PACWEST BANCORP Form 10-Q November 10, 2014

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

**OUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)** 

OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2014

Commission File No. 00-30747

PACWEST BANCORP

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware 33-0885320

(I.R.S. Employer

(State of Incorporation)

Identification No.)

10250 Constellation Blvd., Suite 1640

Los Angeles, CA 90067

(Address of Principal Executive Offices, Including Zip Code)

(310) 286-1144

(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes b No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yes b No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

b Large accelerated filer

o Accelerated filer

o Non-accelerated filer

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

o Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes o No b

As of October 30, 2014 there were 101,912,280 shares of the registrant's common stock outstanding, excluding 1,115,550 shares of unvested restricted stock.

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# PACWEST BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

CONDENSED CONSOCIONIED DIEFINOCE STILLETS			
	September 30,	December 31,	
	2014	2013	
	(Unaudited)		
	(Dollars in thous	ands, except par	•
	value and share of	lata)	
ASSETS			
Cash and due from banks	\$145,463	\$96,424	
Interest-earning deposits in financial institutions	115,399	50,998	
Total cash and cash equivalents	260,862	147,422	
Securities available-for-sale, at fair value	1,539,681	1,494,745	
Federal Home Loan Bank stock, at cost	45,602	27,939	
Total investment securities	1,585,283	1,522,684	
Gross loans and leases	11,591,395	4,313,335	
Deferred fees and costs	(16,510)	(0.0.2	)
Allowance for loan and lease losses	, ,	(82,034	)
Total loans and leases, net	11,492,986	4,230,318	,
Equipment leased to others under operating leases	125,119	-,250,510	
Premises and equipment, net	38,368	32,435	
Foreclosed assets, net	40,524	55,891	
	•		
Goodwill	1,722,129	208,743	
Core deposit and customer relationship intangibles, net	18,823	17,248	
FDIC loss sharing asset	22,977	45,524	
Deferred tax asset, net	331,176	79,636	
Other assets	300,098	193,462	
Total assets	\$15,938,345	\$6,533,363	
LIABILITIES:			
Non interest-bearing deposits	\$2,842,488	\$2,318,446	
Interest-bearing deposits	8,680,949	2,962,541	
Total deposits	11,523,437	5,280,987	
Borrowings	363,672	113,726	
Subordinated debentures	433,545	132,645	
Accrued interest payable and other liabilities	139,445	196,912	
Total liabilities	12,460,099	5,724,270	
	0	0	
Commitments and contingencies	U	U	
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:			
Preferred stock (\$0.01 par value; 5,000,000 shares authorized; none issued and			
outstanding)			
Common stock (\$0.01 par value, 200,000,000 and 75,000,000 shares authorized at			
September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively; 104,225,010 and	. 1,042	465	
46,526,124 shares issued, respectively, includes 1,115,550 and 1,216,524 shares of	, -,		
unvested restricted stock, respectively)			
Additional paid-in capital	3,855,546	1,286,737	
Accumulated deficit	(356,516)	(454,422	)
Treasury stock, at cost (1,197,180 and 703,290 shares at September 30, 2014 and	(42,647)	(20,340	`
December 31, 2013, respectively)	(74,047 )	(20,540	)
Accumulated other comprehensive income, net	20,821	(3,347	)

Total stockholders' equity 3,478,246 809,093
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity \$15,938,345 \$6,533,363

See "Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements."

# PACWEST BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEME				NT: NT (1 )	D 1 1
	Three Month	ns Ended	G . 1	Nine Months l	Ended
	September 30,	June 30,	September 30,	September 30,	,
	2014	2014	2013	2014	2013
	(Unaudited)				
	(Dollars in t	housands, exc	cept per share	data)	
Interest income:					
Loans and leases	\$189,961	\$192,201	\$75,196	\$459,625	\$199,374
Investment securities	12,331	11,986	9,871	35,140	26,501
Deposits in financial institutions	64	176	91	314	183
Total interest income	202,356	204,363	85,158	495,079	226,058
Interest expense:					
Deposits	8,822	7,313	1,692	17,360	6,418
Borrowings	74	199	108	352	451
Subordinated debentures	4,614	4,318	1,069	9,973	2,734
Total interest expense	13,510	11,830	2,869	27,685	9,603
Net interest income	188,846	192,533	82,289	467,394	216,455
Provision (negative provision) for credit losses	5,050	5,030	(4,167	9,436	(2,872)
Net interest income after provision (negative	183,796	187,503	86,456	457,958	219,327
provision) for credit losses	103,770	107,505	00,130	437,730	217,327
Noninterest income:					
Service charges on deposit accounts	2,725	2,719	2,938	8,446	8,568
Other commissions and fees	6,371	5,743	2,204	14,046	6,291
Leased equipment income	5,615	5,672		11,287	
Gain (loss) on sale of loans and leases	973		604	594	1,108
Gain on securities		89	5,222	4,841	5,631
FDIC loss sharing expense, net			(7,032		(15,579)
Other income	8,045	3,266	1,191	17,640	2,151
Total noninterest income	16,314	8,479	5,127	29,484	8,170
Noninterest expense:					
Compensation and benefits	45,861	45,081	27,963	119,569	79,370
Occupancy	11,188	11,078	7,828	29,861	21,906
Data processing	3,929	4,099	2,590	10,568	7,278
Other professional services	3,687	2,843	1,906	8,053	4,984
Insurance and assessments	3,020	3,179	1,496	7,792	4,024
Intangible asset amortization	1,608	1,677	1,512	4,649	3,972
Other expense	13,355	12,115	7,875	32,758	19,860
Total operating expense	82,648	80,072	51,170	213,250	141,394
Leased equipment depreciation	2,961	3,095		6,056	
Foreclosed assets expense (income), net	4,827	497	(420	3,463	(934)
Acquisition, integration and reorganization costs	5,193	86,242	5,450	93,635	24,139
Total noninterest expense	95,629	169,906	56,200	316,404	164,599
Earnings from continuing operations before taxes	104,481	26,076	35,383	171,038	62,898
Income tax expense Net earnings from continuing operations	(42,205 62,276	) (14,846 ) 11,230	(11,243 ) 24,140	) (71,627 ) 99,411	(20,868 ) 42,030

(Loss) earnings from discontinued operations	(8	) (	1,151	`	39		(2,572	`	(42	`
before taxes	(0	) (	1,131	,	39		(2,372	)	(42	)
Income tax benefit	3	4	176		(16	)	1,067		18	
Net (loss) earnings from discontinued	(5	) (	675	`	23		(1,505	)	(24	)
operations	(3	) (	013	,	23		(1,505	,	(24	,
Net earnings	\$62,271	\$	\$10,555		\$24,163		\$97,906		\$42,006	
Basic earnings per share:										
Net earnings from continuing operations	\$0.60	\$	50.11		\$0.53		\$1.20		\$1.03	
Net earnings	\$0.60	\$	\$0.10		\$0.53		\$1.18		\$1.03	
Diluted earnings per share:										
Net earnings from continuing operations	\$0.60	\$	\$0.11		\$0.53		\$1.20		\$1.03	
Net earnings	\$0.60	\$	\$0.10		\$0.53		\$1.18		\$1.03	
Dividends declared per share	\$0.25	\$	\$0.25		\$0.25		\$0.75		\$0.75	
See "Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements."										

# PACWEST BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Three Months Ended					Nine Months Ended			
	September 30,	June 30,		September 30,		September 3	30,		
	2014	2014		2013		2014		2013	
	(Unaudited) (In thousands)								
Net earnings	\$62,271	\$10,555		\$24,163		\$97,906		\$42,006	
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of									
tax:									
Unrealized holding gains (losses) on securities available-for-sale (1)	93	23,011		4,070		45,395		(50,529	)
Income tax benefit (expense) related to	60 <b>5</b>	(0.662	,	402		(10.242		22.41.5	
unrealized holding (losses) gains arising during the period <sup>(2)</sup>	607	(9,663	)	483		(18,342	)	23,415	
Unrealized holding gains (losses) on securities available-for-sale, net of tax	700	13,348		4,553		27,053		(27,114	)
Reclassification adjustment for gain included in net earnings (3)	_	(89	)	(5,222	)	(4,841	)	(5,631	)
Income tax expense related to reclassification adjustment (2)	_	37		_		1,956		172	
Reclassification adjustment for gains included in earnings, net of tax	_	(52	)	(5,222	)	(2,885	)	(5,459	)
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	700	13,296		(669	)	24,168		(32,573	)
Comprehensive income	\$62,971	\$23,851		\$23,494		\$122,074		\$9,433	

<sup>(1)</sup> Recognized in "Other income" on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings.

See "Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements."

<sup>(2)</sup> Recognized in "Income Tax Expense" on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings.

<sup>(3)</sup> Recognized in "Gain on securities" on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings.

#### PACWEST BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014

Common Stock

	Common Stoc	-IX							
	Shares	Par Value	Additional Paid-in Capital	Accumulated Deficit	l Treasury Stock	Accumulated Other Comprehensiv Income (Loss)	√ <b>a</b> otal		
	(Unaudited) (Dollars in the	ousands, o	except share d	ata)					
Balance, December 31, 2013	45,822,834	\$465	\$1,286,737	\$(454,422)	\$(20,340)	\$ (3,347 )	\$809,093		
Net earnings	_	_	_	97,906	_	_	97,906		
Other comprehensive income - net unrealized gain on securities available-for-sale, net of tax	_	_	_	_	_	24,168	24,168		
Issuance of common stock for merger with CapitalSource Inc. Restricted stock awarded	56,601,997	566	2,593,504	_	_	_	2,594,070		
and earned stock compensation, net of shares forfeited	1,095,538	11	33,630	_	_	_	33,641		
Restricted stock surrendered	(493,890 )	_		_	(22,307)	_	(22,307)		
Dividend reinvestment	1,351	_	57	_	_	_	57		
Tax effect from vesting of restricted stock	_	_	4,402	_	_	_	4,402		
Cash dividends paid	_	_	(62,784)	_	_	_	(62,784 )		
Balance, September 30, 2014	103,027,830	\$1,042	\$3,855,546	\$(356,516)	\$(42,647)	\$ 20,821	\$3,478,246		

See "Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements."

# PACWEST BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Nine Months Ended September 3		
	2014	2013	
	(Unaudited)		
	(Dollars in th	ousands)	
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net earnings	\$97,906	\$42,006	
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to net cash provided by operating			
activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	28,434	23,768	
Provision (negative provision) for credit losses	9,436	(2,872	)
Gain on sale of foreclosed assets	(2,746	) (4,006	)
Provision for losses on foreclosed assets	5,065	2,094	
Gain on sale of loans and leases	(594	) (1,108	)
Gain on sale of premises and equipment	(1,523	) (15	)
Gain on sale of securities	(4,841	) (5,631	)
Foreign currency gain	(1,331	) —	
Derivatives loss	(1,062	) —	
Earned stock compensation	33,641	6,545	
Write off of goodwill relating to the asset financing segment reorganization	6,645		
Tax effect included in stockholders' equity of restricted stock vesting	(4,402	) (985	)
Decrease (increase) in deferred income taxes, net	47,938	4,267	
Decrease in FDIC loss sharing asset	22,547	19,063	
(Increase) decrease in other assets	(8,206	) 6,254	
Decrease in accrued interest payable and other liabilities	(79,644	) (22,952	)
Net cash provided by operating activities	147,263	66,428	
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Cash acquired in acquisitions, net of cash consideration paid	346,047	273,013	
Net (increase) decrease in loans and leases	(433,525	) 221,779	
Proceeds from sale of loans and leases	35,696	18,812	
Securities available-for-sale:			
Proceeds from maturities and paydowns	95,039	264,654	
Proceeds from sales	465,608	12,810	
Purchases	(186,969	) (504,936	)
Collection of securities sales proceeds	484,084	_	
Net redemptions of Federal Home Loan Bank stock	28,397	12,549	
Proceeds from sales of foreclosed assets	20,097	28,918	
Purchases of premises and equipment, net	(2,283	) (2,246	)
Proceeds from sales of premises and equipment	3,759	26	
Net decrease of equipment leased to others under operating leases	30,502	_	
Net cash provided by investing activities	886,452	325,379	
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Net increase (decrease) in deposits:			
Noninterest-bearing	420,478	28,310	
Interest-bearing	(518,012	) (405,166	)
Net decrease in borrowings	(742,109	) (4,258	)

Restricted stock surrendered	(22,307	) (2,415	)
Tax effect included in stockholders' equity of restricted vesting stock	4,402	985	
Cash dividends paid	(62,727	) (29,648	)
Net cash used in financing activities	(920,275	) (412,192	)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	113,440	(20,385	)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	147,422	164,404	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$260,862	\$144,019	
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:			
Cash paid for interest	\$23,959	\$10,604	
Cash (received) paid for income taxes	(3,829	) 16,703	
Loans transferred to other real estate owned	667	12,754	
Common stock issued in CapitalSource acquisition	2,594,070	_	
Common stock issued in First California Financial Group acquisition		242,268	
See "Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements."			

#### PACWEST BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

#### Note 1. Organization

PacWest Bancorp is a bank holding company registered under the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, as amended. Our principal business is to serve as the holding company for our Los Angeles based wholly owned banking subsidiary, Pacific Western Bank, which we refer to as "Pacific Western" or the "Bank." When we say "we," "our," or the "Company," we mean the Company on a consolidated basis with the Bank. When we refer to "PacWest" or to the holding company, we are referring to the parent company on a stand alone basis. As of September 30, 2014, we had total assets of \$15.9 billion, total loans and leases of \$11.5 billion, total deposits of \$11.5 billion and total stockholders' equity of \$3.5 billion.

Pacific Western is a full-service commercial bank offering a broad range of banking products and services including: accepting demand, money market, and time deposits; originating loans and leases, including an array of commercial real estate loans and commercial lending products. The Bank has a foundation of locally generated and relationship-based deposits, with 80 full-service branches located throughout the state of California. Our branch operations are located primarily in Southern California extending from San Diego County to California's Central Coast, and we operate three banking offices in the San Francisco Bay area and two offices in the Central Valley. Our targeted collateral for our real estate loan offerings includes healthcare properties, office properties, industrial properties, multifamily properties, hospitality properties, and retail properties. Our commercial loan products include equipment loans and leases, asset-based loans, lender finance loans and loans secured by borrower future cash flows. As a result of the CapitalSource Inc. merger, Pacific Western Bank established the CapitalSource Division, which we also refer to as the National Lending segment. The CapitalSource Division provides on a nationwide basis a full spectrum of financing solutions across numerous industries and property types to small to middle market businesses. Pacific Western's leasing operation, Pacific Western Equipment Finance, and its group specializing in asset-based lending, CapitalSource Business Finance Group (formerly BFI Business Finance and First Community Financial), also became part of the CapitalSource Division. The CapitalSource Division's loan and lease origination efforts are conducted through offices located in Chevy Chase, Maryland; Los Angeles and San Jose, California; St. Louis, Missouri; Denver, Colorado; Chicago, Illinois; New York, New York; and Midvale, Utah. When we refer to "CapitalSource Inc." we are referring to the company acquired on April 7, 2014 and when we refer to the "CapitalSource Division" we are referring to a division of Pacific Western Bank that specializes in middle-market lending on a nationwide basis.

We generate our revenue primarily from interest received on loans and leases and, to a lesser extent, from interest received on investment securities, and fees received in connection with deposit services, extending credit and other services offered, including foreign exchange services. Our major operating expenses are the interest paid by the Bank on deposits and borrowings, compensation and general operating expenses.

We have completed 27 acquisitions from May 2000 through September 30, 2014, including the acquisition of CapitalSource Inc. on April 7, 2014. Since 2000, our acquisitions have been accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting and, accordingly, the operating results of the acquired entities have been included in the condensed consolidated financial statements from their respective acquisition dates. See Note 3, Acquisitions, for more information about the CapitalSource Inc. merger and the acquisition of First California Financial Group, Inc. ("FCAL") on May 31, 2013.

#### Significant Accounting Policies

Except as discussed below, our accounting policies are described in Note 1, Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, of our audited consolidated financial statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("Form 10-K").

#### **Basis of Presentation**

Our interim consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") for interim financial information and pursuant to the requirements for reporting on Form 10-Q and

Article 10 of Regulation S-X of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Accordingly, certain disclosures accompanying annual consolidated financial statements are omitted. In the opinion of management, all adjustments and eliminations, consisting solely of normal recurring accruals, considered necessary for the fair presentation of financial statements for the interim periods, have been included. The current period's results of operations are not necessarily indicative of the results that ultimately may be achieved for the year. The interim consolidated financial statements and notes thereto should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in our Form 10-K.

The accompanying financial statements reflect our consolidated accounts. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

#### PACWEST BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

#### Use of Estimates

We have made a number of estimates and assumptions relating to the reporting of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the condensed consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period to prepare these condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Material estimates subject to change in the near term include, among other items, the allowance for credit losses, the carrying value and useful lives of intangible assets, the carrying value of the FDIC loss sharing asset, the realization of deferred tax assets, and the fair value estimates of assets acquired and liabilities assumed in acquisitions. These estimates may be adjusted as more current information becomes available, and any adjustment may be significant.

As described in Note 3, Acquisitions, the acquired assets and liabilities of CapitalSource Inc. and FCAL were measured at their estimated fair values. We made significant estimates and exercised significant judgment in estimating fair values and accounting for such acquired assets and assumed liabilities. Reclassifications

Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current period's presentation format. As of September 30, 2014, the "Leases" loan portfolio segment is included in the "Equipment finance" class category of the "Commercial" loan portfolio segment; loan-related legal expenses which were previously reported within the "Other professional services" category are reported within the "Other expense" category; and other foreclosed assets which were previously reported within the "Other assets" category are reported within the "Foreclosed assets, net" category.

Note 2. Discontinued Operations

Discontinued operations include the income and expense related to Electronic Payment Services ("EPS"), a discontinued division of the Bank acquired in connection with the FCAL acquisition. For the three months ended September 30, 2014, the EPS division recorded no revenues and a pre-tax loss of \$8,000. For the nine months ended September 30, 2014, the EPS division recorded no revenues and a pre-tax loss of \$2.6 million. Liabilities of the EPS division, which consist primarily of noninterest bearing deposits, are included in the condensed consolidated balance sheets under the caption "Accrued interest payable and other liabilities." For segment reporting purposes, the EPS division is included in our Community Banking segment.

#### PACWEST BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

#### Note 3. Acquisitions

The following assets acquired and liabilities assumed of CapitalSource Inc. and FCAL are presented at estimated fair value as of their respective acquisition dates:

• •	Acquisition and Date Acquired		
	CapitalSource Inc.	First California Financial Group	
	April 7, 2014 (In thousands)	May 31, 2013	
Assets Acquired:			
Cash and due from banks	\$768,553	\$6,124	
Interest earning deposits in financial institutions	60,612	266,889	
Investment securities available for sale	382,797	4,444	
FHLB SF stock	46,060	9,518	
Loans and leases	6,877,427	1,049,613	
Equipment leased to others under operating leases	160,015		
Premises and equipment	12,663	15,322	
Foreclosed assets	6,382	13,772	
FDIC loss sharing asset		17,241	
Income tax assets	311,462	33,360	
Goodwill	1,520,031	129,070	
Core deposit and customer relationship intangibles	6,720	7,927	
Other assets	581,905	27,576	
Total assets acquired	\$10,734,627	\$1,580,856	
Liabilities Assumed:			
Noninterest bearing deposits	\$4,631	\$361,166	
Interest bearing deposits	6,236,419	739,713	
Other borrowings	992,109		
Subordinated debentures	300,918	24,061	
Discontinued operations		184,619	
Accrued interest payable and other liabilities	123,362	19,729	
Total liabilities assumed	\$7,657,439	\$1,329,288	
Total consideration paid	\$3,077,188	\$251,568	
Summary of consideration:			
Cash paid	\$483,118	<b>\$</b> —	
PacWest common stock issued	2,594,070	242,268	
Cancellation of FCAL common stock owned by PacWest (at		0.200	
acquisition date fair value)	_	9,300	
Total	\$3,077,188	\$251,568	

CapitalSource Inc. Merger

We acquired CapitalSource Inc. on April 7, 2014. As part of the merger, CapitalSource Bank ("CSB"), a wholly owned subsidiary of CapitalSource Inc., merged with and into Pacific Western Bank. We completed the merger in order to augment our loan and lease generation capabilities and to diversify our loan portfolio.

Upon closing, we created the CapitalSource Division of the Bank. The CapitalSource Division provides on a nationwide basis a full spectrum of financing solutions across numerous industries and property types to middle market businesses. When we refer to "CapitalSource Inc." we are referring to the company acquired on April 7, 2014 and when we refer to the "CapitalSource Division" we are referring to a division of the Bank that provides on a

nationwide basis senior secured real estate loans, equipment loans and leases, asset-based loans, lender finance loans and cash flow loans secured by the enterprise value of the borrowing entity.

In the merger with CapitalSource Inc., each share of CapitalSource Inc. common stock was converted into the right to receive \$2.47 in cash and 0.2837 of a share of PacWest common stock. PacWest issued an aggregate of approximately 56.6 million shares of PacWest common stock to CapitalSource Inc. stockholders. Based on the closing price of PacWest's common stock on April 7,

#### PACWEST BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

2014 of \$45.83 per share, the aggregate consideration paid to CapitalSource Inc. common stockholders and holders of equity awards to acquire CapitalSource Inc. common stock was approximately \$3.1 billion.

CSB was a commercial lender which operated under a California Industrial Loan Bank charter headquartered in Los Angeles, California. CSB provided financial products to small to middle market businesses nationwide and also provided depository products and services to consumers in Southern and Central California. CSB's loan origination efforts were conducted nationwide, and continue as part of the CapitalSource Division, with offices located in Chevy Chase, Maryland; Los Angeles, California; St. Louis, Missouri; Denver, Colorado; Chicago, Illinois; and New York, New York.

The integration of CSB's deposit system and the conversion of CSB's branches to Pacific Western Bank's operating platform were completed over the weekend of April 12, 2014. CSB had 21 branches, 12 of which were closed in the consolidation with Pacific Western at the close of business on April 11, 2014 and one overlapping Pacific Western branch was closed as well. All remaining branches opened on Monday, April 14, 2014 as Pacific Western branches. The CapitalSource Inc. merger has been accounted for under the acquisition method of accounting. The assets and liabilities, both tangible and intangible, were recorded at their estimated fair values as of the merger date. We made significant estimates and exercised significant judgment in estimating fair values and accounting for such acquired assets and liabilities. Such fair values are preliminary estimates and are subject to adjustment for up to one year after the merger date or when additional information relative to the closing date fair values becomes available and such information is considered final, whichever is earlier. The application of the acquisition method of accounting resulted in goodwill of \$1.5 billion. All of the recognized goodwill is expected to be non-deductible for tax purposes. The fair value of the acquired tax assets, once the final tax returns have been filed, are expected to change.

As required by the merger agreement and as described in the joint proxy statement/prospectus relating to the merger, the Board of Directors of PacWest adopted a Tax Asset Protection Plan (the "Plan"). This Plan is similar to the Tax Benefit Preservation Plan that CapitalSource Inc. had in place prior to the merger. The purpose of the Plan is to seek to preserve PacWest's ability to utilize net operating loss carryforwards and certain other tax assets (collectively, the "NOLs") for U.S. federal income tax purposes that PacWest and certain of its subsidiaries have. The Plan seeks to protect the ability to utilize the NOLs by mitigating the potential for an "ownership change" within the meaning of Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code").

In general, an "ownership change" would occur if PacWest's "5 percent shareholders," as defined under Section 382 of the Code, collectively increase their ownership in PacWest, in relation to their respective historical low points, by more than 50 percentage points over a rolling three year period. In general, institutional holders that file as "investment advisers" for SEC purposes, such as mutual fund companies that hold PacWest common stock on behalf of several individual mutual funds where no single fund owns five percent or more of PacWest's common stock, are typically not treated as "5 percent shareholders" for purposes of Section 382 of the Code.

First California Financial Group Acquisition

On May 31, 2013, we acquired First California Financial Group, Inc. As part of this acquisition, First California Bank ("FCB"), a wholly owned subsidiary of FCAL, merged with and into Pacific Western. The FCAL acquisition has been accounted for under the acquisition method of accounting. The assets and liabilities, both tangible and intangible, were recorded at their estimated fair values as of the May 31, 2013 acquisition date. The application of the acquisition method of accounting resulted in goodwill of \$129.1 million. All of the recognized goodwill is expected to be non deductible for tax purposes.

FCB was a full service commercial bank headquartered in Westlake Village, California. FCB provided a full range of banking services, including revolving lines of credit, term loans, commercial real estate loans, construction loans, consumer loans and home equity loans to individuals, professionals, and small to mid sized businesses. FCB operated 15 branches throughout Southern California in the Los Angeles, Orange, Riverside, San Bernardino, San Diego, Ventura, and San Luis Obispo Counties. We completed the conversion and integration of the FCB branches to Pacific Western's operating platform in June 2013 and as a result, we added seven locations to our branch network.

### Unaudited Pro Forma Results of Operations

The following table presents our unaudited pro forma results of operations for the periods presented as if the CapitalSource Inc. and FCAL acquisitions had been completed on January 1, 2013. The unaudited pro forma results of operations include the historical accounts of the Company, CapitalSource Inc. and FCAL and pro forma adjustments, including the amortization of intangibles with definite lives and the amortization or accretion of any premiums or discounts arising from fair value adjustments for assets acquired and liabilities assumed. The unaudited pro forma information is intended for informational purposes only and is not necessarily indicative of our future operating results or operating results that would have occurred had the CapitalSource

#### PACWEST BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Inc. and FCAL acquisitions been completed at the beginning of 2013. No assumptions have been applied to the proforma results of operations regarding possible revenue enhancements, expense efficiencies or asset dispositions.

	Three Months		_		
	Ended September	September Nine Months Ended Sep			
	30,		_		
	2013	2014	2013		
	(Dollars in thousan	rs in thousands, except per share d			
Pro forma revenues (net interest income plus noninterest income)	\$209,558	\$591,283	\$606,570		
Pro forma net earnings from continuing operations	\$82,662	\$177,846	\$180,219		
Pro forma net earnings from continuing operations per					
share:					
Basic	\$0.81	\$1.73	\$1.76		
Diluted	\$0.81	\$1.73	\$1.76		

No pro forma results of operations information have been provided for the three months ended September 30, 2014 as CapitalSource Inc. was acquired on April 7, 2014 and the actual results of CapitalSource Inc. and the Company are included together for this three-month period in the condensed consolidated statements of earnings.

Revenues and pre-tax net earnings from operations related to CapitalSource Inc. from the April 7, 2014 merger date through September 30, 2014, and included in the consolidated statement of earnings, were \$259.0 million and \$94.4 million, respectively.

#### Note 4. Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

Goodwill arises from the acquisition method of accounting for business combinations and represents the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the net assets and other identifiable intangible assets acquired. Our intangible assets with definite lives are core deposit intangibles ("CDI") and customer relationship intangibles ("CRI"). In the second quarter of 2014, we wrote-off \$6.6 million of goodwill and \$0.5 million of CRI related to the reorganization of the legacy PacWest asset financing segment. These amounts are included in "Acquisition, integration and reorganization costs" in the condensed consolidated statement of earnings. In the third quarter of 2014, we had no such write-offs.

Goodwill and other intangible assets deemed to have indefinite lives generated from purchase business combinations are not subject to amortization and are instead tested for impairment no less than annually. Impairment exists when the carrying value of goodwill exceeds its implied fair value. An impairment loss would be recognized in an amount equal to that excess and would be included in "Noninterest expense" in the condensed consolidated statement of earnings. CDI and CRI are amortized over their respective estimated useful lives and reviewed for impairment at least quarterly. The amortization expense represents the estimated decline in the value of the underlying deposits or loan customers acquired. The weighted average amortization period remaining for all of our CDI and CRI is 4.6 years. The aggregate CDI and CRI amortization expense is expected to be \$6.7 million for 2014. The estimated aggregate amortization expense related to these intangible assets for each of the next five years is \$6.0 million for 2015, \$4.1 million for 2016, \$2.3 million for 2017, \$2.0 million for 2018 and \$1.7 million for 2019.

The following table presents the changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the period indicated:

	0000.111
	(In thousands)
Balance, December 31, 2013	\$208,743
Addition from the CapitalSource Inc. merger	1,520,031
Write-off of goodwill	(6,645)
Balance, September 30, 2014	\$1,722,129

Goodwill

#### PACWEST BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

The following table presents the changes in CDI and CRI and the related accumulated amortization for the periods indicated:

	Three Months	Ended	Nine Months Ended			
	September 30,	June 30,	September 30,	September 30	),	
	2014	2014	2013	2014	2013	
	(In thousands)					
Gross Amount of CDI and CRI:						
Balance, beginning of period	\$53,090	\$48,963	\$53,339	\$48,963	\$45,412	
Additions	_	6,720		6,720	7,927	
Fully amortized portion	_	(1,293	(4,376	(1,293	) (4,376	
Write-off	_	(1,300	<b>—</b>	(1,300	) —	
Balance, end of period	53,090	53,090	48,963	53,090	48,963	
Accumulated Amortization:						
Balance, beginning of period	(32,659)	(33,079	(33,149	(31,715	(30,689)	
Amortization	(1,608)	(1,677	(1,512	(4,649	) (3,972	
Fully amortized portion	_	1,293	4,376	1,293	4,376	
Write-off	_	804		804		
Balance, end of period	(34,267)	(32,659	(30,285	(34,267	(30,285)	
Net CDI and CRI, end of period	\$18,823	\$20,431	\$18,678	\$18,823	\$18,678	

#### Note 5. Investments

Securities Available-for-Sale

The following table presents amortized cost, gross unrealized gains and losses, and carrying values of securities available-for-sale. As of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, our investment securities, available-for-sale were as follows:

	September	30, 2014			December 31, 2013					
	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealize Gains	Gross edUnreali Losses	zedFair Value	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealize Gains	Gross edUnrealiz Losses	ed Fair Value		
	(In thousand	ds)								
Residential mortgage-backed securities: Government agency and government-sponsored enterprise										
pass through securities Government agency and government-sponsored enterprise	I	\$17,917	\$(799	) \$555,087	\$691,944	\$18,012	\$(2,768	) \$707,188		
collateralized mortgag obligations	e 280,820	1,456	(2,485	) 279,791	197,069	388	(4,584	) 192,873		

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Covered private label										
collateralized										
mortgage obligations	27,830	7,568	(89	)	35,309	30,502	7,552	(150	) 37	,904
Other private label										
collateralized										
mortgage obligations	12,563	35	(5	)	12,593		_	_	_	
Municipal securities	473,426	12,212	(3,211	)	482,427	459,182	1,749	(24,273	) 43	6,658
Corporate debt	110,032	2,139	(28	`	112,143	84,119	71	(1,483	) 02	,707
securities	110,032	2,139	(20	,	112,143	04,119	/ 1	(1,463	) 62	,707
Government-sponsored	d									
enterprise debt										
securities	36,214	168			36,382	10,046	_	(174	) 9,8	372
Other securities	26,044	33	(128	)	25,949	27,654	2	(113	) 27	,543
Total	\$1,504,898	\$41,528	\$(6,745	5)	\$1,539,681	\$1,500,516	\$27,774	\$(33,545	5) \$1	,494,745

#### PACWEST BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

The covered private label collateralized mortgage obligations ("CMO's") were acquired in the FDIC-assisted acquisition of Affinity Bank in August 2009. The loss sharing provisions for these private label CMO's expired in the third quarter of 2014. Other securities consist primarily of asset backed securities. See Note 11, Fair Value Measurements, for information on fair value measurements and methodology.

As of September 30, 2014, securities available for sale with a carrying value of \$294.6 million were pledged as collateral for borrowings, public deposits and other purposes as required by various statutes and agreements. During the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, we sold no securities. However, during the three months ended September 30, 2013, we recorded a \$5.2 million non-taxable gain to recognize our previously-held equity interest in FCAL common stock at its fair market value as of the acquisition date.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2014, we sold \$461.7 million of GSE pass through securities, other securities, and securities obtained in the CapitalSource Inc. merger, for which we realized gains of \$4.9 million. During the nine months ended September 30, 2013, we sold \$12.4 million in corporate debt securities for which we realized gains of \$409,000.

Realized gains or losses resulting from the sale of securities are calculated using the specific identification method and included in gain on securities. During the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, we had \$0.7 million and \$(0.7) million, respectively, of net unrealized after-tax gains (losses) as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income, net.

Unrealized Losses on Investment Securities

As of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, the gross unrealized losses and fair values of investment securities that were in unrealized loss positions, for which other-than-temporary impairments have not been recognized in earnings, were as follows:

-	September 3	30, 2014								
	Less Than 1	2 Months		12 Months or More			Total			
		Gross			Gross			Gross		
	Fair Value	Unrealize	d	Fair Value	Unrealize	d	Fair Value	Unrealize	d	
		Losses			Losses			Losses		
	(In thousand	ds)								
Residential mortgage-backed securities	:									
Government agency and government-										
sponsored enterprise pass through										
securities	\$38,316	\$(191	)	\$27,894	\$(608	)	\$66,210	\$(799	)	
Government agency and government-										
sponsored enterprise collateralized										
mortgage obligations	159,329	(967	)	42,340	(1,518	)	201,669	(2,485	)	
Covered private label collateralized										
mortgage obligations		_		1,050	(89	)	1,050	(89	)	
Other private label collateralized										
mortgage obligations	893	(5	)		_		893	(5	)	
Municipal securities	18,058	(75	)	133,602	(3,136	)	151,660	(3,211	)	
Corporate debt securities	_	_		12,971	(28	)	12,971	(28	)	
securities	_	_		_	_			_		
Other securities	6,427	(108	)	10,030	(20	)	16,457	(128	)	
Total	\$223,023	\$(1,346	)	\$227,887	\$(5,399	)	\$450,910	\$(6,745	)	

#### PACWEST BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

	December 31, 2013								
	Less Than 1	2 Months		12 Months or More			Total		
		Gross			Gross			Gross	
	Fair Value	Unrealized	d	Fair Value	Unrealized	1	Fair Value	Unrealized	d
		Losses			Losses			Losses	
	(In thousand	ls)							
Residential mortgage-backed securities:									
Government agency and government-									
sponsored enterprise pass through									
securities	\$148,662	\$(2,767	)	\$32	\$(1	)	\$148,694	\$(2,768	)
Government agency and government-									
sponsored enterprise collateralized									
mortgage obligations	179,938	(4,486	)	4,383	(98	)	184,321	(4,584	)
Covered private label collateralized									
mortgage obligations	1,640	(60	)	617	(90	)	2,257	(150	)
Municipal securities	337,208	(24,273	)	_	_		337,208	(24,273	)
Corporate debt securities	72,636	(1,483	)	_	_		72,636	(1,483	)
Government-sponsored enterprise debt									
securities	9,872	(174	)	_	_		9,872	(174	)
Other securities	23,969	(113	)	_	_		23,969	(113	)
Total	\$773,925	\$(33,356	)	\$5,032	\$(189	)	\$778,957	\$(33,545	)

We reviewed the securities that were in a loss position at September 30, 2014, and concluded their losses were a result of the level of market interest rates relative to the types of securities and pricing changes caused by shifting supply and demand dynamics and not a result of downgraded credit ratings or other indicators of deterioration of the underlying issuers' ability to repay. Accordingly, we determined the securities were temporarily impaired and we did not recognize such impairment in the condensed consolidated statements of earnings. Additionally, we have no plans to sell these securities and believe that it is more likely than not we would not be required to sell these securities before recovery of their amortized cost.

#### **Contractual Maturities**

The following table presents the contractual maturities of our available-for-sale securities portfolio based on amortized cost and carrying value as of the date indicated.

	September 30, 2014					
	Amortized Cost	Estimated Fair Value				
	(In thousands)					
Due in one year or less	\$4,386	\$4,422				
Due after one year through five years	85,057	85,209				
Due after five years through ten years	249,748	252,685				
Due after ten years	1,165,707	1,197,365				
Total securities available-for-sale	\$1,504,898	\$1,539,681				

Mortgage-backed securities have contractual terms to maturity, but require periodic payments to reduce principal. In addition, expected maturities may differ from contractual maturities because obligors and/or issuers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

#### PACWEST BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

#### FHLB Stock

At September 30, 2014, we had a \$45.6 million investment in Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco ("FHLB SF") stock carried at cost. During the nine months ended September 30, 2014, FHLB SF stock increased \$17.7 million due primarily to the addition of FHLB SF stock from the CapitalSource Inc. merger. We evaluated the carrying value of our FHLB SF stock investment at September 30, 2014, and determined that it was not impaired. Our evaluation considered the long-term nature of the investment, the current financial and liquidity position of the FHLB SF, repurchase activity of excess stock by the FHLB SF at its carrying value, the return on the investment, and our intent and ability to hold this investment for a period of time sufficient to recover our recorded investment. Interest Income on Investment Securities

The following table presents the composition of our interest income on investment securities:

	Three Months I	Nine Months Ended			
	September 30, June 30, September 30,			September 30,	
	2014	2014	2013	2014	2013
	(In thousands)				
Taxable interest	\$7,850	\$7,668	\$6,028	\$22,438	\$16,979
Non-taxable interest	3,343	3,333	3,302	10,004	8,443
Dividend income	1,138	985	541	2,698	1,079
Total interest income on investment securities	\$12,331	\$11,986	\$9,871	\$35,140	\$26,501

Note 6. Loans and Leases and Credit Quality

The Company's loan and lease portfolio includes originated and purchased loans and leases. Originated loans and leases and purchased loans and leases, in each case, for which there was no evidence of credit deterioration at their acquisition date and it was probable that we would be able to collect all contractually required payments, are referred to collectively as non-purchased credit impaired loans, or "Non-PCI loans." Purchased loans for which there was, at the acquisition date, evidence of credit deterioration since their origination and it was probable that we would be unable to collect all contractually required payments are referred to as purchased credit impaired loans, or "PCI loans".

Non-PCI loans are carried at the principal amount outstanding, net of deferred fees and costs, and in the case of acquired loans, net of purchase discounts and premiums. Deferred fees and costs and purchase discounts and premiums on acquired non-impaired loans are recognized as an adjustment to interest income over the contractual life of the loans using the effective interest method or taken into income when the related loans are paid off or sold. PCI loans are accounted for in accordance with ASC Subtopic 310 30, "Loans and Debt Securities Acquired with Deteriorated Credit Quality." For PCI loans, at the time of acquisition we (i) calculate the contractual amount and timing of undiscounted principal and interest payments (the "undiscounted contractual cash flows") and (ii) estimate the amount and timing of undiscounted expected principal and interest payments (the "undiscounted expected cash flows"). The difference between the undiscounted contractual cash flows and the undiscounted expected cash flows is the nonaccretable difference. The difference between the undiscounted cash flows expected to be collected and the estimated fair value of the acquired loans is the accretable yield. The nonaccretable difference represents an estimate of the loss exposure of principal and interest related to the PCI loan portfolios; such amount is subject to change over time based on the performance of such loans. The carrying value of PCI loans is reduced by payments received, both principal and interest, and increased by the portion of the accretable yield recognized as interest income. In the CapitalSource Inc. merger, the estimated fair value of the loans and leases acquired, excluding PCI loans, was \$6.8 billion, the related gross contractual cash flows was \$9.4 billion, and the estimated contractual cash flows not expected to be collected was \$839.8 million. The estimated fair value of loans acquired that were identified as PCI loans was \$79.2 million.

#### PACWEST BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

The following table summarizes the accretable yield on the PCI loans acquired in the CapitalSource Inc. merger as of April 7, 2014:

	April 7, 2014 Accretable Yield	
Undiscounted contractual coch flours	(In thousands)	
Undiscounted contractual cash flows	\$227,688	,
Undiscounted cash flows not expected to be collected (nonaccretable difference)	(134,726	)
Undiscounted cash flows expected to be collected	92,962	
Estimated fair value of PCI loans acquired	(79,234	)
Accretable yield	\$13,728	

The following table summarizes the composition of our loan and lease portfolio as of the dates indicated:

2	September 30	2014	•	December 31	2013		
	Non-PCI	, 2014		Non-PCI	, 2013		
	Non-PCI			Non-PCI			
	Loans	PCI		Loans	PCI		
	and Leases	Loans	Total	and Leases	Loans	Total	
	(In thousands)	)					
Real estate mortgage	\$5,406,371	\$314,919	\$5,721,290	\$2,424,864	\$371,134	\$2,795,998	
Real estate construction	285,109	8,208	293,317	209,090	10,427	219,517	
Commercial	5,440,144	27,961	5,468,105	1,241,776	974	1,242,750	
Consumer	108,340	343	108,683	54,809	261	55,070	
Total gross loans and leases	11,239,964	351,431	11,591,395	3,930,539	382,796	4,313,335	
Deferred fees and costs	(16,458)	(52)	(16,510)	(983)		(983	)
Total loans and leases, net of unearned income	11,223,506	351,379	11,574,885	3,929,556	382,796	4,312,352	
Allowance for loan and lease losses	(63,084)	(18,815)	(81,899	(60,241)	(21,793)	(82,034	)
Total net loans and leases	\$11,160,422	\$332,564	\$11,492,986	\$3,869,315	\$361,003	\$4,230,318	

The following tables present a summary of the activity in the allowance for loan and lease losses on Non PCI loans and leases by portfolio segment and PCI loans for the periods indicated:

icases by portiono se	leases by portions segment and i er toans for the periods indicated.												
	Three Month	hree Months Ended September 30, 2014											
	Real Estate Mortgage	Real Estate Construction	Commercial	Consumer		Total Non-PCI	Total PCI	Total					
	(In thousands	3)											
Allowance for Loan													
and Lease Losses:													
Balance, beginning of period	\$22,276	\$4,302	\$35,530	\$3,415		\$65,523	\$16,626	\$82,149					
Charge-offs	(395)	_	(7,282	(171	)	(7,848)	(108)	(7,956)					
Recoveries	1,312	24	337	52		1,725		1,725					
Provision (negative provision)	3,810	1,591	422	(2,139	)	3,684	2,297	5,981					
Balance, end of period	\$27,003	\$5,917	\$29,007	\$1,157		\$63,084	\$18,815	\$81,899					

#### PACWEST BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

	Nine Months Real Estate Mortgage (In thousand	Real Estate Construction	mber 30, 2014 Commercial			Total Non-PCI		Total PCI		Total
Allowance for Loan										
and Lease Losses: Balance, beginning	\$26,078	\$4,298	\$26,921	\$2,944		\$60,241		\$21,793		\$82,034
of period Charge-offs	(976	) —	(9,049	(203	)	(10,228	)	(4,712	)	(14,940 )
Recoveries	1,949	112	1,301	294	,	3,656	,	51	_	3,707
Provision (negative	(48	1,507	9,834	(1,878	)	9,415		1,683		11,098
provision)	(+0	1,507	),03 <del>-1</del>	(1,070	,	7,713		1,005		11,070
Balance, end of period	\$27,003	\$5,917	\$29,007	\$1,157		\$63,084		\$18,815		\$81,899
Amount of the										
allowance applicable										
to loans and leases: Individually										
evaluated for	\$1,568	\$119	\$7,654	\$34		\$9,375				
impairment		·	, ,			. ,				
Collectively										
evaluated for	\$25,435	\$5,798	\$21,353	\$1,123		\$53,709				
impairment										
Acquired loans with deteriorated credit								\$18,815		
quality								\$10,013		
Loan and Leases:										
Ending balance	\$5,398,244	\$283,067	\$5,433,787	\$108,408		\$11,223,506	6	\$351,379		\$11,574,885
The ending balance										
of the loan and lease										
portfolio is										
composed of loans and leases:										
Individually										
evaluated for	\$59,729	\$12,692	\$47,180	\$3,655		\$123,256				
impairment	,	. ,	, ,	. ,		. ,				
Collectively										
evaluated for	\$5,338,515	\$270,375	\$5,386,607	\$104,753		\$11,100,250	)			
impairment										
Acquired loans with deteriorated credit								\$251 270		
quality								\$351,379		
quant	Three Mor	ths Ended Se	ptember 30, 20	)13						
	Real Estate		Δ			Total		Total DCI	r	Total
	Mortgage	Constructi	on Commercia	al Consume	Ί	Non-PCI		Total PCI		Total

(In thousands)

Allowance for loan and

lease losses:

Balance, beginning of	\$31.804	\$3,432	\$26,343	\$1,667	\$63,246	\$27,397	\$90,643	
period	Ψ51,004	Ψ3,132	Ψ20,515	φ1,007	ψ03,240	Ψ21,371	Ψ > 0,013	
Charge-offs	(281	) —	(2,439	) (75	) (2,795	) —	(2,795	)
Recoveries	152	179	324	15	670	5	675	
Provision (negative	(2,069	) (66	) 1,233	332	(570	) (4.167	) (4.737	`
provision)	(2,009	) (00	) 1,233	332	(370	) (4,107	) (4,737	)
Balance, end of period	\$29,606	\$3,545	\$25,461	\$1,939	\$60,551	\$23,235	\$83,786	

## PACWEST BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Allowance for loan	Nine Months Real Estate Mortgage (In thousands	Real Estate Construction	mber 30, 2013 Commercial	Consumer	Total Non-PCI	Total PCI	Total
and lease losses: Balance, beginning of period	f \$38,700	\$3,221	\$22,252	\$1,726	\$65,899	\$26,069	\$91,968
Charge-offs Recoveries	(3,840 ) 1,665	514	(4,631 ) 2,028	(111 ) 57	(8,582 4,264	38	(8,582 4,302
Provision (negative provision)	(6,919 )	(190	5,812	267	(1,030	(2,872	(3,902)
Balance, end of period	\$29,606	\$3,545	\$25,461	\$1,939	\$60,551	\$23,235	\$83,786
Amount of the allowance applicable to loans and leases: Individually							
evaluated for impairment Collectively	\$3,225	\$103	\$6,147	\$240	\$9,715		
evaluated for impairment	\$26,381	\$3,442	\$19,314	\$1,699	\$50,836		
Acquired loans with deteriorated credit quality						\$23,235	
Loan and Leases: Ending balance The ending balance of the loan and lease portfolio is composed		\$188,872	\$1,178,923	\$33,909	\$3,950,636	\$432,757	\$4,383,393
of loans and leases: Individually	•						
evaluated for impairment Collectively	\$90,329	\$14,878	\$25,083	\$792	\$131,082		
evaluated for impairment	\$2,458,603	\$173,994	\$1,153,840	\$33,117	\$3,819,554		
Acquired loans with deteriorated credit quality						\$432,757	
19							

#### PACWEST BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

#### Non Purchased Credit Impaired (Non PCI) Loans and Leases

The following table presents the credit risk rating categories for Non PCI loans and leases by portfolio segment and class as of the dates indicated. Nonclassified loans and leases are those with a credit risk rating of either pass or special mention, while classified loans and leases are those with a credit risk rating of either substandard or doubtful.

	September 30, 2014			December 31, 2013			
	Nonclassified	Classified	Total	Nonclassified	Classified	Total	
	(In thousands)						
Real estate mortgage:							
Hospitality	\$504,066	\$15,284	\$519,350	\$168,216	\$12,337	\$180,553	
SBA	344,285	7,483	351,768	39,869	5,297	45,166	
Other	4,430,742	96,384	4,527,126	2,132,109	64,279	2,196,388	
Total real estate mortgage	5,279,093	119,151	5,398,244	2,340,194	81,913	2,422,107	
Real estate construction:							
Residential	71,961	925	72,886	58,131	750	58,881	
Commercial	205,258	4,923	210,181	142,607	6,291	148,898	
Total real estate construction	277,219	5,848	283,067	200,738	7,041	207,779	
Commercial:							
Collateralized	416,759	11,818	428,577	567,643	18,838	586,481	
Unsecured	125,373	1,666	127,039	151,896	1,856	153,752	
Asset-based	1,575,920	18,512	1,594,432	195,569	6,859	202,428	
Cash flow	2,238,196	76,002	2,314,198	_	_		
Equipment finance	906,494	21,966	928,460	272,851	632	273,483	
SBA	39,042	2,039	41,081	22,880	5,761	28,641	
Total commercial	5,301,784	132,003	5,433,787	1,210,839	33,946	1,244,785	
Consumer	104,424	3,984	108,408	50,474	4,411	54,885	
Total Non-PCI loans and leases	\$10,962,520	\$260,986	\$11,223,506	\$3,802,245	\$127,311	\$3,929,556	

In addition to our internal risk rating process, our federal and state banking regulators, as an integral part of their examination process, periodically review the Company's loan risk rating classifications. Our regulators may require the Company to recognize rating downgrades based on their judgments related to information available to them at the time of their examinations. Risk rating downgrades generally result in higher allowances for credit losses.

#### PACWEST BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

The following tables present an aging analysis of our Non PCI loans and leases by portfolio segment and class as of the dates indicated:

	September 30, 2014								
	30-89 Past I	Days Due		r More s Past	Total	Past Due	Cui	rent	Total Loans
	(In th	ousand							
Real estate mortgage:									
Hospitality	<b>\$</b> —		\$—		<b>\$</b> —		\$51	19,350	\$519,350
SBA	2,304		516		2,820		348	3,948	351,768
Other	8,150		13,12	28	21,27	78	4,5	05,848	4,527,126
Total real estate mortgage	10,45	4	13,64	44	24,09	98	5,3	74,146	5,398,244
Real estate construction:									
Residential			542		542			344	72,886
Commercial	1,928		1,487		3,415			5,766	210,181
Total real estate construction	1,928		2,029	9	3,957	7	279	),110	283,067
Commercial:									
Collateralized	56		940		996			,581	428,577
Unsecured	38		25		63			,976	127,039
Asset-based	271		—		271			94,161	1,594,432
Cash flow	235		—		235			13,963	2,314,198
Equipment finance	119		132		251			3,209	928,460
SBA	_		_		_		41,		41,081
Total commercial	719		1,097		1,816			31,971	5,433,787
Consumer	168		3,244		3,412			,996	108,408
Total Non-PCI loans and leases	\$13,2	269	\$20,	014	\$33,2	283	\$11	1,190,223	\$11,223,506
		Dagar	nhan 3	21 2012					
				31, 2013	0.00	Total Pas	4		
		Past I	-	90 or Mo Days Pa			ι	Current	Total Loans
		(In the		•	st Due	Due			
Real estate mortgage:		(III till	ousam	us)					
Hospitality		<b>\$</b> —		\$—		\$		\$180,553	\$180,553
SBA		2,564		Ψ —		2,564		42,602	45,166
Other		13,02		2,406		15,432		2,180,956	*
Total real estate mortgage		15,59		2,406		17,996		2,404,111	2,422,107
Real estate construction:		15,57	O	2,100		17,550		2,101,111	2,422,107
Residential								58,881	58,881
Commercial				2,013		2,013		146,885	148,898
Total real estate construction				2,013		2,013		205,766	207,779
Commercial:				-,		-,		,,	,
Collateralized		473		259		732		585,749	586,481
Unsecured		83		68		151		153,601	153,752
Asset-based				_		_		202,428	202,428
Equipment finance		2,662		244		2,906		270,577	273,483
SBA		1,770		243		2,013		26,628	28,641

Total commercial	4,988	814	5,802	1,238,983	1,244,785
Consumer	3,319		3,319	51,566	54,885
Total Non-PCI loans and leases	\$23,897	\$5,233	\$29,130	\$3,900,426	\$3,929,556

#### PACWEST BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

At September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, the Company had no loans and leases (excluding PCI loans) that were greater than 90 days past due and still accruing interest. It is the Company's policy to discontinue accruing interest when principal or interest payments are past due 90 days or more unless the loan is both well secured and in the process of collection or when, in the opinion of management, there is a reasonable doubt as to the collectability of a loan or lease in the normal course of business.

The following table presents our nonaccrual and performing Non PCI loans and leases by portfolio segment and class as of the dates indicated:

	September 30, 2014			December 31, 2013			
	Nonaccrual	Performing	Total	Nonaccrual	Performing	Total	
	(In thousand	s)					
Real estate mortgage:							
Hospitality	\$6,451	\$512,899	\$519,350	\$6,723	\$173,830	\$180,553	
SBA	7,483	344,285	351,768	2,602	42,564	45,166	
Other	26,575	4,500,551	4,527,126	18,648	2,177,740	2,196,388	
Total real estate mortgage	e 40,509	5,357,735	5,398,244	27,973	2,394,134	2,422,107	
Real estate construction:							
Residential	925	71,961	72,886	389	58,492	58,881	
Commercial	2,703	207,478	210,181	2,830	146,068	148,898	
Total real estate	3,628	279,439	283,067	3,219	204,560	207,779	
construction	3,020	219,439	203,007	3,219	204,300	201,119	
Commercial:							
Collateralized	5,165	423,412	428,577	9,991	576,490	586,481	
Unsecured	226	126,813	127,039	458	153,294	153,752	
Asset-based	5,003	1,589,429	1,594,432	1,070	201,358	202,428	
Cash flow	15,958	2,298,240	2,314,198		_		
Equipment finance	12,885	915,575	928,460	632	272,851	273,483	
SBA	2,039	39,042	41,081	3,037	25,604	28,641	
Total commercial	41,276	5,392,511	5,433,787	15,188	1,229,597	1,244,785	
Consumer	3,535	104,873	108,408	394	54,491	54,885	
Total Non-PCI loans and leases	\$88,948	\$11,134,558	\$11,223,506	\$46,774	\$3,882,782	\$3,929,556	

At September 30, 2014, nonaccrual loans and leases totaled \$88.9 million. Nonaccrual loans and leases included \$7.4 million of loans 30 to 89 days past due and \$61.6 million of current loans that were placed on nonaccrual status based on management's judgment regarding their collectibility. Nonaccrual loans and leases totaled \$46.8 million at December 31, 2013, including \$4.2 million of loans 30 to 89 days past due and \$37.3 million of current loans that were placed on nonaccrual status based on management's judgment regarding their collectibility.

Non PCI nonaccrual loans and leases and performing restructured loans are considered impaired for reporting purposes. The following table presents the composition of our impaired loans and leases as of the dates indicated:

1 1	$\boldsymbol{\mathcal{C}}$	1	1	1			
		September 30	), 2014	December 31, 2013			
		Performing		Total	Total		Total
		Nonaccrual	Restructured	Impaired	Nonaccrual	Restructured	Impaired
		Loans/Leases Loans		Loans/Leases Loans/Leases I		Loans	Loans/Leases
		(In thousands	s)				
Real estate mortgage		\$40,509	\$19,220	\$59,729	\$27,973	\$34,303	\$62,276
Real estate construction	n	3,628	9,064	12,692	3,219	4,293	7,512
Commercial		41,276	5,904	47,180	15,188	2,744	17,932

Consumer	3,535	120	3,655	394	308	702	
Total	\$88,948	\$34,308	\$123,256	\$46,774	\$41,648	\$88,422	
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#### PACWEST BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

The following tables present information regarding our Non PCI impaired loans and leases by portfolio segment and class for the dates indicated:

class for the dates indicated.						
	September 30	0, 2014		December 31	, 2013	
	Recorded Investment	Unpaid Principal	Related Allowance	Recorded Investment	Unpaid Principal	Related Allowance
	(In thousands	Balance			Balance	
With An Allowance Recorded:	(III tirousurius	,				
Real estate mortgage:						
Hospitality	\$1,957	\$1,956	\$92	\$5,717	\$6,215	\$198
SBA	_	_		1,642	1,643	230
Other	13,302	13,389	1,476	15,937	16,571	1,760
Real estate construction:						
Residential	767	767	72	778	778	168
Commercial	1,162	4,945	47	1,250	1,250	1
Commercial:						
Collateralized	5,404	5,789	3,536	4,377	4,692	4,270
Unsecured	620	631	416	801	829	375
Asset-based	262	262	262	1,070	1,070	180
Cash flow	15,958	18,014	2,666			_
Equipment finance	1,864	1,864	774		_	_
SBA				1,136	1,136	178
Consumer	146	145	34	424	471	240
With No Related Allowance						
Recorded:						
Real estate mortgage:						
Hospitality	\$6,451	\$7,593	\$—	\$3,013	\$3,385	<b>\$</b> —
SBA	7,483	10,712		2,602	3,646	
Other	30,536	41,596		33,365	46,062	
Real estate construction:						
Residential	542	550				
Commercial	10,221	10,995		5,484	9,923	
Commercial:						
Collateralized	3,820	10,932		6,700	9,924	
Unsecured	180	278		179	247	
Asset-based	4,741	5,584	_	_	_	_
Cash flow	_	505	_	_	_	_
Equipment finance	11,021	14,809	_	632	632	_
SBA	3,310	4,984	_	3,037	4,945	_
Consumer	3,509	3,681	_	278	394	_
Total Non-PCI Loans and Lease	S					
With and Without an Allowance						
Recorded:						
Real estate mortgage	\$59,729	\$75,246	\$1,568	\$62,276	\$77,522	\$2,188
Real estate construction	12,692	17,257	119	7,512	11,951	169
Commercial	47,180	63,652	7,654	17,932	23,475	5,003

Consumer	3,655	3,826	34	702	865	240
Total	\$123,256	\$159,981	\$9,375	\$88,422	\$113,813	\$7,600
23						

#### PACWEST BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2014 2013				
	Weighted	Interest	Weighted	Interest	
	Average	Income	Average	Income	
	Balance <sup>(1)</sup>	Recognized	Balance <sup>(1)</sup>	Recognized	
	(In thousands)	C		$\mathcal{E}$	
With An Allowance Recorded:	,				
Real estate mortgage:					
Hospitality	\$1,963	\$20	\$8,779	\$226	
SBA	<u> </u>		1,659	23	
Other	13,401	99	51,327	513	
Real estate construction:					
Residential	768	4	393	_	
Commercial	1,176	6	8,540	87	
Commercial:					
Collateralized	5,815	43	3,804	10	
Unsecured	624	6	2,062	8	
Asset-based	265		223	5	
Cash flow	15,695				
	13,093	<del></del>	<del></del>	<del>_</del>	
Equipment finance	1,889				
SBA	_		1,094	12	
Consumer	148	2	436	3	
With No Related Allowance Recorded:					
Real estate mortgage:					
Hospitality	\$6,485	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —	
SBA	7,746	38	2,935		
Other	31,313	87	25,041	133	
Real estate construction:					
Residential	542	_	441		
Commercial	10,236	74	4,568	(59)	
Commercial:					
Collateralized	5,252	21	4,266	_	
Unsecured	202		179	_	
Asset-based	_			_	
Cash flow	_	_	_	_	
Equipment finance	9,818	671	244	_	
SBA	3,756	36	2,872	5	
Consumer	3,745	2	173	_	
Total Non-PCI Loans and Leases With and					
Without an Allowance Recorded:					
Real estate mortgage	\$60,908	\$244	\$89,741	\$895	
Real estate construction	12,722	84	13,942	28	
Commercial	43,316	777	14,744	40	
Consumer	3,893	4	609	3	
Total	\$120,839	\$1,109	\$119,036	\$966	

For the loans and leases (excluding PCI loans) reported as impaired at September 30, 2014 and 2013, amounts were calculated based on the period of time such loans and leases were impaired during the reported period.

#### PACWEST BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

	Nine Months En 2014	ded September 30	, 2013	
	Weighted	Interest	Weighted	Interest
	Average	Income	Average	Income
	Balance <sup>(1)</sup>	Recognized	Balance <sup>(1)</sup>	Recognized
	(In thousands)	recognized	Bulunce	recognized
With An Allowance Recorded:	()			
Real estate mortgage:				
Hospitality	\$1,971	\$60	\$8,770	\$109
SBA	<del></del>	<u>.                                     </u>	1,649	23
Other	13,218	376	47,411	481
Real estate construction:	,		,	
Residential	770	12	391	
Commercial	539	13	8,541	88
Commercial:			,	
Collateralized	5,167	92	4,467	7
Unsecured	664	18	787	8
Asset-based	268	_	2,377	
Cash flow	5,232	_	<u></u>	_
Equipment finance	1,073	_	_	_
SBA		_	1,278	12
Consumer	1,890	11	429	3
With No Related Allowance Recorded:	•			
Real estate mortgage:				
Hospitality	\$6,529	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —
SBA	5,378	38	2,791	
Other	26,235	240	25,540	410
Real estate construction:			·	
Residential	406		435	
Commercial	8,888	171	5,511	98
Commercial:				
Collateralized	2,772	52	8,989	15
Unsecured	264		217	_
Asset-based	1,560	_	_	
Cash flow	58			
	36	<del></del>		
Equipment finance	7,436	671	244	
SBA	2,189	36	2,846	5
Consumer	1,417	2	248	_
Total Non-PCI Loans and Leases With and				
Without an Allowance Recorded:				
Real estate mortgage	\$53,331	\$714	\$86,161	\$1,023
Real estate construction	10,603	196	14,878	186
Commercial	26,683	869	21,205	47
Consumer	3,307	13	677	3
Total	\$93,924	\$1,792	\$122,921	\$1,259

For the loans and leases (excluding PCI loans) reported as impaired at September 30, 2014 and 2013, amounts were calculated based on the period of time such loans and leases were impaired during the reported period.	

#### PACWEST BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

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Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Troubled debt restructurings are a result of rate reductions, term extensions, fee concessions, and debt forgiveness or a combination thereof. The following tables present new troubled debt restructurings of Non-PCI loans for the periods indicated:

	Three M 2014	onths Ended S	September 30,	Three M 2013	onths Ended S	eptember 30,	
Troubled Debt Restructurings:	Number of Loans	Pre- Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment	Post-Modificatio Outstanding Recorded Investment	n Number of Loans	Pre- Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment	Post-Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment	
	(Dollars	in thousands)					
Real estate mortgage:							
SBA	1	\$64	\$ 64	_	<b>\$</b> —	\$ —	
Other	7	10,496	10,496			_	
Commercial:							
Collateralized	9	1,507	1,507	8	4,824	4,824	
Unsecured	3	173	173	2	499	499	
Asset-based	_		_	1	17	17	
SBA	2	1,313	1,313	_		_	
Consumer	3	183	183	_		_	
Total	25	\$13,736	\$ 13,736	11	\$5,340	\$ 5,340	
	Nine Mo	onths Ended So	eptember 30,	Nine Mo	onths Ended Se	ptember 30,	
	2014			2013			
Troubled Debt Restructurings:	Number of Loans	( hitctanding	Post-Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment	on Number of Loans	Pre- Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment	Post-Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment	
Troubled Debt Restructurings:	of Loans	Modification Outstanding Recorded	Outstanding Recorded Investment	Number	Modification Outstanding Recorded	Outstanding Recorded	
Troubled Debt Restructurings:  Real estate mortgage:	of Loans	Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment	Outstanding Recorded Investment	Number	Modification Outstanding Recorded	Outstanding Recorded	
	of Loans	Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment	Outstanding Recorded Investment	Number	Modification Outstanding Recorded	Outstanding Recorded	
Real estate mortgage:	of Loans (Dollars	Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment In thousands)	Outstanding Recorded Investment	Number	Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment	Outstanding Recorded Investment	
Real estate mortgage: SBA	of Loans (Dollars 1 15	Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment In thousands) \$ 64 14,352	Outstanding Recorded Investment \$ 64 14,352	Number of Loans	Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment	Outstanding Recorded Investment	
Real estate mortgage: SBA Other	of Loans (Dollars	Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment In thousands)	Outstanding Recorded Investment	Number of Loans	Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment	Outstanding Recorded Investment	
Real estate mortgage: SBA Other Real estate construction -	of Loans (Dollars 1 15	Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment In thousands) \$ 64 14,352	Outstanding Recorded Investment \$ 64 14,352	Number of Loans	Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment	Outstanding Recorded Investment	
Real estate mortgage: SBA Other Real estate construction - Commercial	of Loans (Dollars 1 15	Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment In thousands) \$ 64 14,352	Outstanding Recorded Investment \$ 64 14,352	Number of Loans	Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment	Outstanding Recorded Investment	
Real estate mortgage: SBA Other Real estate construction - Commercial Commercial:	of Loans (Dollars 1 15 2	Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment In thousands) \$ 64 14,352 4,920	Outstanding Recorded Investment \$ 64 14,352 4,920	Number of Loans  — 12 —	Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment \$— 16,215 —	Outstanding Recorded Investment  \$ — 16,215 —	
Real estate mortgage: SBA Other Real estate construction - Commercial Commercial: Collateralized	of Loans (Dollars 1 15 2	Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment In thousands) \$64 14,352 4,920 4,853	Outstanding Recorded Investment \$ 64 14,352 4,920	Number of Loans	Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment  \$— 16,215 — 4,553	Outstanding Recorded Investment  \$ — 16,215 — 4,553	
Real estate mortgage: SBA Other Real estate construction - Commercial Commercial: Collateralized Unsecured	of Loans (Dollars 1 15 2	Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment In thousands) \$64 14,352 4,920 4,853	Outstanding Recorded Investment \$ 64 14,352 4,920	Number of Loans  12  7 5	Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment  \$— 16,215 — 4,553 502	Outstanding Recorded Investment  \$ — 16,215 — 4,553 502	
Real estate mortgage: SBA Other Real estate construction - Commercial Commercial: Collateralized Unsecured Asset-based	of Loans (Dollars  1 15 2 15 5 —	Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment In thousands) \$ 64 14,352 4,920 4,853 211 —	Outstanding Recorded Investment  \$ 64   14,352   4,920   4,853   211   —   1,313   307	Number of Loans	Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment  \$— 16,215 — 4,553 502 2,032 137 —	Outstanding Recorded Investment  \$ — 16,215 — 4,553 502 2,032	
Real estate mortgage: SBA Other Real estate construction - Commercial Commercial: Collateralized Unsecured Asset-based SBA	of Loans (Dollars  1 15 2 15 5 — 2	Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment In thousands) \$64 14,352 4,920 4,853 211 — 1,313	Outstanding Recorded Investment  \$ 64 14,352 4,920  4,853 211 1,313	Number of Loans	Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment  \$— 16,215 — 4,553 502 2,032	Outstanding Recorded Investment  \$ — 16,215 — 4,553 502 2,032	

#### PACWEST BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

The following tables present troubled debt restructurings that subsequently defaulted for the periods indicated:

Three Months Ended September 30,					
2014		2013			
Number	Pacordad	Number	Pacordad		
of	Recorded	of	Recorded		
Loans	Investment <sup>(1)</sup>	Loans	Investment(	1)	
(Dollars in	n thousands)				
1	\$ 1,190	_	\$ —		
2	37	2	70		
3	\$ 1,227	(2) 2	\$ 70	(3)	
	2014 Number of Loans	2014  Number of Recorded  Loans Investment <sup>(1)</sup> (Dollars in thousands)  1 \$1,190  2 37	Number of Recorded of Of Loans Investment(1) Loans (Dollars in thousands)  1 \$1,190 — 2  37 2	2014  Number of Recorded of Loans Investment(1)  (Dollars in thousands)  1 \$1,190 — \$—  2 37 2 70	

The population of defaulted restructured loans for the period indicated includes only those loans restructured

<sup>(3)</sup> Represents the balance at September 30, 2013 and there were no charge-offs.

	Nine Months	30,			
	2014		2013		
Troubled Debt Restructurings	Number of	Recorded	Number of	Recorded	
That Subsequently Defaulted:	Loans	Investment(1)	Loans	Investment(1)	
	(Dollars in th	nousands)			
Real estate mortgage - Other		\$—	1	\$1,327	
Real estate construction - Commercial	1	1,190	_	_	
Commercial:					
Collateralized	1	22	1	427	
Unsecured	2	37	2	70	
Consumer	1	109			
Total	5	\$1,358 (2)	) 4	\$1,824	(3)

The population of defaulted restructured loans for the period indicated includes only those loans restructured

#### Purchased Credit Impaired (PCI) Loans

The following table reflects the PCI loans by portfolio segment as of the dates indicated:

	September 30, 2014 December		
	(In thousands)		
Real estate mortgage	\$356,151	\$412,791	
Real estate construction	8,506	12,015	
Commercial	28,532	3,021	
Consumer	402	424	
Total gross PCI loans	393,591	428,251	
Less:			

<sup>(1)</sup> during the preceding 12-month period. The table excludes defaulted troubled restructurings in those classes for which the recorded investment was zero at the end of the period.

<sup>(2)</sup> Represents the balance at September 30, 2014, and is net of charge-offs of \$0.2 million.

<sup>(1)</sup> during the preceding 12-month period. The table excludes defaulted troubled restructurings in those classes for which the recorded investment was zero at the end of the period.

<sup>(2)</sup> Represents the balance at September 30, 2014, and is net of charge-offs of \$0.2 million

<sup>(3)</sup> Represents the balance at September 30, 2013, and is net of charge-offs of \$1.1 million

Discount	(42,212	) (45,455	)
Allowance for loan losses	(18,815	) (21,793	)
Total net PCI loans	\$332,564	\$361,003	
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#### PACWEST BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

The following table summarizes the changes in the carrying amount of PCI loans and accretable yield on those loans for the period indicated:

	Carrying Accre Amount Yield		
	(In thousands)		
Balance, December 31, 2013	\$361,003	\$(139,568	)
Addition	79,234	(13,728	)
Accretion	45,919	45,919	
Payments received	(151,910	) —	
Decrease in expected cash flows, net	_	(12,435	)
Provision for credit losses	(1,682	) —	
Balance, September 30, 2014	\$332,564	\$(119,812	)

The following table presents the credit risk rating categories for PCI loans by portfolio segment as of the dates indicated. Nonclassified loans are those with a credit risk rating of either pass or special mention, while classified loans are those with a credit risk rating of either substandard or doubtful.

	September 30, 2014			December 31, 2013			
	Nonclassified	Classified	Total	Nonclassified	Classified	Total	
	(In thousands)	)					
Real estate mortgage	\$180,763	\$134,108	\$314,871	\$216,092	\$155,042	\$371,134	
Real estate construction	1,921	6,282	8,203	4,399	6,028	10,427	
Commercial	232	27,730	27,962	569	405	974	
Consumer		343	343		261	261	
Total PCI loans	\$182,916	\$168,463	\$351,379	\$221,060	\$161,736	\$382,796	

In addition to our internal risk rating process, our federal and state banking regulators, as an integral part of their examination process, periodically review the Company's loan risk rating classifications. Our regulators may require the Company to recognize rating downgrades based on their judgments related to information available to them at the time of their examinations.

#### Note 7. Foreclosed Assets

The following tables summarize foreclosed assets at the dates indicated:

Property Type:	September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013	
	(In thousands)		
Commercial real estate	\$2,559	\$15,753	
Construction and land development	27,731	35,063	
Multi family	835	835	
Single family residence	13	186	
Total other real estate owned, net	31,138	51,837	
Other foreclosed assets	9,386	4,054	
Total foreclosed assets	\$40,524	\$55,891	

#### PACWEST BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

The following table presents a rollforward of foreclosed assets, net of the valuation allowance, for the periods indicated:

	Poleciosed A	33C13
	(In thousands	)
Balance, December 31, 2013	\$55,891	
Addition from the CapitalSource Inc. merger	6,382	
Foreclosures	667	
Provision for losses	(5,065	)
Reductions related to sales	(17,351	)
Balance, September 30, 2014	\$40,524	

#### Note 8. FDIC Loss Sharing Asset

We are a party to four loss sharing agreements with the FDIC. Such agreements cover a substantial portion of losses incurred on acquired covered loans and other real estate owned. The loss sharing agreements relate to the acquisitions of: (1) Affinity Bank ("Affinity") in August 2009, (2) Los Padres Bank ("Los Padres") in August 2010, (3) Western Commercial Bank ("Western Commercial") in connection with the May 2013 FCAL acquisition, and (4) San Luis Trust Bank ("San Luis") in connection with the May 2013 FCAL acquisition. Generally, under the terms of the loss sharing agreements, the FDIC is responsible for 80% of losses in connection with covered assets and is entitled to receive 80% of loss recoveries on the covered assets during the applicable contractual periods. The loss sharing provisions for the Affinity Bank non-single family covered assets expired in the third quarter of 2014; accordingly, further activity will be limited to recoveries through the third quarter of 2017 for assets covered by this loss sharing agreement.

The following table presents the changes in the FDIC loss sharing asset for the period indicated:

	FDIC Loss Sharing	3
	Asset	
	(In thousands)	
Balance, December 31, 2013	\$45,524	
FDIC share of additional losses, net of recoveries	(4,654	)
Cash paid to the FDIC	3,363	
Net amortization	(21,256	)
Balance, September 30, 2014	\$22,977	

The following table presents information about the composition of the FDIC loss sharing asset, the true up liability, and the non single family and the single family covered assets as of the date indicated:

	Affinity Bank	Los Padres Bank	Western Commercial Bank	San Luis Trust Bank	Total
	(In thousands)				
FDIC loss sharing asset	\$(819)	\$13,283	\$1,432	\$9,081	\$22,977
True up liability	N/A	N/A	\$1,574	\$5,350	\$6,924
Non-single family covered assets	\$142,454	\$92,440	\$13,746	\$30,670	\$279,310
Single family covered assets	\$12,536	\$64,131	N/A	\$31,302	\$107,969

Loss sharing expiration dates:

Foreclosed Assets

Non single family	3rd Quarter 2014	3rd Quarter 2015	4th Quarter 2015	1st Quarter 2016
Single family	3rd Quarter 2019	3rd Quarter 2020	N/A	1st Quarter 2021
Loss recovery expiration dates:				
Non single family	3rd Quarter 2017	3rd Quarter 2018	4th Quarter 2018	1st Quarter 2019
Single family	3rd Quarter 2019	3rd Quarter 2020	N/A	1st Quarter 2021

#### PACWEST BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

# Note 9. Borrowings, Subordinated Debentures and Brokered Deposits Borrowings

The following table summarizes our borrowings as of the dates indicated:

	September 30, 2014			December 31, 2013		
	Amount	Rate		Amount	Rate	
	(Dollars in	thousands)				
Non recourse debt	\$3,672	6.26	%	\$7,126	6.30	%
FHLB overnight advances	360,000	0.07	%	106,600	0.06	%
Total borrowings	\$363,672			\$113,726		

The non recourse debt represents the payment stream of certain equipment leases sold to third parties. The debt is secured by the equipment in the leases and all interest rates are fixed. As of September 30, 2014, this debt had a weighted average remaining maturity of 2.2 years.

The Bank has established secured and unsecured lines of credit. We may borrow funds from time to time on a term or overnight basis from the FHLB SF, the Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco ("FRBSF"), or other financial institutions.

FHLB SF Secured Lines of Credit. The borrowing arrangement with the FHLB SF is based on an FHLB program collateralized by a blanket lien on certain qualifying loans in our loan portfolio which were not pledged to the FRBSF. As of September 30, 2014, our borrowing capacity under the FHLB SF secured borrowing lines was \$2.4 billion. As of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, the balances outstanding were \$360.0 million and \$106.6 million, respectively.

FRBSF Secured Line of Credit. The Bank has a secured line of credit with the FRBSF. As of September 30, 2014, the Bank had secured borrowing capacity of \$1.0 billion collateralized by liens covering \$1.4 billion of certain qualifying loans. As of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, there were no balances outstanding.

Federal Funds Arrangements with Commercial Banks. As of September 30, 2014, the Bank had unsecured lines of credit of \$80.0 million with correspondent banks for the purchase of overnight funds, subject to availability of funds. These lines are renewable annually and have no unused commitment fees. As of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, there were no balances outstanding.

#### PACWEST BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

The following table summarizes the terms of each issuance of subordinated debentures outstanding as of the dates indicated:

	September 3	0, 2014		December 31, 2013						
Series	Amount (Dollars in the	Rate <sup>(1)</sup>		Amount		Rate	(2)	Date Issued	Maturity Date	Rate Index (Quarterly Reset)
Trust V	\$10,310	3.33	%	\$10,310		3.34	%	8/15/2003	9/17/2033	3 month LIBOR + 3.10
Trust VI	10,310	3.28	%	10,310		3.29	%	9/3/2003	9/15/2033	3 month LIBOR + 3.05
Trust CII	5,155	3.18	%	5,155		3.19	%	9/17/2003	9/17/2033	3 month LIBOR + 2.95
Trust VII	61,856	2.99	%	61,856		2.99	%	2/5/2004	4/23/2034	3 month LIBOR + 2.75
Trust CIII	20,619	1.92	%	20,619		1.93	%	8/15/2005	9/15/2035	3 month LIBOR + 1.69
Trust FCCI	16,495	1.83	%	16,495		1.84	%	1/25/2007	3/15/2037	3 month LIBOR + 1.60
Trust FCBI	10,310	1.78	%	10,310		1.79	%	9/30/2005	12/15/2035	3 month LIBOR + 1.55
Trust CS 2005-1 (3)	82,475	2.18	%	_		_		11/21/2005	12/15/2035	3 month LIBOR + 1.95
Trust CS 2005-2 (3)	128,866	2.19	%	_		_		12/14/2005	1/30/2036	3 month LIBOR + 1.95
Trust CS 2006-1 (3)	51,545	2.19	%	_		_		2/22/2006	4/30/2036	3 month LIBOR + 1.95
Trust CS 2006-2 (3)	51,550	2.19	%	_		_		9/27/2006	10/30/2036	3 month LIBOR + 1.95
Trust CS 2006-3 (3)	32,551	1.29	%	_		_		9/29/2006	10/30/2036	3 month EURIBOR + 2.05
Trust CS 2006-4 (3)	16,470	2.19	%	_		_		12/5/2006	1/30/2037	3 month LIBOR + 1.95
Trust CS 2006-5 (3)	6,650	2.19	%	_		_		12/19/2006	1/30/2037	3 month LIBOR + 1.95
Trust CS 2007-2 (3)	39,177	2.19	%	_		_		6/13/2007	7/30/2037	3 month LIBOR + 1.95
Gross subordinated debentures	544,339			135,055						
Unamortized discount (4	(110,794)	)		(2,410	)					
Net subordinated debentures	\$433,545			\$132,645						

<sup>(1)</sup> As of September 30, 2014.

<sup>(2)</sup> As of January 28, 2014.

<sup>(3)</sup> Acquired in the Capital Source Inc. merger.

<sup>(4)</sup> 

Amount represents the fair value adjustment on trust preferred securities assumed in the CapitalSource Inc. and FCAL acquisitions.

Interest payments made by the Company on subordinated debentures are considered dividend payments under the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System ("FRB") regulations. Bank holding companies, such as PacWest, are required to notify the FRB prior to declaring and paying a dividend to stockholders during any period in which quarterly and/or cumulative twelve month net earnings are insufficient to fund the dividend amount, among other requirements.

#### **Brokered Deposits**

Brokered time deposits totaled \$288.2 million and \$49.4 million at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. During the third quarter, the Company added \$200.0 million of brokered time deposits. Brokered time deposits under the Certificate of Deposit Account Registry Service Program ("CDARS Program") totaled \$48.2 million and \$49.4 million at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. The CDARS Program represents deposits that are participated with other FDIC insured financial institutions as a means to provide FDIC deposit insurance coverage for the full amount of our customers' deposits.

Note 10. Commitments and Contingencies

#### **Lending Commitments**

The Bank is a party to financial instruments with off balance sheet risk in the normal course of business to meet the financing needs of its customers. These financial instruments include commitments to extend credit, standby letters of credit, and commitments to purchase equipment being acquired for lease to others. Those instruments involve, to varying degrees, elements of credit risk in excess of the amount recognized in the condensed consolidated balance sheets. The contract or notional amounts of those instruments reflect the extent of involvement the Company has in particular classes of financial instruments.

#### PACWEST BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

The following table presents a summary of the financial instruments described above as of the dates indicated:

	September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
	(In thousands)	
Loan commitments to extend credit	\$1,818,694	\$1,001,740
Standby letters of credit	82,207	39,200
Commitments to purchase equipment being acquired for lease to others	6,199	8,475
	\$1,907,100	\$1 049 415

Commitments to extend credit are agreements to lend to a customer as long as there is no violation of any condition established in the contract. Commitments generally have fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses and may require payment of a fee. Since many of the commitments are expected to expire without being drawn upon, the total commitment amounts do not necessarily represent future cash requirements.

Standby letters of credit are conditional commitments issued by the Company to guarantee the performance of a customer to a third party. We provide standby letters of credit in conjunction with several of our lending arrangements and property lease obligations. Most guarantees expire within one year from the date of issuance. If a borrower defaults on its commitments subject to any letter of credit issued under these arrangements, we would be required to meet the borrower's financial obligation but would seek repayment of that financial obligation from the borrower. In some cases, borrowers have pledged cash and investment securities as collateral with us under these arrangements. In addition, the Company has investments in low income housing project partnerships, which provide the Company income tax credits, and in a few small business investment companies. The investments call for capital contributions up to an amount specified in the partnership agreements. As of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, the Company had commitments to contribute capital to these entities totaling \$12.9 million and \$11.0 million, respectively. In connection with equity investments added from the CapitalSource Inc. merger, we have committed to contribute up to an additional \$2.5 million to 11 private equity funds.

#### Legal Matters

In the ordinary course of our business, we are party to various legal actions, which we believe are incidental to the operation of our business. The outcome of such legal actions and the timing of ultimate resolution are inherently difficult to predict. In the opinion of management, based upon information currently available to us, any resulting liability, in addition to amounts already accrued, would not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial statements or operations.

#### Note 11. Fair Value Measurements

We use fair value to measure certain assets on a recurring basis, primarily securities available for sale; we have no liabilities being measured at fair value. For assets measured at the lower of cost or fair value, the fair value measurement criteria may or may not be met during a reporting period and such measurements are therefore considered "nonrecurring" for purposes of disclosing our fair value measurements. Fair value is used on a nonrecurring basis to adjust carrying values for impaired loans and other real estate owned and also to record impairment on certain assets, such as goodwill, core deposit intangibles, and other long lived assets.

#### PACWEST BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

The following table presents information on the assets measured and recorded at fair value on a recurring basis as of September 30, 2014:

	Fair Value Me September 30	easurements as , 2014	of	
Measured on a Recurring Basis:	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
	(In thousands)	)		
Securities available for sale:				
Government agency and government sponsored				
enterprise				
pass through securities	\$555,087	\$	\$555,087	<b>\$</b> —
Government agency and government sponsored				
enterprise				
collateralized mortgage obligations	279,791		279,791	_
Covered private label CMOs	35,309		_	35,309
Other private label CMOs	12,593		12,593	_
Municipal securities	482,427		482,427	_
Corporate debt securities	112,143		112,143	_
Government sponsored enterprise debt securities	36,382		36,382	_
Other securities	25,949	514	25,435	_
Total	\$1,539,681	\$514	\$1,503,858	\$35,309

There were no transfers of assets either between Level 1 and Level 2 nor in or out of Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy for assets measured on a recurring basis during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014. The following table presents information about quantitative inputs and assumptions used to determine the fair values provided by our third party pricing service for our Level 3 covered private label CMOs measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of September 30, 2014:

Covered Private Label CMOs

	COVERCUTIVACE LA	OVERCUTITIVALE LADET CIVIOS		
Unobservable Inputs:	Range of Inputs	Weighted Average Input		
Voluntary annual prepayment speeds	0% - 34.2%	10.2%		
Annual default rates	0% - 9.7%	3.2%		
Loss severity rates	0% - 65.2%	40.9%		
Discount rates	0% - 7.1%	4.9%		

The following table summarizes activity for assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis that are categorized as Level 3 for the period indicated:

Covered	Private Label CMOs
(Level 3	)
(In thou	sands)
Balance, December 31, 2013 \$37,904	
Total realized in earnings 862	
Total unrealized gain in comprehensive income 76	
Net settlements (3,533	)
Balance, September 30, 2014 \$35,309	

#### PACWEST BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

The following tables present assets measured at fair value on a non recurring basis as of the date indicated and the losses recognized on such assets for the period indicated:

C	Fair Value September	Measuremen 30, 2014	Gain (Loss) Three Months Ended	Nine Months Ended	S		
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	September 30, 2014		
Measured on a Non Recurring Basis:	(In thousan	ds)					
Impaired Non PCI loans	\$42,728	<b>\$</b> —	\$2,366	\$40,362	\$(1,374	\$(10,205)	)
Other real estate owned	28,011		26,352	1,659	(4,863	(4,863	)
Total non-recurring	\$70,739	<b>\$</b> —	\$28,718	\$42,021	\$(6,237	\$(15,068)	)

The following table presents the valuation methodology and unobservable inputs for Level 3 assets measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis as of September 30, 2014:

Asset	Fair Value (In thousands)	Valuation Technique	Unobservable Inputs	Range	Weighted Average
Impaired Non-PCI loans	\$36,306	Discounted cash flows	Discount rates	0% - 10.46%	6.87%
	\$4,056	Appraisals	No discounts		
OREO	\$1,659	Appraisals	Discount, including selling costs	11.19% - 62.61%	39.98%

ASC Topic 825, "Financial Instruments," requires disclosure of the estimated fair value of certain financial instruments and the methods and significant assumptions used to estimate such fair values. Additionally, certain financial instruments and all nonfinancial instruments are excluded from the applicable disclosure requirements. The following tables present a summary of the carrying values and estimated fair values of certain financial instruments as of the dates indicated:

mondification as of the dates marcated.					
	September 30	0, 2014			
	Carrying or Contract	Estimated Fa	ir Value		
	Amount	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
	(In thousands	s)			
Financial Assets:					
Cash and due from banks	\$145,463	\$145,463	\$145,463	\$—	\$—
Interest earning deposits in financial institutio	nd 15,399	115,399	115,399	_	_
Securities available for sale	1,539,681	1,539,681	514	1,503,858	35,309
Investment in FHLB stock	45,602	45,602		45,602	_
Loans and leases, net	11,492,986	11,396,792	_	2,366	11,394,426
Financial Liabilities:					
Deposits:					
Demand, money market, interest checking,					
and savings deposits	6,006,958	6,006,958		6,006,958	
Time deposits	5,516,479	5,524,373		5,524,373	
Borrowings	363,672	363,804	360,000	3,804	_
Subordinated debentures	433,545	417,349	_	417,349	

#### PACWEST BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

	December 3				
	Carrying or Contract	Estimated F	air Value		
	Amount	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
	(In thousand	ls)			
Financial Assets:					
Cash and due from banks	\$96,424	\$96,424	\$96,424	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —
Interest earning deposits in financial institutions	50,998	50,998	50,998		
Securities available for sale	1,494,745	1,494,745	507	1,456,334	37,904
Investment in FHLB stock	27,939	27,939		27,939	
Loans and leases, net	4,230,318	4,231,078		2,051	4,229,027
SBA loan servicing asset	807	807			807
Financial Liabilities:					
Deposits:					
Demand, money market, interest checking,					
and savings deposits	4,616,616	4,616,616		4,616,616	
Time deposits	664,371	665,148		665,148	
Borrowings	113,726	113,726	106,600	7,126	
Subordinated debentures	132,645	132,498		132,498	

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used to measure our assets recorded at fair value (under ASC Topic 820, "Fair Value Measurement") and for estimating fair value for financial instruments not recorded at fair value (under ASC Topic 825).

Cash and due from banks. The carrying amount is assumed to be the fair value because of the liquidity of these instruments.

Interest earning deposits in financial institutions. The carrying amount is assumed to be the fair value given the short term nature of these deposits.

Securities available for sale. Securities available for sale are measured and carried at fair value on a recurring basis. Unrealized gains and losses on available for sale securities are reported as a component of "Accumulated other comprehensive income" in the condensed consolidated balance sheets. See Note 5, Investment Securities, for further information on unrealized gains and losses on securities available for sale.

Fair value for securities categorized as Level 1, which are publicly traded securities, are based on readily available quoted prices. In determining the fair value of the securities categorized as Level 2, we obtain a report from a nationally recognized broker dealer detailing the fair value of each investment security we hold as of each reporting date. The broker dealer uses observable market information to value our securities, with the primary source being a nationally recognized pricing service. We review the market prices provided by the broker dealer for our securities for reasonableness based on our understanding of the marketplace and we consider any credit issues related to the securities. As we have not made any adjustments to the market quotes provided to us and they are based on observable market data, they have been categorized as Level 2 within the fair value hierarchy.

Our covered private label CMOs are categorized as Level 3 due in part to the inactive market for such securities. There is a wide range of prices quoted for private label CMOs among independent third party pricing services and this range reflects the significant judgment being exercised over the assumptions and variables that determine the pricing of such securities. We consider this subjectivity to be a significant unobservable input and have concluded that the covered private label CMOs should be categorized as a Level 3 measured asset. Our fair value estimate was based on prices provided to us by a nationally recognized pricing service which we also use to determine the fair value of the majority of our securities portfolio. We determined the reasonableness of the fair values by reviewing assumptions at

the individual security level about prepayment, default expectations, estimated severity loss factors, and discount rates, all of which are not directly observable in the market. Significant changes in default expectations, severity loss factors, or discount rates, which occur all together or in isolation, would result in different fair value measurements. FHLB stock. Investments in FHLB stock are recorded at cost and measured for impairment quarterly. Ownership of FHLB stock is restricted to member banks and the securities do not have a readily determinable market value. Purchases and sales of these securities are at par value with the issuer. The fair value of investments in FHLB stock is equal to the carrying amount.

#### PACWEST BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Impaired Non PCI loans. Nonaccrual loans and performing restructured loans are considered impaired for reporting purposes and are measured and recorded at fair value on a non recurring basis. Nonaccrual Non PCI loans with an unpaid principal balance over \$250,000 and all performing restructured loans are reviewed individually for the amount of impairment, if any. Nonaccrual Non PCI loans with an unpaid principal balance less than \$250,000 are not individually assessed for impairment but are instead reserved for under our general reserve component.

To the extent a loan is collateral dependent, we measure such impaired loan based on the estimated fair value of the underlying collateral. The fair value of each loan's collateral is generally based on estimated market prices from an independently prepared appraisal, which is then adjusted for the cost related to liquidating such collateral; such valuation inputs result in a nonrecurring fair value measurement that is categorized as a Level 2 measurement. The Level 2 measurement is based on appraisals obtained within the last 12 months and for which a charge off was recognized or a change in the specific valuation allowance was made during the nine months ended September 30, 2014.

When adjustments are made to an appraised value to reflect various factors such as the age of the appraisal or known changes in the market or the collateral, such valuation inputs are considered unobservable and the fair value measurement is categorized as a Level 3 measurement. The impaired loans categorized as Level 3 also include unsecured loans and other secured loans whose fair values are based significantly on unobservable inputs such as the strength of a guarantor, including an SBA government guarantee, cash flows discounted at the effective loan rate, and management's judgment.

The impaired Non PCI loan balances shown above as measured on a non-recurring basis represent those nonaccrual and restructured loans for which impairment was recognized during the nine months ended September 30, 2014. The amounts shown as net losses include the impairment recognized during the nine months ended September 30, 2014, for the loan balances shown. Of the \$88.9 million of nonaccrual Non-PCI loans at September 30, 2014, \$2.6 million were written down to their collateral fair values through charge offs during the nine months ended September 30, 2014. Other real estate owned ("OREO"). The fair value of foreclosed real estate is generally based on estimated market prices from independently prepared current appraisals or negotiated sales prices with potential buyers, less estimated costs to sell; such valuation inputs result in a fair value measurement that is categorized as a Level 2 measurement on a nonrecurring basis. As a matter of policy, appraisals are required annually and may be updated more frequently as circumstances require in the opinion of management. The Level 2 measurement for OREO is based on appraisals obtained within the last 12 months and for which a write down was recognized during the nine months ended September 30, 2014.

When a current appraised value is not available or management determines the fair value of the collateral is further impaired below the appraised value as a result of known changes in the market or the collateral and there is no observable market price, such valuation inputs result in a fair value measurement that is categorized as a Level 3 measurement. To the extent a negotiated sales price or reduced listing price represents a significant discount to an observable market price, such valuation input would result in a fair value measurement that is also considered a Level 3 measurement. The OREO losses disclosed are write downs based on either a recent appraisal obtained after foreclosure or an accepted purchase offer by an independent third party received after foreclosure.

Deposits. Deposits are carried at historical cost. The fair value of deposits with no stated maturity, such as noninterest bearing demand deposits, interest checking, money market, and savings accounts, is equal to the amount payable on demand as of the balance sheet date and considered Level 2. The fair value of time deposits is based on the discounted value of contractual cash flows and considered Level 2. The discount rate is estimated using the rates currently offered for deposits of similar remaining maturities. No value has been separately assigned to the Company's long term relationships with its deposit customers, such as a core deposit intangible.

Borrowings. Borrowings include overnight FHLB advances and other fixed rate term borrowings. Borrowings are carried at amortized cost. The fair value of overnight FHLB advances is equal to the carrying value and considered Level 1. The fair value of fixed rate borrowings is calculated by discounting scheduled cash flows through the

estimated maturity dates or call dates, if applicable, using estimated market discount rates that reflect current rates offered for borrowings with similar remaining maturities and characteristics and are considered Level 2. Subordinated debentures. Subordinated debentures are carried at amortized cost. The fair value of subordinated debentures with variable rates is determined using a market discount rate on the expected cash flows. Commitments to extend credit. The majority of our commitments to extend credit carry current market interest rates if converted to loans. Because these commitments are generally unassignable by either the borrower or us, they only have value to the borrower and us. The estimated fair value approximates the recorded deferred fee amounts and is excluded from the table above because it is not material.

#### PACWEST BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

#### Limitations

Fair value estimates are made at a specific point in time and are based on relevant market information and information about the financial instrument. These estimates do not reflect income taxes or any premium or discount that could result from offering for sale at one time the Company's entire holdings of a particular financial instrument. Because no market exists for a portion of the Company's financial instruments, fair value estimates are based on what management believes to be conservative judgments regarding expected future cash flows, current economic conditions, risk characteristics of various financial instruments, and other factors. These estimated fair values are subjective in nature and involve uncertainties and matters of significant judgment and therefore cannot be determined with precision. Changes in assumptions could significantly affect the estimates. Since the fair values have been estimated as of September 30, 2014, the amounts that will actually be realized or paid at settlement or maturity of the instruments could be significantly different.

Note 12. Earnings Per Share

The computations of basic and diluted net earnings per share for the periods indicated were as follows:

	Three Mon	th	s Ended				Nine Months Ended					
	September 30,		June 30,		September 30,		September 3					
	2014		2014		2013		2014		2013			
	(Dollars in	th	ousands, e	exc	ept per share	9 (	data)					
Basic earnings per share:												
Net earnings from continuing operations	\$62,276		\$11,230		\$24,140		\$99,411		\$42,030			
Less: earnings allocated to unvested restricted stock <sup>(1)</sup>	(685	)	(290	)	(786	)	(1,147	)	(1,137	)		
Net earnings from continuing operations allocated to common shares	61,591		10,940		23,354		98,264		40,893			
Net (loss) earnings from discontinued operations allocated to common shares	_		(675	)	23		(1,487	)	(24	)		
Net earnings allocated to common shares	\$61,591		\$10,265		\$23,377		\$96,777		\$40,869			
Weighted-average basic shares and unvested restricted stock outstanding	103,029		98,817		46,091		82,758		41,306			
Less: weighted-average unvested restricted stock outstanding	(1,117	)	(678	)	(1,795	)	(981	)	(1,663	)		
Weighted-average basic shares outstanding	101,912		98,139		44,296		81,777		39,643			
Basic earnings per share:												
Net earnings from continuing operations	\$0.60		\$0.11		\$0.53		\$1.20		\$1.03			
Net loss from discontinued operations			(0.01	)			(0.02	)				
Net earnings	\$0.60		\$0.10		\$0.53		\$1.18		\$1.03			
Diluted earnings per share:												
Net earnings from continuing operations	\$61,591		\$10,940		\$23,354		\$98,264		\$40,893			
allocated to common shares	ψ01,371		φ10,240		Ψ23,334		Ψ 20,201		Ψ 10,023			
Net (loss) earnings from discontinued operations allocated to common shares	_		(675	)	23		(1,487	)	(24	)		
Net earnings allocated to common shares	\$61,591		\$10,265		\$23,377		\$96,777		\$40,869			
Weighted-average basic shares outstanding	101,912		98,139		44,296		81,777		39,643			
Diluted earnings per share:												
Net earnings from continuing operations	\$0.60		\$0.11		\$0.53		\$1.20		\$1.03			
Net loss from discontinued operations	_		(0.01	)	_		(0.02)	)	_			

Net earnings \$0.60 \$0.10 \$0.53 \$1.18 \$1.03

Represents cash dividends paid to holders of unvested restricted stock, net of estimated forfeitures, plus undistributed earnings amounts available to holders of unvested restricted stock, if any.

#### PACWEST BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

#### Note 13. Stock Based Compensation

The Company's 2003 Stock Incentive Plan, or the 2003 Plan, permits stock-based compensation awards to officers, directors, key employees and consultants. As of September 30, 2014, the 2003 Plan authorized grants of stock based compensation instruments to purchase or issue up to 19,686,565 shares of Company common stock, subject to adjustments provided by the 2003 Plan. The authorized amount includes 10,686,565 shares that were added to the 2003 Plan as a result of the CapitalSource Inc. merger. Such shares were available for grant under the former CapitalSource Inc. Equity Incentive Plan and remain available for: (a) former employees of CapitalSource Inc. and CapitalSource Bank who remain employed with the Company, and (b) newly hired employees of the Company. As of September 30, 2014, there were 13,524,674 shares available for grant under the 2003 Plan, which includes 10,682,069 shares related to those added from the CapitalSource Inc. merger.

#### Restricted Stock

At September 30, 2014, there were 1,115,550 shares of unvested time based restricted common stock outstanding. The awarded shares of time based restricted common stock vest over a service period of three to four years from the date of the grant. The time-based restricted common stock vests immediately upon a change in control of the Company, as defined in the 2003 Plan, and upon death of the employee. In April 2014, upon closing of the CapitalSource Inc. merger, 1,013,377 awarded shares of restricted common stock vested due to the triggering of the change of control provision contained within the 2003 Plan. We recorded a \$26.1 million charge to earnings for the vesting of such shares. Such amount is included in acquisition, integration and reorganization costs on the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of earnings in the second quarter of 2014.

Compensation expense related to time based restricted stock awards is based on the fair value of the underlying stock on the award date and is recognized over the vesting period using the straight line method. Restricted stock amortization totaled \$2.9 million, \$2.4 million, and \$2.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014, June 30, 2014, and September 30, 2013, respectively, and \$6.9 million and \$6.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Such amounts are included in compensation expense on the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of earnings.

The amount of unrecognized compensation expense related to all unvested restricted stock as of September 30, 2014 totaled \$39.2 million.

#### Note 14. Business Segments

The Company's reportable segments consist of "Community Banking," "National Lending," and "Other." As a result of the CapitalSource Inc. merger, Pacific Western Bank established the CapitalSource Division, which we also refer to as the National Lending segment. The CapitalSource Division, or National Lending segment, includes the lending operations gained through the CapitalSource Inc. merger, Pacific Western Equipment Finance, and the CapitalSource Business Finance Group (formerly BFI Business Finance and First Community Financial). We reorganized our asset-based lending and leasing operations when we established the CapitalSource Division combining BFI Business Finance and First Community Financial into the Capital Source Business Finance Group, selling Celtic Capital Corporation in July 2014, and having Pacific Western Equipment Finance and the Capital Source Business Finance Group become part of the CapitalSource Division. The CapitalSource Division provides on a nationwide basis a full spectrum of financing solutions across numerous industries and property types to middle market businesses, including senior secured real estate loans, equipment loans and leases, asset-based loans, lender finance loans and cash flow loans secured by the enterprise value of the borrowing entity. The CapitalSource Division's loan and lease origination efforts are conducted through offices located in Chevy Chase, Maryland; Los Angeles and San Jose, California; St. Louis, Missouri; Denver, Colorado; Chicago, Illinois; New York, New York; and Midvale, Utah.

The Community Banking and National Lending segments include all of the operations of Pacific Western Bank. The Community Banking segment includes the operations of Pacific Western Bank, excluding the CapitalSource Division, and includes lending and deposit gathering activities conducted primarily through its California-based branch offices

and the Bank's treasury management function and corporate overhead. The Other segment consists of holding company operations which result in expenses principally for compensation, facilities, professional services, interest on subordinated debentures, and the non-bank subsidiary operations including interest income from a loan portfolio and related loan servicing expense.

The accounting policies of the reported segments are the same as those of the Company described in Note 1, "Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies," of our Form 10 K. Transactions between segments consist primarily of borrowed funds and expense allocations for interest, deposit gathering, corporate overhead and credit loss provisions. Intersegment interest expense is allocated from the Community Banking segment to the National Lending segment based upon National Lending's average interest-earning assets and operating leases, net of a capital allocation, and the Bank's total cost of deposits. The Community Banking segment further allocates to the National Lending segment noninterest expense for deposit

#### PACWEST BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

gathering and maintenance costs and the Bank's corporate overhead. The provision for credit losses is allocated based on actual charge offs for the period as well as net portfolio growth and credit quality trends. All costs associated with investing the Bank's excess liquidity and acquisition, integration, and reorganization costs are housed in the Community Banking segment. The lending and loan servicing activities are housed in our respective segments. Noninterest income and noninterest expense directly attributable to a segment are assigned to it.

The following tables present information regarding our business segments as of and for the periods indicated:

	September 30,	2014	1	
	Community	National		Consolidated
Balance Sheet Data:	Banking	Lending	Other	Company
	(In thousands)			
Loans and leases, net of unearned income	\$3,482,125	\$8,064,868	\$27,892	\$11,574,885
Allowance for loan and lease losses	(56,712	) (25,187	) —	(81,899)
Total loans and leases, net	\$3,425,413	\$8,039,681	\$27,892	\$11,492,986
Goodwill	\$327,728	\$1,394,401	<b>\$</b> —	\$1,722,129
Core deposit and customer relationship intangibles, net	17,814	1,009	_	18,823
Total assets	6,492,869	9,182,617	262,859	15,938,345
Total deposits <sup>(1)</sup>	11,826,681	_	(303,244	) 11,523,437

The negative balance for total deposits in the "Other" segment represents the elimination of holding company cash held in deposit accounts at the Bank.

•	September 30,	2013			
	Community	National		Consolidated	
Balance Sheet Data:	Banking	Lending	Other	Company	
	(In thousands)				
Loans and leases, net of unearned income	\$3,912,885	\$470,508	<b>\$</b> —	\$4,383,393	
Allowance for loan and lease losses	(76,496	) (7,290	) —	(83,786	)
Total loans and leases, net	\$3,836,389	\$463,218	<b>\$</b> —	\$4,299,607	
Goodwill	\$190,184	\$25,678	\$	\$215,862	
Core deposit and customer relationship intangibles, net	16,604	2,074	_	18,678	
Total assets	6,100,587	507,339	8,929	6,616,855	
Total deposits <sup>(1)</sup>	5,467,568	_	(34,424	) 5,433,144	

The negative balance for total deposits in the "Other" segment represents the elimination of holding company cash held in deposit accounts at the Bank.

### PACWEST BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

		End	ded September 3	30, 2	2014			
	Community		National				Consolidated	
Results of Operations:	Banking		Lending		Other		Company	
	(In thousands)		<b>* 1 2 1 5 2 1</b>		<b>.</b>		<b>***</b>	
Interest income	\$67,132		\$134,624		\$600		\$202,356	
Interest expense	(8,851	)	(45	)	(4,614	)	(13,510	)
Intersegment interest income (expense)	5,250		(5,250	)			<del>_</del>	
Net interest income (expense)	63,531		129,329		(4,014	)	188,846	
Negative provision (provision) for credit losses	6,314		(11,364	)	_		(5,050	)
Gain on securities					_			
FDIC loss sharing expense	(7,415	)	_		_		(7,415	)
Other noninterest income	7,566		9,953		6,210		23,729	
Total noninterest income	151		9,953		6,210		16,314	
Foreclosed assets (expense) income, net	(4,627	)	(322	)	122		(4,827	)
Intangible asset amortization	(1,517	)	(91	)			(1,608	)
Acquisition, integration and reorganization costs	n (3,953	)	(1,240	)	_		(5,193	)
Other noninterest expense	(53,784	)	(24,835	)	(5,382	)	(84,001	)
Total noninterest expense	(63,881	)	(26,488	)	(5,260	)	(95,629	)
Intersegment noninterest income (expense	26,411	,	(26,411	)	_		_	
Total noninterest expense - adjusted	(37,470	)	(52,899	)	(5,260	)	(95,629	)
Earnings (loss) from continuing operation before taxes	s 32,526		75,019		(3,064	)	104,481	
Income tax (expense) benefit	(13,870	)	(30,113	)	1,778		(42,205	)
Net earnings (loss) from continuing operations	18,656		44,906	Í	(1,286	)	62,276	ĺ
Loss from discontinued operations before taxes	(8	)	_		_		(8	)
Income tax benefit	3						3	
Net loss from discontinued operations	(5	)					(5	)
Net earnings (loss)	\$18,651		\$44,906		\$(1,286	)	\$62,271	
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### PACWEST BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

Results of Operations:	Three Months I Community Banking	End	ded June 30, 201 National Lending	4	Other		Consolidated Company	
results of Operations.	(In thousands)		Lending		Other		Company	
Interest income	\$69,977		\$132,742		\$1,644		\$204,363	
Interest expense	(7,450	)		)	(4,318	)	(11,830	)
Intersegment interest income (expense)	4,071	,	(4,071	)	_		_	
Net interest income	66,598		128,609		(2,674	)	192,533	
Negative provision (provision) for credit losses	4,418		(9,448	)	_		(5,030	)
Gain on securities	89						89	
FDIC loss sharing expense	(8,525	)	_		_		(8,525	)
Other noninterest income	3,681		12,487		747		16,915	
Total noninterest income	(4,755	)	12,487		747		8,479	
Foreclosed assets (expense) income, net	(633	)	38		98		(497	)
Intangible asset amortization	(1,530	)	(147	)			(1,677	)
Acquisition, integration and reorganization costs	n (77,713	)	(7,474	)	(1,055	)	(86,242	)
Other noninterest expense	(51,507	)	(24,484	)	(5,499	)	(81,490	)
Total noninterest expense	(131,383	)	(32,067	)	(6,456	)	(169,906	)
Intersegment noninterest income (expense	2) 23,533		(23,533	)				
Total noninterest expense - adjusted	(107,850	)	(55,600	)	(6,456	)	(169,906	)
(Loss) earnings from continuing operation before taxes	<sup>18</sup> (41,589	)	76,048		(8,383	)	26,076	
Income tax benefit (expense)	12,081		(30,259	)	3,332		(14,846	)
Net (loss) earnings from continuing operations	(29,508	)	45,789		(5,051	)	11,230	
Loss from discontinued operations before taxes	(1,151	)	_		_		(1,151	)
Income tax benefit	476		_		_		476	
Net loss from discontinued operations	(675	)	_				(675	)
Net (loss) earnings	\$(30,183	)	\$45,789		\$(5,051	)	\$10,555	
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### PACWEST BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

Results of Operations:	Three Months I Community Banking (In thousands)	End	ded September 3 National Lending	30, 2	2013 Other		Consolidated Company	
Interest income	\$72,873		\$12,285		<b>\$</b> —		\$85,158	
Interest expense	(1,692	)	(108	)	(1,069	)	(2,869	)
Interest expense Intersegment interest income (expense)	353	,	(353	)	(1,00) —	,		,
Net interest income	71,534		11,824	,	(1,069	)	82,289	
Negative provision (provision) for credit losses	5,782		(1,615	)		,	4,167	
FDIC loss sharing expense	(7,032	)					(7,032	)
Other noninterest income	5,466	,	1,443		5,250		12,159	,
Total noninterest income	(1,566	)	1,443		5,250		5,127	
Foreclosed assets income, net	420	,			_		420	
Intangible asset amortization	(1.35/	)	(158	)	_		(1,512	)
Acquisition, integration and reorganization costs	n (5,190	)		,	(260	)	(5,450	)
Other noninterest expense	(42,435	)	(5,822	)	(1,401	)	(49,658	)
Total noninterest expense	(48 559	)	(5,980	)	(1,661	)	(56,200	)
Earnings (loss) from continuing operation before taxes	s 27,191		5,672	,	2,520		35,383	,
Income tax (expense) benefit	(9,996	)	(2,378	)	1,131		(11,243	)
Net earnings (loss) from continuing operations	17,195		3,294	ŕ	3,651		24,140	ĺ
Earnings from discontinued operations before taxes	39		_		_		39	
Income tax expense	(16	)					(16	)
Net earnings from discontinued operations	s 23						23	
Net earnings	\$17,218		\$3,294		\$3,651		\$24,163	
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### PACWEST BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

		nd	ed September 30	, 2	014			
	Community		National				Consolidated	
Results of Operations:	Banking		Lending		Other		Company	
	(In thousands)							
Interest income	\$214,704		\$278,131		\$2,244		\$495,079	
Interest expense	(17,528	)	(184	)	(9,973	)	(27,685	)
Intersegment interest income (expense)	9,543		(9,543	)	_			
Net interest income (expense)	206,719		268,404		(7,729	)	467,394	
Negative provision (provision) for credit	11,558		(20,994	)			(9,436	)
losses	•		(20,7)4	,			(),430	,
Gain on securities	4,841		_		_		4,841	
FDIC loss sharing expense	(27,370	)	_		_		(27,370	)
Other noninterest income	18,144		26,885		6,984		52,013	
Total noninterest income	(4,385	)	26,885		6,984		29,484	
Foreclosed assets (expense) income, net	(3,399	)	(284	)	220		(3,463	)
Intangible asset amortization	(4,238	)	(411	)	_		(4,649	)
Acquisition, integration and reorganization	n (92 966	`	(0.714	`	(1.055	`	(02.625	`
costs	(83,800	)	(8,714	)	(1,055	)	(93,635	)
Other noninterest expense	(146,281	)	(55,892	)	(12,484	)	(214,657	)
Total noninterest expense	(237,784	)	(65,301	)	(13,319	)	(316,404	)
Intersegment noninterest income (expense	9) 49,944		(49,944	)				
Total noninterest expense - adjusted	(187,840	)	(115,245	)	(13,319	)	(316,404	)
Earnings from continuing operations	26.052		150.050		(14.064	`	171 020	
before taxes	26,052		159,050		(14,064	)	171,038	
Income tax (expense) benefit	(14,123	)	(63,703	)	6,199		(71,627	)
Net earnings (loss) from continuing	11,929		95,347		(7,865	`	99,411	
operations	11,727		75,547		(7,003	,	)), <del>1</del> 11	
Loss from discontinued operations before	(2,572	)					(2,572	)
taxes	(2,372	,	<del></del>		_		(2,372	,
Income tax benefit	1,067						1,067	
Net loss from discontinued operations	(1,505	)					(1,505	)
Net earnings (loss)	\$10,424		\$95,347		\$(7,865	)	\$97,906	
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#### PACWEST BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013											
	Community		National				Consolidated					
Results of Operations:	Banking		Lending		Other		Company					
	(In thousands)											
Interest income	\$189,101		\$36,957		<b>\$</b> —		\$226,058					
Interest expense	(6,422	)	(447	)	(2,734	)	(9,603	)				
Intersegment interest income (expense)	1,284		(1,284	)								
Net interest income	183,963		35,226		(2,734	)	216,455					
Negative provision (provision) for credit	6,053		(3,181	`			2,872					
losses	0,033		(3,101	,			2,072					
Gain on securities	5,631		_		_		5,631					
FDIC loss sharing expense	(15,579	)	_		_		(15,579	)				
Other noninterest income	10,240		2,579		5,299		18,118					
Total noninterest income	292		2,579		5,299		8,170					
Foreclosed assets income, net	934		_		_		934					
Intangible asset amortization	(3,474	)	(498	)	_		(3,972	)				
Acquisition, integration and reorganization	n (23,879	)			(260	`	(24,139	)				
costs		,			(200	,	(24,13)	,				
Other noninterest expense	(115,352	)	(17,855	)	(4,215	)	(137,422	)				
Total noninterest expense	(141,771	)	(18,353	)	(4,475	)	(164,599	)				
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations	s 48,537		16,271		(1,910	`	62,898					
before taxes	40,557		10,271		(1,710	,	02,070					
Income tax (expense) benefit	(17,038	)	(6,814	)	2,984		(20,868	)				
Net earnings from continuing operations	31,499		9,457		1,074		42,030					
Loss from discontinued operations before	(42	)					(42	`				
taxes	(42	,					(42	,				
Income tax benefit	18		_				18					
Net loss from discontinued operations	(24	)	_				(24	)				
Net earnings	\$31,475		\$9,457		\$1,074		\$42,006					

#### Note 15. Related Party Transactions

In connection with the CapitalSource Inc. merger, the Bank paid an advisory fee of \$9 million to Castle Creek Financial LLC ("Castle Creek Financial") during 2014. In connection with the FCAL acquisition, the Bank paid an advisory fee of \$1.3 million to Castle Creek Financial during 2013. Castle Creek Financial is an affiliate of Castle Creek Capital LLC, which the Company's Chairman of the Board, Mr. Eggemeyer, is co-founder and chief executive. Note 16. Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In January 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2014 01, "Investments-Equity Method and Joint Ventures (Topic 323): Accounting for Investments in Qualified Affordable Housing Projects." ASU 2014 01 allows investors in low income housing tax credit ("LIHTC") entities that meet certain conditions to present the net tax benefits (net of the amortization of the cost of the investment) within income tax expense. The cost of the investments that meet the conditions will be amortized in proportion to (and over the same period as) the total expected tax benefits, including tax credits and other tax benefits, as they are realized on the tax return. ASU 2014 01 is effective for us on January 1, 2015 and is to be applied retrospectively if investors elect the proportional amortization method. However, if investors have LIHTC investments accounted for under the effective yield method at adoption, they may continue to apply that method for those existing investments. The

adoption of this standard permits expenses currently reported in noninterest expense to be reported in income tax expense. Early adoption is permitted. The adoption of this standard in January 2015 is not expected to have a material impact on our financial statements, however, total noninterest expense and income tax expense may change. In January 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014 04, "Receivables-Troubled Debt Restructurings by Creditors (Subtopic 310 40): Reclassification of Residential Real Estate Collateralized Consumer Mortgage Loans Upon Foreclosure." ASU 2014 04 clarifies when a creditor should reclassify mortgage loans collateralized by residential real estate from loans receivable to other real estate owned. ASU 2014 04 defines when an in substance repossession or foreclosure has occurred and when a creditor is considered to have received physical possession of residential real estate collateralizing a mortgage loan. ASU 2014 04 is effective for us on

#### PACWEST BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

January 1, 2015 and can be applied either prospectively or using a modified retrospective transition method, and early adoption is permitted. We do not expect the adoption of this standard in January 2015 to have a material impact on our financial statements.

In April 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-08, "Presentation of Financial Statements (Topic 205) and Property, Plant, and Equipment (Topic 360): Reporting Discontinued Operations and Disclosures of Disposals of Components of an Entity." ASU 2014-08 is an amendment to Subtopic 205-20 that changes the criteria for reporting discontinued operations by raising the threshold for disposals to qualify as discontinued operations. Effectively, this update aims to reduce the unnecessarily frequent reporting of disposals of small groups of assets that are recurring in nature. The revised definition states that a disposal of a component of an entity or a group of components of an entity is required to be reported in discontinued operations if the disposal represents a strategic shift that has (or will have) a major effect on an entity's operations and financial results. ASU 2014-08 is effective for us for all disposals that occur after December 31, 2014. The adoption of this standard is not expected to have a material impact on our financial statements.

ASU 2014-09, "Revenue Recognition (Topic 606): Revenue from Contracts with Customers," was issued May 2014 and will be effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2016. Early application is not permitted. ASU 2014-09 requires an entity to recognize the amount of revenue to which it expects to be entitled for the transfer of promised goods or services to customers. ASU 2014-09 will replace most existing revenue recognition guidance in GAAP when it becomes effective. The standard permits the use of either the retrospective or cumulative effect transition method. The Company is evaluating the effect that ASU 2014-09 will have on its financial statements and related disclosures. The Company has not yet selected a transition method nor has it determined the effect of the standard on its ongoing financial reporting.

ASU 2014-12, "Compensation-Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Accounting for Share-Based Payments When the Terms of an Award Provide That a Performance Target Could Be Achieved after the Requisite Service Period," was issued June 2014 and will be effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2015. ASU 2014-12 applies to all reporting entities that grant their employees share-based payments in which the terms of the award provide for a performance target that affects vesting could be achieved after the requisite service period. That is the case when an employee is eligible to retire or otherwise terminate employment before the end of the period in which a performance target (for example, an initial public offering or a profitability target) could be achieved and still be eligible to vest in the award if and when the performance target is achieved. We do not currently have outstanding performance-based awards and, as a result, ASU 2014-12 would not impact our financial statements and its related disclosures.

In August 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-14, "Receivables - Troubled Debt Restructuring by Creditors (Subtopic 310-40): Classification of Certain Government-Guaranteed Mortgage Loans Upon Foreclosure." This ASU requires that a mortgage loan be derecognized and that a separate other receivable be recognized upon foreclosure if the following conditions are met: (1) the loan has a government guarantee that is not separable from the loan before foreclosure; (2) at the time of foreclosure, the creditor has the intent to convey the real estate property to the guarantor and make a claim on the guarantee, and the creditor has the ability to recover under that claim; and (3) at the time of foreclosure, any amount of the claim that is determined on the basis of the fair value of the real estate is fixed. Upon foreclosure, the separate other receivable should be measured based on the amount of the loan balance (principal and interest) expected to be recovered from the guarantor. ASU 2014-14 is effective for public business entities for reporting periods, including interim periods, beginning after December 15, 2014. The Company is evaluating the effect that ASU 2014-14 will have on its financial statements and related disclosures since we have covered loans with loss sharing agreements with the FDIC, pursuant to which we will be reimbursed for a substantial portion of any future losses under the terms and agreements.

Note 17. Subsequent Events

On October 1, 2014, the Company obtained an unsecured, variable-rate revolving line of credit in the amount of \$75 million with an expiration date of September 30, 2015.

On November 5, 2014 the Company announced that the Board of Directors had declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.50 per common share. The cash dividend is payable on November 26, 2014 to stockholders of record at the close of business on November 17, 2014.

On November 5, 2014, the Board of Directors of the Company approved the Amended and Restated Bylaws (the "Amended and Restated Bylaws"). The Amended and Restated Bylaws changed the voting standard for the election of directors in uncontested elections from a plurality to a majority of the votes cast at any meeting for the election of directors at which a quorum is present. The plurality voting standard continues to apply in any contested elections. The Amended and Restated Bylaws became effective immediately upon their adoption.

We have evaluated events that have occurred subsequent to September 30, 2014 and have concluded there are no subsequent events that would require recognition in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

# ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

#### Forward-Looking Information

This Form 10-Q contains certain "forward-looking statements" about the Company and its subsidiaries within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, including certain plans, strategies, goals, and projections and including statements about our expectations regarding our net interest income, allowance for loan and lease losses, net interest margin, deposit growth, loan and lease portfolio growth and production, Company and Pacific Western Bank liquidity, effective tax rates, and interest rate risk management. All statements contained in this Form 10-Q that are not clearly historical in nature are forward-looking, and the words "anticipate," "assume," "intend," "believe," "forecast," "expect," "estimate," "plan," "continue," "will," "should," "look forward" and similar expressions are generally intendentify forward-looking statements. All forward-looking statements (including statements regarding future financial and operating results and future transactions and their results) involve risks, uncertainties and contingencies, many of which are beyond our control, which may cause actual results, performance, or achievements to differ materially from anticipated results, performance or achievements. Actual results could differ materially from those contained or implied by such forward-looking statements for a variety of factors, including without limitation:

change in interest rates and lending spreads;

compression of spreads on newly originated

loans:

unfavorable changes in asset mix;

changes in our loan product could further compress net interest margin;

changes in economic or competitive market conditions could negatively impact investment or lending opportunities or product pricing and services;

higher than anticipated loan losses;

credit quality deterioration or pronounced and sustained reduction in market values or other economic factors which adversely affect our borrowers' ability to repay loans and leases;

continued or worsening credit losses or charge-offs;

higher than anticipated delinquencies and reserves;

a change in the interest rate environment reduces interest margins;

asset/liability repricing risks and liquidity risks reduces interest margins and the value of investments;

our inability to grow deposits and access wholesale funding sources;

legislative or regulatory requirements or changes adversely affecting the Company's business, including an increase to capital requirements;

doan repayments higher than expected;

reduced demand for our services due to strategic or regulatory reasons;

the success and timing of other business strategies and asset sales;

•lower than expected taxable income which adversely affects the value of deferred tax assets;

lower than expected dividends paid from Pacific Western Bank to the holding company;

changes in tax laws or regulations affecting our business;

our inability to generate sufficient earnings;

•ax planning or disallowance of tax benefits by tax authorities;

changes in tax filing jurisdictions or entity classifications;

changes in the forward yield curve;

•hanges in the relationship between yields on investments and loans repaid and yields on assets reinvested; and other risk factors described in our audited consolidated financial statements, and other risk factors described in this Form 10-Q and documents filed by PacWest with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC").

All forward-looking statements included in this Form 10-Q are based on information available at the time the statement is made. We are under no obligation to (and expressly disclaim any such obligation to) update or alter our forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise except as required by law.

#### Overview

PacWest Bancorp ("PacWest") is a bank holding company registered under the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, as amended. Our principal business is to serve as the holding company for our Los Angeles based wholly owned banking subsidiary, Pacific Western Bank, which we refer to as "Pacific Western" or the "Bank,"

Pacific Western is a full-service commercial bank offering a broad range of banking products and services including: accepting demand, money market, and time deposits; originating loans and leases, including an array of commercial real estate loans and commercial lending products. The Bank has a foundation of locally generated and relationship based deposits, with 80 full-service branches located throughout the state of California. Our branch operations are located primarily in Southern California extending from San Diego County to California's Central Coast, and we operate three banking offices in the San Francisco Bay area and two offices in the Central Valley. Our targeted collateral for our real estate loan offerings includes healthcare properties, office properties, industrial properties, multifamily properties, hospitality properties, and retail properties. Our commercial loan products, available on a nationwide basis, include equipment loans and leases, asset based loans, lender finance loans and loans secured by borrower future cash flows; and providing other business oriented products.

As a result of the CapitalSource Inc. merger, Pacific Western Bank established the CapitalSource Division, which we also refer to as the National Lending segment. The CapitalSource Division provides on a nationwide basis a full spectrum of financing solutions across numerous industries and property types to middle market businesses. Pacific Western's leasing operation, Pacific Western Equipment Finance, and its group specializing in asset-based lending, CapitalSource Business Finance Group (formerly BFI Business Finance and First Community Financial), also became part of the CapitalSource Division. The CapitalSource Division's loan and lease origination efforts are conducted through offices located in Chevy Chase, Maryland; Los Angeles and San Jose, California; St. Louis, Missouri; Denver, Colorado; Chicago, Illinois; New York, New York; and Midvale, Utah. When we refer to "CapitalSource Inc." we are referring to the company acquired on April 7, 2014 and when we refer to the "CapitalSource Division" we are referring to a division of Pacific Western Bank that specializes in middle-market lending on a nationwide basis. Pacific Western competes actively for deposits, and emphasizes solicitation of noninterest bearing deposits. In managing the top line of our business, we focus on loan growth, loan yield, deposit cost, and net interest margin. Net interest income, on a year to date basis, accounted for 94.1% of our net revenues (net interest income plus noninterest income)

As of September 30, 2014, we had total assets of \$15.9 billion, total gross loans and leases of \$11.6 billion, total deposits of \$11.5 billion and stockholders' equity of \$3.5 billion. Total assets increased \$9.4 billion and gross loans and leases increased \$7.3 billion since December 31, 2013 due mainly to the CapitalSource Inc. merger. The gross Non PCI loan and lease portfolio totaled \$11.2 billion as of September 30, 2014 compared to \$3.9 billion as of December 31, 2013. Organic loan and lease growth was \$384.8 million in the third quarter, while the PCI loan portfolio, which is comprised mostly of covered loans, decreased \$31.4 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2014. The decrease is due to payments and resolutions for the period.

Total liabilities increased \$6.7 billion, including a \$4.9 billion increase in time deposits and a \$1.4 billion increase in core deposits during the nine months ended September 30, 2014 due mainly to the CapitalSource Inc. merger. At September 30, 2014, time deposits totaled \$5.5 billion or 48% of total deposits, while core deposits totaled \$6.0 billion or 52% of total deposits.

CapitalSource Inc. Merger

On April 7, 2014, we completed the merger with CapitalSource Inc. As part of the merger, CapitalSource Bank ("CSB"), a wholly owned subsidiary of CapitalSource Inc., merged with and into Pacific Western Bank. We completed the merger in order to augment our loan and lease generation capabilities and to diversify our loan portfolio. Upon closing, we created the CapitalSource Division of the Bank. The CapitalSource Division provides on a nationwide basis a full spectrum of financing solutions across numerous industries and property types to middle market businesses.

In the merger with CapitalSource Inc., each share of CapitalSource Inc. common stock was converted into the right to receive \$2.47 in cash and \$0.2837 of a share of PacWest common stock. We issued an aggregate of approximately 56.7 million shares of PacWest common stock to CapitalSource Inc. stockholders. Based on the closing price of PacWest's common stock on April 7, 2014 of \$56,601,997.00 per share, the aggregate consideration paid to

CapitalSource Inc. common stockholders and holders of equity awards to acquire CapitalSource Inc. common stock was approximately \$3.1 billion.

The integration of CSB's deposit system and the conversion of CSB's branches to Pacific Western Bank's operating platform were completed over the weekend of April 12, 2014. CSB had 21 branches, 12 of which were closed in the consolidation with Pacific Western at the close of business on April 11, 2014 and one overlapping Pacific Western branch was closed as well. All remaining branches opened on Monday, April 14, 2014 as Pacific Western branches.

For further information, see Note 3, Acquisitions, in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) contained in "Item 1. Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)."

First California Financial Group Acquisition

On May 31, 2013, we completed the acquisition of First California Financial Group, Inc. ("FCAL"). As part of the acquisition, First California Bank ("FCB"), a wholly owned subsidiary of FCAL, merged with and into Pacific Western. For further information, see Note 3, Acquisitions, in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) contained in "Item 1. Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)."

**Key Performance Indicators** 

Among other factors, our operating results depend generally on the following key performance indicators: The Level of Our Net Interest Income

Net interest income is the excess of interest earned on our interest earning assets over the interest paid on our interest bearing liabilities. Net interest margin is net interest income expressed as a percentage of average interest earning assets. A sustained low interest rate environment combined with low loan growth and high levels of marketplace liquidity may lower both our net interest income and net interest margin going forward. Our primary interest earning assets are loans and investments. Our primary interest bearing liabilities are deposits. We attribute our high net interest margin to our high level of noninterest bearing deposits and low cost of deposits. While our deposit balances will fluctuate depending on deposit holders' perceptions of alternative yields available in the market, we attempt to minimize these variances by attracting a high percentage of noninterest bearing deposits, which have no expectation of yield. As an industrial loan bank, CapitalSource Inc. funded its balance sheet with a large proportion of higher-cost time deposits. We added \$5.3 billion of time deposits in the CapitalSource Inc. merger. Over time, our goal is to replace higher-costing time deposits with core deposits through a dedicated deposit transformation initiative that includes sourcing deposits from CapitalSource Division borrowers.

#### Loan and Lease Growth

We actively seek new lending opportunities under an array of commercial real estate loans and commercial and industrial ("C&I") lending products. Our targeted collateral for our real estate loan offerings includes healthcare properties, office properties, industrial properties, multifamily properties, hospitality properties, and retail properties. Our C&I loan products include equipment loans and leases, asset-based loans, lender finance loans and loans secured by borrower future cash flows. Our loan origination process emphasizes credit quality. We strive to foster lender relationships with borrowers that have had proven loan repayment performance. Our commitment sizes vary by loan product and can range up to \$50 million for certain asset-based lending arrangements and multi-property real estate loans. The term of our loans tends to be up to three years with certain loan products having extension options which are subject to credit performance hurdles. We price loans to preserve our interest spread and maintain our net interest margin. Achieving net loan growth is subject to many factors, including maintaining strict credit standards, competitive pressure related to loan pricing and loan proceeds, and successful borrowers that opt to prepay loans. The Magnitude of Credit Losses

We emphasize credit quality in originating and monitoring the loans that we make and measure our success by the levels of our nonperforming assets, net charge offs, and allowance for credit losses. We maintain an allowance for credit losses on loans and leases, which is the sum of our allowance for loan and lease losses and our reserve for unfunded loan commitments. Provisions for credit losses are charged to operations as and when needed for both on and off balance sheet credit exposure. Loans and leases which are deemed uncollectible are charged off and deducted from the allowance for loan and lease losses. Recoveries on loans and leases previously charged off are added to the allowance for loan and lease losses. The provision for credit losses on the loan and lease portfolio was based on our allowance methodology and reflected historical and current net charge offs, the levels and trends of nonaccrual and classified loans and leases, the migration of loans and leases into various risk classifications, and the level of outstanding loans and leases. For originated and acquired non impaired loans, a provision for credit losses may be recorded to reflect credit deterioration after the origination or acquisition date. For purchased credit impaired ("PCI") loans, a provision for credit losses may be recorded to reflect decreases in expected cash flows on such loans compared to those previously estimated.

We regularly review our loans and leases to determine whether there has been any deterioration in credit quality stemming from economic conditions or other factors which may affect collectibility of our loans and leases. Changes

in economic conditions, such as inflation, unemployment, increases in the general level of interest rates, declines in real estate values and adverse conditions in borrowers' businesses could negatively impact our customers and cause us to adversely classify loans and leases and increase portfolio loss factors. An increase in classified loans and leases generally results in increased provisions for credit losses. Any

deterioration in the real estate market may lead to increased provisions for credit losses because of our concentration in real estate loans.

#### The Level of Our Noninterest Expense

Our noninterest expense includes fixed and controllable overhead, the major components of which are compensation, occupancy, data processing, and other professional services. It also includes costs that tend to vary based on the volume of activity, such as loan production and foreclosed asset expense. We measure success in controlling both fixed and variable costs through monitoring of the efficiency ratio. We calculate the base efficiency ratio by dividing noninterest expense by net revenues (the sum of net interest income plus noninterest income). We also calculate a non GAAP measure called the "adjusted efficiency ratio." The adjusted efficiency ratio is calculated in the same manner as the base efficiency ratio except that (a) net revenues are reduced by net FDIC loss sharing expense, gain (loss) on sale of assets, and accelerated discount accretion resulting from early payoffs of acquired loans and (b) noninterest expense is reduced by covered foreclosed assets expense and acquisition, integration and reorganization costs. We present this non-GAAP financial measure and others for supplemental information purposes only in order to understand the Company's operating results and these non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered a substitute for financial information presented in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP").

The consolidated base and adjusted efficiency ratios have been as follows:

	Base	Adjusted
Three Months Ended	Efficiency	Efficiency
	Ratio	Ratio
September 30, 2014	46.6%	43.4%
June 30, 2014	84.5%	43.1%
March 31, 2014	56.1%	52.7%
December 31, 2013	85.5%	56.7%
September 30, 2013	64.3%	57.3%

We disclose the adjusted efficiency ratio as it shows the trend in recurring overhead related noninterest expense relative to recurring net revenues. See "Non GAAP Measurements" for the calculations of the base and adjusted efficiency ratios.

#### Adjusted Net Earnings

Our net earnings for the third quarter of 2014 totaled \$62.3 million. Another measure of earnings used as an indicator of earnings generating capability, excluding non-recurring and/or volatile items, is adjusted net earnings. We calculate adjusted net earnings by excluding accelerated discount accretion resulting from the early payoff of acquired loans, net FDIC loss sharing expense, gain (loss) on sale of loans and leases, securities gains and losses, gain on sale of an owned building, covered foreclosed assets expense, and acquisition, integration and reorganization costs. Adjusted net earnings for the third quarter of 2014 totaled \$68.4 million. See "Non GAAP Measurements" for the calculation of adjusted net earnings.

#### Critical Accounting Policies

The Company's accounting policies are fundamental to understanding management's discussion and analysis of results of operations and financial condition. The Company has identified several policies as being critical because they require management to make particularly difficult, subjective and/or complex judgments about matters that are inherently uncertain and because of the likelihood that materially different amounts would be reported under different conditions or using different assumptions. These policies relate to the allowance for credit losses, the carrying values of intangible assets, the realization of deferred income tax assets, and the fair value estimates of assets acquired and liabilities assumed in acquisitions. For further information, refer to our Annual Report on Form 10 K for the year ended December 31, 2013.

#### Non-GAAP Measurements

The Company uses certain non GAAP financial measures to provide meaningful supplemental information regarding the Company's operational performance and to enhance investors' overall understanding of such financial performance. The non-GAAP measures used in this Form 10-Q include the following:

Adjusted net earnings: As analysts and investors view this measure as an indicator of the Company's ability to both generate earnings and absorb credit losses, we disclose this amount in addition to net earnings.

Adjusted return on average assets, adjusted return on average equity, return on average tangible equity, adjusted return on average tangible equity, tangible common equity amounts and ratios, and tangible book value per share: Given that the use of these measures is prevalent among banking regulators, investors and analysts, we disclose them in addition to return on average assets, return on average equity, equity-to-assets ratio, and book value per share, respectively.

Adjusted efficiency ratio: We disclose this measure in addition to the efficiency ratio as it shows the trend in recurring overhead-related noninterest expense relative to recurring net revenues.

Adjusted allowance for credit losses to loans and leases: As the allowance for credit losses takes into consideration credit deterioration on acquired loans and leases only after the purchase date and an estimate of credit losses is included in their initial fair values, we disclose the adjusted allowance for credit losses to loans and leases in addition to the allowance for credit losses to loans and leases excludes acquired loans and leases and the related allowance.

The methodology for determining adjusted net earnings, adjusted return on average assets, adjusted return on average equity, return on average tangible equity, adjusted return on average tangible equity, tangible common equity amounts and ratios, tangible book value per share, adjusted efficiency ratio and adjusted allowance for credit losses to loans and leases may differ among companies.

The following tables present performance amounts and ratios in accordance with GAAP and a reconciliation of the non GAAP financial measurements to the GAAP financial measurements:

	Three Month September 3			September 30,		Nine Months Experiment September 30,		inded		
Adjusted Net Earnings and Related Ratios:	2014		2014		2013		2014		2013	
Reported net earnings	(In thousand \$62,271	ls)	\$10,555		\$24,163		\$97,906		\$42,006	
Subtract: Tax benefit on discontinued operations	(3	)	(476	)	16		(1,067	)	(18	)
Add: Tax expense on continuing operations	42,205		14,846		11,243		71,627		20,868	
Reported pre-tax earnings Add: Acquisition, integration and reorganization	104,473		24,925		35,422		168,466		62,856	
costs	5,193		86,242		5,450		93,635		24,139	
Subtract: FDIC loss sharing expense, net	(7,415	)	(8,525	)	(7,032	)	(27,370	)	(15,579	)
(Loss) gain on sale of loans and lease. Gain on securities	s 973 —		(485 89	)	604 5,222		594 4,841		1,108 5,631	
Covered foreclosed assets (expense)	(452	)	185		332		1,348		1,239	
income, net Gain on sale of owned office building Adjusted pre-tax earnings before accelerated	; <del>-</del>		_		_		1,570		_	
discount accretion Subtract: Accelerated discount	116,560		119,903		41,746		281,118		94,596	
accretion resulting from payoffs of acquired loans Adjusted pre-tax earnings Tax expense <sup>(1)</sup> Adjusted net earnings	4,501 112,059 (43,703 \$68,356	)	15,290 104,613 (40,799 \$63,814	)	2,105 39,641 (13,874 \$25,767	)	27,446 253,672 (98,932 \$154,740	)	2,959 91,637 (32,073 \$59,564	)
Average assets	\$15,716,539	)	\$15,037,10	1	\$6,660,854		\$12,456,182	2	\$5,943,004	
Average stockholders' equity Less: Average intangible assets Average tangible common equity	\$3,465,119 1,744,542 \$1,720,577		\$3,233,018 1,638,267 \$1,594,751		\$797,725 228,947 \$568,778		\$2,515,506 1,208,266 \$1,307,240		\$685,216 151,360 \$533,856	
Annualized return on average assets (2)	1.57	%	0.28	%	1.44	%	1.05	%	0.95	%
Annualized adjusted return on averag assets (3)	e <sub>1.73</sub>	%	1.70	%	1.53	%	1.66	%	1.34	%
Annualized return on average equity (4)	7.13	%	1.31	%	12.02	%	5.20	%	8.20	%
Annualized adjusted return on averag equity (5)	e <sub>7.83</sub>	%	7.92	%	12.81	%	8.22	%	11.62	%
Annualized return on average tangible equity (6)	<sup>2</sup> 14.36	%	2.65	%	16.85	%	10.01	%	10.52	%

Annualized adjusted return on average 15.76 % 16.05 % 17.97 % 15.83 % 14.92 %

<sup>(1)</sup> Full-year expected effective rate of 39% used in 2014 periods (excluding acquisition, integration and reorganization costs) and actual effective rate of 35% used in 2013 periods.

<sup>(2)</sup> Annualized net earnings divided by average assets.

<sup>(3)</sup> Annualized adjusted net earnings divided by average assets.

<sup>(4)</sup> Annualized net earnings divided by average stockholders' equity.

<sup>(5)</sup> Annualized adjusted net earnings divided by average stockholders' equity.

<sup>(6)</sup> Annualized net earnings divided by average tangible common equity.

<sup>(7)</sup> Annualized adjusted net earnings divided by average tangible common equity.

		Three Months Ended September 30, June 30, September 30							Nine Months Ended ), September 30,		
Adjusted Efficiency Ratio:	2014 (Dollars in t		2014		2013	Ο,	2014	,	2013		
Noninterest expense	\$95,629		\$169,906		\$56,200		\$316,404		\$164,599		
Less: Acquisition, integration and reorganization costs	5,193		86,242		5,450		93,635		24,139		
Covered foreclosed assets expense (income), net	452		(185	)	(332	)	(1,348	)	(1,239	)	
Adjusted noninterest expense	\$89,984		\$83,849		\$51,082		\$224,117		\$141,699		
Net interest income Noninterest income Net revenues Less: FDIC loss sharing expense, net	\$188,846 16,314 205,160 (7,415	)	\$192,533 8,479 201,012 (8,525	)	\$82,289 5,127 87,416 (7,032	)	\$467,394 29,484 496,878 (27,370	)	\$216,455 8,170 224,625 (15,579	)	
(Loss) gain on sale of loans and leases	973		(485	)	604		594		1,108		
Gain on securities	_		89		5,222		4,841		5,631		
Gain on sale of owned office building	_		_				1,570		_		
Accelerated discount accretion resulting from early											
payoffs of acquired loans Adjusted net revenues	4,501 \$207,101		15,290 \$194,643		2,105 \$86,517		27,446 \$489,797		2,959 \$230,506		
Base efficiency ratio <sup>(1)</sup> Adjusted efficiency ratio <sup>(2)</sup>	46.6 43.4		84.5 43.1				63.7 45.8		73.3 61.5	% %	

<sup>(1)</sup> Noninterest expense divided by net revenues.
(2) Adjusted noninterest expense divided by adjusted net revenues.

Tangible Common Equity:	September 30, 2014 December 31, 2013								
	(Dollars in thous	sands	s)						
PacWest Bancorp Consolidated:									
Stockholders' equity	\$3,478,246		\$809,093						
Less: Intangible assets	1,740,951		225,991						
Tangible common equity	\$1,737,295		\$583,102						
Total assets	\$15,938,345		\$6,533,363						
Less: Intangible assets	1,740,951		225,991						
Tangible assets	\$14,197,394		\$6,307,372						
Equity to assets ratio	21.8	%	12.4	%					
Tangible common equity ratio <sup>(1)</sup>	12.2	%	9.2	%					
Book value per share	\$33.76		\$17.66						
Tangible book value per share	\$16.86		\$12.73						
Shares outstanding	103,027,830		45,822,834						
Pacific Western Bank:									
Stockholders' equity	\$3,357,138		\$911,200						
Less: Intangible assets	1,740,951		225,991						
Tangible common equity	\$1,616,187		\$685,209						
Total assets	\$15,675,486		\$6,507,288						
Less: Intangible assets	1,740,951		224,627						
Tangible assets	\$13,934,535		\$6,282,661						
Equity to assets ratio	21.4	%	14.0	%					
Tangible common equity ratio <sup>(1)</sup>	11.6	%	10.9	%					

<sup>(1)</sup> Tangible common equity divided by tangible assets.

Adjusted Allowance for Credit Losses to Loans and
Leases (Excludes PCI Loans):

	(Dollars in thou	(Dollars in thousands)			
Allowance for credit losses	\$68,997	\$67,816			
Less: Allowance related to acquired Non-PCI loans and leases	3,038	607			
Adjusted allowance for credit losses	\$65,959	\$67,209			
Gross Non-PCI loans and leases	\$11,239,964	\$3,930,539			
Less: Carrying value of acquired Non PCI loans and leases	7,039,518	1,060,172			
Adjusted loans and leases	\$4,200,446	\$2,870,367			
Allowance for credit losses to loans and leases <sup>(1)</sup>	0.61	% 1.73	%		
Adjusted allowance for credit losses to loans and leases <sup>(2)</sup>	1.57	% 2.34	%		

<sup>(1)</sup> Allowance for credit losses divided by gross Non-PCI loans and leases.

Results of Operations

**Acquisitions Impact Earnings Performance** 

The comparability of financial information is affected by our acquisitions. We completed the FCAL and CapitalSource Inc. acquisitions on May 31, 2013 (\$1.6 billion in assets) and April 7, 2014 (\$9.1 billion in assets), respectively. The transactions have been accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting and, accordingly, the related operating results have been included in the consolidated financial statements from the respective acquisition dates.

September 30, 2014 December 31, 2013

<sup>(2)</sup> Adjusted allowance for credit losses divided by adjusted loans and leases.

#### **Earnings Performance**

The following table presents profitability metrics for the periods indicated:

	Three Months Ended							Nine Months Ended			
	September	30,	June 30,		September 3	30,	September	30,			
	2014		2014		2013		2014		2013		
Profitability Measures:											
Diluted earnings per share	\$0.60		\$0.10		\$0.53		\$1.18		\$1.03		
Annualized return on:											
Average assets	1.57	%	0.28	%	1.44	%	1.05	%	0.95	%	
Average equity	7.13	%	1.31	%	12.02	%	5.20	%	8.20	%	
Average tangible equity (1)	14.36	%	2.65	%	16.85	%	10.01	%	10.52	%	
Annualized adjusted return on:											
Average assets (2)	1.73	%	1.70	%	1.53	%	1.66	%	1.34	%	
Average tangible equity (2)	15.76	%	16.05	%	17.97	%	15.83	%	14.92	%	
Net interest margin	5.78	%	6.24	%	5.46	%	5.99	%	5.36	%	
Core net interest margin (3)	5.64	%	5.74	%	5.32	%	5.64	%	5.28	%	
Base efficiency ratio	46.60	%	84.50	%	64.30	%	63.68	%	73.28	%	
Adjusted efficiency ratio (2)	43.45	%	43.08	%	59.04	%	45.76	%	61.47	%	

<sup>(1)</sup> Calculation reduces average equity by average intangible assets.

#### Third Quarter of 2014 Compared to Second Quarter of 2014

Net earnings were \$62.3 million, or \$0.60 per diluted share, for the third quarter of 2014, compared to \$10.6 million, or \$0.10 per diluted share, for the second quarter of 2014. The quarter over quarter increase of \$51.7 million in net earnings was due mostly to: (a) the \$74.3 million decrease in noninterest expense, which was comprised of an \$81.0 million decrease in acquisition, integration and reorganization costs offset by a \$4.3 million increase in foreclosed assets expense and \$2.6 million increase in operating expense, and (b) the \$7.8 million increase in noninterest income. These items were offset partially by the \$3.7 million decrease in net interest income. When certain income and expense items are excluded, adjusted net earnings were \$68.4 million for the third quarter compared to \$63.8 million for the prior quarter. The \$4.6 million increase in adjusted net earnings was driven by higher net interest income from higher average average loan and lease balances offset by higher foreclosed assets expense and operating expense. The adjusted efficiency ratio remained flat at 43.4% for the third quarter compared to 43.1% for the prior quarter. The third quarter of 2014 adjusted return on assets and adjusted return on tangible equity stood at 1.73% and 15.76%, respectively.

#### Third Quarter of 2014 Compared to Third Quarter of 2013

Net earnings for the third quarter of 2014 were \$62.3 million, or \$0.60 per diluted share, compared to net earnings for the third quarter of 2013 of \$24.2 million, or \$0.53 per diluted share. The \$38.1 million increase in net earnings was due to the \$106.6 million increase in net interest income and the \$11.2 million increase in noninterest income, offset partially by the \$39.4 million increase in noninterest expense. All of the changes from period to period are due mostly to the CapitalSource Inc. merger.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013

Net earnings for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 were \$97.9 million, or \$1.18 per diluted share, compared to net earnings for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 of \$42.0 million, or \$1.03 per diluted share. The \$55.9 million increase in net earnings was due to the \$250.9 million increase in net interest income and the \$21.3 million increase in noninterest expense. The noninterest expense increase was comprised of a \$71.9 million increase in operating expense, a \$69.5 million increase in acquisition, integration and reorganization costs, a \$6.1 million increase in leased equipment depreciation and a \$4.4

<sup>(2)</sup> See "Non-GAAP Measurements" for the calculation of this item.

<sup>(3)</sup> Excludes accelerated accretion of acquisition discounts resulting from early payoffs of acquired loans.

million increase in foreclosed assets expense. When certain income and expense items are excluded, adjusted net earnings are \$154.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$59.6 million for the same period in 2013. The \$95.1 million increase was due mostly to the growth through the CapitalSource Inc. and FCAL acquisitions.

#### Net Interest Income

Net interest income, which is our principal source of revenue, represents the difference between interest earned on interest earning assets and interest paid on interest bearing liabilities. Net interest margin is net interest income expressed as a percentage of average interest earning assets. Net interest income is affected by changes in both interest rates and the volume of average interest earning assets and interest bearing liabilities.

The following tables present, for the periods indicated, the distribution of average assets, liabilities and stockholders' equity, as well as interest income and yields earned on average interest earning assets and interest expense and rates paid on average interest bearing liabilities:

	Three Month September 30			June 30, 2014	1		September 30, 2013			
	Average Balance	Interest Income/ Expense	Yields and Rates	Average Balance	Interest Income/ Expense	Yields and Rates	Average Balance	Interest Income/ Expense		
	(Dollars in th	_			1			•		
ASSETS										
Loans and leases, net of unearned income <sup>(1)</sup>	\$11,285,689	\$189,961	6.68%	\$10,500,521	\$192,201	7.34%	\$4,320,770	\$75,196	6.90 %	
Investment securities <sup>(2)</sup>	1,584,811	12,331	3.09%	1,606,848	11,986	2.99%	1,518,256	9,871	2.58 %	
Deposits in financial institutions	99,276	64	0.26%	276,095	176	0.26%	140,785	91	0.26 %	
Total interest earning assets	12,969,776	202,356	6.19%	12,383,464	204,363	6.62%	5,979,811	85,158	5.65 %	
Other assets Total assets	2,746,763 \$15,716,539			2,653,637 \$15,037,101			681,043 \$6,660,854			
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS'										
EQUITY										
Interest checking deposits	\$605,288	\$86	0.06%	\$601,958	\$77	0.05%	\$619,884	\$83	0.05 %	
Money market deposits	1,733,445	908	0.21%	1,691,115	874	0.21%	1,567,976	730	0.18 %	
Savings deposits Time deposits	759,177 5,680,732	575 7,253		722,808 5,613,601	548 5,814		216,174 765,890	14 865	0.03 % 0.45 %	
Total interest bearing deposits	8,778,642	8,822	0.40%	8,629,482	7,313	0.34%	3,169,924	1,692	0.21 %	
Borrowings	96,711	74	0.30%	39,931	199	2.00%	9,012	108	4.75 %	
Subordinated debentures	434,625	4,614	4.21%	409,934	4,318	4.22%	132,413	1,069	3.20 %	
Total interest bearing liabilities	9,309,978	13,510	0.58%	9,079,347	11,830	0.52%	3,311,349	2,869	0.34 %	
Noninterest bearing demand deposits	2,778,260			2,546,540			2,329,197			
Other liabilities Total liabilities Stockholders' equity Total liabilities and	163,182 12,251,420 3,465,119			178,196 11,804,083 3,233,018			222,583 5,863,129 797,725			
stockholders' equity	\$15,716,539			\$15,037,101			\$6,660,854			

Net interest income \$188,84			\$192,533		\$82,289	
Net interest rate spread		5.61%		6.10%		5.31 %
Net interest margin		5.78%		6.24%		5.46 %
Total deposits <sup>(3)</sup> Funding sources <sup>(4)</sup>	\$11,556,902 \$8,822 \$12,088,238 \$13,510	0.30% \$11,176,022 0.44% \$11,625,887		0.26% \$5,499,121 0.41% \$5,640,546	-	0.12 % 0.20 %

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes nonaccrual loans and leases and loan fees.

The tax equivalent yield on investment securities was 3.39%, 3.35% and 2.74% for the three months ended September 30, 2014, June 30, 2014, and September 30, 2013, respectively.

Total deposits is the sum of interest-bearing deposits and noninterest-bearing demand deposits. The cost of total deposits is calculated as annualized interest expense on deposits divided by average total deposits.

Funding sources is the sum of interest-bearing liabilities and noninterest-bearing demand deposits. The cost of funding sources is calculated as annualized total interest expense divided by average funding sources.

	Nine Months September 30				September 3			
	Average Balance	Interest Income/ Expense	Yield and Rates		Average Balance	Interest Income/ Expense	Yield and Rates	
	(Dollars in the	•				•		
ASSETS								
Loans and leases, net of unearned income <sup>(1)</sup>	\$8,698,351	\$459,625	7.06	%	\$3,865,463	\$199,374	6.90	%
Investment securities <sup>(2)</sup>	1,568,382	35,140	3.00	%	1,436,650	26,501	2.47	%
Deposits in financial institutions	164,613	314	0.26	%	95,456	183	0.26	%
Total interest earning assets	10,431,346	495,079	6.35	%	5,397,569	226,058	5.60	%
Other assets	2,024,836				545,435			
Total assets	\$12,456,182				\$5,943,004			
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS'								
EQUITY								
Interest checking deposits	\$611,499	\$241	0.05	%	\$567,295	\$220	0.05	%
Money market deposits	1,626,539	2,400	0.20	%	1,362,219	1,800	0.18	%
Savings deposits	570,317	1,137	0.27	%	185,527	49	0.04	%
Time deposits	4,005,299	13,582	0.45	%	772,735	4,349	0.75	%
Total interest bearing deposits	6,813,654	17,360	0.34	%	2,887,776	6,418	0.30	%
Borrowings	51,894	352	0.91	%	14,030	451	4.30	%
Subordinated debentures	326,858	9,973	4.08	%	119,309	2,734	3.06	%
Total interest bearing liabilities	7,192,406	27,685	0.51	%	3,021,115	9,603	0.42	%
Noninterest bearing demand deposits	2,568,396				2,115,608			
Other liabilities	179,874				121,065			
Total liabilities	9,940,676				5,257,788			
Stockholders' equity	2,515,506				685,216			
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$12,456,182				\$5,943,004			
Net interest income		\$467,394				\$216,455		
Net interest rate spread			5.84	%			5.18	%
Net interest margin			5.99	%			5.36	%
Total deposits (3)	\$9,382,050	\$17,360	0.25	%	\$5,003,384	\$6,418	0.17	%
Funding sources (4)	\$9,760,802	\$27,685	0.38	%	\$5,136,723	\$9,603	0.25	%

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes nonaccrual loans and leases and loan fees.

The tax equivalent yield for investment securities was 3.41% and 2.84% for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Total deposits is the sum of interest-bearing deposits and noninterest-bearing demand deposits. The cost of total deposits is calculated as annualized interest expense on deposits divided by average total deposits.

<sup>(4)</sup> Funding sources is the sum of interest-bearing liabilities and noninterest-bearing demand deposits. The cost of funding sources is calculated as annualized total interest expense divided by average funding sources.

The net interest margin ("NIM") and loan and lease yields are impacted by accelerated accretion of acquisition discounts resulting from early payoffs of acquired loans, which causes volatility from period to period. The effects of this item on the NIM and loan and lease yield are shown in the following tables for the periods indicated:

	Three Mont	nree Months Ended					Nine Months Ended					
	September 3	30,	June 30,		Septembe	r 30,	September	30,				
	2014		2014		2013		2014		2013			
NIM:												
Reported	5.78	%	6.24	%	5.46	%	5.99	%	5.36	%		
Less: Accelerated accretion of acquisition discounts resulting from early payoffs of acquired	(0.14	)%	(0.50	)%	(0.14	)%	(0.35	)%	(0.08	)%		
loans												
Core	5.64	%	5.74	%	5.32	%	5.64	%	5.28	%		
Loan and Lease Yield:												
Reported	6.68	%	7.34	%	6.90	%	7.06	%	6.90	%		
Less: Accelerated accretion of acquisition discounts resulting from early payoffs of acquired loops	(0.16	)%	(0.58	)%	(0.19	)%	(0.42	)%	(0.10	)%		
loans Core	6.52	%	6.76	%	6.71	%	6.64	%	6.80	%		

The following table present the impact on the NIM from all purchase accounting items as indicated in the table below for the period indicated:

for the period indicated.					
	Three Months Ended				
	September 3	30, 2014			
	Amount	Impact or	n NIM		
	(Dollars in t	thousands)	nds)		
NIM - as reported	\$188,846	5.78	%		
Less: accelerated accretion of acquisition discounts					
from early acquired loan payoffs	(4,501	) (0.14	)%		
Remaining accretion of Non-PCI loan acquisition					
discounts	(15,072	) (0.46	)%		
Amortization of TruPS discount	1,402	0.04	%		
Accretion of time deposits premium	(5,081	) (0.16	)%		
	(23,252	) (0.72	)%		
NIM - excluding purchase accounting	\$165,594	5.06	%		

The following table presents the loan and lease yields and related average balances for our Non PCI loans and leases, PCI loans, and total loan and lease portfolio for the periods indicated:

	F		F								
	Three Month	Three Months Ended						Nine Months Ended			
	September 30	),	June 30,	June 30,		September 30,		0,			
	2014		2014	2014		2013			2013		
	(Dollars in th	ous	ands)								
Yields:											
Non PCI loans and leases	6.41	%	7.06	%	6.35	%	6.63	%	6.48	%	
PCI loans	14.74	%	15.08	%	11.88	%	17.07	%	9.93	%	
Total loans and leases	6.68	%	7.34	%	6.90	%	7.06	%	6.90	%	
Average Balances:											
Non PCI loans and leases	\$10,922,640		\$10,125,327		\$3,889,780		\$8,339,072		\$3,397,398		
PCI loans	363,049		375,194		430,990		359,278		468,065		
Total loans and leases	\$11,285,689		\$10,500,521		\$4,320,770		\$8,698,350		\$3,865,463		

Third Quarter of 2014 Compared to Second Quarter of 2014

Net interest income decreased by \$3.7 million to \$188.8 million for the third quarter of 2014 compared to \$192.5 million for the second quarter of 2014 due to lower accelerated discount accretion resulting from early payoffs of acquired loans partially offset by higher interest income from higher average loan and lease balances.

Our NIM for the third quarter of 2014 was 5.78% compared to 6.24% for the second quarter of 2014. The 46 basis point decrease in NIM was driven by the lower accelerated discount accretion resulting from early payoffs of acquired loans.

The yield on loans and leases decreased to 6.68% for the third quarter of 2014 from 7.34% for the second quarter of 2014. The accelerated discount accretion resulting from early payoffs of acquired loans totaled \$4.5 million for the third quarter and \$15.3 million for the second quarter, a decrease of \$10.8 million. When accelerated discount accretion is excluded, the core yield on loans and leases was 6.52% for the third quarter and 6.76% for the second quarter.

The yield on PCI loans decreased to 14.74% for the third quarter of 2014 from 15.08% for the second quarter of 2014. The accelerated discount accretion resulting from early payoffs of PCI loans totaled \$1.8 million for the third quarter and \$3.0 million for the second quarter, a decrease of \$1.2 million. When accelerated accretion is excluded, the core PCI loan yield was 12.70% for the third quarter compared to 11.83% for the second quarter.

The cost of all funding sources increased in the third quarter due to \$1.6 million lower premium accretion on time deposits acquired in the CapitalSource Inc. merger. The cost of average funding sources increased 3 basis points to 0.44% for the third quarter of 2014 from 0.41% for the second quarter of 2014. This increase includes the all in deposit cost which increased 4 basis points to 0.30% for the current quarter compared to the prior quarter. The cost of total interest bearing deposits increased 6 basis points to 0.40% and total interest bearing liabilities increased 6 basis points to 0.58%, respectively, for the third quarter. At the acquisition date, the weighted average contractual rate of the acquired CapitalSource Inc. time deposits was 98 basis points and the weighted average effective rate was 70 basis points. The effective rate is lower than the contractual rate due to the \$5.1 million accretion of the purchase accounting premium on such acquired time deposits that lowered interest expense in the quarter. The remaining unamortized time deposit premium as of September 30, 2014 was \$5.9 million and has a weighted average life of eleven months. The purchase accounting discount accretion on acquired time deposits lowered the all-in deposit cost by 16 basis points in the third quarter.

Third Quarter of 2014 Compared to Third Quarter of 2013

Net interest income increased by \$106.6 million to \$188.8 million for the third quarter of 2014 compared to \$82.3 million for the third quarter 2013 due to the significant increase in interest-earning assets acquired in the CapitalSource Inc. merger.

The NIM increased 32 basis points to 5.78% for the third quarter of 2014 compared to 5.46% for the same quarter last year driven by the increase in interest-earning assets, which resulted from the loans and leases added with the CapitalSource Inc. merger and organic loan growth during the period. The increase in the NIM was also a result of loans and leases being a higher percentage of interest-earning assets than in the prior period.

The yield on loans and leases decreased 22 basis points to 6.68% for the third quarter of 2014 compared to 6.90% for the same quarter of 2013. This decrease was due to rates on newly originated loans being lower than the average portfolio rate and the higher-yielding PCI loan portfolio being a smaller percentage of the entire loan portfolio in the current quarter.

The cost of all funding sources increased in the third quarter of 2014 due to the addition of the higher-cost time deposits and subordinated debt from CapitalSource Inc. The cost of average funding sources increased 24 basis points to 0.44% for the third quarter of 2014 from 0.20% for the third quarter of 2013. This includes the all in deposit cost which increased 18 basis points to 0.30% for the current quarter from 0.12% for the same quarter last year. The cost of total interest bearing liabilities increased 24 basis points to 0.58% for the third quarter of 2014 from 0.34% for the same quarter last year.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013

Net interest income increased by \$250.9 million to \$467.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$216.5 million for the same period of 2013 due to the significant increase in interest-earning assets

acquired in the CapitalSource Inc. merger.

The NIM increased 63 basis points to 5.99% for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 compared to 5.36% for the same period last year driven by the increase in interest-earning assets, which resulted from the loans and leases added with the CapitalSource Inc. merger and organic loan growth during the period. The increase in the NIM was also a result of loans and leases being a higher percentage of interest-earning assets than in the prior period.

The yield on loans and leases increased 16 basis points to 7.06% for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 compared to 6.90% for the same period of 2013. This increase was due to higher accelerated accretion of acquisition discounts resulting from early payoffs of acquired loans. Such accelerated accretion totaled \$27.4 million for the first nine months of 2014 and \$3.0 million for the first nine months of 2013. When accelerated accretion is excluded, the core yield on loans and leases was 6.64% for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 6.80% for the same period of 2013.

The cost of all funding sources increased in the nine months ended September 30, 2014 due to the addition of the higher-cost time deposits and subordinated debt from CapitalSource Inc. The cost of average funding sources increased 13 basis points to 0.38% for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 from 0.25% for the same period of 2013. The increase in the cost of average funding sources in the first nine months of 2014 was due to noninterest-bearing deposits becoming a smaller percentage of funding liabilities than in the prior period. The cost of total interest bearing deposits increased 4 basis points to 0.34% and total interest bearing liabilities increased 9 basis points to 0.51% for the nine months ended September 30, 2014.

**Provision for Credit Losses** 

The following table sets forth the details of the provision for credit losses and allowance for credit losses data for the periods indicated:

periods mareutes.	Three Months I	En			Santanahan 20	Nine Months Ended				
	September 30, 2014 (Dollars in thou	ısa	June 30, 2014 ands)		September 30 2013	),	September 30 2014	),	2013	
Provision For Credit Losses: Addition to (reduction in) allowance										
for Non PCI loans and leases Addition to (reduction in) reserv for	\$3,684 ve		\$5,131		\$(570	)	\$9,415		\$(1,030	)
unfunded loan commitments Total provision (negative provision) for Non PCI loans	(931	)	(131	)	570		(1,662	)	1,030	
and leases Provision (negative provision)	2,753		5,000		_		7,753		_	
for PCI loans Total provision (negative	2,297		30		(4,167	)	1,683		(2,872	)
provision) for credit losses	\$5,050		\$5,030		\$(4,167	)	\$9,436		\$(2,872	)
Non PCI Credit Quality Metric: Net charge offs (recoveries) on										
Non PCI loans and leases Annualized net charge offs to	\$6,123		\$(412	)	\$2,125		\$6,572		\$4,318	
average Non PCI loans and leas At Period End:	se0.22	%	(0.02	)%	0.22	%	0.11	%	0.17	%
Allowance for loan and lease losses	\$63,084		\$65,523		\$60,551					
Allowance for credit losses	68,997		72,367		67,801					
Non PCI nonaccrual loans and leases	88,948		96,802		50,845					
Non PCI classified loans and leases	260,986		304,627		130,791					

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Allowance for credit losses to Non PCI loans and leases Allowance for credit losses to	0.61	% 0.67	% 1.72	%
Non PCI nonaccrual loans and leases	77.6	% 74.8	% 133.3	%
59				

Provisions for credit losses are charged to earnings for both on and off balance sheet credit exposures. We have a provision for credit losses on our Non PCI loans and leases and a provision for credit losses on our PCI loans. The provision for credit losses on our Non PCI loans and leases is based on our allowance methodology and is an expense, or contra expense, that, in our judgment, is required to maintain the adequacy of the allowance for loan and lease losses and the reserve for unfunded loan commitments. Our allowance methodology reflects net charge offs, the levels and trends of nonaccrual and classified loans and leases, the migration of loans and leases into various risk classifications, and the level of outstanding loans and leases and commitments. The provision for credit losses on our PCI loans results from decreases or increases in expected cash flows on such loans compared to those previously estimated.

Our Non PCI loans and leases at September 30, 2014, included \$7.0 billion in loans and leases acquired in acquisitions. These acquired loans and leases were initially recorded at their estimated fair values and such initial fair values included an estimate of credit losses. The allowance calculation for Non PCI loans and leases takes into consideration those acquired loans and leases whose credit quality has deteriorated since their acquisition dates. At September 30, 2014, \$3.0 million of our allowance for credit losses applies to these acquired loans and leases. When these acquired loans and leases are excluded from the total of Non PCI loans and leases and the related allowance of \$3.0 million is excluded from the allowance for credit losses, the result is an adjusted coverage ratio of our allowance for credit losses to Non PCI loans and leases of 1.57% at September 30, 2014; the comparable ratio at June 30, 2014 was 2.07%. The decrease in coverage ratio results from the combination of charge-offs on loans that were reserved for in the second quarter, the full payoff of a significant classified loan in the third quarter, and a lower balance of unamortized discount.

Non-PCI loans and leases include \$4.2 billion of originated loans and leases that were not obtained through acquisitions. The allowance related to these loans and leases totaled \$60.0 million, or 1.43% of the outstanding balance.

Increased provisions for credit losses may be required in the future based on loan and lease and unfunded commitment growth, the effect that changes in economic conditions, such as inflation, unemployment, market interest rate levels, and real estate values, may have on the ability of our borrowers to repay their loans, and other negative conditions specific to our borrowers' businesses. See further discussion in "Balance Sheet Analysis - Allowance for Credit Losses on Non PCI Loans" and "Balance Sheet Analysis - Allowance for Credit Losses on PCI Loans" contained herein. Noninterest Income

The following table summarizes noninterest income by category for the periods indicated:

	Three Months E	Ended	Nine Months Ended				
	September 30,	June 30,	September 30,	September 30,			
	2014	2014	2013	2014	2013		
	(In thousands)						
Noninterest Income:							
Service charges on deposit accounts	\$2,725	\$2,719	\$2,938	\$8,446	\$8,568		
Other commissions and fees	6,371	5,743	2,204	14,046	6,291		
Leased equipment income	5,615	5,672		11,287	_		
Gain (loss) on sale of loans and leases	973	(485)	604	594	1,108		
Gain on securities		89	5,222	4,841	5,631		
FDIC loss sharing expense, net	(7,415)	(8,525)	(7,032)	(27,370 )	(15,579)		
Other income:							
Dividends and realized gains on equity	3,625	658		4,283			
investments	•			•			
Foreign currency translation net gains	2,253	251		2,504			
Income recognized on early repayment of leases	510	961	_	4,976	_		
Gain on sale of owned office building	_	_		1,570	_		
Other	1,657	1,396	1,191	4,307	2,151		

Total noninterest income \$16,314 \$8,479 \$5,127 \$29,484 \$8,170

The following table presents the details of FDIC loss sharing expense, net for the periods indicated:

	Three Month	Three Months Ended					Nine Mont	ths Ended		
	September 30,		June 30,		September 30,		September 30,			
	2014		2014		2013		2014		2013	
	(In thousands	s)								
FDIC Loss Sharing Expense, Net:										
(Loss) gain on FDIC loss sharing asset <sup>(1)</sup>	\$(1,735	)	\$(991	)	\$269		\$(4,932	)	\$4,229	
FDIC loss sharing asset amortization, net	(6,074	)	(7,270	)	(6,971	)	(21,256	)	(18,718	)
Net reimbursement to FDIC for covered OREOs <sup>(2)</sup>	491		(175	)	(276	)	(908	)	(1,039	)
Other	(97	)	(89	)	(54	)	(274	)	(51	)
Total FDIC loss sharing expense, net	\$(7,415	)	\$(8,525	)	\$(7,032	)	\$(27,370	)	\$(15,579	)

Includes increases related to covered loan loss provisions and decreases for: (a) write offs for covered loans (1) expected to be resolved at amounts higher than their carrying values, and (b) amounts to be reimbursed to the

Third Ouarter of 2014 Compared to Second Ouarter of 2014

Noninterest income increased by \$7.8 million to \$16.3 million for the third quarter of 2014 from \$8.5 million for the second quarter of 2014. The increase was due mostly to higher gain on sales of loans and leases, lower FDIC loss sharing expense and higher other income. The increase in other income is attributable to higher dividends on other equity investments and higher foreign currency translation net gains. We have approximately \$38.8 million of other equity investments that may generate principal returns, dividends and/or gains on sale each period. We have approximately \$54.3 million in loans denominated in Canadian Dollars, Euros and the British Pound and hedged with cross currency swaps with a notional value of \$58.0 million. In addition, we have \$32.6 million of subordinated debt denominated in Euros which is unhedged. The FDIC loss sharing expense decreased \$1.1 million due mostly to lower amortization of the FDIC loss sharing asset as one of the Bank's loss sharing agreements reached the end of its initial indemnification period during the quarter.

Third Quarter of 2014 Compared to Third Quarter of 2013

Noninterest income increased by \$11.2 million to \$16.3 million for the third quarter of 2014 compared to \$5.1 million for the third quarter of 2013. The increase was due mostly to income streams acquired in connection with the CapitalSource Inc. merger, including certain other commissions and fees, certain dividends and gains on other equity investments and foreign currency translation net gains. The increase in other commissions and fees is due to higher loan-related fees (unused commitment fees and prepayment fees) of \$3.3 million and leased equipment income increased by \$5.6 million, all attributable to the added CapitalSource Division operations.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 Noninterest income increased by \$21.3 million to \$29.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$8.2 million for the same period of 2013. The increase was due mostly to the described income streams acquired in the CapitalSource Inc. merger, offset by higher FDIC loss sharing expense. The increase in FDIC loss sharing expense was due mainly to higher losses on the FDIC loss sharing asset and amortization of the FDIC loss sharing asset. The 2014 period also includes a gain on the sale of an owned office building of \$1.6 million which was not present in the 2013 period.

FDIC for covered loans resolved at amounts higher than their carrying values.

Represents amounts to be reimbursed to the FDIC for gains on covered OREO sales and due from the FDIC for covered OREO write downs.

#### Noninterest Expense

The following table summarizes noninterest expense by category for the periods indicated:

	Three Months	Ended		Nine Months Ended			
	September 30,	June 30,	September 30,	September 30,			
	2014	2014	2013	2014	2013		
	(In thousands)						
Noninterest Expense:							
Compensation and benefits	\$45,861	\$45,081	\$27,963	\$119,569	\$79,370		
Occupancy	11,188	11,078	7,828	29,861	21,906		
Data processing	3,929	4,099	2,590	10,568	7,278		
Other professional services	3,687	2,843	1,906	8,053	4,984		
Insurance and assessments	3,020	3,179	1,496	7,792	4,024		
Intangible asset amortization	1,608	1,677	1,512	4,649	3,972		
Other expense:							
Loan expense	3,711	3,024	1,378	7,929	3,304		
Communications	1,369	1,421	828	3,527	2,063		
Other	8,275	7,670	5,669	21,302	14,493		
Total operating expense	82,648	80,072	51,170	213,250	141,394		
Leased equipment depreciation	2,961	3,095	_	6,056	_		
Foreclosed assets expense (income), net	4,827	497	(420)	3,463	(934)		
Acquisition, integration and reorganization costs	5,193	86,242	5,450	93,635	24,139		
Total noninterest expense	\$95,629	\$169,906	\$56,200	\$316,404	\$164,599		

The following tables present the components of foreclosed assets expense (income), net for the periods indicated:

	Three Months Ended						Nine Months Ended					
	September 30,		June 30,	,	September 30,		September 30,					
	2014		2014		2013		2014		2013			
	(In thousands)											
Foreclosed Assets Expense:												
Provision for losses	\$4,698		\$274		\$617		\$5,065		\$2,094			
Maintenance costs	177		606		367		1,152		978			
Gain on sale	(48	)	(383	)	(1,404	)	(2,754	)	(4,006		)	
Total foreclosed assets expense	\$4,827		\$407		\$ (420	`	\$3,463		\$ (024		`	
(income), net	Φ4,0∠/		\$497		\$(420	)	\$3,403		\$(934		J	

Third Quarter of 2014 Compared to Second Quarter of 2014

Noninterest expense decreased by \$74.3 million to \$95.6 million for the third quarter of 2014 compared to \$169.9 million for the second quarter of 2014. The decrease was due mostly to lower acquisition, integration and reorganization costs, which decreased \$81.0 million, offset by higher foreclosed assets expense of \$4.3 million and higher operating expense of \$2.6 million. The increase in foreclosed assets expense was due mostly to write-downs on existing properties. Operating expenses increased to \$82.6 million for the third quarter of 2014 compared to \$80.1 million for the second quarter of 2014 due to increases in compensation, other professional services and other expenses. Compensation expense was affected by a number of items including (a) lower base salaries and payroll taxes of \$1.8 million; (b) higher incentive compensation expense of \$1.9 million largely due to the level of loan and lease originations; and (c) higher restricted stock expense of \$600,000 as new awards were made in May 2014. Other professional services increased due to higher legal and other consulting expenses related to corporate initiatives. Other expense increased due to higher loan-related expenses related to origination and work-out activities and an accrual for loan-related litigation exposure.

Third Quarter of 2014 Compared to Third Quarter of 2013

Noninterest expense increased by \$39.4 million to \$95.6 million for the third quarter of 2014 compared to \$56.2 million for the third quarter of 2013. The increase was in all expense categories as a result of including the CapitalSource Inc. operations after its acquisition date.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013

Noninterest expense increased by \$151.8 million to \$316.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$164.6 million for the same period of 2013. The increase was due mostly to higher acquisition, integration and reorganization costs, which increased \$69.5 million, and higher operating expenses of \$71.9 million as a result of including the CapitalSource Inc. and FCAL operations after their respective acquisition dates.

Income Taxes

The effective tax rate for the third quarter of 2014 was 40.4% compared to 57.7% for the second quarter of 2014 and 31.8% for the third quarter of 2013. The second quarter of 2014 effective tax rate was driven higher than normal by the non-deductibility and and tax treatment of certain acquisition, integration and reorganization costs. When these items are excluded, the adjusted effective tax rate was 40.2% for the second quarter. The Company operates primarily in the states of California and Maryland and the blended statutory tax rate for federal and states is 41%. Business Segments

The Company's reportable segments consist of "Community Banking," "National Lending," and "Other." As a result of the CapitalSource Inc. merger, Pacific Western Bank established the CapitalSource Division, which we also refer to as the National Lending segment. The CapitalSource Division, or National Lending segment, includes the lending operations gained through the CapitalSource Inc. merger, Pacific Western Equipment Finance, and the CapitalSource Business Finance Group (formerly BFI Business Finance and First Community Financial). We reorganized our asset-based lending and leasing operations when we established the CapitalSource Division combining BFI Business Finance and First Community Financial into the Capital Source Business Finance Group, selling Celtic Capital Corporation in July 2014, and having Pacific Western Equipment Finance and the Capital Source Business Finance Group become part of the CapitalSource Division. The CapitalSource Division provides on a nationwide basis a full spectrum of financing solutions across numerous industries and property types to middle market businesses, including senior secured real estate loans, equipment loans and leases, asset-based loans, lender finance loans and cash flow loans secured by the enterprise value of the borrowing entity. The CapitalSource Division's loan and lease origination efforts are conducted through offices located in Chevy Chase, Maryland; Los Angeles and San Jose, California; St. Louis, Missouri; Denver, Colorado; Chicago, Illinois; New York, New York; and Midvale, Utah.

The Community Banking and National Lending segments include all of the operations of Pacific Western Bank. The Community Banking segment includes the operations of Pacific Western Bank, excluding the CapitalSource Division, and includes lending and deposit gathering activities conducted primarily through its California-based branch offices and the Bank's treasury management function and corporate overhead. The Other segment consists of holding company operations which result in expenses principally for compensation, facilities, professional services, interest on subordinated debentures, and the non-bank subsidiary operations including interest income from a loan portfolio and related loan servicing expense. For further information, see Note 15, Business Segments, in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)."

The following tables present information regarding our business segments as of and for the periods indicated:

September 30, 2014

	September 30,				
	Community	National		Consolidated	
Balance Sheet Data:	Banking	Lending	Other	Company	
	(In thousands)				
Loans and leases, net of unearned income	\$3,482,125	\$8,064,868	\$27,892	\$11,574,885	
Allowance for loan and lease losses	(56,712	) (25,187	) —	(81,899	)
Total loans and leases, net	\$3,425,413	\$8,039,681	\$27,892	\$11,492,986	
Goodwill	\$327,728	\$1,394,401	<b>\$</b> —	\$1,722,129	
Core deposit and customer relationship intangibles, net	17,814	1,009	_	18,823	
Total assets	6,492,869	9,182,617	262,859	15,938,345	
Total deposits <sup>(1)</sup>	11,826,681	_	(303,244	) 11,523,437	

The negative balance for total deposits in the "Other" segment represents the elimination of holding company cash held in deposit accounts at the Bank.

	September 30,				
	Community	National		Consolidated	
Balance Sheet Data:	Banking	Lending	Other	Company	
	(In thousands)				
Loans and leases, net of unearned income	\$3,912,885	\$470,508	\$	\$4,383,393	
Allowance for loan and lease losses	(76,496	) (7,290	) —	(83,786	)
Total loans and leases, net	\$3,836,389	\$463,218	\$	\$4,299,607	
Goodwill	\$190,184	\$25,678	\$	\$215,862	
Core deposit and customer relationship intangibles, net	16,604	2,074	_	18,678	
Total assets	6,100,587	507,339	8,929	6,616,855	
Total deposits <sup>(1)</sup>	5,467,568	_	(34,424	) 5,433,144	

The negative balance for total deposits in the "Other" segment represents the elimination of holding company cash held in deposit accounts at the Bank.

	Three Months	Ended Septe	mber 30, 2014		
	Community	National		Consolidate	ed
Results of Operations:	Banking	Lending	Other	Company	
	(In thousands)	)			
Interest income	\$67,132	\$134,624	\$600	\$202,356	
Interest expense	(8,851	(45)	) (4,614	) (13,510	)
Intersegment interest income (expense)	5,250	(5,250	) —		
Net interest income (expense)	63,531	129,329	(4,014	) 188,846	
Negative provision (provision) for credit losses	6,314	(11,364	) —	(5,050	)
Gain on securities					
FDIC loss sharing expense	(7,415	) —		(7,415	)
Other noninterest income	7,566	9,953	6,210	23,729	
Total noninterest income	151	9,953	6,210	16,314	
Foreclosed assets (expense) income, net	(4,627	(322	) 122	(4,827	)
Intangible asset amortization	(1,517	(91	) —	(1,608	)
Acquisition, integration and reorganization costs	(3,953	(1,240	) —	(5,193	)
Other noninterest expense	(53,784	(24,835	) (5,382	) (84,001	)
Total noninterest expense	(63,881	(26,488	) (5,260	) (95,629	)
Intersegment noninterest income (expense)	26,411	(26,411	) —		
Total noninterest expense - adjusted	(37,470	(52,899	) (5,260	) (95,629	)
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations before taxes	32,526	75,019	(3,064	) 104,481	
Income tax (expense) benefit	(13,870	(30,113	) 1,778	(42,205	)
Net earnings (loss) from continuing operations	18,656	44,906	(1,286	) 62,276	
Loss from discontinued operations before taxes	(8	) —		(8	)
Income tax benefit	3			3	
Net loss from discontinued operations	(5	) —		(5	)
Net earnings (loss)	\$18,651	\$44,906	\$(1,286	) \$62,271	

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2014									
	Community		National				Consolidated			
Results of Operations:	Banking		Lending		Other		Company			
	(In thousands)									
Interest income	\$69,977		\$132,742		\$1,644		\$204,363			
Interest expense	(7,450	)	(62	)	(4,318	)	(11,830	)		
Intersegment interest income (expense)	4,071		(4,071	)	_		_			
Net interest income	66,598		128,609		(2,674	)	192,533			
Negative provision (provision) for credit losses	4,418		(9,448	)			(5,030	)		
Gain on securities	89						89			
FDIC loss sharing expense	(8,525	)	_		_		(8,525	)		
Other noninterest income	3,681		12,487		747		16,915			
Total noninterest income	(4,755	)	12,487		747		8,479			
Foreclosed assets (expense) income, net	(633	)	38		98		(497	)		
Intangible asset amortization	(1,530	)	(147	)			(1,677	)		
Acquisition, integration and reorganization costs	(77,713	)	(7,474	)	(1,055	)	(86,242	)		
Other noninterest expense	(51,507	)	(24,484	)	(5,499	)	(81,490	)		
Total noninterest expense	(131,383	)	(32,067	)	(6,456	)	(169,906	)		
Intersegment noninterest income (expense)	23,533		(23,533	)						
Total noninterest expense - adjusted	(107,850	)	(55,600	)	(6,456	)	(169,906	)		
(Loss) earnings from continuing operations before taxes	(41,589	)	76,048		(8,383	)	26,076			
Income tax benefit (expense)	12,081		(30,259	)	3,332		(14,846	)		
Net (loss) earnings from continuing operations	(29,508	)	45,789		(5,051	)	11,230			
Loss from discontinued operations before taxes	(1,151	)					(1,151	)		
Income tax benefit	476						476			
Net loss from discontinued operations	(675	)	_				(675	)		
Net (loss) earnings	\$(30,183	)	\$45,789		\$(5,051	)	\$10,555			

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2013					
	Community	National		Consolidated	d	
Results of Operations:	Banking	Lending	Other	Company		
	(In thousands					
Interest income	\$72,873	\$12,285	<b>\$</b> —	\$85,158		
Interest expense	(1,692	) (108	) (1,069	) (2,869	)	
Intersegment interest income (expense)	353	(353	) —			
Net interest income	71,534	11,824	(1,069	) 82,289		
Negative provision (provision) for credit losses	5,782	(1,615	) —	4,167		
FDIC loss sharing expense	(7,032	) —		(7,032	)	
Other noninterest income	5,466	1,443	5,250	12,159		
Total noninterest income	(1,566	) 1,443	5,250	5,127		
Foreclosed assets income, net	420			420		
Intangible asset amortization	(1,354	) (158	) —	(1,512	)	
Acquisition, integration and reorganization costs	(5,190	) —	(260	) (5,450	)	
Other noninterest expense	(42,435	) (5,822	) (1,401	) (49,658	)	
Total noninterest expense	(48,559	) (5,980	) (1,661	) (56,200	)	
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations before taxes	27,191	5,672	2,520	35,383		
Income tax (expense) benefit	(9,996	) (2,378	) 1,131	(11,243	)	
Net earnings (loss) from continuing operations	17,195	3,294	3,651	24,140		
Earnings from discontinued operations before taxes	39			39		
Income tax expense	(16	) —		(16	)	
Net earnings from discontinued operations	23			23		
Net earnings	\$17,218	\$3,294	\$3,651	\$24,163		

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014				
	Community	National		Consolidat	ed
Results of Operations:	Banking	Lending	Other	Company	
	(In thousands	(In thousands)			
Interest income	\$214,704	\$278,131	\$2,244	\$495,079	
Interest expense	(17,528	) (184	) (9,973	) (27,685	)
Intersegment interest income (expense)	9,543	(9,543	) —	_	
Net interest income (expense)	206,719	268,404	(7,729	) 467,394	
Negative provision (provision) for credit losses	11,558	(20,994	) —	(9,436	)
Gain on securities	4,841		_	4,841	
FDIC loss sharing expense	(27,370	) —	_	(27,370	)
Other noninterest income	18,144	26,885	6,984	52,013	
Total noninterest income	(4,385	) 26,885	6,984	29,484	
Foreclosed assets (expense) income, net	(3,399	) (284	) 220	(3,463	)
Intangible asset amortization	(4,238	) (411	) —	(4,649	)
Acquisition, integration and reorganization costs	(83,866	) (8,714	) (1,055	) (93,635	)
Other noninterest expense	(146,281	) (55,892	) (12,484	) (214,657	)
Total noninterest expense	(237,784	) (65,301	) (13,319	) (316,404	)
Intersegment noninterest income (expense)	49,944	(49,944	) —	_	
Total noninterest expense - adjusted	(187,840	) (115,245	) (13,319	) (316,404	)
Earnings from continuing operations before taxes	26,052	159,050	(14,064	) 171,038	
Income tax (expense) benefit	(14,123	) (63,703	) 6,199	(71,627	)
Net earnings (loss) from continuing operations	11,929	95,347	(7,865	) 99,411	
Loss from discontinued operations before taxes	(2,572	) —	_	(2,572	)
Income tax benefit	1,067		_	1,067	
Net loss from discontinued operations	(1,505	) —	_	(1,505	)
Net earnings (loss)	\$10,424	\$95,347	\$(7,865	) \$97,906	
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	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013					
	Community	National		Consolidated		
Results of Operations:	Banking	Lending	Other	Company		
	(In thousands					
Interest income	\$189,101	\$36,957	<b>\$</b> —	\$226,058		
Interest expense	(6,422	) (447	) (2,734	) (9,603	)	
Intersegment interest income (expense)	1,284	(1,284	) —	_		
Net interest income	183,963	35,226	(2,734	) 216,455		
Negative provision (provision) for credit losses	6,053	(3,181	) —	2,872		
Gain on securities	5,631			5,631		
FDIC loss sharing expense	(15,579	) —		(15,579	)	
Other noninterest income	10,240	2,579	5,299	18,118		
Total noninterest income	292	2,579	5,299	8,170		
Foreclosed assets income, net	934			934		
Intangible asset amortization	(3,474	) (498	) —	(3,972	)	
Acquisition, integration and reorganization costs	(23,879	) —	(260	) (24,139	)	
Other noninterest expense	(115,352	) (17,855	) (4,215	) (137,422	)	
Total noninterest expense	(141,771	) (18,353	) (4,475	) (164,599	)	
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations before taxes	48,537	16,271	(1,910	) 62,898		
Income tax (expense) benefit	(17,038	) (6,814	) 2,984	(20,868	)	
Net earnings from continuing operations	31,499	9,457	1,074	42,030		
Loss from discontinued operations before taxes	(42	) —		(42	)	
Income tax benefit	18			18		
Net loss from discontinued operations	(24	) —		(24	)	
Net earnings	\$31,475	\$9,457	\$1,074	\$42,006		

Third Quarter of 2014 Compared to Third Quarter of 2013

Net earnings for the Community Banking segment increased \$1.4 million for the third quarter of 2014 to \$18.6 million, compared to net earnings of \$17.2 million in the third quarter of 2013. Net earnings before taxes increased \$5.3 million as a result of lower noninterest expense of \$11.1 million and higher noninterest income of \$1.7 million, offset by lower net interest income of \$8.0 million. The decrease in noninterest expense is due mostly to a higher allocation of expenses from the Community Banking segment to the National Lending segment than in the prior year, offset by higher noninterest expense which is a result of the growth in the Bank's lending and deposit operations. The increase in noninterest income is primarily due to higher gains on early repayment of leases. Net interest income decreased compared to the prior year period due to lower average loan and lease balances as \$523 million of loans were transferred from the Community Banking segment to the National Lending segment in the second quarter of 2014.

For further information on the Community Banking segment regarding results of operations, loans, credit quality, deposits and liquidity, see the sections titled "Results of Operations" and "Balance Sheet Analysis". Net earnings for the National Lending segment increased \$41.6 million for the third quarter of 2014 to \$44.9 million, compared to \$3.3 million for the third quarter of 2013. The increase in net earnings was a result of the CapitalSource Inc. merger which increased interest-earning assets and net interest income in 2014. Loans increased \$7.6 billion to \$8.1 billion in the third quarter of 2014 from \$470.5 million for the third quarter of 2013. Noninterest expense for the National Lending segment increased \$46.9 million largely as a result of the addition of the CapitalSource Division operations.

The net loss for the Other segment increased \$4.9 million for the third quarter of 2014 as compared to third quarter 2013 due primarily to higher interest expense of \$3.5 million due to a higher balance of subordinated debentures acquired in connection with the CapitalSource Inc. merger. The Other segment consists of holding company operations resulting in expenses principally for compensation, facilities, professional services and interest on subordinated debentures, and non-bank subsidiary operations

including interest income from a \$28 million loan portfolio that is being wound down and loan servicing costs paid to the National Lending segment for such portfolio.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013

Net earnings for the Community Banking segment decreased \$21.1 million for the first nine months of 2014 to \$10.4 million, compared to earnings of \$31.5 million in the same period of 2013. The decrease in net earnings was due mainly to the \$60.0 million increase in acquisition, integration and reorganization costs. Excluding acquisition, integration and reorganization costs, net earnings before taxes increased \$37.5 million due to (a) higher net interest income of \$22.8 million, (b) lower provision for credit losses of \$5.5 million, and (c) higher allocation of expenses from the Community Banking segment to the National Lending segment of \$49.9 million offset by higher noninterest expense of \$36.0 million and lower noninterest income of \$4.7 million. The 2014 net interest income for the Community Banking segment increased \$22.8 million due mostly to an increase in the discount accretion on loans acquired during 2014 and 2013. Noninterest expense increased due to the growth in the Bank's lending and deposit operations which was mostly a result of the CapitalSource Inc. merger and FCAL acquisition. Noninterest income decreased due to higher FDIC loss sharing expense.

For further information on the Community Banking segment regarding results of operations, loans, credit quality, deposits and liquidity, see the sections titled "Results of Operations" and "Balance Sheet Analysis".

Net earnings for the National Lending segment increased \$85.9 million for the first nine months of 2014 compared to 2013. The increase was primarily the result of the April 2014 CapitalSource Inc. merger, which increased interest-earning assets and net interest income in 2014. Loans increased \$7.6 billion to \$8.1 billion in the third quarter of 2014 from \$470.5 million for the third guarter of 2013.

**Balance Sheet Analysis** 

Investment Portfolio

The following table presents the components, yields, and durations of our securities available-for-sale as of the date indicated:

September 30	, 2014			
Amortized Cost	Fair Value	Yield <sup>(1)</sup>	Duration (in years)	
(Dollars in the	ousands)			
\$537,969	\$555,087	2.79%	3.8	
280,820	279,791	2.57%	4.9	
40,393	47,902	7.57%	2.3	
473,426	482,427	2.96%	5.7	
110,032	112,143	3.84%	2.5	
36,214	36,382			
26,044	25,949	0.62%	3.6	
\$1,504,898	\$1,539,681	2.98%	4.5	
	Amortized Cost (Dollars in the \$537,969 280,820 40,393 473,426 110,032 36,214 26,044	Fair Value Cost (Dollars in thousands)  \$537,969 \$555,087  280,820 279,791 40,393 47,902 473,426 482,427 110,032 112,143 36,214 36,382 26,044 25,949	Amortized Cost (Dollars in thousands)  \$537,969 \$555,087 2.79%  280,820 279,791 2.57% 40,393 47,902 7.57% 473,426 482,427 2.96% 110,032 112,143 3.84% 36,214 36,382 26,044 25,949 0.62%	

<sup>(1)</sup> Represents the yield for the month of September 30, 2014.

The tax equivalent yield was 4.32% and 3.41% for municipal securities and total securities available-for-sale, respectively.

The following table shows the geographic composition of the majority of our municipal securities portfolio as of the date indicated:

	September 30, 20	14	
Municipal Securities by State:	Carrying Value	% of Total	
	(Dollars in thousa	ands)	
Texas	\$91,831	19	%
Washington	45,208	9	%
New York	34,069	7	%
Colorado	30,251	6	%
Illinois	26,686	6	%
Ohio	25,183	5	%
California	22,213	5	%
Hawaii	16,562	3	%
Massachusetts	15,808	3	%
Florida	15,799	3	%
Total of 10 largest states	323,610	66	%
All other states	158,817	34	%
Total municipal securities	\$482,427	100	%

Loan and Leases
The following table presents the balance of our total gross loans and leases by portfolio segment and class as of the dates indicated:

	September 30, 2014		June 30, 2014			December 31, 2013			
	Amount	% of Total		Amount	% of Total		Amount	% of Total	
	(Dollars in the	ousands	)						
Real estate mortgage:									
Hospitality	\$530,628	5	%	\$560,832	5	%	\$181,735	4	%
SBA	357,923	3	%	352,492	3	%	45,166	1	%
Commercial real estate	2,492,883	22	%	2,390,066	22	%	1,712,125	40	%
Healthcare real estate	1,006,164	9	%	976,539	9	%	189,737	4	%
Multi-family	811,234	7	%	857,907	8	%	330,229	8	%
Other	514,283	3	%	457,746	4	%	334,249	8	%
Total real estate mortgage	5,713,115	49	%	5,595,582	51	%	2,793,241	65	%
Real estate construction:									
Residential	72,881	1	%	73,488	1	%	58,898	1	%
Commercial	218,389	2	%	235,019	2	%	159,308	4	%
Total real estate construction	291,270	3	%	308,507	3	%	218,206	5	%
Total real estate loans	6,004,385	52	%	5,904,089	54	%	3,011,447	70	%
Commercial:									
Collateralized	429,011	4	%	446,754	4	%	587,326	13	%
Unsecured	127,150	1	%	145,632	1	%	153,881	4	%
Asset-based	1,594,488	14	%	1,488,267	13	%	202,428	5	%
Cash flow	2,341,511	20		2,167,135	19	%			%
Equipment finance	928,460	8		932,554	8	%	273,483	6	%
SBA	41,129			42,333		%	28,641	1	%
Total commercial	5,461,749	47		5,222,675	45		1,245,759	29	%
Consumer	108,751	1		63,341	1		55,146	1	%
Total gross loans and leases <sup>(1)</sup>	\$11,574,885	100	%		100	%		100	%

Includes PCI loans of \$351.4 million, \$398.4 million and \$382.8 million at September 30, 2014, June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively, of which the majority are Other Real Estate Mortgage loans.

The following table presents a roll forward of the loan and lease portfolio by segment for the period indicated:

	Three Months Ende	ed S	September 30, 201-	4		
	Community		National			
Loan and Lease Roll Forward by Portfolio Segment <sup>(1)</sup> :	Banking		Lending		Total	
	(In thousands)					
Beginning balance	\$3,521,367		\$7,668,738		\$11,190,105	
Loans and leases originated and purchased	236,384		738,274		974,658	
Existing loans and leases:						
Principal repayments, net <sup>(2)</sup>	(269,365	)	(266,393	)	(535,758	)
Loan and lease sales	(223	)	(12,816	)	(13,039	)
Transfers to held for sale	_		(33,125	)	(33,125	)
Charge-offs	(6,038	)	(1,918	)	(7,956	)
Ending balance	\$3,482,125		\$8,092,760		\$11,574,885	

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes direct financing leases but excludes equipment leased to others under operating leases.

(2) Includes principal repayments on existing loans, changes in revolving lines of credit (repayments and draws) and other changes within the loan portfolio.

Our real estate loan portfolio is predominantly commercial-related loans and as such does not expose us to the risks generally associated with residential mortgage loans such as option ARM, interest-only, or subprime mortgage loans. Our portfolio does expose us to risk elements associated with mortgage loans on commercial property. Commercial real estate mortgage loan repayments typically do not rely on the sale of the underlying collateral, but instead rely on the income producing potential of the collateral as the source of repayment. Ultimately, though, due to the loan amortization period generally being greater than the contractual loan term, the borrower may be required to refinance the loan, either with us or another lender, or pay off the loan, by selling the underlying collateral.

At September 30, 2014, we had \$410.0 million of commercial real estate mortgage loans maturing over the next 12 months. For any of these loans, in the event that we provide a concession through a refinance or modification which we would not ordinarily consider in order to protect as much of our investment as possible, such loans may be considered troubled debt restructurings ("TDRs") even though they performed throughout their terms. The circumstances regarding any modification and a borrower's specific situation, such as their ability to obtain financing from another source at similar market terms, are evaluated on an individual basis to determine if a TDR has occurred. Higher levels of TDRs may lead to increased classified assets and credit loss provisions.

The following table presents the composition of our total real estate mortgage loan portfolio as of the dates indicated:

The following table presents the	September 30, 2		ıcuı	June 30, 2014	iouii poi	tioi	December 31, 20		u.		
Loan Category:	Amount	% of Total		Amount	% of Total		Amount	% of Total			
	(Dollars in thousands)										
Commercial real estate											
mortgage:											
Industrial/warehouse	\$487,902	9	%	\$489,043	9	%	\$354,345	13	%		
Retail	453,835	8	%	446,080	8	%	346,370	12	%		
Office buildings	821,076	14	%	732,807	13	%	432,204	16	%		
Owner-occupied	584,937	10	%	577,029	10	%	233,195	8	%		
Hotel	532,991	9	%	563,248	10	%	181,735	7	%		
Healthcare	1,006,164	19	%	976,539	19	%	189,737	7	%		
Mixed use	131,101	2	%	60,514	1	%	68,966	2	%		
Gas station	12,654		%	13,127		%	35,224	1	%		
Self storage	62,820	1	%	67,077	1	%	73,760	3	%		
Restaurant	18,262		%	24,459	—	%	21,510	1	%		
Land acquisition/development	7,907		%	8,858	—	%	4,420		%		
Unimproved land	7,870		%	8,702		%	12,517		%		
Other	260,079	5	%	312,446	6	%	174,780	6	%		
Total commercial real estate mortgage	4,387,598	77	%	4,279,929	77	%	2,128,763	76	%		
Residential real estate mortgage:	:										
Multi-family	811,234	15	%	857,907	16	%	330,229	12	%		
Single family owner-occupied	183,211	3	%	185,990	3	%	212,508	8	%		
Single family nonowner-occupied	251,559	4	%	192,413	3	%	33,741	1	%		
Mixed use	11,478		%	11,305		%	10,701		%		
HELOCs	68,035	1	%	68,038	1	%	77,299	3	%		
Total residential real estate mortgage	1,325,517	23	%	1,315,653	23	%	664,478	24	%		
Total gross real estate mortgage loans	\$5,713,115	100	%	\$5,595,582	100	%	\$2,793,241	100	%		

Allowance for Credit Losses on Non-PCI Loans and Leases

The allowance for credit losses on Non-PCI loans and leases is the combination of the allowance for loan and lease losses and the reserve for unfunded loan commitments. The allowance for loan and lease losses is reported as a reduction of outstanding loan and lease balances and the reserve for unfunded loan commitments is included within "Accrued interest payable and other liabilities" on the condensed consolidated balance sheets. Generally, as unfunded commitments are funded, the related amount in the reserve for unfunded loan commitments is transferred from the reserve for unfunded loan commitments to the allowance for loan and lease losses. The following discussion is for Non-PCI loans and leases and the allowance for credit losses thereon. Refer to "Balance Sheet Analysis-Allowance for Credit Losses on PCI Loans" for the policy on PCI loans. For loans and leases acquired and measured at fair value and deemed non-impaired on the acquisition date, our allowance methodology measures deterioration in credit quality or other inherent risks related to these acquired assets that may occur after the purchase date.

The allowance for loan and lease losses is maintained at a level deemed appropriate by management to adequately provide for known and inherent risks in the loan and lease portfolio and other extensions of credit at the balance sheet date. The allowance is based upon our continual review of the credit quality of the loan and lease portfolio which includes loan and lease payment performance and related historical payment trends, borrowers' compliance with loan agreements, borrowers' current and budgeted financial performance, collateral valuation trends, and current economic factors and external conditions that may affect our borrowers' ability to pay. Loans and leases that are deemed to be uncollectible are charged off and deducted from the allowance. The provision for loan and lease losses and recoveries on loans and leases previously charged off are added to the allowance.

The allowance for loan and lease losses contains a specific reserve component for loans and leases determined to be impaired and a general reserve component for loans and leases with no credit impairment.

A loan or lease is considered impaired when it is probable that we will be unable to collect all amounts due according to the original contractual terms of the agreement. We assess our loans for impairment on an on-going basis using certain criteria such as payment performance, borrower reported financial results and budgets, and other external factors when appropriate. We measure impairment of a loan based upon the fair value of the loan's collateral if the loan is collateral-dependent or the present value of cash flows, discounted at the loan's effective interest rate, if the loan is not collateral-dependent. We measure impairment of a lease based upon the present value of the scheduled lease and residual cash flows, discounted at the lease's effective interest rate. To the extent a loan or lease exceeds the estimated collectible value, a specific reserve or charge-off is recorded depending upon the certainty of the estimate of loss. Smaller balance loans (under \$250,000), with a few exceptions for certain loan types, are generally not individually assessed for impairment but are evaluated collectively.

The methodology we use to estimate the general reserve component of our allowance for credit losses considers both objective and subjective criteria. The objective criteria uses our actual historical loan and lease charge-off experience on pools of similar loans and leases to establish loss factors that are applied to our current loan and lease balances to estimate credit losses. The pools used to establish the loss factors for estimating the general reserve component are comprised of similar loan products and consider the credit risk ratings and the migration of the ratings over a historical timeframe. Greater reserve weight is placed on loans with more adverse credit risk ratings. The migration of the ratings is updated quarterly based on historic losses and movement of loans between ratings. We recognize that the determination of the allowance for loan and lease losses is sensitive to the assigned credit risk ratings and inherent loss rates at any given point in time. To ensure the accuracy of our credit risk ratings, an independent credit review function assesses the ratings assigned to loans on an on-going basis. The subjective inputs used to establish the loss factors consider delinquency and nonaccrual trends, collateral valuation trends, and current economic factors and external conditions that may affect our borrowers' ability to pay.

The reserve for unfunded commitments is estimated by applying to the unfunded commitment amounts the same methodology used for the allowance for loan and lease losses. For unfunded commitments related to loans with borrowing availability, we compute the reserve for unfunded commitments based only on the expected usage of such borrowing availability.

The credit risk ratings which are applied to every loan and lease is one of the following four categories: "pass," "special mention," "substandard," and "doubtful," which we define as follows:

Pass: Loans and leases classified as "pass" are not adversely classified and collection and repayment in full is expected.

Special Mention: Loans and leases classified as "special mention" have a potential weakness that requires management's attention. If not addressed, these potential weaknesses may result in further deterioration in the borrower's ability to repay the loan or lease.

Substandard: Loans and leases classified as "substandard" have a well-defined weakness or weaknesses that geopardize the collection of the debt. They are characterized by the possibility that we will sustain some loss if the weaknesses are not corrected.

Doubtful: Loans and leases classified as "doubtful" have all the weaknesses of those classified as "substandard," with the additional trait that the weaknesses make collection or repayment in full highly questionable and improbable. In addition, we may refer to the loans and leases classified as "substandard" and "doubtful" together as "classified" loans and leases. For additional information on classified loans and leases, see Note 6, Loans and Leases, in the Notes

to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) contained in "Item 1. Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)."

Management believes that the allowance for credit losses is appropriate for the known and inherent risks in our Non-PCI loan and lease portfolio and that the credit risk ratings and inherent loss rates currently assigned are appropriate. It is possible that others, given the same information, may at any point in time reach different conclusions that could result in a significant impact to the Company's financial statements. In addition, current credit risk ratings are subject to change as we continue to review loans and leases within our portfolio and as our borrowers are impacted by economic trends within their market areas. To the extent we experience, for example, increased levels of documentation deficiencies, adverse changes in collateral values, or negative changes in economic and business conditions that adversely affect our borrowers, our classified loans and leases may increase. Higher

levels of classified loans and leases generally result in higher allowances for credit losses. Although we have established an allowance for credit losses that we consider appropriate, there can be no assurance that the established allowance will be sufficient to absorb related losses in the future.

The following table presents information regarding the allowance for credit losses on Non-PCI loans and leases as of the dates indicated:

Non-PCI Allowance for Credit Losses Data:	September 30, 2014	June 30, 2014		December 31 2013	,	September 2013	30,
Allowance for loan and lease losses Reserve for unfunded loan commitments Total allowance for credit losses	(Dollars in the \$63,084 5,913 \$68,997	sousands) \$65,523 6,844 \$72,367		\$60,241 7,575 \$67,816		\$60,551 7,250 \$67,801	
Allowance for credit losses to loans and leases	0.61	6 0.67	%	1.73	%	1.72	%
Adjusted allowance for credit losses to loans and leases	1.57	6 2.07	%	2.34	%	2.43	%
Allowance for credit losses to nonaccrual loans and leases	77.6	6 74.8	%	145.0	%	133.3	%
Allowance for credit losses to nonperforming assets	53.3	6 48.0	%	66.1	%	63.5	%

The following table presents the changes in our allowance for credit losses on Non-PCI loans and leases for the periods indicated:

perious indicated.	Three Months Ended						Nine Months Ended				
	September 30,	r	June 30,		September 30,	r	September 30,				
Non-PCI Allowance for Credit Losses:	2014 (Dollars in	ı tho	2014 ousands)		2013		2014		2013		
Allowance for credit losses, beginning of period	\$72,367		\$66,955		\$69,926		\$67,816		\$72,119		
Provision for credit losses:											
Addition to (reduction in) allowance for load and lease losses	n3,684		5,131		(570	)	9,415		(1,030	)	
Addition to (reduction in) reserve for unfunded loan											
commitments	(931	)	(131	)	570		(1,662	)	1,030		
Provision for credit losses	2,753		5,000		_		7,753		_		
Loans and leases charged off:											
Real estate mortgage	(395	)	(487	)	(281	)	(976	)	(3,840	)	
Commercial	(7,282	)	(326	)	(2,439	)	(9,049	)	(4,631	)	
Consumer	(171	)	(17	)	(75	)	(203	)	(111	)	
Total loans and leases charged off	(7,848	)	(830	)	(2,795	)	(10,228	)	(8,582	)	
Recoveries on loans charged off:											
Real estate mortgage	1,312		376		152		1,949		1,665		
Real estate construction	24		64		179		112		514		
Commercial	337		587		324		1,301		2,028		
Consumer	52		215		15		294		57		
Total recoveries on loans charged off	1,725		1,242		670		3,656		4,264		
Net (charge-offs) recoveries	(6,123	)	412		(2,125	)	(6,572	)	(4,318	)	
Allowance for credit losses, end of period	\$68,997		\$72,367		\$67,801		\$68,997		\$67,801		
Ratios:											
Annualized net charge-offs to average loans and leases	0.22	%	0.02	%	0.22	%	0.11	%	0.17	%	

### Allowance for Credit Losses on PCI Loans

The PCI loans are subject to our internal and external credit review. If deterioration in the expected cash flows results in a reserve requirement, a provision for credit losses is charged to earnings. For PCI loans, the allowance for loan losses is measured at the end of each financial reporting period based on expected cash flows. Decreases or (increases) in the amount and changes in the timing of expected cash flows on the PCI loans as of the financial reporting date compared to those previously estimated are usually recognized by recording a provision or a (negative provision) for credit losses on such loans.

The following table presents the changes in our allowance for credit losses on PCI loans for the periods indicated:

	Three Months	Ended		Nine Months	Ended
	September 30,	June 30,	September 30,	September 30	,
PCI Allowance for Credit Losses:	2014 (In thousands)	2014	2013	2014	2013
Allowance for credit losses on PCI loans, beginning of period	\$16,626	\$21,200	\$27,397	\$21,793	\$26,069
Provision (negative provision)	2,297	30	(4,167)	1,683	(2,872 )
Net (charge-offs) recoveries	(108)	(4,604)	5	(4,661)	38
Allowance for credit losses on PCI loans, end of period	\$18,815	\$16,626	\$23,235	\$18,815	\$23,235

Nonperforming Assets and Performing Restructured Loans

The following table presents nonperforming assets and performing restructured loans information as of the dates indicated:

	September 30,	June 30,	December 31,	September 3	0,
	2014	2014	2013	2013	
	(Dollars in thou	ısands)			
Nonaccrual Non-PCI loans and leases	\$88,948	\$96,802	\$46,774	\$50,845	
Nonaccrual PCI loans <sup>(1)</sup>	27,670	38,467	_	_	
Total nonaccrual loans	116,618	135,269	46,774	50,845	
Foreclosed assets, net	40,524	53,821	55,891	55,972	
Total nonperforming assets	\$157,142	\$189,090	\$102,665	\$106,817	
Performing restructured loans <sup>(3)</sup>	\$34,308	\$33,741	\$41,648	\$80,237	
Nonaccrual loans and leases to loans and leases (2)	1.01 %	1.21 %	1.19 %	1.29	%
Nonperforming assets to loans and leases and foreclosed	[				
assets, net (2)	1.35 %	1.68 %	2.48 %	2.67	%

<sup>(1)</sup> Represents legacy Capital Source borrowing relationships placed on nonaccrual status as of the acquisition date.

Nonperforming assets include Non-PCI and PCI nonaccrual loans and leases and foreclosed assets and totaled \$157.1 million at September 30, 2014 compared to \$189.1 million at June 30, 2014. The \$32.0 million decrease in nonperforming assets was due to a \$18.7 million decrease in nonaccrual loans and leases due to resolutions and charge-offs for the period and a \$13.3 million decrease in foreclosed assets due to sales and write-downs for the period. The nonperforming assets ratio decreased to 1.35% at September 30, 2014 from 1.68% at June 30, 2014. Nonaccrual Loans and Leases

The \$18.7 million decrease in nonaccrual loans and leases during the third quarter of 2014 was attributable mainly to (1) an \$8.6 million change in Day 1 estimated goodwill related to the fair value adjustment of a PCI nonaccrual loan added in the CapitalSource Inc. merger, (2) \$6.8 million in charge-offs, and (3) \$10.2 million in principal payments, returns to accrual status, and other reductions, offset partially by \$6.9 million in additions.

Calculation includes total loans and leases as of September 30, 2014 and June 30, 2014. For prior periods, calculation excludes PCI loans.

<sup>(3)</sup> Excludes PCI loans.

The following table presents our Non-PCI nonaccrual loans and leases and accruing loans and leases past due between 30 and 89 days by portfolio segment and class as of the dates indicated:

	Nonaccrual L September 30		ases June 30, 2014			Accruing and 30 - 89 Days Past Due		
	Amount	% of Loan Catego	ory	Amount	% of Loan Categor	y	September 30, 2014	June 30, 2014
	(Dollars in the	•	•		Č	•		
Real estate mortgage:	`	ĺ						
Hospitality	\$6,451	1.0	%	\$6,552	1.2	%	<b>\$</b> —	\$
SBA	7,483	2.0	%	8,032	2.3	%	529	1,233
Other	26,575	1.0	%	28,098	0.6	%	4,014	1,427
Total real estate mortgage	40,509	1.0	%	42,682	0.8	%	4,543	2,660
Real estate construction:								
Residential	925	1.0	%	927	1.3	%	_	
Commercial	2,703	1.0	%	2,737	1.2	%	1,190	
Total real estate construction	3,628	1.0	%	3,664	1.2	%	1,190	
Commercial:								
Collateralized	5,165	1.0	%	11,247	2.5	%	_	575
Unsecured	226		%	322	0.2	%	1	145
Asset-based	5,003		%	4,874	0.3	%	_	
Cash flow	15,958	1.0	%	15,793	0.7	%	_	_
Equipment finance	12,885	1.0	%	10,576	1.1	%		
SBA	2,039	5.0	%	4,096	9.7	%		75
Total commercial	41,276	1.0	%	46,908	0.9	%	1	795
Consumer	3,535	3.0	%	3,548	0.6	%	165	128
Total Non-PCI loans and leases	\$88,948	1.0	%	\$96,802	0.9	%	\$5,899	\$3,583

The following table lists the ten largest Non-PCI lending relationships on nonaccrual status, excluding SBA-related loans, as of the date indicated:

	September 30	),
	2014	Description
	Nonaccrual	Description
	Amount	
	(In	
	thousands)	
\$15,723	¢15 722	Two healthcare cash flow loans secured by enterprise value. Borrower is current on principal and
	\$13,723	interest payments, but credit risk has increased due a decline in performance.
6,4	6,451	Two loans, each secured by a hotel in San Diego County. The borrower is paying according to the
	0,431	restructured terms of each loan.
	5,847	Loan secured by 2nd trust deeds on two single family residences in Los Angeles County.
	4,616	Loans secured by equipment used for coal production. Borrower is current on principal and interest
	4,010	payments but operating performance has declined. <sup>(1)</sup>
		Asset based loan secured by consumer sales installment contracts. Although operating performance of
	4,469	the borrower has declined, loan payments have remained current and the loan is fully secured by
		performing receivables.
	3,484	Two loans secured by various residential and commercial properties located predominantly in San Luis
	3,404	Obispo County.
	3,240	Equipment leases secured by coal mining equipment. Borrower is current on lease payments.
	3,154	Loan secured by an industrial building in Santa Barbara County.

2,652	Two loans that are both unsecured. The borrower is paying according to the restructured terms of each loan.
2,436	Two equipment leases secured by the inventory management system of a specialty retailer. Lease payments are current.
\$52,073	Total

<sup>(1)</sup> New nonaccrual in third quarter of 2014.

#### Foreclosed Assets

The following table presents the components of foreclosed assets (primarily other real estate owned, or OREO) as of the dates indicated:

Property Type:	September 30, 2014	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013	September 30, 2013
	(In thousands)			
Commercial real estate	\$2,559	\$10,770	\$15,753	\$18,826
Construction and land development	27,731	32,682	35,063	36,131
Multi-family	835	835	835	989
Single family residence	13	31	186	26
Total OREO, net	31,138	44,318	51,837	55,972
Other foreclosed assets	9,386	9,503	4,054	_
Total foreclosed assets	\$40,524	\$53,821	\$55,891	\$55,972

Foreclosed assets decreased \$13.3 million during the third quarter of 2014 as a result of sales of \$8.6 million and write downs of \$4.7 million.

### Performing Restructured Loans

Non-PCI performing restructured loans increased by \$0.6 million during the third quarter of 2014 to \$34.3 million at September 30, 2014. The increase was attributable primarily to \$2.7 million in additions, offset partially by \$2.3 million in payoffs. At September 30, 2014, we had \$19.2 million in real estate mortgage loans, \$9.1 million in real estate construction loans, \$5.9 million in commercial loans, and \$120,000 in consumer loans that were accruing interest under the terms of troubled debt restructurings.

The majority of the performing restructured loans were on accrual status prior to the loan modifications and have remained on accrual status after the loan modifications due to the borrowers making payments before and after the restructurings. In these circumstances, generally, a borrower may have had a fixed-rate loan that they continued to repay, but may be having cash flow difficulties. In an effort to work with certain borrowers, we have agreed to interest rate reductions and/or interest-only payments for a period of time. In these cases, we do not forgive principal or extend the maturity date as part of the loan modification. As a result of the current economic environment, we anticipate loan restructurings to continue.

### PCI Delinquent and Nonaccrual Loans

Loans accounted for as PCI are generally considered accruing and performing loans as the loans accrete their discount to interest income over the estimated life of the loan when cash flows are reasonably estimable. Accordingly, PCI loans that are contractually past due are still considered to be accruing and performing loans. If the timing and amount of future cash flows is not reasonably estimable, the loans are classified as nonaccrual loans and interest income is not recognized until the timing and amount of future cash flows can be reasonably estimated. As of September 30, 2014, there are \$27.7 million of PCI loans on nonaccrual status and included in the delinquency table below.

The following table presents a summary of the borrowers' underlying payment status of PCI loans as of the dates indicated:

	September 30, 2014	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013	September 30, 2013
	(In thousands)			
Current	\$309,129	\$319,074	\$326,152	\$368,487
30 to 89 days past due	3,685	29,610	4,784	16,321
90 days or more past due	38,565	49,752	51,860	47,949
Total	\$351,379	\$398,436	\$382,796	\$432,757

Deposits
The following table presents the balance of each major category of deposits at the dates indicated:

$\mathcal{C}$ 1	J	0 1		1					
	September 30	), 2014		June 30, 2014			December 31	, 2013	
Deposit Category:	Amount	% of Total		Amount	% of Total		Amount	% of Total	
	(Dollars in th		s)						
Noninterest-bearing deposits	\$2,842,488	25	%	\$2,701,434	23	%	\$2,318,446	44	%
Interest checking deposits	683,014	6		587,418	5		620,622	12	
Money market deposits	1,721,563	15		1,688,773	14		1,458,910	28	
Savings deposits	759,893	6		760,553	7		218,638	4	
Total core deposits	6,006,958	52		5,738,178	49		4,616,616	88	
Time deposits under \$100,000	2,267,013	20		2,251,473	19		225,360	4	
Time deposits \$100,000 and over	3,249,466	28		3,678,146	32		439,011	8	
Total time deposits	5,516,479	48		5,929,619	51		664,371	12	
Total deposits	\$11,523,437	100	%	\$11,667,797	100	%	\$5,280,987	100	%

Total deposits decreased \$0.1 billion during the third quarter to \$11.5 billion at September 30, 2014, due to a decrease in time deposits of \$0.4 billion partially offset by an increase in core deposits of \$0.3 billion. The remaining unamortized purchase accounting premium on acquired CapitalSource Inc. time deposits as of September 30, 2014 was \$5.9 million with a weighted average life of eleven months. Organic core deposit growth was \$269 million in the third quarter, including \$85 million generated from CapitalSource Division borrowers.

The following table summarizes time deposits together with their weighted average contractual rate and estimated effective rate for the maturity horizons as of the date indicated:

	September 3						
	Time	Time			Estimated Effective Rate		
Motority	Deposits	Deposits	Total Time	Contractual			
Maturity:	Under	\$100,000	Deposits	Rate			
	\$100,000	or More			Rate		
	(Dollars in thousands)						
Due in three months or less	\$611,767	\$925,768	\$1,537,535	0.81%	0.65%		
Due in over three months through six months	539,313	735,895	1,275,208	0.77%	0.67%		
Due in over six months through twelve months	892,299	1,327,287	2,219,586	0.78%	0.72%		
Due in over 12 months through 24 months	152,307	179,141	331,448	1.01%	0.72%		
Due in over 24 months	71,327	81,375	152,702	0.97%	0.70%		
Total	\$2,267,013	\$3,249,466	\$5,516,479	0.80%	0.69%		

#### **Regulatory Matters**

#### Capital

Bank regulatory agencies measure capital adequacy through standardized risk-based capital guidelines that compare different levels of capital (as defined by such guidelines) to risk-weighted assets and off-balance sheet obligations. Banks and bank holding companies considered to be "well capitalized" must maintain a minimum Tier 1 leverage ratio of 5%, a minimum Tier 1 risk-based capital ratio of 6.0%, and a minimum total risk-based capital ratio of 10%. Regulatory capital requirements limit the amount of deferred tax assets that may be included when determining the amount of regulatory capital. Deferred tax asset amounts in excess of the calculated limit are deducted from regulatory capital. At September 30, 2014, such amount was \$178.6 million for the Company and \$1.0 million for the Bank. No assurance can be given that the regulatory capital deferred tax asset limitation will not increase in the future. See "New Capital Rules" below for information on the new capital standards effective January 1, 2015.

The following table presents regulatory capital requirements and our regulatory capital ratios as of the date indicated:

September 30, 2014					
Pacific	Pacific PacWest			Well	
Western		Bancorp		Capitaliz	zed
Bank	Consolidated		Requirement		
11.74	%	12.17	%	5.00	%
12.74		13.24		6.00	
13.44		16.24		10.00	
11.60		12.24		N/A	
	Pacific Western Bank 11.74 12.74 13.44	Pacific Western Bank 11.74 % 12.74 13.44	Pacific PacWest Western Bancorp Bank Consolidate 11.74 % 12.17 12.74 13.24 13.44 16.24	Pacific PacWest Western Bancorp Bank Consolidated 11.74 % 12.17 % 12.74 13.24 13.44 16.24	Pacific PacWest Well Western Bancorp Capitaliz Bank Consolidated Requirer 11.74 % 12.17 % 5.00 12.74 13.24 6.00 13.44 16.24 10.00

**Subordinated Debentures** 

The Company issued subordinated debentures to trusts that were established by us or entities we have acquired, which, in turn, issued trust preferred securities. The amount of subordinated debentures totaled \$433.5 million at September 30, 2014 and includes \$301.9 million of debentures acquired in connection with the CapitalSource Inc. merger. The Company includes in Tier 1 capital an amount of trust preferred securities equal to no more than 25% of the sum of all core capital elements, which is generally defined as shareholders' equity less goodwill, net of any related deferred income tax liability. At September 30, 2014, the amount of trust preferred securities included in Tier I capital was \$131.0 million, which is comprised of the trust preferred securities issued by us or bank holding companies we have acquired. The acquired CapitalSource Inc. trust preferred securities are ineligible for inclusion in Tier 1 capital but are included in Tier 2 capital. The \$131.0 million of trust preferred securities are currently grandfathered as Tier 1 capital under the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act. However, under new capital rules approved in July 2013 by the FRB and FDIC, as a result of the Company having exceeded \$15 billion in consolidated total assets, beginning in 2015, only 25% of the Company's \$131.0 million of trust preferred securities currently outstanding will be included in Tier 1 capital, and in 2016, none of the Company's trust preferred securities will be included in Tier 1 capital. Further, under such rules, trust preferred securities no longer included in the Company's Tier 1 capital may be included as a component of Tier 2 capital on a permanent basis without phase-out. See "-New Capital Rules" below. If the \$131 million of trust preferred securities are excluded from regulatory capital, we remain "well capitalized" at September 30, 2014.

### New Capital Rules

In July 2013, the Company's primary federal regulator, the FRB, and the Bank's primary federal regulator, the FDIC, approved final rules (the "New Capital Rules") establishing a new comprehensive capital framework for U.S. banking organizations. The New Capital Rules generally implement the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision's (the "Basel Committee") December 2010 final capital framework referred to as "Basel III" for strengthening international capital standards. The New Capital Rules substantially revise the risk-based capital requirements applicable to bank holding companies and their depository institution subsidiaries, including the Company and the Bank, as compared to the current U.S. general risk-based capital rules. The New Capital Rules revise the definitions and the components of regulatory capital, as well as address other issues affecting the numerator in banking institutions' regulatory capital ratios. The New Capital Rules also address asset risk weights and other matters affecting the denominator in banking institutions' regulatory capital ratios and replace the existing general risk-weighting approach, which was derived from the Basel Committee's 1988 "Basel I" capital accords, with a more risk-sensitive approach based, in part, on the "standardized approach" in the Basel Committee's 2004 "Basel II" capital accords. The New Capital Rules are effective for the Company and the Bank on January 1, 2015, subject to phase-in periods for certain of their components and other provisions. Our preliminary analysis indicates both the Company and the Bank will remain "well-capitalized" under the New Capital Rules.

Dividends on Common Stock and Interest on Subordinated Debentures

Bank holding companies, such as PacWest Bancorp, are required to notify the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System ("FRB") prior to declaring and paying a dividend to stockholders during any period in which quarterly and/or cumulative twelve-month net earnings are insufficient to fund the dividend amount, among other requirements. Interest payments made by the Company on subordinated debentures are considered dividend payments under FRB regulations.

### Liquidity Management

### Liquidity

The goals of our liquidity management are to ensure the ability of the Company to meet its financial commitments when contractually due and to respond to other demands for funds such as the ability to meet the cash flow requirements of customers who may be either depositors wanting to withdraw funds or borrowers who may need assurance that sufficient funds will be available to meet their credit needs. We have an Executive Management ALM Committee, or Executive ALM Committee, which is comprised of members of senior management and is responsible for managing balance sheet and off-balance sheet commitments to meet the needs of customers while achieving our financial objectives. Our Executive ALM Committee meets regularly to review funding capacities, current and forecasted loan demand, and investment opportunities.

The Company manages its liquidity by maintaining pools of liquid assets on-balance sheet, consisting of cash and due from banks, interest-earning deposits in other financial institutions and unpledged investment securities available-for-sale, which we refer to as our primary liquidity. In addition, we also maintain available borrowing capacity under secured borrowing lines with the FHLB SF and the Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco ("FRBSF"), which we refer to as our secondary liquidity. In addition to its secured lines of credit, the Bank also maintains unsecured lines of credit, subject to availability, of \$80.0 million with correspondent banks for purchase of overnight funds.

The following table provides a summary of the Bank's primary and secondary liquidity levels at the dates indicated:

	September 30, 2014		June 30, 201	4	December 31, 2013		
	(In thousands)						
Primary Liquidity-On-Balance Sheet:							
Cash and due from banks	\$145,463		\$243,583		\$96,424		
Interest-earning deposits at financial institutions	115,399		119,782		50,998		
Investment securities available-for-sale	1,539,681		1,552,115		1,494,745		
Less: pledged securities	(294,574	)	(327,432	)	(208,340	)	
Total primary liquidity	\$1,505,969		\$1,588,048		\$1,433,827		
Ratio of primary liquidity to total deposits	13.1	%	13.6	%	27.2	%	
	September 30, 2014 (In thousands)	2014 June 30, 20		14	4 December 31, 2013		
Secondary Liquidity-Off-Balance Sheet Available Secured	(III tilousalius)						
Borrowing Capacity:							
Total secured borrowing capacity with the FHLB SF	\$2,367,424		\$2,410,157		\$1,329,512		
Less: secured advances outstanding	(360,000	)	(150	)	(106,600	)	
Net secured borrowing capacity with the FHLB SF	2,007,424		2,410,007		1,222,912		
Secured credit line with the FRBSF	1,034,484		529,993		563,560		
Total secondary liquidity	\$3,041,908		\$2,940,000		\$1,786,472		
During the three months ended Sentember 30, 2014, the Ran	k'e primary liquid	litx	decreased \$9	27	1 million due to a		

During the three months ended September 30, 2014, the Bank's primary liquidity decreased \$82.1 million due to a \$98.1 million decrease in cash and due from banks offset partially by a \$20.4 million increase in unpledged investment securities available-for-sale. The Bank's secondary liquidity increased \$101.9 million during the third quarter due to a \$504.5 million increase in the borrowing capacity on the secured credit line with the FRBSF due to additional loans pledged as collateral, offset partially by a decline in available borrowings on the secured credit line with the FHLB SF due to an increase in outstanding borrowings.

At September 30, 2014, \$1.4 billion of certain qualifying loans were specifically pledged as collateral for the secured borrowing line maintained with the FRBSF. The FHLB SF borrowing lines are secured by a blanket lien on certain qualifying loans in our loan portfolio which are not pledged to the FRBSF.

In addition to our primary liquidity, we generate liquidity from cash flow from our amortizing loan and securities portfolios and from our large base of core customer deposits, defined as noninterest-bearing demand, interest checking, savings and money market accounts. At September 30, 2014, such deposits totaled \$6.0 billion and represented 52% of the Bank's total deposits. These core deposits are normally less volatile, often with customer relationships tied to other products offered by the Company promoting long-standing relationships and stable funding sources.

Deposits from our customers may decline if interest rates increase significantly or if corporate customers move funds from the Bank generally. In order to address the Bank's liquidity risk as deposit balances may fluctuate, the Bank maintains adequate levels of available liquidity.

The following table provides a summary of the Bank's core deposits at the dates indicated:

	September 30, 2 (In thousands)	September 30, 2014 June 30, 2014 (In thousands)			
Core Deposits:					
Noninterest-bearing demand	\$2,842,488	\$2,701,434	\$2,318,446		
Interest checking	683,014	587,418	620,622		
Money market deposits	1,721,563	1,688,773	1,458,910		
Savings deposits	759,893	760,553	218,638		
Total core deposits	\$6,006,958	\$5,738,178	\$4,616,616		

Our liquidity policy establishes various liquidity guidelines for the Bank. The policy includes guidelines for On-Balance Sheet Liquidity (a measurement of primary liquidity to total deposits), Coverage and Crisis Coverage Ratios (measurements of liquid assets to expected short-term liquidity required for the loan and deposit portfolios under normal and stressed conditions), Loan to Funding Ratio, Wholesale Funding Ratio, and other guidelines developed for measuring and maintaining liquidity. As of September 30, 2014, we were in compliance with all liquidity guidelines established in the liquidity policy.

We may use large denomination brokered time deposits, the availability of which is uncertain and subject to competitive market forces, for liquidity management purposes. At September 30, 2014, the Bank had \$288.2 million of brokered deposits. During the third quarter, the Company added \$200.0 million of brokered time deposits. Brokered time deposits under the Certificate of Deposit Account Registry Service Program ("CDARS Program") totaled \$48.2 million and \$49.4 million at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. The CDARS Program represents deposits that are participated with other FDIC insured financial institutions as a means to provide FDIC deposit insurance coverage for the full amount of our customers' deposits.

### **Holding Company Liquidity**

The primary sources of liquidity for the Company, on a stand-alone basis, include dividends from the Bank and our ability to raise capital, issue subordinated debt and secure outside borrowings. The ability of the Company to obtain funds for the payment of dividends to our stockholders and for other cash requirements is largely dependent upon the Bank's earnings. Pacific Western is subject to restrictions under certain federal and state laws and regulations that limit its ability to transfer funds to the Company through intercompany loans, advances or cash dividends.

Dividends paid by state banks, such as the Bank, are regulated by the California Department of Business Oversight ("DBO") under its general supervisory authority as it relates to a bank's capital requirements. A state bank may declare a dividend without the approval of the DBO as long as the total dividends declared in a calendar year do not exceed either the retained earnings or the total of net profits for three previous fiscal years less any dividends paid during such period. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, PacWest received \$15.0 million and \$81.0 million in dividends from the Bank. For the foreseeable future, any dividends from the Bank to the Company require DBO approval.

At September 30, 2014, the Company had, on a stand-alone basis, \$303.4 million in cash, of which the majority is on deposit at the Bank. We believe this amount of cash, along with anticipated dividends from the Bank, will be sufficient to fund the Company's cash flow needs over the next 12 months.

On October 1, 2014, we obtained an unsecured, variable-rate revolving line of credit in the amount of \$75 million with an expiration date of September 30, 2015. This borrowing facility provides additional available liquidity to the Company.

# **Contractual Obligations**

The following table summarizes the known contractual obligations of the Company as of September 30, 2014:

eptember 30, 2	014	•	•	
ue Within	Due in One to	Due in Three	Due After Five	Total
ne Year	Three Years	to Five Years	Years	Total
n thousands)				
5,028,332	\$420,562	\$59,775	\$1,146	\$5,509,815
60,000				360,000
,825	1,681	155	547,074	550,735
4,000	6,571	2,376	59	23,006
3,323	34,894	22,561	30,286	111,064
4,037				
, , ,	ue Within ne Year n thousands) 5,028,332 60,000 825 4,000 8,323	Three Years n thousands) 5,028,332 \$420,562 60,000 — 825 1,681 4,000 6,571 8,323 34,894	Due in One to Due in Three to Five Years to Housands)  5,028,332 \$420,562 \$59,775  60,000 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	ue Within ne Year         Due in One to Three Years         Due in Three Years         Due After Five Years           5,028,332         \$420,562         \$59,775         \$1,146           60,000         —         —         —           825         1,681         155         547,074           4,000         6,571         2,376         59           3,323         34,894         22,561         30,286