BioAuthorize Holdings, Inc. Form 10-Q November 23, 2009

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Quarterly Period Ended September 30, 2009

OR
"TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from N/A to N/A Commission File Number: 000-33073

BioAuthorize Holdings, Inc. (Name of small business issuer as specified in its charter)

Nevada State of Incorporation 20-2775009

IRS Employer Identification No.

15849 N. 71st Street, Suite 216 Scottsdale, AZ 85254 (Address of principal executive offices)

Registrant's telephone number, including Area Code: (928) 300-5965

Securities registered under Section 12(b) of the Exchange Act:

None

Securities registered under Section 12(g) of the Exchange Act:

Common Stock, \$0.001 par value per share

(Title of Class)

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days:

Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T

(§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b–2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer " Accelerated filer " Non–Accelerated filer " Small Business Issuer x

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b–2 of the Exchange Act). Yes " No x

Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format (check one): Yes "No x

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Class
Common stock, \$0.001 par value

Outstanding at November 20, 2009 29,405,006

BIOAUTHORIZE HOLDINGS, INC.

Form 10-Q Filing

For The Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2009 and 2008

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PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BIOAUTHORIZE HOLDINGS, INC. (A Development Stage Company) CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

	Se	eptember 30	D	ecember 31
	,	2009		2008
ASSETS:	(unaudited)		(audited)
ASSE1S.				
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash	\$	834	\$	28,584
Accounts receivables		369		_
Total current assets		1,203		28,584
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, net		25,307		48,711
Patent		7,788		7,788
Deposits		850		850
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	35,149	\$	85,933
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:				
CLIDDENIE LA DILIERE				
CURRENT LIABILITIES:	Ф	20.405	ф	15 171
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	30,495	\$	15,171
Total current liabilities		30,495		15,171
Total Habilitian		20.405		15 171
Total liabilities		30,495		15,171
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES				
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES		-		-
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:				
Preferred stock, \$.001 par value, 1,000,000 shares authorized; there are no issued or				
outstanding at June 30, 2009		_		_
Common stock, \$.001 par value, 100,000,000 shares authorized; 29,405,006 issued				
and outstanding as of September 30, 2009 and 28,280,006 issued and outstanding as				
of December 31, 2008, respectively		29,405		28,280
Additional paid-in capital		2,188,095		2,189,220
Accumulated deficit during this development stage		(2,212,846)		(2,146,738)
Total stockholders' equity		4,654		70,762
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:	\$	35,149	\$	85,933

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

BIOAUTHORIZE HOLDINGS, INC. (A Development Stage Company)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS (unaudited) FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009 AND 2008

		Three M 2009	Мo	onths 2008		Nine M 2009	1 or		from A	or the Period August 23, 2006 eption) through ember 30, 2009
REVENUES:										
Revenues	\$	737	\$	-	\$	1,566	\$	-	\$	1,566
OPERATING EXPENSES:										
General and administrative expenses		5,688		203,110		44,028		852,935		2,320,298
Sales and marketing expenses		36		-		243		8,389		71,520
Depreciation and amortization		7,801		7,801		23,404		23,404		68,310
Research and development		-		-		-		29,432		61,376
Total operating expenses		13,525		210,911		67,675		914,160		2,521,504
OPERATING LOSS		(12,788)		(210,911)		(66,109)		(914,160)		(2,519,938)
OTHER (INCOME) AND EXPENSES:										
Interest expense		-		-		-		195		417
Interest and dividend income		-		(42)		_		(2,511)		(40,193)
Other income		-		_		-		-		1,200
Early extinguishment		-		-		-		-		(304,234)
Loss on investments		-		-		-		-		35,718
Total other expense		-		(42)		-		(2,316)		(307,092)
NET LOSS	\$	(12,788)	\$	(210,869)	\$	(66,109)	\$	(911,844)	\$	(2,212,846)
NET LOSS PER SHARE:										
Basic and diluted:	\$	(0.00)	\$	(0.01)	\$	(0.00)	\$	(0.04)		
	·	()	·	(·	(()		
WEIGHTED AVERAGE OF										
SHARES OUTSTANDING:										
Basic and diluted	2	9,405,006		24,159,783		29,405,006		23,871,520		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

BIOAUTHORIZE HOLDINGS, INC.

(A Development Stage Company)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (unaudited) FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009 AND 2008

				m August 23, 2006 (inception) to
	2009	2008	Se	ptember 30, 2009
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Net Loss	\$ (66,109)	\$ (911,844)	\$	(2,212,846)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash (used in)				
operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization	23,404	23,404		68,310
Common stock issued for compensation	-	22,500		137,500
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivables	(369)	-		(369)
Prepaid expenses		13,973		
Other assets	-	21,189		(8,638)
Accrued payables and accrued liabilities	15,324	311,806		30,495
Net cash used in operating activities	(27,751)	(518,972)		(1,985,548)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Purchase of Intangible Asset	-	-		(93,616)
Net cash used in investing activities	-	-		(93,616)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Proceeds from affiliates loan		7,962		
Proceeds from the issuance of common stock	-	80,000		80,000
Proceeds from the issuance of preferred stock	-	-		2,000,000
Net cash provided by financing activities	-	87,962		2,080,000
, , ,				-
INCREASE IN CASH	(27,751)	(431,010)		836
CASH, BEGINNING OF YEAR	28,584	484,937		-
CASH, END OF YEAR	\$ 834	\$ 53,927	\$	836
		·		
SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION:				
Income Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Interest Paid	\$ -	\$ 772	\$	772

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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For the Period

BIOAUTHORIZE HOLDINGS, INC.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements For The Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2009 and 2008

NOTE 1 - BACKGROUND

BioAuthorize Holdings, Inc. ("The Company") was incorporated in the state of Nevada on May 25, 1999. The Company is a holding company for subsidiary acquisitions and through its wholly-owned subsidiary, BioAuthorize, Inc., is a hi-tech biometric technology company (i) which has developed a technology solution for e-commerce transactions related to the delivery of voice-enabled payment authorization services to merchants and their customers in processing payments for purchases made over the Internet and (ii) which is developing a line of application products for both the iPhone and the Blackberry handheld personal electronic devices under the yadaTM line of products in part by utilizing and leveraging, directly and indirectly, its voice authentication technology.

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

The accompanying interim unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 8 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete consolidated financial statements. In our opinion, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the nine months period ended September 30, 2009 and 2008 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2009. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in our Form 10-K Report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008.

NOTE 3 - GOING CONCERN ISSUES

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America which contemplate continuation of the Company as a going concern. However, the Company has year end losses from operations and had no revenues from operations in 2008 and 2007. From inception through the year ended September 30, 2009, the Company has accumulated net losses of \$2,212,846. Further, the Company has inadequate working capital to maintain or develop its operations, and to date has been dependent upon funds from private investors and the support of certain stockholders. The Company is seeking to support its operations with revenue generated from sales of downloadable applications for Apple's iPhone and iPod Touch and RIM's Blackberry handheld personal electronic devices. However, to date the revenues generated from such sales have been insufficient, and it is unclear as to whether such revenues will develop in sufficient amounts to support the Company's operations.

These factors raise substantial doubt about the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern. The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of these uncertainties. In this regard, Management may also plan to raise any necessary additional funds through loans and additional sales of its common stock or other securities. There is no assurance that the Company will be successful in raising additional capital.

NOTE 4 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Company prepares its consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Significant accounting policies are as follows:

Basis of Presentation

The Company has produced minimal revenue from its principal business and is a development stage company as defined by the Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 7 "Accounting and Reporting by Development State Enterprises".

Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements. These estimates and assumptions also affect the reported amounts of revenues, costs and expenses during the reporting period. Management evaluates these estimates and assumptions on a regular basis. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

These estimates and assumptions also affect the reported amounts of revenues, costs and expenses during the reporting period. Management evaluates these estimates and assumptions on a regular basis. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue includes product sales. The Company recognizes revenue from product sales in accordance with ASC Topic 605, formerly Staff Accounting Bulletin (SAB) No. 104, "Revenue Recognition in Financial Statement" which is at the time customers are invoiced at shipping point, provided title and risk of loss has passed to the customer, evidence of an arrangement exists, fees are contractually fixed or determinable, collection is reasonably assured through historical collection results and regular credit evaluations, and there are no uncertainties regarding customer acceptance.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. At September 30, 2009, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and cash in the bank.

Accounts Receivable

Trade accounts receivable are recorded at the invoiced amount and do not bear interest. The allowance for doubtful accounts is the Company's best estimate of the amount of probable credit losses in its existing accounts receivable. The Company will maintain allowances for doubtful accounts for estimated losses resulting from the inability of its customers to make required payments for products. Accounts with known financial issues are first reviewed and specific estimates are recorded. The remaining accounts receivable balances are then grouped in categories by the amount of days the balance is past due, and the estimated loss is calculated as a percentage of the total category based upon past history. Account balances are charged off against the allowance when it is probable the receivable will not be recovered. No allowance for doubtful accounts and bad debts was established in the three-month periods ended September 30, 2009 and 2008 and no account balances or bad debts were written off during those periods.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment is recorded at cost and depreciated over the estimated useful lives of the assets using principally the straight-line method. When items are retired or otherwise disposed of, income is charged or credited for the difference between net book value and proceeds realized. Ordinary maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred, and replacements and betterments are capitalized.

The range of estimated useful lives used to calculated depreciation for principal items of property and equipment are as follow:

	Depreciation/
Asset Category	Amortization Period
Furniture and Fixture	3 Years
Office equipment	3 Years
Leasehold	5 Years
improvements	

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

In accordance with ASC Topic 360, formerly SFAS No. 144, long-lived assets, such as property, plant, and equipment, and purchased intangibles, are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Goodwill and other intangible assets are tested for impairment. Recoverability of assets to be held and used is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of an asset to estimated undiscounted future cash flows expected to be generated by the asset. If the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its estimated future cash flows, an impairment charge is recognized by the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds the fair value of the asset. There were no events or changes in circumstances that necessitated an impairment of long lived assets.

Income Taxes

Deferred income taxes are provided based on the provisions of ASC Topic 740, formerly SFAS No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes" ("SFAS No. 109"), to reflect the tax consequences in future years of differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their financial reporting amounts based on enacted tax laws and statutory tax rates applicable to the periods in which the differences are expected to affect taxable income. Valuation allowances are established when necessary to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount expected to be realized.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Company maintains its operating cash balances in a bank in Scottsdale, Arizona. The Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insures accounts up to \$250,000.

Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing net income (loss) available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the reporting period. Diluted earnings per share reflects the potential dilution that could occur if stock options, warrants, and other commitments to issue common stock were exercised or equity awards vest resulting in the issuance of common stock that could share in the earnings of the Company.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The fair value of a financial instrument is the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties other than in a forced sale or liquidation.

The carrying amounts of the Company's financial instruments, including cash, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, income tax payable and related party payable approximate fair value due to their most maturities.

Reclassification

Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to current year presentations.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Recent accounting pronouncements that the Company has adopted or that will be required to adopt in the future are summarized below.

Accounting Standards Updates

In June 2009, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued its final Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 168, "The FASB Accounting Standards Codification and the Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles a Replacement of FASB Statement No. 162". SFAS No. 168 made the FASB Accounting Standards Codification (the Codification) the single source of U.S. GAAP used by nongovernmental entities in the preparation of financial statements, except for rules and interpretive releases of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) under authority of federal securities laws, which are sources of authoritative accounting guidance for SEC registrants. The Codification is meant to simplify user access to all authoritative accounting guidance by reorganizing U.S. GAAP pronouncements into roughly 90 accounting topics within a consistent structure; its purpose is not to create new accounting and reporting guidance. The Codification supersedes all existing non-SEC accounting and reporting standards and was effective for the Company beginning July 1, 2009. Following SFAS No. 168, the Board will not issue new standards in the form of Statements, FASB Staff Positions, or Emerging Issues Task Force Abstracts; instead, it will issue Accounting Standards Updates (ASU). The FASB will not consider ASUs as authoritative in their own right; these updates will serve only to update the Codification, provide background information about the guidance, and provide the bases for conclusions on the change(s) in the Codification.

In August 2009, the FASB issued ASU 2009-05 which includes amendments to Subtopic 820-10, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures—Overall". The update provides clarification that in circumstances, in which a quoted price in an active market for the identical liability is not available, a reporting entity is required to measure fair value using one or more of the techniques provided for in this update. The amendments in this ASU clarify that a reporting entity is not required to include a separate input or adjustment to other inputs relating to the existence of a restriction that prevents the transfer of the liability and also clarifies that both a quoted price in an active market for the identical liability at the measurement date and the quoted price for the identical liability when traded as an asset in an active market when no adjustments to the quoted price of the asset are required are Level 1 fair value measurements. The guidance provided in this ASU is effective for the first reporting period, including interim periods, beginning after issuance. The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on the Company's financial position and results of operations.

In September 2009, the FASB issued ASU 2009-06, Income Taxes (Topic 740), "Implementation Guidance on Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes and Disclosure Amendments for Nonpublic Entities", which provides implementation guidance on accounting for uncertainty in income taxes, as well as eliminates certain disclosure requirements for nonpublic entities. For entities that are currently applying the standards for accounting for uncertainty in income taxes, this update shall be effective for interim and annual periods ending after September 15, 2009. For those entities that have deferred the application of accounting for uncertainty in income taxes in accordance with paragraph 740-10-65-1(e), this update shall be effective upon adoption of those standards. The adoption of this standard is not expected to have an impact on the Company's financial position and results of operations since this accounting standard update provides only implementation and disclosure amendments.

In September 2009, the FASB has published ASU No. 2009-12, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (Topic 820) - Investments in Certain Entities That Calculate Net Asset Value per Share (or Its Equivalent)". This ASU amends Subtopic 820-10, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures – Overall", to permit a reporting entity to measure the fair value of certain investments on the basis of the net asset value per share of the investment (or its equivalent). This ASU also requires new disclosures, by major category of investments including the attributes of investments within the scope of this amendment to the Codification. The guidance in this Update is effective for interim and annual

periods ending after December 15, 2009. Early application is permitted. The adoption of this standard did not have an impact on the Company's financial position and results of operations.

In October 2009, the FASB has published ASU 2009-13, "Revenue Recognition (Topic 605)-Multiple Deliverable Revenue Arrangements", which addresses the accounting for multiple-deliverable arrangements to enable vendors to account for products or services (deliverables) separately rather than as a combined unit. Specifically, this guidance amends the criteria in Subtopic 605-25, "Revenue Recognition-Multiple-Element Arrangements", for separating consideration in multiple-deliverable arrangements. This guidance establishes a selling price hierarchy for determining the selling price of a deliverable, which is based on: (a) vendor-specific objective evidence; (b) third-party evidence; or (c) estimates. This guidance also eliminates the residual method of allocation and requires that arrangement consideration be allocated at the inception of the arrangement to all deliverables using the relative selling price method and also requires expanded disclosures. The guidance in this update is effective prospectively for revenue arrangements entered into or materially modified in fiscal years beginning on or after June 15, 2010. Early adoption is permitted. The adoption of this standard is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial position and results of operations.

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

The Company has fixed assets as of September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008 as follows:

	Sep	tember 30,	Dec	ember 31,
		2009		2008
Equipment	\$	93,617	\$	93,617
Accumulated depreciation		(68,310)		(44,906)
Total	\$	25,307	\$	48,711

Depreciation Expense is \$23,404 for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 and \$31,206 for the year ended December 31, 2008.

NOTE 6 - SHARE CAPITAL

BioAuthorize Holdings, Inc. F/K/A Genesis Holdings, Inc. was incorporated in Nevada on May 25, 1999 as part of the reorganization of Diagnostic International, Inc. which had filed under Chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code. The Company has authorized 100,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$.001 per share, of which 29,405,006 are issued and outstanding and has authorized 1,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$.001 per share, to be designated in series or classes with such voting powers, designations, preferences, limitations, restrictions, relative rights, and distinguishing designation as determined by our Board of Directors in its sole discretion. No shares of preferred stock are outstanding.

The Company has no options or warrants issued or outstanding as of September 30, 2009.

Effective June 5, 2008 the Company completed the corporate action required to amend its Articles of Incorporation to change its name to BioAuthorize Holdings, Inc., to increase the number of authorized shares of common stock from 25,000,000 to 100,000,000 and to authorize a total of 1,000,000 shares of preferred stock to be designated in series or classes with such voting powers, designations, preferences, limitations, restrictions, relative rights, and distinguishing designation as our Board of Directors shall determine in its sole discretion.

NOTE 7 - REVERSE MERGER

Effective February 18, 2008, the Company completed its acquisition of BioAuthorize, Inc. pursuant to a Share Exchange Agreement dated February 18, 2008. BioAuthorize, Inc. is a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company. In the share exchange, the former stockholders of BioAuthorize, Inc. received common shares in the

Company.

Pursuant to the Share Exchange Agreement, 100% of the outstanding common stock of BioAuthorize, Inc. was exchanged for 80% of the Company's shares of common stock and no cash consideration or other consideration was issued or used in the share exchange. Immediately after the share exchange, the former BioAuthorize, Inc. shareholders owned a total of approximately 80% of the outstanding common stock of the Company. In addition, one of the BioAuthorize Inc. board members became a member of the Board of Directors of the Company and the management of BioAuthorize, Inc became the management team of the Company. At a later time, the other two board members of BioAuthorize, Inc. became members of the Board of Directors of the Company. In early October 2008, those two members resigned their board seats and their management positions with the Company and BioAuthorize, Inc.

The share exchange was accounted for as a reverse acquisition by BioAuthorize, Inc. The total fair value of this transaction is estimated to be approximately \$596,107. It was determined that a more appropriate value of the fair values exchanged, rather than the fair value of the securities traded in the market, was the fair values of the net assets acquired. There was no cash exchanged in the reverse acquisition. The issuance of shares of common stock of the Company was deemed to be an equivalent fair market value, for accounting purposes, to the shares of capital stock of BioAuthorize, Inc. received in the share exchange. The reasons for the share exchange are as follows:

- The share exchange allows for the shareholders of BioAuthorize, Inc. to receive shares of common stock with increased liquidity and stronger market value;
- The ability of the combined companies to utilize publicly-traded securities in capital raising transactions and as consideration in connection with future potential mergers or acquisitions.

NOTE 8 - SHARE EXCHANGE

Also as contemplated in the share exchange with BioAuthorize Inc. in March 2008, the Company and Bankston Third Family Trust LP agreed to surrender all of the outstanding common shares of Genesis Land, Inc. in exchange for the surrender of 16,780,226 common shares of the Company held by the Bankston Third Family L.P. The value of this exchange was based on the trading value of the Company's common stock surrendered which had a trading value of \$.55 on the day of the exchange. The exchange of the common stock of Genesis Land, Inc. for the surrender of 16,780,226 commons stock held by Bankston Third Family LP was accounted for as an equal exchange for value received and value given. There was no cash exchanged and no gain or loss recorded by either party. There was no gain or loss on the exchange of the two parties' common stock.

Pursuant to provisions of the Agreement, the Company was required to change its name to BioAuthorize Holdings, Inc. The name change was completed on June 5, 2008.

The consolidated financial statements include the operations of BioAuthorize, Inc. for the entirety of the periods presented, whereas, the historical financial statements of BioAuthorize, Inc. became the historical financial statements of the Company as required under the purchase method of accounting. See Note 6 for the financial information consolidated statements of operations as if the share exchange under the Agreement occurred on February 18, 2008.

NOTE 9 - INCOME TAXES

The provision (benefit) for income taxes from continued operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008 consist of the following:

	Sept	September 30,			
	2009	2008			
Current:					
Federal	\$ -	\$	-		

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State	-	-
	-	-
Deferred:		
Federal	\$ 22,477	\$ 310,027
State	5,884	81,154
	28,361	391,181
Benefit from the operating loss carryforward	(28,361)	(391,181)
(Benefit) provision for income taxes, net	\$ -	\$ -

The difference between income tax expense computed by applying the federal statutory corporate tax rate and actual income tax expense is as follows:

	September	30,
	2009	2008
Statutory federal income tax rate	34.0%	34.0%
State income taxes and other	8.9%	8.9%
Valuation Allowance	(42.9)%	(42.9)%
Effective tax rate	-	-

Deferred income taxes result from temporary differences in the recognition of income and expenses for the financial reporting purposes and for tax purposes. The tax effect of these temporary differences representing deferred tax asset and liabilities result principally from the following:

	September	er 30,
	2009	2008
Net operating loss carryforward	28,361	391,181
Valuation allowance	(28,361)	(391,181)
Deferred income tax asset	\$ -	\$ -

The Company has a net operating loss carryforward of approximately \$2,212,846 available to offset future taxable income through 2031.

NOTE 10 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company may enter into various consulting agreements with outside consultants. Certain of these agreements may include additional compensation on the basis of performance.

NOTE 11 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company is managed by its key shareholders.

NOTE 12 - NET LOSS PER SHARE

Restricted shares are included in the computation of the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the periods. The net loss per common share is calculated by dividing the consolidated loss by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the periods.

NOTE 13 - EARLY EXTINGUISHMENT OF DEBT

The company met the requirements of SFAS 140 paragraph 16. SFAS 140 paragraph 16 outlined below outlines the two requirements that are met to qualify for early extinguishment of debt.

The company removed these debts at the written wavier of the debt holder. Two of our former officers and a current officer waived their right to repayment of deferred salary. Therefore it is a matter of law or "judicially" to remove the obligations to waive their rights to the deferred salaries.

Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 140 Accounting for Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities Paragraph 16:

A debtor shall derecognize a liability if and only if it has been extinguished. A liability has been extinguished if either of the following conditions is met:

- a. The debtor pays the creditor and is relieved of its obligation for the liability. Paying the creditor includes delivery of cash, other financial assets, goods, or services or reacquisition by the debtor of its outstanding debt securities whether the securities are cancelled.
- b. The debtor is legally released from being the primary obligor under the liability, either judicially or by the creditor.

* * * * * *

ITEM 2 - MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Risk Factors set forth in this Report on Form 10-Q may contain various "forward looking statements" within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, regarding future events or the future financial performance of the Company that involve risks and uncertainties. Certain statements included in this Form 10-Q, including, without limitation, statements related to anticipated cash flow sources and uses, and words including but not limited to "anticipates", "believes", "plans", "expects" "intends", "could", "might", "estimates", "future" and similar statements or expressions, identify forward looking statement Forward-looking statements involve risks, uncertainties and other factors, which may cause our business, results of operations and financial position, performance or achievements to be materially different from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Any forward-looking statements herein are subject to certain risks and uncertainties in the Company's business, including but not limited to, the success or acceptance of our application offerings through Apple, Inc.'s App Store and Research in Motion Limited's ("RIM") App World, the completed development of our biometric technology, ongoing business strategies or prospects, difficulties of hiring or retaining key personnel, statements relating to future actions, trends in our businesses, prospective products, future performance or financial results and any changes in current accounting rules, all of which may be beyond the control of the Company. Additional, factors and risks that could affect our results and achievements and cause them to materially differ from those contained in the forward-looking statements include those identified in the section titled "Risk Factors" in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008 as well as other factors that we are currently unable to identify or quantify, but that may exist in the future. The Company's actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of certain factors, including those set forth herein. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date the statement was made. We do not undertake and specifically decline any obligation to update any forward-looking statements.

Overview

BioAuthorize Holdings, Inc. F/K/A Genesis Holdings, Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated in Nevada on May 25, 1999 as part of the reorganization of Diagnostic International, Inc. which had filed a petition under Chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code. At that time and until July 1, 2006, the Company had no operations and was considered a development stage company as defined in FASB No. 7. The Company was formed specifically to be a publicly held reporting corporation for the purpose of either merging with or acquiring an operating company with assets and some operating history. 980,226 shares of common stock of the Company were issued to certain and various creditors of Diagnostic International, Inc. pursuant to the Plan of Reorganization confirmed by the Bankruptcy Court on May 25, 1999. Genesis Holdings, Inc. was formerly known as AABB, Inc., and this name change took effect on September 5, 2006.

Larry Don Bankston, a former director of ours, is a partner of the Bankston Third Family Limited Partnership which was the sole member of Genesis Land Development, LLC ("Genesis Land") prior to the acquisition of Genesis Land by the Company on July 1, 2006. In that transaction the Company issued 19 million shares of its common stock to the Bankston Third Family Limited Partnership in exchange for 100% of the ownership interests of Genesis Land. As part of that transaction, Genesis Land Developments, LLC merged into AABB Acquisition Sub, Inc., a Nevada corporation that changed its name post-merger to Genesis Land, Inc.

Genesis Land Development, LLC was organized in Texas on September 8, 2003 for the purpose of developing a 55.509 acre tract of land within the Dallas, Texas metropolitan area. Genesis Land acquired the land from Larry Don Bankston whose family partnership was also a founding member of Genesis Land on September 30, 2003, at which time the land was valued at \$744,634. Genesis Land obtained a \$3,625,000 loan from a local bank and a promissory note in the original principal amount of \$417,000 to improve the land and develop it into 172 residential lots known as Bankston Meadows. Genesis Land began selling finished lots on or around July, 2005.

In fiscal 2006 and 2007, the Company's sole operating company was from its wholly owned subsidiary Genesis Land. All income and expense of the Company were derived from operations of Genesis Land. We exited the real estate development business in 2008 with the disposition of Genesis Land effective March 31, 2008. We had no revenue or income to report in 2008.

Payment Solution Process – The Initial Anticipated Business of BioAuthorize

With the acquisition of BioAuthorize and the disposition of Genesis Land, we expect to focus our business operations on the development and growth of the BioAuthorize business. BioAuthorize is a hi-tech biometric technology company which has developed a technology solution for e-commerce transactions related to the delivery of voice-enabled payment authorization services to merchants and their customers in processing payments for purchases made over the Internet. We recently completed a modification to our expected product offerings. One product offering is to provide e-commerce merchants the ability to use our voice biometric services to authenticate customer purchases using bank account, debit card or credit card payment methods while utilizing the merchant's existing merchant account and hardware, all without any need to add hardware cost to implement the service and helping to substantially reduce fraud (the "Payment Solution Process").

We have developed a payment solution that in essence will support the following commercial applications and transactions. By using the service, a customer who has enrolled, can make an online purchase of items or services offered by a merchant who accepts our Payment Solution Process and then use his voice over the telephone to authenticate his approval for payment of the purchased item or service without relying on the need to type in a user name or password and transmit that information over the Internet. Our Payment Solution Process is expected to give e-commerce merchants and their customers a wide array of new benefits including:

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Voice biometric authentication of purchases; by verification of his or her voice each customer has to be who he says he is or no purchase is allowed;

- The voice authentication process eliminates the need for a customer to remember user names or passwords;
- No need for establishment or enrollment in another merchant account or change to existing technology infrastructure;
- Gives e-commerce customers the ability to complete purchases over the phone without any investment in new hardware or other infrastructure and greatly reduces, or may even eliminate, the chance of identity theft of a customer or unauthorized purchases;
- No need to submit sensitive credit card information over the Internet. Each consumer registers his voice and information one time on a secured land-based telephone line and thereafter uses the BioAuthorize Payment Solution Process with all merchants who have enrolled to participate;

- No software, hardware or other infrastructure requirements for merchants or customers.
- No in-depth training required; using the BioAuthorize Payment Solution Process requires only an act similar to checking voicemail on your phone. A customer simply calls the BioAuthorize number from his or her registered telephone, speaks his or her name, enter the registered phone number, and follow the brief prompts to authorize or pre-authorize of the purchase transaction.

We also have planned telecom infrastructure changes by allowing for voice over internet protocol which should significantly reduced the company's operating costs at such time that the payment solution process is activated. The telecom infrastructure is needed to process telephone calls made by consumers during the authentication of each payment transaction. As a result of the new voice over Internet protocol infrastructure, the company can now deliver its biometric authentication service offerings to any location without the necessity of a substantial telecom investment. This benefit should support the ability to explore business opportunities with a variety of merchants in both domestic and international markets.

Although the technology has been developed for the Payment Solution Process, all of the requirements for actually implementing the process are not yet completed for merchants and consumers to begin using the Payment Solution Process. In fact, our efforts and resource commitments are not directed at this aspect of our business plan and operations at all, and we have made no additional progress in the three-month period ended September 30, 2009 to implement the Payment Solution Process. No schedule has been finalized for when the Payment Solution Process will be made available to merchants and consumers. We are uncertain if the Payment Solution Process will be made available to merchants and consumers at some point in the future, and we have no targeted date and no assurances can be made that it will, in fact, be made available.

iPhone App Store and Blackberry App World

In the three-month period ended September 30, 2009 we enrolled BioAuthorize in the iPhone Developer Program and also became an approved vendor for the recently introduced Blackberry App World by Research In Motion Limited ("RIM"). The purpose of seeking these approvals was to develop a line of application products for both the iPhone and the Blackberry handheld personal electronic devices under the yadaTM line of products by utilizing and leveraging, directly and indirectly, our voice authentication technology. These applications are to be available for sales of downloads by users of the Apple and RIM handheld personal electronic devices. Both the iPhone App Store and the Blackberry App World include many categories of applications such as business, education, entertainment, games, lifestyle, medical, news, reference, networking, utilities and many others. We believe that an opportunity exists for adopting aspects of the voice enabled authentication and authorization technology to one or more applications within the utilities category. In addition, we continue to explore many ideas for both the development and/or acquisition of mobile platform applications for the iPhone, iPod Touch and the Blackberry handheld personal electronic devices in a variety of other categories. We expect the yadaTM product line to encompass utilities type applications and possibly other categories for both iPhone and Blackberry users. We completed development of the first application which is known as yadaSayTM, a simple, speedy and effective way to translate to both text and audio free form phrases between English and Spanish languages. yadaSayTM became available on March 24, 2009 under the Utilities category of the Apple, Inc. App Store for downloading on the iPhone and iPod Touch at \$0.99 per download. yadaSayTM has not generated significant or substantial revenue through the three-month period ended September 30, 2009 since it's release in March 2009. We may add additional languages for translation with the additional languages included in the same application allowing existing users to simply download the updated version with the new languages while new users will receive the updated version with all languages at the time of purchase of the application. We have not completed the development required for offering additional languages and no assurances can be made that additional languages will in fact become available.

On April 30, 2009, yada $Translate^{TM}$ a free-form text language translator application with 22 languages became available on the RIM Blackberry App World under the Reference and eBooks category for downloading on the Blackberry

Curve, Pearl, Bold and Storm at \$2.99 per download. yadaTranslateTM has not generated significant or substantial revenue through the three-month period ended September 30, 2009 since it's release in April 2009. In addition, yadaSayTM a free-form English and Spanish languages text and audio translator for downloading on the Blackberry Curve, Pearl, Bold and Storm became available on May 20, 2009 at \$3.99 per download (the price was dropped to \$2.99 per download beginning in July 2009). yadaTranslateTM and yadaSayTM for the Blackberry have not generated significant or substantial revenue through the three-month period ended September 30, 2009.

We are pursuing the development and acquisition of other applications. During the three-month period ended September 30, 2009 we continued our development of mobile platform applications for Apple and Rim and released only one additional application, yadaBlackbookTM, for the iPhone and iPod Touch and is available for downloading through the App Store. Sales of downloads of yadaBlackbookTM have not been significant or substantial. An updated and approved version was just recently approved by Apple and released for downloads.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2009, Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2008

Revenues

The three month period ended June 30, 2009 was the first quarterly period in which we began to generate revenues from continuing operations from the sale of downloads of our application product offerings for Apple's iPhone and iPod Touch and RIM's Blackberry handheld personal electronic devices. We had revenues of \$829.00 for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2009 and revenues of \$737.00 for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2009. Our revenues of \$1,566.00 through the first nine months of 2009 were not significant or substantial. We are optimistic that the experience we have gained and the trends we recognize from our efforts to market and sell downloads of our applications will help us to build our mobile platform applications business and increase sales. However, no assurances can be made that sales will increase. Approximately 6% of our sales were attributable to sales of yadaSayTM and yadaBlackbookTM for the Apple handheld devices and the other 94% were attributable to sales of both yadaTranslateTM and yadaSayTM for the RIM handheld devices.

Revenues

We are a development stage company and the BioAuthorize, Inc. business have generated revenues of only \$1,566.00 since inception on August 23, 2006 all from sales of downloads of our mobile platform applications.

Selling, General and Administrative Expense

General and administrative expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2009 was \$5,688 and \$203,110 in 2008, respectively as compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2009 was \$44,028 and \$852,935 for 2008 respectively. The decrease in the expenses are related to the acquisition of BioAuthorize, Inc. in a share exchange and the related accounting and legal fees which occurred in February 2008 and the elimination of salaries that were paid up to the second quarter of 2008 and accrued into the fourth quarter of 2008.

Sales and marketing expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2009 was \$36 and \$0 in 2008, respectively as compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2009 was \$243 and \$8,389 for 2008 respectively. The decrease in the expenses are related to the elimination of substantially all expenditures for sales and marketing activities. Depreciation and amortization expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2009 was \$7,801 and \$7,801 in 2008, respectively as compared the nine months ended September 30, 2009 was \$23,404 and \$23,404 in 2008, respectively. The expenses are related to the purchase of fixed assets such as computer equipment to implement our business plan.

Research and development expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2009 was \$0 and \$0 in 2008, respectively as compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2009 was \$0 and \$29,432 for 2008, respectively. The decrease in the expenses for the three-month period are related to the elimination of all outsourced research and development functions.

Net loss for the three months ended September 30, 2009 was \$12,788 and \$210,869 in 2008, as compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2009 of \$66,109 and \$911,844 in 2008, respectively. Our accumulated loss from inception is \$2,212,846. The decrease in the loss for the period was due primarily to the elimination of some personnel and salaries during the second quarter of 2008 which had been accrued into the fourth quarter of 2009, the elimination of some outsourced services for the company and the expenses associated with the acquisition of BioAuthorize, Inc.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company has sought to maintain a minimum of two months of working capital in the bank. This figure was determined to allow for an adequate amount of time to secure additional funds from investors as needed. The Company had a balance of \$834 in its bank account at the end of September 2009. Currently, we have been unable to maintain a minimum of two months of working capital and have insufficient funds to meet all of our current obligations. We cannot make payment on our bills as they come due. Outside of the requirements for our professional service providers, our cash needs are minimal as we are not paying any salaries to our two employees. We anticipate that the Board will approve grants of stock awards under our recently adopted equity incentive plan to compensate these employees although no such grants have been made. Our resources and personnel are limited. Since the \$80,000 private placement in September 2008, we have not focused our limited resources on raising more capital through additional private placements of our securities. Although we are optimistic that sales of downloads of our applications, yadaSayTM and yadaBlackbookTM through Apple's App Store and yadaTranslateTM and yadaSayTM through RIM's Blackberry App World will generate some revenues to cover our monthly expenses for the next several months, we do not believe such revenue will be sufficient to cover our monthly expenses. In October 2009, we discovered a federal tax refund for 2007 in the amount of \$20,680.00. This tax refund had, without the knowledge or direction of the current management, been directed to an old address and was recovered and deposited in our bank account. These funds have helped satisfy our immediate cash needs and will alleviate our future needs for only a short period of time. Sales of downloads of these applications during the three-month period ended September 30, 2009 were insufficient to cover our monthly expenses and no assurances can be made that we will be successful in generating such revenue. The offering of additional applications through both the App Store and Blackberry App World that we expect to develop may provide additional revenue sources for our operations, but we are not confident that we can develop on our own the significant number of applications to satisfy our monthly expenses. Other acquisition strategies of mobile platform applications are being explored. In the event that sales of downloads of applications we develop fail to generate sufficient revenue to support our operations, we will need to secure additional capital by other means.

In such event, we believe we will have to rely on public and private equity and debt financings to fund our liquidity requirements over the intermediate term. We may be unable to obtain any required additional financings on terms favorable to us or at all. If adequate funds are not available on acceptable terms, and if cash and cash equivalents together with any income generated from operations fall short of our liquidity requirements, we may be unable to sustain operations. Continued negative cash flows could create substantial doubt regarding our ability to fully implement our business plan and could render us unable to expand our operations, successfully promote our brand, develop our products and respond to competitive pressures or take advantage of acquisition opportunities, any of which may have a material adverse effect on our business. If we raise additional funds through the issuance of equity securities, our stockholders may experience dilution of their ownership interest, and the newly issued securities may have rights superior to those of our common stock. If we raise additional funds by issuing debt, we may be subject to limitations on our operations, including limitations on the payments of dividends. Because we may continue to rely upon private investors for additional capital to sustain the business it is uncertain if it will be able to secure future capital for the Company.

The Company's operating activities used \$27,751 and \$431,010 for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008 respectively. The decrease in operating activities is primarily due to a reduction in the salaries of two of our

executives who resigned, and the waiver of accrued salaries for those same two executives and our CEO. These salaries we actually paid into the second quarter of 2009 and accrued into the fourth quarter of 2009 prior to the waiver by the executives. In addition, several administrative staff personnel were terminated. Furthermore, no salaries have been paid since the second quarter of 2008.

Critical Accounting Policies

Accounting Policies and Estimates

The preparation of our consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires our management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Our management periodically evaluates the estimates and judgments made. Management bases its estimates and judgments on historical experience and on various factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates as a result of different assumptions or conditions. As such, in accordance with the use of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, our actual realized results may differ from management's initial estimates as reported. A summary of significant accounting policies are detailed in notes to the consolidated financial statements which are an integral component of this filing.

Revenues

The Company has adopted the Securities and Exchange Commission's Staff Accounting Bulletin (SAB) No. 104, which provides guidance on the recognition, presentation and disclosure of revenue in financial statements.

Long-Lived Assets

Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 144. "Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and for Long-Lived Assets to be Disposed," requires that long-lived assets be reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the historical cost carrying value of an asset may no longer be appropriate. The Company assesses recoverability of the carrying value of an asset by estimating the future net cash flows expected to result from the asset, including eventual disposition. If the future net cash flows are less than the carrying value of the asset, an impairment loss is recorded equal to the difference between the asset's carrying value and fair value. This standard did not have a material effect on the Company's results of operations, cash flows or financial position.

Additional Information

We file reports and other materials with the Securities and Exchange Commission. These documents may be inspected and copied at the Commission's Public Reference Room at 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Washington, D.C., 20549. You can obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the Commission at 1-800-SEC-0330. You can also get copies of documents that the Company files with the Commission through the Commission's Internet site at www.sec.gov.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Smaller reporting companies are not required to provide the information required by this Item.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

(a) Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Based upon an evaluation of the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures performed by the Company's management, with participation of the Company's Chief Executive Officer, Chief Operating Officer, and its Chief Accounting Officer as of the end of the period covered by this report, the Company's Chief Executive Officer, Chief Operating Officer, and its Chief Accounting Officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and

procedures have been effective in ensuring that material information relating to the Company, including its consolidated subsidiary, is made known to the certifying officers by others within the Company and the Bank during the period covered by this report.

As used herein, "disclosure controls and procedures" mean controls and other procedures of the Company that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the Commission's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including its principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

(b) Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as such term is defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Under the supervision and with the participation of the Chief Executive Officer, the Chief Operating Officer and the Chief Accounting Officer, we conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our control over financial reporting based on the framework in Internal Control-Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("COSO"). It should be noted that any system of controls, however well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable and not absolute assurance that the objectives of the system are met. In addition, the design of any control system is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of certain events. Because of these and other inherent limitations of control systems, there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions, regardless of how remote.

Based on our evaluation under the framework, management has concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was effective as of September 30, 2009.

This quarterly report does not include an attestation report of the Company's registered public accounting firm regarding internal control over financial reporting. Management's report was not subject to attestation by the Company's registered public accounting firm pursuant to temporary rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission that permit the Company to provide only management's report in this quarterly report.

(c) Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There have not been any changes in the Company's internal controls or in other factors that occurred during the Company's last fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2009 that have materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Lack Of Independent Board Of Directors And Audit Committee

Management is aware that an audit committee composed of the requisite number of independent members along with a qualified financial expert has not yet been established. Considering the costs associated with procuring and providing the infrastructure to support an independent audit committee and the limited number of transactions, Management has concluded that the risks associated with the lack of an independent audit committee are not justified. Management will periodically reevaluate this situation.

Lack of Segregation of Duties

Management is aware that there is a lack of segregation of duties at the Company due to the small number of employees dealing with general administrative and financial matters. However, at this time management has decided that considering the abilities of the employees now involved and the control procedures in place, the risks associated with such lack of segregation are low and the potential benefits of adding employees to clearly segregate duties do not

justify the substantial expenses associated with such increases. Management will periodically reevaluate this situation.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

On November 11, 2009, our wholly-owned subsidiary, BioAuthorize, Inc., was served as a defendant in a suit filed on October 26, 2009 in the United States District Court, District of Oregon, and styled Michael A. Grassmueck, Court-Appointed Receiver for Global Online Direct, Inc., its Subsidiaries and Affiliates v. Stephen Bishop, Russell Devan, Success By Design, Inc., Lawrence Madoff, Ingrid Murro Botero, Murro Partners, LLC, Yada Schneider, BioAuthorize, Inc., Hassayampa Landscaping & Materials Company, Inc. and Members Only Financial, Inc. The claims as to BioAuthorize, Inc. are that the company received \$2 million of investments funds either directly or indirectly from Global or its related entities, with the intent to hinder, delay or defraud creditors with no reasonably equivalent value or consideration in exchange for the investment. BioAuthorize believes that the claims have no merit and will vigorously oppose and defend the claims, but also seek to resolve the matter. The Company is not involved in any other material pending legal proceedings that would not be considered ordinary routine litigation that is incidental to the business.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS SECURITIES

There were no sales of unregistered securities during the three-month period ended September 30, 2009.

ITEM 3. DEFAULT UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

There were no defaults upon any senior securities of the Company during the three-month period ended September 30, 2009.

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS.

No matter was submitted to a vote of securities holders of the Company during the three-month period ended September 30, 2009.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

- (a) None.
- (b) None.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

Exhibit #	Description
31.1	Certification Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as adopted pursuant
	to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 - Chief Executive Officer
31.2	Certification Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as adopted pursuant
	to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 - Chief Financial Officer
32.1	Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the
	Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 - Chief Executive Officer*
32.2	Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the
	Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 - Chief Financial Officer*

^{*} This exhibit shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that section, nor shall it be deemed incorporated by reference in any filing under the Securities Act of 1933 or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, whether made before or after the date hereof

except to the extent that the registrant specifically incorporates it by reference.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

BioAuthorize Holdings, Inc.

Date: November 23, 2009 By: /s/ Yada Schneider

Yada Schneider

President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive

Officer)

Date: November 23, 2009 By: /s/ Jeffrey Perry

Jeffrey Perry

Vice-President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal

Financial Officer)