NEOGEN CORP Form 10-O October 08, 2009 **Table of Contents**

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE Х **ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended August 31, 2009.

or

•• TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE **ACT OF 1934** For the transition period from

to

Commission file number 0-17988

Neogen Corporation

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Michigan (State or other jurisdiction of

incorporation or organization)

Identification Number)

38-2367843

(IRS Employer

620 Lesher Place

Lansing, Michigan 48912

(Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)

(517) 372-9200

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

N/A

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES x NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer (see definition of accelerated filer and large accelerated filer in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act):

 Large accelerated filer
 "
 Accelerated filer
 x

 Non-accelerated filer
 " (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)
 Smaller Reporting Company
 "

 Indicate by check mark
 whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act):
 YES " NO x
 NO x

As of September 1, 2009, there were 14,842,000 shares of Common Stock outstanding.

NEOGEN CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

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PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) NEOGEN CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	August 31, 2009 (In thousands and per shat (Unaudited)	/ 1
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 23,564	\$ 13,842
Accounts receivable, less allowance of \$700 and \$600	24,094	23,363
Inventories	30,471	31,363
Deferred income taxes	200	200
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	2,874	2,998
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	81,203	71,766
NET PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT	17,265	17,058
OTHER ASSETS		
Goodwill	38.047	39,717
Other non-amortizable intangible assets	4,139	3,730
Customer based intangibles, net of accumulated amortization of \$3,080 and \$2,861	6,142	6,143
Other non-current assets, net of accumulated amortization of \$1,648 and \$1,663	4,777	3,762
	53,105	53,352
	\$ 151,573	\$ 142,176
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$ 5,383	\$ 3,909
Accrued compensation	2,079	2,519
Income taxes	3,314	667
Other accruals	1,620	2,151
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	12,396	9,246
DEFERRED INCOME TAXES	2,725	2,725
OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	1.552	1.526
	1,002	1,020
TOTAL LIABILITIES	4,277	4,251
STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY		
Preferred stock, \$1.00 par value, 100,000 shares authorized, none issued and outstanding		
Common stock, \$.16 par value, 30,000,000 shares authorized, 14,842,271 shares issued and outstanding at	0.055	0.050
August 31, 2009; 14,736,886 shares issued and outstanding at May 31, 2009	2,375	2,358

Additional paid-in capital	64,460	62,696
Accumulated other comprehensive income and minority interest	81	36
Retained earnings	67,984	63,589
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY	134,900	128,679
	\$ 151,573	\$ 142,176

See notes to interim consolidated financial statements

NEOGEN CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (UNAUDITED)

	En Augu 2009 (In thousa per share	Months ded 1st 31 <u>2008</u> nds, except amounts)
Net sales		\$ 28,805
Cost of goods sold	15,077	14,001
GROSS MARGIN	17,270	14,804
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Sales and marketing	5,972	5,619
General and administrative	2,890	2,580
Research and development	1,464	952
	10,326	9,151
OPERATING INCOME	6,944	5,653
OTHER INCOME		
Interest income	18	65
Other income	33	140
	51	205
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	6,995	5,858
INCOME TAXES	2,600	2,125
NET INCOME	\$ 4,395	\$ 3,733
NET INCOME PER SHARE		
Basic	\$.30	\$.26
Diluted	\$.29	\$.25

See notes to interim consolidated financial statements

NEOGEN CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (UNAUDITED)

	Common	Stock	Additional			
	Shares	Amount (In the	Paid-in Capital ousands excep	Other(1)	Retained Earnings ounts)	Total
Balance, June 1, 2009	14,736,886	\$ 2,358	\$ 62,696	\$ 36	\$ 63,589	\$ 128,679
Issuance of shares common stock under equity compensation plans,						
including \$342 of excess income tax benefit	97,638	16	1,605			1,621
Issuance of shares under employee stock purchase plan	7,747	1	159			160
Comprehensive income:						
Net income for the three months ended August 31, 2009					4,395	4,395
Foreign currency translation adjustments and other				45		45
Total comprehensive income (\$3,404 in the three months ended						
August 31, 2008)						4,440
Balance, August 31, 2009	14,842,271	\$ 2,375	\$ 64,460	\$ 81	\$ 67,984	\$ 134,900

(1) Other represents accumulated foreign currency adjustments of (\$318) and (\$430) at August 31, 2009 and May 31, 2009 and minority interest of \$399 and \$466 at August 31, 2009 and May 31, 2009, respectively.

See notes to interim consolidated financial statements

NEOGEN CORPORATION SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

	Three Months En August 31, 2009 20 (In thousands		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Net income	\$ 4,395	\$ 3,733	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	1.010	0.40	
Depreciation and amortization	1,012	948	
Share based compensation	525	474	
Income tax benefit from stock plan transactions	(342)	(119)	
Other	71	(329)	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of business acquisitions:	(700)	(1.017)	
Accounts receivable	(700)	(1,917)	
Inventories	910	(1,936)	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	127	296	
Accounts payable and accruals	3,132	1,685	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	9,130	2,835	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Purchases of property and equipment and other assets	(961)	(578)	
Payments for business acquisitions		(7,672)	
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(961)	(8,250)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Reductions of other long-term liabilities	(45)	(18)	
Net proceeds from issuance of common stock	1,256	698	
Excess income tax benefit from the exercise of stock options	342	119	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES	1,553	799	
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	9,722	(4,616)	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	13,842	14,270	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD	\$ 23,564	\$ 9,654	

See notes to interim consolidated financial statements

NEOGEN CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (generally accepted accounting principles) for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. The results of operations for the three month period ended August 31, 2009 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the fiscal year ending May 31, 2010. For more complete financial information, these consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the May 31, 2009 audited consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto included in the Company s annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended May 31, 2009.

Certain amounts in the prior year financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.

2. INVENTORIES

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost, determined on the first-in, first-out method, or market. The components of inventories follow:

	August 31, 2009	May 31, 2009
	(In thou	ısands)
Raw materials	\$ 11,322	\$ 11,183
Work-in-process	752	703
Purchased finished and finished goods	18,397	19,477
	\$ 30,471	\$ 31,363

3. NET INCOME PER SHARE

The calculation of net income per share follows:

	20 (In	Augu 009 1 thousa	onths Endeo gust 31, 2008 sands, excep re amounts)		
Numerator for basic and diluted net income per share:					
Net income	\$ 4	4,395	\$.	3,733	
Denominator:					
Denominator for basic net income per share weighted average shares	14	4,784	14	4,542	
Effect of dilutive stock options and warrants		473		489	
Denominator for diluted net income per share Net income per share:	15	5,257	1:	5,031	
Basic	\$.30	\$.26	
Diluted	\$.29	\$.25	

4. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company has two reportable segments: Food Safety and Animal Safety. The Food Safety segment produces and markets diagnostic test kits and related products used by food producers and processors to detect harmful natural toxins, drug residues, food borne bacteria, food allergens, pesticide residues, disease infections and levels of general sanitation. The Animal Safety segment is primarily engaged in the production and marketing of veterinary instruments, rodenticides and disinfectants and offers a complete line of consumable products to veterinarians and animal health product distributors.

These segments are managed separately because they represent strategic business units that offer different products and require different marketing strategies. The Company evaluates performance based on sales and operating income of the respective segments.

Segment information as of and for the three months ended August 31, 2009 and 2008 follows:

		Corporate			
	Food Safety	Animal Safety <i>(I</i> 1	Elim <i>thous</i>	and inations (1) ands)	Total
Fiscal 2010					
Net sales to external customers	\$ 17,476	\$ 14,871	\$		\$ 32,347
Operating income (reduction)	5,131	2,217		(404)	6,944
Total assets	\$ 63,125	\$ 67,431	\$	21,017	\$ 151,573
Fiscal 2009					
Net sales to external customers	\$ 15,549	\$ 13,256	\$		\$ 28,805
Operating income (reduction)	3,997	1,905		(249)	5,653
Total assets	\$ 62,982	\$61,539	\$	8,550	\$ 133,071

(1) Includes corporate assets, consisting principally of marketable securities, deferred assets and overhead expenses not allocated to specific business segments. Also includes the elimination of intersegment transactions and minority interests.

5. EQUITY COMPENSATION PLANS

Options are generally granted under the employee and director stock option plan for 5 years and become exercisable in varying installments. Certain non-qualified options are granted for 10 year periods. A summary of stock option activity during the three months ended August 31, 2009 follows:

		Weight	ed-Average
	Shares	Exer	<u>cise Price</u>
Options outstanding at June 1, 2009	1,409,511	\$	17.51
Granted	269,250		29.33
Exercised	(107,308)		13.39
Forfeited	(2,000)		18.71

Options outstanding at August 31, 20091,569,45319.81Options outstanding at August 31, 2009 had a weighted-average remaining contractual term of 4.0 years. At August 31, 2009, the aggregateintrinsic values of options outstanding and options exercisable were \$12,929,000 and \$7,193,000 respectively. The aggregate intrinsic value ofoptions exercised during the three month period ended August 31, 2009 was \$1,675,000. Exercise prices for options outstanding as ofAugust 31, 2009 ranged from \$3.33 to \$29.33. At August 31, 2009 there was \$4,199,000 of unrecognized compensation cost related tononvested stock option compensation arrangements granted under the plan. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-averageperiod of 2.6 years. During the three months ended August 31, 2009 and 2008 the Company recorded \$525,000 and \$474,000 of compensationexpense related to its share-based awards.

The grant date fair value of options granted during the three months ended August 31, 2009 using the Black-Scholes option pricing model was \$9.50 and was estimated using the following weighted-average assumptions:

Risk-free interest rate	2.0%
Expected dividend yield	0%
Expected stock price volatility	37.8%
Expected option life	4.0 years

The risk-free rate reflects the expected life of the option based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant. Expected volatilities are based on historical volatility of the Company s stock. The Company uses historical data related to option exercises and employee terminations to determine the expected option life.

The Company has 33,000 outstanding warrants that are exercisable for common stock. The warrants have lives of 5 years and were expensed at fair value upon issuance.

The Company has an Employee Stock Purchase plan that provides for employee stock purchases at a 5% discount to market as defined. The discount is expensed as of the date of purchase.

6. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In December 2007, SFAS No. 141 Business Combinations (revised 2007) (SFAS 141(R)) was issued. The revision is intended to converge rulemaking and reporting under U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) with international accounting rules. SFAS 141(R) establishes principles and requirements for how an acquirer in a business combination recognizes and measures in its financial statements the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities assumed, and any controlling interest; recognizes and measures the goodwill acquired in the business combination or a gain from a bargain purchase; and determines what information to disclose to enable users of the financial statements to evaluate the nature and financial effects of the business combination. SFAS 141(R) was adopted on June 1, 2009 and had no material impact on the Company s results of operations or financial position.

SFAS No. 160 requires all entities to report noncontrolling (minority) interests in subsidiaries as equity in the consolidated financial statements. Its intention is to eliminate the diversity in practice regarding the accounting for transactions between an entity and noncontrolling interests. The Company was required to adopt the provisions of both SFAS 141 (R) and SFAS 160 simultaneously at the beginning of fiscal 2010. SFAS 160

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was adopted on June 1, 2009, and did not have a material impact on the Company s results of operations or financial position.

In April 2009 the FASB issued FSP No. FAS 107-1: Disclosures about Fair Value of Financial Instruments to require disclosures about fair value of financial instruments for interim and annual reporting periods of publicly traded companies. The Company adopted FSP FAS 107-1 during the quarter ended in August 31, 2009. The statement did not have any impact on the Company s results of operations or financial position.

In May 2009, the FASB issued SFAS No. 165: Subsequent Events, which establishes general standards of accounting for and disclosure of events that occur after the balance sheet date but before the financial statements are issued or are available to be issued. It requires the disclosure of the date through which an entity has evaluated subsequent events and the basis for that date. SFAS No. 165 is effective for interim or annual financial periods ending after June 15, 2009. The adoption of this standard during the quarter ended August 31, 2009 did not have any impact on the Company's results of operations or financial position.

7. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The Company is subject to certain legal and other proceedings in the normal course of business. In the opinion of management the outcome of the legal matters will not have a material effect on its future results of operations or financial position.

8. BUSINESS AND PRODUCT LINE ACQUISITIONS

On June 30, 2008, Neogen Corporation purchased a disinfectant business from DuPont Animal Health Solutions. The products are used in animal health hygiene applications. Assets acquired include 14 different product formulations, associated registrations, patents, trademarks, and other intangibles. As a part of the acquisition the Company obtained the right to distribute certain other related DuPont products in North America. DuPont will distribute certain of the newly acquired Neogen products in other important international markets. Consideration for the purchase was \$7,000,000 with potential additional payments of up to \$5,000,000 based upon future revenues. The purchase price has been allocated to goodwill, customer based intangibles, trademarks and patents.

The above acquisition has been integrated into the Lexington, Kentucky operations and is expected to be a strong synergistic fit with the Company s Animal Safety product line. Results of operations have been included as of the date of acquisition.

On June 3, 2008, Neogen Corporation formed a subsidiary in Mexico, Neogen LatinoAmerica SPA to acquire its former distributor. The new business is 40% owned by Neogen Corporation s former Mexican distributor in Mexico, with the remainder owned by Neogen. The new company will distribute the Company s food and animal safety products throughout Mexico. The consideration of \$672,000 was allocated \$462,000 to current assets, \$30,000 to fixed assets and the remainder to intangible assets.

On May 4, 2009, Neogen Corporation acquired International Diagnostics Systems Corporation, a St. Joseph, Michigan based developer, manufacturer and marketer of test kits to detect drug residues in food and animal feed, and drugs in forensic and animal samples. International Diagnostic Systems reported sales of \$2 million in its most recently completed fiscal year prior to the acquisition. The preliminary allocation included net current assets of \$498,000 and intangible assets of \$2,964,000 (estimated useful lives of 5-15 years).

9. LONG TERM DEBT

The Company maintains a financing agreement with a bank (no amounts drawn at August 31, 2009 or May 31, 2009) providing for an unsecured revolving line of credit of \$10,000,000. The interest rate is LIBOR plus 125 basis points (rate under terms of the agreement was 1.51% at August 31, 2009). Financial covenants include maintaining specified funded debt to EBITDA and debt service ratios, each of which are complied with at August 31, 2009.

10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company is involved in environmental remediation and monitoring activities at its Randolph, Wisconsin manufacturing facility and accrues for related costs when such costs are determined to be probable and estimable. The Company is currently expensing annual costs of remediation of approximately \$90,000. The Company s estimated liability for this expense of \$916,000 at August 31, 2009 and May 31, 2009 is recorded within other long term liabilities in the consolidated balance sheet.

The Company is subject to certain legal and other proceedings in the normal course of business that, in the opinion of management, will not have a material effect on its future results of operations or financial position.

11. STOCK PURCHASE

In December 2008, the Company s Board of Directors rescinded an existing program and authorized a new program to purchase, subject to market conditions, up to 500,000 shares of the company s common stock. As of May 31, 2009, 49,789 cumulative shares had been purchased in negotiated and open market transactions for a total price, including commissions, of approximately \$923,000. There were no purchases in fiscal year 2010. Shares purchased under the program were retired.

12. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Pursuant to FASB Statement No. 165, Subsequent Events, the Company evaluated subsequent events after August 31, 2009 through the time of filing these Consolidated Financial Statements with the U.S. S.E.C. on October 8, 2009. The Company concluded that no material events or transactions occurred subsequent to August 31, 2009 that provided additional evidence about conditions that existed at August 31, 2009 or after that require adjustment to or disclosure in the Consolidated Financial Statements.

PART 1 FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Conditions and Results of Operations

The information in this Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations contains both historical financial information and forward-looking statements. Neogen does not provide forecasts of future performance. While management is optimistic about the Company s long-term prospects, historical financial information may not be indicative of future financial performance.

Safe Harbor and Forward-Looking Statements

Forward-looking statements, within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, are made throughout this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. For this purpose, any statements contained herein that are not statements of historical fact may be deemed to be forward looking statements. Without limiting the foregoing, the words believes, anticipates, plans, expects, seeks, estimates, and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. There are a number important factors, including competition, recruitment and dependence on key employees, impact of weather on agriculture and food production, identification and integration of acquisitions, research and development risks, patent and trade secret protection, government regulation and other risks detailed from time to time in the Company's reports on file at the Securities and Exchange Commission, that could cause Neogen Corporation's results to differ materially from those indicated by such forward-looking statements, including those detailed in this Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

In addition, any forward-looking statements represent management s views only as of the day this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q was first filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and should not be relied upon as representing management s views as of any subsequent date. While management may elect to update forward-looking statements at some point in the future, it specifically disclaims any obligation to do so, even if its views change.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The discussion and analysis of the Company s financial condition and results of operations are based on the consolidated financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The preparation of these financial statements requires that management make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. On an ongoing basis, management evaluates the estimates, including those related to receivable allowances, inventories and intangible assets. These estimates are based on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

The following critical accounting policies and estimates reflect management s more significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements:

Revenue Recognition

Revenue from sales of products is recognized at the time title of goods passes to the buyer and the buyer assumes the risks and rewards of ownership, which is generally at the time of shipment. Where right of return exists, allowances are made at the time of sale to reflect expected returns based on historical experience.

Accounts Receivable Allowance

Management attempts to minimize credit risk by reviewing customers credit history before extending credit and by monitoring credit exposure on a regular basis. An allowance for possible losses on accounts receivable is established based upon factors surrounding the credit risk of specific customers, historical trends and other information, such as changes in overall changes in customer credit and general credit conditions. Actual collections can differ from historical experience, and if economic or business conditions deteriorate significantly, adjustments to these reserves could be required.

Inventory

A reserve for obsolescence is established based on an analysis of the inventory taking into account the current condition of the asset as well as other known facts and future plans. The amount of reserve required to record inventory at lower of cost or market may be adjusted as condition s change. Product obsolescence may be caused by shelf life expiration, discontinuation of a product line, or replacement products in the market place or other competitive situations.

Valuation of Intangible Assets and Goodwill

Management assesses goodwill and other non-amortizable intangible assets for possible impairment on no less often than an annual basis. This test was performed in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2009 and it was determined that no impairment exists. In the event of changes in circumstances that indicate the carrying value of these assets may not be recoverable, management will make an assessment at any time. Factors that could cause an impairment review to take place would include:

Significant underperformance relative to expected historical or projected future operating results.

Significant changes in the use of acquired assets or strategy of the Company.

Significant negative industry or economic trends.

When management determines that the carrying value of intangible assets may not be recoverable based on the existence of one or more of the above indicators of impairment, the carrying value of the reporting unit s net assets is compared to the projected discounted cash flows of the reporting unit using a discount rate commensurate with the risk inherent in the Company s current business model. If the carrying amounts of these assets are not recoverable based upon a discounted cash flow analysis, such assets are reduced by the estimated shortfall of fair value to recorded value. Changes to the discount rate or projected cash flows used in the analysis can have a significant impact on the results of the impairment test.

Equity Compensation Plans

Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 123(R), Share-Based Payment , (SFAS 123(R)) addresses the accounting for share-based employee compensation. Further information on the Company s equity compensation plans, including inputs used to determine fair value of options is disclosed in Note 5 to the interim consolidated financial statements. SFAS 123(R) requires that share options awarded to employees and shares of stock awarded to employees under certain stock purchase plans are recognized as compensation expense based on their fair value at grant date. The fair market value of options granted under the Company s stock option plans was estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model using assumptions for inputs such as interest rates, expected dividends, volatility measures and specific

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employee exercise behavior patterns based on statistical data. Some of the inputs used are not market-observable and have to be estimated or derived from available data. Use of different estimates would produce different option values, which in turn would result in higher or lower compensation expense recognized.

To value options, several recognized valuation models exist. None of these models can be singled out as being the best or most correct one. The model applied is able to handle some of the specific features included in the options granted, which is the reason for its use. If a different model were used, the option values would differ despite using the same inputs. Accordingly, using different assumptions coupled with using a different valuation model could have a significant impact on the fair value of employee stock options. Fair value could be either higher or lower than the ones produced by the model applied and the inputs used.

New Accounting Pronouncements

See note 6 to Interim Consolidated Financial Statements.

Results of Operations

Executive Overview

Neogen Corporation revenues increased by 12% in the first quarter of FY-10 to \$32.3 million as compared to \$28.8 million in the first quarter of FY-09. Food Safety sales increased by 12% and Animal Safety sales increased by 12%, in comparison with the first quarter of the prior year. Overall Animal Safety sales were aided by the revenues that resulted from the disinfectant business acquired from DuPont, in July of 2008 and from the International Diagnostics Systems acquisition in May of 2009. The Food Safety Segment reported a 12% increase in organic revenue while the Animal Safety Segment reported a 4% increase in organic sales. Sales to international markets were 41% of total revenues. Gross margins increased from 51% to 53% and operating margins increased from 20% to 22%. The increase in gross margins was a result of favorable changes in product mix that included an increased percentage of diagnostic product sales.

Revenues

Three Months Ended August 31, 2009 Compared to Three Months Ended August 31, 2008

	Three Months Ended August 31 In			Increase	
	2009	2008	(De	crease)	%
	(In	thousands ex	ccept p	percents)	
Food Safety					
Natural Toxins, Allergens & Drug Residues	\$ 9,639	\$ 8,038	\$	1,601	19.9
Bacteria & General Sanitation	4,683	4,551		132	2.9
Dehydrated Culture Media & Other	3,154	2,960		194	6.6
	17,476	15,549		1,927	12.4
Animal Safety					
Life Science & Equine Vaccines	2,450	1,837		613	33.4
Rodenticides & Disinfectants	5,629	4,874		755	15.5
Veterinary Instruments & Other	6,792	6,545		247	3.8
	14,871				
		13,256		1,615	12.2
Total Revenues	\$ 32,347	\$ 28,805	\$	3,542	12.3

During the first quarter of FY-10, Food Safety revenue was entirely organic and increased 12% in comparison with FY-09. Natural Toxin, Allergen and Drug Residue sales increased by 20%, in comparison with the prior year. Sales increases were led by the more than 30% increase in sales of dairy antibiotic diagnostics. Diagnostic tests for allergens increased by 25% with growth in sales of test kits to detect milk, egg, almond and gluten residues. Food processors continue to expand routine testing procedures to help prevent inadvertent contamination from reaching food allergic consumers. Tests for natural toxins grew by 10% in comparison with FY-09 with strong increases in Deoxynivalenol

(DON) and histamine test kit sales. DON test kit increases came largely due to reports of high levels of mold toxin DON in harvested grain in isolated pockets of the United States and continued market acceptance of the Company s new test system. Histamine is a toxin produced in certain types of harvested fish, especially tuna, if

they are improperly stored. Sales of diagnostic products for bacteria and general sanitation increased 3% in comparison with the prior year. Soleris product lines continued their expansion but with modest growth in comparison with FY-09. Sales of dehydrated culture media and other products increased by 7% over the prior year as the Company gained several new customers in this competitive market.

During the first quarter of FY-10, Animal Safety revenues increased by 12% overall in comparison with FY-09. Life Science and Equine vaccines increased by 33% in comparison with FY-09. This included exceptional growth of 60% in two of the Company s veterinary biologics: BotVax[®] B, an equine botulism vaccine, and EqStim[®], an immune system stimulant. Rodenticide and disinfectant Sales increased by 15% in comparison with FY-09 following the July 2008 acquisition of the cleaners and disinfectants business. The added DuPont products lines have proven to be a strong synergistic fit within the Animal Safety product segment. Veterinary instrument and other sales increased by 4% in comparison with the prior year and included an approximately 60% increase in Neogen s vitamin injectibles that are used primarily for prevention and treatment of vitamin deficiencies in cattle and sheep. Sales of products through over-the-counter distributor channels were led by strong increases in products to treat wounds, leg and foot conditions. The Company s Ideal Instruments brand, including disposable needles and syringes, also had a solid quarter with sales growth of 11% compared to the previous year s first quarter.

Gross margins increased from 51.4% in the first quarter of FY-09 to 53.4% in FY-10. This resulted from a change in product mix that included a greater percentage of diagnostic products. Operating margins in the first quarter increased from 19.6% of sales in FY-09 to 21.5% in FY-09 as a result of gains achieved in the gross margins. Operating expense controls sales and marketing expenses as a percentage of revenues decreased from 19.5% to 18.5%. General and administrative expenses decreased slightly from 9.0% of revenues to 8.9%. The decrease in sales and marketing as a percentage of revenues is the direct effect of the acquisitions during the year that contributed revenue dollars without commensurate increase in distribution costs. Absolute dollar increase of \$310,000 in the quarter in general and administrative expense, growing \$512,000 in absolute dollars, increased as a percent of revenues from 3.3% to 4.5%. This planned increase in research and development efforts is needed to support the existing products, to increase the supply of future products in key markets and support the Company s goal to achieve \$200 million in revenues by 2014.

Financial Condition and Liquidity

Net cash proceeds of \$1,256,000 were realized with the exercise of 105,000 stock options and issuance of shares under the Employee Stock Purchase Plan during the first quarter of FY-10. While accounts receivable grew to accommodate increases in operations, inventories decreased under regimented inventory reduction efforts. \$9,130,000 in cash was generated from operations during the first fiscal quarter of 2010. Inflation and changing prices are not expected to have a material effect on operations, as the management believes it has and will be successful in offsetting increased input cost with price increases.

Management believes that the Company s existing cash balances at August 31, 2009, along with available borrowings under its credit facility and cash expected to be generated from future operations, will be sufficient to fund activities for the foreseeable future. However, existing cash and borrowing capacity may not be sufficient to meet the Company s cash requirements to commercialize products currently under development or its plans to acquire other organizations, technologies or products that fit within the Company s mission statement. Accordingly, the Company may choose to issue equity securities or enter into other financing arrangements for a portion of its future financing needs.

PART 1 FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

The Company has moderate interest rate and foreign exchange rate risk exposure and no long-term fixed rate investments or borrowings. Primary interest rate risk is due to potential fluctuations of interest rates for variable rate borrowings.

Foreign exchange risk exposure arises because the Company markets and sells its products throughout the world. It therefore could be affected by weak economic conditions in foreign markets that could reduce demand for its products. Additionally, sales in certain foreign countries as well as certain expenses related to those sales are transacted in currencies other than the U.S. Dollar. The Company s operating results are primarily exposed to changes in exchange rates between the U.S. Dollar, the British Pound Sterling and the Euro. When the U.S. Dollar weakens against foreign currencies, the dollar value of sales denominated in foreign currencies increases. When the U.S. Dollar strengthens, the opposite situation occurs. Additionally, previously recognized sales in the course of collection can be affected positively or negatively by changes in exchange rates. The Company uses derivative financial instruments to help manage the economic impact of fluctuations in certain currency exchange rates. These contracts are adjusted to fair value through earnings.

Neogen has assets, liabilities and operations outside of the United States that are located primarily in Ayr, Scotland where the functional currency is the British Pound Sterling. The Company s investment in its foreign subsidiary is considered long-term.

PART 1 FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 4. Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

An evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company s disclosure controls and procedures as of August 31, 2009 was carried out under the supervision and with the participation of the Company s management, including the Chairman & Chief Executive Officer and the Vice President & Chief Financial Officer (the Certifying Officers). Based on that evaluation, the Certifying Officers concluded that the Company s disclosure controls and procedures are effective to bring to the attention of the Company s management the relevant information necessary to permit an assessment of the need to disclose material developments and risks pertaining to the Company s business in its periodic filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. There was no change to the company s internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended August 31, 2009 that materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company s internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. Legal Proceedings

The Company is subject to certain legal and other proceedings in the normal course of business. In the opinion of management, the outcome of the legal matters will not have a material effect on its future results of operations or financial position.

ITEM 6. Exhibits

(a) Exhibit Index

- 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a 14 (a).
- 31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a 14 (a).
- 32 Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. sections 1350.
- Items 1A, 2, 3, 4 and 5 are not applicable and have been omitted.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

NEOGEN CORPORATION (Registrant)

Dated: October 8, 2009

/s/ JAMES L. HERBERT James L. Herbert Chairman & Chief Executive Officer

Dated: October 8, 2009

/s/ RICHARD R. CURRENT Richard R. Current Vice President & Chief Financial Officer