168

#### Balance at January 2,

**1999**\$1,344\$73,574\$(30,000)\$(351)\$(436)\$44,131Net income18,78818,788Other comprehensive income:Foreign currency translation2828Minimum pension liability379379

Total comprehensive income 19,195 Issuance of 8,717 shares under employee benefit plans 14243

Edgar Filing: LA	MSON & SESSIONS CO - Form 10-K
Balance at January 1, 2000\$1,345\$73,616\$(11,212)\$(323)\$(57)\$63,369Net income21,44821,448Other comprehensive income:Foreign currency translation(207)(207)Minimum pension liability1414	
Total comprehensive income21,255Issuance of 244,026 shares under employee benefit plans241,3811,405	
Balance at December 30, 2000\$1,369\$74,997\$10,236\$(530)\$(43)\$86,029	
e notes to consolidated financial statements.	
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## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS THE LAMSON & SESSIONS CO. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Three fiscal years ended December 30, 2000

#### NOTE A ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Fiscal Year: The Company s fiscal year end is the Saturday closest to December 31.

<u>Principles of Consolidation and Presentation:</u> The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and all domestic and foreign subsidiaries after elimination of intercompany items. Certain 1999 and 1998 items have been reclassified to conform with the 2000 financial statement presentation.

Recent Accounting Standard Changes: The Company will adopt Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 133 (SFAS 133), *Accounting for Derivatives and Hedging Activities*, as amended, as of December 31, 2000, as required. SFAS 133 requires that all derivative instruments be recorded as either assets or liabilities at fair value. Gains or losses resulting from changes in the values of the derivative instruments may be recognized immediately or deferred depending on the use of the derivative and whether it qualifies as a hedge. The impact of complying with SFAS 133 will not have a material effect on the Company s results of operations, financial position or cash flows.

<u>Use of Estimates:</u> The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents:</u> The Company considers all investments with an original maturity of three months or less on their acquisition date to be cash equivalents.

<u>Inventories:</u> Inventories are valued at the lower of first-in, first-out (FIFO) cost or market.

<u>Financial Instruments:</u> The Company s carrying value of its financial instruments approximates fair value.

<u>Property and Depreciation:</u> Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost. For financial reporting purposes, depreciation and amortization are computed principally by the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Buildings are depreciated over periods up to 31.5 years. Machinery and equipment is depreciated over periods ranging from 3 years to 15 years. Accelerated methods of depreciation are used for federal income tax purposes.

<u>Impairment of Long-Lived Assets:</u> The Company evaluates the recoverability of long-lived assets and the related estimated remaining lives at each balance sheet date. The Company would record an impairment charge or change in useful life whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable, measured using undiscounted cash flows, or the useful life has changed.

<u>Goodwill:</u> Goodwill represents the cost in excess of fair value of net assets acquired in business combinations accounted for by the purchase method and is amortized on a straight line basis over the expected period of benefit ranging from 5 to 20 years. Accumulated amortization of goodwill was \$1,318,000 and \$451,000 at December 30, 2000 and January 1, 2000, respectively.

<u>Income Taxes:</u> The Company accounts for income taxes using the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 109, Accounting for Income Taxes. Investment tax credits are recorded using the flow-through method.

<u>Revenue Recognition:</u> Revenues are derived from sales to unaffiliated customers and are recognized when products are shipped and title has transferred.

Research and Development Costs: Research and Development (R&D) costs consist of Company-sponsored activities to develop new value-added products. R&D costs are expensed as incurred and expenditures were \$3,300,000, \$3,800,000 and \$3,700,000 in 2000, 1999 and 1998, respectively. R&D costs are included in operating expenses in the Consolidated Statements of Income.

Advertising Costs: Advertising costs are expensed as incurred and totaled \$3,000,000, \$2,300,000 and \$2,600,000 for 2000, 1999 and 1998, respectively.

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## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Continued THE LAMSON & SESSIONS CO. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTE B ACQUISITIONS

On September 22, 2000 and December 15, 2000, the Company acquired Pyramid for \$45.4 million and Ameriduct for \$63.8 million plus assumed debt of \$3.9 million plus transaction costs. In addition, pursuant to terms of non-competition agreements, Lamson will pay three former Pyramid shareholders \$6.5 million over a five-year period, including \$1.5 million, which was paid at closing. The acquisitions were funded through the Company s secured credit agreement. Both Pyramid and Ameriduct are leading manufacturers of HDPE conduit used in building telecommunications and utility infrastructure.

The acquisitions have been accounted for by the purchase method and, accordingly, the operating results have been included in the Company s consolidated financial statements and the Carlon business segment since the respective dates of acquisition. The assets acquired and liabilities assumed were recorded at estimated fair values. For financial statement purposes, goodwill relating to these acquisitions is being amortized by the straight-line method over 20 years. The following summary of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed is based upon a preliminary purchase price allocation.

(Dollars in thousands)
Estimated fair valuesAssets
acquired\$52,007Liabilities
assumed(22,898)Goodwill83,858

Purchase price paid112,967Less
cash acquired(128)

Net cash paid\$112,839

Unaudited pro forma results of operations as if the acquisition occurred as of January 2, 2000 and January 1, 1999 follows. The pro forma results include estimates and assumptions, which the Company s management believes are reasonable. However, the pro forma results do not include any cost savings, revenue enhancements or other effects of the planned integration of the Company, Pyramid and Ameriduct and are not necessarily indicative of the results which would have occurred if the business combination had been in effect at the beginning of each of the years presented, or which may result in the future.

	`	udited) Year Ended
(Dollars in thousands)	2000 1999	
Net Sales Net Income\$22,104\$14,652Basic Earnings Per Share\$1.63\$1.09	\$437,206	\$366,823
Diluted Earnings Per Share\$1.58\$1.09		

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## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Continued THE LAMSON & SESSIONS CO. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTE C LONG-TERM DEBT AND COMMITMENTS

Long-term debt consists of the following:

	Fiscal Years
(Dollars in thousands)	2000 1999
Secured Credit Agreement:	
Term\$48,500\$8,250Revolver77,40023,000	
125,90031,250Industrial Revenue	
Bonds11,3158,070Other1,2291,487	
129 44440 9071	
138,44440,807Less amounts classified as current8,1683,888	
<del></del>	
\$130,276\$36,919	

In August 2000, the Company completed the refinancing of its previous secured credit agreement by entering into a new five-year, \$125 million revolving credit agreement with a consortium of banks led by Harris Trust of Chicago. In December 2000, in conjunction with the acquisition of Ameriduct, the agreement was amended and increased to a \$194 million facility, consisting of \$48.5 million in term debt and \$145.5 million in a revolver. Beginning in the third quarter of 2001, the term portion of this agreement requires principal payments of \$2 million at the end of the first and second quarter and \$3.5 million at the end of the third and fourth quarter of each year with a balloon payment in August 2005. This agreement is secured by substantially all of the Company s assets. Interest on this credit facility is at LIBOR plus 1.125% to 1.875%. The specific rate is determined based on the ratio of indebtedness to earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization and is adjusted quarterly. The rate at December 30, 2000 is 8.42%. In addition to amounts borrowed, letters of credit related to Industrial Revenue Bond financings and other contractual obligations total approximately \$17,700,000 under the agreement. The Company s credit agreement contains various restrictive covenants pertaining to maintenance of net worth, certain financial ratios and limits the amount of stock repurchases and dividend payments.

The Company s Industrial Revenue Bond financings include several issues due in annual installments from 2000 through 2023 with interest at variable rates. The weighted average rate for these bonds at December 30, 2000 was 4.7%. The Company maintains a letter of credit related to one of the Industrial Revenue Bond financings of approximately \$1,800,000 with a bank.

The Company s headquarters is subject to a mortgage payable in equal monthly installments through 2003 with interest at 8.625%.

In January 2001, the Company entered into an interest rate swap with the bank group with a notional amount of \$48.5 million which declines in conjunction with the term debt maturities, fixing the interest rate at 5.48% plus the Company s risk premium of 1.125% to 1.875%.

The aggregate minimum combined maturities of long-term debt for the years 2002 through 2005 are approximately \$12,451,000, \$12,454,000, \$12,060,000 and \$87,060,000 respectively, with \$6,251,000 due thereafter.

Interest paid was \$4,026,000, \$3,679,000 and \$4,253,000 in 2000, 1999 and 1998, respectively.

Rental expense was \$5,861,000, \$4,908,000 and \$4,092,000 in 2000, 1999 and 1998, respectively. Aggregate future minimum payments related to non-cancelable operating leases with initial or remaining terms of one year or more for the years 2001 through 2005 are approximately \$3,840,000, \$3,374,000, \$2,836,000, \$2,303,000 and \$1,687,000, respectively, with \$6,116,000 due thereafter.

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## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Continued THE LAMSON & SESSIONS CO. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTE D PENSION AND OTHER POST-RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

The Company sponsors several qualified and nonqualified pension plans and other post-retirement benefit plans for its current and former employees. The following table provides a reconciliation of the changes in the benefit obligations and fair value of plan assets over each of the two years in the period ended December 30, 2000 and a statement of the funded status at both years end:

**Pension Benefits** 

Other Benefits

(Dollars in thousands)

Change in Benefit Obligation

Obligation at beginning of year\$74,079\$83,151\$14,040\$18,403Service cost8861,27713329Interest cost5,3005,1799801,132Plan participants contribution 96100Plan amendment76 (2,630)Actuarial (gain) loss163(8,679)(23)(1,304)Benefits paid(6,705)(6,849)(2,012)(1,990)

year\$73,799\$74,079\$13,094\$14,040

Obligation at end of

Effective January 1, 2000, the Company amended its salaried associates retirement benefits program by phasing out certain medical benefits.

		Benefits	Other Benefits	
(Dollars in thousands)	2000	1999	2000	1999
Change in Plan Assets				'
Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year\$88,679\$83,899Actual				
return on plan assets7,6849,210Employer contributions3172,419\$1,916\$1,890Plan participants				
contributions 96100Benefits paid(6,705)(6,849)(2,012)(1,990)				
1 , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
Fair value of plan assets at end of year\$89,975\$88,679\$\$				

Plan assets include 760,856 shares of the Company s Common Stock with a fair market value at December 30, 2000 of \$8 million and 682,756 common shares with a fair value of \$3.3 million at January 1, 2000.

	Pension Benefits		Other Benefits		
(Dollars in thousands)	2000	1999	2000	1999	
Funded Status					
Fund status at end of					
year\$16,176\$14,600\$(13,094)\$(14,040)Unrecognized actuarial loss (gain)2,2191,565(2,342)(2,517)Unrecognized					
transition (asset)(1,252)(1,340) Unrecognized prior service					
cost (gain)246230(2,433)(2,630)					
Net amount recognized at end of year\$17,389\$15,055\$(17,869)\$(19,187)					
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## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Continued THE LAMSON & SESSIONS CO. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTE D PENSION AND OTHER POST-RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS Continued

The pension benefits table above provides information relating to the funded status of all defined benefit pension plans on an aggregated basis. The projected benefit obligation, accumulated benefit obligation, and fair value of plan assets for the pension plans with accumulated benefit obligations in excess of plan assets were \$4.4 million, \$4.1 million and \$0, respectively, as of December 30, 2000 and \$4.2 million, \$3.9 million and \$0, respectively, as of January 1, 2000.

The following table provides the amounts recognized in the consolidated balance sheets for both years:

	Pensior	n Benefits	Other 1	Benefits
(Dollars in thousands)	2000	1999	2000	1999
Prepaid benefit cost Accrued benefit liability(4,280)(4,085)\$(17,869)\$(19,187)Intangible asset7137 Accumulated other comprehensive income4357	\$21,555	\$19,046		
\$17,389\$15,055\$(17,869)\$(19,187)				

The assumptions used in the measurement of the Company s benefit obligations at January 1, 2001 and January 1, 2000 were:

	Pen Ben	sion efits	Other I	Benefits
	2000	1999	2000	1999
Discount rate Expected return on plan assets9.5%9.5%Rate of salary increase5.0%5.0%	7.5%	7.5%	7.5%	7.5%

For measurement purposes, an 8.8% average health care cost trend rate was used for 2001 (9% in 2000). The rate is assumed to decline gradually each year to an ultimate rate of 5.5% in 2007 and thereafter. A 1% change in assumed health care cost trend rates would have the following effects:

(Dollars in thousands)	1% Increase	1% Decrease
Net periodic benefit cost	\$ 74	\$ (67)

Accumulated post-retirement benefit obligation \$907\$(817)

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# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Continued THE LAMSON & SESSIONS CO. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTE D PENSION AND OTHER POST-RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS Continued

The components of net periodic benefit cost (income) are as follows:

		Pension Bene	efits	(	Other Ben	efits
(Dollars in thousands)	2000	1999	1998	2000	1999	1998
Service cost	\$886	\$1,277	\$1,164	\$13	\$329	\$289
Interest						
cost5,3005,1795,3069801,1321,206Expected return on						
assets(8,111)(7,660)(7,086) Net amortization and						
deferral(93)193168(394)(115)(149)Defined contribution plans1,147709853						
<del></del>						
\$(871)\$(302)\$405\$599\$1,346\$1,346						

In addition to the defined benefit plans described above, the Company also sponsors a defined contribution plan which covers substantially all full-time associates. The Company s matching contribution is a minimum of 50% of voluntary employee contributions of up to 6% of wages.

The Company remains contingently liable for certain post-retirement benefits of certain businesses previously sold.

#### NOTE E LITIGATION

On September 23, 1999, the Company announced that a United States District Court jury in the Northern District of Illinois found that the Company willfully infringed on a patent held by Intermatic Incorporated of Spring Grove, Illinois, relating to the design of an in-use weatherproof electrical outlet cover, and awarded Intermatic \$12.5 million in damages plus pre-judgment interest of approximately \$1.5 million. The court declined to increase the damages with

respect to the willfulness finding. The Company is pursuing a vigorous appeal and believes it has meritorious positions that will substantially reduce or eliminate the jury award. If, however, the appeal process is not successful, the final resolution of the matter could have a material adverse affect on the Company s financial position, cash flows and results of operations. It is the Company s understanding that the appeal process may require a one-to-two year period.

The Company has filed a suit to recover damages related to the termination of the agreement to sell its PVC Pipe business. This matter is scheduled for trial in March 2001. It is premature to estimate the timing for a resolution of this suit.

The Company is also a party to various other claims and matters of litigation incidental to the normal course of its business. Management believes that the final resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse affect on the Company s financial position, cash flows or results of operations.

#### NOTE F ENVIRONMENTAL

The Company believes that its current operations and its use of property, plant and equipment conform in all material respects to applicable environmental laws and regulations presently in effect. The Company has facilities at numerous geographic locations, which are subject to a range of federal, state and local environmental laws and regulations. Compliance with these laws has, and will, require expenditures on a continuing basis.

During the second quarter of 1999, the Company reached a settlement on litigation involving environmental matters at a property sold by the Company in 1981 whereby the Company agreed to incur costs of certain remediation activities which will occur over several years. The settlement did not have a material impact on the Company s financial position or results of operations.

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# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Continued THE LAMSON & SESSIONS CO. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTE G COMMON, PREFERRED, PREFERENCE STOCK

The Company has authorized 1,200,000 and 3,000,000 shares of Serial Preferred and Preference Stock, respectively, none of which is issued or outstanding at December 30, 2000. The Company has reserved for issuance 200,000 shares of Cumulative Redeemable Serial Preference Stock, Series II, without par value (Series II Preference Stock), which relates to the Rights Agreement, dated as of September 8, 1998, between the Company and National City Bank (the Rights Agreement).

Under the Company s Rights Agreement, each shareholder has the right to purchase from the Company one one-hundredth of a share of the Series II Preference Stock, subject to adjustment, upon payment of an exercise price of \$44.75. The Rights will become exercisable only after a person or group acquires beneficial ownership of or commences a tender or exchange offer for 15% or more of the Company s Common Shares. Rights held by persons who exceed that threshold will be void. In the event that a person or group acquires beneficial ownership of 15% or more of the Company s Common Shares, or a 15% shareholder merges into or with the Company or engages in one of a number of self-dealing transactions, each Right would entitle its holder to purchase a number of the Company s Common Shares (or, in certain cases, common stock of an acquirer) having a market value of twice the Right s exercise price.

The Company s Board of Directors may, at its option, redeem all Rights for \$0.01 per Right, generally at any time prior to the Rights becoming exercisable. The Rights will expire on September 20, 2008, unless earlier redeemed, exchanged or amended by the Board of Directors.

#### NOTE H STOCK COMPENSATION PLANS

Under the 1994 Nonemployee Directors Stock Option Plan, the Company is authorized to issue 160,000 common shares in non-qualified stock options. The stock options become exercisable one year after date of grant and expire at the end of ten years. At December 30, 2000, a total of 87,000 shares were available for future grant of stock options under this Plan.

On May 5, 1998, the Company s 1988 Incentive Equity Performance Plan expired. At December 30, 2000, there were options outstanding under the Plan representing 1,107,350 shares of the Company s Common Stock. The options outstanding under the Plan may be exercised, pursuant to the terms of the stock option agreements, through April 20, 2008.

Under the 1998 Incentive Equity Plan, the Company is authorized to issue 1,300,000 incentive stock options (ISOs), non-qualified stock options, stock appreciation rights (SARs) and restricted or deferred stock. Stock options generally become exercisable, in part, one year after date of grant and expire at the end of ten years. At December 30, 2000, under this Plan, a total of 567,425 shares were available for future grant.

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## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Continued THE LAMSON & SESSIONS CO. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTE H STOCK COMPENSATION PLANS Continued

A summary of the status of the Company s three stock compensation plans as of December 30, 2000, January 1, 2000 and January 2, 1999, and changes during the respective years then ended, is presented below:

1000

2000

1000

	2000		19	1999		1998	
(Shares in thousands)		Veightee Average Exercise Price	9	Veighted Average Exercise Price	e e	Weighted- Average Exercise Price	
Outstanding at beginning of year Granted4547.603415.004616.91Exercised(243)5.97 (30)5.54Forfeited(49)6.39(104)7.66(135)8.47	1,712	\$6.34	1,475	\$6.73	1,179	\$6.83	
Outstanding at end of year1,874\$6.691,712\$6.341,475\$6.73	<del>-</del> -						

Options exercisable at year-end1,1971,118899Weighted-average fair value of options granted during the year\$4.01\$1.85\$2.55

The following table summarizes information about options outstanding at December 30, 2000:

	Options	Outsta	nding	Opti Exerci	
Range of	SharesR	hted-Av en <b>Wing</b> ontracti	nged-Av	er <b>SheWe</b> i	ghted-Averago
Exercise Prices	at 12/30/00		Exercise Price	at 12/30/00	Exercise Price
\$0-5	353,300	6.47	\$4.04	173,798	\$4.71

5 - 101,449,3506.016.821,012,7166.8510 - 1546,5008.9210.9510,50010.2315 - 2025,0009.6716.74

The Company applies Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25 Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees and related interpretations in accounting for its stock-based plans. Accordingly, compensation cost has not been recognized for the fixed stock-based compensation plans. Had compensation expense been recognized following SFAS No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation, the Company s pro forma net income and earnings per share would have been as follows:

			Fiscal Years	
(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)		2000	1999	1998
Net income Pro forma20,94118,3226,230Basic earnings per shareAs reported\$1.58\$1.40\$0.50Pro forma1.541.360.46Diluted earnings per shareAs reported\$1.53\$1.39\$0.50Pro forma1.501.360.46	As reported	\$21,448	\$18,788	\$6,679
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## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Continued THE LAMSON & SESSIONS CO. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTE H STOCK COMPENSATION PLANS Continued

For pro forma calculations, the fair value of each stock option grant is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following weighted-average assumptions used for grants:

	2000	1999	1998
Expected volatility	52.2%	29.8%	30.0%
Risk-free interest			
rates6.05%5.74%5.62%Average expected			
life5 years5 years			

## NOTE I EARNINGS PER SHARE CALCULATION

Share\$1.53\$1.39\$0.50

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share:

	F	Fiscal Years				
(Dollars and shares in thousands, except per share data)	2000	1999	1998			
Basic Earnings Per Share Computation						
Net Income\$21,448\$18,788\$6,679						
Average Common Shares Outstanding13,57013,44813,433						
Basic Earnings Per Share\$1.58\$1.40\$0.50						
Diluted Earnings Per Share ComputationNet						
Income\$21,448\$18,788\$6,679						
Basic Shares						
Outstanding13,57013,44813,433Stock Options Calculated Under the Treasury Stock Method4193455						
Total Shares13,98913,48213,488						

### NOTE J INCOME TAXES

Components of income tax provision (benefit) reflected in the consolidated statements of income are as follows:

(Dollars in thousands)	2000	1999	1998
Current: Federal\$983\$ \$ State and local614			
erred:Federal7,650(9,000)(2,100)State and local(747)			
6,903(9,000)(2,100)			
Total\$8,500\$(9,000)\$(2,100)			
	Current: Federal\$983\$ \$ State and local614  Ferred:Federal7,650(9,000)(2,100)State and local(747)  6,903(9,000)(2,100)	Current: Federal\$983\$ \$ State and local614  Ferred:Federal7,650(9,000)(2,100)State and local(747)  6,903(9,000)(2,100)	Current: Federal\$983\$ \$ State and local614  Ferred:Federal7,650(9,000)(2,100)State and local(747)  6,903(9,000)(2,100)

#### **Table of Contents**

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Continued THE LAMSON & SESSIONS CO. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTE J INCOME TAXES Continued

The components of deferred taxes included in the balance sheets as of December 30, 2000 and January 1, 2000 are as follows:

25

(Dollars in thousands)

Fiscal Years

2000 1999

Deferred tax assets: Net operating loss carryforwards (Federal & State)\$7,760\$18,700Other accruals, credits

and reserves8,0626,300General business and alternative minimum tax credits3,4852,600Post-retirement benefits other than pensions6,2547,000

25,56134,600Less: valuation allowance (2,600)

Total deferred tax assets25,56132,000Deferred tax liabilities:Tax in excess of book depreciation7,2325,900Pensions6,0705,350

Total deferred tax liabilities13,30211,250

Total net deferred tax assets\$12,259\$20,750

The valuation allowance for net deferred tax assets decreased by \$2,600,000 and \$11,900,000 in 2000 and 1999, respectively. The reduction in 2000 was primarily the result of utilization of state net operating losses and the reversal of \$1,700,000 of the valuation allowance associated with state net operating losses and general business tax credits. The reversal of valuation allowance in 2000 and 1999 was based on (i) continued improved operating results in 2000 and 1999 and, (ii) projected operating results for 2001 and thereafter. The Company has available federal net operating loss carryforwards totaling approximately \$21.2 million, which expire in the years 2008 to 2012. The Company also has available general business tax credit carryforwards of \$1.5 million, which expire through 2018 and alternative minimum tax credit carryforwards of approximately \$2 million, which may be carried forward indefinitely.

The provision for income taxes is different than the amount computed using the applicable statutory federal income tax rate with the differences summarized below:

	Fiscal Years					
(Dollars in thousands)	2000	1999	1998			
Tax expense at statutory rates Adjustment due to:Change in valuation allowance(2,600)(11,900)(4,300)Other618(526)597	\$10,482	\$3,426	\$1,603			
\$8,500\$(9,000)\$(2,100)						

Income taxes paid in 2000 and 1998 were \$904,000 and \$11,000, respectively. In 1999 the Company received an income tax refund of \$78,000.

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## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Continued THE LAMSON & SESSIONS CO. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTE K BUSINESS SEGMENTS

The Company s reportable segments are as follows:

Carlon Industrial, Residential, Commercial, Telecommunications and Utility Construction: The major customers served are electrical contractors and distributors, original equipment manufacturers, electric power utilities, cable television (CATV), telephone and telecommunications companies. The principal products sold by this segment include electrical, telecommunications and wire raceway systems and a broad line of nonmetallic enclosures, outlet boxes and electrical fittings. Examples of the applications for the products included in this segment are multi-cell duct systems or HDPE conduit designed to protect underground fiber optic cables allowing future cabling expansion and flexible conduit used inside buildings to protect communications cable. The two recent acquisitions of Pyramid and Ameriduct are included as part of the Carlon segment.

<u>Lamson Home Products</u> <u>Consumer</u>: The major customers served are home centers and mass merchandisers for the do-it-yourself home repair market. The products included in this segment are outlet boxes, liquidtight conduit, electrical fittings, chimes and lighting controls.

<u>PVC Pipe:</u> This business segment supplies electrical, power and communications conduit to the electrical distribution, telecommunications, consumer and power utility markets. The 1/2 inch to 6 inch electrical and telecommunications conduit is made from PVC and is used to protect wire or fiber optic cables supporting the infrastructure of our power or telecommunications systems. In addition, this segment provides closed profile engineered sewer pipe ranging in diameter from 21 inches to 54 inches to various municipalities and private contractors for drainage systems in new construction and rehabilitation markets.

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#### **Table of Contents**

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Continued THE LAMSON & SESSIONS CO. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTE K BUSINESS SEGMENTS Continued

(Dollars in thousands) 2000 1999 1998

**Net Sales** 

Carlon\$142,979\$120,975\$109,458Lamson Home Products63,35153,40150,348PVC Pipe142,403117,005111,108

Substantially all sales are made within North America. Net sales to a single customer within the Carlon and PVC Pipe segments totaled approximately 17% in 2000 and 1999 and 15% in 1998 of consolidated net sales.

#### NOTE L RESTRUCTURING CHARGE

During the fourth quarter of 1998 the Company recorded a restructuring charge of \$792,000 when it entered into a commitment to have a new distribution center constructed in South Carolina in order to consolidate distribution activities. The charge, which is included in cost of products sold, consisted primarily of a write-down of certain inventory to net realizable value.

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Market

#### **Table of Contents**

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Continued THE LAMSON & SESSIONS CO. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTE M SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

				Basic	Diluted	Price	
			Earnings	Earnings	Per Share		
	Net		Net Income	Per Common Share	Per Common Share	-	
	Sales					High	Low
Fiscal 2000:							
First quarter\$80,355\$21,320\$4,698\$0.35\$0.35\$8.25\$4.75Second quarter91,28426,9087,1310.530.5215.317.25Third quarter88,29122,8676,9760.510.4824.8811.75Fourth quarter88,80317,5242,6430.190.1912.448.63							
<b>Total</b> \$348,733\$88,619\$21,448\$1.58\$1.53* <b>Fiscal 1999:</b> First							
quarter\$67,198\$15,452\$2,724\$0.20\$0.20\$5.63\$4.75Second quarter74,48214,1301,7870.130.136.444.94Third							
quarter75,43616,1273,7670.280.286.944.56Fourth quarter74,26515,69110,510(1)0.780.785.254.44							
Total\$291,381\$61,400\$18,788\$1.40*\$1.39							

\* Earnings per share were computed on a stand-alone quarterly basis for each respective quarter. Therefore, the sum of the quarters in 1999 for Basic Earnings Per Common Share and in 2000 for Diluted Earnings Per Common Share do not equal the years total due to rounding.

(1) Includes an income tax benefit of \$6,900 in the fourth quarter of 1999 compared with \$700

in each of the previous three quarters of 1999. See Note J.

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### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

Board of Directors and Shareholders The Lamson & Sessions Co.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of The Lamson & Sessions Co. and Subsidiaries as of December 30, 2000 and January 1, 2000, and the related consolidated statements of income, shareholders equity and cash flows for each of the three fiscal years in the period ended December 30, 2000. Our audits also included the financial statement schedule listed in the Index at Item 14 (a). These financial statements and schedule are the responsibility of the Company s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and schedule based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of The Lamson & Sessions Co. and Subsidiaries at December 30, 2000 and January 1, 2000, and the consolidated results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the three fiscal years in the period ended December 30, 2000, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Also, in our opinion, the related financial statement schedule, when considered in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole, presents fairly in all material respects the information set forth therein.

Ernst & Young LLP

Cleveland, Ohio January 30, 2001

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### STATEMENT OF MANAGEMENT S RESPONSIBILITY

We have prepared the financial statements and other financial information contained in this Annual Report.

The management of Lamson & Sessions is primarily responsible for the integrity of this financial information. The financial statements were prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States and necessarily include certain amounts based on management s reasonable best estimates and judgments, giving due consideration to materiality. Financial information contained elsewhere in this Annual Report is consistent with that contained in the financial statements.

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining a system of internal control designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of financial reporting. The concept of reasonable assurance is based on the recognition that there are inherent limitations in all systems of internal control, and that the cost of such systems should not exceed the benefits to be derived therefrom.

To meet management s responsibility for financial reporting, we have established internal control systems that we believe are adequate to provide reasonable assurance that our assets are protected from loss. These systems produce data used for the preparation of published financial information and provide for appropriate reporting relationships and division of responsibility. All significant systems and controls are reviewed periodically by management in order to ensure compliance and by our independent auditors to support their audit work. It is management s policy to implement a high proportion of recommendations resulting from this review.

The Audit Committee of the Board of Directors, composed solely of outside directors, meets regularly with management, the internal audit group and our independent auditors to review accounting, auditing and financial matters. Both the independent audit and the internal auditor group have free access to the Audit Committee, with or without management, to discuss the scope and results of their audits and the adequacy of the system of internal controls.

/s/ John B. Schulze

John B. Schulze Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer

/s/ James J. Abel

James J. Abel Executive Vice President, Secretary, Treasurer and Chief Financial Officer

/s/ Lori L. Spencer

Lori L. Spencer Vice President and Controller Principal Accounting Officer

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#### **PART II**

#### Item 9. Disagreements on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

None

#### **PART III**

#### Item 10. Directors and Executive Officers of the Registrant

(a) Directors

The information set forth under the caption Election of Directors in the Company s definitive proxy statement for its Annual Meeting of Shareholders to be held April 27, 2001 is hereby incorporated by reference.

- (b) Executive Officers See Part I
- (c) Compliance with Section 16 (a) of the Exchange Act.

The information set forth under the caption Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance in the Company s definitive proxy statement for its Annual Meeting of Shareholders to be held April 27, 2001 is hereby incorporated by reference.

# Item 11. Executive Compensation

The information set forth under the caption Executive Compensation in the Company s definitive proxy statement for its Annual Meeting of Shareholders to be held April 27, 2001 is hereby incorporated by reference.

### Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management

The information set forth under the captions Ownership of the Company's Common Shares, Election of Directors and Security Ownership of Management in the Company's definitive Proxy Statement for its Annual Meeting of Shareholders to be held April 27, 2001 is hereby incorporated by reference.

### **Item 13.** Certain Relationships and Related Transactions

During the past fiscal year, the Company, in the normal course of business, utilized the services of the law firm of Jones, Day, Reavis & Pogue, in which Mr. Coquillette, a director of the Company, is a partner. The Company plans to continue using the services of the firm in 2001.

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#### **PART IV**

### Item 14. Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules, and Reports on Form 8-K

(a) The following documents are filed as part of this report:

Consolidated financial statements of The Lamson & Sessions Co. and Subsidiaries are included in Item 8 of this report:

1. Financial Statements

Consolidated Statements of Income for Fiscal Years Ended 2000, 1999 and 1998.

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for Fiscal Years Ended 2000, 1999 and 1998.

Consolidated Balance Sheets at December 30, 2000 and January 1, 2000.

Consolidated Statements of Shareholders Equity for Fiscal Years Ended 2000, 1999 and 1998.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

2. Financial Statement Schedule

Schedule II Valuation and Qualifying Accounts and Reserves.

All other schedules for which provision is made in the applicable accounting regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission are not required under the related instructions or are inapplicable and, therefore, have been omitted.

- 3. The exhibits listed in the accompanying Exhibit Index and required by Item 601 of Regulation S-K (numbered in accordance with Item 601 of Regulation S-K) are filed or incorporated by reference as part of this Report.
- (b) Reports on Form 8-K
  - 1. Form 8-K filed on October 6, 2000.
- (c) Exhibits See 14(a) 3.

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#### **Table of Contents**

### SCHEDULE II Valuation and Qualifying Accounts and Reserves

(Dollars in thousands)

	Balance	Charged		Balance
	at	to		at
	Beginning	Costs		
	of	and	<b>Deductions</b>	End of
			and	
Description	Period	Expenses	Other	Period

#### Year Ended December 30, 2000

Allowances deducted from assets:Trade receivable allowances\$2,078\$817\$501(A)\$2,394Inventory obsolescence reserve1,0301,3961,387(B)1,039Other current and long-term assets400400Accounts and loss reserves included in current and long-term liabilities3,680500212(C)3,968

#### Year Ended January 1,

2000 Allowances deducted from assets: Trade receivable allowances\$2,924\$574\$1,420(A)\$2,078 Inventory obsolescence reserve1,1891,3691,528(B)1,030 Other current and long-term assets40040 Accounts and loss reserves included in current and long-term liabilities5,4041,724(C)3,680

### Year Ended January 2,

1999Allowances deducted from assets:Trade receivable allowances\$2,975\$1,000\$1,051(A)\$2,924Inventory obsolescence reserve7601,365936(B)1,189Other current and long-term assets400400Accounts and loss reserves included in current and long-term liabilities5,41915(C)5,404

Note A Principally write-off of uncollectible accounts and disputed items, net of recoveries.

Note B Principally the disposal of obsolete inventory.

Note C Principally payments on contractual obligations for previously-owned businesses.

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### **Signatures**

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, on this 26th day of February 2001.

THE LAMSON & SESSIONS CO.

By /s/ James J. Abel

James J. Abel Executive Vice President, Secretary, Treasurer and Chief Financial Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant and in the capacities indicated as of February 21, 2001.

Signature	Title
/s/ John B. Schulze	Chairman of the Board, President
John B. Schulze	and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)
/s/ James J. Abel	Executive Vice President, Secretary, Treasurer and Chief Financial Officer
James J. Abel	(Principal Financial Officer)
/s/ Lori L. Spencer	Vice President and Controller
Lori L. Spencer	(Principal Accounting Officer)
/s/ James T. Bartlett*	Director
James T. Bartlett	
/s/ Francis H. Beam, Jr.*	Director
Francis H. Beam, Jr.	
/s/ Martin J. Cleary*	Director
Martin J. Cleary	

/s/ William H. Coquillette*	Director	
William H. Coquillette		
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Signature	Title
/s/ John C. Dannemiller*	Director
John C. Dannemiller	
/s/ George R. Hill*	Director
George R. Hill	
/s/ A. Malachi Mixon, III*	Director
A. Malachi Mixon, III	
/s/ John C. Morley*	Director
John C. Morley	
/s/ D. Van Skilling*	Director
D. Van Skilling	

<sup>\*</sup> The undersigned, by signing his name hereto, does sign and execute this Annual Report on Form 10-K pursuant to a Power of Attorney executed on behalf of the above-named directors of The Lamson & Sessions Co. and filed herewith as Exhibit 24 on behalf of The Lamson & Sessions Co. and each such person.

February 26, 2001 By /s/ James J. Abel

James J. Abel, Attorney-in-fact

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### **Table of Contents**

#### **EXHIBIT INDEX**

### Exhibit No.

Management Contracts and Compensatory Plans required to be filed pursuant to Item 14 of Form 10-K are identified with an asterisk (\*).

3(a)

Amended Articles of Incorporation of the Company (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4(a) to the Company s Registration Statement on Form S-8 (Registration No. 333-32875) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on August 5, 1997).

3(b) Amended

Code of

Regulations of the

Company

(incorporated by

reference to

Exhibit 3(b) to the

Company s Annual

Report on

Form 10-K for the

year December 31,

1994).4(a)

Specimen

Certificate of

Common Shares,

without par value

with Rights legend

(incorporated by

reference to

Exhibit 3 to the

Company s

Registration

Statement on

Form 8-A filed

with the Securities

and Exchange

Commission on

September 9,

1998).4(e) Form of

Rights Certificate

(incorporated by

reference to

Exhibit 4(00) to the

Company s

Registration

Statement on Form

8-A filed with the

Securities and

Exchange

Commission on

September 9,

1998).4(g) Rights

Agreement, dated

as of September 8,

1998, by and

between the

Company and

National City Bank

(incorporated by

reference to

Exhibit 4.1 to the

Company s

Registration

Statement on

Form 8-A filed

with the Securities

and Exchange

Commission on

September 9,

1998).\*10(a) 1988

**Incentive Equity** 

Performance Plan

(as amended as of

February 26, 1998)

(incorporated by

reference to the

Company s

Registration

Statement on

Form S-3

(Registration No.

333-65795) filed

with the Securities

and Exchange

Commission on

October 16,

1998).\*10(b) Form

of Three-Year

Executive

Change-in-Control

Agreement

between the

Company and

certain executive

officers

(incorporated by

reference to

Exhibit 10(b) to the

Company s Annual

Report on Form

10-K for the year

ended January 1,

2000).\*10(c) Form

of Two-Year

Executive

Change-in-Control

Agreement

between the

Company and

certain executive

officers

(incorporated by

reference to

Exhibit 10(c) to the

Company s Annual

Report on

Form 10-K for the

year ended

January 1,

2000).\*10(d)

Corporate Officers

Incentive

Compensation Plan

(incorporated by

reference to

Exhibit 10(d) to the

Company s Annual

Report on Form

10-K for the year

ended

December 31,

1994).\*10(e) Form

of Amended and

Restated

Supplemental

Executive

Retirement

Agreement dated

as of March 20,

1990 between the

Company and

certain of its

executive officers

(incorporated by

reference to

Exhibit 10(e) to the

Company s Annual

Report on

Form 10-K for the

year ended

December 30,

1995).\*10(f) The

Company s

Deferred

Compensation Plan

for Nonemployee

Directors

(incorporated by

reference to the

Company s

Registration

Statement, on

Form S-8

(Registration

No. 333-12585)

filed with the

Securities and

Exchange

Commission on

September 24,

1996).\*10(g) Form

of Indemnification

Agreement

between the

Company and the

Directors and

certain officers

(incorporated by

reference to

Exhibit 10(g) to the

Company s Annual

Report on

Form 10-K for the

year ended

December 31,

1994).

\*10(h) The

Company s

Long-Term

Incentive Plan

(incorporated by

reference to

Exhibit 10(h) to

the Company s

Annual Report

on Form 10-K

for the year

ended

December 28,

1996).10(j)

Mortgage and

Security

Agreement,

dated

October 29,

1993, between

The Lamson &

Sessions Co.

and PFL Life

Insurance

Company

(incorporated by

reference to

Exhibit 10(j) to

the Company s

Annual Report

on Form 10-K for the year

ended January 1,

1994).10(k)

Asset Purchase

Agreement

between

Iochpe-Maxion

Ohio, Inc. and

The Lamson &

Sessions Co.

dated as of

May 4, 1994

(incorporated by

reference to

Exhibit 10 to the

Company s

Current Report on Form 8-K

dated as of

May 27,

1994).10(s)

Amended and

Restated Loan

Agreement

dated as of

July 14, 1995 by

and between the

Company and

General Electric

Capital

Corporation

(incorporated by

reference to

Exhibit 10(g) to

the Company s

Quarterly

Report on

Form 10-Q for

the period ended

July 1, 1995, the

GECC Loan

Agreement ).10(t)

Amendment

No. 1 dated as

of October 30,

1995, to the

GECC Loan

Agreement

(incorporated by

reference to

Exhibit 10(t) to

the Company s

Annual Report

on Form 10-K

for the year

ended

December 30,

1995).10(u)

Amendment

No. 2 and

Consent dated

as of

November 8,

1995 to the

GECC Loan

Agreement

(incorporated by reference to

Exhibit 10(u) to

the Company s

Annual Report

on Form 10-K

for the year

ended

December 30,

1995).10(v)

Amendment

No. 3 dated as

of March 31,

1996, to the

GECC Loan

Agreement

(incorporated by

reference to the

Company s

Quarterly

Report on

Form 10-Q for

the period ended

March 30,

1996).10(w)

Amendment

No. 4 dated as

of October 25,

1996, to the

GECC Loan

Agreement

(incorporated by

reference to the

Company s

Quarterly

Report on

Form 10-Q for

the period ended

September 28,

1996).10(y)

Amendment

No. 5 dated as

of March 5,

1997, to the

GECC Loan

Agreement

(incorporated by

reference to

Exhibit 10(y) to

the Company s

Annual Report

on Form 10-K

for the year

ended

December 28,

1996).\*10(z)

The Company s

Nonemployee

Directors Stock

Option Plan

(incorporated by

reference to the

Company s

Registration

Statement on

Form S-8

(Registration

No. 033-62443)

filed with the

Securities and

Exchange

Commission on

September 8,

1995).10(aa)

Amendment

No. 6 dated as

of July 24, 1997

to the GECC

Loan Agreement

(incorporated by

reference to the Company s

Quarterly

Report on

Form 10-Q for

the period ended

July 5,

1997).10(ab)

Amendment

No. 7, dated as

of January 30,

1998 to the

GECC Loan

Agreement

(incorporated by

reference to

Exhibit 10(ab)

to the

Company s

Annual Report

on Form 10-K

for the year

ended January 3,

1998).\*10(ac)

Amendment to

the 1988

Incentive Equity

Performance

Plan (as

amended as of

February 26,

1998)

(incorporated by

reference to the

Company s

Annual Report

on Form 10-K

for the year

ended January 3,

1998).\*10(ad)

Amendment to

The Lamson &

Sessions Co.

Deferred

Savings Plan (as

amended

February 26,

1998)

(incorporated by

reference to the

Company s

Registration

Statement on

Form S-8

(Registration

No. 333-46953)

filed with the Securities and

Exchange

Commission on

February 26,

1998).

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\*10(ae) 1998

Incentive Equity

Plan

(incorporated by

reference to the

Company s

Registration

Statement on

Form S-8

(Registration

No. 333-61911)

filed with the

Securities and

Exchange

Commission on

August 20,

1998).10(af)

Amendment

No. 8, dated as

of January 29,

1999, to the

GECC Loan

Agreement

(incorporated by

reference to

Exhibit 10(af) to

the Company s

Annual Report

on Form 10-K

for the year

ended January 2,

1999).\*10(ag)

Amendment to

the

Nonemployee

Directors Stock

Option Plan

effective as of

February 25,

1999

(incorporated by

reference to

Exhibit 10(ag)

to the

Company s

Annual Report

on Form 10-K

for the year

ended January 2,

1999).10(ah)

Amendment

No. 9, dated as

of February 7,

2000, to the

GECC Loan

Agreement

(incorporated by

reference to

Exhibit 10(ah)

to the

Company s

Annual Report

on Form 10-K

for the year

ended January 1,

2000).\*10(aj)

Amendment to

The Lamson &

Sessions Co.

Nonemployee

Directors Stock

Option Plan (as

amended and

restated as of

April 23, 1999)

(incorporated by

reference to the

Company s

Registration

Statement on

Form S-8

(Registration

No. 333-93251)

filed with the

Securities and

Exchange

Commission on

December 21,

1999).\*10(ak)

First

Amendment to

The Lamson &

Sessions Co.

Amended and

Restated

Supplemental

Retirement

Agreement,

effective

January 1, 2000

(incorporated by

reference to

Exhibit 10(ak)

to the

Company s

Annual Report

on Form 10-K

for the year

ended January 1,

2000).\*10(al)

Amendment

No. 2 to The

Lamson &

Sessions Co.

Nonemployee Directors Stock

Option Plan,

effective

January 1, 2000

(incorporated by

reference to

Exhibit 10(al) to

the Company s

Annual Report

on Form 10-K

for the year

ended January 1,

2000).\*10(am)

Amendment

No. 3 to The

Lamson & Sessions Co.

1988 Incentive

Equity

Performance

Plan, effective

January 1, 2000

(incorporated by

reference to

Exhibit 10(am)

to the

Company s

Annual Report

on Form 10-K

for the year

ended January 1,

2000).\*10(an)

Amendment

No. 1 to The

Lamson &

Sessions Co.

Long-Term

Incentive Plan,

effective

January 1, 2000

(incorporated by

reference to

Exhibit 10(an)

to the

Company s

Annual Report

on Form 10-K

for the year

ended January 1,

2000).\*10(ao)

Amendment

No. 1 to The

Lamson &

Sessions Co.

1998 Incentive

Equity Plan,

effective

January 1, 2000

(incorporated by

reference to

Exhibit 10(ao)

to the

Company s

Annual Report

on Form 10-K

for the year

ended January 1,

2000).\*10(ap)

Amendment to

The Lamson &

Sessions Co.

1998 Incentive

Equity Plan (as

Amended and

Restated as of

April 28, 2000)

(incorporated by

reference to the

Company s

Registration

Statement on

Form S-8

(Registration

No. 333-51330)

filed with the

Securities and

Exchange

Commission on

December 6,

2000).21

Subsidiaries of

the Registrant,

filed

herewith.23

Consent of

Independent

Auditors, filed

herewith.24

Powers of

Attorney, filed

herewith.

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