ENTERPRISE FINANCIAL SERVICES CORP Form 10-Q August 02, 2013

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D. C. 20549

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[X]	Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 1 For the quarterly period ended June 30	13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act, 2013.	t of 1934
[ ]	Transition Report Pursuant to Section For the transition period from	13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Acto	et of 1934
	Commission file number 001-15373		
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I.R.S. I Address Clayto Teleph Indicate Security for the Indicate every I this chapost sur Indicate In	ies Exchange Act of 1934 during the pr past 90 days. Yes [X] No [ ] e by check mark whether the registrant interactive Data File required to be subnapter) during the preceding 12 months ( ch files). Yes [X] No [ ] e by check mark whether the registrant	(1) has filed all reports required to be filed ecceding 12 months, and (2) has been subject has submitted electronically and posted or nitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of for such shorter period that the registration is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated	n its corporate website, if any, Regulation S-T (§232.405 of nt was required to submit and filer, a non-accelerated filer,
	naller reporting company. See definition ny" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.	s of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated (Check one):	filer" and "smaller reporting
Large	accelerated filer o Accelerated filer R	Non-accelerated filer o (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)	Smaller reporting company of
	te by check mark whether the registrant ] No [X]	is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12	b-2 of the Exchange Act)

As of July 31, 2013, the Registrant had 18,237,767 shares of outstanding common stock.

This document is also available through our website at http://www.enterprisebank.com.

# ENTERPRISE FINANCIAL SERVICES CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION	Page
Item 1. Financial Statements	
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited)	<u>1</u>
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited)	2
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Unaudited)	<u>3</u>
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity (Unaudited)	<u>4</u>
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)	<u>5</u>
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)	<u>6</u>
Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	<u>28</u>
Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	<u>47</u>
Item 4. Controls and Procedures	<u>48</u>
PART II - OTHER INFORMATION	
Item 1. Legal Proceedings	<u>49</u>
Item 1A. Risk Factors	<u>50</u>
Item 6. Exhibits	<u>51</u>
Signatures	<u>52</u>

### PART 1 – ITEM 1 – FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited)		
(In thousands, except share and per share data)	June 30, 2013	December 31, 2012
Assets		
Cash and due from banks	\$32,019	\$21,906
Federal funds sold	41	51
Interest-bearing deposits (including \$2,140 and \$3,270 pledged as collateral	1)66,276	94,413
Total cash and cash equivalents	98,336	116,370
Interest-bearing deposits greater than 90 days	5,300	1,000
Securities available for sale	471,017	640,212
Mortgage loans held for sale	5,583	11,792
Portfolio loans not covered under FDIC loss share	2,078,568	2,106,039
Less: Allowance for loan losses	27,619	34,330
Portfolio loans not covered under FDIC loss share, net	2,050,949	2,071,709
Portfolio loans covered under FDIC loss share, net of the allowance for loa	n	
losses (\$11,045 and \$11,547, respectively)	158,818	189,571
Portfolio loans, net	2,209,767	2,261,280
Other real estate not covered under FDIC loss share	8,213	9,327
Other real estate covered under FDIC loss share	17,150	17,173
Other investments, at cost	19,205	14,294
Fixed assets, net	20,544	21,121
Accrued interest receivable	9,235	8,497
State tax credits, held for sale, including \$19,822 and \$23,020 carried at fair	ir	
value, respectively	55,493	61,284
FDIC loss share receivable	44,982	61,475
Goodwill	30,334	30,334
Intangibles, net	6,746	7,406
Other assets	92,515	64,221
Total assets	\$3,094,420	\$3,325,786
20111 100010	Ψ 2,0 > 1,1 = 0	\$0,0 <b>2</b> 0,700
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity		
Demand deposits	\$618,278	\$686,805
Interest-bearing transaction accounts	217,178	272,753
Money market accounts	885,400	1,036,125
Savings	90,693	83,458
Certificates of deposit:	, 0,0,0	35, 153
\$100 and over	397,478	396,896
Other	159,207	182,814
Total deposits	2,368,234	2,658,851
Subordinated debentures	83,081	85,081
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	191,000	80,000
Other borrowings	178,212	233,370
Notes payable	11,100	11,700
Accrued interest payable	1,044	1,282
Other liabilities	14,074	19,757
Total liabilities	2,846,745	3,090,041
rom monues	2,070,773	5,070,071

Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value;				
5,000,000 shares authorized; 0 shares issued and outstanding	_		_	
Common stock, \$0.01 par value; 30,000,000 shares authorized; 18,299,466 and 18,088,152 shares issued, respectively	183		181	
Treasury stock, at cost; 76,000 shares	(1,743	)	(1,743	)
Additional paid in capital	176,395		173,299	
Retained earnings	75,387		56,218	
Accumulated other comprehensive income	(2,547	)	7,790	
Total shareholders' equity	247,675		235,745	
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$3,094,420		\$3,325,786	
See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.				
1				

# ENTERPRISE FINANCIAL SERVICES CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited)

Inthousands, except per share data)   2013   2012   2013   2012   1	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (C	Three months	ended June 30	Six months er	ided June 30
Interest income:	(In thousands, except per share data)				
Interest and fees on loans		2013	2012	2013	2012
Interest on debt securities:		\$35 585	\$37.272	\$74 934	\$71,633
Taxable		Ψ33,303	Ψ37,272	Ψ / 1,23 1	Ψ / 1,033
Nontaxable		2.054	2 366	4 167	4 812
Interest on interest-bearing deposits		•			•
Dividends on equity securities   71   90   171   187   Total interest income   38.061   40.029   79.971   77.244   Total interest secures:					
Total interest income   38,061   40,029   79,971   77,244     Interest expense:					
Interest expense:					
Interest-bearing transaction accounts		30,001	40,027	77,771	77,244
Money market accounts		123	103	261	38/1
Savings					
Certificates of deposit:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•	·	
\$100 and over	· ·	30	12	113	141
Other         460         696         946         1,506           Subordinated debentures         949         980         1,901         2,129           Federal Home Loan Bank advances         730         768         1,464         1,606           Notes payable and other borrowings         254         107         562         237           Total interest expense         4,753         5,896         9,764         12,482           Net interest income         33,308         34,133         70,207         64,762           Provision for loan losses not covered under FDIC loss share         (2,278         ) 206         (22         ) 2,491           Net interest income after provision for loan losses         39,881         33,852         72,671         60,478           Noninterest income         1,778         1,991         3,721         3,700           Service charges on deposit accounts         1,724         1,413         3,257         2,743           Other service charges and fee income         661         578         1,308         1,172           Gain on sale of other real estate         362         1,256         1,090         2,413           Gain on sale of investment securities         —         134         684         1,156		1.420	1 940	2 001	2 900
Subordinated debentures		•	•		,
Federal Home Loan Bank advances   730   768   1,464   1,606     Notes payable and other borrowings   254   107   562   237     Total interest expense   4,753   5,896   9,764   12,482     Net interest income   33,308   34,133   70,207   64,762     Provision for loan losses not covered under FDIC loss share   (4,295   ) 75   (2,442   ) 1,793     Provision for loan losses covered under FDIC loss share   (2,278   ) 206   (22   ) 2,491     Net interest income after provision for loan losses   39,881   33,852   72,671   60,478     Noninterest income after provision for loan losses   39,881   33,852   72,671   60,478     Noninterest income after provision for loan losses   1,778   1,991   3,721   3,700     Service charges on deposit accounts   1,778   1,991   3,721   3,700     Service charges and fee income   661   578   1,308   1,172     Gain on sale of other real estate   362   1,256   1,090   2,413     Gain on sale of other real estate   39   587   906   924     Gain on sale of investment securities   — 134   684   1,156     Change in FDIC loss share receivable   (6,713   ) (5,694   ) (10,798   ) (8,650   )     Miscellaneous income   472   580   1,069   1,370     Total noninterest income   (1,677   ) 845   1,237   4,828     Noninterest expense:     Employee compensation and benefits   10,766   11,052   22,229   21,515     Occupancy   1,316   1,379   2,765   2,763     Furniture and equipment   377   386   844   850     Data processing   936   829   1,857   1,649     FDIC and other insurance   833   843   1,692   1,796     Loan legal and other real estate expense   2,075   1,955   2,108   4,029     Other   5,076   4,970   10,401   10,176					
Notes payable and other borrowings         254         107         562         237           Total interest expense         4,753         5,896         9,764         12,482           Net interest income         33,308         34,133         70,207         64,762           Provision for loan losses not covered under FDIC loss share         (4,295         ) 75         (2,442         ) 1,793           Provision for loan losses covered under FDIC loss share         39,881         33,852         72,671         60,478           Net interest income after provision for loan losses         39,881         33,852         72,671         60,478           Noninterest income after provision for loan losses         39,881         1,991         3,721         3,700           Service charges and fee income         661         578         1,308         1,172           Wealth Management revenue         1,724         1,413         3,257         2,743           Other service charges and fee income         661         578         1,308         1,172           Gain on sale of other real estate         362         1,256         1,090         2,413           Gain on sale of investment securities         —         134         684         1,156           Change in FDIC loss share receiva				·	
Total interest expense         4,753         5,896         9,764         12,482           Net interest income         33,308         34,133         70,207         64,762           Provision for loan losses not covered under FDIC loss share         (4,295         ) 75         (2,442         ) 1,793           Provision for loan losses covered under FDIC loss share         (2,278         ) 206         (22         ) 2,491           Net interest income after provision for loan losses         39,881         33,852         72,671         60,478           Noninterest income:         1,778         1,991         3,721         3,700           Service charges on deposit accounts         1,724         1,413         3,257         2,743           Other service charges and fee income         661         578         1,308         1,172           Gain on sale of other real estate         362         1,256         1,090         2,413           Gain on sale of investment securities         —         134         684         1,156           Change in FDIC loss share receivable         (6,713         ) (5,694         ) (10,798         ) (8,650         )           Miscellaneous income         472         580         1,069         1,370           Total noninterest income <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
Net interest income         33,308         34,133         70,207         64,762           Provision for loan losses not covered under FDIC loss share         (4,295)         ) 75         (2,442)         ) 1,793           Provision for loan losses covered under FDIC loss share         (2,278)         ) 206         (22)         ) 2,491           Net interest income after provision for loan losses         39,881         33,852         72,671         60,478           Noninterest income         1,778         1,991         3,721         3,700           Service charges on deposit accounts         1,724         1,413         3,257         2,743           Other service charges and fee income         661         578         1,308         1,172           Gain on sale of other real estate         362         1,256         1,090         2,413           Gain on sale of investment securities         —         134         684         1,156           Change in FDIC loss share receivable         (6,713         ) (5,694         ) (10,798         ) (8,650         )           Miscellaneous income         472         580         1,069         1,370           Total noninterest income         (1,677         ) 845         1,237         4,828           Noninterest expense: <td>- ·</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	- ·				
Provision for loan losses not covered under FDIC loss share         (4,295 share         ) 75         (2,442 share)         ) 1,793           Provision for loan losses covered under FDIC loss share         (2,278 share)         ) 206 share         (22 share)         ) 2,491           Net interest income after provision for loan losses         39,881 share         33,852 share         72,671 share         60,478           Noninterest income         1,778 share         1,991 share         3,721 share         3,700 share           Wealth Management revenue         1,778 share         1,991 share         3,721 share         3,700 share           Service charges on deposit accounts         1,724 share         1,413 share         3,257 share         2,743 share           Other service charges and fee income         661 share         578 share         1,308 share         1,172 share           Gain on sale of other real estate         362 share         1,256 share         1,090 share         2,413 share           Gain on sale of investment securities         —         134 share         684 share         1,156 share           Change in FDIC loss share receivable         (6,713 share) (5,694 share) (10,798 share         (8,650 share) (10,798 share) (10,798	-	•	•	·	
share         (4,295			34,133	/0,20/	64,/62
Provision for loan losses covered under FDIC loss share  Net interest income after provision for loan losses 39,881 33,852 72,671 60,478  Noninterest income:  Wealth Management revenue 1,778 1,991 3,721 3,700  Service charges on deposit accounts 1,724 1,413 3,257 2,743  Other service charges and fee income 661 578 1,308 1,172  Gain on sale of other real estate 362 1,256 1,090 2,413  Gain on sale of investment securities — 134 684 1,156  Change in FDIC loss share receivable (6,713 ) (5,694 ) (10,798 ) (8,650 )  Miscellaneous income 472 580 1,069 1,370  Total noninterest income (1,677 ) 845 1,237 4,828  Noninterest expense:  Employee compensation and benefits 10,766 11,052 22,229 21,515  Occupancy 1,316 1,379 2,765 2,763  Furniture and equipment 377 386 844 850  Data processing 936 829 1,857 1,649  FDIC and other insurance 833 843 1,692 1,796  Loan legal and other real estate expense 2,075 1,955 2,108 4,029  Other		(4,295	) 75	(2,442	1,793
share         (2,278)         ) 206         (22         ) 2,491           Net interest income after provision for loan losses         39,881         33,852         72,671         60,478           Noninterest income:         Wealth Management revenue         1,778         1,991         3,721         3,700           Service charges on deposit accounts         1,724         1,413         3,257         2,743           Other service charges and fee income         661         578         1,308         1,172           Gain on sale of other real estate         362         1,256         1,090         2,413           Gain on sale of investment securities         —         134         684         1,156           Change in FDIC loss share receivable         (6,713         ) (5,694         ) (10,798         ) (8,650         )           Miscellaneous income         472         580         1,069         1,370           Total noninterest income         (1,677         ) 845         1,237         4,828           Noninterest expense:         Employee compensation and benefits         10,766         11,052         22,229         21,515           Occupancy         1,316         1,379         2,765         2,763           Furniture and equipm				,	
Share         Net interest income after provision for loan losses         39,881         33,852         72,671         60,478           Noninterest income:         Wealth Management revenue         1,778         1,991         3,721         3,700           Service charges on deposit accounts         1,724         1,413         3,257         2,743           Other service charges and fee income         661         578         1,308         1,172           Gain on sale of other real estate         362         1,256         1,090         2,413           Gain on state tax credits, net         39         587         906         924           Gain on sale of investment securities         —         134         684         1,156           Change in FDIC loss share receivable         (6,713         ) (5,694         ) (10,798         ) (8,650         )           Miscellaneous income         472         580         1,069         1,370           Total noninterest income         (1,677         ) 845         1,237         4,828           Noninterest expense:         Employee compensation and benefits         10,766         11,052         22,229         21,515           Occupancy         1,316         1,379         2,765         2,763		(2,278	206	(22	2,491
Noninterest income:       Wealth Management revenue       1,778       1,991       3,721       3,700         Service charges on deposit accounts       1,724       1,413       3,257       2,743         Other service charges and fee income       661       578       1,308       1,172         Gain on sale of other real estate       362       1,256       1,090       2,413         Gain on state tax credits, net       39       587       906       924         Gain on sale of investment securities       —       134       684       1,156         Change in FDIC loss share receivable       (6,713       ) (5,694       ) (10,798       ) (8,650       )         Miscellaneous income       472       580       1,069       1,370         Total noninterest income       (1,677       ) 845       1,237       4,828         Noninterest expense:       Employee compensation and benefits       10,766       11,052       22,229       21,515         Occupancy       1,316       1,379       2,765       2,763         Furniture and equipment       377       386       844       850         Data processing       936       829       1,857       1,649         FDIC and other insurance       833 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
Wealth Management revenue       1,778       1,991       3,721       3,700         Service charges on deposit accounts       1,724       1,413       3,257       2,743         Other service charges and fee income       661       578       1,308       1,172         Gain on sale of other real estate       362       1,256       1,090       2,413         Gain on state tax credits, net       39       587       906       924         Gain on sale of investment securities       —       134       684       1,156         Change in FDIC loss share receivable       (6,713       ) (5,694       ) (10,798       ) (8,650       )         Miscellaneous income       472       580       1,069       1,370         Total noninterest income       (1,677       ) 845       1,237       4,828         Noninterest expense:       Employee compensation and benefits       10,766       11,052       22,229       21,515         Occupancy       1,316       1,379       2,765       2,763         Furniture and equipment       377       386       844       850         Data processing       936       829       1,857       1,649         FDIC and other insurance       833       843       1,6	-	39,881	33,852	72,671	60,478
Service charges on deposit accounts         1,724         1,413         3,257         2,743           Other service charges and fee income         661         578         1,308         1,172           Gain on sale of other real estate         362         1,256         1,090         2,413           Gain on state tax credits, net         39         587         906         924           Gain on sale of investment securities         —         134         684         1,156           Change in FDIC loss share receivable         (6,713         ) (5,694         ) (10,798         ) (8,650         )           Miscellaneous income         472         580         1,069         1,370           Total noninterest income         (1,677         ) 845         1,237         4,828           Noninterest expense:         Employee compensation and benefits         10,766         11,052         22,229         21,515           Occupancy         1,316         1,379         2,765         2,763           Furniture and equipment         377         386         844         850           Data processing         936         829         1,857         1,649           FDIC and other insurance         833         843         1,692         1,		1.770	1.001	2.521	2.700
Other service charges and fee income       661       578       1,308       1,172         Gain on sale of other real estate       362       1,256       1,090       2,413         Gain on state tax credits, net       39       587       906       924         Gain on sale of investment securities       —       134       684       1,156         Change in FDIC loss share receivable       (6,713       ) (5,694       ) (10,798       ) (8,650       )         Miscellaneous income       472       580       1,069       1,370         Total noninterest income       (1,677       ) 845       1,237       4,828         Noninterest expense:       Employee compensation and benefits       10,766       11,052       22,229       21,515         Occupancy       1,316       1,379       2,765       2,763         Furniture and equipment       377       386       844       850         Data processing       936       829       1,857       1,649         FDIC and other insurance       833       843       1,692       1,796         Loan legal and other real estate expense       2,075       1,955       2,108       4,029         Other       5,076       4,970       10,401		•			
Gain on sale of other real estate       362       1,256       1,090       2,413         Gain on state tax credits, net       39       587       906       924         Gain on sale of investment securities       —       134       684       1,156         Change in FDIC loss share receivable       (6,713       ) (5,694       ) (10,798       ) (8,650       )         Miscellaneous income       472       580       1,069       1,370         Total noninterest income       (1,677       ) 845       1,237       4,828         Noninterest expense:         Employee compensation and benefits       10,766       11,052       22,229       21,515         Occupancy       1,316       1,379       2,765       2,763         Furniture and equipment       377       386       844       850         Data processing       936       829       1,857       1,649         FDIC and other insurance       833       843       1,692       1,796         Loan legal and other real estate expense       2,075       1,955       2,108       4,029         Other       5,076       4,970       10,401       10,176		•			
Gain on state tax credits, net         39         587         906         924           Gain on sale of investment securities         —         134         684         1,156           Change in FDIC loss share receivable         (6,713         ) (5,694         ) (10,798         ) (8,650         )           Miscellaneous income         472         580         1,069         1,370           Total noninterest income         (1,677         ) 845         1,237         4,828           Noninterest expense:         Employee compensation and benefits         10,766         11,052         22,229         21,515           Occupancy         1,316         1,379         2,765         2,763           Furniture and equipment         377         386         844         850           Data processing         936         829         1,857         1,649           FDIC and other insurance         833         843         1,692         1,796           Loan legal and other real estate expense         2,075         1,955         2,108         4,029           Other         5,076         4,970         10,401         10,176					
Gain on sale of investment securities         —         134         684         1,156           Change in FDIC loss share receivable         (6,713         ) (5,694         ) (10,798         ) (8,650         )           Miscellaneous income         472         580         1,069         1,370           Total noninterest income         (1,677         ) 845         1,237         4,828           Noninterest expense:         Employee compensation and benefits         10,766         11,052         22,229         21,515           Occupancy         1,316         1,379         2,765         2,763           Furniture and equipment         377         386         844         850           Data processing         936         829         1,857         1,649           FDIC and other insurance         833         843         1,692         1,796           Loan legal and other real estate expense         2,075         1,955         2,108         4,029           Other         5,076         4,970         10,401         10,176					
Change in FDIC loss share receivable       (6,713       ) (5,694       ) (10,798       ) (8,650       )         Miscellaneous income       472       580       1,069       1,370         Total noninterest income       (1,677       ) 845       1,237       4,828         Noninterest expense:         Employee compensation and benefits       10,766       11,052       22,229       21,515         Occupancy       1,316       1,379       2,765       2,763         Furniture and equipment       377       386       844       850         Data processing       936       829       1,857       1,649         FDIC and other insurance       833       843       1,692       1,796         Loan legal and other real estate expense       2,075       1,955       2,108       4,029         Other       5,076       4,970       10,401       10,176		39			
Miscellaneous income       472       580       1,069       1,370         Total noninterest income       (1,677       ) 845       1,237       4,828         Noninterest expense:					
Total noninterest income       (1,677       ) 845       1,237       4,828         Noninterest expense:	<del>-</del>				
Noninterest expense:         Employee compensation and benefits       10,766       11,052       22,229       21,515         Occupancy       1,316       1,379       2,765       2,763         Furniture and equipment       377       386       844       850         Data processing       936       829       1,857       1,649         FDIC and other insurance       833       843       1,692       1,796         Loan legal and other real estate expense       2,075       1,955       2,108       4,029         Other       5,076       4,970       10,401       10,176				·	
Employee compensation and benefits       10,766       11,052       22,229       21,515         Occupancy       1,316       1,379       2,765       2,763         Furniture and equipment       377       386       844       850         Data processing       936       829       1,857       1,649         FDIC and other insurance       833       843       1,692       1,796         Loan legal and other real estate expense       2,075       1,955       2,108       4,029         Other       5,076       4,970       10,401       10,176		(1,677	) 845	1,237	4,828
Occupancy       1,316       1,379       2,765       2,763         Furniture and equipment       377       386       844       850         Data processing       936       829       1,857       1,649         FDIC and other insurance       833       843       1,692       1,796         Loan legal and other real estate expense       2,075       1,955       2,108       4,029         Other       5,076       4,970       10,401       10,176	-				
Furniture and equipment       377       386       844       850         Data processing       936       829       1,857       1,649         FDIC and other insurance       833       843       1,692       1,796         Loan legal and other real estate expense       2,075       1,955       2,108       4,029         Other       5,076       4,970       10,401       10,176	2 7 2				
Data processing       936       829       1,857       1,649         FDIC and other insurance       833       843       1,692       1,796         Loan legal and other real estate expense       2,075       1,955       2,108       4,029         Other       5,076       4,970       10,401       10,176	* •	•			
FDIC and other insurance       833       843       1,692       1,796         Loan legal and other real estate expense       2,075       1,955       2,108       4,029         Other       5,076       4,970       10,401       10,176					
Loan legal and other real estate expense       2,075       1,955       2,108       4,029         Other       5,076       4,970       10,401       10,176	· ·				
Other 5,076 4,970 10,401 10,176					
	Loan legal and other real estate expense	*		•	
Total noninterest expense 21,379 21,414 41,896 42,778		•		•	
	Total noninterest expense	21,379	21,414	41,896	42,778

Income before income tax expense Income tax expense	16,825 5,792	13,283 4,517	32,012 10,939	22,528 7,577
Net income	\$11,033	\$8,766	\$21,073	\$14,951
Net income available to common shareholders	\$11,033	\$8,122	\$21,073	\$13,666
Earnings per common share				
Basic	\$0.61	\$0.46	\$1.17	\$0.77
Diluted	0.58	0.44	1.11	0.75
See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated	d financial staten	nents.		

### ENTERPRISE FINANCIAL SERVICES CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Unaudited)

(in thousands)	Three months 6 2013	ended June 30, 2012	Six months end 2013	led June 30, 2012
Net income	\$11,033	\$8,766	\$21,073	\$14,951
Other comprehensive income, net of tax: Unrealized (loss) gain on investment securities	\$11,033	ψ0,700	Ψ21,075	ψ14,221
arising during the period, net of income tax				
(benefit)/expense for three months of \$(5,155) and	(8,098)	1,482	(9,920	3,278
\$833, and for the six months of (\$6,314) and				
\$2,098, respectively				
Less reclassification adjustment for realized gain on	l			
sale of securities included in net income, net of income tax expense for three months of \$0 and \$48, and for the six months of \$267 and \$416,	_	(86 )	(417	) (740
respectively				
Total other comprehensive (loss) income	(8,098)	1,396	(10,337	2,538
Total comprehensive income	\$2,935	\$10,162	\$10,736	\$17,489

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

### ENTERPRISE FINANCIAL SERVICES CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity (Unaudited)

(in thousands, except per share data)	Preferre Stock	dCommor Stock	Treasury Stock	Additional paid in capital	Retained earnings	Accumulated other comprehensivincome	Total eshareholders' equity
Balance January 1, 2013	\$ <i>—</i>	\$181	\$(1,743)	\$173,299	\$56,218	\$ 7,790	\$ 235,745
Net income		_		_	21,073		21,073
Other comprehensive loss	_	_		_	_	(10,337)	(10,337)
Cash dividends paid on common shares, \$0.105 per share	_	_	_	_	(1,904 )	_	(1,904 )
Repurchase of common stock warrants		_	_	(1,006 )	_	_	(1,006 )
Issuance under equity compensation plans, 211,314 shares	_	2	_	2,262	_	_	2,264
Share-based compensation				1,788			1,788
Excess tax benefit related to equity				52			52
compensation plans							
Balance June 30, 2013	\$ <i>—</i>	\$ 183	\$(1,743)	\$176,395	\$75,387	\$ (2,547)	\$ 247,675
(in thousands, except per share data)	Preferred Stock	l Commo Stock	on Treasury Stock	Additional paid in capital	Retained earnings	Accumulated other comprehensivincome	10tai shareholders'
Balance January 1, 2012	\$33,293	\$178	\$(1,743)	\$169,138	\$35,097	\$ 3,602	\$ 239,565
Net income			_	_	14,951		14,951
Other comprehensive income	_	_	_	_		2,538	2,538
Cash dividends paid on common shares, \$0.105 per share	_	_	_	_	(1,871 )		(1,871 )
Cash dividends paid on preferred stock	_	_	_	_	(875)	<del></del>	(875)
Preferred stock accretion of discount	410		_	_	(410)		_
Issuance under equity compensation							
plans, 83,189 shares	_	1		455	_	_	456
		1		455 1,124 ) \$170,717	  \$46,892	_	456 1,124

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

# ENTERPRISE FINANCIAL SERVICES CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

	Six months ended June 30,			
(in thousands)	2013	2012		
Cash flows from operating activities:	2013	2012		
Net income	\$21,073	\$14,951		
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities	\$21,075	Ψ14,231		
Depreciation	1,360	1,278		
Provision for loan losses	(2,464	) 4,284		
Deferred income taxes	1,267	(1,622	`	
Net amortization of debt securities	3,299	3,999	)	
	930	975		
Amortization of intangible assets Gain on sale of investment securities	(684		`	
	(34,645	) (1,156	)	
Mortgage loans originated for sale		) (47,839	)	
Proceeds from mortgage loans sold	39,474	49,158	`	
Gain on sale of other real estate	(1,090	) (2,413	)	
Gain on state tax credits, net	(906	) (924	)	
Share-based compensation	1,788	1,124		
Valuation adjustment on other real estate	754	1,814	,	
Net accretion of loan discount and indemnification asset	(8,725	) (5,011	)	
Changes in:	<b>4-</b> 2-			
Accrued interest receivable	(737	) (472	)	
Accrued interest payable	(238	) (303	)	
Prepaid FDIC insurance	2,607	1,252		
Other assets	(11,002	) (2,710	)	
Other liabilities	(5,683	) 9,981		
Net cash provided by operating activities	6,378	26,366		
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Net decrease in loans	65,771	3,340		
Net cash proceeds received from FDIC loss share receivable	7,442	70,014		
Proceeds from the sale of debt and equity securities, available for sale	122,894	110,876		
Proceeds from the maturity of debt and equity securities, available for sale	50,468	63,233		
Proceeds from the redemption of other investments	15,689	4,498		
Proceeds from the sale of state tax credits held for sale	8,126	4,134		
Proceeds from the sale of other real estate	9,925	34,327		
Payments for the purchase/origination of:				
Available for sale debt and equity securities	(23,700	) (179,285	)	
Other investments	(20,858	) (4,481	)	
Bank owned life insurance	(20,000	) —		
State tax credits held for sale	(1,365	) (18,347	)	
Fixed assets	(834	) (3,904	)	
Net cash provided by investing activities	213,558	84,405	,	
Cash flows from financing activities:	210,000	01,100		
Net (decrease) increase in noninterest-bearing deposit accounts	(68,527	) 38,477		
Net decrease in interest-bearing deposit accounts	(222,091	) (225,558	)	
Proceeds from Federal Home Loan Bank advances	459,000	91,500	,	
Repayments of Federal Home Loan Bank advances	(348,000	) (103,000	)	
Repayments of notes payable	(600)	)	,	
Repayments of notes payable  Repayments of subordinated debt	(2,000	) <u>-</u> -		
repayments of subordinated debt	(2,000	, —		

Net decrease in other borrowings	(55,158	) (22,066	)
Cash dividends paid on common stock	(1,904	) (1,871	)
Excess tax benefit of share-based compensation	52		
Payment for the repurchase of common stock warrants	(1,006	) —	
Cash dividends paid on preferred stock		(875	)
Proceeds from the issuance of equity instruments	2,264	456	
Net cash used by financing activities	(237,970	) (222,937	)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(18,034	) (112,166	)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	116,370	188,143	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$98,336	\$75,977	
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:			
Cash paid during the period for:			
Interest	\$10,002	\$12,179	
Income taxes	16,936	10,378	
Noncash transactions:			
Transfer to other real estate owned in settlement of loans	\$10,908	\$13,481	
Sales of other real estate financed	2,881	2,673	
See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.			

#### ENTERPRISE FINANCIAL SERVICES CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies used by Enterprise Financial Services Corp (the "Company" or "Enterprise") in the preparation of the condensed consolidated financial statements are summarized below:

#### **Business and Consolidation**

Enterprise is a financial holding company that provides a full range of banking and wealth management services to individuals and corporate customers located in the St. Louis, Kansas City and Phoenix metropolitan markets through its banking subsidiary, Enterprise Bank & Trust (the "Bank").

Operating results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for any other interim period or for the year ending December 31, 2013. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012.

#### Basis of Financial Statement Presentation

The condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X. They do not include all information and footnotes required by U.S. GAAP for annual financial statements. The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries, all of which are wholly owned. All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Certain 2012 amounts in the consolidated financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the 2013 presentation. These reclassifications have no effect on Net income or Shareholders' equity as previously reported.

The Company has adopted the new accounting guidance surrounding comprehensive income by presenting a separate Statement of Comprehensive Income. The Statement of Comprehensive Income includes the amount and the related tax impact that have been reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income to net income. The reclassification adjustment for unrealized gain on sale of securities included in net income has been recorded through the Gain on sale of investment securities line item, within Noninterest income, in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

#### NOTE 2 - EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per common share data is calculated by dividing net income available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Common shares outstanding include common stock and restricted stock awards where recipients have satisfied the vesting terms. Diluted earnings per common share gives effect to all dilutive potential common shares outstanding during the period using the treasury stock method and the if-converted method for convertible trust preferred securities.

The following table presents a summary of per common share data and amounts for the periods indicated.

(in thousands, except per share data) Net income as reported Preferred stock dividend Accretion of preferred stock discount Net income available to common shareholders	Three months 2013 \$11,033 — \$11,033	ended June 30, 2012 \$8,766 (438 ) (206 ) \$8,122	Six months end 2013 \$21,073 — \$21,073	ded June 30, 2012 \$14,951 (875 ) (410 ) \$13,666
Impact of assumed conversions Interest on 9% convertible trust preferred securities, net of income tax Net income available to common shareholders and assumed conversions	354	371	709	742
	\$11,387	\$8,493	\$21,782	\$14,408
Weighted average common shares outstanding Incremental shares from assumed conversions of convertible trust preferred securities Additional dilutive common stock equivalents Weighted average diluted common shares outstanding	18,119	17,833	18,052	17,808
	1,439	1,439	1,439	1,439
	153	14	115	32
	19,711	19,286	19,606	19,279
Basic earnings per common share: Diluted earnings per common share:	\$0.61	\$0.46	\$1.17	\$0.77
	\$0.58	\$0.44	\$1.11	\$0.75

For the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, the amount of common stock equivalents that were excluded from the earnings per share calculations because their effect was anti-dilutive was 551,667, and 1.1 million common stock equivalents (including 324,074 common stock warrants), respectively. For the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, the amount of common stock equivalents that were excluded from the earnings per share calculations because their effect was anti-dilutive was 547,356 (including 14,324 average common stock warrants), and 1.0 million common stock equivalents (including 324,074 common stock warrants), respectively.

#### **NOTE 3 - INVESTMENTS**

The following table presents the amortized cost, gross unrealized gains and losses and fair value of securities available-for-sale:

	June 30, 201	3		
	Amortized	Gross	Gross	
(in thousands)	Cost	Unrealized	Unrealized F	Fair Value
	Cost	Gains	Losses	
Available for sale securities:				
Obligations of U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises	\$130,241	\$998	\$(519) \$	5130,720
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	52,245	904	(2,165) 5	50,984
Residential mortgage-backed securities	292,700	2,647	(6,034) 2	289,313
	\$475,186	\$4,549	\$(8,718) \$	6471,017
	December 3	1, 2012		
		1, 2012 Gross	Gross	
(in thousands)	Amortized	·		Fair Value
(in thousands)		Gross		Fair Value
(in thousands)  Available for sale securities:	Amortized	Gross Unrealized	Unrealized F	Fair Value
	Amortized	Gross Unrealized	Unrealized F Losses	Fair Value
Available for sale securities:	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Unrealized F Losses \$— \$	
Available for sale securities: Obligations of U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises	Amortized Cost \$149,039	Gross Unrealized Gains \$3,329	Unrealized F Losses \$— \$ (478 ) 5	6152,368

At June 30, 2013, and December 31, 2012, there were no holdings of securities of any one issuer in an amount greater than 10% of shareholders' equity, other than the U.S. government agencies and sponsored enterprises. The residential mortgage-backed securities are all issued by U.S. government sponsored enterprises. Available for sale securities having a fair value of \$219.7 million and \$359.3 million at June 30, 2013, and December 31, 2012, respectively, were pledged as collateral to secure deposits of public institutions and for other purposes as required by law or contract provisions.

The amortized cost and estimated fair value of debt securities classified as available for sale at June 30, 2013, by contractual maturity, are shown below. Expected maturities may differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties. The weighted average life of the mortgage-backed securities is approximately 5 years.

(in thousands)	Amortized Cost	Estimated Fair Value
Due in one year or less	\$1,534	\$1,547
Due after one year through five years	142,301	143,018
Due after five years through ten years	22,412	22,384
Due after ten years	16,239	14,755
Mortgage-backed securities	292,700	289,313
	\$475,186	\$471,017

The following table represents a summary of available-for-sale investment securities that had an unrealized loss:

	June 30, 20	013				
	Less than 1	2 months	12 months of	or more	Total	
(in thousands)	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses
Obligations of U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises	\$51,649	\$519	\$—	\$—	\$51,649	\$519
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	\$21,668	\$1,803	\$3,039	\$362	\$24,707	\$2,165
Residential mortgage-backed securities	161,101	6,034			161,101	6,034
	\$234,418	\$8,356	\$3,039	\$362	\$237,457	\$8,718
	December	31, 2012				
	Less than 1	2 months	12 months of	or more	Total	
(in thousands)	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	6,434	122	3,389	356	9,823	478
Residential mortgage-backed securities	40,471 \$46,905	143 \$265	11,266 \$14,655	121 \$477	51,737 \$61,560	264 \$742

The unrealized losses at both June 30, 2013, and December 31, 2012, were primarily attributable to changes in market interest rates since the securities were purchased. Management systematically evaluates investment securities for other-than-temporary declines in fair value on a quarterly basis. This analysis requires management to consider various factors, which include (1) the present value of the cash flows expected to be collected compared to the amortized cost of the security, (2) duration and magnitude of the decline in value, (3) the financial condition of the issuer or issuers, (4) structure of the security and (5) the intent to sell the security or whether it is more likely than not that the Company would be required to sell the security before its anticipated recovery in market value. At June 30, 2013, management performed its quarterly analysis of all securities with an unrealized loss and concluded no individual securities were other-than-temporarily impaired.

The gross gains and gross losses realized from sales of available-for-sale investment securities were as follows:

	Three months	ended June 30,	Six months e	nded June 30,	
(in thousands)	2013	2012	2013	2012	
Gross gains realized	\$—	\$324	\$866	\$1,399	
Gross losses realized	_	(190	) (182	) (243	)
Proceeds from sales	_	46,400	122,894	110,876	

#### NOTE 4 - PORTFOLIO LOANS NOT COVERED BY LOSS SHARE ("Non-covered")

Below is a summary of Non-covered loans by category at June 30, 2013, and December 31, 2012:

(in thousands)	June 30, 2013	December 31, 2012
Real Estate Loans:		
Construction and Land Development	\$147,888	\$160,911
Commercial real estate - Investor Owned	447,754	486,467
Commercial real estate - Owner Occupied	337,946	333,242
Residential real estate	151,098	145,558
Total real estate loans	\$1,084,686	\$1,126,178
Commercial and industrial	962,920	962,884
Consumer & other	30,220	16,966
Portfolio Loans	\$2,077,826	\$2,106,028
Unearned loan costs, net	742	11
Portfolio loans, including unearned loan costs	\$2,078,568	\$2,106,039

The Company grants commercial, residential, and consumer loans primarily in the St. Louis, Kansas City and Phoenix metropolitan areas. The Company has a diversified loan portfolio, with no particular concentration of credit in any one economic sector; however, a substantial portion of the portfolio is concentrated in and secured by real estate. The ability of the Company's borrowers to honor their contractual obligations is partially dependent upon the local economy and its effect on the real estate market.

A summary of the year-to-date activity in the allowance for loan losses and the recorded investment in Non-covered loans by portfolio class and category based on impairment method through June 30, 2013, and at December 31, 2012, is as follows:

is as follows.																
(in thousands)	Commerci & Industrial	ial		te	Commerci Real Estat Investor Owned		Construction and Land Developme		Real	ial	Consun & Othe		Qualitative Adjustmer		Total	
Allowance for																
Loan Losses:																
Balance at	\$ 10.064		¢ 4 102		¢ 10 402		¢ 5 220		\$2,026		¢21		¢ 2 275		\$24.220	
December 31, 2012	\$10,064		\$4,192		\$10,403		\$ 5,239		\$ 2,020		\$31		\$ 2,375		\$34,330	
Provision charged to expense	120		179		953		(127	)	675		46		7		1,853	
Losses charged off	(206	)	(312	)	(3,052	)	(190	)	(986	)	(34	)	_		(4,780	)
Recoveries	298		5		336		14		396						1,049	
Balance at March 31, 2013	\$10,276		\$4,064		\$8,640		\$ 4,936		\$2,111		\$43		\$ 2,382		\$32,452	
Provision charged to expense	(320	)	(139	)	(2,273	)	(998	)	(299	)	1		(267	)	(4,295	)
Losses charged off	(400	)	(32	)	(176	)	(144	)	_				_		(752	)
Recoveries	118		17		24		21		34						214	
Balance at June 30, 2013	\$9,674		\$3,910		\$6,215		\$ 3,815		\$1,846		\$44		\$ 2,115		\$27,619	
(in thousands)	Commerci & Industrial	ial		te	Commerci Real Estate Investor Owned	e	Construction and Land Development	]	Real	(	Consume & Other	er	Qualitative Adjustment	T	otal	
Balance June 30,			•													
2013 Allowance for																
Loan Losses -																
Ending Balance:																
Individually																
evaluated for	\$3,221		\$ <i>—</i>		\$591		\$ 452		\$67		\$—		\$ <i>—</i>	\$	4,331	
impairment Collectively																
evaluated for	6,453		3,910		5,624		3,363		1,779	4	44		2,115	2	3,288	
impairment Total	\$9,674		\$ 3,910		\$6,215		\$ 3,815	9	\$1,846	9	\$44		\$ 2,115	\$	27,619	
Loans - Ending																
Balance: Individually																
evaluated for impairment	\$6,681		\$ 761		\$11,678		\$ 4,396	9	\$2,432	9	\$—		\$ <i>—</i>	\$	25,948	
ппрапшен	956,239		337,185		436,076		143,492	-	148,666	3	30,962			2	,052,620	

Collectively evaluated for impairment Total	\$962,920	\$ 337,946	\$447,754	\$ 147,888	\$151,098	\$30,962	\$ <i>-</i>	\$2,078,568
Balance at December 31, 2012 Allowance for Loan Losses - Ending Balance: Individually								
evaluated for impairment Collectively	\$3,446	\$ 339	\$3,400	\$ 732	\$259	\$—	\$ <i>—</i>	\$8,176
evaluated for impairment	6,618	3,853	7,003	4,507	1,767	31	2,375	26,154
Total Loans - Ending Balance: Individually	\$10,064	\$ 4,192	\$10,403	\$ 5,239	\$2,026	\$31	\$ 2,375	\$34,330
evaluated for impairment Collectively	\$8,934	\$ 5,772	\$16,762	\$ 4,695	\$2,564	\$—	\$ <i>—</i>	\$38,727
evaluated for impairment	953,950	327,470	469,705	156,216	142,994	16,977		2,067,312
Total	\$962,884	\$ 333,242	\$486,467	\$ 160,911	\$145,558	\$16,977	\$ <i>—</i>	\$2,106,039
11								

A summary of Non-covered loans individually evaluated for impairment by category at June 30, 2013, and December 31, 2012, is as follows:

(in thousands)  Commercial & Industrial	June 30, 2013 Unpaid Contractual Principal Balance \$6,841	Recorded Investment With No Allowance \$—	Recorded Investment With Allowance \$6,788	Total Recorded Investment \$6,788	Related Allowance \$3,221	Average Recorded Investment \$7,959
Real Estate: Commercial - Owner Occupied	1,137	778	_	778	_	3,529
Commercial - Investor Owned	14,776	7,925	4,069	11,994	591	12,798
Construction and Land Development	5,477	3,380	1,145	4,525	452	5,059
Residential	3,149	1,918	596	2,514	67	2,567
Consumer & Other				—		
Total	\$31,380	\$14,001	\$12,598	\$26,599	\$4,331	\$31,912
	December	.31 2012				
	December Unnaid	•	Recorded			
(in thousands)	Unpaid Contractu Principal	Recorded Investmen With No	With	Recorded Investment	Related Allowance	Average Recorded Investment
(in thousands)  Commercial & Industrial	Unpaid Contractu	Recorded al Investmen	t Investment With Allowance	Recorded		Recorded
	Unpaid Contractu Principal Balance	Recorded al Investmen With No Allowance	t Investment With	Recorded Investment	Allowance	Recorded Investment
Commercial & Industrial Real Estate: Commercial - Owner Occupied	Unpaid Contractu Principal Balance	Recorded al Investmen With No Allowance	t Investment With Allowance	Recorded Investment	Allowance	Recorded Investment
Commercial & Industrial Real Estate: Commercial - Owner	Unpaid Contractu Principal Balance \$9,005	Recorded Investmen With No Allowance \$96	t Investment With Allowance \$ 8,838	Recorded Investment \$8,934	Allowance \$3,446	Recorded Investment \$6,379
Commercial & Industrial Real Estate:    Commercial - Owner Occupied    Commercial - Investor Owned    Construction and Land	Unpaid Contractu Principal Balance \$9,005 6,726	Recorded Investmen With No Allowance \$96  2,178  185	t Investment With Allowance \$ 8,838 3,594 16,577	Recorded Investment \$8,934 5,772 16,762	Allowance \$3,446 339	Recorded Investment \$6,379 7,985 10,500
Commercial & Industrial Real Estate:    Commercial - Owner Occupied    Commercial - Investor Owned    Construction and Land Development	Unpaid Contractu Principal Balance \$9,005 6,726 19,864 6,491	Recorded Investmen With No Allowance \$96  2,178  185  1,560	Investment With Allowance \$ 8,838 3,594 16,577 3,135	Recorded Investment \$8,934 5,772 16,762 4,695	Allowance \$3,446 339 3,400 732	Recorded Investment \$6,379 7,985 10,500 10,259
Commercial & Industrial Real Estate:     Commercial - Owner Occupied     Commercial - Investor Owned     Construction and Land Development     Residential	Unpaid Contractu Principal Balance \$9,005 6,726	Recorded Investmen With No Allowance \$96  2,178  185	t Investment With Allowance \$ 8,838 3,594 16,577	Recorded Investment \$8,934 5,772 16,762	Allowance \$3,446 339 3,400	Recorded Investment \$6,379 7,985 10,500
Commercial & Industrial Real Estate:    Commercial - Owner Occupied    Commercial - Investor Owned    Construction and Land Development	Unpaid Contractu Principal Balance \$9,005 6,726 19,864 6,491	Recorded Investmen With No Allowance \$96  2,178  185  1,560	Investment With Allowance \$ 8,838 3,594 16,577 3,135	Recorded Investment \$8,934 5,772 16,762 4,695	Allowance \$3,446 339 3,400 732	Recorded Investment \$6,379 7,985 10,500 10,259

There were no loans over 90 days past due and still accruing interest at June 30, 2013. If interest on impaired loans would have been accrued based upon the original contractual terms, such income would have been \$279,000 and \$1.0 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, respectively. The cash amount collected and recognized as interest income on impaired loans was \$9,000 and \$24,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, respectively. There was no interest income recognized on impaired loans continuing to accrue interest for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, respectively. At June 30, 2013, there were \$1.7 million of unadvanced commitments on impaired loans. Other Liabilities include approximately \$259,000 for estimated losses attributable to the unadvanced commitments on impaired loans.

The recorded investment in non-accrual, restructured, and 90 days past due and still accruing interest Non-covered loans by category at June 30, 2013, and December 31, 2012, is as follows:

	June 30, 2013			
			Loans over 90	
(in thousands)	Non-accrual	Restructured	days past due and still accruing interest	Total
Commercial & Industrial Real Estate:	\$6,788	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —	\$6,788
Commercial - Investor Owned	11,994	_	_	11,994
Commercial - Owner Occupied	778	_	_	778
Construction and Land Development	4,525	_	_	4,525
Residential	2,514	_	_	2,514
Consumer & Other		_		_
Total	\$26,599	<b>\$</b> —	\$ <del></del>	\$26,599
	December 31, 20	12		
	December 31, 20	12	Loans over 90	
(in thousands)	December 31, 20 Non-accrual	12 Restructured	days past due and still accruing	Total
	Non-accrual	Restructured	days past due and still accruing interest	
Commercial & Industrial			days past due and still accruing	Total \$8,934
Commercial & Industrial Real Estate:	Non-accrual \$8,929	Restructured	days past due and still accruing interest	\$8,934
Commercial & Industrial Real Estate: Commercial - Investor Owned	Non-accrual \$8,929 16,762	Restructured	days past due and still accruing interest	\$8,934 16,762
Commercial & Industrial Real Estate: Commercial - Investor Owned Commercial - Owner Occupied	Non-accrual \$8,929 16,762 5,772	Restructured \$5	days past due and still accruing interest	\$8,934 16,762 5,772
Commercial & Industrial Real Estate:  Commercial - Investor Owned Commercial - Owner Occupied Construction and Land Development	Non-accrual \$8,929 16,762 5,772 3,260	Restructured	days past due and still accruing interest	\$8,934 16,762 5,772 4,695
Commercial & Industrial Real Estate: Commercial - Investor Owned Commercial - Owner Occupied Construction and Land Development Residential	Non-accrual \$8,929 16,762 5,772	Restructured \$5	days past due and still accruing interest	\$8,934 16,762 5,772
Commercial & Industrial Real Estate:  Commercial - Investor Owned Commercial - Owner Occupied Construction and Land Development	Non-accrual \$8,929 16,762 5,772 3,260	Restructured \$5	days past due and still accruing interest	\$8,934 16,762 5,772 4,695

There were no Non-covered loans that have been restructured and subsequently defaulted in the six months ended June 30, 2013.

The aging of the recorded investment in past due Non-covered loans by portfolio class and category at June 30, 2013, and December 31, 2012, is shown below.

	June 30, 2013				
(in thousands)	30-89 Days Past Due	90 or More Days Past Due	Total Past Due	Current	Total
Commercial & Industrial	\$597	\$1,166	\$1,763	\$961,157	\$962,920
Real Estate:					
Commercial - Owner Occupied	1,016	761	1,777	336,169	337,946
Commercial - Investor Owned	2,961	7,498	10,459	437,295	447,754
Construction and Land	1,054	1,258	2,312	145,576	147,888
Development Residential	824	639	1,463	149,635	151,098
Consumer & Other	024	039	1,403	30,962	30,962
Total	<del></del>	<u>\$11,322</u>	 \$17,774	\$2,060,794	\$2,078,568
Total	\$0,432	\$11,322	\$17,774	\$2,000,794	\$2,070,300
	December 31,	2012			
(in thousands)	December 31, 2 30-89 Days Past Due	2012 90 or More Days Past Due	Total Past Due	Current	Total
(in thousands)  Commercial & Industrial	30-89 Days	90 or More Days		Current \$962,870	Total \$962,884
	30-89 Days Past Due \$14	90 or More Days Past Due \$—	Past Due \$14		
Commercial & Industrial Real Estate: Commercial - Owner Occupied	30-89 Days Past Due	90 or More Days Past Due	Past Due \$14 3,433		
Commercial & Industrial Real Estate: Commercial - Owner Occupied Commercial - Investor Owned	30-89 Days Past Due \$14	90 or More Days Past Due \$—	Past Due \$14	\$962,870	\$962,884
Commercial & Industrial Real Estate: Commercial - Owner Occupied Commercial - Investor Owned Construction and Land	30-89 Days Past Due \$14	90 or More Days Past Due \$— 2,081	Past Due \$14 3,433	\$962,870 329,809	\$962,884 333,242
Commercial & Industrial Real Estate: Commercial - Owner Occupied Commercial - Investor Owned Construction and Land Development	30-89 Days Past Due \$14 1,352 — 1,201	90 or More Days Past Due \$— 2,081 4,045 1,559	Past Due \$14 3,433 4,045 2,760	\$962,870 329,809 482,422 158,151	\$962,884 333,242 486,467 160,911
Commercial & Industrial Real Estate: Commercial - Owner Occupied Commercial - Investor Owned Construction and Land Development Residential	30-89 Days Past Due \$14 1,352 — 1,201 616	90 or More Days Past Due \$— 2,081 4,045	Past Due \$14 3,433 4,045 2,760 1,209	\$962,870 329,809 482,422 158,151 144,349	\$962,884 333,242 486,467 160,911 145,558
Commercial & Industrial Real Estate: Commercial - Owner Occupied Commercial - Investor Owned Construction and Land Development	30-89 Days Past Due \$14 1,352 — 1,201	90 or More Days Past Due \$— 2,081 4,045 1,559	Past Due \$14 3,433 4,045 2,760	\$962,870 329,809 482,422 158,151	\$962,884 333,242 486,467 160,911

The Company categorizes loans into risk categories based on relevant information about the ability of borrowers to service their debt, such as current financial information, historical payment experience, credit documentation, and current economic factors among other factors. This analysis is performed on a quarterly basis. The Company uses the following definitions for risk ratings:

Grades 1, 2, and 3 - These grades include loans to borrowers with a continuous record of strong earnings, sound balance sheet condition and capitalization, ample liquidity with solid cash flow and whose management team has experience and depth within their industry.

Grade 4– This grade includes loans to borrowers with positive trends in profitability, satisfactory capitalization and balance sheet condition, and sufficient liquidity and cash flow.

Grade 5 – This grade includes loans to borrowers that may display fluctuating trends in sales, profitability, capitalization, liquidity, and cash flow.

Grade 6— This grade includes loans to borrowers where an adverse change or perceived weakness has occurred, but may be correctable in the near future. Alternatively, this rating category may also include circumstances where the company is starting to reverse a negative trend or condition, or have recently been upgraded from a 7, 8, or 9 rating. Grade 7 — Watch credits are companies that have experienced financial setback of a nature that are not determined to be severe or influence 'ongoing concern' expectations. Borrowers within this category are expected to turnaround within a

12-month period of time. Although possible, no loss is anticipated, due to strong collateral and/or guarantor support.

Grade 8 – Substandard credits will include those companies that are characterized by significant losses and sustained downward trends in balance sheet condition, liquidity, and cash flow. Repayment reliance may have shifted to secondary sources. Collateral exposure may exist and additional reserves may be warranted.

Grade 9 – Doubtful credits include borrowers that may show deteriorating trends that are unlikely to be corrected. Collateral values may appear insufficient for full recovery, therefore requiring a partial charge-off, or debt renegotiation with the borrower. Borrower may have declared bankruptcy or bankruptcy is likely in the near term. All doubtful rated credits will be on non-accrual.

The recorded investment by risk category of the Non-covered loans by portfolio class and category at June 30, 2013, which is based upon the most recent analysis performed, and December 31, 2012 is as follows:

	June 30, 2013	3			
(in thousands)	Pass (1-6)	Watch (7)	Substandard (8)	Doubtful (9)	Total
Commercial & Industrial	\$899,104	\$44,072	\$19,309	\$435	\$962,920
Real Estate:					
Commercial - Owner Occupied	299,608	24,182	14,156		337,946
Commercial - Investor Owned	373,518	44,407	29,829		447,754
Construction and Land Development	111,680	15,048	20,679	481	147,888
Residential	134,026	7,352	9,720		151,098
Consumer & Other	30,958	4			30,962
Total	\$1,848,894	\$135,065	\$93,693	\$916	\$2,078,568
	December 31	, 2012			
(in thousands)	December 31 Pass (1-6)	, 2012 Watch (7)	Substandard (8)	Doubtful (9)	Total
(in thousands)  Commercial & Industrial			Substandard (8) \$18,546	Doubtful (9) \$2,048	Total \$962,884
	Pass (1-6)	Watch (7)	(8)	, ,	
Commercial & Industrial	Pass (1-6)	Watch (7)	(8)	, ,	
Commercial & Industrial Real Estate:	Pass (1-6) \$912,766	Watch (7) \$29,524	(8) \$18,546	\$2,048	\$962,884
Commercial & Industrial Real Estate: Commercial - Owner Occupied	Pass (1-6) \$912,766 290,850	Watch (7) \$29,524 26,336	(8) \$18,546 15,898	\$2,048	\$962,884 333,242
Commercial & Industrial Real Estate: Commercial - Owner Occupied Commercial - Investor Owned	Pass (1-6) \$912,766 290,850 389,886	Watch (7) \$29,524 26,336 64,707	(8) \$18,546 15,898 31,874	\$2,048 158 —	\$962,884 333,242 486,467
Commercial & Industrial Real Estate: Commercial - Owner Occupied Commercial - Investor Owned Construction and Land Development	Pass (1-6) \$912,766 290,850 389,886 124,857	Watch (7) \$29,524 26,336 64,707 9,543	(8) \$18,546 15,898 31,874 26,012	\$2,048 158 —	\$962,884 333,242 486,467 160,911

### NOTE 5 - PORTFOLIO LOANS COVERED BY LOSS SHARE ("Covered loans")

Below is a summary of Covered loans by category at June 30, 2013, and December 31, 2012:

	June 30, 2013		December 31, 2	012
	Weighted-	Recorded	Weighted-	Recorded
(in thousands)	Average	Investment	Average	Investment
	Risk Rating	Covered Loans	Risk Rating	Covered Loans
Real Estate Loans:				
Construction and Land Development	7.08	\$21,122	7.06	\$30,537
Commercial real estate - Investor Owned	6.50	54,087	6.08	57,602
Commercial real estate - Owner Occupied	6.66	43,686	6.65	47,140
Residential real estate	5.70	38,398	5.68	42,531
Total real estate loans		\$157,293		\$177,810

Commercial and industrial	6.76	11,484	6.57	22,034
Consumer & other	4.06	1,086	4.19	1,274
Portfolio Loans		\$169,863		\$201,118

The aging of the recorded investment in past due Covered loans by portfolio class and category at June 30, 2013, and December 31, 2012, is shown below.

	June 30, 2013				
(in thousands)	30-89 Days Past Due	90 or More Days Past Due	Total Past Due	Current	Total
Commercial & Industrial Real Estate:	\$3,655	\$549	\$4,204	\$7,280	\$11,484
Commercial - Owner Occupied	4,053	4,521	8,574	35,112	43,686
Commercial - Investor Owned	189	3,386	3,575	50,512	54,087
Construction and Land Development	22	8,470	8,492	12,630	21,122
Residential	2,363	2,141	4,504	33,894	38,398
Consumer & Other	4		4	1,082	1,086
Total	\$10,286	\$19,067	\$29,353	\$140,510	\$169,863
	December 31,				
(in thousands)	December 31, 30-89 Days Past Due	2012 90 or More Days Past Due	Total Past Due	Current	Total
(in thousands)  Commercial & Industrial	30-89 Days	90 or More Days		Current \$17,790	Total \$22,034
	30-89 Days Past Due	90 or More Days Past Due	Past Due		
Commercial & Industrial	30-89 Days Past Due	90 or More Days Past Due	Past Due		
Commercial & Industrial Real Estate:	30-89 Days Past Due \$319	90 or More Days Past Due \$3,925	Past Due \$4,244	\$17,790	\$22,034
Commercial & Industrial Real Estate: Commercial - Owner Occupied	30-89 Days Past Due \$319 887 308	90 or More Days Past Due \$3,925	Past Due \$4,244 6,031	\$17,790 41,109	\$22,034 47,140
Commercial & Industrial Real Estate: Commercial - Owner Occupied Commercial - Investor Owned	30-89 Days Past Due \$319 887 308	90 or More Days Past Due \$3,925 5,144 665 13,532 2,907	Past Due \$4,244 6,031 973 13,568 4,139	\$17,790 41,109 56,629	\$22,034 47,140 57,602
Commercial & Industrial Real Estate: Commercial - Owner Occupied Commercial - Investor Owned Construction and Land Developmen	30-89 Days Past Due \$319 887 308 at 36	90 or More Days Past Due \$3,925 5,144 665 13,532	Past Due \$4,244 6,031 973 13,568	\$17,790 41,109 56,629 16,969	\$22,034 47,140 57,602 30,537
Commercial & Industrial Real Estate: Commercial - Owner Occupied Commercial - Investor Owned Construction and Land Developmen Residential	30-89 Days Past Due \$319 887 308 at 36	90 or More Days Past Due \$3,925 5,144 665 13,532 2,907	Past Due \$4,244 6,031 973 13,568 4,139	\$17,790 41,109 56,629 16,969 38,392	\$22,034 47,140 57,602 30,537 42,531

The accretable yield is accreted into interest income over the estimated life of the acquired loans using the effective yield method.

The following table is a rollforward of Covered loans, net of the allowance for loan losses, for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012.

(In thousands)	Contractual Cashflows		Less: Non-accretable Difference	e	Less: Accretable Yield		Carrying Amount	
Balance January 1, 2013	\$386,966		\$118,627		\$78,768		\$189,571	
Principal reductions and interest payments	(23,628	)	_		_		(23,628	)
Accretion of loan discount	_				(13,735	)	13,735	
Changes in contractual and expected cash flows due to remeasurement	(2,595	)	(14,136	)	5,995		5,546	
Reductions due to disposals	(56,473	)	(21,463	)	(8,604	)	(26,406	)
Balance June 30, 2013	\$304,270		\$83,028		\$62,424		\$158,818	
Balance January 1, 2012	\$618,791		\$256,481		\$63,335		\$298,975	
Principal reductions and interest payments	(49,893	)					(49,893	)
Accretion of loan discount					(14,235	)	14,235	
Changes in contractual and expected cash flows due to remeasurement	23,114		(53,450	)	69,608		6,956	
Reductions due to disposals	(71,288	)	(38,080	)	(3,534	)	(29,674	)
Balance June 30, 2012	\$520,724		\$164,951		\$115,174		\$240,599	

A summary of activity in the FDIC loss share receivable for the six months ended June 30, 2013 is as follows:

(In thousands)	June 30, 2013	
Balance at beginning of period	\$61,475	
Adjustments not reflected in income:		
Cash received from the FDIC for covered assets	(7,442	)
FDIC reimbursable losses, net	1,747	
Adjustments reflected in income:		
Amortization, net	(5,850	)
Loan impairment recapture	(37	)
Reductions for payments on covered assets in excess of expected cash flows	(4,911	)
Balance at end of period	\$44,982	

Due to continued favorable projections in the expected cash flows of its Covered loans, the Company continues to anticipate that it will be required to pay the FDIC at the end of one of the loss share agreements. Accordingly, a liability of \$1.3 million has been recorded at June 30, 2013. As part of the remeasurement process, the Company recorded a \$449,000 adjustment to increase the liability through Other noninterest expense during the quarter ended June 30, 2013. The liability will continue to be adjusted as part of the quarterly remeasurement process through the end of the loss share agreement.

#### NOTE 6 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company issues financial instruments with off balance sheet risk in the normal course of the business of meeting the financing needs of its customers. These financial instruments include commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit. These instruments may involve, to varying degrees, elements of credit and interest rate risk in excess of the amounts recognized in the consolidated balance sheets.

The Company's extent of involvement and maximum potential exposure to credit loss under commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit in the event of nonperformance by the other party to the financial instrument is represented by the contractual amount of these instruments.

The Company uses the same credit policies in making commitments and conditional obligations as it does for financial instruments included on its consolidated balance sheets. At June 30, 2013, there were \$1.7 million of unadvanced commitments on impaired loans. Other liabilities include approximately \$259,000 for estimated losses attributable to the unadvanced commitments on impaired loans.

The contractual amounts of off-balance-sheet financial instruments as of June 30, 2013, and December 31, 2012, are as follows:

(in the arrown de)	June 30,	December 31,
(in thousands)	2013	2012
Commitments to extend credit	\$742,387	\$722,325
Standby letters of credit	44,636	42,561

Commitments to extend credit are agreements to lend to a customer as long as there is no violation of any condition established in the contract. Commitments usually have fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses, may have significant usage restrictions, and may require payment of a fee. Of the total commitments to extend credit at June 30, 2013, and December 31, 2012, approximately \$33.4 million and \$50.7 million, respectively, represent fixed rate loan commitments. Since certain of the commitments may expire without being drawn upon or may be revoked, the total commitment amounts do not necessarily represent future cash requirements. The Company evaluates each customer's credit worthiness on a case-by-case basis. The amount of collateral obtained, if deemed necessary by the Company upon extension of credit, is based on management's credit evaluation of the borrower. Collateral held varies, but may include accounts receivable, inventory, premises and equipment, and real estate.

Standby letters of credit are conditional commitments issued by the Company to guarantee the performance of a customer to a third party. These standby letters of credit are issued to support contractual obligations of the Company's customers. The credit risk involved in issuing letters of credit is essentially the same as the risk involved in extending loans to customers. The approximate remaining term of standby letters of credit range from 6 months to 5 years at June 30, 2013.

#### Contingencies

The Company and its subsidiaries are, from time to time, parties to various legal proceedings arising out of their businesses. Other than those described below, management believes that there are no such proceedings pending or threatened against the Company or its subsidiaries which, if determined adversely, would have a material adverse effect on the business, consolidated financial condition, results of operations or cash flows of the Company or any of its subsidiaries.

#### Distinctive Notes

The Bank, along with other co-defendants has been named as a defendant in two lawsuits filed by persons alleging to be clients of the Bank's Trust division who invested in promissory notes (the "Distinctive Notes") issued by Distinctive Properties (UK) Limited ("Distinctive Properties"), a company involved in the purchase and development of real estate in the United Kingdom.

#### Rosemann, et al. v. Martin Sigillito, et al.

In one of the lawsuits filed in United States District Court for the Eastern District of Missouri, the plaintiffs allege that the investments in the Distinctive Notes were part of a multi-million dollar Ponzi scheme. Plaintiffs allege to hold such promissory notes in accounts with the Trust division and that, among other things, the Bank was negligent and breached its contracts. Plaintiffs also allege that the Bank violated the Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations Act ("RICO"). Plaintiffs, in the aggregate, are seeking damages from defendants, including the Bank, in excess of \$44.0 million as well as their costs and attorneys' fees and trebled damages under RICO.

The case was stayed while criminal proceedings against Sigillito were completed. After a four week trial, Sigillito was found guilty of 20 counts of wire fraud, mail fraud, conspiracy, and money laundering. Following the verdict, the judge lifted the stay and set the case for a four week jury trial starting August 26, 2013. Discovery concluded on April 16, 2013 and dispositive motions were filed. On July 9, 2013 the judge dismissed all counts related to RICO, as well as the Company's negligence. Plaintiffs subsequently filed a motion requesting the court to reconsider the dismissal. The claims that remain pending against the Company are the breach of contract claims asserted by 41 Plaintiffs who held IRA accounts with the Company. The Company is unable to estimate a range of reasonably possible loss because there are significant legal issues to be determined and depending on the resolution of the legal issue, significant factual issues to be determined and resolved. The Company denies the Plaintiffs' allegations and intends to vigorously defend the lawsuit.

#### BJD, LLC and Barbara Dunning v. Enterprise Bank & Trust, et. al.

The Bank has been named as a defendant in this case filed in the Circuit Court of St. Louis County, relating to BJD's investment in the Distinctive Notes. Plaintiffs alleged that the Bank, and the other defendants breached their fiduciary duties and were negligent in allowing plaintiffs to invest in the Distinctive Notes because the loan program was allegedly never funded and the assets of the borrower did not exist or were overvalued. Plaintiffs were seeking approximately \$800,000 in damages, 9% interest, punitive damages, attorneys' fees and costs. Like Rosemann, this case was stayed while the Sigillito criminal case was pending. The court granted the Bank's motion to compel arbitration and stay proceedings. On June 18, 2013 the Company reached a confidential settlement with Dunning, which was paid entirely through an existing insurance policy. The settlement dismissed all liabilities of the Company relating to BJD, LLC and Barbara Dunning. Since the settlement was paid by the Company's insurance carrier, there was no impact to the Company's financial statements.

#### William Mark Scott v. Enterprise Financial Services Corp, et. al.

On April 10, 2012, a putative class action was filed in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Missouri captioned William Mark Scott v. Enterprise Financial Services Corp, Peter F. Benoist, and Frank H. Sanfilippo. The complaint asserted claims for violation of Sections 10(b) and 20(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 on behalf of a putative class of purchasers of the Company's stock between April 20, 2010 and January 25, 2012, inclusive. The complaint alleged, among other things, that defendants made false and misleading statements and allegedly "failed to disclose that the Company was improperly recording income on loans covered under loss share agreements with the FDIC" and that, as a result, "the Company's financial statements were materially false and misleading at all relevant times." The action sought unspecified damages and costs and expenses. On October 10, 2012, Plaintiff filed an amended complaint. The Company moved to dismiss the complaint on December 11, 2012. On May 29, 2013 the Company's motion to dismiss the complaint was granted, and the complaint was dismissed with prejudice. On June 27, 2013, Plaintiff filed a declaration stating he would not file an appeal of the complaint. The Company considers the matter closed and any possible loss remote.

#### NOTE 7 - DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company is a party to various derivative financial instruments that are used in the normal course of business to meet the needs of its clients and as part of its risk management activities. These instruments include interest rate swaps and option contracts and foreign exchange forward contracts. The Company does not enter into derivative financial instruments for trading or speculative purposes.

Interest rate swap contracts involve the exchange of fixed and floating rate interest payment obligations without the exchange of the underlying principal amounts. The Company enters into interest rate swap contracts on behalf of its clients and also utilizes such contracts to reduce or eliminate the exposure to changes in the cash flows or fair value of hedged assets or liabilities due to changes in interest rates. Interest rate option contracts consist of caps and provide for the transfer or reduction of interest rate risk in exchange for a fee. Foreign exchange forward contracts are agreements between two parties to exchange a specified amount of one currency for another currency at a specified foreign exchange rate on a future date. The Company enters into foreign exchange forward contracts with their clients and enters into an offsetting foreign exchange contract with established financial institution counterparties.

All derivative financial instruments, whether designated as hedges or not, are recorded on the consolidated balance sheet at fair value within Other assets or Other liabilities. The accounting for changes in the fair value of a derivative in the consolidated statement of operations depends on whether the contract has been designated as a hedge and qualifies for hedge accounting. At June 30, 2013, and December 31, 2012, the Company did not have any derivatives designated as cash flow or fair value hedges.

Using derivative instruments means assuming counterparty credit risk. Counterparty credit risk relates to the loss the Company could incur if a counterparty were to default on a derivative contract. Notional amounts of derivative financial instruments do not represent credit risk, and are not recorded in the consolidated balance sheet. They are used merely to express the volume of this activity. The overall credit risk and exposure to individual counterparties is monitored. The Company does not anticipate nonperformance by any counterparties. The amount of counterparty credit exposure is the unrealized gains, if any, on such derivative contracts along with the value of foreign exchange forward contracts. At June 30, 2013, the Company had \$820,000 of counterparty credit exposure on derivatives. At June 30, 2013, and December 31, 2012, the Company had pledged cash of \$2.1 million and \$3.3 million, respectively, as collateral in connection with our interest rate swap agreements.

Risk Management Instruments. The Company enters into certain derivative contracts to economically hedge state tax credits and certain loans.

Economic hedge of state tax credits. In November 2008, the Company paid \$2.1 million to enter into a series of interest rate caps in order to economically hedge changes in fair value of the State tax credits held for sale. In February 2010, the Company paid \$751,000 for an additional series of interest rate caps. See Note 8—Fair Value Measurements for further discussion of the fair value of the state tax credits.

The table below summarizes the notional amounts and fair values of the derivative instruments used to manage risk.

			Asset Derivatives		Liability Derivatives	
			(Other Asset	s)	(Other Liabil	ities)
	Notional Am	ount	Fair Value		Fair Value	
(in thousands)	June 30, 2013	December 31, 2012	June 30, 2013	December 31, 2012	June 30, 2013	December 31, 2012
Non-designated hedging instruments	\$24.050	¢ 40 050	\$22	¢ 12	¢	¢
Interest rate cap contracts	\$34,050	\$ 49,050	\$23	\$ 13	<b>&gt;</b> —	<b>&gt;</b> —

The following table shows the location and amount of gains and losses related to derivatives used for risk management purposes that were recorded in the condensed consolidated statements of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012.

		Amount of Gain or (Loss)		Amount of Ga	in or (Loss)	
	Location of Gain or	Recognized in Operations on		Recognized in	Recognized in Operations on	
	(Loss) Recognized in	Derivative		Derivative		
	Operations on Derivative	Three months	ended June 30,	Six months ended June 30,		
(in thousands)		2013	2012	2013	2012	
Non-designated hedging instruments						
Interest rate cap contracts	Gain on state tax credits, net	\$11	\$(39)	\$10	\$(65	)

Client-Related Derivative Instruments. As an accommodation to certain customers, the Company enters into interest rate swaps to economically hedge changes in fair value of certain loans. The table below summarizes the notional amounts and fair values of the client-related derivative instruments.

			Asset Derivatives		Liability Derivatives	
			(Other Assets	s)	(Other Liabil	ities)
	Notional Am	ount	Fair Value		Fair Value	
(in thousands)	June 30, 2013	December 31, 2012	June 30, 2013	December 31, 2012	June 30, 2013	December 31, 2012
Non-designated hedging instruments						
Interest rate swap contracts	\$119,129	\$ 126,962	\$797	\$ 1,741	\$836	\$ 1,979

Changes in the fair value of client-related derivative instruments are recognized currently in operations. The following table shows the location and amount of gains and losses recorded in the condensed consolidated statements of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012.

(in thousands) Non-designated hedging instruments	Location of Gain or (Loss) Recognized in Operations on Derivative	Recognized Derivative	Gain or (Loss) in Operations on hs ended June 30, 2012	Recognized Derivative	•	'n
Interest rate swap contracts	Interest and fees on loans	\$(68	) \$(110	\$(173	) \$(251	)

#### NOTE 8 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Below is a description of certain assets and liabilities measured at fair value.

The following table summarizes financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2013, segregated by the level of the valuation inputs within the fair value hierarchy utilized to measure fair value.

(in thousands)	June 30, 2013 Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total Fair Value
Assets				
Securities available for sale				
Obligations of U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises	s\$—	\$130,720	<b>\$</b> —	\$130,720
Obligations of states and political subdivisions		47,945	3,039	50,984
Residential mortgage-backed securities		289,313	_	289,313
Total securities available for sale	<b>\$</b> —	\$467,978	\$3,039	\$471,017
Portfolio loans	_	4,429	_	4,429
State tax credits held for sale	_	_	19,822	19,822
Derivative financial instruments		820	_	820
Total assets	<b>\$</b> —	\$473,227	\$22,861	\$496,088
Liabilities				
Derivative financial instruments	<b>\$</b> —	\$836	<b>\$</b> —	\$836
Total liabilities	<b>\$</b> —	\$836	<b>\$</b> —	\$836

Securities available for sale. Securities classified as available for sale are reported at fair value utilizing Level 2 and Level 3 inputs. The Company obtains fair value measurements from an independent pricing service. Fair values for Level 2 securities are based upon dealer quotes, market spreads, the U.S. Treasury yield curve, trade execution data, market consensus prepayment speeds, credit information and the bond's terms and conditions at the security level. At June 30, 2013, Level 3 securities available for sale consist primarily of three Auction Rate Securities that are valued based on the securities' estimated cash flows, yields of comparable securities, and live trading levels.

Portfolio Loans. Certain fixed rate portfolio loans are accounted for as trading instruments and reported at fair value. Fair value on these loans is determined using a third party valuation model with observable Level 2 market data inputs.

State tax credits held for sale. At June 30, 2013, of the \$55.5 million of state tax credits held for sale on the condensed consolidated balance sheet, approximately \$19.8 million were carried at fair value. The remaining \$35.7 million of state tax credits were accounted for at cost.

The Company is not aware of an active market that exists for the 10-year streams of state tax credit financial instruments. However, the Company's principal market for these tax credits consists of Missouri state residents who buy these credits and from local and regional accounting firms who broker them. As such, the Company employed a discounted cash flow analysis (income approach) to determine the fair value.

The fair value measurement is calculated using an internal valuation model with observable market data including discounted cash flows based upon the terms and conditions of the tax credits. If the underlying project remains in compliance with the various federal and state rules governing the tax credit program, each project will generate about

10 years of tax credits. The inputs to the discounted cash flow calculation include: the amount of tax credits generated each year, the anticipated sale price of the tax credit, the timing of the sale

and a discount rate. The discount rate is estimated using the LIBOR swap curve at a point equal to the remaining life in years of credits plus a 205 basis point spread. With the exception of the discount rate, the other inputs to the fair value calculation are observable and readily available. The discount rate is considered a Level 3 input because it is an "unobservable input" and is based on the Company's assumptions. An increase in the discount rate utilized would generally result in a lower estimated fair value of the tax credits. Alternatively, a decrease in the discount rate utilized would generally result in a higher estimated fair value of the tax credits. Given the significance of this input to the fair value calculation, the state tax credit assets are reported as Level 3 assets.

Derivatives are reported at fair value utilizing Level 2 inputs. The Company obtains counterparty quotations to value its interest rate swaps and caps. In addition, the Company validates the counterparty quotations with third party valuation sources. Derivatives with negative fair values are included in Other liabilities in the consolidated balance sheets. Derivatives with positive fair value are included in Other assets in the consolidated balance sheets.

#### Level 3 financial instruments

The following table presents the changes in Level 3 financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis for the periods ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Purchases, sales, issuances and settlements, net. There were no Level 3 purchases during the quarter ended June 30, 2013 or 2012.

Transfers in and/or out of Level 3. The transfer out of Level 3 during the period ended March 31, 2012 was related to a mortgage-backed security purchased in the fourth quarter of 2011 which was originally priced using Level 3 assumptions. In the first quarter of 2012, a third party pricing service, utilizing Level 2 assumptions, became available as more data was available on the new security.

as more data was available on the new sec	curity.					
Securities available for sale, at fair value						
	Three months e	nded June 30,	Six months ende	d June 30,		
(in thousands)	2013	2012	2013	2012		
Beginning balance	\$3,051	\$3,024	\$3,049	\$6,763		
Total (losses) gains:						
Included in other comprehensive income	(12	) 18	(10	) 15		
Purchases, sales, issuances and						
settlements:						
Purchases	_	_	_	_		
Transfer in and/or out of Level 3	_	_	_	(3,736	)	
Ending balance	\$3,039	\$3,042	\$3,039	\$3,042		
Change in unrealized (losses) gains	+ · · · -		<b></b>			
relating to	\$(12	) \$18	\$(10	) \$15		
assets still held at the reporting date						
	State tax credits	hald for sala				
	Three months e		Six months ende	d Juna 20		
(in thousands)	2013	2012	2013	2012		
Beginning balance	\$20,053	\$24,653	\$23,020	\$26,350		
Total gains:	\$20,033	\$24,033	\$25,020	\$20,330		
Included in earnings	(51	) 559	105	730		
Purchases, sales, issuances and	(31	) 337	103	750		
settlements:						
Sales	(180	) (376	) (3,303	) (2,244	)	
Ending balance	\$19,822	\$24,836	\$19,822	\$24,836	,	
Diding bulance	Ψ17,022	Ψ24,000	Ψ17,022	Ψ24,030		
Change in unrealized gains relating to						
assets still held at the reporting date	\$(99	) \$465	\$(773	) \$182		
r - G						

From time to time, the Company measures certain assets at fair value on a nonrecurring basis. These include assets that are measured at the lower of cost or fair value that were recognized at fair value below cost at the end of the period. The following table presents financial instruments and non-financial assets measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis as of June 30, 2013:

	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)				
(in thousands)	Total Fair Value	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total (losses) gains for the three months ended June 30, 2013	e	Total (losses) gains for the six months ended June 30, 2013	
Impaired loans	\$7,471	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —	\$7,471	\$(752	)	\$(5,532	)
Other real estate	5,599	_	_	5,599	(210	)	(754	)
Total	\$13,070	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —	\$13,070	\$(962	)	\$(6,286	)

<sup>(1)</sup> The amounts represent only balances measured at fair value during the period and still held as of the reporting date.

Impaired loans are reported at the fair value of the underlying collateral or by determining the net present value of future cash flows. Fair values for collateral dependent impaired loans are obtained from current appraisals by qualified licensed appraisers or independent valuation specialists. Fair values of impaired loans that are not collateral dependent are determined by using a discounted cash flow model to determine the net present value of future cash flows. Other real estate owned is adjusted to fair value upon foreclosure of the loan collateral. Subsequently, foreclosed assets are carried at the lower of carrying value or fair value less costs to sell. Fair value of other real estate is based upon the current appraised values of the properties as determined by qualified licensed appraisers and the Company's judgment of other relevant market conditions.

Following is a summary of the carrying amounts and fair values of the Company's financial instruments on the consolidated balance sheets at June 30, 2013, and December 31, 2012.

	June 30, 2013	June 30, 2013		2012
(in thousands)	Carrying Amount	Estimated fair value	Carrying Amount	Estimated fair value
Balance sheet assets				
Cash and due from banks	\$32,019	\$32,019	\$21,906	\$21,906
Federal funds sold	41	41	51	51
Interest-bearing deposits	71,576	71,576	95,413	95,413
Securities available for sale	471,017	471,017	640,212	640,212
Other investments, at cost	19,205	19,205	14,294	14,294
Loans held for sale	5,583	5,583	11,792	11,792
Derivative financial instruments	820	820	1,754	1,754
Portfolio loans, net	2,209,767	2,209,508	2,261,280	2,267,038
State tax credits, held for sale	55,493	59,824	61,284	66,822
Accrued interest receivable	9,235	9,235	8,497	8,497

Balance sheet liabilities

Deposits	2,368,234	2,374,537	2,658,851	2,669,113
Subordinated debentures	83,081	63,867	85,081	65,840
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	191,000	198,587	80,000	89,301
Other borrowings	189,312	189,391	245,070	245,224
Derivative financial instruments	836	836	1,979	1,979
Accrued interest payable	1,044	1,044	1,282	1,282

For information regarding the methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instruments for which it is practical to estimate such value, refer to Note 20–Fair Value Measurements in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012.

The following table presents the level in the fair value hierarchy for the estimated fair values of only the Company's financial instruments that are not already on the condensed consolidated balance sheets at fair value at June 30, 2013, and December 31, 2012:

	Estimated Fair Val Using	Balance at		
(in thousands)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	June 30, 2013
Financial Assets:				
Portfolio loans, net	<b>\$</b> —	\$—	\$2,209,475	\$2,209,475
State tax credits, held for sale	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —	\$40,002	\$40,002
Financial Liabilities:				
Deposits	1,811,549		562,988	2,374,537
Subordinated debentures		63,867	_	63,867
Federal Home Loan Bank advances		198,587		198,587
Other borrowings		189,391		189,391
		ue Measurement at	Reporting Date	Balance at
(in thousands)	Estimated Fair Val Using Level 1	ue Measurement at	Reporting Date  Level 3	Balance at December 31, 2012
(in thousands) Financial Assets:	Using			
	Using			
Financial Assets:	Using Level 1		Level 3	December 31, 2012
Financial Assets: Portfolio loans, net	Using Level 1		Level 3 \$2,266,834	December 31, 2012 \$2,266,834
Financial Assets: Portfolio loans, net State tax credits, held for sale	Using Level 1		Level 3 \$2,266,834	December 31, 2012 \$2,266,834
Financial Assets: Portfolio loans, net State tax credits, held for sale Financial Liabilities:	Using Level 1 \$— \$—		Level 3 \$2,266,834 \$43,802	December 31, 2012 \$2,266,834 \$43,802
Financial Assets: Portfolio loans, net State tax credits, held for sale Financial Liabilities: Deposits	Using Level 1 \$— \$—	Level 2 \$— \$—	Level 3 \$2,266,834 \$43,802	December 31, 2012 \$2,266,834 \$43,802 2,669,113

#### **NOTE 9 - SEGMENT REPORTING**

The Company has two primary operating segments, Banking and Wealth Management, which are delineated by the products and services that each segment offers. The segments are evaluated separately on their individual performance, as well as their contribution to the Company as a whole.

The Banking operating segment consists of a full-service commercial bank, with locations in St. Louis, Kansas City, and Phoenix. The majority of the Company's assets and income result from the Banking segment. All banking locations have the same product and service offerings, have similar types and classes of customers and utilize similar service delivery methods. Pricing guidelines and operating policies for products and services are the same across all regions.

The Banking operating segment also includes activities surrounding the assets acquired under FDIC loss share agreements.

The Wealth Management segment includes the Trust division of the Bank and the state tax credit brokerage activities. The Trust division provides estate planning, investment management, and retirement planning as well as strategic

planning and management succession issues. State tax credits are part of a fee initiative designed to augment the Company's wealth management segment and banking lines of business.

The Company's Corporate and Intercompany activities represent the elimination of items between segments as well as Corporate related items that management feels are not allocable to either of the two respective segments.

The financial information for each business segment reflects that information which is specifically identifiable or which is allocated based on an internal allocation method. There were no material intersegment revenues among the two segments. Management periodically makes changes to methods of assigning costs and income to its business segments to better reflect operating results. When appropriate, these changes are reflected in prior year information presented below.

Following are the financial results for the Company's operating segments.

(in thousands)	Banking	Wealth Management	Corporate and Intercompany	Total
Income Statement Information Net interest income (expense) Provision for loan losses Noninterest income	` '	\$(133) ) — ) 1,811	) \$(963 — (1	) \$33,308 (6,573 ) ) (1,677 )
Noninterest expense Income (loss) before income tax expense	18,471 19,019	1,779	1,129	21,379
(benefit)	2012	Φ/10/	λ φ./000	) #24.122
Net interest income (expense) Provision for loan losses Noninterest income Noninterest expense	\$35,208 281 (1,738 18,304	\$(186 — ) 2,577 1,919	) \$(889 — 6 1,191	) \$34,133 281 845 21,414
Income (loss) before income tax expense (benefit)	14,885	472	(2,074	) 13,283
T	Six months end	ed June 30,		
Income Statement Information Net interest income (expense) Provision for loan losses Noninterest income Noninterest expense	2013 \$72,261 (2,464 (3,442 35,239	\$(126 ) — ) 4,605 3,835	) \$(1,928 — 74 2,822	) \$70,207 (2,464 ) 1,237 41,896
Income (loss) before income tax expense (benefit)	36,044	644	(4,676	) 32,012
Net interest income (expense) Provision for loan losses Noninterest income Noninterest expense Income (loss) before income tax expense	2012 \$67,018 4,284 153 36,362 26,525	\$(314 — 4,630 3,792 524	) \$(1,942 	) \$64,762 4,284 4,828 42,778
(benefit)  Balance Sheet Information Total assets:	June 30, 2013		December 31, 2	

Banking	\$2,955,561	\$3,195,096
Wealth Management	121,815	112,020
Corporate and Intercompany	17,044	18,670
Total	3,094,420	3,325,786

# ITEM 2: MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Some of the information in this report contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of and are intended to be covered by the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements typically are identified with use of terms such as "may," "might," "will, "should," "expect," "plan," "anticipate," "b "estimate," "predict," "potential," "could," "continue" and the negative of these terms and similar words, although some forward-looking statements are expressed differently. Our ability to predict results or the actual effect of future plans or strategies is inherently uncertain. You should be aware that our actual results could differ materially from those contained in the forward-looking statements due to a number of factors, including, but not limited to: credit risk; changes in the appraised valuation of real estate securing impaired loans; outcomes of litigation and other contingencies; exposure to general and local economic conditions; risks associated with rapid increases or decreases in prevailing interest rates; consolidation within the banking industry; competition from banks and other financial institutions; our ability to attract and retain relationship officers and other key personnel; burdens imposed by federal and state regulation; changes in regulatory requirements; changes in accounting regulation or standards applicable to banks; and other risks discussed under the caption "Risk Factors" of our most recently filed Form 10-K and within this Form 10-Q, all of which could cause the Company's actual results to differ from those set forth in the forward-looking statements.

Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on our forward-looking statements, which reflect management's analysis and expectations only as of the date of such statements. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made, and the Company does not intend, and undertakes no obligation, to publicly revise or update forward-looking statements after the date of this report, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by federal securities law. You should understand that it is not possible to predict or identify all risk factors. Readers should carefully review all disclosures we file from time to time with the Securities and Exchange Commission which are available on our website at www.enterprisebank.com.

#### Introduction

The following discussion describes the significant changes to the financial condition of the Company that have occurred during the first six months of 2013 compared to the financial condition as of December 31, 2012. In addition, this discussion summarizes the significant factors affecting the results of operations, liquidity and cash flows of the Company for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, compared to the same period in 2012. This discussion should be read in conjunction with the accompanying consolidated financial statements included in this report and our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012.

#### **Executive Summary**

The Company reported net income of \$11.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2013, compared to net income of \$8.8 million for the same period in 2012. The Company reported diluted earnings per share of \$0.58, compared to \$0.44 for the prior year period.

Net income for the six months ended June 30, 2013 was \$21.1 million compared to net income of \$15.0 million for the same period in 2012. The Company reported diluted earnings per share of \$1.11, compared to \$0.75 for the prior year period.

Below are highlights of our Banking and Wealth Management segments. For more information on our segments, see Note 9 –Segment Reporting.

#### **Banking Segment**

Loans - Portfolio loans totaled \$2.2 billion at June 30, 2013, flat with March 31, 2013 and up \$56.9 million, or 3% from June 30, 2012. The Company expects to show 3-4% loan growth over December 31, 2012 by the end of 2013. Loans covered under FDIC shared loss agreements ("Covered loans") were \$169.9 million at June 30, 2013, a decrease of \$13.0 million or 7% from March 31, 2013 and a decrease of \$72.6 million or 30% from June 30, 2012. Portfolio loans excluding covered loans ("Noncovered loans") were relatively flat with March 31, 2013 amounts. Commercial & Industrial loans increased \$13.7 million or 1% and Construction Real Estate loans decreased \$8.3 million or 5%, while Residential Real Estate loans increased \$2.9 million or 2%. Noncovered loans increased \$129.6 million or 7%, from June 30, 2012. Commercial and Industrial loans increased \$121.5 million or 14% while Residential and Construction Real Estate loans increased \$7.1 million or 2%.

See Note 4 – Portfolio Loans Not Covered by Loss Share and Note 5 – Portfolio Loans Covered by Loss Share for more information.

Deposits – Total deposits at June 30, 2013 were \$2.4 billion, a decrease of \$126.6 million, or 5%, and \$236.0 million, or 9%, from March 31, 2013 and June 30, 2012, respectively. The decrease in deposits from the linked quarter applied primarily to our money market and interest bearing transaction deposit categories and was primarily due to seasonality. The year over year decrease in deposits was mainly due to a decline in certificates of deposits as the Company continues to force a decline through lower cost pricing. Demand deposits increased \$12.7 million or 2% from March 31, 2013 and decreased \$5.7 million or 1% from June 30, 2012 while interest bearing transaction accounts decreased \$165.1 million or 12% from March 31, 2013 and \$109.7 million or 8% from June 30, 2012. The decrease in the demand and interest bearing deposits from the prior year is mainly due to the expiration of the FDIC's Transaction Account Guarantee ("TAG") program, as well an intentional 18% reduction in higher cost certificates of deposit as the Company continues to manage down its cost of funds.

Asset quality – Nonperforming loans were \$25.9 million at June 30, 2013, compared to \$32.2 million at March 31, 2013 and \$40.6 million at June 30, 2012. Nonperforming loans represented 1.25% of total Noncovered loans at June 30, 2013 versus 1.54% at March 31, 2013 and 2.08% at June 30, 2012. Excluding non-accrual loans and Covered loans, portfolio loans that were 30-89 days delinquent at June 30, 2013 remained at very low levels, representing 0.27% of the portfolio compared to 0.12% at March 31, 2013 and 0.13% at June 30, 2012.

Provision for loan losses not covered under FDIC loss share was a benefit of \$4.3 million in the second quarter of 2013, compared to expense of \$1.9 million in the linked quarter and \$75,000 in the second quarter of 2012. See Note 4 – Portfolio Loans Not Covered by Loss Share and Provision and Allowance for Loan Losses and Nonperforming Assets in this section for more information.

Interest rate margin – The net interest rate margin was 4.75% for the second quarter of 2013, compared to 5.10% for the first quarter of 2013 and 4.81% in the second quarter of 2012. See Net Interest Income in this section for more information.

Covered loans and other assets covered under FDIC shared loss agreements - The following table illustrates the net revenue contribution of covered assets for the most recent five quarters.

	For the Quarte	r ended			
(in thousands)	June 30, 2013	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012	September 30, 2012	June 30, 2012
Accretion income	\$6,623	\$7,112	\$7,442	\$7,995	\$7,155
Accelerated cash flows	4,689	7,209	9,778	7,446	5,315
Other	59	324	419	103	106
Total interest income	11,371	14,645	17,639	15,544	12,576
Provision for loan losses	2,278	(2,256	) (653	(10,889)	(206)
Gain on sale of other real estate	116	689	105	34	769
Change in FDIC loss share receivable	(6,713)	(4,085	(8,131)	1,912	(5,694)
Change in FDIC clawback liability	(449)	(304	) (575		
Pre-tax net revenue	\$6,603	\$8,689	\$8,385	\$6,601	\$7,445

#### Wealth Management Segment

Fee income from the Wealth Management segment includes Wealth Management revenue and income from state tax credit brokerage activities. Wealth Management revenue was \$1.8 million in the second quarter of 2013, a decrease of \$165,000, or 8%, over the linked first quarter and a decrease of \$213,000, or 11%, over the period ended June 30, 2012. See Noninterest Income in this section for more information.

#### Net Interest Income

#### Three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012

Net interest income (on a tax equivalent basis) was \$33.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2013 compared to \$34.5 million for the same period of 2012, a decrease of \$631,000, or 2%. Total interest income decreased \$1.8 million and total interest expense decreased \$1.1 million.

Average interest-earning assets decreased \$23.2 million, or 1%, to \$2.9 billion for the quarter ended June 30, 2013 from \$2.9 billion for the quarter ended June 30, 2012. Average loans increased \$81.2 million, or 4%, to \$2.3 billion for the quarter ended June 30, 2013, from \$2.2 billion for the quarter ended June 30, 2012. Noncovered loans increased \$158.4 million while Covered loans decreased \$77.2 million. Average securities decreased \$74.6 million or 13%, while short-term investments decreased \$29.8 million or 26% from the second quarter of 2012. Interest income on earning assets decreased \$2.6 million from a volume perspective primarily due to lower volume on Covered loans and increased \$0.9 million from a rate perspective primarily due to higher rates on Covered loans of \$3.2 million, for a net decrease of \$1.8 million versus the second quarter of 2012. Refer to Rate/Volume section for more information regarding our net interest income.

For the quarter ended June 30, 2013, average interest-bearing liabilities decreased \$120.3 million, or 5%, to \$2.2 billion compared to \$2.3 billion for the quarter ended June 30, 2012. The decrease resulted from a \$245.1 million decrease in average interest-bearing deposits, partially offset by a \$124.9 million increase in borrowed funds from customer repurchase agreements and Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) advances. The decrease in average interest-bearing deposits is due to a \$146.0 million decrease in certificates of deposit, a \$79.1 million decrease in average money market accounts and savings accounts, and a \$20.0 million decrease in interest-bearing transaction accounts. For the second quarter of 2013, interest expense on interest-bearing liabilities decreased \$1.0 million due to

declining rates and \$187,000 due to the impact of lower volumes, for a total decrease of \$1.1 million versus the second quarter of 2012.

The tax-equivalent net interest rate margin was 4.75% for the second quarter of 2013, compared to 5.10% for the first quarter of 2013 and 4.81% in the second quarter of 2012. In the second quarter of 2013, Covered loans yielded 26.24%

primarily due to cash flows on paid off loans that exceeded expectations.

The Core net interest margin, defined as the Net interest margin (fully tax equivalent), including contractual interest on Covered loans, but excluding the incremental accretion on these loans, for the quarters ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 is as follows:

Three months ended Ju	ine	30,
2013		2012
3.56	%	3.62

Core net interest margin

The Core net interest margin decline was due to lower loan yields partially offset by an improved earning asset mix and lower deposit costs. Continued pressure on loan yields and liquidity is expected to result in a slightly lower Core net interest margin the rest of 2013. Included in this MD&A is a reconciliation of net interest margin to Core net interest margin. The Average Balance Sheet and Rate/Volume sections following contain additional information regarding our net interest income.

Six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012

Net interest income (on a tax equivalent basis) was \$71.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013 compared to \$65.4 million for the same period of 2012, an increase of \$5.8 million, or 9%. Total interest income increased \$3.1 million and total interest expense decreased \$2.7 million.

Average interest-earning assets increased \$37.5 million, or 1%, to \$2.9 billion for the six months ended June 30, 2013 from \$2.9 billion for the six months ended June 30, 2012. Average loans increased \$100.3 million, or 5%, to \$2.3 billion for the six months ended June 30, 2013, from \$2.2 billion for the six months ended June 30, 2012. Noncovered loans increased \$184.1 million while Covered loans decreased \$83.9 million. Average securities decreased \$28.7 million or 5%, while short-term investments decreased \$34.0 million or 28% from the same period of 2012. Interest income on earning assets decreased \$4.1 million primarily due to lower volume on Covered loans and increased \$7.2 million primarily due to higher yields on Covered loans, for a net increase of \$3.1 million versus the same period of 2012. See Rate/Volume section for more information regarding our net interest income.

For the six months ended June 30, 2013, average interest-bearing liabilities decreased \$107.7 million, or 4%, to \$2.3 billion compared to \$2.4 billion for the six months ended June 30, 2012. The decrease resulted from a \$237.9 million decrease in average interest-bearing deposits, partially offset by a \$130.2 million increase in borrowed funds from customer repurchase agreements and FHLB advances. The decrease in average interest-bearing deposits is primarily due to a \$179.8 million decrease in certificates of deposit, and a \$56.2 million decrease in average money market accounts and savings accounts. For the six months ended June 30, 2013, interest expense on interest-bearing liabilities decreased \$2.2 million due to declining rates and \$539,000 due to the impact of lower volumes, for a total decrease of \$2.7 million versus the same period of 2012.

The tax-equivalent net interest rate margin was 4.93% for the six months ended June 30, 2013, compared to 4.57% in the same period of 2012.

The Core net interest margin for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 is as follows:

Six months ended June 30,

%

	2013	2012	
Core net interest margin	3.55	% 3.60	%
_			
31			

The Core net interest margin decline was due to lower loan yields partially offset by an improved earning asset mix and lower deposit costs. The Average Balance Sheet and Rate/Volume sections following contain additional information regarding our net interest income.

### Average Balance Sheet

The following table presents, for the periods indicated, certain information related to our average interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities, as well as, the corresponding interest rates earned and paid, all on a tax equivalent basis.

•	Three months 2013	ended June 30,			2012			
(in thousands)	Average Balance	Interest Income/Expens	Average Yield/ Rate		Average Balance	Interest Income/Expens	Average Yield/ Rate	
Assets								
Interest-earning assets:	Φ <b>2</b> 040 205	Φ 22 (00	1.61	01	¢1.006.627	Ф 24 220	5 12	01
Taxable loans (1)	\$2,048,385	\$ 23,688 862	4.64 7.28	%	\$1,906,637 30,813	\$ 24,328 575	5.13 7.51	%
Tax-exempt loans (2) Covered loans (3)	47,469 173,794	11,371	26.24		250,965	12,576	20.15	
Total loans	2,269,648	35,921	6.35		2,188,415	37,479	6.89	
Taxable investments in debt and equity securities	459,910	2,126	1.85		547,059	2,456	1.81	
Non-taxable investments in debt and equity securities (2)	44,179	501	4.55		31,655	368	4.68	
Short-term investments	84,964	46	0.22		114,786	65	0.23	
Total securities and short-term investments	589,053	2,673	1.82		693,500	2,889	1.68	
Total interest-earning assets Noninterest-earning assets:	2,858,701	38,594	5.42		2,881,915	40,368	5.63	
Cash and due from banks	17,517				15,370			
Other assets	266,707				356,794			
Allowance for loan losses Total assets	(45,709 ) \$3,097,216				(40,066 ) \$3,214,013			
Liabilities and Shareholders' E	Equity							
Interest-bearing liabilities: Interest-bearing transaction								
accounts	\$246,136	\$ 123	0.20	%	\$266,132	\$ 193	0.29	%
Money market accounts	916,429	752	0.33		1,018,418	1,240	0.49	
Savings	90,927	56	0.25		67,998	72	0.43	
Certificates of deposit	552,263	1,889	1.37		698,284	2,536	1.46	
Total interest-bearing deposits	1,805,755	2,820	0.63		2,050,832	4,041	0.79	
Subordinated debentures	84,949	949	4.48		85,081	980	4.63	
Borrowed funds	331,367	984	1.19		206,442	875	1.70	
Total interest-bearing liabilities	2,222,071	4,753	0.86		2,342,355	5,896	1.01	
Noninterest bearing liabilities:								
Demand deposits	613,390				617,596			
Other liabilities Total liabilities	12,546				2,571			
Shareholders' equity	2,848,007 249,209				2,962,522 251,491			
Total liabilities &	,							
shareholders' equity	\$3,097,216				\$3,214,013			

Net interest income	\$ 33,841		\$ 34,472		
Net interest spread	4.56	%		4.62	%
Net interest rate margin (4)	4.75			4.81	

Average balances include non-accrual loans. The income on such loans is included in interest but is recognized only upon receipt. Loan fees, net of amortization of deferred loan origination fees and costs, included in interest income are approximately \$368,000 and \$382,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Non-taxable income is presented on a fully tax-equivalent basis using a 39% tax rate in 2013 and 36% tax rate in (2)2012. The tax-equivalent adjustments were \$533,000 and \$339,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

- (3) Covered loans are loans covered under FDIC shared-loss agreements.
- (4) Net interest income divided by average total interest-earning assets.

	Six months ended June 30, 2013 201				2012					
(in thousands)	Average Balance	Interest Income/Expens	Average Yield/ Rate		Average Balance	Interest Income/Expens	Average Yield/ Rate			
Assets										
Interest-earning assets:										
Taxable loans (1)	\$2,054,567	\$ 47,870	4.70	%	\$1,886,898	\$ 48,412	5.16	%		
Tax-exempt loans (2)	47,141	1,717	7.34		30,693	1,161	7.61			
Covered loans (3)	181,470	26,015	28.91		265,332	22,478	17.04			
Total loans	2,283,178	75,602	6.68		2,182,923	72,051	6.64			
Taxable investments in debt	503,549	4,338	1.74		544,752	4,999	1.85			
and equity securities	303,349	4,336	1./4		344,732	4,999	1.03			
Non-taxable investments in	43,866	993	4.56		31,399	733	4.69			
debt and equity securities (2)	43,000	993	4.50		31,399	133	4.07			
Short-term investments	86,461	93	0.22		120,508	142	0.24			
Total securities and short-term	633,876	5,424	1.73		696,659	5,874	1.70			
investments	•				•	•				
Total interest-earning assets	2,917,054	81,026	5.60		2,879,582	77,925	5.44			
Noninterest-earning assets:										
Cash and due from banks	17,920				15,331					
Other assets	268,833				383,776					
Allowance for loan losses	(45,895)				(38,255)					
Total assets	\$3,157,912				\$3,240,434					
Liabilities and Shareholders'										
Equity										
Interest-bearing liabilities:										
Interest-bearing transaction	*	* ***			****					
accounts	\$253,141	\$ 261	0.21	%	\$254,996	\$ 384	0.30	%		
Money market accounts	961,784	1,634	0.34		1,045,583	2,670	0.51			
Savings	89,638	115	0.26		62,051	141	0.46			
Certificates of deposit	552,754	3,827	1.40		732,551	5,315	1.46			
Total interest-bearing deposits	1,857,317	5,837	0.63		2,095,181	8,510	0.82			
Subordinated debentures	85,015	1,901	4.51		85,081	2,129	5.03			
Borrowed funds	343,970	2,026	1.19		213,736	1,843	1.73			
Total interest-bearing	•				•	•				
liabilities	2,286,302	9,764	0.86		2,393,998	12,482	1.05			
Noninterest bearing liabilities:										
Demand deposits	612,743				592,553					
Other liabilities	13,858				5,665					
Total liabilities	2,912,903				2,992,216					

Shareholders' equity	245,009				248,218			
Total liabilities &	\$3,157,912				\$3,240,434			
shareholders' equity	\$5,157,912				\$5,240,434			
Net interest income		\$ 71,262				\$ 65,443		
Net interest spread			4.74	%			4.39	%
Net interest rate margin (4)			4.93				4.57	

Average balances include non-accrual loans. The income on such loans is included in interest but is recognized (1) only upon receipt. Loan fees, net of amortization of deferred loan origination fees and costs, included in interest income are approximately \$872,000 and \$700,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Non-taxable income is presented on a fully tax-equivalent basis using a 39% tax rate in 2013 and 36% tax rate in (2)2012. The tax-equivalent adjustments were \$1,055,000 and \$681,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

- (3) Covered loans are loans covered under FDIC shared-loss agreements.
- (4) Net interest income divided by average total interest-earning assets.

#### Rate/Volume

The following table sets forth, on a tax-equivalent basis for the periods indicated, a summary of the changes in interest income and interest expense resulting from changes in yield/rates and volume.

	2013 com	ıpa	red to 201	2								
	Three mo	ntŀ	ns ended Ju	ıne	30,		Six months ended June 30,					
	Increase (	de	crease) du	e to	)		Increase (	Increase (decrease) due to				
(in thousands)	Volume(1	l)	Rate(2)		Net		Volume(1	1)	Rate(2)		Net	
Interest earned on:												
Taxable loans	\$1,767		\$(2,407	)	\$(640	)	\$4,032		\$(4,574	)	\$(542	)
Tax-exempt loans (3)	304		(17	)	287		597		(41	)	556	
Covered loans	(4,452	)	3,247		(1,205	)	(8,645	)	12,182		3,537	
Taxable investments in debt and equity securities	(395	)	65		(330	)	(372	)	(289	)	(661	)
Non-taxable investments in debt and equity securities (3)	143		(10	)	133		281		(21	)	260	
Short-term investments	(16	)	(3	)	(19	)	(38	)	(11	)	(49	)
Total interest-earning assets	\$(2,649	)	\$875		\$(1,774	)	\$(4,145	)	\$7,246		\$3,101	
Interest paid on:												
Interest-bearing transaction accounts	\$(14	)	\$(56	)	\$(70	)	\$(3	)	\$(120	)	\$(123	)
Money market accounts	(114	)	(374	)	(488	)	(201	)	(835	)	(1,036	)
Savings	20		(36	)	(16	)	49		(75	)	(26	)
Certificates of deposit	(502	)	(145	)	(647	)	(1,266	)	(222	)	(1,488	)
Subordinated debentures	(2	)	(29	)	(31	)	(2	)	(226	)	(228	)
Borrowed funds	425		(316	)	109		884		(701	)	183	
Total interest-bearing liabilities	(187	)	(956	)	(1,143	)	(539	)	(2,179	)	(2,718	)
Net interest income	\$(2,462	)	\$1,831		\$(631	)	\$(3,606	)	\$9,425		\$5,819	

- (1) Change in volume multiplied by yield/rate of prior period.
- (2) Change in yield/rate multiplied by volume of prior period.

NOTE: The change in interest due to both rate and volume has been allocated to rate and volume changes in proportion to the relationship of the absolute dollar amounts of the change in each.

#### Provision and Allowance for Loan Losses

The provision for loan losses not covered under FDIC loss share for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 was a \$4.3 million benefit and a \$2.4 million benefit compared to \$75,000 and \$1.8 million for the comparable 2012 periods.

<sup>(3)</sup> Nontaxable income is presented on a fully tax-equivalent basis using the combined statutory federal and state income tax rate in effect for each year.

The reversal of loan loss provision in the second quarter of 2013 compared to the linked and prior year quarters was due to lower numbers of risk rating downgrades, lower levels of impaired credits requiring specific reserves, and continued favorable loss migration statistics. Approximately \$2.0 million of the provision reversal in the second quarter

of 2013 was related to specific reserves on impaired credits. The remainder was due to changes in our loss migration statistics, and the level of loans in various risk rating categories.

For Covered loans, the Company remeasures contractual and expected cash flows on a quarterly basis. When the remeasurement process results in a decrease in expected cash flows, typically due to an increase in expected credit losses, impairment is recorded through provision for loan losses. Similarly, when expected credit losses decrease in the remeasurement process, prior recorded impairment is reversed before the yield is increased prospectively. The provision for loan losses on Covered loans was a \$2.3 million reversal in the second quarter of 2013 compared to \$206,000 in the second quarter of 2012.

The allowance for loan losses on Non-Covered loans was 1.33% of total loans at June 30, 2013, compared to 1.56% at March 31, 2013, and 1.86% at June 30, 2012. Management believes that the allowance for loan losses is adequate to absorb inherent losses in the loan portfolio.

Net charge-offs for Non-Covered loans in the second quarter of 2013 were \$0.5 million, representing an annualized rate of 0.10% of average loans, compared to net charge-offs of \$1.4 million, an annualized rate of 0.28% of average loans, in the second quarter of 2012. Approximately 23% of the net charge-offs in the second quarter of 2013 were related to Construction and Land Development loans, 31% were related to Commercial Real Estate loans, 51% were related to Commercial & Industrial loans, and 7% were net recoveries Residential Real Estate Loans. There were no charge-offs of Consumer and Other loans during the quarter.

For the six months ended June 30, 2013, excluding the Covered loans, net charge-offs were \$4.3 million, representing an annualized rate of .41% of average loans compared to net charge-offs of \$3.5 million, representing an annualized rate of .36% for the same period in 2012. Approximately 7% of the net charge-offs for the six months ended June 30, 2013 were related to Construction and Land Development loans, 75% were related to Commercial Real Estate loans, 13% were related to Residential Real Estate Loans, 4% were related to Commercial & Industrial loans, and 1% were related to Consumer and Other loans. The Company's overall loss rate for 2013 is expected to be approximately 0.50%.

The following table summarizes changes in the allowance for loan losses arising from loans charged off and recoveries on loans previously charged off, by loan category, and additions to the allowance charged to expense.

(in thousands)	Three month 2013	s en	ded June 30, 2012		Six months 2013	end	ed June 30, 2012	
Allowance at beginning of period, for loans not	\$32,452		\$37,596		\$34,330		\$37,989	
covered under FDIC loss share	Ψ32,432		Ψ31,370		Ψ54,550		Ψ31,707	
Loans charged off:								
Commercial and industrial	(400	)	(406	)	(606	)	(991	)
Real estate:								
Commercial	(208	)	(847	)	(3,572	)	(1,778	)
Construction and Land Development	(144	)	(502	)	(334	)	(1,358	)
Residential	_		(216	)	(986	)	(578	)
Consumer and other	_		_		(34	)		
Total loans charged off	(752	)	(1,971	)	(5,532	)	(4,705	)
Recoveries of loans previously charged off:								
Commercial and industrial	118		203		416		299	
Real estate:								
Commercial	41		20		382		37	
Construction and Land Development	21		97		35		249	
Residential	34		284		430		640	
Consumer and other	_						2	
Total recoveries of loans	214		604		1,263		1,227	
Net loan chargeoffs	(538	)	(1,367	)	(4,269	)	(3,478	)
Provision for loan losses	(4,295	)	75		(2,442	)	1,793	
Allowance at end of period, for loans not covered	\$27,619		\$36,304		¢27.610		¢26.204	
under FDIC loss share	\$27,019		\$30,304		\$27,619		\$36,304	
Allowance at beginning of period, for loans	\$13,513		¢2.010		¢11 547		¢1 625	
covered under FDIC loss share	\$15,515		\$3,010		\$11,547		\$1,635	
Loans charged off	(79	)	(1,152	)	(257	)	(2,062	)
Recoveries of loans	74		6		74		6	
Other	(185	)	(181	)	(297	)	(181	)
Net loan chargeoffs	(190	)	(1,327	)	(480	)	(2,237	)
Provision for loan losses	(2,278	)	206		(22	)	2,491	
Allowance at end of period, for loans covered	¢ 11 045		¢ 1 000		¢ 11 045		¢1 000	
under FDIC loss share	\$11,045		\$1,889		\$11,045		\$1,889	
Total Allowance at end of period	\$38,664		\$38,193		\$38,664		\$38,193	
Excludes loans covered under FDIC loss share								
Average loans	\$2,092,162		\$1,937,450		\$2,097,020		\$1,917,591	
Total portfolio loans	2,078,568		1,948,994		2,078,568		1,948,994	
Net chargeoffs to average loans	0.10	%	0.28	%	0.41	%	0.36	%
Allowance for loan losses to loans	1.33		1.86		1.33		1.86	

#### Nonperforming assets

The following table presents the categories of nonperforming assets and other ratios as of the dates indicated.

(in thousands)	June 30, 2013	December 31, 2012	June 30, 20	012
Non-accrual loans	\$25,948	\$37,287	\$30,143	
Loans past due 90 days or more and still accruing interest	_		_	
Restructured loans	_	1,440	10,412	
Total nonperforming loans	25,948	38,727	40,555	
Foreclosed property (1)	8,213	9,327	17,443	
Total nonperforming assets (1)	\$34,161	\$48,054	\$57,998	
Excludes assets covered under FDIC loss share				
Total assets (1)	\$3,094,420	\$3,325,786	\$3,183,13	4
Total portfolio loans	2,078,568	2,106,039	1,948,994	
Total loans plus foreclosed property	2,086,781	2,115,366	1,966,437	
Nonperforming loans to total loans	1.25	% 1.84	% 2.08	%
Nonperforming assets to total loans plus foreclosed property	1.64	2.27	2.95	
Nonperforming assets to total assets (1)	1.10	1.44	1.82	
Allowance for loans not covered under FDIC loss share to nonperforming loans	106	% 89	% 90	%

<sup>(1)</sup> Excludes assets covered under FDIC shared-loss agreements, except for their inclusion in total assets.

#### Nonperforming loans

Nonperforming loans exclude Covered loans that are accounted for on a pool basis, as the pools are considered to be performing. See Note 5 – Portfolio Loans Covered by Loss Share for more information on these loans.

Nonperforming loans were \$25.9 million at June 30, 2013, a decrease from \$32.2 million at March 31, 2013, and \$40.6 million at June 30, 2012. The nonperforming loans are comprised of approximately 23 relationships with the largest being a \$4.5 million Commercial and Industrial loan. Five relationships comprise 58% of the nonperforming loans. Approximately 27% were located in the St. Louis market, 40% of the nonperforming loans were located in the Kansas City market, and 33% were located in the Arizona market. At June 30, 2013, there were no performing restructured loans that have been excluded from the nonperforming loan amounts.

Nonperforming loans represented 1.25% of Noncovered loans at June 30, 2013, versus 1.54% at March 31, 2013 and 2.08% at June 30, 2012.

Nonperforming loans based on Call Report codes were as follows:

(in thousands)	June 30, 2013	December 31, 2012	June 30, 2012
Construction and Land Development	\$4,396	\$4,695	\$11,278
Commercial Real Estate	12,439	22,534	20,067
Residential Real Estate	2,432	2,564	4,543
Commercial & Industrial	6,681	8,934	4,667
Consumer & Other	_	_	_
Total	\$25,948	\$38,727	\$40,555

The following table summarizes the changes in nonperforming loans by quarter.

	2013						2012	
(in thousands)	2nd Qtr		1st Qtr		Year to date		Year to date	
Nonperforming loans beginning of period	\$32,222		\$38,727		\$38,727		\$41,622	
Additions to nonaccrual loans	3,393		4,590		7,983		13,183	
Additions to restructured loans	_		_		_		4,608	
Chargeoffs	(752	)	(4,780	)	(5,532	)	(4,705	)
Other principal reductions	(2,664	)	(6,115	)	(8,779	)	(8,220	)
Moved to Other real estate	(2,179	)	(225	)	(2,404	)	(4,875	)
Moved to performing	(2,229	)	(1,818	)	(4,047	)	(303	)
Loans past due 90 days or more and still	(1,843	`	1,843				(755	`
accruing interest	(1,043	,	1,043				(755	)
Nonperforming loans end of period	\$25,948		\$32,222		\$25,948		\$40,555	

#### Other real estate

Other real estate at June 30, 2013, was \$25.4 million, compared to \$24.8 million at March 31, 2013, and \$37.3 million at June 30, 2012. Approximately 68% of total Other real estate, or \$17.2 million, is covered by FDIC loss share agreements.

The following table summarizes the changes in Other real estate.

	2013			2012
(in thousands)	2nd Qtr	1st Qtr	Year to date	Year to date
Other real estate beginning of period	\$24,807	\$26,500	\$26,500	\$53,688
Additions and expenses capitalized to prepare property for sale	2,179	225	2,404	5,925
Additions from FDIC assisted transactions	5,135	3,369	8,504	7,556
Writedowns in value	(977	(1,080)	(2,057)	(3,064)
Sales	(5,781	(4,207)	(9,988 )	(26,830 )
Other real estate end of period	\$25,363	\$24,807	\$25,363	\$37,275

At June 30, 2013, Other real estate was comprised of 15% residential lots, 6% completed homes, and 79% commercial real estate. Of the total Other real estate, 76%, or 47 properties, are located in the Kansas City region, 14%, or 11 properties, are located in the St. Louis region and 11%, or 8 properties, are located in the Arizona region. All 8, or \$2.7 million, of the Arizona Other real estate properties and 36, or \$14.4 million, of the Kansas City Other real estate are covered under FDIC loss share. None of the St. Louis region properties are covered under FDIC loss share agreements.

The writedowns in fair value were recorded in Loan legal and other real estate expense or are charged-off existing loan balances based on current market activity shown in the appraisals. In addition, for the six months ended June 30, 2013, the Company realized a net gain of \$1.1 million on the sale of other real estate and recorded these gains as part of Noninterest income.

#### Noninterest Income

Noninterest income decreased \$2.5 million in the second quarter of 2013 compared to the second quarter of 2012. The decrease is primarily due to decreases in income related to changes in the FDIC Receivable and lower gains on the sale of other real estate.

For the six months ended June 30, 2013, Noninterest income decreased \$3.6 million, or 74%, from the same period in 2012. The decrease is primarily due to decreases in income related to changes in the FDIC Receivable and lower gains on the sale of other real estate and investment securities.

Wealth Management revenue – For the quarter ended June 30, 2013, Wealth Management revenue from the Trust division decreased \$213,000, or 11%, compared to the same period in 2012. Year-to-date, Trust revenues increased \$21,000, or 1%, over the same period in 2012. The decrease in Wealth Management revenue was primarily due non-recurring revenue in the prior year period. Assets under administration were \$1.7 billion at June 30, 2013, a 9% increase from June 30, 2012.

Service charges and other fee income – For the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, service charges and other fee income increased \$394,000 and \$650,000 compared to the same periods in 2012, primarily due to increased revenue from higher sales of treasury management services, including better pricing and improved collections. Sale of Other real estate – For the quarter ended June 30, 2013, we sold \$5.8 million of Other real estate for a gain of \$362,000 which included a gain of \$246,000 from Other real estate not covered by loss share agreements and a gain of \$116,000 from Other real estate covered by loss share agreements. Year-to-date through June 30, 2013, we have sold \$10.0 million of Other real estate for a gain of \$1.1 million which included a gain of \$284,000 from Other real estate not covered by loss share agreements and a gain of \$805,000 from Other real estate covered by loss share agreements. For the year-to-date period in 2012, we sold \$26.8 million of Other real estate for a net gain of \$2.4 million.

State tax credit brokerage activities – For the quarter ended June 30, 2013, the Company recorded a gain of \$39,000 compared to a gain of \$587,000 in the second quarter of 2012. The decrease is due to mark-to-market adjustments on those tax credits held at fair value as a result of increases in the discount rate used in our internal valuation model. Year-to-date the Company recorded a gain of \$906,000 compared to \$924,000 in the year to date period of 2012. State tax credits can vary by period depending on client demand. For more information on the fair value treatment of the state tax credits, see Note 8 – Fair Value Measurements.

Sale of investment securities – There were no sales of investment securities during the second quarter of 2013, compared to \$46.4 million of proceeds on investment securities for a net gain of \$134,000 in the second quarter of 2012. During the first six months of 2013, the Company realized approximately \$122.9 million of proceeds on the sale of investment securities, generating a net gain of \$684,000, compared to \$110.9 million of proceeds on the sale of investment securities, generating a net gain of \$1.2 million during the first six months of 2012.

Change in FDIC loss share receivable – Income related to changes in the FDIC loss share receivable decreased \$1.0 million during the second quarter of 2013 compared to the same period in 2012. The decrease in income related to the FDIC loss share receivable was primarily due to lower loss expectations on certain pools and the FDIC loss share receivable impact of the impairment reversal in the second quarter of 2013. During the second quarter of 2013 the change in FDIC loss share receivable was comprised of \$1.9 million of negative accretion from accelerated cash flows, \$1.8 million of reductions in the FDIC loss share receivable related to the reversal of provision for loan losses on Covered loans, and \$3.0 million of negative base accretion. During the second quarter of 2012 the change in FDIC loss share receivable was comprised of \$2.3 million of negative accretion

from accelerated cash flows, \$89,000 of income related to the provision for loan losses on Covered loans, and \$3.5 million of negative base accretion.

#### Noninterest Expense

Noninterest expenses were \$21.4 million in the second quarter of 2013, a decrease of \$35,000, relatively flat with the same quarter of 2012. The decrease over the prior year period was primarily due to a decrease in salaries and benefits costs of \$286,000 due to the accrual of lower variable compensation partially offset by increases in loan related legal expense and other real estate expenses of \$120,000, data processing expenses of \$107,000 and other expenses of \$106,000.

The Company's efficiency ratio, which measures noninterest expense as a percentage of total revenue, was 67.6% for the quarter ended June 30, 2013 compared to 61.2% for the prior year period. Year-to-date through June 30, 2013 the Company's efficiency ratio was 58.6% compared to 61.5% for the same period in 2012. The increase in the efficiency ratio compared to the prior year quarter was primarily due to decreased revenue from assets under FDIC loss share agreements, as well as reduced noninterest income due to the change in FDIC receivable during the current period.

#### Income Before Income Tax Expense

Income before income tax expense on the Company's Core Bank and Covered assets for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 were as follows:

(In thousands)	Three months	ended June 30,	Six months en	Six months ended June 30,		
(III tilousalius)	2013	2012	2 2013 2012 883 \$20,227 \$15,2 00 11,785 7,233	2012		
Income before income tax expense						
Core Bank	\$12,509	\$8,883	\$20,227	\$15,295		
Covered assets	4,316	4,400	11,785	7,233		
Total	\$16,825	\$13,283	\$32,012	\$22,528		

Income before income tax expense for the Core Bank represents results without direct income and expenses related to Covered assets, as well as an internal estimate of associated asset funding costs. Income before income taxes for the Core Bank in the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 was \$25.6 million and \$18.1 million, respectively. Income before income taxes in the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 for the Covered assets was \$16.3 million and \$19.3 million, respectively.

#### **Income Taxes**

For the quarter ended June 30, 2013, the Company's income tax expense, which includes both federal and state taxes, was \$5.8 million compared to \$4.5 million for the same period in 2012. The combined federal and state effective income tax rates were relatively consistent at 34.4% and 34.0% for the quarters ended June 30, 2013, and 2012, respectively.

For the six months ended June 30, 2013, the Company's income tax expense was \$10.9 million compared to \$7.6 million for the same period in 2012. The combined federal and state effective income tax rates were 34.2% and 33.6% for the six months ended June 30, 2013, and 2012, respectively.

#### Liquidity and Capital Resources

#### Liquidity management

The objective of liquidity management is to ensure we have the ability to generate sufficient cash or cash equivalents in a timely and cost-effective manner to meet our commitments as they become due. Typical demands on liquidity are run-off from demand deposits, maturing time deposits which are not renewed, and fundings under credit commitments to customers. Funds are available from a number of sources, such as from the core deposit base and from loans and securities repayments and maturities.

Additionally, liquidity is provided from sales of the securities portfolio, fed fund lines with correspondent banks, the Federal Reserve and the FHLB, the ability to acquire large and brokered deposits, and the ability to sell loan participations to other banks. These alternatives are an important part of our liquidity plan and provide flexibility and efficient execution of the asset-liability management strategy.

Our Asset-Liability Management Committee oversees our liquidity position, the parameters of which are approved by the Bank's Board of Directors. Our liquidity position is monitored monthly by producing a liquidity report, which measures the amount of liquid versus non-liquid assets and liabilities. Our liquidity management framework includes measurement of several key elements, such as the loan to deposit ratio, a liquidity ratio, and a dependency ratio. The Company's liquidity framework also incorporates contingency planning to assess the nature and volatility of funding sources and to determine alternatives to these sources. While core deposits and loan and investment repayments are principal sources of liquidity, funding diversification is another key element of liquidity management and is achieved by strategically varying depositor types, terms, funding markets, and instruments.

#### Parent Company liquidity

The parent company's liquidity is managed to provide the funds necessary to pay dividends to shareholders, service debt, invest in subsidiaries as necessary, and satisfy other operating requirements. The parent company's primary funding sources to meet its liquidity requirements are dividends and payments from the Bank and proceeds from the issuance of equity (i.e. stock option exercises, stock offerings). Another source of funding for the parent company includes the issuance of subordinated debentures. Management believes our current level of cash at the holding company of approximately \$7.8 million will be sufficient to meet all projected cash needs for at least the next year.

On September 16, 2011, the Company filed a shelf registration statement on Form S-3 registering up to \$40.0 million of common stock, preferred stock, debt securities, and various other securities, including combinations of such securities. The registration statement became effective on September 29, 2011. The Company's ability to offer securities pursuant to the registration statement depends on market conditions and the Company's continuing eligibility to use the Form S-3 under rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission.

On November 6, 2012, the parent company entered into a \$12.0 million unsecured term loan agreement ("Term Loan") with another bank with proceeds used to redeem the Company's preferred stock held by the U.S. Treasury. The loan has a maturity date of November 6, 2015 and will be repaid in quarterly installments of \$300,000, with a balloon payment at maturity. The outstanding balance under the Term Loan was \$11.1 million and \$11.7 million at June 30, 2013, and December 31, 2012, respectively. The Term Loan pays interest based on LIBOR plus a spread determined by the Company's outstanding balance under the Term Loan agreement. The Term Loan is subject to ongoing compliance with a number of customary affirmative and negative covenants as well as specified financial covenants. The Company was in compliance with all relevant covenants under the Term Loan at June 30, 2013.

As of June 30, 2013, the Company had \$82.6 million of outstanding subordinated debentures as part of nine Trust Preferred Securities Pools. These securities are classified as debt but are currently included in regulatory capital and the related interest expense is tax-deductible, which makes them a very attractive source of funding. Regulations recently proposed by the Federal Reserve to implement the Basel III Accord would allow our currently outstanding

trust preferred securities to retain their Tier 1 capital status. The Company continues to monitor the implementation of these rules and their possible effects on regulatory capital requirements.

On January 9, 2013, the Company repurchased warrants issued by the U.S. Treasury as part of the Capital Purchase Program. The repurchase price was approximately \$1.0 million.

#### Bank liquidity

The Bank has a variety of funding sources available to increase financial flexibility. In addition to amounts currently borrowed, at June 30, 2013, the Bank could borrow an additional \$75.9 million from the FHLB of Des Moines under blanket loan pledges and has an additional \$491.9 million available from the Federal Reserve Bank under a pledged loan agreement. The Bank has unsecured federal funds lines with four correspondent banks totaling \$45.0 million.

Of the \$471.0 million of the securities available for sale at June 30, 2013, \$219.7 million was pledged as collateral for deposits of public institutions, treasury, loan notes, and other requirements. The remaining \$251.3 million could be pledged or sold to enhance liquidity, if necessary.

The Bank belongs to the Certificate of Deposit Account Registry Service, or CDARS, which allows us to provide our customers with access to additional levels of FDIC insurance coverage on their deposits. The Company considers the reciprocal deposits placed through the CDARS program as core funding and does not report the balances as brokered sources in its internal or external financial reports. As of June 30, 2013, the Bank had \$53.0 million of reciprocal CDARS money market sweep balances and \$4.5 million of reciprocal certificates of deposits outstanding. In addition to the reciprocal deposits available through CDARS, the Company has access to the "one-way buy" program, which allows the Company to bid on the excess deposits of other CDARS member banks. The Company will report any outstanding "one-way buy" funds as brokered funds in its internal and external financial reports. At June 30, 2013, we had \$6.4 million in "one-way buy" deposits.

In addition, the Bank has the ability to sell certificates of deposit through various national or regional brokerage firms, if needed. Given the tightening liquidity trends on the Company's balance sheet over the past year, continued reductions in deposit costs is limited as the Company seeks to increase deposit balances.

In the normal course of business, the Bank enters into certain forms of off-balance sheet transactions, including unfunded loan commitments and letters of credit. These transactions are managed through the Bank's various risk management processes. Management considers both on-balance sheet and off-balance sheet transactions in its evaluation of the Company's liquidity. The Bank has \$787.0 million in unused commitments as of June 30, 2013. The nature of these commitments is such that the likelihood of funding them in the aggregate at any one time is low.

#### Capital Resources

The Company and the Bank are subject to various regulatory capital requirements administered by the Federal banking agencies. Failure to meet minimum capital requirements can initiate certain mandatory and possible additional discretionary actions by regulators that, if undertaken, could have a direct material effect on the financial statements. Under capital adequacy guidelines and the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action, the Company and its bank affiliate must meet specific capital guidelines that involve quantitative measures of assets, liabilities, and certain off-balance-sheet items as calculated under regulatory accounting practices. The banking affiliate's capital amounts and classification are also subject to qualitative judgments by the regulators about components, risk weightings and other factors.

Quantitative measures established by regulation to ensure capital adequacy require the Company and the Bank to maintain minimum amounts and ratios (set forth in the following table) of total and Tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets, and of Tier 1 capital to average assets. To be categorized as "well capitalized", banks must maintain minimum total risk-based (10%), Tier 1 risk-based (6%) and Tier 1 leverage ratios (5%). As of June 30, 2013, and December 31, 2012, the Company and the Bank met all capital adequacy requirements to which they are subject.

The Company continues to exceed regulatory standards and met the definition of "well-capitalized" (the highest category) at June 30, 2013, and December 31, 2012.

The following table summarizes the Company's various capital ratios at the dates indicated:

(Dollars in thousands)	June 30, 2013		December 31, 2012	
Tier 1 capital to risk weighted assets	11.98	%	10.88	%
Total capital to risk weighted assets	13.25	%	12.30	%
Tier 1 common equity to risk weighted assets	8.71	%	7.70	%
Leverage ratio (Tier 1 capital to average assets)	9.58	%	8.36	%
Tangible common equity to tangible assets	6.89	%	6.02	%
Tier 1 capital	\$293,297		\$268,870	
Total risk-based capital	\$324,499		\$303,951	

The Company expects its tangible common equity ratio to reach 7% by the end of 2013.

#### Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures:

The Company's accounting and reporting policies conform to generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") in the U.S. and the prevailing practices in the banking industry. However, the Company provides other financial measures, such as Core net interest margin, tangible common equity ratio and Tier 1 common equity ratio, in this filing that are considered "non-GAAP financial measures." Generally, a non-GAAP financial measure is a numerical measure of a company's financial performance, financial position or cash flows that exclude (or include) amounts that are included in (or excluded from) the most directly comparable measure calculated and presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

The Company believes these non-GAAP financial measures and ratios, when taken together with the corresponding U.S. GAAP measures and ratios, provide meaningful supplemental information regarding the Company's performance and capital strength. The Company's management uses, and believes that investors benefit from referring to, these non-GAAP measures and ratios in assessing the Company's financial and operating results and related trends and when planning and forecasting future periods. However, these non-GAAP measures and ratios should be considered in addition to, and not as a substitute for or preferable to, ratios prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP. The Company has provided a reconciliation of, where applicable, the most comparable GAAP financial measures and ratios to the non-GAAP financial measures and ratios, or a reconciliation of the non-GAAP calculation of the financial measure. The Company believes the tangible common equity and Tier 1 common equity ratios are important financial measures of capital strength even though they are considered to be non-GAAP measures and provide useful information about the Company's capital adequacy. The tables below contain reconciliations of these ratios to the most comparable measure under U.S. GAAP.

# Tangible common equity ratio

(In thousands) Total shareholders' equity Less: Goodwill	June 30, 2013 \$247,675 (30,334	)	December 31, 2012 \$235,745 (30,334	)
Less: Intangible assets Tangible common equity	(6,746 \$210,595	)	(7,406 \$198,005	)
Total assets	\$3,094,420		\$3,325,786	
Less: Goodwill	(30,334	)	(30,334	)
Less: Intangible assets	(6,746	)	(7,406	)
Tangible assets	\$3,057,340		\$3,288,046	
Tangible common equity to tangible assets	6.89	%	6.02	%
Tier 1 common equity ratio				
(In thousands)	June 30, 2013		December 31, 2012	
Total shareholders' equity	\$247,675		\$235,745	
Less: Goodwill	(30,334	)	(30,334	)
Less: Intangible assets	(6,746	)	(7,406	)
Plus (Less): Unrealized losses (gains)	2,547		(7,790	)
Plus: Qualifying trust preferred securities	80,100		78,600	
Other	55		55	
Tier 1 capital	\$293,297		\$268,870	
Less: Preferred stock	_		_	
Less: Qualifying trust preferred securities	(80,100	)	(78,600	)
Tier 1 common equity	\$213,197		\$190,270	
Total risk weighted assets determined in accordance with prescribed regulatory requirements	2,448,161		2,471,668	
Tier 1 common equity to risk weighted assets	8.71	%	7.70	%
45				

The Company believes that Core net interest margin is an important measure of our financial performance, even though it is a non-GAAP financial measure, because it provides supplemental information by which to evaluate the impact of excess Covered loan accretion on the Company's net interest margin and the Company's operating performance on an ongoing basis, excluding such impact. The table below reconciles Core net interest margin to the most comparable number under U.S. GAAP.

#### Net Interest Margin to Core Net Interest Margin

(In thousands)	Three months ended June 30,				Six months ended June 30,			
(III tilousalius)	2013		2012		2013		2012	
Net interest income (fully tax equivalent)	\$33,841		\$34,473		\$71,263		\$65,445	
Less: Incremental accretion income	(8,491	)	(8,567	)	(19,854	)	(13,846	)
Core net interest income	\$25,350		\$25,906		\$51,409		\$51,599	
Average earning assets	\$2,858,701		\$2,881,915		\$2,917,054		\$2,879,582	
Reported net interest margin	4.75	%	4.81	%	4.93	%	4.57	%
Core net interest margin	3.56	%	3.62	%	3.55	%	3.60	%

#### **Critical Accounting Policies**

The impact and any associated risks related to the Company's critical accounting policies on business operations are discussed throughout "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," where such policies affect our reported and expected financial results. For a detailed discussion on the application of these and other accounting policies, see the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012.

#### New Accounting Standards

FASB ASU 2011-11, "Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities" In December 2011, the FASB issued ASU 2011-11 which requires entities with financial instruments and derivatives that are either offset on the balance sheet or subject to a master netting or similar arrangement to disclose the following information separately for assets and liabilities in a tabular format:

Gross amounts of recognized assets and liabilities

Offsetting amounts that determine the net amount presented in the balance sheet

- Amounts subject to an enforceable master netting arrangement that were not already included in the disclosure required above, including
  - Amounts related to recognized financial instruments and other derivative instruments if either (a) management makes an accounting election not to offset the amounts, or (b) the amounts do not meet the right of setoff conditions in ASC 210-30-45, Balance Sheet: Offsetting, or in ASC 815-10-45, Derivatives and Hedging

Amounts related to financial collateral

Net amounts after deducting the amounts in (4) from the amounts in (3) above

In addition to the tabular disclosure described above, entities are required to provide a description of the setoff rights associated with assets and liabilities subject to an enforceable master netting arrangement. This ASU was effective for the years beginning on or after January 1, 2013, and interim periods within those annual periods. The guidance must be applied retrospectively for any period presented that begins before an entity's date of initial application. This ASU did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements as it does not have any material assets or liabilities that are offset as discussed in the standard.

FASB ASU 2012-06, "Subsequent Accounting for an Indemnification Asset Recognized at the Acquisition Date as a Result of a Government-Assisted Acquisition of a Financial Institution" In October 2012, the FASB issued ASU 2012-06, which addresses diversity in practice regarding the subsequent measurement of an indemnification asset in a government-assisted acquisition of a financial institution that includes a loss-sharing agreement. The amendments are effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning on or after December 15, 2012 with early adoption permitted. The adoption of this accounting pronouncement had no impact on the Company's financial statements as the Company was already accounting for the indemnification asset in accordance with such principles.

FASB ASU 2013-01, "Clarifying the Scope of Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities" On January 31, 2013, the FASB issued ASU 2013-01 which provides scope clarifications related to the previously issued ASU 2011-11. These ASU's provide new requirements for disclosures about instruments and transactions eligible for offset in the statement of financial position, as well as instruments and transactions subject to an agreement similar to a master netting arrangement. The amendments in these updates are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013, and interim periods within those annual periods. This ASU did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements as it does not have any material assets or liabilities that are offset as discussed in the standard.

FASB ASU 2013-02, "Comprehensive Income (Topic 220)" In February 2013, the FASB issued ASU 2013-02 requiring new disclosures about reclassifications from accumulated other comprehensive loss to net income. These disclosures may be presented on the face of the statements or in the notes to the consolidated financial statements. This ASU is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2012. This ASU did not have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements. We have adopted this ASU and revised our disclosures, as seen in the Statement of Comprehensive Income and in Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.

#### ITEM 3: QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The disclosures set forth in this item are qualified by the section captioned "Safe Harbor Statement Under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995" included in Item 2 – Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations of this report and other cautionary statements set forth elsewhere in this report.

Market risk arises from exposure to changes in interest rates and other relevant market rate or price risk. The Company faces market risk in the form of interest rate risk through transactions other than trading activities. Market risk from these activities, in the form of interest rate risk, is measured and managed through a number of methods. The Company uses financial modeling techniques to measure interest rate risk. These techniques measure the sensitivity of future earnings due to changing interest rate environments. Guidelines established by the Bank's Asset/Liability Management Committee and approved by the Bank's Board of Directors are used to monitor exposure of earnings at risk. General interest rate movements are used to develop sensitivity as the Company feels it has no primary exposure to a specific point on the yield curve. These limits are based on the Company's exposure to a 100 to 400 basis point parallel rate shock through the use of simulation modeling.

Interest rate simulations for June 30, 2013, demonstrate that a rising rate environment will have a positive impact on net interest income.

The following table represents the Company's estimated interest rate sensitivity and periodic and cumulative gap positions calculated as of June 30, 2013.

(in thousands)	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Beyond 5 years or no stated maturity	Total
Interest-Earning Assets	Φ.5.1. 50.4	Φ 40 27 4	Φ26.202	Φ1 <b>27</b> 000	Φ. <b>5.2</b> . 0.4 <b>7</b> .	Ф152.020	Φ 4 <b>7</b> 1 017
Securities available for sale Other investments	\$51,594	\$40,374	\$36,292	\$135,880	\$52,947	\$153,930	\$471,017
Interest-bearing deposits	— 71,576	_	_	_	_	19,205	19,205 71,576
Federal funds sold	41						41
Portfolio loans (1)	1,644,519	203,755	199,480	95,647	85,806	19,224	2,248,431
Loans held for sale	5,583	_	_	_	_	<del></del>	5,583
Total interest-earning assets	\$1,773,313	\$244,129	\$235,772	\$231,527	\$138,753	\$192,359	\$2,815,853
Interest-Bearing Liabilities							
Savings, NOW and Money	¢ 1 102 271	Φ	Φ	Ф	Φ	Φ	Φ1 102 <b>27</b> 1
market deposits	\$1,193,271	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —	\$1,193,271
market deposits Certificates of deposit	338,987	63,343	\$— 122,109	30,738	\$— 1,410	\$— 98	\$1,193,271 556,685
•				,		•	
Certificates of deposit	338,987			,		98 —	556,685
Certificates of deposit Subordinated debentures	338,987 83,081 285,402	63,343	122,109	,	1,410	98	556,685 83,081
Certificates of deposit Subordinated debentures Other borrowings Total interest-bearing liabilities	338,987 83,081 285,402	63,343 — 13,810	122,109 — 11,100	30,738	1,410 — 70,000	98 —	556,685 83,081 380,312
Certificates of deposit Subordinated debentures Other borrowings	338,987 83,081 285,402	63,343 — 13,810 \$77,153	122,109 — 11,100	30,738	1,410 — 70,000	98 —	556,685 83,081 380,312
Certificates of deposit Subordinated debentures Other borrowings Total interest-bearing liabilities Interest-sensitivity GAP	338,987 83,081 285,402 \$\$1,900,741	63,343 — 13,810 \$77,153 \$166,976	122,109 — 11,100 \$133,209	30,738 — — \$30,738	1,410 — 70,000 \$71,410	98 — — — \$98	556,685 83,081 380,312 \$2,213,349
Certificates of deposit Subordinated debentures Other borrowings Total interest-bearing liabilities Interest-sensitivity GAP GAP by period	338,987 83,081 285,402 \$1,900,741 \$(127,428)	63,343 — 13,810 \$77,153 \$166,976	122,109 — 11,100 \$133,209 \$102,563	30,738 — — \$30,738 \$200,789	1,410 — 70,000 \$71,410 \$67,343	98 — — \$98 \$192,261	556,685 83,081 380,312 \$2,213,349 \$602,504
Certificates of deposit Subordinated debentures Other borrowings Total interest-bearing liabilities Interest-sensitivity GAP GAP by period Cumulative GAP	338,987 83,081 285,402 \$1,900,741 \$(127,428)	63,343 — 13,810 \$77,153 \$166,976	122,109 — 11,100 \$133,209 \$102,563	30,738 — — \$30,738 \$200,789	1,410 — 70,000 \$71,410 \$67,343	98 — — \$98 \$192,261	556,685 83,081 380,312 \$2,213,349 \$602,504
Certificates of deposit Subordinated debentures Other borrowings Total interest-bearing liabilities Interest-sensitivity GAP GAP by period Cumulative GAP Ratio of interest-earning assets to interest-bearing liabilities	338,987 83,081 285,402 \$\$1,900,741 \$(127,428) \$(127,428)	63,343 — 13,810 \$77,153 \$166,976 \$39,548	122,109 — 11,100 \$133,209 \$102,563 \$142,111	30,738 — \$30,738 \$30,738 \$200,789 \$342,900	1,410 — 70,000 \$71,410 \$67,343 \$410,243	98 — — \$98 \$192,261 \$602,504	556,685 83,081 380,312 \$2,213,349 \$602,504 \$602,504
Certificates of deposit Subordinated debentures Other borrowings Total interest-bearing liabilities Interest-sensitivity GAP GAP by period Cumulative GAP Ratio of interest-earning assets to	338,987 83,081 285,402 \$1,900,741 \$(127,428)	63,343 — 13,810 \$77,153 \$166,976	122,109 — 11,100 \$133,209 \$102,563	30,738 — — \$30,738 \$200,789	1,410 — 70,000 \$71,410 \$67,343	98 — — \$98 \$192,261	556,685 83,081 380,312 \$2,213,349 \$602,504

<sup>(1)</sup> Adjusted for the impact of the interest rate swaps.

#### ITEM 4: CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

#### **Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

Under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and the Chief Financial Officer (CFO), management has evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a-15, as of June 30, 2013. Disclosure controls and procedures include without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by an issuer in the reports that it files or submits under the Act is accumulated and communicated to the issuer's management, including its principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar

functions, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Based on that evaluation, the CEO and CFO concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of June 30, 2013 to provide reasonable assurance of the achievement of the objectives described above.

#### Changes to Internal Controls

There were no changes during the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, those controls.

#### PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

#### **ITEM 1: LEGAL PROCEEDINGS**

The following information supplements the discussion in Part I, Item 3 "Legal Proceedings" in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012, and as updated by the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2013:

#### Distinctive Notes

The Bank, along with other co-defendants has been named as a defendant in two lawsuits filed by persons alleging to be clients of the Bank's Trust division who invested in promissory notes (the "Distinctive Notes") issued by Distinctive Properties (UK) Limited ("Distinctive Properties"), a company involved in the purchase and development of real estate in the United Kingdom.

#### Rosemann, et al. v. Martin Sigillito, et al.

In one of the lawsuits filed in United States District Court for the Eastern District of Missouri, the plaintiffs allege that the investments in the Distinctive Notes were part of a multi-million dollar Ponzi scheme. Plaintiffs allege to hold such promissory notes in accounts with the Trust division and that, among other things, the Bank was negligent and breached its contracts. Plaintiffs also allege that the Bank violated the Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations Act ("RICO"). Plaintiffs, in the aggregate, are seeking damages from defendants, including the Bank, in excess of \$44.0 million as well as their costs and attorneys' fees and trebled damages under RICO.

The case was stayed while criminal proceedings against Sigillito were completed. After a four week trial, Sigillito was found guilty of 20 counts of wire fraud, mail fraud, conspiracy, and money laundering. Following the verdict, the judge lifted the stay and set the case for a four week jury trial starting August 26, 2013. Discovery concluded on April 16, 2013 and dispositive motions were filed. On July 9, 2013 the judge dismissed all counts related to RICO, as well as the Company's negligence. Plaintiffs subsequently filed a motion requesting the court to reconsider the dismissal. The claims that remain pending against the Company are the breach of contract claims asserted by 41 Plaintiffs who held IRA accounts with the Company. The Company is unable to estimate a range of reasonably possible loss because there are significant legal issues to be determined and depending on the resolution of the legal issues, significant factual issues to be determined and resolved. The Company denies Plaintiffs' allegation and intends to vigorously defend the lawsuit.

#### BJD, LLC and Barbara Dunning v. Enterprise Bank & Trust, et. al.

The Bank has also been named as a defendant in this case filed in the Circuit Court of St. Louis County, relating to BJD's investment in the Distinctive Notes. Plaintiffs alleged that the Bank, and the other defendants breached their fiduciary duties and were negligent in allowing plaintiffs to invest in the Distinctive Notes because the loan program was allegedly never funded and the assets of the borrower did not exist or were overvalued. Plaintiffs sought approximately \$800,000 in damages, 9% interest, punitive damages, attorneys' fees and costs. Like Rosemann, this case was stayed while the Sigillito criminal case was pending. The court granted the Bank's motion to compel arbitration and stay proceedings. On June 18, 2013 the Company reached a confidential settlement with Dunning,

which was paid entirely through an existing insurance policy. The settlement dismissed all liabilities of the Company relating to BJD, LLC and Barbara Dunning. Since the settlement was paid by the Company's insurance carrier, there was no impact to the Company's financial statements.

William Mark Scott v. Enterprise Financial Services Corp, et. al.

On April 10, 2012, a putative class action was filed in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Missouri captioned William Mark Scott v. Enterprise Financial Services Corp, Peter F. Benoist, and Frank H. Sanfilippo. The complaint asserted claims for violation of Sections 10(b) and 20(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 on behalf of a putative class of purchasers of the Company's stock between April 20, 2010 and January 25, 2012, inclusive. The complaint alleged, among other things, that defendants made false and misleading statements and allegedly "failed to disclose that the Company was improperly recording income on loans covered under loss share agreements with the FDIC" and that, as a result, "the Company's financial statements were materially false and misleading at all relevant times." The action sought unspecified damages and costs and expenses. On October 10, 2012, Plaintiff filed an amended complaint. The Company moved to dismiss the complaint on December 11, 2012. On May 29, 2013 the Company's motion to dismiss the complaint was granted, and the complaint was dismissed with prejudice. On June 27, 2013, Plaintiff filed a declaration stating he would not file an appeal of the complaint. The Company considers this matter closed and any possible loss remote.

#### ITEM 1A: RISK FACTORS

For information regarding risk factors affecting the Company, please see the cautionary language regarding forward-looking statements in the introduction to Item 2 of Part I of this Report on Form 10-Q, and Part I - Item 1A of our Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012. The following is a discussion of material changes to the risk factors described in such Annual Report on Form 10-K.

The Federal Reserve has adopted new capital requirements for financial institutions that may require us to retain or raise additional capital or and/or reduce dividends.

On July 2, 2013, the Federal Reserve adopted final rules that, when effective will increase regulatory capital requirements, implement changes required by the Dodd-Frank Act and implement portions of the Basel III regulatory capital reforms. In the future, the capital requirements for bank holding companies may require us to retain or raise additional capital, restrict our ability to pay dividends and repurchase shares of our common stock, restrict our ability to provide certain forms of discretionary executive compensation and/or require other changes to our strategic plans. While we believe our current capital levels would be adequate under the new rules, the impact of these rules cannot yet be fully understood. The rules could restrict our ability to grow and implement our future business strategies, which could have an adverse impact on our results of operations.

#### ITEM 6: EXHIBITS

Exhibit Number	Description
	Registrant hereby agrees to furnish to the Commission, upon request, the instruments defining the rights of holders of each issue of long-term debt of Registrant and its consolidated subsidiaries.
10.1	Enterprise Financial Services Corp 2013 Stock Incentive Plan effective May 8, 2013 (incorporated herein by reference to Appendix A to Registrant's Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A filed on March 26, 2013).
*12.1	Computation of Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges and Preferred Dividends
*31.1	Chief Executive Officer's Certification required by Rule 13(a)-14(a).
*31.2	Chief Financial Officer's Certification required by Rule 13(a)-14(a).
**32.1	Chief Executive Officer Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to section § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
**32.2	Chief Financial Officer Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to section § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
***101	Pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T, the following financial information from the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2013, is formatted in XBRL interactive data files: (i) Consolidated Balance Sheet at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012; (ii) Consolidated Statement of Income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012; (iii) Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012; (iv) Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012; (v) Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012; and (vi) Notes to Financial Statements.

<sup>\*</sup> Filed herewith

<sup>\*\*</sup> Furnished herewith. Notwithstanding any incorporation of this Quarterly Statement on Form 10-Q in any other filing by the Registrant, Exhibits furnished herewith and designated with two (\*\*) shall not be deemed incorporated by reference to any other filing unless specifically otherwise set forth herein or therein.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>As provided in Rule 406T of Regulation S-T, this information is furnished and not filed for purposes of Sections 11 and 12 of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

#### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Clayton, State of Missouri on the day of August 2, 2013.

#### ENTERPRISE FINANCIAL SERVICES CORP

By: /s/ Peter F. Benoist
Peter F. Benoist
Chief Executive Officer

By: /s/ Frank H. Sanfilippo Frank H. Sanfilippo

Chief Financial Officer (Principal

Financial Officer)