

Edgar Filing: ALAMOSA HOLDINGS INC - Form 10-Q

ALAMOSA HOLDINGS INC  
Form 10-Q  
May 15, 2002

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 FOR THE QUARTER ENDED MARCH 31, 2002.

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

COMMISSION FILE NUMBER: 0-32357

ALAMOSA HOLDINGS, INC.  
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE  
(State or other jurisdiction of  
Incorporation or organization)

75-2890997  
(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification No.)

5225 SOUTH LOOP 289, SUITE 120  
LUBBOCK, TEXAS 79424  
(Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)

(806) 722-1100  
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

YES  NO

As of May 13, 2002, approximately 92,915,720 shares of common stock, \$0.01 par value per share, were issued and outstanding.

ALAMOSA HOLDINGS, INC.

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ALAMOSA HOLDINGS, INC.  
 CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS  
 (dollars in thousands, except share information)

	MARCH 31, 2002	DECEMBER 31, 2001
	-----	-----
	(UNAUDITED)	
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 77,779	\$
Short term investments	1,300	
Restricted cash	51,687	
Customer accounts receivable, net	45,637	
Receivable from Sprint	10,306	
Interest receivable	567	
Inventory	5,166	
Prepaid expenses and other assets	6,423	
Deferred customer acquisition costs	6,470	
Deferred tax asset	8,112	
	-----	-----

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Total current assets	213,447	
Property and equipment, net	457,306	
Debt issuance costs, net	35,517	
Restricted cash	19,770	
Goodwill	291,635	
Intangible assets, net	518,908	
Other noncurrent assets	6,439	
	-----	
Total assets	\$ 1,543,022	\$
	=====	=====
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 28,838	\$
Accrued expenses	28,224	
Payable to Sprint	13,305	
Interest payable	9,287	
Deferred revenue	17,840	
Current installments of capital leases	724	
	-----	
Total current liabilities	98,218	
	-----	
Long term liabilities:		
Capital lease obligations	2,055	
Other noncurrent liabilities	7,132	
Senior secured debt	200,000	
12 7/8% senior discount notes	244,753	
12 1/2% senior notes	250,000	
13 5/8% senior notes	150,000	
Deferred tax liability	80,317	
	-----	
Total long term liabilities	934,257	
	-----	
Total liabilities	1,032,475	
	-----	
Commitments and contingencies	--	
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value; 10,000,000 shares authorized; no shares issued	--	
Common stock, \$.01 par value; 290,000,000 shares authorized, 92,915,470 and 92,786,497 shares issued and outstanding, respectively	929	
Additional paid-in capital	799,766	
Accumulated deficit	(289,504)	
Accumulated other comprehensive income, net of tax	(644)	
	-----	
Total stockholders' equity	510,547	
	-----	
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 1,543,022	\$
	=====	=====

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

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ALAMOSA HOLDINGS, INC.  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS  
(UNAUDITED)  
(dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

	FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31	
	2002	2001
Revenues:		
Subscriber revenues	\$ 93,498	\$
Roaming revenues	26,568	
	-----	-----
Total service revenues	120,066	
Product sales	8,321	
	-----	-----
Total revenue	128,387	
	-----	-----
Costs and expenses:		
Cost of service and operations	78,529	
Cost of products sold	14,117	
Selling and marketing	28,897	
General and administrative expenses (excluding non-cash compensation of \$0 and \$183, respectively)	3,735	
Depreciation and amortization	24,863	
Non-cash compensation	--	
	-----	-----
Total costs and expenses	150,141	
	-----	-----
Loss from operations	(21,754)	
Interest and other income	1,333	
Interest expense	(24,854)	
	-----	-----
Net loss before income tax benefit and extraordinary item	(45,275)	
Income tax benefit	17,142	
	-----	-----
Net loss before extraordinary item	(28,133)	
Loss on debt extinguishment, net of tax benefit of \$0 and \$1,969, respectively	--	
	-----	-----
Net loss	\$ (28,133)	\$

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	=====	=====
Net loss per common share, basic and diluted:		
Net loss before extraordinary item	\$ (0.30)	\$
Loss on debt extinguishment, net of tax	--	-----
Net loss	\$ (0.30)	\$
	=====	=====
Weighted average common shares outstanding, basic and diluted	92,832,354	71,
	=====	=====

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

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ALAMOSA HOLDINGS, INC.  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS  
(UNAUDITED)  
(dollars in thousands)

	FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31,	
	2002	2001
	-----	-----
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net loss	\$ (28,133)	\$ (27,432)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Non-cash compensation	--	183
Provision for bad debts	8,200	200
Non-cash interest expense on hedge arrangements	(206)	--
Depreciation and amortization of property and equipment	14,931	7,299
Amortization of intangible assets	9,932	4,637
Amortization of financing costs included in interest expense	1,038	339
Amortization of discounted interest	99	--
Loss on debt extinguishment, net of tax	--	3,503
Deferred tax benefit	(17,142)	(13,858)
Interest accreted on discount notes	7,546	6,657
Loss from asset disposition	66	--
(Increase) decrease in, net of effects from acquisitions:		
Receivables	(10,440)	(4,690)
Inventory	(364)	1,610
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(3,360)	2,047
Decrease in, net of effects from acquisitions:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(14,771)	(5,273)
	-----	-----
Net cash used in operating activities	(32,604)	(24,778)
	-----	-----

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Cash flows from investing activities:		
Proceeds from sale of assets	1,673	--
Purchases of property and equipment	(32,330)	(34,408)
Repayment of notes receivable	--	11,860
Acquisition related costs	--	(37,617)
Net change in short term investments	--	(32,300)
Other	58	--
	-----	-----
Net cash used in investing activities	(30,599)	(92,465)
	-----	-----
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from issuance of senior notes	--	242,500
Borrowings under senior secured debt	12,838	203,000
Repayments of borrowings under senior secured debt	--	(223,584)
Debt issuance costs	--	(12,803)
Shares issued to employee stock purchase plan	401	--
Payments on capital leases	(165)	(8)
Change in restricted cash	23,236	(70,585)
	-----	-----
Net cash provided by financing activities	36,310	138,520
	-----	-----
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(26,893)	21,277
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	104,672	141,768
	-----	-----
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 77,779	\$ 163,045
	=====	=====
Supplemental disclosure of non-cash financing and investing activities:		
Capitalized lease obligations incurred	\$ 365	\$ --
Change in accounts payable for purchases of property and equipment	(14,415)	928

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements

ALAMOSA HOLDINGS, INC.  
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
(dollars in thousands, except as noted)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The unaudited consolidated balance sheet as of March 31, 2002, the unaudited consolidated statements of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001, the unaudited consolidated statements of cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001, and related footnotes, have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for interim financial information and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The financial information presented should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2001. In the opinion of management, the

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interim data includes all adjustments (consisting of only normally recurring adjustments) necessary for a fair statement of the results for the interim periods. Operating results for the three months ended March 31, 2002 are not necessarily indicative of results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2002.

Basic and diluted net loss per share of common stock is computed by dividing net loss for each period by the weighted-average outstanding common shares. No conversion of common stock equivalents has been assumed in the calculations since the effect would be antidilutive. As a result, the number of weighted-average outstanding common shares as well as the amount of net loss per share are the same for basic and diluted net loss per share calculations for all periods presented. Common stock equivalents excluded from diluted net loss per share calculations consisted of options to purchase 5,330,343 and 5,445,363 shares of common stock at March 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively.

Certain reclassifications have been made to prior period balances to conform to current period presentation.

### 2. ORGANIZATION AND BUSINESS OPERATIONS

Alamosa Holdings, Inc. ("Alamosa Holdings") was formed in July 2000. Alamosa Holdings is a holding company and through its subsidiaries provides wireless personal communications services, commonly referred to as PCS, in the Southwestern, Northwestern and Midwestern United States. Alamosa (Delaware), Inc. ("Alamosa (Delaware)"), a subsidiary of Alamosa Holdings, was formed in October 1999 under the name "Alamosa PCS Holdings, Inc." to operate as a holding company in anticipation of its initial public offering. On February 3, 2000, Alamosa (Delaware) completed its initial public offering. Immediately prior to the initial public offering, shares of Alamosa (Delaware) were exchanged for Alamosa PCS LLC's ("Alamosa") membership interests, and Alamosa became wholly owned by Alamosa (Delaware). These financial statements are presented as if the reorganization had occurred as of the beginning of the periods presented. Alamosa Holdings and its subsidiaries are collectively referred to in these financial statements as the "Company."

On December 14, 2000, Alamosa (Delaware) formed a new holding company pursuant to Section 251(g) of the Delaware General Corporation Law. In that transaction, each share of Alamosa (Delaware) was converted into one share of the new holding company, and the former public company, which was renamed "Alamosa (Delaware), Inc." became a wholly owned subsidiary of the new holding company, which was renamed "Alamosa PCS Holdings, Inc."

On February 14, 2001, Alamosa Holdings became the new public holding company of Alamosa PCS Holdings, Inc. ("Alamosa PCS Holdings") and its subsidiaries pursuant to a reorganization transaction in which a wholly owned subsidiary of Alamosa Holdings was merged with and into Alamosa PCS Holdings. As a result of this reorganization, Alamosa PCS Holdings became a wholly owned subsidiary of Alamosa Holdings, and each share of Alamosa PCS Holdings common stock was converted into one share of Alamosa Holdings common stock. Alamosa Holdings' common stock is quoted on The New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "APS."

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)  
(dollars in thousands, except as noted)

### 3. LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Since inception, the Company has financed its operations through capital contributions from owners, through debt financing and through proceeds generated from public offerings of common stock.

As of March 31, 2002, the Company had \$77,779 in cash and cash equivalents plus an additional \$71,457 in restricted cash held in escrow for debt service requirements. The Company also had \$25,000 remaining on the revolving portion of the Senior Secured Credit Facility. Management believes that this \$174,236 in cash and available borrowings is sufficient to fund working capital, capital expenditure and debt service requirements through the point where the Company generates free cash flow.

Management does not anticipate the need to raise additional capital in the foreseeable future. The Company's funding status is dependent on a number of factors influencing projections of operating cash flows including those related to subscriber growth, average revenue per user ("ARPU"), churn and cost per gross addition ("CPGA"). Should actual results differ significantly from these assumptions, the Company's liquidity position could be adversely affected and the Company could be in a position that would require it to raise additional capital which may or may not be available on favorable terms.

### 4. MERGERS WITH ROBERTS WIRELESS COMMUNICATIONS, L.L.C., WASHINGTON OREGON WIRELESS, LLC, AND SOUTHWEST PCS HOLDINGS, INC.

The Company completed the acquisitions of three Sprint PCS Network Partners during the first quarter of 2001. On February 14, 2001, the Company completed its acquisitions of Roberts Wireless Communications, L.L.C. ("Roberts") and Washington Oregon Wireless, LLC ("WOW"). In connection with the Roberts and WOW acquisitions, the Company entered into a new senior secured credit facility (the "Senior Secured Credit Facility") for up to \$280 million. On March 30, 2001, the Company completed its acquisition of Southwest PCS Holdings, Inc. ("Southwest"). In connection with the Southwest acquisition, the Company increased the Senior Secured Credit Facility from \$280 million to \$333 million. Each of these transactions was accounted for under the purchase method of accounting and the results of the acquired companies are included in these consolidated financial statements from the date of acquisition.

The merger consideration in the Roberts acquisition consisted of 13.5 million shares of the Company's common stock and approximately \$4.0 million in cash. The Company also assumed the net debt of Roberts in the transaction, which amounted to approximately \$57 million as of February 14, 2001.

The merger consideration in the WOW acquisition consisted of 6.05 million shares of the Company's common stock and approximately \$12.5 million in cash. The Company also assumed the net debt of WOW in the transaction, which amounted to approximately \$31 million as of February 14, 2001.

The merger consideration in the Southwest acquisition consisted of 11.1 million shares of the Company's common stock and approximately \$5.0 million in cash. The Company also assumed the net debt of Southwest in the transaction, which amounted to approximately \$81 million as of



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March 30, 2001.

The Company obtained independent valuations as of the date of acquisition of Roberts, WOW and Southwest to allocate the purchase price. The results of the allocations are as follows:

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ALAMOSA HOLDINGS, INC.  
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)  
(dollars in thousands, except as noted)

	ROBERTS	WOW	SOU
Consideration:			
Common stock issued	\$ 291,060	\$ 130,438	\$
Stock options granted	1,134	--	
Cash (including merger related costs)	8,940	15,962	
	301,134	146,400	
Allocated to:			
Current assets	4,545	1,969	
Property, plant and equipment	53,506	35,732	
Intangible assets (other than goodwill)	258,300	116,400	
Liabilities acquired (including deferred taxes)	(185,452)	(85,433)	
	\$ 170,235	\$ 77,732	\$
Goodwill	170,235	77,732	\$

The unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated statement of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2001 set forth below, presents the results of operations as if the acquisitions had occurred at the beginning of the period and are not necessarily indicative of future results or actual results that would have been achieved had these acquisitions occurred as of the beginning of the period.

	FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2001	
	(unaudited)	
Total revenues	\$	64,757
		64,757
Net loss before income tax benefit and extraordinary item	\$	(51,195)
Income tax benefit		13,858
		(37,337)
Net loss before extraordinary item		(37,337)

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Loss on debt extinguishment, net of tax benefit of \$1,969		(3,503)
Net loss	\$	(40,840)
Basic and diluted net loss per share before extraordinary item	\$	(0.41)
Basic and diluted net loss per share	\$	(0.44)

### 5. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Customer accounts receivable - Customer accounts receivable represent amounts owed to the Company by subscribers for PCS service. The amounts presented in the consolidated balance sheets are net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$5.5 million and \$5.9 million at March 31, 2002 and December 31, 2001, respectively.

Receivable from Sprint - Receivable from Sprint in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets includes net roaming revenue receivable from Sprint. This receivable also includes amounts billed by Sprint on the Company's behalf to other communications providers for calls terminated on the Company's network. In addition, this item includes accruals for estimated unbilled revenue through the end of the period.

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ALAMOSA HOLDINGS, INC.  
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)  
(dollars in thousands, except as noted)

Receivable from Sprint consists of the following:

	MARCH 31, 2002	DECEMBER 31, 2001
	-----	-----
	(unaudited)	
Net Sprint PCS roaming receivable	\$ 1,124	\$ 1,731
Access revenue receivable	2,818	3,252
Accrued service revenue	6,364	4,154
	\$ 10,306	\$ 9,137

### 6. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment are stated net of accumulated depreciation of \$74.7 million and \$60.9 million at March 31, 2002 and December 31, 2001, respectively.

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### 7. GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

In connection with the acquisitions completed during 2001 discussed in Note 4, the Company allocated portions of the respective purchase prices to identifiable intangible assets consisting of (i) the value of the Sprint agreements in place at the acquired companies and (ii) the value of the subscriber base in place at the acquired companies. In addition to the identifiable intangibles, goodwill was recorded in the amount by which the purchase price exceeded the fair value of the net assets acquired including identified intangibles.

The value assigned to the Sprint agreements is being amortized using the straight-line method over the remaining original terms of the agreements that were in place at the time of acquisition or approximately 17.6 years. The value assigned to the subscriber bases acquired is being amortized using the straight-line method over the estimated life of the acquired subscribers or approximately 3 years.

The Company adopted the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets," on January 1, 2002. SFAS No. 142 primarily addresses the accounting for goodwill and intangible assets subsequent to their initial recognition. The provisions of SFAS No. 142 (i) prohibit the amortization of goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets, (ii) require that goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets be tested annually for impairment (and in interim periods if certain events occur indicating that the carrying value may be impaired), (iii) require that reporting units be identified for the purpose of assessing potential future impairments of goodwill and (iv) remove the forty year limitation on the amortization period of intangible assets that have finite lives. As of December 31, 2001, the Company had recorded \$15.9 million in accumulated amortization of goodwill. Upon the adoption of SFAS No. 142 amortization of goodwill was no longer recorded.

SFAS No. 142 requires that goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets be tested annually for impairment using a two-step process. The first step is to identify a potential impairment by comparing the fair value of reporting units to their carrying value and, upon adoption, must be measured as of the beginning of the fiscal year. As of January 1, 2002, the results of the first step indicated no potential impairment of the Company's goodwill. The Company will perform this testing annually during the third quarter beginning in the third quarter of 2002. Should the results of the first step of the impairment testing indicate a potential impairment, the second step would be completed to measure the amount of any impairment loss.

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ALAMOSA HOLDINGS, INC.  
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)  
(dollars in thousands, except as noted)

Goodwill and intangible assets consist of:

MARCH 31, 2002

-----  
(unaudited)

DECEMBER 31

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Goodwill	\$ 291,635	\$ 293,3
	=====	=====
Intangible assets:		
Sprint affiliation and other agreements	\$ 532,200	\$ 532,2
Accumulated amortization	(33,242)	(25,7
	-----	-----
Subtotal	498,958	506,4
	-----	-----
Subscriber base acquired	29,500	29,5
Accumulated amortization	(9,550)	(7,0
	-----	-----
Subtotal	19,950	22,4
	-----	-----
Intangible assets, net	\$ 518,908	\$ 528,8
	=====	=====

Amortization expense relative to intangible assets was \$9,932 for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and will be \$30,135 for the remainder of 2002.

Aggregate amortization expense relative to intangible assets for the periods shown is as follows:

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,	
-----	
2002	\$ 40,067
2003	40,067
2004	32,975
2005	30,234
2006	30,234
Thereafter	355,263
	-----
	\$ 528,840
	=====

ALAMOSA HOLDINGS, INC.  
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)  
(dollars in thousands, except as noted)

The following tables present net loss before extraordinary item, net loss and the respective per-share amounts as if the provisions of SFAS 142 had been adopted January 1, 2001:

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	2002	2001
	-----	-----
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)
Reported net loss before extraordinary item	\$ (28,133)	\$ (23,9
Add back: goodwill amortization	--	1,1
	-----	-----
Adjusted net loss before extraordinary item	\$ (28,133)	\$ (22,7
	=====	=====
Reported net loss	\$ (28,133)	\$ (27,4
Add back: goodwill amortization	--	1,1
	-----	-----
Adjusted net loss	\$ (28,133)	\$ (26,2
	=====	=====
NET LOSS BEFORE EXTRAORDINARY ITEM		
PER COMMON SHARE, BASIC AND DILUTED:		
As reported	\$ (0.30)	\$ (0.
Goodwill amortization	--	0.
	-----	-----
Adjusted	\$ (0.30)	\$ (0.
	=====	=====
NET LOSS PER COMMON SHARE, BASIC AND DILUTED:		
As reported	\$ (0.30)	\$ (0.
Goodwill amortization	--	0.
	-----	-----
Adjusted	\$ (0.30)	\$ (0.
	=====	=====

8. LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt consists of the following:

	MARCH 31, 2002	DECEMBER 31
	-----	-----
	(unaudited)	
Senior secured debt	\$ 200,000	\$ 187,1
12 7/8% senior discount notes	244,753	237,2
12 1/2% senior notes	250,000	250,0
13 5/8% senior notes	150,000	150,0
	-----	-----
Total debt	844,753	824,3
Less current maturities	--	
	-----	-----
Long-term debt, excluding current maturities	\$ 844,753	\$ 824,3
	=====	=====

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### SENIOR SECURED CREDIT FACILITY

On February 14, 2001, Alamosa Holdings, Alamosa (Delaware) and Alamosa Holdings, LLC, as borrower; entered into a \$280 million senior secured credit facility (the "Senior Secured Credit Facility") with Citicorp USA, as administrative agent and collateral agent; Toronto Dominion (Texas), Inc., as syndication agent; EDC as co-documentation agent; First Union National Bank, as documentation agent; and a syndicate of banking and financial institutions. On March 30, 2001, this credit facility was amended to increase the facility to \$333 million in relation to the acquisition of Southwest. This credit facility was again amended in August 2001 to reduce the maximum borrowing to \$225 million consisting of a 7-year senior secured 12-month delayed draw term loan facility of \$200 million and a 7-year senior secured revolving credit facility in an aggregate principal

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### ALAMOSA HOLDINGS, INC.

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) (dollars in thousands, except as noted)

amount of up to \$25 million. On February 11, 2002, the Company drew the remaining \$12,838 on the term portion of the Senior Secured Credit Facility. No advances have been taken on the revolving portion of the Senior Secured Credit Facility.

Interest on the Senior Secured Credit Facility accrues at the option of the Company at either (i) the London Interbank Offered Rate adjusted for any statutory reserves ("LIBOR"), or (ii) the base rate which is generally the higher of the administrative agent's base rate, the federal funds effective rate plus 0.50% or the administrative agent's base CD rate plus 0.50%, in each case plus an interest margin which is initially 4.00% for LIBOR borrowings and 3.00% for base rate borrowing. These margins are subject to adjustment under certain conditions.

Repayment of amounts borrowed under the Senior Secured Credit Facility will begin on May 14, 2004 and payment will be made quarterly thereafter in amounts to be agreed upon by the Company and the lenders.

### NORTEL/EDC CREDIT FACILITY

On February 14, 2001, the outstanding balance of \$54,524 related to the Nortel/EDC Credit Facility, which was originally entered into in 1999, was paid in full plus accrued interest in the amount of \$884 with proceeds from the Senior Secured Credit Facility. The Company was refunded \$1,377 of the original issuance cost as a result of the early extinguishment. The balance of unamortized cost totaling \$5,472 was written off and classified as an extraordinary item (net of an income tax benefit of \$1,969) in the quarter ended March 31, 2001.

### 12 7/8% SENIOR DISCOUNT NOTES

On December 23, 1999, Alamosa (Delaware) filed a registration statement with the Securities and Exchange Commission for the issuance of \$350

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million face amount of senior discount notes (the "12 7/8% Senior Discount Notes Offering"). The 12 7/8% Senior Discount Notes Offering was completed on February 8, 2000 and generated net proceeds of approximately \$181 million after underwriters' commissions and expenses of approximately \$6.1 million. The 12 7/8% Senior Discount Notes mature in ten years (February 15, 2010) and carry a coupon rate of 12 7/8%, and provides for interest deferral for the first five years. The 12 7/8% Senior Discount Notes will accrete to their \$350 million face amount by February 8, 2005, after which, interest will be paid in cash semiannually. The proceeds of the 12 7/8% Senior Discount Notes Offering were used to prepay \$75 million of the Nortel credit facility that was in place at the time, to pay costs to build out the system, to fund operating working capital needs and for other general corporate purposes.

### 12 1/2% SENIOR NOTES

On January 31, 2001, Alamosa (Delaware) consummated the offering (the "12 1/2% Senior Notes Offering") of \$250 million aggregate principal amount of Senior Notes (the "12 1/2% Senior Notes"). The 12 1/2% Senior Notes mature in ten years (February 1, 2011), carry a coupon rate of 12 1/2%, payable semiannually on February 1 and August 1, beginning on August 1, 2001. The net proceeds from the sale of the 12 1/2% Senior Notes were approximately \$241 million, after deducting the discounts and commissions to the initial purchasers and estimated offering expenses.

Approximately \$59 million of the proceeds of the 12 1/2% Senior Notes Offering were used by Alamosa (Delaware) to establish a security account (with cash or U.S. government securities) to secure on a pro rata basis the payment obligations under the 12 1/2% Senior Notes and the 12 7/8% Senior Discount Notes, and the balance was used for general corporate purposes of Alamosa (Delaware), including, accelerating coverage within the existing territories of the Company; the build-out of additional areas within its existing territories; expanding its existing territories; and pursuing additional telecommunications business opportunities or acquiring other telecommunications businesses or assets.

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ALAMOSA HOLDINGS, INC.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)  
(dollars in thousands, except as noted)

### 13 5/8% SENIOR NOTES

On August 15, 2001, Alamosa (Delaware) issued \$150 million face amount of Senior Notes (the "13 5/8% Senior Notes"). The 13 5/8% Senior Notes mature in ten years (August 15, 2011), and carry a coupon rate of 13 5/8% payable semiannually on February 15 and August 15, beginning on February 15, 2002. The net proceeds from the sale of the 13 5/8% Senior Notes were approximately \$141.5 million, after deducting the discounts and commissions to the initial purchasers and estimated offering expenses.

Approximately \$39.1 million of the proceeds of the 13 5/8% Notes Offering were used by Alamosa (Delaware) to establish a security

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account (with cash or U.S. government securities) to secure on a pro rata basis the payment obligations under the 13 5/8% Senior Notes, the 12 1/2% Senior Notes and the 12 7/8% Senior Discount Notes. Approximately \$66 million of the proceeds were used to pay down a portion of the Senior Secured Credit Facility. The balance will be used for general corporate purposes.

### 9. INCOME TAXES

The income tax benefit represents the anticipated recognition of the Company's deductible net operating loss carry forwards. This benefit is being recognized based on an assessment of the combined expected future taxable income of the Company and expected reversals of the temporary differences from the Roberts, WOW and Southwest mergers.

### 10. HEDGING ACTIVITIES AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

The Company adopted SFAS No. 133, "Accounting for Derivatives and Hedging Activities" on January 1, 2001. The statement requires the Company to record all derivatives on the balance sheet at fair value. Derivatives that are not hedges must be adjusted to fair value through earnings. If the derivative is a hedge, depending on the nature of the hedge, changes in the fair value of the derivatives are either recognized in earnings or are recognized in other comprehensive income until the hedged item is recognized in earnings. Approximately \$527 in cash settlements under derivative instruments classified as hedges is included in interest expense for the quarter ended March 31, 2002.

As of March 31, 2002, the Company has recorded \$1,545 in "other noncurrent liabilities" relative to the fair value of derivative instruments including \$1,045 representing derivative instruments that qualify for hedge accounting under SFAS No. 133. In addition, the Company has recorded \$61 in "other noncurrent assets" at March 31, 2002 related to the fair value of derivative instruments. During the quarters ended March 31, 2002 and 2001, the Company recognized gains of \$292 and \$15 (net of income taxes of \$179 and \$8), respectively, in other comprehensive income, with appears as a separate component of Stockholders' Equity as "Accumulated other comprehensive loss," as illustrated below:

	THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH	
	----- 2002 ----- (unaudited)	----- (un
Net loss	\$ (28,133)	\$
Change in fair values of derivative instruments, net	292	
	-----	-----
Comprehensive loss	\$ (27,841)	\$
	=====	=====

### 11. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENTS - On October 14, 1998, the then Board of Members of the Company approved an Incentive Ownership Plan. The plan consisted



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of 3,500 units comprised of 1,200 Series 8, 1,150 Series 15 and

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1,150 Series 25 units. The exercise price for each series was based on a pre-defined strike price which increased by an annual rate of 8%, 15% or 25% compounded monthly beginning July 1, 2000. The initial exercise prices were \$564.79, \$623.84 and \$711.88 for Series 8, Series 15 and Series 25 options, respectively. Each unit provided the holder an option to purchase an interest in the Company. Vested units could have been exercised any time from July 1, 2000 to December 31, 2006.

On October 29, 1998, under an employment agreement with the Company's then Chief Technology Officer, 300 units were granted under this plan. The options to acquire membership interests described above were to be exchanged for options to acquire an equivalent number of common shares: 48,500 at \$1.13 per share, 48,500 at \$1.25 per share and 48,500 at \$1.42 per share. Effective as of the IPO, these options were converted into options of Holdings and were amended such that the original options with exercise prices that increased by an annual rate of 8%, 15%, or 25% (compounded monthly beginning July 1, 2000) were exchanged for options to purchase an equivalent number of common shares at fixed exercise prices equal to \$1.13, \$1.25 and \$1.42 per share, which will not increase over the term of the options. These amendments resulted in a new measurement date. The Company recorded compensation expense totaling \$2,096 in connection with these options.

Effective October 1, 1999, the Company entered into a three-year employment agreement with its Chief Executive Officer ("CEO"), and Chairman of the Board. In addition, in December 1999, the Company granted options to the CEO to acquire 242,500 common shares at an exercise price of \$1.15 per share which vested immediately prior to the completion of the initial public offering and 1,455,000 shares at an exercise price equal to the initial public offering price which vest 33% per year beginning September 30, 2000. The options expire January 5, 2009. The Company recognized compensation expense of \$3,116 related to the 242,500 options issued with an exercise price below the initial public offering price over the options vesting period.

On October 2, 1998, the Company entered into an employment agreement with its then Chief Operating Officer ("COO"). The agreement provided for the granting of stock options in three series. The initial exercise price was determined based on the following formula: \$48,500, committed capital at September 30, 1998, multiplied by the percentage interest represented by the option exercised. The exercise price for each series increased by an annual rate of 8%, 15% or 25% compounded monthly beginning at the date of grant as specified by the agreement. Options could be exercised any time from January 1, 2004 to January 5, 2008. The options vested over a three-year period. During 1998, one option from each series was granted under this agreement. The options to acquire membership interests described above were to be exchanged for options in Holdings to acquire an equivalent number of common shares: 242,500 at \$1.08 per share, 242,500 at \$1.15 per share and 242,500 at \$1.25 per share. Effective December 1999, the Company amended the COO's

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options such that each of the COO's three series of original options were exchanged for two options to acquire a total of 1,697,500 shares of common stock. The first option to acquire 242,500 shares of common stock had a fixed exercise price of \$1.15 per share and vested immediately prior to completion of the initial public offering. The second option to acquire 1,455,000 shares of common stock had an exercise price equal to the initial public offering price and vested 25% per year beginning September 30, 2000. The expiration date of all of the COO's options was extended from January 5, 2008 to January 5, 2009. These amendments resulted in a new measurement date. The Company was to record compensation expense totaling \$9,341 in connection with these options.

Effective December 1, 1999, the Company entered into a five-year employment agreement with its Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"). In addition, the Company granted the CFO options to purchase 1,455,000 shares at the initial public offering price and that will expire January 5, 2009. There is no compensation cost related to these options.

LITIGATION - The Company has been named as a defendant in a number of purported securities class actions in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, arising out of its initial public offering (the "IPO"). Various underwriters of the IPO also are named as defendants in the actions. The complaints allege, among other things, that the registration statement and prospectus filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission for purposes of the IPO were false and misleading because they failed to disclose that the underwriters allegedly (i) solicited and received commissions from certain investors in exchange for allocating

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### ALAMOSA HOLDINGS, INC.

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

(dollars in thousands, except as noted)

to them shares of common stock in connection with the IPO, and (ii) entered into agreements with their customers to allocate such stock to those customers in exchange for the customers agreeing to purchase additional Company shares in the aftermarket at pre-determined prices.

The Court has ordered that these putative class actions against the Company, along with hundreds of IPO allocation cases against other issuers, be transferred for coordinated pre-trial proceedings. At a status conference held on September 7, 2001, the Court adjourned all defendants' time to respond to the complaints until further order of the Court. These cases remain at a preliminary stage and no discovery proceedings have taken place.

On January 23, 2001, Jerry Brantley, President and COO of the Company terminated his employment with the Company at the unanimous request of the board of directors. On April 29, 2002, Mr. Brantley initiated litigation against the Company and the chairman of the Company, David E. Sharbutt, alleging wrongful termination among other things. The Company believes that there is no basis for Mr. Brantley's claim and intends to vigorously defend the lawsuit.

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The Company is involved in various claims and legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business. The ultimate disposition of these matters are not expected to have a material adverse impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations or liquidity.

### 12. EFFECTS OF RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In June 2001, the FASB issued SFAS No. 143, "Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations." SFAS No. 143 requires the fair value of a liability for an asset retirement obligation to be recognized in the period that it is incurred if a reasonable estimate of fair value can be made. The associated asset retirement costs are capitalized as part of the carrying amount of the long-lived asset. SFAS No. 143 is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2002. The adoption of SFAS No. 143 is not expected to have a material impact on our results of operations, financial position or cash flows.

In August 2001, the FASB issued SFAS No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets," which addresses financial accounting and reporting for the impairment of long-lived assets and for long-lived assets to be disposed of. The provisions of SFAS No. 144 are effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 31, 2001. The adoption of SFAS No. 144 effective January 1, 2002 is not expected to have a material impact on our results of operations, financial position or cash flows.

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## ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

### FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This quarterly report on Form 10-Q includes "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), which can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as, "may," "might," "could," "would," "believe," "expect," "intend," "plan," "seek," "anticipate," "estimate," "project" or "continue" or the negative thereof or other variations thereon or comparable terminology. These forward-looking statements are subject to various risks and uncertainties and are made pursuant to the "safe-harbor" provisions of the private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements are made based on management's current expectations or beliefs as well as assumptions made by, and information currently available to, management.

A variety of factors could cause actual results to differ materially from those anticipated in our forward-looking statements, including the following factors: our dependence on our affiliation with Sprint, shifts in populations or network focus; changes or advances in technology; changes in Sprint's national service plans or fee structure with us; change in population; difficulties in network construction; increased competition in our markets; failure to consummate anticipated acquisitions or financings; and adverse changes in financial position, condition or results of operations. For a detailed discussion of these and other cautionary statements and factors that could cause actual results to differ from our forward-looking statements, please refer to our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, "Item 1. Business" and "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial

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Condition and Results of Operation" of our Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001.

Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which reflect management's analysis only as of the date hereof. We do not undertake any obligation to publicly revise these forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances that arise after the date hereof. Readers should carefully review the risk factors described in other documents we file from time to time with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

### GENERAL

Since our inception in 1998, we have incurred substantial costs in connection with negotiating our contracts with Sprint, obtaining our debt financing, completing our public equity offerings, engineering our wireless PCS network, developing our business infrastructure and building out our portion of Sprint's PCS network. Prior to the launch of our first market in June 1999, we did not have any markets in operation and we had no customers. At March 31, 2002, we have approximately 551,000 subscribers. As of March 31, 2002, our accumulated deficit is \$289.5 million and we have spent a cumulative total of approximately \$599 million in capital expenditures (including that spent by Roberts, WOW and Southwest prior to our acquisition) in connection with constructing our portion of Sprint's PCS network and developing our business infrastructure including the establishment of our retail distribution channels. While we anticipate operating losses to continue, we expect revenue to continue to increase substantially as our subscriber base increases.

On July 17, 1998, we entered into our original affiliation agreements with Sprint. We subsequently amended our original agreements in 1999 to add additional territories to our licensed area. In the first quarter of 2001, we completed the acquisitions of Roberts, WOW and Southwest bringing our total licensed POPs to approximately 15.8 million at March 31, 2002.

As a Sprint PCS Network Partner, we have the exclusive right to provide wireless, mobility communications network services under the Sprint brand name in our licensed territory. We are responsible for building, owning and managing the portion of Sprint's PCS network located in our territory. We offer national plans designed by Sprint and intend to offer local plans tailored to our market demographics. Our portion of Sprint's PCS network is designed to offer a seamless connection with Sprint's 100% digital PCS nationwide wireless network. We market wireless products and services through a number of distribution outlets located in our territories, including our own retail stores, major national distributors and local third party distributors.

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We recognize revenues from Sprint PCS subscribers based in our territories, proceeds from the sales of handsets and accessories through channels controlled by us and fees from Sprint and other wireless service providers when their customers roam onto our portion of Sprint's PCS network. Sprint retains 8% of all collected service revenue from our subscribers (not including products sales) and fees collected from other wireless service providers when their customers roam onto our portion of Sprint's PCS network. We report the amount retained by Sprint as an operating expense.

As part of our affiliation agreements with Sprint, we have the option of contracting with Sprint to provide back office services such as customer activation, handset logistics, billing, customer care and network monitoring

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services. We have elected to delegate the performance of these services to Sprint to take advantage of their economies of scale, to accelerate our build-out and market launches and to lower our initial capital requirements. The cost for these services is primarily on a per subscriber and per transaction basis and is recorded as an operating expense.

### CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The fundamental objective of financial reporting is to provide useful information that allows a reader to comprehend the business activities of an entity. To aid in that understanding, we have identified our "critical accounting policies." These policies have the potential to have a more significant impact on our consolidated financial statements, either because of the significance of the financial statement item to which they relate, or because they require judgment and estimation due to the uncertainty involved in measuring, at a specific point in time, events which are continuous in nature.

ALLOWANCE FOR DOUBTFUL ACCOUNTS - Estimates are used in determining our allowance for bad debts and are based on our historical collection experience, current trends, credit policy and a percentage of our accounts receivable by aging category. In determining the allowance, we look at historical write-offs of our receivables and our history is limited. We also look at current trends in the credit quality of our customer base as well as changes in the credit policies. Under Sprint PCS service plans, customers who do not meet certain credit criteria can nevertheless select any plan offered, subject to an account spending limit, referred to as ASL, to control credit exposure. Account spending limits range from \$125 to \$200 that could be credited against future billings. In May 2001, the deposit requirement was eliminated on certain, but not all, credit classes ("NDASL"). As a result, a significant amount of our new customer additions have been under the NDASL program. The NDASL program was replaced by the "Clear Pay" program in November 2001, which reinstated the deposit requirement for certain of the lowest credit class customers, and features increased back office controls with respect to collection efforts. We have reinstated the deposit for customers in certain credit classes on the Clear Pay program as of February 24, 2002, and we believe that this policy will reduce our future bad debt exposure.

REVENUE RECOGNITION - We record equipment revenue for the sale of handsets and accessories to customers in our retail stores and to local resellers in our territories. We do not record equipment revenue on handsets and accessories purchased by our customers from national resellers or directly from Sprint. Our customers pay an activation fee when they initiate service. We defer this activation fee and record activation fee revenue over the estimated average life of our customers which ranges from 12 to 36 months depending on credit class and based on our past experience. We recognize revenue from our customers as they use the service. Additionally, we provide a reduction of recorded revenue for billing adjustments and billing corrections.

We record revenue for products sales in connection with our sales of handsets and accessories through our retail stores and our local indirect retailers. The cost of handsets sold generally exceeds the retail sales price as we subsidize the price of handsets for competitive reasons. We reimburse Sprint for the amount of subsidy incurred by them on handsets sold through channels controlled by them.

ACCOUNTING FOR GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS - In connection with our acquisitions of Roberts, WOW and Southwest in the first quarter of 2001, we recorded certain intangible assets including both identifiable intangibles and goodwill. Identifiable intangibles consist of the Sprint agreements and the respective subscriber bases in place at the time of acquisition. The intangible assets related to the Sprint agreements are being amortized over the remaining original term of the underlying Sprint agreements or approximately 17.6 years.

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The subscriber base intangible asset is being amortized over the estimated life of the acquired subscribers or approximately 3 years.

We adopted the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets," on January 1, 2002. SFAS No. 142 primarily addresses the accounting for goodwill and

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intangible assets subsequent to their initial recognition. The provisions of SFAS No. 142 (i) prohibit the amortization of goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets, (ii) require that goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets be tested annually for impairment (and in interim periods if certain events occur indicating that the carrying value of goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets may be impaired), (iii) require that reporting units be identified for the purpose of assessing potential future impairments of goodwill and (iv) remove the forty-year limitation on the amortization period of intangible assets that have finite lives. As of December 31, 2001, we had recorded \$15.9 million in accumulated amortization of goodwill. Upon the adoption of SFAS No. 142 amortization of goodwill was no longer recorded.

SFAS No. 142 requires that goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets be tested annually for impairment using a two-step process. The first step is to identify a potential impairment by comparing the fair value of reporting units to their carrying value and, upon adoption, must be measured as of the beginning of the fiscal year. As of January 1, 2002, the results of the first step indicated no potential impairment of our goodwill. We will perform this testing annually during the third quarter beginning in the third quarter of 2002. Should the results of the first step of the impairment testing indicate a potential impairment, the second step would be completed to measure the amount of any impairment loss.

**LONG-LIVED ASSET RECOVERY** - Long-lived assets, consisting primarily of property, plant and equipment and intangibles, comprise approximately 82 percent of our total assets. Changes in technology or in our intended use of these assets may cause the estimated period of use or the value of these assets to change. In addition, changes in general industry conditions such as increased competition, lower ARPU, etc., could cause the value of certain of these assets to change. We carefully monitor the appropriateness of the estimated useful lives of these assets. Whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts of these assets may not be recoverable, we review the respective assets for impairment. Estimates and assumptions used in both estimating the useful life and evaluating potential impairment issues require a significant amount of judgment. See our discussion of recently issued accounting pronouncements within this document for additional information as to the impact of such pronouncements as they pertain to long-lived assets.

**INCOME TAXES** - We utilize an asset and liability approach to accounting for income taxes, wherein deferred taxes are provided for book and tax basis differences for assets and liabilities. In the event differences exist between book and tax basis of our assets and liabilities that result in a deferred assets, an evaluation of the probability of being able to realize the future benefits indicated by such assets is made. A valuation allowance is provided for the portion of deferred tax assets for which there is sufficient uncertainty regarding our ability to recognize the benefits of those assets in future years.

Deferred taxes are provided for those items reported in different periods for income tax and financial reporting purposes. The net deferred tax asset was fully reserved through December 31, 2000 because of uncertainty

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regarding our ability to recognize the benefit of the asset in future years. In connection with the acquisitions in 2001, a significant deferred tax liability was recorded relative to intangibles. The reversal of the timing differences which gave rise to the deferred tax liability will allow us to benefit from the deferred tax asset. As such, the valuation allowance against the deferred tax asset was reduced in 2001 to account for the expected benefit to be realized. Prior to February 1, 2000, our predecessor operated as a limited liability company ("LLC") under which losses for income tax purposes were utilized by the LLC members on their income tax returns. Subsequent to January 31, 2000, we became a c-corp for federal income tax purposes and therefore subsequent losses became net operating loss carryforwards to us. We continue to evaluate the likelihood of realizing the benefits of deferred tax items. Should events or circumstances indicate that it is warranted, a valuation allowance will again be established.

### CONSOLIDATED RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2002 COMPARED TO THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2001

The acquisitions of Roberts, WOW and Southwest took place on February 14, February 14, and March 30, 2001, respectively. These acquisitions were accounted for under the purchase method of accounting such that the results of operations for the acquired entities are included in our consolidated operating results only from the date of acquisition. This, coupled with our substantial growth during 2001 in terms of subscribers and network coverage, impacts the comparison of 2002 operating results to those reported in 2001.

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**SUBSCRIBER GROWTH AND KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS** - We had total subscribers of approximately 551,000 at March 31, 2002 compared to approximately 261,000 at March 31, 2001. This growth came as a result of increasing our network coverage from 9.2 million to 11.5 million covered POPs providing additional marketing opportunities. Monthly churn (rate of deactivation of existing subscribers) for the first quarter of 2002 was approximately 3.1 percent compared to approximately 2.5 percent for first quarter of 2001. This increase in churn is a result of higher involuntary deactivations related to lower credit quality customers obtained during 2001 as a result of removing the requirement that these customers pay a deposit ranging from \$125 to \$200. This deposit requirement was reinstated on February 24, 2002. Increases in churn negatively impact our operations as we incur significant up front costs in acquiring customers. Our cost per gross addition ("CPGA") includes handset subsidies, and selling and marketing costs and was approximately \$340 per gross addition in the first quarter of 2002 compared to \$418 in the first quarter of 2001. This improvement is a result of spreading our fixed marketing costs over a larger number of gross additions.

**SERVICE REVENUE** - Service revenues consist of revenue from subscribers and roaming revenue earned when customers from other carriers roam onto our portion of Sprint's PCS network. Subscriber revenue consists of payments received from our subscribers for monthly service under their service plans. Subscriber revenue also includes activation fees and charges for the use of various features including the wireless web, voice activated dialing, etc.

Subscriber revenues were \$93,498 for the three months ended March 31, 2002 compared to \$30,508 for the three months ended March 31, 2001. This increase of 206 percent was due to the increase in our subscriber base from approximately 261,000 subscribers at March 31, 2001 to approximately 551,000

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subscribers at March 31, 2002. Average revenue per user ("ARPU") before roaming revenue remained relatively stable in the first quarter of 2002 at \$59 compared to \$60 in the first quarter of 2001.

Roaming revenue is primarily comprised of revenue from other Sprint PCS subscribers based outside of our territories that roam onto our portion of Sprint's PCS network. We have a reciprocal roaming rate arrangement with Sprint where per minute charges for inbound and outbound roaming are identical. This rate was 20 cents per minute during the first quarter of 2001 and declined to 10 cents per minute for the first quarter of 2002. The decline in rates was offset by significant increases in roaming minutes due to the fact that we added additional cell sites which allowed us to capture this additional roaming traffic. This accounted for the 133 percent increase in roaming revenue to \$26,568 in the first quarter of 2002 from \$11,411 in the first quarter of 2001.

PRODUCT SALES - We record revenue from the sale of handsets and accessories, net of an allowance for returns, as product sales. Sprint's handset return policy allows customers to return their handsets for a full refund within 14 days of purchase. When handsets are returned to us, we may be able to reissue the handsets to customers at little additional cost to us. However, when handsets are returned to Sprint for refurbishing, we receive a credit from Sprint, which is less than the amount we originally paid for the handset. Product sales revenue for the first quarter of 2002 was \$8,321 compared to \$3,915 for the first quarter of 2001. This increase of 113 percent is attributable to the increase in the number of activations during the first quarter of 2002 due to the additional markets launched.

COST OF SERVICE AND OPERATIONS - Cost of service and operations includes the costs of operating our portion of Sprint's PCS network. These costs include items such as outbound roaming fees, long distance charges, tower leases and maintenance as well as backhaul costs. In addition, it includes the fees we pay to Sprint for our 8 percent affiliation fee, back office services such as billing and customer care as well as our provision for estimated uncollectible accounts. Expenses of \$78,529 in the first quarter of 2002 were 142 percent higher than the \$32,469 incurred in the first quarter of 2001. This increase in cost is the result of the completion of the build out of our network which drove an increase in the number of subscribers using our network.

COST OF PRODUCTS SOLD - Cost of products sold includes the cost of handsets and accessories sold through our retail stores as well as those sold to our local indirect agents. The cost of handsets sold generally exceeds the retail sales price as we subsidize the price of handsets for competitive reasons. Expenses of \$14,117 for the first quarter of 2002 were 76 percent higher than the \$8,033 incurred in the first quarter of 2001. This increase is attributable to the increase in the number of activations during the first quarter of 2002 due to the additional markets launched.

SELLING AND MARKETING - Selling and marketing expenses include advertising, promotion, sales commissions and expenses related to our distribution channels including our retail store expenses. In addition, we reimburse Sprint for the subsidy on handsets sold through national retail stores due to the fact that these retailers purchase their handsets from

Sprint. This subsidy is recorded as a selling and marketing expense. The amount of handset subsidy included in selling and marketing was \$3,403 and \$1,690 in the first quarter of 2002 and the first quarter of 2001, respectively. Total selling and marketing expenses of \$28,897 in the first quarter of 2002 was 58



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percent higher than the \$18,282 incurred in the first quarter of 2001 due to the expansion of our distribution channels resulting from the additional markets launched during 2001.

**GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES** - General and administrative expenses include corporate costs and expenses such as our corporate finance and sales and marketing organizations. General and administrative expenses of \$3,735 in the first quarter of 2002 were consistent with the \$3,723 incurred in the first quarter of 2001.

**DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION** - Depreciation and amortization includes depreciation of our property, plant and equipment as well as amortization of intangibles. Depreciation is calculated on the straight line method over the estimated useful lives of the underlying assets and totaled \$14,931 in the first quarter of 2002 as compared to \$7,299 in the first quarter of 2001. This increase of 105 percent is due to the increase in depreciable costs as a result of our capital expenditures.

Amortization expense of \$9,932 in the first quarter of 2002 relates to intangible assets recorded in connection with the acquisitions closed in the first quarter of 2001. We recorded two identifiable intangibles in connection with each of the acquisitions consisting of values assigned to the agreements with Sprint and the customer base acquired in connection with each of the three acquisitions. Amortization expense in the first quarter of 2001 was \$4,637 which included \$1,170 in amortization of goodwill recorded in connection with the acquisitions of Roberts and WOW. We adopted the provisions of statement of SFAS No. 142 on January 1, 2002 as discussed in "Critical Accounting Policies" which resulted in no amortization of goodwill being recorded in the first quarter of 2002.

**NON-CASH COMPENSATION** - Non-cash compensation expense related to stock options that were granted to employees with exercise prices that were below then current market prices. This expense was being recorded over the vesting period of the underlying options. Compensation expense relative to these options was \$183 in the first quarter of 2001. No non-cash compensation expense was recorded in the first quarter of 2002 as all options that had originally been granted with exercise prices below then current market prices had been forfeited by the holders prior to January 1, 2002.

**OPERATING LOSS** - Our operating loss for the first quarter of 2002 was \$21,754 compared to \$28,792 for the first quarter of 2001. This decrease is attributable to the leverage we are beginning to experience in spreading our fixed costs over a larger base of subscribers that generate ARPU that is relatively stable.

**INTEREST AND OTHER INCOME** - Interest and other income represents amounts earned on the investment of excess equity and debt offering proceeds. Income of \$1,333 in the first quarter of 2002 was 77 percent less than the \$5,721 earned in the first quarter of 2001 due to declining interest rates and the fact that excess cash and investments were liquidated during the second, third and fourth quarters of 2001 in connection with funding our capital expenditures and net operating cash flow outflow.

**INTEREST EXPENSE** - Interest expense for the first quarter of 2002 includes non-cash interest accreted on our 12 7/8% Senior Discount Notes of \$7,546 as well as interest accrued on the two senior notes issued during 2001 and interest on our senior secured debt. The increase in total interest expense to \$24,854 from \$14,716 in the first quarter of 2001 is due to the increased level of debt after the two issuances of senior notes in 2001 and the increased level of advances under senior secured borrowings.

**EXTRAORDINARY ITEM** - In connection with the closing of our Senior

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Secured Credit Facility in February 2001, we drew down on that facility and used the proceeds to repay the Nortel/EDC credit facility which was in place at the time. We had originally capitalized loan costs in connection with obtaining the Nortel/EDC credit facility that had a remaining unamortized balance of \$5,472. The extraordinary loss recorded in 2001 represents the \$5,472 in unamortized loan costs written off, net of a tax benefit of \$1,969 relative to this loss.

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### INCOME TAXES

We account for income taxes in accordance with SFAS No. 109 "Accounting for Income Taxes." As of December 31, 2000, the net deferred tax asset consisted primarily of temporary differences related to the treatment of start-up costs, unearned compensation, interest expense and net operating loss carry forwards. The net deferred tax asset was fully offset by a valuation allowance as of December 31, 2000 because there was sufficient uncertainty as to whether we would recognize the benefit of those deferred taxes in future periods. In connection with the mergers completed in the first quarter of 2001, we recorded significant deferred tax liabilities due to differences in the book and tax basis of the net assets acquired particularly due to the intangible assets recorded in connection with the acquisitions.

The reversal of the timing differences which gave rise to these deferred tax liabilities will allow us to realize the benefit of timing differences which gave rise to the deferred tax asset. As a result, we released the valuation allowance with a corresponding reduction to goodwill during the first quarter of 2001. Prior to 2001, all deferred tax benefit had been fully offset by an increase in the valuation allowance such that there was no financial statement impact with respect to income taxes. With the reduction of the valuation allowance in 2001, we began to reflect a net deferred tax benefit in our consolidated statement of operations.

### LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

**OPERATING ACTIVITIES** - Operating cash flows were negative \$32,604 in the first quarter of 2002 and negative \$24,778 in the first quarter of 2001. The decrease in operating cash flows of \$7,826 is primarily related to changes in working capital offset by a decrease in net loss before non-cash items of \$14,803.

**INVESTING ACTIVITIES** - Our investing cash flows were a negative \$30,599 in the first quarter of 2002 compared to a negative \$92,465 in the first quarter of 2001. Our cash capital expenditures for the first quarter of 2002 totaled \$32,330 while our cash capital expenditures for the first quarter of 2001 totaled \$34,408. In the first quarter of 2001, we also incurred \$37,617 in acquisition related costs relative to the acquisitions of Roberts, WOW and Southwest. We also purchased \$32,300 in short term investments in the first quarter of 2001.

**FINANCING ACTIVITIES** - Our financing cash flows decreased in the first quarter of 2002 to \$36,310 from \$138,520 in the first quarter of 2001. In the first quarter of 2002 we received \$12,838 in proceeds representing the remaining borrowings under the term portion of our Senior Secured Credit Facility as well as \$23,236 in restricted cash which was used to make interest payments on the 12 1/2% Senior Notes and the 13 5/8% Senior Notes. In the first quarter of 2001, we received \$242,500 in net proceeds from the offering of our 12 1/2% Senior Notes offset by repayment of secured debt net of borrowings of \$20,584, debt issuance costs of \$12,803 and \$70,585 in funds placed into escrow to secure debt

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service requirements.

### CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

Our capital expenditure requirements for 2002 are expected to be approximately \$85 million which includes upgrading our portion of Sprint's PCS network to 1XRTT. Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") is expected to continue to be positive for the remainder of 2002 as we continue to realize the benefits of the subscriber growth that we have experienced over the past two years. We expect to be free cash flow positive (EBITDA less capital expenditures and cash interest expense) for the first time in 2003 and believe we are fully funded to that point as discussed below.

### LIQUIDITY

Since inception, we have financed our operations through capital contributions from our owners, through debt financing and through proceeds generated from public offerings of our common stock.

We entered into a credit agreement with Nortel effective June 10, 1999, which was amended and restated on February 8, 2000. On June 23, 2000, Nortel assigned the entirety of its loans and commitments to EDC, and Alamosa and EDC entered into the credit facility with EDC (the "EDC Credit Facility"). The EDC Credit Facility was paid in full in the first quarter of 2001 with proceeds from the Senior Secured Credit Facility.

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On October 29, 1999, we filed a registration statement with the Securities and Exchange Commission for the sale of 10,714,000 shares of our common stock (the "Initial Offering"). The Initial Offering became effective and the shares were issued on February 3, 2000 at the initial price of \$17.00 per share. Subsequently, the underwriters exercised their over-allotment option for an additional 1,607,100 shares. We received net proceeds of approximately \$193.8 million after commissions of \$13.3 million and expenses of approximately \$1.5 million. The proceeds of the Initial Offering were used for the build out of our portion of Sprint's PCS network, to fund operating capital needs and for other corporate purposes.

On February 8, 2000, we issued \$350 million face amount of senior discount notes (the "12 7/8% Senior Discount Notes"). The 12 7/8% Senior Discount Notes mature in ten years (February 15, 2010), carry a coupon rate of 12 7/8%, and provide for interest deferral for the first five years. The 12 7/8% Senior Discount Notes will accrete to their \$350 million face amount by February 8, 2005, after which interest will be paid in cash semiannually.

On January 31, 2001, we issued \$250 million face amount of senior notes (the "12 1/2% Senior Notes"). The 12 1/2% Senior Notes mature in ten years (February 1, 2011), carry a coupon rate of 12 1/2%, payable semiannually on February 1 and August 1, beginning on August 1, 2001.

On February 14, 2001, we entered into a \$280 million Senior Secured Credit Facility with Citicorp USA, as administrative agent and collateral agent; Toronto Dominion (Texas), Inc., as syndication agent; First Union National Bank, as documentation agent; Export Development Corporation ("EDC") as co-documentation agent; and a syndicate of banking and financial institutions. The Senior Secured Credit Facility was closed and initial funding of \$150 million was made on February 14, 2001 in connection with the completion of the

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Roberts and WOW mergers. A portion of the proceeds of the Senior Secured Credit Facility were used (i) to pay the cash portion of the merger consideration for the Roberts and WOW mergers, (ii) to refinance existing indebtedness under our credit facility with EDC and under Roberts' and WOW's existing credit facilities, and (iii) to pay transaction costs. The remaining proceeds will be used for general corporate purposes, including funding capital expenditures, subscriber acquisition and marketing costs, purchase of spectrum and working capital needs. This facility was amended in March 2001 to increase the maximum borrowings to \$333 million as a result of the acquisition of Southwest and was again amended in August 2001 to reduce the maximum borrowing to \$225 million of which \$200 million is outstanding as of March 31, 2002. The terms of this credit facility contain numerous financial and other covenants the violation of which could be deemed an event of default by the lenders. Should we be deemed to be in default, the lenders can declare the entire outstanding borrowings immediately due and payable or exercise other rights and remedies. Such an event would likely have a material adverse impact to us.

On August 15, 2001, we issued \$150 million face amount of senior notes (the "13 5/8% Senior Notes"). The 13 5/8% Senior Notes mature in ten years (August 15, 2011), carry a coupon rate of 13 5/8%, payable semiannually on February 15 and August 15, beginning on February 15, 2002. The Senior Secured Credit Facility was amended simultaneously with the closing of the 13 5/8% Senior Notes offering to, among other things, permit the 13 5/8% Senior Notes offering, reduce the amount of the Senior Secured Credit Facility to \$225 million and modify the financial covenants.

On November 13, 2001, we completed an underwritten secondary offering of our common stock pursuant to which certain of our stockholders sold an aggregate of 4,800,000 shares at a public offering price of \$14.75 per share. We did not receive any proceeds from the sale of these shares, however the underwriters were granted an option to purchase up to 720,000 additional shares of common stock to cover over-allotments. This option was exercised on November 16, 2001 and we received net proceeds from the sale of these shares after offering costs of approximately \$9.1 million which will be used for general corporate purposes.

As of March 31, 2002, we had \$77,779 in cash and cash equivalents plus an additional \$71,457 in restricted cash held in escrow for debt service requirements. We also had \$25,000 remaining on the revolving portion of our Senior Secured Credit Facility. We believe that this \$174,236 in cash and available borrowings is sufficient to fund our working capital, capital expenditure and debt service requirements through 2003, when we expect to generate positive free cash flow.

We do not anticipate the need to raise additional capital in the foreseeable future. We believe our operations can be funded through operating cash flow. Our funding status is dependent on a number of factors influencing our projections of operating cash flows including those related to subscriber growth, ARPU, churn and CPGA. Should actual results differ significantly from these assumptions, our liquidity position could be adversely affected and we could be in a position that would require us to raise additional capital which may not be available or may not be available on favorable terms.

INFLATION - We believe that inflation has not had a significant impact in the past and is not likely to have a significant impact in the foreseeable future on our results of operations.

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### RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In June 2001, the FASB issued SFAS No. 143, "Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations." SFAS No. 143 requires the fair value of a liability for an asset retirement obligation to be recognized in the period that it is incurred if a reasonable estimate of fair value can be made. The associated asset retirement costs are capitalized as part of the carrying amount of the long-lived asset. SFAS No. 143 is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2002. The adoption of SFAS No. 143 is not expected to have a material impact on our results of operations, financial position or cash flows.

In August 2001, the FASB issued SFAS No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets," which addresses financial accounting and reporting for the impairment of long-lived assets and for long-lived assets to be disposed of. The provisions of SFAS No. 144 are effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 31, 2001. The adoption of SFAS No. 144 effective January 1, 2002 is not expected to have a material impact on our results of operations, financial position or cash flows.

### ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

We do not engage in commodity futures trading activities and do not enter into derivative financial instrument transactions for trading or other speculative purposes. We also do not engage in transactions in foreign currencies that could expose us to market risk.

We are subject to some interest rate risk on our senior Secured Credit Facility and any future floating rate financing.

**GENERAL HEDGING POLICIES** - We enter into interest rate swap and collar agreements to manage our exposure to interest rate changes on our variable rate Senior Secured Credit Facility. We seek to minimize counterparty credit risk through stringent credit approval and review processes, the selection of only the most creditworthy counterparties, continual review and monitoring of all counterparties, and through legal review of contracts. We also control exposure to market risk by regularly monitoring changes in interest rate positions under normal and stress conditions to ensure that they do not exceed established limits. Our derivative transactions are used for hedging purposes only and comply with Board-approved policies. Senior management receives frequent status updates of all outstanding derivative positions.

**INTEREST RATE RISK MANAGEMENT** - Our interest rate risk management program focuses on minimizing exposure to interest rate movements, setting an optimal mixture of floating- and fixed-rate debt. We utilize interest rate swaps and collars to adjust our risk profile relative to our floating rate Senior Secured Credit Facility. We have hedges in place on approximately 42 percent of the outstanding advances under our Senior Secured Credit Facility at March 31, 2002.

The following table presents the estimated future outstanding long-term debt at the end of each year and future required annual principal payments for each year then ended associated with the senior discount notes, capital leases and the credit facility financing based on our projected level of long-term indebtedness:

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	YEARS ENDING DECEMBER 31,				
	2002	2003	2004	2005	
	(DOLLARS IN MILLIONS)				
Fixed Rate Instruments.....					
12 7/8% senior discount notes...	\$ 269	\$ 305	\$ 345	\$ 350	\$
Fixed interest rate.....	12.875%	12.875%	12.875%	12.875%	
Principal payments.....	--	--	--	--	
12 1/2% senior notes.....	250	250	250	250	
Fixed interest rate.....	12.500%	12.500%	12.500%	12.500%	
Principal payments.....	--	--	--	--	
13 5/8% senior notes.....	150	150	150	150	
Fixed interest rate.....	13.625%	13.625%	13.625%	13.625%	
Principal payments.....	--	--	--	--	
Capital leases.....					
Annual minimum lease payments (1)	\$ 0.773	\$ 1.209	\$ 0.490	\$ 0.161	\$
Average Interest Rate.....	12.408%	12.408%	12.408%	12.408%	
Variable Rate Instruments:					
Senior Secured Credit Facility (2)	\$ 225	\$ 225	\$ 200	\$ 149	\$
Average Interest Rate (3).....	9.44%	9.44%	9.44%	9.44%	
Principal payments.....	--	--	25	51	

- (1) These amounts represent the estimated minimum annual payments due under our estimated capital lease obligations for the periods presented.
- (2) The amounts represent estimated year-end balances under the credit facility based on a projection of the funds borrowed under that facility pursuant to our current plan of network build-out.
- (3) Interest rate on the Senior Secured Credit Facility advances equal, at our option, either (i) the London Interbank Offered Rate adjusted for any statutory reserves ("LIBOR"), or (ii) the base rate which is generally the higher of the administrative agent's base rate, the federal funds effective rate plus 0.50% or the administrative agent's base CD rate plus 0.50%, in each case plus an interest margin which is initially 4.00% for LIBOR borrowings and 3.00% for base rate borrowings. The applicable interest margins are subject to reductions under a pricing grid based on ratios of our total debt to our earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA"). The interest rate margins will increase by an additional 200 basis points in the event we fail to pay principal, interest or other amounts as they become due and payable under the Senior Secured Credit Facility.

We are also required to pay quarterly in arrears a commitment fee on the unfunded portion of the commitment of each lender. The commitment fee accrues at a rate per annum equal to (i) 1.50% on each day when the utilization (determined by dividing the total amount of loans plus outstanding letters of credit under the Senior Secured Credit Facility by the total commitment amount under the Senior Secured Credit Facility) of the Senior Secured Credit Facility is less than or equal to 33.33%, (ii) 1.25% on each day when utilization is greater than 33.33% but less than or equal to 66.66% and (iii) 1.00% on each day when utilization is greater than 66.66%. We have entered into derivative hedging instruments to hedge a portion of the interest rate risk associated with borrowings under the Senior Secured Credit Facility. For purposes of this table, we have used an assumed average interest rate of 9.44%.

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Our primary market risk exposure relates to:

- o the interest rate risk on long-term and short-term borrowings;
- o our ability to refinance our senior discount notes at maturity at market rates; and
- o the impact of interest rate movements on our ability to meet interest expense requirements and meet financial covenants.

As a condition to the Senior Secured Credit Facility, we must maintain one or more interest rate protection agreements in an amount equal to a portion of the total debt under the credit facility. We do not hold or issue financial or derivative financial instruments for trading or speculative purposes. While we cannot predict our ability to refinance

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existing debt or the impact that interest rate movements will have on our existing debt, we continue to evaluate our financial position on an ongoing basis.

At March 31, 2002, we had entered into the following interest rate swaps:

INSTRUMENT -----	NOTIONAL -----	TERM ----	FAIR VALUE -----
4.9475% Interest rate swap	\$21,690	3 years	\$ (448)
4.9350% Interest rate swap	\$28,340	3 years	(597)
			-----
			\$ (1,045)
			=====

These swaps are designated as cash flow hedges such that the fair value is recorded as a liability in the March 31, 2002 consolidated balance sheet with changes in fair value (net of tax) shown as a component of other comprehensive income.

We also entered into an interest rate collar with the following terms:

NOTIONAL -----	MATURITY -----	CAP STRIKE PRICE -----	FLOOR STRIKE PRICE -----	FAIR -----
\$28,340	5/15/04	7.00%	4.12%	\$

This collar does not receive hedge accounting treatment such that the fair value is reflected as a liability in the March 31, 2002 consolidated balance sheet and the change in fair value has been reflected as an adjustment to interest expense.

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We also entered into an interest rate cap agreement during the first quarter of 2002 with the following terms:

NOTIONAL -----	MATURITY -----	STRIKE PRICE -----	FAIR VALUE -----
\$ 5,000	5/21/04	7.00%	\$ 9

This cap does not receive hedge accounting treatment such that the fair value is reflected as an asset in the March 31, 2002 consolidated balance sheet and the change in fair value has been reflected as an adjustment to interest expense.

These fair value estimates are subjective in nature and involve uncertainties and matters of considerable judgment and therefore, cannot be determined with precision. Changes in assumptions could significantly affect these estimates.

### PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

#### ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

On January 23, 2001, Jerry Brantley, our former President and COO terminated his employment with us at the unanimous request of the board of directors. On April 29, 2002, Mr. Brantley initiated litigation against us and our chairman, David E. Sharbutt, alleging wrongful termination among other things. We believe that there is no basis for Mr. Brantley's claim and intend to vigorously defend the lawsuit.

We have been named as a defendant in a number of purported securities class actions in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, arising out of our initial public offering (the "IPO"). Various underwriters of the IPO also are named as defendants in the actions. The complaints allege, among other things, that the registration statement and prospectus filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission for purposes of the IPO were false and misleading because they failed to disclose that the underwriters allegedly (i) solicited and received commissions from certain investors in exchange for allocating to them shares of Alamosa common stock in connection with the IPO, and (ii) entered into agreements with their customers to allocate such stock to those customers in exchange for the customers agreeing to purchase additional Alamosa shares in the aftermarket at pre-determined prices.

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The Court has ordered that these putative class actions against us, along with hundreds of IPO allocation cases against other issuers, be transferred to Judge Scheindlin for coordinated pre-trial proceedings. At a status conference held on September 7, 2001, Judge Scheindlin adjourned all defendants' time to respond to the complaints until further order of the Court.

These cases remain at a preliminary stage and no discovery proceedings have taken place. We believe the claims asserted against us in these cases are without merit and intend to defend vigorously against them.

#### ITEM 2. CHANGES IN SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS.



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None.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES.

None.

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS.

None.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION.

None.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K.

(a) The following set forth those exhibits filed pursuant to Item 601 of Regulation S-K:

None

(b) The following sets forth the reports on Form 8-K that have been filed during the quarter for which this report is filed:

None

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

ALAMOSA HOLDINGS, INC.  
Registrant

/s/ David E. Sharbutt

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David E. Sharbutt  
Chairman of the Board of Directors and  
Chief Executive Officer  
(Principal Executive Officer)

/s/ Kendall W. Cowan

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Kendall W. Cowan  
Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)