WESCO FINANCIAL CORP Form 10-Q May 09, 2005

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

Quarterly report pursuant to section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the Quarterly period ended March 31, 2005 or

Transition report pursuant to section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the transition period from ______ to

Commission file number 1-4720

WESCO FINANCIAL CORPORATION

(Exact name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

DELAWARE

95-2109453

(State or Other Jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

301 East Colorado Boulevard, Suite 300, Pasadena, California 91101-1901

(Address of Principal Executives Offices)
(Zip Code)
626/585-6700

(Registrant s Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

(Former Name, Former Address and Former Fiscal Year, if Changed Since Last Report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes b No o

Indicate by check mark whether registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Yes b No o

APPLICABLE ONLY TO ISSUERS INVOLVED IN BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDINGS DURING THE PRECEDING FIVE YEARS

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed all documents and reports required to be filed by Section 12, 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 subsequent to the distribution of securities under a plan confirmed by a court.

Yes o No o

APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer s classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date. <u>7,119,807 as of May 4, 2005</u>

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

<u>Item 1.Financial Statements (unaudited)</u>

Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 6. Exhibits

SIGNATURES

Exhibit 31(a)

Exhibit 31(b)

Exhibit 32(a)

Exhibit 32(b)

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

| Item 1. | Financial Statements (unaudited). | Page(s) |
|---------|--|---------|
| | Condensed consolidated statement of income and retained earnings three-month periods ended March 31, 2005 and March 31, 2004 | 4 |
| | Condensed consolidated balance sheet March 31, 2005 and December 31, 2004 | 5 |
| | Condensed consolidated statement of cash flows three-month periods ended March 31, 2005 and March 31, 2004 | 6 |
| | Notes to condensed consolidated financial statements | 7-9 |
| Item 2. | Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations. | 10-16 |

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

Reference is made to Item 7A, Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk appearing on pages 28 through 30 of the Form 10-K Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2004, filed by Wesco Financial Corporation (Wesco), for information on equity price risk and interest rate risk at Wesco. There have been no material changes through March 31, 2005.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

An evaluation was performed under the supervision and with the participation of the management of Wesco, including Charles T. Munger (Chief Executive Officer) and Jeffrey L. Jacobson (Chief Financial Officer), of the effectiveness of the design and operation of Wesco s disclosure controls and procedures as of March 31, 2005. Based on that evaluation, Mr. Munger and Mr. Jacobson concluded that Wesco s disclosure controls and procedures are effective in ensuring that information required to be disclosed by Wesco in reports it files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported as specified in the rules and forms of the Securities and Exchange Commission. There have been no changes in Wesco s internal controls over financial reporting during the quarter ended March 31, 2005 that have materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect the internal controls over financial reporting.

Table of Contents

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 6. Exhibits

| 31 (a) | Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (chief executive officer) |
|--------|---|
| 31 (b) | Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (chief financial officer) |
| 32 (a) | Certification Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (chief executive officer) |
| 32 (b) | Certification Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (chief financial officer) |
| | |

-3-

WESCO FINANCIAL CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME AND RETAINED EARNINGS

(Dollar amounts in thousands except for amounts per share) (Unaudited)

| | Three Mon March 31, 2005 | | | Ended Iarch 31, 2004 |
|--|--------------------------------|---|-------------|--|
| Revenues: Sales and service revenues Insurance premiums earned Dividend and interest income Other | \$ | 108,685 12,069 11,949 847 | \$ | 100,487 18,466 8,491 799 |
| | | 133,550 | | 128,243 |
| Costs and expenses: Cost of products and services sold Insurance losses, loss adjustment and underwriting expenses Selling, general and administrative expenses Interest expense | | 37,572 6,735 64,990 217 109,514 | | 35,568 10,768 64,334 163 110,833 |
| Income before income taxes Income taxes | | 24,036 5,609 | | 17,410 5,212 |
| Net income | | 18,427 | | 12,198 |
| Retained earnings beginning of period Cash dividends declared and paid | 1 | 1,655,929 (2,528) | 1 | 1,618,324 (2,455) |
| Retained earnings end of period | \$ 1 | 1,671,828 | \$ 1 | 1,628,067 |
| Amounts per capital share based on 7,119,807 shares outstanding throughout each period: | | | | |
| Net income | \$ | 2.59 | \$ | 1.71 |
| Cash dividends | \$ | .355 | \$ | .345 |

See notes beginning on page 7.

WESCO FINANCIAL CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

(Dollar amounts in thousands) (Unaudited)

| ASSETS | March 31, 2005 | Dec. 31, 2004 |
|--|--|--|
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 1,179,129 | \$ 1,161,163 |
| Investments: Securities with fixed maturities Marketable equity securities Rental furniture Goodwill of acquired businesses Other assets | 80,326 784,238 176,210 266,607 127,189 | 94,299 759,658 171,983 266,607 117,825 |
| | \$ 2,613,699 | \$ 2,571,535 |
| LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY | | |
| Insurance losses and loss adjustment expenses | \$ 58,174 | \$ 56,162 |
| Unearned insurance premiums | 27,900 | 25,341 |
| Deferred furniture rental income and security deposits Notes payable | 21,133 25,200 | 20,358 29,225 |
| Income taxes payable, principally deferred | 276,050 | 272,005 |
| Other liabilities | 57,131 | 51,501 |
| | 465,588 | 454,592 |
| Shareholders equity: | 22.224 | 22.224 |
| Capital stock and additional paid-in capital Unrealized appreciation of investments, net of taxes | 33,324 442,959 | 33,324 427,690 |
| Retained earnings | 1,671,828 | 1,655,929 |
| Total shareholders equity | 2,148,111 | 2,116,943 |
| | \$ 2,613,699 | \$ 2,571,535 |

See notes beginning on page 7.

-5-

WESCO FINANCIAL CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(Dollar amounts in thousands) (Unaudited)

| Cash flows from operating activities, net | Three Mon March 31, 2005 \$ 37,620 | March 31, 2004 \$ 45,931 |
|---|---|--|
| Cash flows from investing activities: Maturities and redemptions of securities with fixed maturities Purchases of securities with fixed maturities Purchases of rental furniture Other, net | 12,771 (23,450) (2,422) | 22,293 (2,509) (18,296) (837) |
| Net cash flows from investing activities | (13,101) | 651 |
| Cash flows from financing activities: Net increase (decrease) in notes payable, principally line of credit Payment of cash dividends | (4,025) (2,528) | 8,506 (2,455) |
| Net cash flows from financing activities | (6,553) | 6,051 |
| Increase in cash and cash equivalents | 17,966 | 52,633 |
| Cash and cash equivalents beginning of period | 1,161,163 | 1,052,462 |
| Cash and cash equivalents end of period | \$ 1,179,129 | \$ 1,105,095 |
| Supplementary information: Interest paid during period Income taxes paid, net, during period | \$ 166 8,988 | \$ 38 1,518 |
| See notes beginning on page 7. | | |

Table of Contents

-6-

WESCO FINANCIAL CORPORATION NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Dollar amounts in thousands except for amounts per share) (Unaudited)

Note 1

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of which these notes are an integral part include the accounts of Wesco Financial Corporation (Wesco) and its subsidiaries. In management s opinion, such statements reflect all adjustments (all of them of a normal recurring nature) necessary to a fair statement of interim results in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

Reference is made to the notes to Wesco s consolidated financial statements appearing on pages 40 through 48 of its 2004 Form 10-K Annual Report for other information deemed generally applicable to the condensed consolidated financial statements. In particular, Wesco s significant accounting policies and practices are set forth in Note 1 on pages 40 through 42.

Wesco s management does not believe that any accounting pronouncements issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board or other applicable authorities that are required to be adopted after March 31, 2005 are likely to have a material effect on reported shareholders equity.

Note 2

Following is a summary of securities with fixed maturities:

| | March 3 | March 31, 2005 | | r 31, 2004 | |
|-----------------------------|-----------|----------------|-----------|------------|--|
| | Amortized | Amortized Fair | | Fair | |
| | Cost | Value | Cost | Value | |
| Mortgage-backed securities | \$ 66,281 | \$69,622 | \$76,212 | \$80,531 | |
| U.S. government obligations | 9,890 | 10,704 | 12,812 | 13,768 | |
| | \$76,171 | \$ 80,326 | \$ 89,024 | \$ 94,299 | |

At March 31, 2005, the estimated fair values of securities with fixed maturities contained no unrealized losses compared with \$31 of unrealized losses at December 31, 2004.

Following is a summary of marketable equity securities (all common stocks):

| | March | March 31, 2005 | | r 31, 2004 | |
|--------------------------|-----------|----------------|-----------|------------|--|
| | | Fair | | Fair | |
| | Cost | Value | Cost | Value | |
| The Coca-Cola Company | \$ 40,761 | \$ 300,257 | \$ 40,761 | \$ 300,041 | |
| The Gillette Company | 40,000 | 323,072 | 40,000 | 286,592 | |
| American Express Company | 20,687 | 99,817 | 20,687 | 109,533 | |
| Wells Fargo & Company | 6,333 | 61,092 | 6,333 | 63,492 | |

\$107,781 \$784,238 \$107,781 \$759,658

-7-

Table of Contents

Reference is made to information as to the pending purchase of The Gillette Company by The Procter and Gamble Company discussed in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements appearing on page 42 of Wesco s 2004 Form 10-K Annual Report. Based on market prices in New York Stock Exchange trading as of the close of business on March 31, 2005, had the transaction closed at that date, Wesco would have recognized a pre-tax gain of approximately \$283,000 (\$184,000, after income taxes).

Note 3

The following table sets forth Wesco s consolidated comprehensive income for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2005 and 2004:

| | Three Months Ended | | |
|---|--------------------|-----|---------|
| | March | | |
| | 31, | Maı | rch 31, |
| | 2005 | 2 | 2004 |
| Net income | \$ 18,427 | \$ | 12,198 |
| Increase in unrealized appreciation of investments, net of income tax effect of \$8,191 and | | | |
| \$5,812 | 15,269 | | 10,915 |
| | | | |
| Comprehensive income | \$ 33,696 | \$ | 23,113 |

-8-

Table of Contents

Note 4

Following is condensed consolidated financial information for Wesco, by business segment:

| | Three M March 31, 2005 | | onths Ended March 31, 2004 | |
|---|------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Insurance segment: Revenues Net income Assets at end of period | \$ | 23,805 13,749 2,047,775 | \$ | 26,770 11,102 2,020,258 |
| Furniture rental segment: Revenues Net income | \$ | 92,826 4,266 | \$ | 85,747 384 |
| Assets at end of period | | 241,848 | | 236,231 |
| Industrial segment: Revenues Net income Assets at end of period | \$ | 15,859 412 20,721 | \$ | 14,740 630 19,155 |
| Goodwill of acquired businesses, included in assets at end of period | \$ | 266,607 | \$ | 266,607 |
| Other items unrelated to business segments: Revenues Net income Assets at end of period | \$ | 1,060 36,748 | \$ | 986 82 33,318 |
| Consolidated totals: Revenues Net income Assets at end of period | \$ | 133,550 18,427 2,613,699 | \$ | 128,243 12,198 2,575,569 |
| -9- | | | | |

Table of Contents

WESCO FINANCIAL CORPORATION MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Reference is made to Item 7, Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations appearing on pages 19 through 30 of the Form 10-K Annual Report filed by Wesco Financial Corporation (Wesco) for the year 2004 for information deemed generally appropriate to an understanding of the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements. The information set forth in the following paragraphs updates such discussion. Further, in reviewing the following paragraphs, attention is directed to the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

OVERVIEW

Financial Condition

Wesco continues to have a strong balance sheet at March 31, 2005, with relatively little debt and no hedging. Liquidity, which has traditionally been high, has been even higher than usual for the past two years due principally to sales, maturities and early redemptions of fixed-maturity investments, and reinvestment of the proceeds in cash equivalents pending redeployment.

Results of Operations

After-tax earnings improved in the first quarter of 2005 from the corresponding 2004 amount mainly due to improved results of the furniture rental segment and increased investment income earned by the insurance segment resulting mainly from increased interest rates on short-term investments.

FINANCIAL CONDITION

Wesco s shareholders equity at March 31, 2005 was approximately \$2.15 billion (\$302 per share), up from \$2.12 billion (\$297 per share) at December 31, 2004. Shareholders equity included \$443.0 million at March 31, 2005, and \$427.7 million at December 31, 2004, representing appreciation in market value of investments, which is credited directly to shareholders equity, net of taxes, without being reflected in earnings. Because unrealized appreciation is recorded using market quotations, gains or losses ultimately realized upon sale of investments could differ substantially from recorded unrealized appreciation.

Wesco s consolidated cash and cash equivalents, held principally by its insurance businesses, increased slightly from \$1.16 billion at December 31, 2004, to \$1.18 billion at March 31, 2005.

Wesco s consolidated borrowings totaled \$25.2 million at March 31, 2005 versus \$29.2 million at December 31, 2004. The decrease in borrowings related to a revolving line of credit used in the furniture rental business.

Wesco s management continues to believe that the Wesco group has adequate liquidity and capital resources to provide for any contingent needs that may arise.

-10-

Table of Contents

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following summary sets forth the contribution to Wesco s consolidated net income of each business segment insurance, furniture rental and industrial as well as activities not considered related to such segments. (Amounts are in thousands, *all after income tax effect.*)

| | Three Months Ended | | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------|----|----------|--|
| | March | | | |
| | 31, | M | arch 31, | |
| | 2005 | | 2004 | |
| Insurance segment: | | | | |
| Underwriting | \$ 5,477 | \$ | 5,004 | |
| Investment income | 8,272 | | 6,098 | |
| Furniture rental segment | 4,266 | | 384 | |
| Industrial segment | 412 | | 630 | |
| Nonsegment items | | | 82 | |
| | | | | |
| Consolidated net income | \$ 18,427 | \$ | 12,198 | |

Insurance Segment

The insurance segment is comprised of Wesco-Financial Insurance Company (Wes-FIC) and The Kansas Bankers Surety Company (KBS). Their operations are conducted or supervised by wholly owned subsidiaries of Berkshire Hathaway Inc., Wesco sultimate parent company. Following is a summary of the results of segment operations, which represent essentially the combination of underwriting results with dividend and interest income. (Amounts are in thousands.)

| | Three Months Ended | | | |
|------------------------------|--------------------|----|--------|--|
| | March | | | |
| | 31, March | | | |
| | 2005 | | 2004 | |
| Premiums written | \$ 12,431 | \$ | 12,544 | |
| Premiums earned | \$ 12,069 | \$ | 18,466 | |
| Underwriting gain | \$ 5,334 | \$ | 7,698 | |
| Dividend and interest income | 11,726 | | 8,301 | |
| Income before income taxes | 17,060 | | 15,999 | |
| Income taxes | 3,311 | | 4,897 | |
| Segment net income | \$ 13,749 | \$ | 11,102 | |

Premiums written for the first quarters of 2005 and 2004 included \$6.5 million and \$6.9 million related to Wes-FIC; its earned premiums were \$6.9 million and \$13.5 million. Premiums written by KBS in the first quarters of 2005 and 2004 were \$5.9 million and \$5.6 million; its earned premiums were \$5.2 million and \$5.0 million.

At March 31, 2005, Wes-FIC s in-force business consisted of a reinsurance contract under which it was participating in three pools of aviation-related risks: hull and liability pools to the extent of 10% each; and a workers compensation pool to the extent of 5% which became effective in 2005 but which has not yet resulted in significant premium volume. In 2004, Wes-FIC was participating only in the hull and liability pools. Under

-11-

Table of Contents

the contracts, written premiums in the first quarters of 2005 and 2004 were \$6.5 million and \$5.3 million and earned premiums were \$6.9 million and \$7.6 million. Until the fourth quarter of 2004, Wes-FIC also participated in a multi-year contract covering certain multi-line property and casualty risks of a large, unaffiliated insurer. That arrangement was commuted in the fourth quarter of 2004 as discussed on pages 21 and 22 of Wesco s 2004 Form 10-K Annual Report. Written and earned premiums under that contract, were \$1.6 million and \$5.8 million for the first quarter of 2004. The overall decrease in premiums earned for the 2005 quarter is attributed principally to the commutation of that reinsurance arrangement.

For the first quarters of 2005 and 2004, reinsurance generated net underwriting gains of \$2.1 million and \$4.6 million. Those amounts represented gains of \$2.8 million and \$4.0 million relating to the aviation contract, reduced by a loss of \$0.7 million on other reinsurance business in 2005, and increased by a gain of \$0.6 million associated with the aforementioned commuted contract in 2004. KBS underwriting gains were \$3.2 million for the first quarter of 2005, essentially unchanged from the \$3.1 million reported for the first quarter of 2004.

Wes-FIC s underwriting results have recently benefited from relatively low levels of aviation losses. Because KBS cedes minimal amounts to reinsurers, its underwriting results often fluctuates from period to period. Management accepts volatility in its underwriting results in return for better potential aggregate results over the long term.

Dividend and interest income earned by the insurance segment for the first quarter of 2005 improved from the corresponding prior year figure principally due to improvement in interest rates on short-term investments.

The income tax provision for the segment for the first quarter of 2005 benefited by \$2.0 million relating to the settlement of an issue raised in an examination of a prior year income tax return by the Internal Revenue Service.

Furniture Rental Segment

The furniture rental segment consists of CORT Business Services Corporation (CORT). Following is a summary of segment operating results. (Amounts are in thousands.)

| | Three Mo | Three Months Ended | |
|--|----------|--------------------|--|
| | March | | |
| | 31, | March 31, | |
| | 2005 | 2004 | |
| Revenues: | | | |
| Furniture rentals | \$73,074 | \$ 66,260 | |
| Furniture sales | 17,956 | 16,725 | |
| Apartment locator fees | 1,796 | 2,762 | |
| Total revenues | 92,826 | 85,747 | |
| Cost of rentals, sales and fees | 24,406 | 23,887 | |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 61,846 | 61,399 | |
| Interest expense | 217 | 163 | |
| | 86,469 | 85,449 | |
| Income before income taxes | 6,357 | 298 | |
| | | | |

Income taxes 2,091 (86)

Segment net income \$ 4,266 \$ 384

-12-

Table of Contents

Furniture rental revenues for the first quarter of 2005 increased \$6.8 million, or 10.3%, over those of the first quarter of 2004. Excluding \$2.9 million and \$0.8 million of rental revenues from trade shows and locations not in operation throughout each quarter, rental revenues for the first quarter of 2005 increased approximately 7.2% from those of the 2004 quarter as a result of an improving economy and continued focus on new business development. The number of furniture leases, which had declined more than 20% through yearend 2003 from the peak level attained in late 2000, increased during 2004; the corresponding number of leases at the end of the first quarter of 2005 was about 9.8% higher than at the end of the corresponding 2004 quarter. Management is cautiously optimistic that the recent recovery in its business will continue.

Furniture sales revenues increased 7.4% in the first quarter of 2005 from those reported in the comparable period of 2004. The increase is attributed principally to renewed efforts to reduce idle inventory.

Apartment locator fees decreased by \$1.0 million, or 35%, from those of the first quarter 2004, which in turn were down \$1.3 million, or 32%, from those of the first quarter 2003. Since late 2003, the apartment locator operation has been undergoing reorganization. Some of its walk-in facilities have been merged into furniture rental or sale facilities, and others have been closed, resulting in significant cost and expense reductions. The reduction in apartment locator revenues has been offset by a reduction in related costs and expenses.

Cost of rentals, sales and fees amounted to 26.3% of revenues for the first quarter of 2005 versus 27.9% for the comparable 2004 period. The improved margin was a result of a decrease in the depreciation component of cost of rentals and sales due mainly to the increase in the number of leases outstanding and a slight increase in furniture sales in the current period, and, thus, a reduction in the proportion that depreciation expense bore to total revenue. Costs of generating apartment locator fees were \$1.8 million in the first quarter of 2005, down from \$2.7 million in the comparable period of 2004 due principally to the reorganization efforts mentioned above. Excluding apartment-locator costs, segment costs for furniture rentals and sales were 24.3% of sales revenues in the first quarter of 2005 and 25.5% in the 2004 period.

Selling, general, administrative and interest expenses (operating expenses) for the segment were \$62.1 million for the first quarter of 2005, up slightly from the \$61.6 million incurred in the first quarter of 2004. These included apartment locator-related expenses of \$2.0 million for the first quarter of 2005, down from \$2.7 million in the first quarter of 2004. Operating expenses as a percentage of revenues decreased from 71.8% for the first quarter of 2004 to 66.9% for the 2005 period.

Income before income taxes for the furniture rental segment amounted to \$6.4 million for the first quarter of 2005 and \$0.3 million for the first quarter of 2004. If the portion of these amounts representing losses incurred by the apartment-locator operation (\$2.2 million for the first quarter of 2005 and \$2.8 million for the first quarter of 2004) were eliminated, income before taxes would have been \$8.6 million for the first quarter of 2005 and \$3.1 million for the first quarter of 2004. The \$6.1 million improvement in the operating results for the first quarter of 2005 was primarily attributable to growth in rental revenues and the continued focus on managing operating expenses.

-13-

Table of Contents

Industrial Segment

Following is a summary of the results of operations of the industrial segment, which consists of the businesses of Precision Steel Warehouse, Inc. and its subsidiaries. (Amounts are in thousands.)

| | Three Mo March | Three Months Ended March | | |
|---|-------------------|--------------------------|------------------|--|
| | 31, 2005 | | arch 31, 2004 | |
| Revenues | \$ 15,859 | \$ | 14,740 | |
| Income before income taxes Income taxes | \$ 685 273 | \$ | 1,047 417 | |
| Segment net income | \$ 412 | \$ | 630 | |

In Wesco s 2004 Annual Report on Form 10-K it was reported that the operations of the industrial segment had suffered for several years prior to 2004. Not only had there been a decline in the number of orders placed, but there had also been a trend towards smaller-sized orders. At the beginning of 2004, a shortage of raw materials from domestic mills produced near chaos in the steel service industry. Customers wishing to avoid running out of stock, accelerated their purchasing, exacerbating the tumult. As the year progressed, domestic steel mills were operating at capacity and imported steel was not readily available. These and other factors enabled the mills to raise prices, place limits on order quantities and extend delivery times. Precision Steel reacted by passing the price increases, plus normal mark-ups, on to its customers.

More recently, as supplies of product from domestic mills have become more readily available, demand has softened, competitive pressures have increased, and mills have begun to lower prices, although such prices remain substantially above their level one year earlier. Industrial segment revenues for the first quarter of 2005 increased \$1.1 million, or 7.6%, over those of the first quarter of 2004, while pounds of steel products sold in the first quarter decreased 24% from those of the comparable 2004 quarter. This anomalous result was attributable principally to an increase of about 40% in average selling prices since the beginning of 2004.

Income before income taxes and net income of the industrial segment for the first quarter of 2005 declined about 35% from the corresponding 2004 figures. These figures are dependent not only on revenues, but also on operating expenses and the cost of products sold. The latter, as a percentage of revenues, amounted to 83.0% for the first quarter of 2005 versus 79.3% for the comparable 2004 period. The cost percentage typically fluctuates slightly from period to period as a result of changes in product mix and price competition at all levels. The 3.7 percentage point increase is indicative of the recent steel industry turmoil. Though conditions may become more stable, management is concerned that the steel warehouse business may revert to the difficult times that prevailed prior to 2004; as noted in the 2004 Form 10-K, average annual segment revenues for the years 2001 through 2003 were down 27% from those reported for 1998 through 2000.

-14-

Table of Contents

Unrelated to Business Segment Operations

Set forth below is a summary of items increasing (decreasing) Wesco s consolidated net income that are viewed by management as unrelated to the operations of the insurance, furniture rental and industrial segments. (Amounts are in thousands.)

| | Three Mo | Three Months Ended | | |
|--|----------|--------------------|--------|--|
| | March | | | |
| | 31, | Mar | ch 31, | |
| | 2005 | 20 | 004 | |
| Other nonsegment items, net, before income taxes | \$ (66) | \$ | (4) | |
| Income taxes | 66 | | 86 | |
| | \$ | \$ | 82 | |

Other nonsegment items include mainly (1) rental income from owned commercial real estate and (2) dividend and interest income from marketable securities and cash equivalents owned outside the insurance subsidiaries, reduced by real estate and general and administrative expenses plus or minus income taxes related to such items. These taxes do not correlate well with total pre-tax income or loss, primarily because dividend income is substantially tax-exempt.

* * * * *

Wesco s effective consolidated income tax rate typically fluctuates somewhat from period to period for various reasons, such as the relation of dividend income, which is substantially exempt from income taxes, to other pre-tax earnings or losses, which are generally fully taxable. The respective income tax provisions, expressed as percentages of income before income taxes, amounted to 23.3% and 29.9% for the quarters ended March 31, 2005 and March 31, 2004. The 2005 percentage would have been 31.7% without the \$2.0 million benefit explained above (see last paragraph under Insurance Segment).

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS AND CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

Reference is made to page 27 of Item 7, Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, of the Form 10-K Annual Report filed by Wesco for the year ended December 31, 2004, for a table summarizing the contractual obligations associated with ongoing business activities of Wesco and its subsidiaries, some of which are off-balance sheet, and involve cash payments in periods after yearend 2004. At March 31, 2005, there have been no material changes in contractual obligations, including off-balance sheet arrangements, of Wesco or its subsidiaries from those reported as of December 31, 2004.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND PRACTICES

Reference is made to pages 27 and 28 of Item 7, Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, of the Form 10-K Annual Report filed by Wesco for the year ended December 31, 2004 for the accounting policies and practices considered by Wesco s management to be critical to its determination of consolidated financial position and results of operations, as well as to Note 1 to Wesco s consolidated financial statements appearing on pages 40 through 42 thereof for a description of the significant policies and practices followed by Wesco (including those deemed critical) in preparing its consolidated financial statements. There have been no changes in significant policies and practices through March 31, 2005.

-15-

Table of Contents

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain written or oral representations of management stated in this report or elsewhere constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, as contrasted with statements of historical fact. Forward-looking statements include statements which are predictive in nature, or which depend upon or refer to future events or conditions, or which include words such as *expects, anticipates, intends, plans, believes, estimates, may,* or *could,* or which involve hypothetical events. Forward-looking statements are based on information currently available and are subject to various risks and uncertainties that could cause actual events or results to differ materially from those characterized as being likely or possible to occur. Such statements should be considered judgments only, not guarantees, and Wesco s management assumes no duty, nor has it any specific intention, to update them.

Actual events and results may differ materially from those expressed or forecasted in forward-looking statements due to a number of factors. The principal important risk factors that could cause Wesco s actual performance and future events and actions to differ materially from those expressed in or implied by such forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, changes in market prices of Wesco s significant equity investments, the occurrence of one or more catastrophic events such as acts of terrorism, hurricanes, or other events that cause losses insured by Wesco s insurance subsidiaries, changes in insurance laws or regulations, changes in income tax laws or regulations, and changes in general economic and market factors that affect the prices of investment securities or the industries in which Wesco and its affiliates do business.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

WESCO FINANCIAL CORPORATION

-16-