UNITED BANCORP INC /OH/ Form 10-Q May 13, 2011

submit and post such files). "Yes "No

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-O

(Mark One)	FORM 10-Q
x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO	13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the quarterly period ended	March 31, 2011
	OR
"TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SE	ECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE ACT
For the transition period fromt	0
Commission File Number: 0-165	540
U	INITED BANCORP, INC.
(Exact name	of registrant as specified in its charter)
Ohio (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	34-1405357 (IRS Employer Identification No.)
	Martins Ferry, Ohio 43935-0010 cipal executive offices)
) 633-0445 number, including area code)
(Former name, former address and for	N/A rmer fiscal year, if changed since last report)
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the pro-	(1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the eceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.
Yes x No "	
	has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§

232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See definition of "accelerated filer", "large accelerated filer," and "small reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer " Accelerated filer " Non-accelerated filer " Smaller Reporting Company x

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act)

Yes " No x

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of the issuer's classes of common stock as of the latest practicable date: As of May 10, 2011, 5,342,370 shares of the Company's common stock, \$1.00 par value, were issued and outstanding.

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ITEM 1. Financial Statements

United Bancorp, Inc. Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (In thousands, except share data)

	March 31, 2011 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2010
Assets		
Cash and due from banks	\$5,162	\$ 5,006
Interest-bearing demand deposits	13,042	5,929
Cash and cash equivalents	18,204	10,935
	1.602	2.564
Certificates of deposit in other financial institutions	1,682	2,564
Available-for-sale securities	100,683	96,155
Held-to-maturity securities	4,545	6,331
Loans, net of allowance for loan losses of \$2,521 and \$2,740 at March 31, 2011 and		25.025
December 31, 2010, respectively	274,553	276,037
Premises and equipment	9,707	9,278
Federal Home Loan Bank stock	4,810	4,810
Foreclosed assets held for sale, net	2,035	1,912
Intangible assets	513	543
Accrued interest receivable	1,519	1,441
Deferred income taxes	828	801
Bank-owned life insurance	10,491	10,401
Other assets	2,506	2,227
Total assets	\$432,076	\$ 423,435
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Liabilities		
Deposits		
Demand	\$135,623	\$ 131,600
Savings	55,142	52,463
Time	140,085	141,383
Total deposits	330,850	325,446
C1 1 1	15 (07	11 042
Short-term borrowings	15,687	11,843
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	43,329	43,450
Subordinated debentures	4,000	4,000
Interest payable and other liabilities	2,459	3,115
Total liabilities	396,325	387,854
Stockholders' Equity		
Stockholders' Equity Preferred stock, no par value, authorized 2,000,000 shares; no shares issued		
Common stock, \$1 par value; authorized 10,000,000 shares; issued 5,370,304 shares	5 270	5,370
Common stock, \$1 par value, authorized 10,000,000 snares; issued 5,5/0,304 snares	5,370	3,370

Additional paid-in capital	19,382		20,133	
Retained earnings	16,046		15,308	
Stock held by deferred compensation plan; 2011 – 182,907 shares, 2010 – 176,392 share	es (1,710)	(1,657)
Unearned ESOP compensation	(2,234)	(2,311)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(764)	(707)
Treasury stock, at cost 2011 – 27,934 shares, 2010 – 45,717 shares	(339)	(555)
Total stockholders' equity	35,751		35,581	
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$432,076	\$	3 423,435	
Total nuomities and stockholders equity	$\psi = 32,070$	4	123,133	

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

United Bancorp, Inc. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 (In thousands, except per share data) (Unaudited)

Interest and Dividend Income		2011	2010
Securities 349 809 Taxable 302 409 Federal funds sold 6 11 Dividends on Federal Home Loan Bank and other stock 63 126 Total interest and dividend income 5,038 5,530 Interest Expense 777 1,272 Borrowings 479 532 Total interest expense 1,256 1,804 Net Interest Income 3,782 3,726 Provision for Loan Losses 648 360 Net Interest Income After Provision for Loan Losses 3,134 3,366 Noninterest Income 8 360 Noninterest Income 444 533 Realized gains on sales of loans as securities 370 — Realized gains on sales of loans 30 13 Realized losses on sales of loans 30 13 Realized poins on sales of loans 30 13 Total noninterest income 1,064 776 Noninterest Expense Salaries and employce benefits 1,753 1,	Interest and Dividend Income		
Taxable 349 809 Non-taxable 302 409 Federal funds sold 6 11 Dividends on Federal Home Loan Bank and other stock 63 126 Total interest and dividend income 5,038 5,530 Interest Expense 777 1,272 Deposits 777 1,272 Borrowings 479 532 Total interest expense 1,256 1,804 Net Interest Income 3,782 3,726 Provision for Loan Losses 648 360 Net Interest Income After Provision for Loan Losses 3,134 3,366 Noninterest Income 2 533 Service charges on deposit accounts 44 533 Realized gains on sales of securities 370 — Realized gains on sales of loans 30 13 Realized Josses on sales of other real estate and repossessed assets — (3) Other income 220 233 Total noninterest income 1,064 776		\$4,318	\$4,175
Non-taxable 302 409 Federal funds sold 6 11 Dividends on Federal Home Loan Bank and other stock 63 126 Total interest and dividend income 5,038 5,530 Interest Expense 777 1,272 Deposits 777 1,272 Borrowings 479 532 Total interest expense 1,256 1,804 Net Interest Income 3,782 3,726 Provision for Loan Losses 648 360 Net Interest Income After Provision for Loan Losses 3,134 3,366 Noninterest Income 2 3,134 3,366 Noninterest Income 444 533 533 Service charges on deposit accounts 444 533 533 Realized gains on sales of securities 370 — 62 3 Realized gains on sales of loans 30 13 62 1 1 Realized gains on sales of other real estate and repossessed assets — (3) 0 <td< td=""><td></td><td>349</td><td>809</td></td<>		349	809
Federal funds sold 6 11 Dividends on Federal Home Loan Bank and other stock 63 126 Total interest and dividend income 5,038 5,530 Interest Expense 777 1,272 Deposits 777 1,272 Borrowings 479 532 Total interest expense 1,256 1,804 Net Interest Income 3,782 3,726 Provision for Loan Losses 648 360 Net Interest Income After Provision for Loan Losses 3,134 3,366 Noninterest Income 8 360 Noninterest Income 8 30 1 Service charges on deposit accounts 444 533 8 Realized gains on sales of securities 370 — Realized Jains on sales of other real estate and repossessed assets — (3) Other income 220 233 Total noninterest income 1,064 776 Noninterest Expense 1,755 1,755 Salaries and employee benefits			
Dividends on Federal Home Loan Bank and other stock 63 126 Total interest and dividend income 5,038 5,530 Interest Expense 777 1,272 Borrowings 479 532 Total interest expense 1,256 1,804 Net Interest Income 3,782 3,726 Provision for Loan Losses 648 360 Net Interest Income After Provision for Loan Losses 3,134 3,366 Noninterest Income 8 533 Realized gains on sales of securities 370 — Service charges on deposit accounts 444 533 Realized gains on sales of securities 370 — Realized gains on sales of other real estate and repossessed assets — (3) Other income 220 233 Total noninterest income 1,064 776 Noninterest Expense 5 1,753 1,755 Salaries and employee benefits 1,753 1,755 Occupancy and equipment 450 425 Professional se			
Total interest and dividend income 5,038 5,530			
Interest Expense 777 1,272 Borrowings 479 532 Total interest expense 1,256 1,804 Net Interest Income 3,782 3,726 Provision for Loan Losses 648 360 Net Interest Income After Provision for Loan Losses 3,134 3,366 Noninterest Income 8 53 Service charges on deposit accounts 444 533 Realized gains on sales of securities 370 — Realized Josses on sales of loans 30 13 Realized Josses on sales of other real estate and repossessed assets — (3) Other income 220 233 Total noninterest income 1,064 776 Noninterest Expense Salaries and employee benefits 1,753 1,755 Occupancy and equipment 450 425 Professional services 186 188 FDIC insurance 62 95 Franchise and other taxes 118 131 Advertising 62 93 <td>21 1 100 100 on 1 000 100 2000 2000 2000 1000 1000 100</td> <td></td> <td>120</td>	21 1 100 100 on 1 000 100 2000 2000 2000 1000 1000 100		120
Interest Expense 777 1,272 Borrowings 479 532 Total interest expense 1,256 1,804 Net Interest Income 3,782 3,726 Provision for Loan Losses 648 360 Net Interest Income After Provision for Loan Losses 3,134 3,366 Noninterest Income 8 53 Service charges on deposit accounts 444 533 Realized gains on sales of securities 370 — Realized Josses on sales of loans 30 13 Realized Josses on sales of other real estate and repossessed assets — (3) Other income 220 233 Total noninterest income 1,064 776 Noninterest Expense Salaries and employee benefits 1,753 1,755 Occupancy and equipment 450 425 Professional services 186 188 FDIC insurance 62 95 Franchise and other taxes 118 131 Advertising 62 93 <td>Total interest and dividend income</td> <td>5,038</td> <td>5,530</td>	Total interest and dividend income	5,038	5,530
Deposits Borrowings 777 1,272 borrowings 479 532 Total interest expense 1,256 1,804 Net Interest Income 3,782 3,726 Provision for Loan Losses 648 360 Net Interest Income After Provision for Loan Losses 3,134 3,366 Noninterest Income \$\$\$\$ Service charges on deposit accounts 444 533 Realized gains on sales of securities 370 Realized Josses on sales of loans 30 13 Realized losses on sales of other real estate and repossessed assets (3) Other income 220 233 Total noninterest income 1,064 776 Noninterest Expense \$\$\$\$ Salaries and employee benefits 1,753 1,755 Occupancy and equipment 450 425 Professional services 186 188 FDIC insurance 62 95 Franchise and other taxes 118 131 Advertising 62 93 Stationary and office supplies <		2,020	2,220
Deposits Borrowings 777 1,272 borrowings 479 532 Total interest expense 1,256 1,804 Net Interest Income 3,782 3,726 Provision for Loan Losses 648 360 Net Interest Income After Provision for Loan Losses 3,134 3,366 Noninterest Income \$\$\$\$ Service charges on deposit accounts 444 533 Realized gains on sales of securities 370 Realized Josses on sales of loans 30 13 Realized losses on sales of other real estate and repossessed assets (3) Other income 220 233 Total noninterest income 1,064 776 Noninterest Expense \$\$\$\$ Salaries and employee benefits 1,753 1,755 Occupancy and equipment 450 425 Professional services 186 188 FDIC insurance 62 95 Franchise and other taxes 118 131 Advertising 62 93 Stationary and office supplies <	Interest Expense		
Borrowings 479 532 Total interest expense 1,256 1,804 Net Interest Income 3,782 3,726 Provision for Loan Losses 648 360 Net Interest Income After Provision for Loan Losses 3,134 3,366 Noninterest Income 200 233 Service charges on deposit accounts 444 533 Realized gains on sales of securities 370 — Realized gains on sales of loans 30 13 Realized losses on sales of other real estate and repossessed assets — (3) Other income 220 233 Total noninterest income 1,064 776 Noninterest Expense Salaries and employee benefits 1,753 1,755 Occupancy and equipment 450 425 Professional services 186 188 FDIC insurance 87 102 Insurance 62 95 Franchise and other taxes 118 131 Advertising 62 93 <	•	777	1,272
Total interest expense 1,256 1,804 Net Interest Income 3,782 3,726 Provision for Loan Losses 648 360 Net Interest Income After Provision for Loan Losses 3,134 3,366 Noninterest Income Service charges on deposit accounts 444 533 Realized gains on sales of securities 370 — Realized gains on sales of loans 30 13 Realized losses on sales of other real estate and repossessed assets — (3) Other income 220 233 Total noninterest income 1,064 776 Noninterest Expense Salaries and employee benefits 1,753 1,755 Occupancy and equipment 450 425 Professional services 186 188 FDIC insurance 87 102 Insurance 62 95 Franchise and other taxes 118 131 Advertising 62 93 Stationary and office supplies 45 59 Amortization of i			
Net Interest Income 3,782 3,726 Provision for Loan Losses 648 360 Net Interest Income After Provision for Loan Losses 3,134 3,366 Noninterest Income - - Service charges on deposit accounts 444 533 Realized gains on sales of securities 370 — Realized gains on sales of loans 30 13 Realized losses on sales of other real estate and repossessed assets — (3) Other income 220 233 Total noninterest income 1,064 776 Noninterest Expense Salaries and employee benefits 1,753 1,755 Occupancy and equipment 450 425 Professional services 186 188 FDIC insurance 87 102 Insurance 62 95 Franchise and other taxes 118 131 Advertising 62 93 Stationary and office supplies 45 59 Amortization of intangibles 30			
Net Interest Income 3,782 3,726 Provision for Loan Losses 648 360 Net Interest Income After Provision for Loan Losses 3,134 3,366 Noninterest Income - - Service charges on deposit accounts 444 533 Realized gains on sales of securities 370 — Realized gains on sales of loans 30 13 Realized losses on sales of other real estate and repossessed assets — (3) Other income 220 233 Total noninterest income 1,064 776 Noninterest Expense Salaries and employee benefits 1,753 1,755 Occupancy and equipment 450 425 Professional services 186 188 FDIC insurance 87 102 Insurance 62 95 Franchise and other taxes 118 131 Advertising 62 93 Stationary and office supplies 45 59 Amortization of intangibles 30	Total interest expense	1.256	1.804
Provision for Loan Losses 648 360 Net Interest Income After Provision for Loan Losses 3,134 3,366 Noninterest Income Service charges on deposit accounts 444 533 Realized gains on sales of securities 370 — Realized gains on sales of loans 30 13 Realized losses on sales of other real estate and repossessed assets — (3) Other income 220 233 Total noninterest income 1,064 776 Noninterest Expense Salaries and employee benefits 1,753 1,755 Occupancy and equipment 450 425 Professional services 186 188 FDIC insurance 87 102 Insurance 62 95 Franchise and other taxes 118 131 Advertising 62 93 Stationary and office supplies 45 59 Amortization of intangibles 30 25		,	,
Provision for Loan Losses 648 360 Net Interest Income After Provision for Loan Losses 3,134 3,366 Noninterest Income Service charges on deposit accounts 444 533 Realized gains on sales of securities 370 — Realized gains on sales of loans 30 13 Realized losses on sales of other real estate and repossessed assets — (3) Other income 220 233 Total noninterest income 1,064 776 Noninterest Expense Salaries and employee benefits 1,753 1,755 Occupancy and equipment 450 425 Professional services 186 188 FDIC insurance 87 102 Insurance 62 95 Franchise and other taxes 118 131 Advertising 62 93 Stationary and office supplies 45 59 Amortization of intangibles 30 25	Net Interest Income	3,782	3.726
Net Interest Income After Provision for Loan Losses 3,134 3,366 Noninterest Income		- ,	- ,
Net Interest Income After Provision for Loan Losses 3,134 3,366 Noninterest Income	Provision for Loan Losses	648	360
Noninterest Income 444 533 Service charges on deposit accounts 370 — Realized gains on sales of securities 370 — Realized gains on sales of loans 30 13 Realized losses on sales of other real estate and repossessed assets — (3) Other income 220 233 Total noninterest income 1,064 776 Noninterest Expense Salaries and employee benefits 1,753 1,755 Occupancy and equipment 450 425 Professional services 186 188 FDIC insurance 87 102 Insurance 62 95 Franchise and other taxes 118 131 Advertising 62 93 Stationary and office supplies 45 59 Amortization of intangibles 30 25			
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Service charges on deposit accounts 444 533 Realized gains on sales of securities 370 — Realized gains on sales of loans 30 13 Realized losses on sales of other real estate and repossessed assets — (3) Other income 220 233 Total noninterest income 1,064 776 Noninterest Expense 1,753 1,755 Salaries and employee benefits 1,753 1,755 Occupancy and equipment 450 425 Professional services 186 188 FDIC insurance 87 102 Insurance 62 95 Franchise and other taxes 118 131 Advertising 62 93 Stationary and office supplies 45 59 Amortization of intangibles 30 25		2,-2	-,
Service charges on deposit accounts 444 533 Realized gains on sales of securities 370 — Realized gains on sales of loans 30 13 Realized losses on sales of other real estate and repossessed assets — (3) Other income 220 233 Total noninterest income 1,064 776 Noninterest Expense 1,753 1,755 Salaries and employee benefits 1,753 1,755 Occupancy and equipment 450 425 Professional services 186 188 FDIC insurance 87 102 Insurance 62 95 Franchise and other taxes 118 131 Advertising 62 93 Stationary and office supplies 45 59 Amortization of intangibles 30 25	Noninterest Income		
Realized gains on sales of securities 370 — Realized gains on sales of loans 30 13 Realized losses on sales of other real estate and repossessed assets — (3) Other income 220 233 Total noninterest income 1,064 776 Noninterest Expense 5 1,753 1,755 Occupancy and employee benefits 1,753 1,755 Occupancy and equipment 450 425 Professional services 186 188 FDIC insurance 87 102 Insurance 62 95 Franchise and other taxes 118 131 Advertising 62 93 Stationary and office supplies 45 59 Amortization of intangibles 30 25		444	533
Realized gains on sales of loans 30 13 Realized losses on sales of other real estate and repossessed assets — (3) Other income 220 233 Total noninterest income 1,064 776 Noninterest Expense 5 1,753 1,755 Occupancy and employee benefits 1,753 1,755 Occupancy and equipment 450 425 Professional services 186 188 FDIC insurance 87 102 Insurance 62 95 Franchise and other taxes 118 131 Advertising 62 93 Stationary and office supplies 45 59 Amortization of intangibles 30 25		370	
Realized losses on sales of other real estate and repossessed assets — (3) Other income 220 233 Total noninterest income 1,064 776 Noninterest Expense *** *** Salaries and employee benefits 1,753 1,755 Occupancy and equipment 450 425 Professional services 186 188 FDIC insurance 87 102 Insurance 62 95 Franchise and other taxes 118 131 Advertising 62 93 Stationary and office supplies 45 59 Amortization of intangibles 30 25			
Other income 220 233 Total noninterest income 1,064 776 Noninterest Expense		_	(3)
Total noninterest income 1,064 776 Noninterest Expense 776 Salaries and employee benefits 1,753 1,755 Occupancy and equipment 450 425 Professional services 186 188 FDIC insurance 87 102 Insurance 62 95 Franchise and other taxes 118 131 Advertising 62 93 Stationary and office supplies 45 59 Amortization of intangibles 30 25	•	220	` ′
Noninterest Expense Salaries and employee benefits 1,753 1,755 Occupancy and equipment 450 425 Professional services 186 188 FDIC insurance 87 102 Insurance 62 95 Franchise and other taxes 118 131 Advertising 62 93 Stationary and office supplies 45 59 Amortization of intangibles 30 25			
Noninterest Expense Salaries and employee benefits 1,753 1,755 Occupancy and equipment 450 425 Professional services 186 188 FDIC insurance 87 102 Insurance 62 95 Franchise and other taxes 118 131 Advertising 62 93 Stationary and office supplies 45 59 Amortization of intangibles 30 25	Total noninterest income	1,064	776
Salaries and employee benefits 1,753 1,755 Occupancy and equipment 450 425 Professional services 186 188 FDIC insurance 87 102 Insurance 62 95 Franchise and other taxes 118 131 Advertising 62 93 Stationary and office supplies 45 59 Amortization of intangibles 30 25		,	
Salaries and employee benefits 1,753 1,755 Occupancy and equipment 450 425 Professional services 186 188 FDIC insurance 87 102 Insurance 62 95 Franchise and other taxes 118 131 Advertising 62 93 Stationary and office supplies 45 59 Amortization of intangibles 30 25	Noninterest Expense		
Occupancy and equipment 450 425 Professional services 186 188 FDIC insurance 87 102 Insurance 62 95 Franchise and other taxes 118 131 Advertising 62 93 Stationary and office supplies 45 59 Amortization of intangibles 30 25		1,753	1,755
Professional services 186 188 FDIC insurance 87 102 Insurance 62 95 Franchise and other taxes 118 131 Advertising 62 93 Stationary and office supplies 45 59 Amortization of intangibles 30 25	• •		
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Stationary and office supplies 45 59 Amortization of intangibles 30 25			
Amortization of intangibles 30 25	-		
Ç			
	Core processing conversion expenses		

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Other expenses	494	498
Total noninterest expense	3,294	3,371
Income Before Federal Income Taxes	904	771
Provision for Federal Income Taxes	166	88
Net Income	\$738	\$683
Basic Earnings Per Share	\$0.15	\$0.14
Diluted Earnings Per Share	\$0.15	\$0.14
Dividends per share	\$0.14	\$0.14

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

United Bancorp, Inc. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 (In thousands) (Unaudited)

	2011	2010
Net Income	\$738	\$683
Other comprehensive income, net of related tax effects:		
Unrealized holding gains on securities during the period, net of taxes of \$94 and \$347 in		
2011 and 2010, respectively	183	674
Reclassification adjustment for realized gains included in income, net of taxes of \$123	(240) —
Comprehensive Income	\$681	\$1,357
Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income	\$(764) \$167
See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements		
5		

United Bancorp, Inc. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 (In thousands) (Unaudited)

	2011		2010	
Operating Activities				
Net income	\$738		\$683	
Items not requiring (providing) cash				
Depreciation and amortization	240		195	
Amortization of intangible asset	30		25	
Provision for loan losses	648		360	
Amortization of premiums and discounts on securities, net	(22)	34	
Gain on sale of loans	(30)	(13)
Gain on sale of securities	(370)		
Increase in value of bank-owned life insurance	(90)	(101)
Amortization of mortgage servicing rights	5		6	
Originations of loans held for sale	(2,126)	(906)
Proceeds from sale of loans held for sale	2,156		919	
Loss on sale of foreclosed assets			3	
Expense related to share-based compensation plans	88		52	
Net change in accrued interest receivable and other assets	(390)	(398)
Net change in accrued expenses and other liabilities	(656)	(461)
Net cash provided by operating activities	221		398	
Investing Activities				
Securities available for sale:				
Maturities, prepayments and calls	3,688		15,043	
Purchases	(16,807)	(5,989)
Proceeds from maturity of held-to-maturity securities	1,495			
Proceeds from sale of held-to-maturity securities	302			
Proceeds from sale of available for sale securities	8,886			
Net change in loans	652		(3,077)
Net changes in certificates of deposit in other financial institutions	882		6,303	
Proceeds from sale of foreclosed assets	90		20	
Purchases of premises and equipment	(668)	(143)
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(1,480)	12,157	

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

United Bancorp, Inc. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (continued) For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 (In thousands) (Unaudited)

	2011	2010
Financing Activities		
Net change in deposits	\$5,404	\$445
Net change in short-term borrowings	3,844	3,720
Net change in long-term debt	(121) (253)
Cash dividends paid	(744) (737)
Proceeds from purchase of shares by Dividend Reinvestment Plan	118	103
Shares purchased for deferred compensation plan	27	50
Net cash provided by financing activities	8,528	3,328
Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	7,269	15,883
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Period	10,935	31,271
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Period	\$18,204	\$47,154
Supplemental Cash Flows Information		
Interest paid on deposits and borrowings	\$1,305	\$1,817
Supplemental Disclosure of Non-Cash Investing and Financing Activities		
Transfers from loans to foreclosed real estate and other repossessed assets	\$213	\$104
Unrealized (loss) gains on securities designated as available for sale, net of related tax		
effects	\$(57) \$674

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

United Bancorp, Inc.
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2011 and 2010

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

These interim financial statements are prepared without audit and reflect all adjustments which, in the opinion of management, are necessary to present fairly the financial position of United Bancorp, Inc. ("Company") at March 31, 2011, and its results of operations and cash flows for the interim periods presented. All such adjustments are normal and recurring in nature. The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the instructions for Form 10-Q and, therefore, do not purport to contain all the necessary financial disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America that might otherwise be necessary in the circumstances and should be read in conjunction with the Company's consolidated financial statements and related notes for the year ended December 31, 2010 included in its Annual Report on Form 10-K. Reference is made to the accounting policies of the Company described in the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements contained in its Annual Report on Form 10-K. The results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2011, are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year. The condensed consolidated balance sheet of the Company as of December 31, 2010 has been derived from the audited consolidated balance sheet of the Company as of that date.

Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of United Bancorp, Inc. ("United" or "the Company") and its wholly-owned subsidiary, The Citizens Savings Bank of Martins Ferry, Ohio ("the Bank" or "Citizens"). The Company operates in two divisions, The Community Bank, a division of The Citizens Savings Bank and The Citizens Bank, a division of The Citizens Savings Bank. All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

Nature of Operations

The Company's revenues, operating income, and assets are almost exclusively derived from banking. Accordingly, all of the Company's banking operations are considered by management to be aggregated in one reportable operating segment. Customers are mainly located in Athens, Belmont, Carroll, Fairfield, Harrison, Hocking, Jefferson, and Tuscarawas Counties and the surrounding localities in northeastern, east-central and southeastern Ohio, and include a wide range of individuals, businesses and other organizations. The Citizens Bank division conducts its business through its main office in Martins Ferry, Ohio and twelve branches in Bridgeport, Colerain, Dellroy, Dillonvale, Dover, Jewett, New Philadelphia, St. Clairsville East, St. Clairsville West, Sherrodsville, Strasburg, and Tiltonsville, Ohio. The Community Bank division conducts its business through its main office in Lancaster, Ohio and seven offices in Amesville, Glouster, Lancaster, and Nelsonville, Ohio. The Company's primary deposit products are checking, savings, and term certificate accounts, and its primary lending products are residential mortgage, commercial, and installment loans. Substantially all loans are secured by specific items of collateral including business assets, consumer assets and real estate and are not considered "sub prime" type loans. The targeted lending areas of our bank operations encompass four separate metropolitan areas, minimizing the risk to changes in economic conditions in the communities housing the Company's 20 branch locations.

United Bancorp, Inc. Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2011 and 2010

Commercial loans are expected to be repaid from cash flow from operations of businesses. Real estate loans are secured by both residential and commercial real estate. Net interest income is affected by the relative amount of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities and the interest received or paid on these balances. The level of interest rates paid or received by the Company can be significantly influenced by a number of environmental factors, such as governmental monetary and fiscal policies, that are outside of management's control.

Use of Estimates

To prepare financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, management makes estimates and assumptions based on available information. These estimates and assumptions affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and the disclosures provided and future results could differ. The allowance for loan losses and fair values of financial instruments are particularly subject to change.

Loans

Loans that management has the intent and ability to hold for the foreseeable future or until maturity or payoff are reported at their outstanding principal balances adjusted for any charge-offs, the allowance for loan losses and any unamortized deferred fees or costs on originated loans.

For loans amortized at cost, interest income is accrued on the unpaid principal balance. Loan origination fees, net of certain direct origination costs, as well as premiums and discounts, are deferred and amortized as a level yield adjustment over the respective term of the loan.

The accrual of interest on mortgage and commercial loans is discontinued at the time the loan is 90 days past due unless the credit is well-secured and in process of collection. Past due status is based on contractual terms of the loan. In all cases, loans are placed on nonaccrual or charged off at an earlier date if collection of principal or interest is considered doubtful.

All interest accrued but not collected for loans that are placed on nonaccrual or charged off is reversed against interest income. The interest on these loans is accounted for on the cash-basis or cost-recovery method, until qualifying for return to accrual. Loans are returned to accrual status when all the principal and interest amounts contractually due are brought current and future payments are reasonably assured.

Allowance for Loan Losses

The allowance for loan losses is established as losses are estimated to have occurred through a provision for loan losses charged to income. Loan losses are charged against the allowance when management believes the uncollectibility of a loan balance is confirmed. Subsequent recoveries, if any, are credited to the allowance.

The allowance for loan losses is evaluated on a monthly basis by management and the Citizens Board of Directors and is based upon management's periodic review of the collectibility of the loans in light of historical experience, the nature and volume of the loan portfolio, adverse situations that may affect the borrower's ability to repay, estimated value of any underlying collateral and prevailing economic conditions. This evaluation is inherently subjective as it requires estimates that are susceptible to significant revision as more information becomes available.

United Bancorp, Inc.
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2011 and 2010

The allowance consists of allocated and general components. The allocated component relates to loans that are classified as impaired, an allowance is established when the discounted cash flows (or collateral value or observable market price) of the impaired loan is lower than the carrying value of that loan. The general component covers nonclassified loans and is based on historical charge-off experience and expected loss given default derived from the Company's internal risk rating process. Other adjustments may be made to the allowance for pools of loans after an assessment of internal or external influences on credit quality that are not fully reflected in the historical loss or risking rating data.

A loan is considered impaired when, based on current information and events, it is probable that the Company will be unable to collect the scheduled payments of principal or interest when due according to the contractual terms of the loan agreement. Factors considered by management in determining impairment include payment status, collateral value and the probability of collecting scheduled principal and interest payments when due. Loans that experience insignificant payment delays and payment shortfalls generally are not classified as impaired. Management determines the significance of payment delays and payment shortfalls on a case-by-case basis, taking into consideration all of the circumstances surrounding the loan and the borrower, including the length of the delay, the reasons for the delay, the borrower's prior payment record and the amount of the shortfall in relation to the principal and interest owed. Impairment is measured on a loan-by-loan basis for commercial and construction loans by either the present value of expected future cash flows discounted at the loan's effective interest rate, the loan's obtainable market price or the fair value of the collateral if the loan is collateral dependent.

Groups of loans with similar risk characteristics are collectively evaluated for impairment based on the group's historical loss experience adjusted for changes in trends, conditions and other relevant factors that affect repayment of the loans. Accordingly, the Company does not separately identify individual consumer and residential loans for impairment measurements, unless such loans are the subject of a restructuring agreement due to financial difficulties of the borrower.

United Bancorp, Inc. Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2011 and 2010

Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per common share is computed based upon the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period, less shares in the ESOP which are unallocated and not committed to be released and non-vested restricted stock. At March 31, 2011 and 2010, the ESOP held 236,356 and 259,996 unallocated shares, respectively, which were not included in weighted-average common shares outstanding. In addition at March 31, 2011 and 2010, the Company has 170,000 and 180,000 shares, respectively, of non vested restricted stock, which were not included in weighted-average common shares outstanding. Diluted earnings per common share include the dilutive effect of additional potential common shares issuable under the Company's stock compensation plans.

	Three months ended March 31,			nded	
		2011		,	2010
Basic					
Net income (In thousands)	\$	738		\$	683
Dividends on non-vested restricted stock		(24)		(25)
Net earnings allocated to stockholders	\$	714		\$	658
Weighted average common shares outstanding		4,753,95	55		4,665,937
Basic earnings per common share	\$	0.15		\$	0.14
Diluted					
Net earnings allocated to stockholders	\$	714		\$	658
Weighted average common shares outstanding for basic earnings per common share		4,753,95	55		4,665,937
Add: Dilutive effects of assumed exercise of stock options and restricted stock		18,263			16,512
Average shares and dilutive potential common shares		4,772,21	8		4,682,449
Diluted earnings per common share	\$	0.15		\$	0.14

Options to purchase 53,714 shares of common stock at a weighted-average exercise price of \$10.34 per share were outstanding at both March 31, 2011 and 2010, but were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share because the options' exercise price was greater than the average market price of the common shares.

United Bancorp, Inc.
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2011 and 2010

Income Taxes

The Company is subject to income taxes in the U.S. federal jurisdiction, as well as various state jurisdictions. Tax regulations within each jurisdiction are subject to the interpretation of the related tax laws and regulations and require significant judgment to apply. With few exceptions, the Company is no longer subject to U.S. federal, state and local income tax examinations by tax authorities for the years before 2007.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

FASB Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2010-20, Receivables: Disclosures about the Credit Quality of Financing Receivables and the Allowance for Credit Losses (Topic 310), issued on July 21, 2010, concerns improved disclosures regarding the credit quality in a financial institution's loan portfolio. The guidance requires additional disaggregation of the credit portfolio by portfolio segment and class of receivable, a revised roll forward of the allowance for credit losses, presentation of the credit portfolio by credit quality indicators, an aging schedule of past due receivables, disclosure of troubled debt restructurings and purchases and sales of receivables by portfolio segment. The period-end disclosures were effective for periods ending on or after December 15, 2010 (December 31, 2010 for the Company). The activity disclosures are effective for periods beginning on or after December 15, 2010 (January 1, 2011 for the Company). The Company adopted FASB ASU 2010-20 as required, without a material effect on the Company's financial condition or results of operations.

FASB ASU 2011-02, Receivables (Topic 310), A Creditor's Determination of Whether a Restructuring Is a Troubled Debt Restructuring, issued in April 2011, amends Subtopic 310-40 to clarify existing guidance related to a creditor's evaluation of whether a restructuring of debt is considered a troubled debt restructuring. The amendments add additional clarity in determining whether a creditor has granted a concession and whether a debtor is experiencing financial difficulties. The updated guidance and related disclosure requirements are effective for financial statements issued for the first interim or annual period beginning on or after June 15, 2011, and should be applied retroactively to the beginning of the annual period of adoption. Early adoption is permitted. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the guidance on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements.

FASB ASU 2011-03, Transfers and Servicing (Topic 860), Reconsideration of Effective Control for Repurchase Agreements, issued in April 2011, improves the accounting for repurchase agreements and other agreements that both entitle and obligate a transferor to repurchase or redeem financial assets before their maturity. The updated guidance is effective for the first interim or annual period beginning on or after December 15, 2011 and should be applied prospectively. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the guidance on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements.

United Bancorp, Inc. Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2011 and 2010

Note 2: Securities

The amortized cost and approximate fair values, together with gross unrealized gains and losses of securities are as follows:

	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains (In the	Gross Unrealized Losses ousands)	Approximate Fair Value
Available-for-sale Securities:		· ·	,	
March 31, 2011				
U.S. government agencies	\$75,735	\$79	\$(449	\$ 75,365
State and political subdivisions	24,900	404		25,304
Equity securities	4	10	_	14
	\$100,639	\$493	\$(449	\$ 100,683
Available-for-sale Securities:				
December 31, 2010:				
U.S. government agencies	\$61,908	\$53	\$(728	\$ 61,233
State and political subdivisions	25,008	315	(28	25,295
Government sponsored entities mortgage-backed securities	9,105	509	_	9,614
Equity securities	4	9		13
	\$96,025	\$886	\$(756	\$ 96,155
13				

United Bancorp, Inc. Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2011 and 2010

		Gross	Gross	
	Amortized	Unrealized	Unrealized	Approximate
	Cost	Gains	Losses	Fair Value
		(In the	ousands)	
Held-to-maturity Securities:				
March 31, 2011:				
State and political subdivisions	\$4,545	\$169	\$	\$ 4,714
December 31, 2010:				
State and political subdivisions	\$6,331	\$179	\$	\$ 6,510

The amortized cost and fair value of available-for-sale securities and held-to-maturity securities at March 31, 2011, by contractual maturity, are shown below. Expected maturities will differ from contractual maturities because issuers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

		Available-for-sale			Held-to-n		naturity	
	Amortized Fair		Fair	Amortized		Fair		
		Cost		Value	Cost			Value
				(In thous	and	s)		
Within one year	\$	60	\$	60	\$	110	\$	110
One to five years		15,846		15,917		2,083		2,182
Five to ten years		35,330		35,568		2,352		2,422
After ten years		49,399		49,124				
•		100,635		100,669		4,545		4,714
Equity securities		4		14				
Totals	\$	100,639	\$	100,683	\$	4,545	\$	4,714

The carrying value of securities pledged as collateral, to secure public deposits and for other purposes, was \$59.3 million and \$66.4 million at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively.

United Bancorp, Inc. Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2011 and 2010

Gains and losses on the sale of securities are recorded on the trade date and are determined using the specific identification method. Information with respect to sales of securities and resulting gross realized gains and losses was as follows:

		Three months ended March 31,			
	2011	2010			
	(In th	nousands)			
Proceeds from sale	\$ 9,188	\$ —			
Gross gains	370				
Gross losses		_			

During the three months ended March 31, 2011 the Company sold one security with an amortized cost of \$295,000 resulting in a realized gain of approximately \$7,000 and is included in the table above under gross gains. This security was classified on the books as held to maturity and was sold due to a credit quality down grade of the municipality issuer.

Certain investments in debt securities are reported in the financial statements at an amount less than their historical cost. The total fair value of these investments at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, was \$39.5 million and \$35.7 million, which represented approximately 37% and 35%, respectively, of the Company's available-for-sale and held-to-maturity investment portfolio.

Based on evaluation of available evidence, including recent changes in market interest rates, credit rating information and information obtained from regulatory filings, management believes the declines in fair value for these securities are temporary.

Should the impairment of any of these securities become other-than-temporary, the cost basis of the investment will be reduced and the resulting loss recognized in net income in the period the other-than-temporary impairment is identified.

The following tables show the Company's investments' gross unrealized losses and fair value, aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010:

		March 31	, 2011			
	Less than	12 Months	12 Month	ns or More	To	otal
Description of		Unrealized		Unrealized		Unrealized
Securities	Fair Value	Losses	Fair Value	Losses	Fair Value	Losses
		(In thous	ands)			
U.S. Government agencies	\$39,491	\$(449) \$—	\$ —	\$39,491	\$(449)

United Bancorp, Inc. Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2011 and 2010

		December	31, 2010				
Less than 12 Months 12 Months or					To	otal	
Description of		Unrealized	1	Unrealized		Unrealized	l
Securities	Fair Value	Losses	Fair Value	Losses	Fair Value	Losses	
		(In thou	isands)				
U.S. Government agencies	\$33,215	\$(728) \$—	\$ —	\$33,215	\$(728)
State and political subdivisions	2,484	(28) —		2,484	(28)
_							
Total temporarily impaired							
securities	\$35,699	\$(756) \$—	\$	\$35,699	\$(756)

The unrealized losses on the Company's investments in U.S. Government agency and municipal securities were caused primarily by interest rate changes. The contractual terms of those investments do not permit the issuer to settle the securities at a price less than the amortized cost bases of the investments. Because the Company does not intend to sell the investments and it is not more likely than not the Company will be required to sell the investments before recovery of their amortized cost bases, which may be maturity, the Company does not consider those investments to be other-than-temporarily impaired at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010

Note 3: Loans and Allowance for Loan Losses

Categories of loans include:

	March 31,		December 3	
	2011			2010
	(In thousands)			s)
Commercial loans	\$	29,758	\$	32,153
Commercial real estate		139,705		136,369
Residential real estate		62,887		63,378
Installment loans		44,724		46,877
Total gross loans		277,074		278,777
Less allowance for loan losses		(2,521)		(2,740)
Total loans	\$	274,553	\$	276,037

United Bancorp, Inc. Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2011 and 2010

The activity in the allowance for loan losses was as follows:

	Three months ended March 31,					
	2011 2010					
	(In thousands)					
Beginning balance	\$ 2,740		\$	2,390		
Provision for loan losses	648			360		
Loans charged-off	(967)		(311)	
Recoveries of previous charge-offs	100 88					
Ending balance	\$ 2,521		\$	2,527		

A loan is considered impaired, in accordance with the impairment accounting guidance (ASC 310-10-35-16), when based on current information and events, it is probable the Company will be unable to collect all amounts due from the borrower in accordance with the contractual terms of the loan. Impaired loans include nonperforming commercial loans but also include loans modified in troubled debt restructurings where concessions have been granted to borrowers experiencing financial difficulties. These concessions could include a reduction in the interest rate on the loan, payment extensions, forgiveness of principal, forbearance or other actions intended to maximize collection.

Allowance for Loan Losses and Recorded Investment in Loans As of and for the period Ended March 31, 2011

		Commercial				
	Commercial	Real Estate	Installment	Residential	Unallocated	Total
		(In thous	ands)			
Allowance for loan losses:						
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 561	\$ 1,566	\$229	\$140	\$244	\$2,740
Provision charged to expense	196	479	131	(40)	(118)	648
Losses charged off	(388)	(321)	(217)	(41)		(967)
Recoveries	1	14	84	1		100
Balance, end of period	\$ 370	\$1,738	\$227	\$60	\$126	\$2,521
Ending balance: individually						
evaluated for impairment	\$ 89	\$ 1,497	\$—	\$56	\$	\$1,642
·						
Ending balance: collectively						
evaluated for impairment	\$ 281	\$ 241	\$227	\$4	\$126	\$879
•						
Loans:						
Ending balance: individually						
evaluated for impairment	\$ 370	\$5,073	\$ —	\$71	\$	\$5,514

Ending balance: collectively evaluated for impairment	\$ 29,388	\$134,632	\$44,724	\$62,816	\$ \$271,560
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United Bancorp, Inc. Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2011 and 2010

Allowance for Loan Losses and Recorded Investment in Loans As of and for the year Ended December 31, 2010

	Commercial	Commercia Real Estate (In thou	e Installment	Residential	Unallocated	Total
Allowance for loan losses:		Ì	,			
Balance, beginning of year	\$890	\$ 999	\$251	\$100	\$150	\$2,390
Provision charged to expense	(110) 1,339	296	197	94	1,816
Losses charged off	(256) (775) (579) (160)		(1,770)
Recoveries	37	3	261	3		304
Balance, end of year	\$ 561	\$1,566	\$229	\$140	\$244	\$2,740
Ending balance: individually						
evaluated for impairment	\$486	\$1,226	\$	\$60	\$	\$1,772
Ending balance: collectively						
evaluated for impairment	\$ 75	\$ 340	\$229	\$80	\$244	\$968
Loans:						
Ending balance: individually						
evaluated for impairment	\$1,184	\$5,852	\$	\$238	\$—	\$7,274
•						
Ending balance: collectively						
evaluated for impairment	\$ 30,969	\$ 130,517	\$46,877	\$63,140	\$	\$271,503
•		•	•	•		•
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$United\ Bancorp,\ Inc.$ Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2011 and 2010

The following tables show the portfolio quality indicators:

	March 31, 2011						
		Commercial	~				
Loan Class	Commercial	Real Estate	Residential	Installment			
		(In thou	isands)				
Pass Grade	\$ 26,421	\$ 126,131	\$ 62,638	\$ 44,717			
Special Mention	209	1,668	178	7			
Substandard	2,893	8,284	_				
Doubtful	235	3,622	71				
	\$ 29,758	\$ 139,705	\$ 62,887	\$ 44,724			
		December	31, 2010				
		Commercial		- 4			
Loan Class	Commercial	Commercial Real Estate	Residential	Installment			
Loan Class	Commercial	Commercial	Residential	Installment			
Loan Class Pass Grade	Commercial \$ 28,416	Commercial Real Estate	Residential	Installment \$ 46,877			
		Commercial Real Estate (In thou	Residential usands)				
Pass Grade	\$ 28,416	Commercial Real Estate (In thou	Residential asands) \$ 62,517				
Pass Grade Special Mention	\$ 28,416 134	Commercial Real Estate (In thou	Residential usands) \$ 62,517 623				
Pass Grade Special Mention Substandard	\$ 28,416 134	Commercial Real Estate (In thousand the state) (In thousand the state) \$ 122,795 1,141 12,198	Residential usands) \$ 62,517 623				

Loan Portfolio Aging Analysis As of March 31, 2011

	30-59 Days	60-89 Days	Greater				
	Past Due	Past Due	Than 90		Total Past		
	and	and	Days and	Non	Due and		Total Loans
	Accruing	Accruing	Accruing	Accrual	Non Accrual	Current	Receivable
				(In thousand	s)		
Commercial	\$164	\$68	\$121	\$236	\$ 589	\$29,169	\$29,758
Commercial real							
estate	94	62	51	2,927	3,134	136,571	139,705
Installment	372	136	15	128	651	44,073	44,724
Residential	625	230		1,382	2,237	60,650	62,887
Total	\$1,255	\$496	\$187	\$4,673	\$ 6,611	\$270,463	\$277,074

United Bancorp, Inc. Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2011 and 2010

Loan Portfolio Aging Analysis As of December 31, 2010

	30-59 Days Past Due and Accruing	60-89 Days Past Due and Accruing	Greater Than 90 Days and Accruing	Non Accrual	Total Past Due and Non Accrual	Current	Total Loans Receivable
				(In thousand	s)		
Commercial	\$265	\$201	\$25	\$300	\$ 791	\$31,362	\$32,153
Commercial real							
estate	567	525		3,163	4,255	132,114	136,369
Installment	421	159		240	820	46,057	46,877
Residential	529	279		823	1,631	61,747	63,378
Total	\$1,782	\$1,164	\$25	\$4,526	\$ 7,497	\$271,280	\$278,777

Impaired Loans as of and for the Period Ended March 31, 2011

	Recorded Balance	Unpaid Principal Balance	Specific Allowance (In thousands	Average Investment in Impaired Loans	Interest Income Recognized
Loans without a specific valuation allowance:					
Commercial	\$138	\$138	\$	\$ 328	\$1
Commercial real estate	1,305	1,305		1,246	14
Residential				39	
Installment				<u>—</u>	
	1,443	1,443		1,613	15
Loans with a specific valuation allowance:					
Commercial	232	232	89	449	3
Commercial real estate	3,768	3,768	1,497	4,557	28
Residential	71	71	56	116	
	4,071	4,071	1,642	5,122	31
Total:					
Commercial	\$370	\$370	\$89	\$ 777	\$4
Commercial real estate	\$5,073	\$5,073	\$1,497	\$ 5,803	\$42
Residential	\$71	\$71	\$56	\$ 155	\$ —
Installment	\$	\$	\$	\$ —	\$ —

United Bancorp, Inc. Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2011 and 2010

Impaired Loans as of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2010

				Average	
		Unpaid		Investment in	Interest
	Recorded	Principal	Specific	Impaired	Income
	Balance	Balance	Allowance	Loans	Recognized
			(In thousands	s)	_
Loans without a specific valuation allowance	:				
Commercial	\$518	\$518	\$	\$ 510	\$22
Commercial real estate	1,186	1,186	_	1,172	45
Residential	77	77		69	4
	1,781	1,781	_	1,751	71
Loans with a specific valuation allowance:					
Commercial	666	666	486	648	38
Commercial real estate	4,666	4,666	1,226	4,688	80
Residential	161	161	60	148	3
	5,493	5,493	1,772	5,484	121
Total:					
Commercial	\$1,184	\$1,184	\$486	\$ 1,158	\$60
Commercial real estate	\$5,852	\$5,852	\$1,226	\$ 5,860	\$125
Residential	\$238	\$238	\$60	\$ 217	\$7

Included in certain loan categories in the impaired loans are troubled debt restructurings that were classified as impaired. At March 31, 2011, the Company had approximately \$633,000 of commercial real estate loans that were modified in troubled debt restructurings and impaired. In addition to these amounts, the Company had troubled debt restructurings that were performing in accordance with their modified terms of approximately \$378,000 of commercial real estate loans. At December 31, 2010, the Company had approximately \$633,000 of commercial real estate loans that were modified in troubled debt restructurings and impaired. In addition to these amounts, the Company had troubled debt restructurings that were performing in accordance with their modified terms of approximately \$386,000 of commercial real estate loans.

United Bancorp, Inc.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2011 and 2010

Note 4: Benefit Plans

Pension expense includes the following:

Three months ended
March 31,
2011 2010
(In thousands)

\$ 76 \$ 67

Service cost	\$ 76		\$ 67	
Interest cost	43		45	
Expected return on assets	(60)	(58)
Amortization of prior service cost and net loss	20		21	
Pension expense	\$ 79		\$ 75	

Note 5:

Off-Balance-Sheet Activities

Some financial instruments, such as loan commitments, credit lines, letters of credit and overdraft protection, are issued to meet customer financing needs. These are agreements to provide credit or to support the credit of others, as long as conditions established in the contracts are met, and usually have expiration dates. Commitments may expire without being used. Off-balance-sheet risk to credit loss exists up to the face amount of these instruments, although material losses are not anticipated. The same credit policies are used to make such commitments as are used for loans, including obtaining collateral at exercise of the commitment.

A summary of the notional or contractual amounts of financial instruments with off-balance-sheet risk at the indicated dates is as follows:

	*			cember 31, 2010 s)
Commitments to extend credit	\$	12,453	\$	12,858
Commitment to originate loans		4,500		9,200
Overdraft program and ready reserve lines		29,137		29,189
Standby letters of credit		897		897

United Bancorp, Inc.
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2011 and 2010

Note 6:

Fair Value Measurements

The Company defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Company also utilizes a fair value hierarchy which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The standard describes three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities

Level Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis and recognized in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets, as well as the general classification of such instruments pursuant to the valuation hierarchy.

Available-for-sale Securities

Where quoted market prices are available in an active market, securities are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. The Company's equity securities are classified within Level 1 of the hierarchy. If quoted market prices are not available, the Company generally relies on prices obtained from independent pricing services or brokers. Securities measured with this valuation technique are generally classified as Level 2 of the hierarchy, and their fair values are estimated by using pricing models, quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics or discounted cash flows using significant inputs observable in the market. Examples of Level 2 securities include U.S. government agency bonds, mortgage-backed securities and state and political subdivision bonds. In certain cases where Level 1 or Level 2 inputs are not available, securities are classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy. The Company has no securities classified as Level 3 of the hierarchy.

United Bancorp, Inc. Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2011 and 2010

The following table presents the fair value measurements of assets recognized in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets measured at fair value on a recurring basis and the level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010:

		Fair Value Measurements Using						ıg	
			Quoted Prices						
			in	Active	Si	gnificant			
			Ma	arkets for		Other	Sig	nificant	
			Ic	dentical	O	bservable	Uno	bservable	
			1	Assets		Inputs]	nputs	
	F	air Value	(L	Level 1)	(Level 2)	(L	evel 3)	
				(In tho	usand	s)			
March 31, 2011									
U.S. government agencies	\$	75,365	\$		\$	75,365	\$		
State and political subdivisions		25,304		_		25,304			
Equity securities		14		14		_			
December 31, 2010									
U.S. government agencies	\$	61,233	\$		\$	61,233	\$	_	
State and political subdivisions		25,295		_		25,295			
Government sponsored entities									
mortgage-backed securities		9,614				9,614		_	
Equity securities		13		13		_			

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis and recognized in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets, as well as the general classification of such instruments pursuant to the valuation hierarchy.

Impaired Loans (Collateral Dependent)

Collateral dependent impaired loans consisted primarily of loans secured by nonresidential real estate. Management has determined fair value measurements on impaired loans primarily through evaluations of appraisals performed. Due to the nature of the valuation inputs, impaired loans are classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy.

United Bancorp, Inc. Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2011 and 2010

Mortgage Servicing Rights

Mortgage servicing rights, which are included in other assets, do not trade in an active, open market with readily observable prices. Accordingly, fair value is estimated using discounted cash flow models. Due to the nature of the valuation inputs, mortgage servicing rights are classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy.

Foreclosed Assets Held for Sale

25

Assets acquired through, or in lieu of, loan foreclosure are held for sale and are initially recorded at fair value (based on current appraised value) at the date of foreclosure, establishing a new cost basis. Subsequent to foreclosure, valuations are periodically performed by management and the assets are carried at the lower of carrying amount or fair value less cost to sell. Management has determined fair value measurements on other real estate owned primarily through evaluations of appraisals performed, and current and past offers for the other real estate under evaluation. Due to the nature of the valuation inputs, foreclosed assets held for sale are classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy.

The following table presents the fair value measurements of assets recognized in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis and the level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010.

		Fair Value Measurements Using						
		Quoted Prices						
		in	Active	Sig	gnificant			
		Ma	rkets for	(Other	Si	gnificant	
		Ic	lentical	Ob	Observable		Unobservable	
			Assets]	Inputs		Inputs	
F	air Value	(Level 1)		(L	(Level 2)		Level 3)	
			(In the	ousand	s)			
\$	3,105	\$		\$		\$	1,810	
	213		_		_		213	
\$	3,595	\$		\$		\$	3,595	
	215				_		215	
	238		_				238	
	\$	\$ 3,595 215	Fair Value (I \$ 3,105 213 \$ 3,595 215	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1) (In the state of the	Quoted Prices in Active Sig Markets for Identical Ob Assets (Level 1) (L (In thousand) \$ 3,105 \$ — \$ 213 — \$ 3,595 \$ — \$ 215 —	Quoted Prices in Active Significant Markets for Other Identical Assets Inputs (Level 1) (Level 2) (In thousands) \$ 3,105 \$	Quoted Prices in Active Significant Markets for Other Significant Identical Observable Understand Assets Inputs (Level 2) (In thousands) \$ 3,105 \$ — \$ — \$ — \$ 213 — — \$ — \$ 3,595 \$ — \$ — \$ — \$ 215 — — \$ —	

United Bancorp, Inc. Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2011 and 2010

The following table presents estimated fair values of the Company's financial instruments. The fair values of certain of these instruments were calculated by discounting expected cash flows, which involves significant judgments by management and uncertainties. Fair value is the estimated amount at which financial assets or liabilities could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. Because no market exists for certain of these financial instruments and because management does not intend to sell these financial instruments, the Company does not know whether the fair values shown below represent values at which the respective financial instruments could be sold individually or in the aggregate.

March 3	1, 2011	December :	31, 2010
Carrying Fair		Carrying	Fair
Amount	Value	Amount	Value
	(In thou	ısands)	
\$ 18,204	\$ 18,204	\$ 10,935	\$ 10,935
1,682	1,682	2,564	2,564
100,683	100,683	96,155	96,155
4,545	4,714	6,331	6,510
274,553	275,128	276,037	276,699
4,810	4,810	4,810	4,810
1,519	1,519	1,441	1,441
330,850	312,239	325,446	308,387
15,687	15,687	11,843	11,829
43,329	44,781	43,450	45,316
4,000	3,412	4,000	3,412
288	288	337	337
	Carrying Amount \$ 18,204 1,682 100,683 4,545 274,553 4,810 1,519 330,850 15,687 43,329 4,000	Amount Value (In thouse \$ 18,204 \$ 18,204 \$ 18,204 \$ 1,682 \$ 1,00,683 \$ 100,683 \$ 4,545 \$ 4,714 \$ 274,553 \$ 275,128 \$ 4,810 \$ 1,519 \$ 1,519 \$ 1,519 \$ 330,850 \$ 312,239 \$ 15,687 \$ 43,329 \$ 44,781 \$ 4,000 \$ 3,412	Carrying Amount Fair Value Amount (In thousands) Carrying Amount (In thousands) \$ 18,204 \$ 18,204 \$ 10,935 \$ 1,682 \$ 1,682 \$ 2,564 \$ 100,683 \$ 100,683 \$ 96,155 \$ 4,545 \$ 4,714 \$ 6,331 \$ 274,553 \$ 275,128 \$ 276,037 \$ 4,810 \$ 4,810 \$ 4,810 \$ 1,519 \$ 1,541 \$ 13,441 \$ 330,850 \$ 312,239 \$ 325,446 \$ 15,687 \$ 11,843 \$ 43,329 \$ 4,000 \$ 3,412 \$ 4,000

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instruments.

Cash and Cash Equivalents, Accrued Interest Receivable and Federal Home Loan Bank Stock

The carrying amounts approximate fair value.

United Bancorp, Inc.
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2011 and 2010

Certificates of Deposit in other Financial Institutions

The fair value of certificates of deposit in other financial institutions is estimated by discounting the future cash flows using the current rates at which similar certificates could be acquired from financial institutions with similar credit ratings and for the same remaining maturities. Certificates with similar characteristics were aggregated for purposes of the calculations.

Held-to-maturity Securities

Fair values equal quoted market prices, if available. If quoted market prices are not available, fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices of similar securities.

Loans

The fair value of loans is estimated by discounting the future cash flows using the current rates at which similar loans would be made to borrowers with similar credit ratings and for the same remaining maturities. Loans with similar characteristics were aggregated for purposes of the calculations.

Deposits

Deposits include demand deposits, savings accounts, NOW accounts and certain money market deposits. The carrying amount approximates fair value. The fair value of fixed-maturity time deposits is estimated using a discounted cash flow calculation that applies the rates currently offered for deposits of similar remaining maturities.

Interest Payable

The carrying amount approximates fair value.

Short-term Borrowings, Federal Home Loan Bank Advances and Subordinated Debentures

Rates currently available to the Company for debt with similar terms and remaining maturities are used to estimate the fair value of existing debt.

Commitments to Originate Loans, Letters of Credit and Lines of Credit

The fair value of commitments to originate loans is estimated using the fees currently charged to enter into similar agreements, taking into account the remaining terms of the agreements and the present creditworthiness of the counterparties. For fixed-rate loan commitments, fair value also considers the difference between current levels of interest rates and the committed rates. The fair values of letters of credit and lines of credit are based on fees currently charged for similar agreements or on the estimated cost to terminate or otherwise settle the obligations with the counterparties at the reporting date. Fair values of commitments were not material at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010.

United Bancorp, Inc. ITEM 2 Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discusses the financial condition of the Company as of March 31, 2011, as compared to December 31, 2010, and the results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2011, compared to the same period in 2010. This discussion should be read in conjunction with the interim condensed consolidated financial statements and related footnotes included herein.

Introduction

The Company's earnings in the first quarter of 2011 generated an annualized 0.69% return on average assets ("ROA") and an 8.26% return on average equity ("ROE"), compared to 0.61% ROA and 7.69% ROE for the three months ended March 31, 2010. Comparing the quarter ended March 31, 2011 to the first quarter of 2010, the Company's net interest margin increased to 4.18% from 4.00%, an increase of 18 basis points. In dollars, the Company's net interest income increased approximately \$56,000, due to an increase in earning assets and the net interest margin. Comparing the same periods, Customer Service Fees on deposits decreased \$89,000, due in part to changes in the way our overdraft program is structured as a result of pending regulatory guidance related to customer overdraft fees. The Company recognized a gain on sale of securities of \$370,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2011. The Company sold its government sponsored mortgage—backed securities portfolio to take advantage of the favorable rate environment on these short term investments and provide liquidity to restructure the Company's balance sheet to shift towards higher yielding loan relationships. On the expense side, the Company's 2011 earnings were affected by a period over period increase of \$288,000 in our provision for loan losses. The increase in the provision for loan losses was predicated primarily upon the economic challenges facing the banking industry.

Forward-Looking Statements

When used in this document, the words or phrases "will likely result," "are expected to," "will continue," "is anticipated," "estimated," "projected" or similar expressions are intended to identify "forward looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such statements are subject to certain risks and uncertainties including changes in economic conditions in the Bank's market areas, changes in policies by regulatory agencies, fluctuations in interest rates, demand for loans in the Bank's market areas and competition, that could cause actual results to differ materially from historical earnings and those presently anticipated or projected. Factors listed above could affect the Company's financial performance and could cause the Company's actual results for future periods to differ materially from any statements expressed with respect to future periods.

United Bancorp, Inc. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The Company is not aware of any trends, events or uncertainties that will have or are reasonably likely to have a material effect on its financial condition, results of operations, liquidity or capital resources except as discussed herein. The Company is not aware of any current recommendation by regulatory authorities that would have such effect if implemented except as discussed herein.

The Company does not undertake, and specifically disclaims any obligation, to publicly revise any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date such statements were made or to reflect the occurrence of anticipated or unanticipated events.

Current Economic Conditions

The current protracted economic decline continues to present financial institutions with circumstances and challenges which in some cases have resulted in large declines in the fair values of investments and other assets, constraints on liquidity and significant credit quality problems, including severe volatility in the valuation of real estate and other collateral supporting loans. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared using values and information currently available to the Company.

Given the volatility of current economic conditions, the values of assets and liabilities recorded in the financial statements could change rapidly, resulting in material future adjustments in asset values, the allowance for loan losses and capital that could negatively impact the Company's ability to meet regulatory capital requirements and maintain sufficient liquidity.

Critical Accounting Policies

Management makes certain judgments that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and footnotes. These estimates, assumptions and judgments are based on information available as of the date of the financial statements, and as this information changes, the financial statements could reflect different estimates, assumptions, and judgments.

The procedures for assessing the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses reflect our evaluation of credit risk after careful consideration of all information available to management. In developing this assessment, management must rely on estimates and exercise judgment regarding matters where the ultimate outcome is unknown such as economic factors, developments affecting companies in specific industries and issues with respect to single borrowers. Depending on changes in circumstances, future assessments of credit risk may yield materially different results, which may require an increase or a decrease in the allowance for loan losses.

The allowance is regularly reviewed by management and the board to determine whether the amount is considered adequate to absorb probable losses. This evaluation includes specific loss estimates on certain individually reviewed loans, statistical loss estimates for loan pools that are based on historical loss experience, and general loss estimates that are based on the size, quality and concentration characteristics of the various loan portfolios, adverse situations that may affect a borrower's ability to repay and current economic and industry conditions. Also considered as part of that judgment is a review of the Bank's trend in delinquencies and loan losses, and economic factors.

The allowance for loan losses is maintained at a level believed adequate by management to absorb probable loan losses inherent in the loan portfolio. Management's evaluation of the adequacy of the allowance is an estimate based

on management's current judgment about the credit quality of the loan portfolio. While the Company strives to reflect all known risk factors in its evaluation, judgment errors may occur.

United Bancorp, Inc. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Analysis of Financial Condition

Earning Assets – Loans

Our focus as a community bank is to meet the credit needs of the markets we serve. At March 31, 2011, gross loans were \$277.1 million, compared to \$278.8 million at December 31, 2010. The overall decrease in the loan portfolio was comprised of a \$942,000 increase in commercial and commercial real estate loans offset by decreases of \$2.2 million in installment loans and a \$491,000 decrease in residential lending loans since December 31, 2010.

Commercial and commercial real estate loans comprised 61.2% of total loans at March 31, 2011, compared to 60.5% at December 31, 2010. Commercial and commercial real estate loans have increased \$941,000, or 0.6% since December 31, 2010. The Company has originated and purchased participations in loans from other banks for out-of-area commercial and commercial real estate loans to benefit from consistent economic growth outside the Company's primary market area, but all within the state of Ohio.

Installment loans represented 16.1% of total loans at March 31, 2011, and 16.8% at December 31, 2010. This indirect lending type of financing carries somewhat more risk than real estate lending; however, it also provides for higher yields. Installment loans have decreased \$2.2 million, or 4.6%, since December 31, 2010. The targeted lending areas encompass four separate metropolitan areas, minimizing the risk to changes in economic conditions in the communities housing the Company's 20 banking locations. Indirect installment loans are approximately 75.2% and 70.5% of the installment loan portfolio as of March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

Real estate loans were 22.7% of total loans at March 31, 2011 and 22.7% at December 31, 2010. Real estate loans have decreased by \$491,000 since December 31, 2010. Real estate lending for the three months ended March 31, 2011 has been slow with respect to the Company's adjustable-rate mortgage products. As of March 31, 2011, the Bank has approximately \$23.9 million in fixed-rate loans that have been sold in the secondary market. The Company continues to service these loans for a fee that is typically 25 basis points. At March 31, 2011, the Company did not hold any loans for sale.

The allowance for loan losses totaled \$2.5 million at March 31, 2011, which represented 0.91% of total loans, and \$2.7 million at December 31, 2010, or 0.98% of total loans. The allowance represents the amount which management and the Board of Directors estimates is adequate to provide for probable losses inherent in the loan portfolio. The allowance balance and the provision charged to expense are reviewed by management and the Board of Directors monthly using a risk evaluation model that considers borrowers' past due experience, economic conditions and various other circumstances that are subject to change over time. Management believes the current balance of the allowance for loan losses is adequate to absorb probable incurred credit losses associated with the loan portfolio. Net charge-offs for the three months ended March 31, 2011 were approximately \$867,000, or 31.6%, of the beginning balance in the allowance for loan losses.

United Bancorp, Inc. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Earning Assets – Securities

The securities portfolio is comprised of U.S. Government agency-backed securities, tax-exempt obligations of state and political subdivisions and certain other investments. The Company does not hold any collateralized mortgage-backed securities or derivative securities other than those issued by U.S. government agencies. Securities available for sale at March 31, 2011 increased approximately \$4.5 million, or 4.7%, from December 31, 2010 totals. With the overall low interest rate environment, the Company has experienced a high level of called bond activity during the first three months of 2011. As of March 31, 2011, the Company held approximately \$1.7 million of investment CD's with an average yield of 1.61% and an average term to maturity of approximately 60 days. The original terms of these CD's were greater than 90 days. With the continued low interest rate environment, the opportunity to invest in short term CD's in other financial institutions has become limited during 2011.

Sources of Funds – Deposits

The Company's primary source of funds is core deposits from retail and business customers. These core deposits include all categories of interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing deposits, excluding certificates of deposit greater than \$100,000. For the period ended March 31, 2011, total core deposits increased approximately \$2.2 million, or 0.80%. The Company's savings accounts increased \$2.7 million, or 5.1%, from December 31, 2010 totals. The Company's interest-bearing demand deposits increased \$3.7 million, or 2.8%, noninterest-bearing demand deposits increased \$373,000, or 1.6%, while certificates of deposit under \$100,000 decreased by \$2.9 million, or 2.8%.

The Company has a strong deposit base from public agencies, including local school districts, city and township municipalities, public works facilities and others that may tend to be more seasonal in nature resulting from the receipt and disbursement of state and federal grants. These entities have maintained fairly static balances with the Company due to various funding and disbursement timeframes.

Certificates of deposit greater than \$100,000 are not considered part of core deposits and as such are used to balance rate sensitivity as a tool of funds management. At March 31, 2011, certificates of deposit greater than \$100,000 increased \$1.6 million, or 3.8%, from December 31, 2010 totals.

Sources of Funds - Securities Sold under Agreements to Repurchase and Other Borrowings

Other interest-bearing liabilities include securities sold under agreements to repurchase, sweep accounts, Treasury, Tax and Loan notes payable and Federal Home Loan Bank ("FHLB") advances. The majority of the Company's repurchase agreements are with local school districts and city and county governments. The Company's short-term borrowings increased approximately \$3.8 million from December 31, 2010 totals.

United Bancorp, Inc. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Results of Operations for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2011 and 2010

Net Income

Basic and diluted earnings per share for the three months ended March 31, 2011 totaled \$0.15 compared with \$0.14 with for the three months ended March 31, 2010. In dollars, the Company's net income was \$738,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2011, an increase of \$55,000, or 8.1%, compared with net income of \$683,000 for the same quarter in 2010.

Net Interest Income

Net interest income, by definition, is the difference between interest income generated on interest-earning assets and the interest expense incurred on interest-bearing liabilities. Various factors contribute to changes in net interest income, including volumes, interest rates and the composition or mix of interest-earning assets in relation to interest-bearing liabilities. Net interest income increased \$56,000, for the three months ended March 31, 2011 compared to the same period in 2010. The Company continues to increase its net interest margin with a shift in its funding from higher costing certificates of deposit to transactions and savings accounts.

Provision for Loan Losses

The provision for loan losses was \$648,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2011, compared to \$360,000 for the same period in 2010. The increase in loan loss provision for the three-month period ended March 31, 2011, was predicated primarily upon the economic challenges facing the banking industry.

Noninterest Income

Total noninterest income is made up of bank related fees and service charges, as well as other income producing services provided, sales of loans in the secondary market, ATM income, early redemption penalties for certificates of deposit, safe deposit rental income, internet bank service fees, earnings on bank-owned life insurance and other miscellaneous items.

Noninterest income for the three months ended March 31, 2011 was \$1.1 million, an increase of \$288,000 or 37.1%, compared to \$776,000 for the three-month period ended March 31, 2010. During the three-months ended March 31, 2011, the increase in noninterest income was due to an increase in realized gains on sales of securities of \$370,000. Comparing the same periods, customer service fees on deposits decreased \$89,000, due in part to changes in the way our overdraft program is structured as a result of pending regulatory guidance related to customer overdraft fees.

Noninterest Expense

Noninterest expense was \$3.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011 a decrease of \$77,000, or 2.3%, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2010. Salaries and employee benefit expense decreased \$2,000, or less than 1.0%, for the three month period ended March 31, 2011 from the same period in 2010. This decrease was primarily due to our planned cost savings initiatives as a follow up to our newly installed core processing system. Occupancy and equipment expense increased \$25,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2011 over the same period in 2010. Increased depreciation expense on premises, computer hardware and software and related

service maintenance was the primary reason for the increase. Deposit insurance premiums decreased \$15,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2011, as compared to the same period in 2010.

United Bancorp, Inc. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Federal Income Taxes

The provision for federal income taxes was \$166,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2011, an increase of \$78,000 compared to the same period in 2010. The increase in tax expense was due in part to a \$133,000 increase in pretax income.

Capital Resources

Internal capital growth, through the retention of earnings, is the primary means of maintaining capital adequacy for the Company. Stockholders' equity totaled \$35.8 million at March 31, 2011 compared to \$35.6 million at December 31, 2010, a \$170,000 increase. Total stockholders' equity in relation to total assets was 8.3% at March 31, 2011 and 8.4% at December 31, 2010. In 2001, our shareholders approved an amendment to the Company's Articles of Incorporation to create a class of preferred shares with 2,000,000 authorized shares. This enables the Company, at the option of the Board of Directors, to issue series of preferred shares in a manner calculated to take advantage of financing techniques which may provide a lower effective cost of capital to the Company. The amendment also provides greater flexibility to the Board of Directors in structuring the terms of equity securities that may be issued by the Company. Although this preferred stock is a financial tool, it has not been utilized to date.

The Company has offered for many years a Dividend Reinvestment Plan ("The Plan") for shareholders under which the Company's common stock will be purchased by the Plan for participants with automatically reinvested dividends. The Plan does not represent a change in the Company's dividend policy or a guarantee of future dividends.

The Company is subject to the regulatory requirements of The Federal Reserve System as a bank holding company. The Bank is subject to regulations of the FDIC and the State of Ohio, Division of Financial Institutions. The most important of these various regulations address capital adequacy.

The minimums related to such capital requirements are:

	Total Capital To Risk-Weighted Assets	Tier 1 Capital T I Risk-Weigl Assets		Tier 1 Capital To Average Assets)
Well capitalized	10.00	% 6.00	%	5.00	%
Adequately capitalized	8.00	% 4.00	%	4.00	%
Undercapitalized	6.00	% 3.00	%	3.00	%

United Bancorp, Inc. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following table illustrates the Company's well-capitalized classification at March 31, 2011.

March 31, 2011 (Unaudited) (Dollars in thousands)

Tier 1 capital	\$ 39,188	
Total risk-based capital	41,714	
Risk-weighted assets	298,251	
Average total assets	429,884	
Total risk-based capital ratio	13.99	%
Tier 1 risk-based capital ratio	13.14	%
Tier 1 capital to average assets	9.12	%

Liquidity

Management's objective in managing liquidity is maintaining the ability to continue meeting the cash flow needs of its customers, such as borrowings or deposit withdrawals, as well as its own financial commitments. The principal sources of liquidity are net income, loan payments, maturing securities and sales of securities available for sale, federal funds sold and cash and deposits with banks. Along with its liquid assets, the Company has additional sources of liquidity available to ensure that adequate funds are available as needed. These include, but are not limited to, the purchase of federal funds, the ability to borrow funds under line of credit agreements with correspondent banks, a borrowing agreement with the Federal Home Loan Bank of Cincinnati and the adjustment of interest rates to obtain depositors. Management feels that it has the capital adequacy and profitability to meet the current and projected liquidity needs of its customers.

Inflation

Substantially all of the Company's assets and liabilities relate to banking activities and are monetary in nature. The consolidated financial statements and related financial data are presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"). U.S. GAAP currently requires the Company to measure the financial position and results of operations in terms of historical dollars, with the exception of securities available for sale, certain impaired loans and certain other real estate and loans that may be measured at fair value. Changes in the value of money due to rising inflation can cause purchasing power loss.

Management's opinion is that movements in interest rates affect the financial condition and results of operations to a greater degree than changes in the rate of inflation. It should be noted that interest rates and inflation do affect each other, but do not always move in correlation with each other. The Company's ability to match the interest sensitivity of its financial assets to the interest sensitivity of its liabilities in its asset/liability management may tend to minimize the effect of changes in interest rates on the Company's performance.

United Bancorp, Inc. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

ITEM 3 Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

There has been no significant change from disclosures included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010.

ITEM 4. Controls and Procedures

The Company, under the supervision, and with the participation, of its management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to the requirements of Exchange Act Rule 13a-15. Based upon that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of March 31, 2011, in timely alerting them to material information relating to the Company (including its consolidated subsidiary) required to be included in the Company's periodic SEC filings.

There was no change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Company's fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2011 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

United Bancorp, Inc. Part II – Other Information

ITEM 1. Legal Proceedings

None, other than ordinary routine litigation incidental to the Company's business.

ITEM 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes from risk factors as previously disclosed in Part 1 Item 1A of the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010, filed on March 25, 2011.

ITEM 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

	(a) Total Number of	(b)	Shares (or Units Purchased as Pa Of Publicly U	(d) Maximum Number or Approximate Dollar rValue) of Shares (or Units) that May Yet Be
Period	*	_		Rurchased Under the Plans or Programs
Month #1	Turchased Ters	onare (or	Olit)Ol Tiograms	Tians of Tiograms
1/1/2011 to	_		_	_
1/31/20110				
Month #2				
2/1/20110 to			_	_
2/28/2011				
Month #3				
3/1/2011 to	_	_		_
3/31/2011				

The Company adopted the United Bancorp, Inc. Affiliate Banks Directors and Officers Deferred Compensation Plan (the "Plan"), which is an unfunded deferred compensation plan. Amounts deferred pursuant to the Plan remain unrestricted assets of the Company, and the right to participate in the Plan is limited to members of the Board of Directors and Company officers. Under the Plan, directors or other eligible participants may defer fees and up to 50% of their annual incentive award payable to them by the Company, which are used to acquire common shares which are credited to a participant's respective account. Except in the event of certain emergencies, no distributions are to be made from any account as long as the participant continues to be an employee or member of the Board of Directors. Upon termination of service, the aggregate number of shares credited to the participant's account are distributed to him or her along with any cash proceeds credited to the account which have not yet been invested in the Company's stock. On March 11, 2011, the Plan purchased a total of 3,305 common shares for participant accounts. All purchases under this deferred compensation plan are funded with either earned director fees or officer incentive award payments which amounted to approximately \$26,642 for the quarter. No underwriting fees, discounts, or commissions are paid in connection with the Plan. The shares allocated to participant accounts have not been registered under the Securities Act of 1933 in reliance upon the exemption provided by Section 4(2) thereof.

United Bancorp, Inc. Part II – Other Information

ITEM 3.	Defaults Upon Senior Securities
Not applicable.	
ITEM 4.	Other Information
Not applicable.	
ITEM 5.	Exhibits
EX-3.1	Amended Articles of Incorporation of United Bancorp, Inc. (1)
EX-3.2	Amended Code of Regulations of United Bancorp, Inc. (2)
EX-4.0	Instruments Defining the Rights of Security Holders (See Exhibits 3.1 and 3.2)
EX 31.1	Rule 13a-14(a) Certification – CEO
EX 31.2	Rule 13a-14(a) Certification – CFO
EX 32.1	Section 1350 Certification – CEO
EX 32.2	Section 1350 Certification – CFO
	by reference to Appendix B to the registrant's Definitive Proxy Statement filed with the Securities e Commission on March 14, 2001.
	by reference to Appendix C to the registrant's Definitive Proxy Statement filed with the Securities e Commission on March 14, 2001.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

/s/United Bancorp, Inc.

Date: May 13, 2011 By: /s/James W. Everson

James W. Everson

Chairman, President and Chief

Executive Officer

Date: May 13, 2011 By: /s/Randall M. Greenwood

Randall M. Greenwood

Senior Vice President, Chief Financial

Officer and Treasurer

Exhibit Index

Exhibit No.	Description
3.1	Amended Articles of Incorporation of United Bancorp, Inc. incorporated by reference to Appendix B to the registrant's Definitive Proxy Statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 14, 2001.
3.2	Amended Code of Regulations of United Bancorp, Inc. incorporated by reference to Appendix C to the registrant's Definitive Proxy Statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 14, 2001.
4.0	Instruments Defining the Rights of Security Holders (See Exhibits 3.1 and 3.2)
31.1	Rule 13a-14(a) Certification – Principal Executive Officer
31.2	Rule 13a-14(a) Certification – Principal Financial Officer
32.1	Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as enacted pursuant to Section 906 of The Sarbanes-Oxley act of 2002.
32.2	Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as enacted pursuant to Section 906 of The Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.