

MANHATTAN PHARMACEUTICALS INC
Form 10-Q
November 14, 2007

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, DC 20549**

FORM 10-Q

☒ QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2007

OR

☐ TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number 001-32639

Manhattan Pharmaceuticals, Inc.
(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

36-3898269
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

810 Seventh Avenue, 4th Floor, New York, New York 10019
(Address of principal executive offices)

(212) 582-3950
(Issuer's telephone number)

Check whether the issuer: (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the issuer was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act (check one):

Large accelerated filer ☐

Accelerated filer ☐

Non-accelerated filer ☒

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).
Yes ☐ No ☒

As of November 9, 2007 there were 70,624,232 shares of the issuer's common stock, \$.001 par value, outstanding.

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Forward-Looking Statements

This quarterly report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Act, and Section 21E of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934. Any statements about our expectations, beliefs, plans, objectives, assumptions or future events or performance are not historical facts and may be forward-looking. These statements are often, but not always, made through the use of words or phrases such as “anticipate,” “estimate,” “plan,” “project,” “expect,” “may,” “intend” and similar words or phrases. Accordingly, these statements involve estimates, assumptions and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in them. These statements are therefore subject to risks and uncertainties, known and unknown, which could cause actual results and developments to differ materially from those expressed or implied in such statements. Such risks and uncertainties relate to, among other factors:

- the development of our drug candidates;
- the regulatory approval of our drug candidates;
- our use of clinical research centers and other contractors;
- our ability to find collaborative partners for research, development and commercialization of potential products;
- acceptance of our products by doctors, patients or payers;
- our history of operating losses;
- our ability to compete against other companies and research institutions;
- our ability to secure adequate protection for our intellectual property;
- our ability to attract and retain key personnel;
- availability of reimbursement for our product candidates;
- the effect of potential strategic transactions on our business;
- our ability to obtain adequate financing; and
- the volatility of our stock price.

Further, any forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date on which it is made, and we undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statement or statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date on which such statement is made or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events. New factors emerge from time to time, and it is not possible for us to predict which factors will arise. In addition, we cannot assess the impact of each factor on our business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements.

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION**Item 1. Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements****MANHATTAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

(A Development Stage Company)

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

	September 30, 2007	December 31, 2006
	(Unaudited)	(See Note 1)
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,032,655	\$ 3,029,118
Prepaid expenses	202,161	264,586
Total current assets	2,234,816	3,293,704
Property and equipment, net	52,472	83,743
Other assets	70,506	70,506
Total assets	\$ 2,357,794	\$ 3,447,953
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 852,490	\$ 1,393,296
Accrued expenses	938,656	550,029
Total current liabilities	1,791,146	1,943,325
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, \$.001 par value. Authorized 1,500,000 shares; no shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively	-	-
Common stock, \$.001 par value. Authorized 150,000,000 shares; 70,624,232 and 60,120,038 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively	70,624	60,120
Additional paid-in capital	53,590,920	44,411,326
Deficit accumulated during the development stage	(53,094,896)	(42,966,818)
Total stockholders' equity	566,648	1,504,628
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 2,357,794	\$ 3,447,953

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

MANHATTAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

(A Development Stage Company)
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations
(Unaudited)

	Three Months ended September 30, 2007		Three Months ended September 30, 2006		Cumulative period from August 6, 2001 (inception) to September 30, 2007
Revenue	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Costs and expenses:					
Research and development		1,808,958		1,041,693	7,360,040
General and administrative		898,063		923,755	4,299,039
In-process research and development charge		-		-	25,313,396
Impairment of intangible assets		-		-	13,109,254
Loss on disposition of intangible assets		-		-	11,887,807
Total operating expenses		2,707,021		1,965,448	52,772,565
Operating loss		(2,707,021)		(1,965,448)	(10,225,201)
Other (income) expense:					
Interest and other income		(37,600)		(68,740)	(97,598)
Interest expense		-		714	(253,929)
Realized gain on sale of marketable equity securities		-		-	952
Total other income		(37,600)		(68,026)	(490)
Net loss		(2,669,421)		(1,897,422)	(76,032)
Preferred stock dividends (including imputed amounts)		-		-	(857,313)
Net loss applicable to common shares	\$	(2,669,421)	\$	(1,897,422)	(6,566,663)
Net loss per common share:					
Basic and diluted	\$	(0.04)	\$	(0.03)	(0.11)
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding:					
Basic and diluted		70,591,623		60,120,038	67,134,882
					60,109,737

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

MANHATTAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

(A Development Stage Company)

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity (Deficiency)

(Unaudited)

	Series A convertible preferred stock		Common stock		Additional paid-in capital	Subscription receivable	Deficit accumulated during development stage	payable in Series A preferred shares	Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	Unearned consulting services
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount						
Stock issued at \$0.0004 per share for subscription receivable		—\$	—10,167,741	\$ 10,168	\$ (6,168)	\$ (4,000)	\$	—\$	—\$	—\$
Net loss		—	—	—	—	—	(56,796)	—	—	—
Balance at December 31, 2001		—	—10,167,741	10,168	(6,168)	(4,000)	(56,796)	—	—	—
Proceeds from subscription receivable		—	—	—	—	4,000	—	—	—	—
Stock issued at \$0.0004 per share for license rights		—	— 2,541,935	2,542	(1,542)	—	—	—	—	—
Stock options issued for consulting services		—	—	—	60,589	—	—	—	—	(60,589)
Amortization of unearned consulting services		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	22,700
Common stock issued at \$0.63 per share, net of expenses		—	— 3,043,332	3,043	1,701,275	—	—	—	—	—
Net loss		—	—	—	—	—	(1,037,320)	—	—	—
Balance at December 31, 2002		—	—15,753,008	15,753	1,754,154	—	(1,094,116)	—	—	(37,889)
Common stock issued at \$0.63 per share, net of		—	— 1,321,806	1,322	742,369	—	—	—	—	—

expenses										
Effect of reverse acquisition										
	—	—	6,287,582	6,287	2,329,954	—	—	—	—	
Amortization of unearned consulting costs	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	37,8
Unrealized loss on short-term investments	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(7,760)	
Payment for fractional shares for stock combination	—	—	—	—	(300)	—	—	—	—	
Preferred stock issued at \$10 per share, net of expenses	1,000,000	1,000	—	—	9,045,176	—	—	—	—	
Imputed preferred stock dividend					418,182	—	(418,182)	—		
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	—	(5,960,907)	—	—	
Balance at December 31, 2003	1,000,000	1,000	23,362,396	23,362	14,289,535	—	(7,473,205)	—	(7,760)	
Exercise of stock options	—	—	27,600	27	30,073	—	—	—	—	
Common stock issued at \$1.10, net of expenses	—	—	3,368,952	3,369	3,358,349	—	—	—	—	
Preferred stock dividend accrued	—	—	—	—	—	—	(585,799)	585,799	—	
Preferred stock dividends paid by issuance of shares	24,901	25	—	—	281,073	—	—	(282,388)	—	
Conversion of preferred stock to common stock at \$1.10 per share	(170,528)	(171)	1,550,239	1,551	(1,380)	—	—	—	—	
Warrants issued for	—	—	—	—	125,558	—	—	—	—	(120,9

consulting services										
Amortization of unearned consulting costs	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	100,8
Unrealized gain on short-term investments and reversal of unrealized loss on short-term investments	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	20,997	
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	—	(5,896,031)	—	—	
Balance at December 31, 2004	854,373	854	28,309,187	28,309	18,083,208	—	(13,955,035)	303,411	13,237	(20,1
Common stock issued at \$1.11 and \$1.15, net of expenses	—	—	11,917,680	11,918	12,238,291	—	—	—	—	
Common stock issued to vendor at \$1.11 per share in satisfaction of accounts payable	—	—	675,675	676	749,324	—	—	—	—	
Exercise of stock options	—	—	32,400	33	32,367	—	—	—	—	
Exercise of warrants	—	—	279,845	279	68,212	—	—	—	—	
Preferred stock dividend accrued	—	—	—	—	—	—	(175,663)	175,663	—	
Preferred stock dividends paid by issuance of shares	41,781	42	—	—	477,736	—	—	(479,074)	—	
Conversion of preferred stock to common stock at \$1.10 per share	(896,154)	(896)	8,146,858	8,147	(7,251)	—	—	—	—	
	—	—	—	—	66,971	—	—	—	—	20,1

Share-based compensation									
Reversal of unrealized gain on short-term investments	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—(12,250)
Stock issued in connection with acquisition of Tarpan Therapeutics, Inc.	—	—10,731,052	10,731	11,042,253	—	—	—	—	—
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	—(19,140,997)	—	—	—
Balance at December 31, 2005	—	—60,092,697	60,093	42,751,111	—	—(33,271,695)	—	987	
Cashless exercise of warrants	—	—	27,341	27	(27)	—	—	—	—
Share-based compensation	—	—	—	—	1,675,499	—	—	—	—
Unrealized loss on short-term investments	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(987)
Costs associated with private placement	—	—	—	—	(15,257)	—	—	—	—
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	—(9,695,123)	—	—	—
Balance at December 31, 2006	—	—60,120,038	60,120	44,411,326	—	—(42,966,818)	—	—	
Common stock issued at \$0.84 and \$0.90, net of expenses	—	—10,185,502	10,186	7,841,999	—	—	—	—	—
Common stock issued to directors at \$0.72 per share in satisfaction of accounts payable	—	—	27,776	28	19,972	—	—	—	—
Common stock issued in connection	—	—	125,000	125	112,375	—	—	—	—

with
in-licensing
agreement at
\$0.90 per
share

Common
stock issued in
connection
with
in-licensing
agreement at
\$0.80 per
share

—	—	150,000	150	119,850	—	—	—	—
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Share-based
compensation

—	—	—	—	1,078,185	—	—	—	—
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Exercise of
warrants

—	—	10,327	15	7,219	—	—	—	—
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Cashless
exercise of
warrants

—	—	5,589	—	(6)	—	—	—	—
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Net loss

—	—	—	—	-	—	(10,128,078)	—	—
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Balance at
September 30,
2007

-\$	—	70,624,232	\$ 70,624	\$ 53,590,920	\$	-(53,094,896)	\$	-\$
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See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

MANHATTAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

(A Development Stage Company)
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(Unaudited)

	Nine months ended September 30,		Cumulative period from August 6, 2001 (inception) to September 30, 2007
	2007	2006	
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net loss	\$ (10,128,078)	\$ (6,566,663)	\$ (51,915,252)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:			
Share-based compensation	1,078,185	945,858	3,002,212
Shares issued in connection with in-licensing agreements	232,500	-	232,500
Amortization of intangible assets	-	-	145,162
Gain on sale of marketable equity securities	-	(490)	(76,032)
Depreciation	40,406	44,581	187,886
Non cash portion of in-process research and development charge	-	-	11,721,623
Loss on impairment and disposition of intangible assets	-	-	2,462,108
Other	-	-	5,590
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions:			
(Increase)/decrease in prepaid expenses and other current assets	62,425	(554,274)	(143,916)
Increase in other assets	-	-	(70,506)
Increase/(decrease) in accounts payable	(520,806)	(531,941)	1,272,704
Increase in accrued expenses	388,627	280,405	398,335
Net cash used in operating activities	(8,846,741)	(6,382,524)	(32,777,586)
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Purchase of property and equipment	(9,135)	(15,872)	(230,636)
Cash paid in connection with acquisitions, net	-	-	(26,031)
Proceeds from sale of short-term investments, net	-	500,000	435,938
Proceeds from sale of license	-	-	200,001
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(9,135)	484,128	379,272
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Repayments of notes payable to stockholders	-	-	(884,902)
Payment for fractional shares for preferred stock dividends	-	-	(2,286)
Proceeds related to sale of common stock, net	7,852,185	(15,256)	25,896,262
Proceeds from sale of preferred stock, net	-	-	9,046,176
Proceeds from exercise of warrants and stock options	7,228	-	138,219

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Other, net	-	-	237,500
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	7,859,413	(15,256)	34,430,969
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(996,463)	(5,913,652)	2,032,655
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	3,029,118	9,826,336	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 2,032,655	\$ 3,912,684	\$ 2,032,655
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:			
Interest paid	\$ 475	\$ 952	\$ 26,033
Supplemental disclosure of noncash investing and financing activities:			
Common stock issued in satisfaction of accounts payable	\$ 20,000	\$ -	\$ 770,000
Imputed preferred stock dividend	-	-	418,182
Preferred stock dividends accrued	-	-	761,462
Conversion of preferred stock to common stock	-	-	9,046,176
Preferred stock dividends paid by issuance of shares	-	-	759,134
Issuance of common stock for acquisitions	-	-	13,389,226
Issuance of common stock in connection with in-licensing agreements	232,500	-	232,500
Marketable equity securities received in connection with sale of license	-	-	359,907
Net liabilities assumed over assets acquired in business combination	-	-	(675,416)
Cashless exercise of warrants	6	27	33

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

MANHATTAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC. and SUBSIDIARIES
(A Development Stage Company)

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

(1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of Manhattan Pharmaceuticals, Inc. and its subsidiaries ("Manhattan" or the "Company") have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for interim financial information and the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Accordingly, the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements do not include all information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for complete annual financial statements. In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments, consisting of only normal recurring adjustments, considered necessary for a fair presentation. Interim operating results are not necessarily indicative of results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2007 or for any other interim period. These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2006, which are included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for such year. The condensed balance sheet as of December 31, 2006 has been derived from the audited financial statements included in the Form 10-KSB for that year.

As of December 31, 2006 all of the Company's subsidiaries had either been dissolved or merged into Manhattan. As a result, the Company had no subsidiaries during the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2007.

As of September 30, 2007, the Company has not generated any revenues from its operations and is considered to be a development stage company.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to prior-year amounts to conform to the current-year presentations.

Segment Reporting

The Company has determined that it operates in only one segment currently, which is biopharmaceutical research and development.

Income Taxes

Effective January 1, 2007, the Company adopted the provisions of Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Interpretation No. 48 ("FIN 48"), *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes - an interpretation of FASB No. 109*. The implementation of FIN 48 had no impact on the Company's financial statements as the Company has no unrecognized tax benefits. The Company's policy is to recognize interest and penalties related to income tax matters in income tax expense.

MANHATTAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC. and SUBSIDIARIES
(A Development Stage Company)

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

New Accounting Pronouncements

In March 2007, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position EITF 07-03 ("FSP 07-03"), Accounting for Nonrefundable Advance Payments for Goods or Services to Be Used in Future Research and Development Activities. FSP 07-03 addresses whether nonrefundable advance payments for goods or services that will be used or rendered for research and development activities should be expensed when the advance payment is made or when the research and development activity has been performed. FSP 07-03 will be effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2007, and interim periods within those fiscal years. The Company currently believes that the adoption of FSP 07-03 will have no material impact on its financial position or results of operations.

(2) LIQUIDITY

The Company incurred a net loss of \$10,128,078 and negative cash flows from operating activities of \$8,866,741 for the nine months ended September 30, 2007. The net loss from date of inception, August 6, 2001, to September 30, 2007 amounts to \$51,915,252.

Management believes that the Company will continue to incur net losses through at least September 30, 2008, and for the foreseeable future thereafter. Based on the resources of the Company available at September 30, 2007, management believes that the Company will need additional equity or debt financing or will need to generate revenues through licensing of its products or entering into strategic alliances to be able to sustain its operations into 2008. Furthermore, we will need additional financing thereafter to complete development and commercialization of our product candidates.

The Company's continued operations will depend on its ability to raise additional funds through various potential sources such as equity and debt financing, collaborative agreements, strategic alliances and its ability to realize the full potential of its technology in development. Additional funds may not become available on acceptable terms, and there can be no assurance that any additional funding that the Company does obtain will be sufficient to meet the Company's needs in the long-term.

(3) COMPUTATION OF NET LOSS PER COMMON SHARE

Basic net loss per common share is calculated by dividing net loss applicable to common shares by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted net loss per common share is the same as basic net loss per common share, since potentially dilutive securities from the assumed exercise of stock options and stock warrants would have an antidilutive effect because the Company incurred a net loss during each period presented. The amounts of potentially dilutive securities excluded from the calculation of diluted net loss per share were 18,634,521 and 13,422,729 as of September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

MANHATTAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC. and SUBSIDIARIES
(A Development Stage Company)

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

(4) SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

Effective January 1, 2006, the Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123(R), "Share-Based Payment," ("Statement 123(R)") for employee options using the modified prospective transition method. Statement 123(R) revised Statement 123 "Accounting for Stock-based Compensation" to eliminate the option to use the intrinsic value method and required the Company to expense the fair value of all employee options over the vesting period. Under the modified prospective transition method, the Company recognized compensation cost for the three and nine month periods ending September 30, 2007 and 2006 based on the grant date fair value estimated in accordance with Statement 123(R). This includes (a) period compensation cost related to share-based payments granted prior to, but not yet vested, as of January 1, 2006, based on the grant date fair value estimated in accordance with the original provisions of Statement 123; and (b) period compensation cost related to share-based payments granted on or after January 1, 2006. In accordance with the modified prospective method, the Company has not restated prior period results.

The Company recognized compensation expense related to stock option grants on a straight-line basis over the vesting period. The Company recognized share-based compensation cost of \$371,636 and \$326,730 for the three month periods ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 respectively, and \$1,078,185 and \$945,858 for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively in accordance with Statement 123(R). The Company did not capitalize any share-based compensation cost.

Options granted to consultants and other non-employees are accounted for in accordance with Emerging Issues Task Force ("EITF") No. 96-18 "Accounting for Equity Instruments That Are Issued to Other than Employees for Acquiring, or in Conjunction with Selling, Goods or Services", and Financial Accounting Standards Board Interpretation No 28 "Accounting for Stock Appreciation Rights and Other Variable Option or Award Plans". Accordingly, such options are recorded at fair value at the date of grant and subsequently adjusted to fair value at the end of each reporting period until such options vest, and the fair value of the options, as adjusted, is amortized to consulting expense over the related vesting period. As a result of adjusting consultant and other non-employee options to fair value as of September 30, 2007 and 2006, net of amortization, the Company recognized share-based compensation cost (credits) of \$(8,767) and \$(6,775), for the three month periods ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively, and \$(5,212) and \$(33,096) for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

MANHATTAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC. and SUBSIDIARIES
(A Development Stage Company)

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

The Company has allocated share-based compensation costs and credits to general and administrative and research and development expenses as follows:

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
General and administrative expense:				
Share-based employee compensation costs	\$ 254,870	\$ 225,394	\$ 726,414	\$ 670,371
Share-based consultant and non-employee (credits) costs	—	(2,962)	10,550	(25,823)
Total general and administrative expense	\$ 254,870	\$ 222,432	\$ 736,964	\$ 644,548
Research and development expense:				
Share-based employee compensation costs	\$ 125,533	\$ 108,111	\$ 356,983	\$ 308,583
Share-based consultant and non-employee (credits) costs	(8,767)	(3,813)	(15,762)	(7,273)
Total research and development expense	\$ 116,766	\$ 104,298	\$ 341,221	\$ 301,310
Total share-based costs	\$ 371,636	\$ 326,730	\$ 1,078,185	\$ 945,858

To compute compensation expense in 2007 and 2006, the Company estimated the fair value of each option award on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes model. The Company based the expected volatility assumption on a volatility index of peer companies as the Company did not have a sufficient number of years of historical volatility data related to its common stock for the application of Statement 123(R). The expected term of options granted represents the period of time that options are expected to be outstanding. The Company estimated the expected term of stock options by the simplified method as permitted by the Securities and Exchange Commission's Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 107. The expected forfeiture rates are based on the historical forfeiture experiences. To determine the risk-free interest rate, the Company utilized the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant with a term consistent with the expected term of the Company's awards. The Company has not declared a dividend on its common stock since its inception and has no intentions of declaring a dividend in the foreseeable future and therefore used a dividend yield of zero.

MANHATTAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC. and SUBSIDIARIES
(A Development Stage Company)

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

The following table shows the weighted average assumptions the Company used to develop the fair value estimates for the determination of the compensation charges in 2007 and 2006:

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Expected Volatility	93%	55%	80% - 93%	55%
Dividend yield	—	—	—	—
Expected term (in years)	6 - 8	6	6 - 8	6
	4.38% -		4.38% -	
Risk-free interest rate	4.96%	4.88%	4.96%	4.88%

The Company has shareholder-approved stock incentive plans for employees under which it has granted non-qualified and incentive stock options. In December 2003, the Company established the 2003 Stock Option Plan (the “2003 Plan”), which provided for the granting of up to 5,400,000 options to officers, directors, employees and consultants for the purchase of common stock. The Company increased the number of shares of common stock reserved for issuance under the 2003 Plan in August 2005 by 2,000,000 shares and in May 2007 by 3,000,000 shares. At September 30, 2007, under the 2003 Plan, 10,400,000 shares of common stock were authorized for issuance. At September 30, 2007, under the 2003 Plan, options to purchase 7,096,598 shares of common stock were outstanding. In addition, 27,776 shares of common stock were issued under the 2003 Plan leaving 3,275,626 shares of common stock reserved for future stock option grants as of September 30, 2007. The options have a maximum term of 10 years and vest over a period determined by the Company’s Board of Directors (generally three years) and are issued at an exercise price equal to or greater than the fair market value of the shares at the date of grant. The 2003 Plan expires on December 10, 2013 or when all options have been granted, whichever is sooner. Under the 2003 Plan, the Company granted options to purchase an aggregate of 1,342,500 shares of common stock during the nine months ended September 30, 2007 of which options to purchase 300,000 and 97,500 shares of common stock were granted at an exercise price of \$0.72 per share to directors and employees, respectively, options to purchase 75,000 shares of common stock were granted to an employee at an exercise price of \$0.82 per share, and options to purchase 870,000 shares of common stock were granted to officers at an exercise price of \$0.95 per share. Additionally, on January 30, 2007, the Company’s non-employee directors agreed to accept an aggregate of 27,776 shares of the Company’s common stock, each valued at \$0.72 per share (the closing sale price of the common stock on such date), in lieu of receiving \$20,000 in aggregate cash fees owed to such directors for their services in 2006. Such shares were issued pursuant to the 2003 plan.

In July 1995, the Company established the 1995 Stock Option Plan (the “1995 Plan”), which provided for the granting of options to purchase up to 130,000 shares of the Company’s common stock to officers, directors, employees and consultants. The 1995 Plan was amended several times to increase the number of shares reserved for stock option grants. In June 2005, the 1995 Plan expired and no further options can be granted. As of September 30, 2007, options to purchase 1,137,240 shares were outstanding under the 1995 Plan and no shares were reserved for future stock option grants.

MANHATTAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC. and SUBSIDIARIES
(A Development Stage Company)

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

A summary of the status of the Company's outstanding stock options as of September 30, 2007 and changes during the nine months then ended is presented below:

	Shares	Weighted average exercise price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term (years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding at December 31, 2006	7,000,504	\$ 1.31		
Granted				
Officers	870,000			
Directors	300,000			
Employees	172,500			
Total Granted	1,342,500	0.88		
Exercised	-	-		
Cancelled	(109,166)	0.95		
Outstanding at September 30, 2007	8,233,838	\$ 1.25	7.19	\$ -
Options exercisable at September 30, 2007	5,247,546	\$ 1.29	6.74	\$ -
Weighted-average fair value of options granted during the nine months ended September 30, 2007	\$ 0.63			

As of September 30, 2007, the total compensation cost related to non-vested option awards not yet recognized is \$1,039,009. The weighted average period over which it is expected to be recognized is approximately 0.9 years.

In November 2005, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position No. FAS 123(R)-3 ("FSP 123(R)-3"), "Transition Election Related to Accounting for the Tax Effects of Share-Based Payment Awards". The Company has adopted the alternative transition method provided in FSP 123(R)-3 for calculating the tax effects of stock-based compensation pursuant to SFAS 123(R) in 2006. The alternative transition method includes simplified methods to establish the beginning balance of the additional paid-in capital pool ("APIC pool") related to the tax effects of employee stock-based compensation, and to determine the subsequent impact on the APIC pool and consolidated statements of cash flows of the tax effects of employee stock-based compensation awards that are outstanding upon adoption of SFAS 123(R). The adoption did not have a material impact on our results of operations and financial condition.

MANHATTAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC. and SUBSIDIARIES
(A Development Stage Company)

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

(5) COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Research and development contracts

The Company often contracts with third parties to facilitate, coordinate and perform agreed-upon research and development of its product candidates. To ensure that research and development costs are expensed as incurred, the Company records monthly accruals for clinical trials and preclinical testing costs based on the work performed under the contracts.

These contracts typically call for the payment of fees for services at the initiation of the contract and/or upon the achievement of certain milestones. This method of payment often does not match the related expense recognition resulting in either a prepayment, when the amounts paid are greater than the related research and development costs expensed, or an accrued liability, when the amounts paid are less than the related research and development costs expensed.

Expenses associated with the recently concluded clinical trials of Oleoyl-estrone in common obesity and morbid obesity were recognized on this activity-based method. At September 30, 2007 there are no remaining financial commitments for these clinical trials.

The Company is developing PTH (1-34) as a topical treatment for psoriasis. Expenses associated with the manufacture of clinical and non-clinical supplies of PTH (1-34) are recognized on this activity based method. At September 30, 2007 we recognized prepaid expense of \$30,000 and accrued expenses of \$100,135. The remaining financial commitment related to the manufacture of PTH (1-34) is negligible.

During the three months ended September 30, 2007 we entered into an agreement with Therapeutics, Inc. for the conduct of a clinical trial of PTH (1-34). The total amount payable under the agreement is approximately \$845,000. At September 30, 2007 we recognized research and development expense and accrued expenses of approximately \$60,000. The remaining financial commitment related to the conduct of the clinical trial is approximately \$785,000. This clinical trial is expected to conclude in the second quarter of 2008.

Swiss Pharma Contract LTD

Swiss Pharma Contract LTD ("Swiss Pharma"), a clinical site that the Company used in one of its obesity trials, gave notice to the Company that Swiss Pharma believes it is entitled to receive an additional payment of \$322,776 for services in connection with that clinical trial. While the contract between the Company and Swiss Pharma provides for additional payments if certain conditions are met, Swiss Pharma has not specified which conditions they believe have been achieved and the Company does not believe that Swiss Pharma is entitled to additional payments and has not accrued any of these costs as of September 30, 2007. The contract between the Company and Swiss Pharma provides for arbitration in the event of a dispute, such as this claim for an additional payment. Swiss Pharma has filed a demand for arbitration. As the Company does not believe that Swiss Pharma is entitled to additional payments, it intends to defend its position in arbitration.

MANHATTAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC. and SUBSIDIARIES
(A Development Stage Company)

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

Contentions of a former employee

In February 2007, a former employee of the Company alleged an ownership interest in two of the Company's provisional patent applications covering our discontinued product development program for Oleoyl-estrone. Also, without articulating precise legal claims, the former employee contends that the Company wrongfully characterized the former employee's separation from employment as a resignation instead of a dismissal in an effort to harm the former employee's immigration sponsorship efforts, and, further, to wrongfully deprive the former employee of the former employee's alleged rights in two of the Company's provisional patent applications. The former employee is seeking an unspecified amount in damages. The Company refutes the former employee's contentions and intends to vigorously defend itself should the former employee file claims against the Company. There have been no further developments with respect to these contentions.

(6) PRIVATE PLACEMENT OF COMMON SHARES

On March 30, 2007, the Company entered into a series of subscription agreements with various institutional and other accredited investors for the issuance and sale in a private placement of an aggregate of 10,185,502 shares of its common stock for total net proceeds of approximately \$7.85 million, after deducting commissions and other costs of the transaction. Of the total amount of shares issued, 10,129,947 were sold at a per share price of \$0.84, and an additional 55,555 shares were sold to an entity affiliated with a director of the Company, at a per share price of \$0.90, the closing sale price of the common stock on March 29, 2007. Pursuant to the subscription agreements, the Company also issued to the investors 5-year warrants to purchase an aggregate of 3,564,897 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.00 per share. The warrants are exercisable during the period commencing September 30, 2007 and ending March 30, 2012. Gross and net proceeds from the private placement were \$8,559,155 and \$7,852,185, respectively.

Pursuant to these subscription agreements the Company filed a registration statement on Form S-3 covering the resale of the shares issued in the private placement, including the shares issuable upon exercise of the investor warrants and the placement agent warrants, with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 9, 2007, which was declared effective by the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 18, 2007.

The Company engaged Paramount BioCapital, Inc. ("Paramont"), an affiliate of a significant stockholder of the Company, as its placement agent in connection with the private placement. In consideration for its services, the Company paid aggregate cash commissions of approximately \$600,000 and issued to Paramount a 5-year warrant to purchase an aggregate of 509,275 shares at an exercise price of \$1.00 per share.

MANHATTAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC. and SUBSIDIARIES
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NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

(7) RECENTLY COMPLETED IN-LICENSING TRANSACTIONS

Altoderm License Agreement

On April 3, 2007, the Company entered into a license agreement for “Altoderm” (the “Altoderm Agreement”) with Thornton & Ross LTD (“T&R”). Pursuant to the Altoderm Agreement, the Company acquired an exclusive North American license to certain patent rights and other intellectual property relating to Altoderm, a topical skin lotion product candidate using sodium cromoglicate for the treatment of atopic dermatitis. In accordance with the terms of the Altoderm Agreement, the Company issued 125,000 shares of its common stock, valued at \$112,500, and made a cash payment of \$475,000 to T&R upon the execution of the agreement. These amounts have been included in research and development expense. Further, the Company agreed to make future milestone payments to T&R comprised of various combinations of cash and common stock in respective aggregate amounts of \$5,675,000 and 875,000 shares of common stock upon the achievement of various clinical and regulatory milestones. The Company also agreed to pay royalties on net sales of products using the licensed patent rights at rates ranging from 10% to 20%, depending on the level of annual net sales, and subject to an annual minimum royalty payment of \$1 million in each year following the first commercial sale of Altoderm. The Company may sublicense the patent rights. The Company agreed to pay T&R 30% of the royalties received by the Company under such sublicense agreements.

Altolyn License Agreement

On April 3, 2007, the Company and T&R also entered into a license agreement for “Altolyn” (the “Altolyn Agreement”). Pursuant to the Altolyn Agreement, the Company acquired an exclusive North American license to certain patent rights and other intellectual property relating to Altolyn, an oral formulation product candidate using sodium cromoglicate for the treatment of mastocytosis, food allergies, and inflammatory bowel disorder. In accordance with the terms of the Altolyn Agreement, the Company made a cash payment of \$475,000 to T&R upon the execution of the agreement. This amount is included in research and development expense. Further, the Company agreed to make future cash milestone payments to T&R in an aggregate amount of \$5,675,000 upon the achievement of various clinical and regulatory milestones. The Company also agreed to pay royalties on net sales of products using the licensed patent rights at rates ranging from 10% to 20%, depending on the level of annual net sales, and subject to an annual minimum royalty payment of \$1 million in each year following the first commercial sale of Altolyn. The Company may sublicense the patent rights. The Company agreed to pay T&R 30% of the royalties received by the Company under such sublicense agreements.

Hedrin License Agreement

On June 26, 2007, the Company entered into an exclusive license agreement for “Hedrin” (the “Hedrin Agreement”) with T&R and Kerris, S.A. (“Kerris”). Pursuant to the Hedrin Agreement, the Company has acquired an exclusive North American license to certain patent rights and other intellectual property relating to Hedrin(TM), a non-insecticide product candidate for the treatment of head lice. In addition, on June 26, 2007, the Company entered into a Supply Agreement with T&R pursuant to which T&R will be the Company’s exclusive supplier of Hedrin product.

MANHATTAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC. and SUBSIDIARIES
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NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

In consideration for the license, the Company issued to T&R and Kerris (jointly, the “Licensor”) a combined total of 150,000 shares of its common stock valued at \$120,000. In addition, the Company also made a cash payment of \$600,000 to the Licensor. These amounts are included in research and development expense. Further, the Company agreed to make future milestone payments to the Licensor in the aggregate amount of \$2,500,000 upon the achievement of various clinical, regulatory, and patent issuance milestones, as well as up to \$2,500,000 in a one-time success fee based on aggregate sales of the product by the Company and its licensees of at least \$50,000,000. The Company also agreed to pay royalties of 8% (or, under certain circumstances, 4%) on net sales of licensed products. The Company’s exclusivity under the License Agreement is subject to an annual minimum royalty payment of \$1,000,000 (or, under certain circumstances, \$500,000) in each of the third through seventh years following the first commercial sale of Hedrin. The Company may sublicense its rights under the Hedrin Agreement with the consent of Licensor and the proceeds resulting from such sublicenses will be shared with the Licensor.

Pursuant to the Supply Agreement, the Company has agreed that it and its sublicensees will purchase their respective requirements of the Hedrin product from T&R at agreed upon prices. Under certain circumstances where T&R is unable to supply Hedrin products in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Supply Agreement, the Company may obtain products from an alternative supplier subject to certain conditions. The term of the Supply Agreement ends upon termination of the Hedrin Agreement.

(8) RECENTLY DISCONTINUED PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS

Oleoyl-estrone - results of Phase 2a studies

On July 9, 2007 the Company announced the results of its two Phase 2a clinical trials of oral Oleoyl-estrone (“OE”). The results of both randomized, double-blind, placebo controlled studies, one in common obesity and the other in morbid obesity, demonstrated no statistically or clinically meaningful placebo adjusted weight loss for any of the treatment arms evaluated. Based on these results, the Company is discontinuing its Oleoyl-estrone programs in both common obesity and morbid obesity.

Propofol Lingual Spray

On July 9, 2007 the Company announced that it is discontinuing development and intends to pursue appropriate out-licensing opportunities for Propofol Lingual Spray for pre-procedural sedation.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis Financial Condition and Results of Operations

You should read the following discussion of our results of operations and financial condition in conjunction with our Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended December 31, 2006 (the "Annual Report") and our financial statements as of and for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2007 included elsewhere in this report.

We were incorporated in Delaware in 1993 under the name Atlantic Pharmaceuticals, Inc. and, in March 2000, we changed our name to Atlantic Technology Ventures, Inc. In 2003, we completed a "reverse acquisition" of privately held Manhattan Research Development, Inc. In connection with this transaction, we also changed our name to Manhattan Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

During 2005 we merged with Tarpan Therapeutics, Inc. ("Tarpan"). Tarpan was a privately held New York based biopharmaceutical company developing dermatological therapeutics. Through the merger, we acquired Tarpan's primary product candidate, topical PTH (1-34) for the treatment of psoriasis. In consideration for their shares of Tarpan's capital stock, the stockholders of Tarpan received an aggregate of approximately 20% of our then outstanding common shares. This transaction was accounted for as a purchase of Tarpan by the Company.

We are a development stage biopharmaceutical company focused on developing and commercializing innovative pharmaceutical therapies for underserved patient populations. We aim to acquire rights to these technologies by licensing or otherwise acquiring an ownership interest, funding their research and development and eventually either bringing the technologies to market or out-licensing. We currently have four product candidates in development:

- Topical PTH (1-34) for the treatment of psoriasis;

- Altoderm, a proprietary formulation of topical cromolyn sodium for the treatment of atopic dermatitis;

- Hedrin, a novel, non-insecticide treatment for head lice;

- and Altolyn, a proprietary site specific tablet formulation of oral cromolyn sodium for the treatment of mastocytosis.

We have not received regulatory approval for, or generated commercial revenues from marketing or selling any drugs.

We announced in July 2007 that we are discontinuing development of two product candidates, oral Oleoyl-estrone ("OE") and Propofol Lingual Spray.

You should read the following discussion of our results of operations and financial condition in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. This discussion includes "forward-looking" statements that reflect our current views with respect to future events and financial performance. We use words such as we "expect," "anticipate," "believe," and "intend" and similar expressions to identify forward-looking statements. You should be aware that actual results may differ materially from our expressed expectations because of risks and uncertainties inherent in future events, particularly those risks identified under the heading "Risk Factors" following Item 1 in the Annual Report, and should not unduly rely on these forward looking statements.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

NINE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007 VS 2006

	Nine months ended September 30,		Increase		% Increase	
	2007	2006	(decrease)		(decrease)	
Costs and expenses						
<i>Research and development</i>						
Stock based compensation	\$ 341,000	\$ 301,000	\$ 40,000		13.3%	
In-license and related fees	\$ 1,804,000	\$ 250,000	\$ 1,554,000		621.6%	
Consulting costs related to in-license activities	\$ 134,000	\$ -	\$ 134,000		N/A	
Other research and development expense	\$ 5,081,000	\$ 3,748,000	\$ 1,333,000		35.6%	
Total research and development expense	\$ 7,360,000	\$ 4,299,000	\$ 3,061,000		71.2%	
<i>General and administrative</i>						
Stock based compensation	\$ 737,000	\$ 645,000	\$ 92,000		14.3%	
Other general and administrative expense	\$ 2,128,000	\$ 1,876,000	\$ 252,000		13.4%	
Total general and administrative expense	\$ 2,865,000	\$ 2,521,000	\$ 344,000		13.6%	
Other income	\$ 97,000	\$ 253,000	\$ (156,000)		-61.7%	
Net loss	\$ (10,128,000)	\$ (6,567,000)	\$ 3,561,000		54.2%	

During each of the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, we had no revenues, and are considered a development stage company. We do not expect to have revenues relating to our technologies prior to September 30, 2008, if at all.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2007 total research and development expense was \$7,360,000 as compared to \$4,299,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. The increase of \$3,061,000, or 71.2% is primarily comprised of an increase of \$1,804,000 in in-license and associated fees, an increase in consulting costs related to in-license activities of \$134,000, an increase of \$40,000 in stock based compensation, an increase of \$446,000 in development costs for PTH, an increase in development costs for Altoderm, Altolyn and Hedrin of \$424,000 and an increase of \$514,000 in clinical activities of Oleoyl-estrone, partially offset by decreases in development costs for Propofol of \$51,000. Research and development expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 includes non-cash costs of \$657,000, comprised of \$233,000 of in-license fees paid in common stock, \$84,000 of consulting costs related to in-license activities paid in warrants to purchase common stock and \$341,000 in stock based compensation. By comparison research and development costs for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 includes non-cash costs of \$301,000, comprised entirely of stock based compensation.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2007, total general and administrative expense was \$2,865,000 as compared to \$2,521,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. The increase of \$344,000, or 13.6%, is primarily due to increases of \$92,000 in stock based compensation, of \$79,000 in spending on business development activities, of \$71,000 in payroll and related costs, of \$88,000 in director compensation costs and of \$31,000 in professional fees.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2007, other income was \$97,000 as compared to \$253,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. The decrease of \$156,000, or 61.7%, is due primarily to a decrease in interest income which resulted from lower average balances in interest bearing cash and short-term investment accounts.

Net loss for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 was \$10,128,000 as compared to \$6,567,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. The increase of \$3,561,000, or 54.2%, in net loss is principally attributable to an increase in in-license and related fees of \$1,804,000, increases in spending on research and development programs of \$1,333,000, an increase in general and administrative expense of \$344,000 and a decrease in other income of \$156,000.

THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007 VS 2006

	Quarter ended September 30,		Increase	% Increase
	2007	2006	(decrease)	(decrease)
Costs and expenses				
<i>Research and development</i>				
Stock based compensation	\$ 117,000	\$ 104,000	\$ 13,000	12.5%
Other research and development expense	\$ 1,692,000	\$ 938,000	\$ 754,000	80.4%
Total research and development expense	\$ 1,809,000	\$ 1,042,000	\$ 767,000	73.6%
<i>General and administrative</i>				
Stock based compensation	\$ 255,000	\$ 222,000	\$ 33,000	14.9%
Other general and administrative expense	\$ 643,000	\$ 702,000	\$ (59,000)	-8.4%
Total general and administrative expense	\$ 898,000	\$ 924,000	\$ (26,000)	-2.8%
Other income	\$ 37,000	\$ 68,000	\$ (31,000)	-45.6%
Net loss	\$ (2,670,000)	\$ (1,898,000)	\$ 772,000	40.7%

During each of the quarters ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, we had no revenues, and are considered a development stage company. We do not expect to have revenues relating to our technologies prior to September 30, 2008, if at all.

For the quarter ended September 30, 2007 total research and development expense was \$1,809,000 as compared to \$1,042,000 for the quarter ended September 30, 2006. The increase of \$767,000, or 73.6%, is primarily attributable to an increase of \$699,000 in development costs for PTH, an increase in development costs for Altoderm, Altolyn and Hedrin of \$307,000 and an increase in stock based compensation of \$13,000 partially offset by decreases in development costs for Oleoyl-estrone and Propofol of \$252,000.

For the three months ended September 30, 2007, total general and administrative expense was \$898,000 as compared to \$924,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2006. The decrease of \$26,000, or 2.8%, is primarily due to decreases of \$23,000 in spending on business development activities, of \$26,000 in payroll and related costs, of \$26,000 in insurance costs and of \$16,000 in travel and entertainment costs partially offset by increases of \$33,000 in stock based compensation, of \$25,000 in directors' fees and of \$19,000 in professional fess.

For the three months ended September 30, 2007, other income was \$37,000 as compared to \$68,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2006. The decrease of \$31,000, or 45.6%, is due primarily to a decrease in interest income which resulted from lower average balances in interest bearing cash and short-term investment accounts.

Net loss for the three months ended September 30, 2007 was \$2,670,000 as compared to \$1,898,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2006. The increase of \$772,000, or 40.7%, in net loss is principally attributable to an increase in research and development expense of \$767,000, a decrease in general and administrative expense of \$26,000 and a decrease in other income of \$31,000.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

From inception to September 30, 2007, we incurred a deficit during the development stage of \$53.1 million primarily as a result of our net losses and preferred stock dividends. We expect to continue to incur additional losses through at least September 30, 2008 and for the foreseeable future thereafter. These losses have been incurred through a combination of research and development activities related to the various technologies under our control and expenses supporting those activities.

We have financed our operations since inception primarily through equity financing and our licensing and sale of certain residual royalty rights. During the nine months ended September 30, 2007, we had a net decrease in cash and cash equivalents of \$1.0 million. This decrease resulted principally from net cash used in operating activities of \$8.8 million partially offset by net proceeds received from the sale of common stock of \$7.9 million. Total liquid resources as of September 30, 2007 were \$2.0 million compared to \$3.0 million at December 31, 2006.

Liquidity

As of September 30, 2007, we had working capital of \$0.4 million compared to \$1.4 million at December 31, 2006. This \$1.0 million decrease in working capital is primarily due to net cash used in operating activities of \$8.8 million partially offset by net proceeds received from the sale of common stock of approximately \$7.9 million offset.

March 2007 Private Placement

On March 30, 2007, we entered into a series of subscription agreements with various institutional and other accredited investors for the issuance and sale in a private placement of an aggregate of 10,185,502 shares of our common stock for net proceeds of approximately \$7.9 million. Of the total amount of shares issued, 10,129,947 were sold at a per share price of \$0.84, and an additional 55,555 shares were sold to an entity affiliated with a director of the Company, at a per share price of \$0.90, the closing sale price of the common stock on March 29, 2007. Pursuant to the subscription agreements, we also issued to the investors 5-year warrants to purchase an aggregate of 3,564,897 shares of our common stock at an exercise price of \$1.00 per share. The warrants are exercisable during the period commencing September 30, 2007 and ending March 30, 2012.

Pursuant to these subscription agreements the Company filed a registration statement covering the resale of the shares issued in the private placement, including the shares issuable upon exercise of the investor warrants and the placement agent warrants, with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 9, 2007, which was declared effective by the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 18, 2007.

The Company engaged Paramount BioCapital, Inc. ("Paramount"), a related party, as its placement agent in connection with the private placement. In consideration for its services, we paid aggregate cash commissions of approximately \$600,000 and issued to Paramount a 5-year warrant to purchase an aggregate of 509,275 shares at an exercise price of \$1.00 per share.

Commitments and Contingencies

We often contract with third parties to facilitate, coordinate and perform agreed upon research and development of our product candidates. To ensure that research and development costs are expensed as incurred, we record monthly accruals for clinical trials and preclinical testing costs based on the work performed under the contracts.

These contracts typically call for the payment of fees for services at the initiation of the contract and/or upon the achievement of certain milestones. This method of payment often does not match the related expense recognition resulting in either a prepayment, when the amounts paid are greater than the related research and development costs recognized, or an accrued liability, when the amounts paid are less than the related research and development costs recognized.

Expenses associated with the recently concluded clinical trials in common obesity and morbid obesity were recognized on this activity based basis. At September 30, 2007 we recognized prepaid expense of \$14,000 and accrued expenses of \$140,000 related to these clinical trials. There are no remaining financial commitments for these clinical trials.

The Company is developing PTH (1-34) as a topical treatment for psoriasis. Expenses associated with the manufacture of clinical and non-clinical supplies of PTH (1-34) are recognized on this activity based method. At September 30, 2007 we recognized prepaid expense of \$30,000 and accrued expenses of \$100,135. The remaining financial commitment related to the manufacture of PTH (1-34) is negligible.

During the three months ended September 30, 2007 we entered into an agreement with Therapeutics, Inc. for the conduct of a clinical trial of PTH (1-34). The total amount payable under the agreement is approximately \$845,000. At September 30, 2007 we recognized research and development expense and accrued expenses of approximately \$60,000. The remaining financial commitment related to the conduct of the clinical trial is approximately \$785,000. This clinical trial is expected to conclude in the second quarter of 2008.

Swiss Pharma Contract LTD ("Swiss Pharma"), a clinical site that the Company used in one of its obesity trials, gave notice to the Company that Swiss Pharma believes it is entitled to receive an additional payment of \$322,776 for services in connection with that clinical trial. While the contract between the Company and Swiss Pharma provides for additional payments if certain conditions are met, Swiss Pharma has not specified which conditions they believe have been achieved and the Company does not believe that Swiss Pharma is entitled to additional payments and has not accrued any of these costs as of September 30, 2007. The contract between the Company and Swiss Pharma provides for arbitration in the event of a dispute, such as this claim for an additional payment. Swiss Pharma has filed a demand for arbitration. As the Company does not believe that Swiss Pharma is entitled to additional payments, it intends to defend its position in arbitration.

In February 2007, a former employee of the Company alleged an ownership interest in two of the Company's provisional patent applications covering our discontinued product development program for Oleoyl-estrone. Also, without articulating precise legal claims, the former employee contends that the Company wrongfully characterized the former employee's separation from employment as a resignation instead of a dismissal in an effort to harm the former employee's immigration sponsorship efforts, and, further, to wrongfully deprive the former employee of the former employee's alleged rights in two of the Company's provisional patent applications. The former employee is seeking an unspecified amount in damages. The Company refutes the former employee's contentions and intends to vigorously defend itself should the former employee file claims against the Company. There have been no further developments with respect to these contentions.

Capital Resources

Our available working capital and capital requirements will depend upon numerous factors, including progress of our research and development programs, our progress in and the cost of ongoing and planned pre-clinical and clinical testing, the timing and cost of obtaining regulatory approvals, the cost of filing, prosecuting, defending, and enforcing patent claims and other intellectual property rights, competing technological and market developments, changes in our existing collaborative and licensing relationships, the resources that we devote to commercializing capabilities, the status of our competitors, our ability to establish collaborative arrangements with other organizations and our need to purchase additional capital equipment.

Our continued operations will depend on whether we are able to raise additional funds through various potential sources, such as equity and debt financing, other collaborative agreements, strategic alliances, and our ability to realize the full potential of our technology in development. Such additional funds may not become available on acceptable terms and there can be no assurance that any additional funding that we do obtain will be sufficient to meet our needs in the long term. Through September 30, 2007, substantially all of our financing has been through private placements of common stock, preferred stock and warrants to purchase common stock. Until our operations generate significant revenues and cash flows from operating activities, we will continue to fund operations from cash on hand and through the similar sources of capital previously described. We can give no assurances that any additional capital that we are able to obtain will be sufficient to meet our needs. Management believes that we will continue to incur net losses and negative cash flows from operating activities for the foreseeable future. Based on the resources available to us at September 30, 2007, management believes that we will need additional equity or debt financing or will need to generate revenues through licensing our products or entering into strategic alliances to be able to sustain our operations into 2008 and we will need additional financing thereafter until we can achieve profitability, if ever.

Although we currently have sufficient capital to fund our anticipated 2007 expenditures, we will need to raise additional capital in order to complete the anticipated development programs for each of our research and development projects. If we are unable to raise such additional capital, we may have to sublicense our rights to a third party as a means of continuing development, or, although less likely, we may be required to abandon further development efforts altogether, either of which would have a material adverse effect on the prospects of our business.

In September 2007 we received notice from the staff of the American Stock Exchange, or AMEX, indicating that we were not in compliance with certain continued listing standards set forth in the American Stock Exchange Company Guide. Specifically, the American Stock Exchange notice cited our failure to comply, as of June 30, 2007, with section 1003(a)(ii) of the AMEX Company Guide as we had less than the \$4,000,000 of stockholders' equity and had losses from continuing operations and/or net losses in three of our four most recent fiscal years and with section 1003(a) (iii) which requires us to maintain \$6,000,000 of stockholders' equity if we have experienced losses from continuing operations and /or net losses in its five most recent fiscal years.

In order to maintain our AMEX listing, we were required to submit a plan to AMEX advising the exchange of the actions we have taken, or will take, that would bring us into compliance with all the continued listing standards by April 16, 2008. We submitted such a plan in October 2007. If we are not in compliance with the continued listing standards at the end of the plan period, or if we do not make progress consistent with the plan during the plan period, AMEX staff may initiate delisting proceedings. There can be no assurance that we will be able to make progress consistent with such plan.

If we fail to make sufficient progress under our plan, AMEX may initiate delisting proceedings. If our common stock is delisted from AMEX, trading in our common stock would likely be conducted on the OTC Bulletin Board, a regulated quotation service. If our common stock is delisted from the AMEX, the liquidity of our common stock may be reduced, not only in terms of the number of shares that can be bought and sold at a given price, but also through delays in the timing of transactions and reduction in security analysts' and the media's coverage of us. This may result in lower prices for our common stock than might otherwise be obtained and could also result in a larger spread between the bid and asked prices for our common stock. Further, if we are delisted from AMEX, we may find it more difficult to raise additional capital through sales of our common stock or other equity securities.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS

Our success in developing each of our research and development projects is dependent on numerous factors, including raising further capital, unforeseen safety issues, lack of effectiveness, significant unforeseen delays in the clinical trial and regulatory approval process, both of which could be extremely costly, and inability to monitor patients adequately before and after treatments. The existence of any of these factors could increase our development costs or make successful completion of development impractical, which would have a material adverse affect on the prospects of our business.

PTH (1-34)

We are developing PTH (1-34) as a topical treatment for psoriasis. In 2003, researchers, led by Michael Holick, PhD, MD, Professor of Medicine, Physiology, and Biophysics at Boston University Medical Center, reported positive results from a US Phase I/II clinical trial evaluating the safety and efficacy of PTH (1-34) as a topical treatment for psoriasis. This double-blind, placebo-controlled trial in 15 patients compared the topical PTH (1-34) formulation versus the vehicle alone. Following 8 weeks of treatment, the topical application of PTH (1-34) resulted in complete clearing of the treated lesion in 60% of patients and partial clearing in 85% of patients. Additionally, there was a statistically significant improvement in the global severity score. Ten patients continued receiving PTH (1-34) in an open label extension study in which the Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) was measured; PASI improvement across all 10 patients achieved statistically significant improvement compared to baseline. This study showed topical PTH (1-34) to be well tolerated and efficacious for the treatment of plaque psoriasis with no patients experiencing any clinically significant adverse events.

Due to the high response rate seen in patients in the Phase I/II trial with topical PTH (1-34), we believe that it may have an important clinical advantage over current topical psoriasis treatments.

A physician sponsored Investigational New Drug (IND) Phase 2a trial involving PTH (1-34) was initiated in December 2005, again under the auspices of Boston University, but in April 2006 we reported a delay in this planned Phase 2a clinical study due to a formulation issue. We have identified and resolved this issue, and a new formulation of topical PTH (1-34) has been produced.

A corporate IND application for the new formulation of topical PTH (1-34) was accepted by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) in September 2007. In October 2007, the company announced that it had initiated and begun dosing in a Phase 2a multi-center, randomized, double-blind, vehicle-controlled, parallel group clinical study. This study will enroll and treat approximately 54 subjects in a 1:1:1 randomization of two doses of topical PTH (1-34) compared to vehicle for an eight week treatment period. The vehicle is the topical PTH (1-34) product without the active ingredient, PTH (1-34).

To date, we have incurred \$4,586,000 of project costs related to our development of topical PTH (1-34). These project costs have been incurred since April 1, 2005, the date of the Tarpan Therapeutics acquisition, \$1,871,000 of which was incurred in the first nine months of 2007.

Altoderm

In April 2007 we entered into a license agreement with Thornton & Ross LTD, or T&R, pursuant to which we acquired exclusive North American rights to a dermatology product candidate called Altoderm.TMAltoderm is a novel, proprietary formulation of topical cromolyn sodium and is designed to enhance the absorption of cromolyn sodium in order to treat atopic dermatitis, or “eczema.”

In a previously completed Phase 3 randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled, parallel-group study, conducted in Europe by T&R, the compound was administered for 12 weeks to 114 child subjects with moderately severe atopic dermatitis. In the study results, published in the British Journal of Dermatology in February 2005, Altoderm demonstrated a statistically significant reduction in symptoms. During the study, subjects were permitted to continue with their existing treatment, in most cases this consisted of emollients and topical steroids. A positive secondary outcome of the study was a reduction in the use of topical steroids for the Altoderm treated subjects.

This product candidate is currently being tested by T&R in a second, ongoing Phase 3 clinical study in Europe. Analysis of the preliminary data from the initial 12 week, blinded portion of this randomized, double-blind, vehicle controlled clinical trial has been completed. In this study the vehicle was the Altoderm product without the active ingredient, cromolyn sodium.

Data indicate that Altoderm was safe and well tolerated, and showed a trend toward improvement in pruritus (itching), but the efficacy results were inconclusive. Altoderm treated subjects and vehicle only treated subjects experienced a similar improvement (each greater than 30%), and therefore, the study did not achieve statistical significance. The Company believes these outcomes were due to a suboptimal study design where subjects were unrestricted in their use of concomitant therapies such as topical steroids and immunomodulators.

The data obtained from these studies will be submitted in support of Altoderm to both European and US regulatory agencies. Given the promising clinical data obtained from the first European Phase 3 study, and the symptom improvements reported in the ongoing European Phase 3 study, both Manhattan Pharmaceuticals and Thornton & Ross Limited believe there is significant potential for Altoderm and will continue development of this product candidate. Manhattan Pharmaceuticals is scheduled for a pre-IND meeting with the U.S. FDA in January 2008 and is finalizing a pre-IND package in anticipation of that meeting. The Company intends to pursue Altoderm as a Phase 2 product candidate with indications in pruritus associated with atopic dermatitis and other pruritic conditions. The Company also expects Altoderm clinical studies to be required in the U.S. with the first of these studies to commence in the first half of 2008.

To date, we have incurred \$877,000 of project costs, including license fees of \$587,000 of which \$475,000 was paid in cash and \$112,500 of which was satisfied through the issuance of 125,000 shares of our common stock, related to our development of Altoderm, all of which was incurred in the first nine months of 2007.

Hedrin

In June 2007, we entered into an exclusive license agreement with T&R and Kerris, S.A. ("Kerris") for a product candidate called Hedrin. We acquired an exclusive North American license to certain patent rights and other intellectual property relating to Hedrin, a non-insecticide product candidate for the treatment of head lice. In addition, and at the same time, we also entered into a Supply Agreement with T&R pursuant to which T&R will be the Company's exclusive supplier of Hedrin product.

Hedrin is currently marketed as a device in Western Europe and as a pharmaceutical in the U.K. In Western Europe Hedrin has achieved sales of \$45 million (21% market share) within 12 months of product launch, and is the market leader in the U.K. with \$1 million in sales (23% market share). Manhattan Pharmaceuticals is pursuing a Premarket Approval (PMA) application development pathway for Hedrin as a medical device, and will request a meeting with the FDA's Center for Devices and Radiological Health in the fourth quarter of 2007. The Company expects to be required to complete at least one clinical trial with this product candidate. Pending the outcome of these regulatory discussions, the Company expects to initiate clinical activities in 2008.

To date, we have incurred \$824,000 of project costs, including license fees of \$720,000 of which \$600,000 was paid in cash and \$120,000 of which was satisfied through the issuance of 150,000 shares of our common stock, related to our development of Hedrin, all of which was incurred in the first nine months of 2007.

Altolyn

In addition to the Altoderm license agreement, we entered into a separate license agreement with T&R pursuant to which we acquired exclusive North American rights to develop and commercialize Altolyn.TMAltolyn is a proprietary, site specific, tablet formulation of oral cromolyn sodium for the treatment of mastocytosis. This novel formulation is designed to provide optimal availability by preferentially releasing the drug in the upper part of the small intestine, the purported site of action.

The Company is working with Thornton and Ross Limited and the current U.K. manufacturer of Altolyn to develop a GMP compliant manufacturing process. Pending finalization of this process the company will request a pre-IND meeting with the FDA and will prepare a pre-IND package. The company believes that Altolyn may be a candidate for an accelerated 505(b)2 regulatory pathway or orphan drug designation in the indication of mastocytosis. Oral cromolyn sodium is the active ingredient in Gastrocrom[®] an oral liquid solution that is currently FDA approved for the treatment of mastocytosis.

Early U.K. clinical experience also suggests that Altolyn may have potential for patients with food allergy and gastrointestinal functional disorders, and the company intends to pursue these as additional indications.

To date, we have incurred \$625,000 of project costs, including a license fee of \$475,000, related to our development of Altolyn, all of which was incurred in the first nine months of 2007.

Oleoylestrone

On July 9, 2007 we announced the results of our two Phase 2a clinical trials of oral Oleoylestrone. The results of both randomized, double-blind, placebo controlled studies, one in common obesity and the other in morbid obesity, demonstrated no statistically or clinically meaningful placebo adjusted weight loss for any of the treatment arms evaluated. Based on these results, we have discontinued our Oleoylestrone programs in both common obesity and morbid obesity.

To date, we have incurred \$15,319,000 of project costs related to our development of Oleoylestrone, including milestone payments triggered under our license agreement for Oleoylestrone, of which \$3,034,000 was incurred in the first nine months of 2007.

Lingual spray propofol

On July 9, 2007 we announced that we will discontinue development and we intend to pursue appropriate out-licensing opportunities for Propofol Lingual Spray for pre-procedural sedation.

To date, we have incurred \$2,984,000 of project costs related to our development of propofol lingual spray, of which \$30,000 was incurred in the first nine months of 2007.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We have not entered into any off-balance sheet arrangements.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In March 2007, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position EITF 07-03 ("FSP 07-03"), Accounting for Nonrefundable Advance Payments for Goods or Services to Be Used in Future Research and Development Activities. FSP 07-03 addresses whether nonrefundable advance payments for goods or services that will be used or rendered for research and development activities should be expensed when the advance payment is made or when the research and development activity has been performed. FSP 07-03 will be effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2007, and interim periods within those fiscal years. We currently believe that the adoption of FSP 07-03 will have no material impact on our financial position or results of operations.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure About Market Risk

Our exposure to market risk is confined to our cash and cash equivalents. We have attempted to minimize risk by investing in high-quality financial instruments, primarily money market funds with no security having an effective duration longer than 90 days. If the market interest rate decreases by 100 basis points or 1%, the fair value of our cash and cash equivalents portfolio would have minimal to no impact on the carrying value of our portfolio. We did not hold any derivative instruments as of September 30, 2007, and we have never held such instruments in the past.

Item 4T. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

As of September 30, 2007, we carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended). Based upon that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures as of that date were effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports we file under the Securities and Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported on an accurate and timely basis.

The Company's management, including its Chief Executive Officer and its Chief Financial Officer, does not expect that disclosure controls or internal controls over financial reporting will prevent all errors or all instances of fraud, even as the same are improved to address any deficiencies. The design of any system of controls is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions. A control system, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the control system's objectives will be met. Over time, controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or deterioration in the degree of compliance with policies or procedures. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within the Company have been detected.

Because of the inherent limitation of a cost-effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of a simple error or mistake. Controls can also be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people, or by management override of the controls.

Changes in Internal Control

During the quarter ended September 30, 2007, there were no changes in internal controls over financial reporting that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal controls over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

Swiss Pharma Contract LTD (“Swiss Pharma”), a clinical site that the Company used in one of its obesity trials, gave notice to the Company that Swiss Pharma believes it is entitled to receive an additional payment of \$322,776 for services in connection with that clinical trial. While the contract between the Company and Swiss Pharma provides for additional payments if certain conditions are met, Swiss Pharma has not specified which conditions they believe have been achieved and the Company does not believe that Swiss Pharma is entitled to additional payments and has not accrued any of these costs as of September 30, 2007. The contract between the Company and Swiss Pharma provides for arbitration in the event of a dispute, such as this claim for an additional payment. Swiss Pharma has filed a demand for arbitration. As the Company does not believe that Swiss Pharma is entitled to additional payments, it intends to defend its position in arbitration.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

We have not had material changes to our risk factor disclosure in our Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended December 31, 2006 under the caption “Risk Factors” following Item 1 of such report.

Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit No.	Description
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer
32.1	Certifications of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

SIGNATURES

In accordance with the requirements of the Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

MANHATTAN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

Date: November 13, 2007

By: /s/ Douglas Abel

Douglas Abel
President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: November 13, 2007

By: /s/ Michael G. McGuinness

Michael G. McGuinness
Chief Financial Officer

Index to Exhibits Filed with this Report

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