United Auto Care Products LLC Form S-4/A May 08, 2007

As filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 8, 2007 Registration No. 333-141732

# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

Amendment No. 1
to
Form S-4
REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER
THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

## UNITED AUTO GROUP, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware 5511 22-3086739

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(Primary Standard Industrial Classification Code Number)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

# SEE TABLE OF ADDITIONAL SUBSIDIARY GUARANTOR REGISTRANTS LISTED ON THE FOLLOWING PAGE

## 2555 Telegraph Road, Bloomfield Hills, MI 48302; 248-648-2500

(Address, including Zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of registrant s principal executive offices)

Shane M. Spradlin, Esq. Vice President and Secretary United Auto Group, Inc. 2555 Telegraph Road Bloomfield Hills, MI 48302

(Name, address, including Zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of agent for service)

**Approximate date of commencement of proposed sale to the public:** As soon as practicable after the effective date of this registration statement.

If the securities being registered on this Form are being offered in connection with the formation of a holding company and there is compliance with General Instruction G, check the following box. o

If this Form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. o

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(d) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. o

The Registrant hereby amends this Registration Statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the Registrant shall file a further amendment which specifically states that this Registration Statement shall thereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 or until this Registration Statement shall become effective on such date as the Securities and Exchange Commission, acting pursuant to said Section 8(a), may determine.

# TABLE OF ADDITIONAL REGISTRANT GUARANTORS

Exact Name of Registrant Guarantor or Specified in its Charter(1)	State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization	I.R.S. Employer Identification Number
ATLANTIC AUTO FUNDING CORPORATION	Delaware	16-1480801
ATLANTIC AUTO SECOND FUNDING CORPORATION	Delaware	16-1502671
ATLANTIC AUTO THIRD FUNDING CORPORATION	Delaware	16-1505549
AUTO MALL PAYROLL SERVICES, INC.	Florida	65-0168491
BRETT MORGAN CHEVROLET-GEO, INC.	Delaware	62-1666250
CENTRAL FORD CENTER, INC.	Arkansas	71-0472936
CJNS, LLC	Delaware	86-1024936
CLASSIC AUTO GROUP, INC.	New Jersey	22-3115638
CLASSIC ENTERPRISES, LLC	Delaware	22-3115638
CLASSIC IMPORTS, INC.	New Jersey	22-3528527
CLASSIC MANAGEMENT COMPANY, INC.	New Jersey	22-3271563
CLASSIC MOTOR SALES, LLC	Delaware	22-3555425
CLASSIC NISSAN OF TURNERSVILLE, LLC	Delaware	52-2097845
CLASSIC TURNERSVILLE, INC.	New Jersey	22-3523436
COUNTY AUTO GROUP PARTNERSHIP	New Jersey	13-3678489
COVINGTON PIKE DODGE, INC.	Delaware	62-1470261
DAN YOUNG CHEVROLET, INC.	Indiana	35-1123225
DANBURY AUTO PARTNERSHIP	Connecticut	06-1349205
DEALER ACCESSORIES, LLC	Delaware	26-0111056
DIFEO CHRYSLER PLYMOUTH JEEP EAGLE PARTNERSHIP	New Jersey	22-3186252
DIFEO HYUNDAI PARTNERSHIP	New Jersey	22-3186280
DIFEO LEASING PARTNERSHIP	New Jersey	22-3193493
DIFEO NISSAN PARTNERSHIP	New Jersey	22-3186257
DIFEO PARTNERSHIP, LLC	Delaware	22-3145559
DIFEO TENAFLY PARTNERSHIP	New Jersey	22-3186285
EUROPA AUTO IMPORTS, INC.	California	95-2305855
FLORIDA CHRYSLER PLYMOUTH, INC.	Florida	59-2676162
FRN OF TULSA, LLC	Delaware	74-2870051
GENE REED CHEVROLET, INC.	South Carolina	57-0714181
GMG MOTORS, INC.	California	95-2691214
GOODSON NORTH, LLC	Delaware	74-2962016
GOODSON PONTIAC-GMC, LLC	Delaware	74-2962015
GOODSON SPRING BRANCH, LLC	Delaware	74-2962017
HT AUTOMOTIVE, LTD.	Delaware	86-0956598
HUDSON MOTORS PARTNERSHIP	New Jersey	22-3186282
JS IMPORTS, LLC	Florida	06-1174009
KMPB, LLC	Delaware	33-0959285
KMT/UAG, INC.	California	95-3189650
LANDERS AUTO SALES, LLC	Arkansas	84-1664308
LANDERS BUICK PONTIAC, INC.	Arkansas	71-0765000

LANDERS FORD NORTH, INC. LANDERS FORD, INC.

Arkansas Delaware 71-0833592 62-1786911

ii

Exact Name of Registrant Guarantor or Specified in its Charter(1)	State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization	I.R.S. Employer Identification Number
LANDERS NISSAN, LLC	Delaware	62-1842244
LANDERS UNITED AUTO GROUP NO. 2, INC.	Arkansas	71-0796323
LATE ACQUISITION I, LLC	Delaware	33-1011098
LATE ACQUISITION II, LLC	Delaware	33-1011096
LMNS, LLC	Delaware	86-1024935
LRP, LTD.	Arizona	86-0805727
MICHAEL CHEVROLET-OLDSMOBILE, INC.	South Carolina	57-0917132
MOTORCARS ACQUISITION II, LLC	Delaware	38-3526433
MOTORCARS ACQUISITION III, LLC	Delaware	38-3526235
MOTORCARS ACQUISITION IV, LLC	Delaware	38-3569545
MOTORCARS ACQUISITION V, LLC	Delaware	87-0721680
MOTORCARS ACQUISITION VI, LLC	Delaware	86-1121782
MOTORCARS ACQUISITION, LLC	Delaware	38-3526432
NATIONAL CITY FORD, INC.	Delaware	33-0834429
NISSAN OF NORTH OLMSTED, LLC	Delaware	38-3597513
OCT PARTNERSHIP	New Jersey	22-3248303
PALM AUTO PLAZA, LLC	Florida	65-1272503
PEACHTREE NISSAN, INC.	Georgia	58-1273321
PMRC, LLC	Delaware	22-3881752
RELENTLESS PURSUIT ENTERPRISES, INC.	California	93-1008771
SA AUTOMOTIVE, LTD.	Arizona	86-0583813
SAU AUTOMOTIVE, LTD.	Arizona	86-0839423
SCOTTSDALE 101 MANAGEMENT, LLC	Delaware	n/a
SCOTTSDALE FERRARI, LLC	Arizona	86-0981831
SCOTTSDALE JAGUAR, LTD.	Arizona	86-0527896
SCOTTSDALE MANAGEMENT GROUP, LTD.	Arizona	86-0573438
SCOTTSDALE PAINT & BODY, LLC	Delaware	n/a
SHANNON AUTOMOTIVE, LTD.	Texas	76-0528837
SIGMA MOTORS, INC.	Arizona	86-1047752
SK MOTORS, LTD.	Arizona	86-0839422
SL AUTOMOTIVE, LTD.	Arizona	86-0610228
SMART USA DISTRIBUTOR LLC	Delaware	87-0766681
SOMERSET MOTORS PARTNERSHIP	New Jersey	22-3186283
SOMERSET MOTORS, INC.	New Jersey	22-2986160
SUN MOTORS, LTD.	Arizona	86-0782655
THE NEW GRACELAND DODGE, INC.	Tennessee	62-1292399
TRI-CITY LEASING, INC.	California	95-2690090
UAG ARKANSAS FLM, LLC	Delaware	87-0766675
UAG ATLANTA H1, LLC	Delaware	30-0282545
UAG ATLANTA IV MOTORS, INC.	Georgia	58-1092076
UAG CAPITOL, INC.	Delaware	76-0759095
UAG CAROLINA, INC.	Delaware	13-3959601

Table of Contents 6

iii

Exact Name of Registrant Guarantor or Specified in its Chart	State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or er(1) Organization	I.R.S. Employer Identification Number
UAG CENTRAL FLORIDA MOTORS, LLC	Delaware	75-3086724
UAG CENTRAL REGION MANAGEMENT, INC.	Indiana	38-3537233
UAG CERRITOS, LLC	Delaware	33-0913909
UAG CHANTILLY AU, LLC	Delaware	87-0766680
UAG CHCC, INC.	New Jersey	22-2990922
UAG CHEVROLET, INC.	New Jersey	22-2762327
UAG CITRUS MOTORS, LLC	Delaware	59-3525335
UAG CLASSIC, INC.	Delaware	13-3987807
UAG CLOVIS, INC.	Delaware	76-0759096
UAG CONNECTICUT, LLC	Delaware	06-1589742
UAG DULUTH, INC.	Texas	58-1786146
UAG EAST, LLC	Delaware	13-3944970
UAG ESCONDIDO A1, INC.	Delaware	20-3697398
UAG ESCONDIDO H1, INC.	Delaware	20-3697348
UAG ESCONDIDO M1, INC.	Delaware	20-3697423
UAG FAYETTEVILLE I, LLC	Delaware	71-0858576
UAG FAYETTEVILLE II, LLC	Delaware	71-0858577
UAG FAYETTEVILLE III, LLC	Delaware	71-0858578
UAG FINANCE COMPANY, INC.	Delaware	13-3953915
UAG GD, LTD.	Texas	06-1664576
UAG GN, LTD.	Texas	06-1664569
UAG GP, LTD.	Texas	06-1664579
UAG GRACELAND II, INC.	Delaware	13-3991339
UAG GW, LTD.	Texas	06-1664570
UAG HOUSTON ACQUISITION, LTD.	Texas	38-3542915
UAG HUDSON CJD, LLC	Delaware	87-0766678
UAG HUDSON, INC.	New Jersey	22-1919268
UAG INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, INC.	Delaware	51-0393682
UAG KISSIMMEE MOTORS, INC.	Delaware	58-2361341
UAG LANDERS SPRINGDALE, LLC	Delaware	71-0846659
UAG LOS GATOS, INC.	Delaware	76-0759098
UAG MARIN, INC.	Delaware	76-0759100
UAG MEMPHIS II, INC.	Delaware	62-1722683
UAG MEMPHIS IV, INC.	Delaware	62-1722679
UAG MEMPHIS MANAGEMENT, INC.	Delaware	62-1722677
UAG MICHIGAN CADILLAC, LLC	Delaware	38-3543705
UAG MICHIGAN H1, LLC	Delaware	42-1539792
UAG MICHIGAN H2, LLC	Delaware	06-1732404
UAG MICHIGAN HOLDINGS, INC.	Delaware	30-0193048
UAG MICHIGAN PONTIAC-GMC, LLC	Delaware	38-3543709
UAG MICHIGAN T1, LLC	Delaware	38-3543711
UAG MICHIGAN TMV, LLC	Delaware	38-3544903
iv		

Exact Name of Registrant Guarantor or Specified in its Charter(1)	State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization	I.R.S. Employer Identification Number
UAG MINNEAPOLIS B1, LLC	Delaware	76-0819658
UAG NANUET I, LLC	Delaware	22-3784977
UAG NANUET II, LLC	Delaware	22-3784978
UAG NEVADA LAND, LLC	Delaware	86-1008719
UAG NORTHEAST BODY SHOP, INC.	Delaware	13-4044770
UAG NORTHEAST, LLC	Delaware	13-3914694
UAG OLDSMOBILE OF INDIANA, LLC	Indiana	38-3523400
UAG PHOENIX VC, LLC	Delaware	06-1590478
UAG REALTY, LLC	Delaware	38-3543708
UAG ROYAL PALM, LLC	Delaware	80-0072974
UAG ROYAL PLAM M1, LLC	Delaware	06-1774003
UAG SAN DIEGO A1, INC.	Delaware	20-3697335
UAG SAN DIEGO AU, INC.	Delaware	20-3955972
UAG SAN DIEGO IA, INC.	Delaware	20-3697304
UAG SAN DIEGO MANA CEMENT, INC.	Delaware Delaware	47-0957524
UAG SAN DIEGO MANAGEMENT, INC. UAG SOUTHEAST, INC.	Delaware Delaware	20-3955897 13-3865530
UAG SPRING, LLC	Delaware	74-2981371
UAG STEVENS CREEK II, INC.	Delaware	47-0957526
UAG SUNNYVALE, INC.	Delaware	76-0759097
UAG TEXAS II, INC.	Delaware	13-3933083
UAG TEXAS, LLC	Delaware	13-3933080
UAG TORRANCE, INC.	Delaware	47-0934123
UAG TULSA HOLDINGS, LLC	Delaware	51-0410923
UAG TULSA JLM, LLC	Delaware	06-1742289
UAG TULSA VC, LLC	Delaware	22-3877257
UAG TURNERSVILLE MOTORS, LLC	Delaware	84-1629421
UAG TURNERSVILLE REALTY, LLC	Delaware	38-3543708
UAG VC II, LLC	Delaware	43-2090811
UAG VK, LLC	Delaware	38-3590846
UAG WEST BAY AM, LLC	Delaware	61-1442389
UAG WEST BAY FM, LLC	Delaware	86-1088680
UAG WEST BAY IA, LLC	Delaware	30-0150593
UAG WEST BAY IAU, LLC	Delaware	61-1442390
UAG WEST BAY IB, LLC	Delaware	35-2196049
UAG WEST BAY II, LLC	Delaware	38-3672787
UAG WEST BAY IL, LLC	Delaware	30-0150590
UAG WEST BAY IM, LLC	Delaware	37-1458215
UAG WEST BAY IN, LLC	Delaware	04-3805793
UAG WEST BAY IP, LLC	Delaware	32-3360132
UAG WEST BAY IV, LLC	Delaware	32-0060125
UAG WEST BAY IW, LLC	Delaware	36-4521984

Exact Name of Registrant Guarantor or Specified in its Charter(1)	State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization	I.R.S. Employer Identification Number
UAG WEST, LLC	Delaware	13-3914611
UAG YOUNG AUTOMOTIVE GROUP, LLC	Delaware	32-2035279
UAG YOUNG II, INC.	Delaware	13-3985679
UAG/PFS, INC.	Arizona	86-0376346
UAG-CARIBBEAN, INC.	Delaware	13-3980142
UNITED AUTO LICENSING, LLC	Delaware	38-3556189
UNITED AUTOCARE PRODUCTS, LLC	Delaware	13-3922210
UNITED FORD BROKEN ARROW, LLC	Delaware	26-0111055
UNITED FORD NORTH, LLC	Delaware	26-0111052
UNITED FORD SOUTH, LLC	Delaware	26-0111051
UNITED NISSAN, INC. (A GEORGIA CORPORATION)	Georgia	58-2038392
UNITED NISSAN, INC. (A TENNESSEE CORPORATION)	Tennessee	62-0790848
UNITED RANCH AUTOMOTIVE, LLC	Delaware	86-1008720
UNITEDAUTO DODGE OF SHREVEPORT, INC.	Delaware	72-1393145
UNITEDAUTO FIFTH FUNDING, INC.	Delaware	16-1549850
UNITEDAUTO FINANCE, INC.	Delaware	16-1456003
UNITEDAUTO FOURTH FUNDING INC.	Delaware	16-1543345
UNITEDAUTO SCOTTSDALE PROPERTY HOLDINGS, LLC	Delaware	86-1123497
WEST PALM AUTO MALL, INC.	Florida	65-0050208
WEST PALM NISSAN, LLC	Florida	06-1773996
WEST PALM S1, LLC	Delaware	14-1961285
WESTBURY SUPERSTORE, LTD.	New York	11-2983989
WTA MOTORS, LTD.	Texas	33-1011102
YOUNG MANAGEMENT GROUP, INC.	Indiana	35-1897920
vi		

The information in this prospectus is not complete and may be changed. We may not sell these securities or accept any offer to buy these securities until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission is effective. This prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities and it is not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any state where the offer or sale is not permitted.

## **SUBJECT TO COMPLETION, DATED MAY 8, 2007**

PROSPECTUS \$375,000,000

7.75% Senior Subordinated Exchange Notes due 2016

## EXCHANGE OFFER FOR 7.75% SENIOR SUBORDINATED NOTES DUE 2016

United Auto Group, Inc. is offering, upon the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in this prospectus and the accompanying letter of transmittal, to exchange an aggregate principal amount of up to \$375,000,000 of new registered 7.75% senior subordinated notes due 2016 (which we refer to as the exchange notes) for an equal principal amount of our outstanding unregistered 7.75% senior subordinated notes due 2016. When we refer to old notes, we are referring to the outstanding unregistered 7.75% senior subordinated notes due 2016. The exchange notes will represent the same debt as the old notes and we will issue the exchange notes under the same indenture.

The exchange offer expires at 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on June 7, 2007, unless extended.

## **Terms of the Exchange Offer**

All old notes that are validly tendered and not withdrawn prior to the expiration of the exchange offer will be exchanged for an equal principal amount of exchange notes.

You may withdraw tendered old notes at any time prior to the expiration of the exchange offer.

The terms of the exchange notes are identical in all material respects (including principal amount, interest rate, maturity and redemption rights) to the old notes for which they may be exchanged, except that the exchange notes generally will not be subject to transfer restrictions or be entitled to registration rights.

Certain of our subsidiaries will guarantee our obligations under the exchange notes, including the payment of principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the exchange notes. These guarantees of the exchange notes will be senior subordinated unsecured obligations of the subsidiary guarantors. Additional subsidiaries will be required to guarantee the exchange notes, and the guarantees of the subsidiary guarantors will terminate, in each case in the circumstances described under Description of the Exchange Notes Note Guarantees.

The exchange of old notes for exchange notes generally will not be a taxable event for U.S. federal income tax purposes. See the discussion under the caption Material United States Federal Income Tax Considerations.

There is no existing market for the exchange notes to be issued, and we do not intend to apply for listing or quotation on any securities exchange or market.

See Risk Factors beginning on page 9 for a discussion of the factors you should consider in connection with the exchange offer.

NEITHER THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION NOR ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION HAS APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED OF THESE SECURITIES OR PASSED UPON THE ADEQUACY OR ACCURACY OF THIS PROSPECTUS. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.

The date of this prospectus is May 8, 2007

## **Table of Contents**

## **References to Additional Information**

This prospectus incorporates important business and financial information about us that is not included in or delivered with this prospectus. You may obtain, without charge, documents that we file with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and incorporated by reference into this prospectus by requesting the documents, in writing or by telephone, from the SEC or from:

United Auto Group, Inc. 2555 Telegraph Road Bloomfield Hills, Michigan 48302 Attention: Shane M. Spradlin, Esq. Telephone: (240) 648-2500

If you would like to request copies of these documents, please do so by May 31, 2007 in order to receive them before the expiration of the exchange offer. See Where You Can Find More Information.

### TABLE OF CONTENTS

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS	1
<u>SUMMARIES</u>	2
SELECTED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL DATA	8
RISK FACTORS	9
USE OF PROCEEDS	23
EXCHANGE OFFER	23
DESCRIPTION OF EXCHANGE NOTES	30
MATERIAL UNITED STATES FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS	78
PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION	79
LEGAL MATTERS	79
EXPERTS	79
WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION	80
INCORPORATION OF CERTAIN DOCUMENTS BY REFERENCE	80
Opinion of Shane M. Spradlin, Vice President and Senior Corporate Counsel	
Consent of Deloitte & Touche LLP	
Consent of KPMG Audit plc	
Form of T-1 Statement of Eligibility of the Trustees under the Indenture	

In this prospectus, the terms UnitedAuto and the Company refer to United Auto Group, Inc.; the term subsidiary guarantors refers to those subsidiaries of UnitedAuto that guarantee the exchange notes and the old notes; we, us and our refer to UnitedAuto and its subsidiaries (including the subsidiary guarantors); and notes refers to the old notes and the exchange notes collectively.

You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus. We have not authorized anyone to provide you with different information. We are not making an offer of these securities in any state or other jurisdiction where the offer is not permitted. You should not assume that the information contained in this prospectus is accurate as of any date other than the date printed on the front of this prospectus.

Any broker-dealer who holds old notes that were acquired for its own account as a result of market-making activities or other trading activities (other than old notes acquired directly from us), may exchange such old notes pursuant to the exchange offer; however, such broker-dealer may be deemed to be an underwriter within the meaning of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended or the Securities Act, and must, therefore, deliver a prospectus meeting the requirements of the Securities Act in connection with any resales of the exchange notes received by such broker-dealer in the exchange offer, which prospectus delivery requirement may be satisfied by the delivery by such broker-dealer of this prospectus. We have agreed that, for a period of as long as 180 days after the expiration date of the exchange offer, we will amend or supplement this prospectus in order to expedite or facilitate the disposition of any exchange notes by such broker-dealers. See Plan of Distribution.

## Manufacturer disclaimer

No domestic or foreign manufacturer or distributor or any of their affiliates has been involved, directly or indirectly, in the preparation of this prospectus or in the exchange offer being made hereby. No automobile manufacturer or distributor or any of their affiliates has made or been authorized to make any statements or representations in connection with this prospectus, no manufacturer or distributor or any of their affiliates has provided any information or materials that were used in connection with the prospectus, and no automobile manufacturer or distributor or any of their affiliates has any responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of this prospectus or for the exchange offer.

## Forward-looking statements

This prospectus and the documents incorporated by reference in this prospectus include, and public statements by our directors, officers and other employees may include, forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements generally can be identified by the use of terms such as may, will, should, expect, anticipate, believe, intend, estimate, predict, potential, forecast, continue or variations of such terms, or the use of these terms in the negative Forward-looking statements include statements regarding our current plans, forecasts, estimates, beliefs or expectations, including, without limitation, statements with respect to:

our future financial performance;

future acquisitions;

future capital expenditures;

our ability to obtain cost savings and synergies;

our ability to respond to economic cycles;

trends in the automotive retail industry and in the general economy in the various jurisdictions in which we operate dealerships;

our ability to access the remaining availability under our credit agreements and other capital;

our liquidity;

interest rates and exchange rates;

trends affecting our future financial condition or results of operations; and

our business strategy.

Forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties and are not assurances of future performance. Actual results may differ materially from anticipated results due to a variety of factors, including the factors identified under Risk Factors in this prospectus and in our reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC) that attempt to advise interested parties of the risks and factors that may affect our business, results of operations, financial condition or prospects.

1

## **Summary**

This summary highlights information more fully described elsewhere in this prospectus and in the documents incorporated by reference in this prospectus. Because it is a summary, it is not complete and does not contain all the information that is important to you. You should read the entire prospectus and the documents incorporated in the prospectus by reference carefully. In addition, all references in this prospectus to either franchises or dealerships are to the dealerships operated by us in accordance with our separate franchise agreements with a particular automobile manufacturer to sell that manufacturer s brand of vehicle at one of our facilities. Each of our facilities may contain multiple franchises or dealerships at one particular location.

## United Auto Group, Inc.

We are the second largest automotive retailer in the United States as measured by total revenues and have the highest concentration of revenues from foreign and premium brands among the publicly traded automotive retailers. As of March 1, 2007, we owned and operated 169 franchises in the United States and 145 franchises outside of the United States, primarily in the United Kingdom. We offer a full range of vehicle brands, with 93% of our total revenue in 2006 generated from the sales of foreign brands such as Audi, BMW, Honda, Lexus, Mercedes and Toyota. Sales relating to premium brands, such as Audi, BMW, Cadillac and Porsche, represented 62% of our total revenue. In addition to selling new and used vehicles, we offer a full range of maintenance and repair services, and we facilitate the sale of third-party finance and insurance products, third-party extended service contracts and replacement and aftermarket automotive products.

We were incorporated in Delaware in December 1990 and began dealership operations in October 1992. Our executive offices are located at 2555 Telegraph Road, Bloomfield Hills, MI 48302. Our telephone number is (248) 648-2500.

## **Summary Terms of the Exchange Offer**

The following is a brief summary of the terms of the exchange offer. For a more complete description of the exchange offer, see Exchange Offer.

The exchange offer We are offering to exchange up to \$375,000,000 in aggregate principal

amount of our exchange notes, for an equal principal amount of the old

notes.

**Expiration of the exchange offer;** 

Withdrawal of tender

The exchange offer will expire at 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on June 7, 2007, or a later date and time to which we may extend it. We do not currently intend to extend the expiration of the exchange offer. You may withdraw your tender of old notes in the exchange offer at any time before the expiration of the exchange offer. Any old notes not accepted for exchange for any reason will be returned without expense to you promptly after the expiration or termination of the exchange offer.

Conditions to the exchange offer The exchange offer is not conditioned upon any minimum aggregate

principal amount of old notes being tendered for exchange. The exchange

offer is subject to customary conditions, which we may waive. See

Exchange Offer Conditions for more information regarding the conditions

to the exchange offer.

# **Procedures for tendering exchange notes**

To tender old notes held in book-entry form through the Depository Trust Company, or DTC, you must transfer your old notes into the exchange agent s account in accordance with DTC s Automated Tender Offer Program, or ATOP, system. In lieu of delivering a letter

2

of transmittal to the exchange agent, a computer-generated message, in which the holder of the old notes acknowledges and agrees to be bound by the terms of the letter of transmittal, must be transmitted by DTC on behalf of a holder and received by the exchange agent before 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on the expiration date. In all other cases, a letter of transmittal must be manually executed and received by the exchange agent before 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on the expiration date.

By signing, or agreeing to be bound by, the letter of transmittal, you will represent to us that, among other things:

any exchange notes to be received by you will be acquired in the ordinary course of your business;

you have no arrangement, intent or understanding with any person to participate in the distribution of the exchange notes (within the meaning of the Securities Act);

you are not our affiliate (as defined in Rule 405 under the Securities Act); and

if you are a broker-dealer that will receive exchange notes for your own account in exchange for old notes that were acquired as a result of market-making activities or other trading activities, you will deliver or make available a prospectus in connection with any resale of the exchange notes.

# Special procedures for beneficial owners

If you are a beneficial owner whose old notes are registered in the name of a broker, dealer, commercial bank, trust company or other nominee, and you want to tender old notes in the exchange offer, you should contact the registered owner promptly and instruct the registered holder to tender on your behalf. If you wish to tender on your own behalf, you must, before completing and executing the letter of transmittal and delivering your old notes, either make appropriate arrangements to register ownership of the old notes in your name or obtain a properly completed bond power from the registered holder. See Exchange Offer Procedures for Tendering.

## **Guaranteed delivery procedures**

If you wish to tender your old notes, and time will not permit your required documents to reach the exchange agent by the expiration date, or the procedure for book-entry transfer cannot be completed on time, you may tender your old notes under the procedures described under Exchange Offer Guaranteed Delivery Procedures.

## Consequences of failure to exchange

Any old notes that are not tendered in the exchange offer, or that are not accepted in the exchange, will remain subject to the restrictions on transfer. Since the old notes have not been registered under the U.S. federal securities laws, you will not be able to offer or sell the old notes except under an exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act or unless the old notes are registered under the Securities

Act. Upon the completion of the exchange offer, we will have no further obligations, except under limited circumstances, to provide for registration of the old notes under the U.S. federal securities laws. See Exchange Offer Consequences of Failure to Tender.

3

# Certain U.S. federal income tax considerations

The exchange of old notes for exchange notes in the exchange offer generally will not constitute a taxable exchange for U.S. federal income tax purposes. See Material United States Federal Income Tax Considerations.

## **Transferability**

Under existing interpretations of the Securities Act by the staff of the SEC contained in several no-action letters to third parties, and subject to the immediately following sentence, we believe that the exchange notes will generally be freely transferable by holders after the exchange offer without further compliance with the registration and prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act (subject to certain representations required to be made by each holder of old notes, as set forth under Exchange Offer Procedures for Tendering ). However, any holder of old notes who:

is one of our affiliates (as defined in Rule 405 under the Securities Act),

does not acquire the exchange notes in the ordinary course of business,

distributes, intends to distribute, or has an arrangement or understanding with any person to distribute the exchange notes as part of the exchange offer, or

is a broker-dealer who purchased old notes from us in the initial offering of the old notes for resale pursuant to Rule 144A or any other available exemption under the Securities Act, will not be able to rely on the interpretations of the staff of the SEC, will not be permitted to tender old notes in the exchange offer and, in the absence of any exemption, must comply with the registration and prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act in connection with any resale of the exchange notes.

Our belief that transfers of exchange notes would be permitted without registration or prospectus delivery under the conditions described above is based on SEC interpretations given to other, unrelated issuers in similar exchange offers. We cannot assure you that the SEC would make a similar interpretation with respect to our exchange offer. We will not be responsible for or indemnify you against any liability you may incur under the Securities Act.

Each broker-dealer that receives exchange notes for its own account under the exchange offer in exchange for old notes that were acquired by the broker-dealer as a result of market-making or other trading activity must acknowledge that it will deliver a prospectus in connection with any resale of the exchange notes. See Plan of Distribution.

Use of proceeds

We will not receive any cash proceeds from the issuance of the exchange notes pursuant to the exchange offer.

**Exchange agent** 

The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A. is the exchange agent for the exchange offer. The address and telephone number of the exchange agent are set forth under Exchange Offer Exchange Agent.

4

## **Summary Terms of the Exchange Notes**

The summary below describes the principal terms of the exchange notes. Certain of the terms and conditions described below are subject to important limitations and exceptions. The Description of Exchange Notes section of this prospectus contains a more detailed description of the terms and conditions of the exchange notes.

The exchange notes will be identical in all material respects to the old notes for which they have been exchanged, except:

the offer and sale of the exchange notes will have been registered under the Securities Act, and thus the exchange notes generally will not be subject to the restrictions on transfer applicable to the old notes or bear restrictive legends,

the exchange notes will not be entitled to registration rights, and

the exchange notes will not have the right to earn additional interest under circumstances relating to our registration obligations.

**Issuer** United Auto Group, Inc.

**Exchange notes offered** \$375,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 7.75% senior subordinated

notes due 2016.

Maturity date December 15, 2016.

**Interest rate** 7.75% per year.

**Interest payment dates** June 15 and December 15, commencing on June 15, 2007.

**Guarantees** All of our existing wholly owned domestic subsidiaries and certain future

notes on an unsecured senior subordinated basis. Our existing non-wholly owned domestic subsidiaries and our foreign subsidiaries will not guarantee the exchange notes. See Description of Exchange Notes

domestic subsidiaries, jointly and severally, will guarantee the exchange

Guarantees.

**Ranking** The exchange notes will be our direct, unsecured senior subordinated

obligations and will be:

junior in right of payment to all of our existing and future senior debt;

equal in right of payment to all of our existing and future unsecured senior subordinated debt, including our existing 3.5% senior subordinated

convertible notes due 2026;

senior in right of payment to any of our future subordinated debt;

effectively junior in right of payment to all of our existing and any of our future secured debt, to the extent of the value of the assets securing such debt; and

effectively junior in right of payment to all existing and future indebtedness and liabilities, including trade payables, of our subsidiaries that do not guarantee the exchange notes, including all of our foreign subsidiaries and our non-wholly owned domestic subsidiaries.

As of December 31, 2006, we had approximately \$1.2 billion of total long-term debt outstanding and \$1.2 billion of floor plan notes payable outstanding. Our subsidiary guarantors had \$559.3 million of senior indebtedness outstanding, excluding inter-company debt and

5

guarantees under the U.S. credit agreement and our non-guarantor subsidiaries had \$760.5 million of debt and other liabilities, excluding inter-company liabilities and guarantees under the U.S. credit agreement. As of December 31, 2006, we also had \$707.4 million of additional senior debt capacity under our U.S. and U.K. credit agreements. Effective February 13, 2007, we permanently reduced the credit availability under the U.S. credit agreement from \$600.0 million to \$250.0 million and the letter of credit availability from \$50.0 million to \$10.0 million in order to avoid certain credit availability fees specified in the agreement. Giving effect to the reduction, our total senior debt capacity under our U.S. and U.K. credit agreements would have been \$357.4 million as of December 31, 2006.

## **Optional redemption**

We may redeem some or all of the notes at any time on or after December 15, 2011. We may also redeem up to 40% of the aggregate principal amount of the notes, using the proceeds of certain equity offerings, at any time prior to December 15, 2009. We may also redeem some or all of the notes at any time prior to December 15, 2011 at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the notes redeemed plus a make-whole premium. The redemption prices are described under Description of Exchange Notes Optional Redemption.

# **Change of control**

If we experience specific kinds of changes of control, we will be required to make an offer to purchase the exchange notes at a purchase price of 101% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued but unpaid interest to the purchase date. See Description of Exchange Notes Purchase of Exchange Notes Upon a Change of Control.

#### Certain covenants

The indenture governing the notes restricts our ability and the ability of our restricted subsidiaries to, among other things:

incur additional indebtedness;

make certain distributions, investments and other restricted payments;

create certain liens:

sell assets:

enter into transactions with affiliates;

create restrictions on our ability to receive dividends or other payments from restricted subsidiaries;

create or designate unrestricted subsidiaries; and

merge, consolidate or transfer all or substantially all of our assets.

These covenants are subject to important exceptions and qualifications described under Description of Exchange Notes.

## Forms and denominations

We will issue the exchange notes in fully registered form in denominations of \$2,000 and integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess thereof. Each of the exchange notes will be represented by one or more global securities registered in the name of a nominee of DTC. You will hold beneficial interests in the exchange notes through DTC, and DTC and its direct and indirect participants will record your beneficial interest

6

## **Table of Contents**

in their books. Except under limited circumstances, we will not issue certificated exchange notes.

Absence of public market for the exchange notes

The exchange notes generally are freely transferable but are also new securities for which there is not initially a market. Accordingly, there can be no assurance as to the development or liquidity of any market for the exchange notes.

**Risk factors** 

See Risk Factors for a discussion of some of the key factors you should carefully consider before deciding to exchange your old notes for exchange notes.

7

## **Selected Consolidated Financial Data**

The following table sets forth our selected consolidated financial data as of and for each of the years ended December 31, 2006, 2005, 2004, 2003 and 2002, which have been derived from our audited consolidated financial statements. During the periods presented, we made a number of acquisitions, each of which has been accounted for using the purchase method of accounting. Accordingly, our financial statements include the results of operations of the acquired dealerships from the date of acquisition. As a result of the acquisitions, our period-to-period results of operations vary depending on the dates of the acquisitions and this selected financial data is not necessarily indicative of our future results. You should read this selected consolidated financial data together with the financial statements and related footnotes incorporated by reference into this prospectus.

	Year Ended December 31,				
	2002(1)	2003(2)	2004(3)	2005(4)	2006
	(In millions, except per share data)				
Income Statement Data:					
Total revenues	\$ 5,524.1	\$ 6,935.8	\$ 8,388.0	\$ 9,661.4	\$ 11,242.3
Gross profit	821.4	1,022.6	1,255.3	1,473.5	1,704.5
Income from continuing operations	47.2	73.4	109.1	119.1	130.6
Net income	62.2	82.9	111.7	119.0	124.7
Ratio of earnings to fixed charges(5)	1.7	2.2	2.5	2.3	2.1
Cash dividends per share	\$	\$ 0.05	\$ 0.21	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.27
Balance Sheet Data (at each of period):					
Total assets	\$ 2,690.3	\$ 3,144.2	\$ 3,532.8	\$ 3,594.2	\$ 4,469.8
Floor plan notes payable (including					
non-trade)	652.1	882.6	1,031.8	1,103.3	1,172.3
Long-term debt	665.6	651.6	586.3	580.2	1,182.1
Total stockholders equity	704.4	828.4	1,075.0	1,145.7	1,295.7

- (1) Includes a \$22.8 million charge, which includes the estimated cash costs to be paid relating to employment contracts of certain employees terminated in connection with the streamlining of our dealership operations in the western region of the U.S. and the cost of a non-compete agreement with a former member of management that we determined no longer had a continuing economic benefit.
- (2) Includes a \$5.1 million charge (\$3.1 million after tax), or \$0.04 per share, from the cumulative effect of an accounting change related to the adoption of Emerging Issues Task Force Issue No. 02-16, Accounting by a Customer (Including a Reseller) for Cash Consideration Received from a Vendor.
- (3) Includes an \$11.5 million (\$7.2 million after tax), or \$0.08 per share, gain resulting from the sale of an investment and an \$8.4 million (\$5.3 million after tax), or \$0.06 per share, gain resulting from a refund of U.K. consumption taxes. These gains were offset in part by non-cash charges of \$7.8 million (\$4.9 million after tax), or \$0.05 per share, principally in connection with the planned relocation of certain U.K. franchises as part of our ongoing facility enhancement program.

(4)

Includes \$8.2 million (\$5.2 million after tax), or \$0.06 per share, of earnings attributable to the sale of all the remaining variable profits relating to the pool of extended service contracts sold at our dealerships over the past five years.

(5) For the purpose of determining the ratio of earnings to fixed charges, earnings consist of income from continuing operations before minority interests, income taxes and fixed charges. Fixed charges consist of interest expense (including amortization of deferred financing costs), capitalized interest, and an estimate of the interest included in rent expense.

8

## **Risk Factors**

If any of the following risks actually occur, our business, financial condition or results of operations may suffer. As a result, we might be unable to repay the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the exchange notes, and you could lose all or part of your investment.

## **Risks Relating to the Exchange Notes**

Our substantial amount of debt may limit our ability to obtain financing for acquisitions, make us more vulnerable to adverse economic conditions and make it more difficult for us to make payments on the notes and our other debt.

We have a substantial amount of debt. As of December 31, 2006, we had approximately \$1.2 billion of total long-term debt outstanding and \$1.2 billion of floor plan notes payable outstanding. We also had \$600 million of additional debt capacity under our U.S. credit agreement and \$107.4 million available under our U.K. credit agreement, assuming the borrowing conditions of these facilities were met. Effective February 13, 2007, we permanently reduced the credit availability under the U.S. credit agreement from \$600.0 million to \$250.0 million and the letter of credit availability from \$50.0 million to \$10.0 million in order to avoid certain credit availability fees specified in the agreement. Giving effect to the reduction, our total senior debt capacity under our U.S. and U.K. credit agreements as of December 31, 2006 would have been \$357.4 million.

Our substantial debt could have important consequences to you. For example, it could:

make it more difficult for us to obtain additional financing in the future for our acquisitions and operations, working capital requirements, capital expenditures, debt service or other general corporate requirements;

require us to dedicate a substantial portion of our cash flows from operations to the repayment of our debt and the interest associated with our debt rather than to other areas of our business:

limit our operating flexibility due to financial and other restrictive covenants, including restrictions on incurring additional debt, creating liens on our properties, making acquisitions and paying dividends;

make it more difficult for us to satisfy our obligations with respect to the notes;

place us at a competitive disadvantage compared to our competitors that have less debt; and

make us more vulnerable in the event of adverse economic and industry conditions or a downturn in our business.

Our ability to meet our debt service obligations depends on our future financial and operating performance, which will be impacted by general economic conditions and by financial, business and other competitive factors, many of which are beyond our control. These factors could include operating difficulties, increased operating costs, the response of competitors, regulatory developments and delays in implementing our growth strategies. Our ability to meet our debt service and other obligations may depend in significant part on the extent to which we can successfully implement our business strategy. We may not be able to implement our business strategy and the anticipated results of our strategy may not be realized.

If our business does not generate sufficient cash flow from operations or future sufficient borrowings are not available to us under our credit agreements or from other sources, we might not be able to service our debt, including the notes, or to fund our other liquidity needs. If we are unable to service our debt, due to inadequate liquidity or otherwise, we may have to delay or cancel acquisitions, sell equity securities, sell assets or restructure or refinance our debt. We might not be able to sell our equity securities, sell our assets or restructure or refinance our debt on a timely basis or on satisfactory terms or at all. In addition, the terms of our existing or future franchise agreements, agreements with manufacturers or debt agreements, including the indenture governing the notes and our existing and future credit agreements, may prohibit us from pursuing any of these alternatives.

Our debt instruments, including our credit agreements and the indentures governing our 3.5% senior subordinated convertible notes due 2026, or Convertible Notes, and the notes, also permit us to incur additional debt in the future. Any such additional debt could be senior to the notes. In addition, the entities we may acquire in

9

## **Table of Contents**

the future could have significant amounts of debt outstanding, which we could be required to assume in connection with the acquisition, or we may incur our own significant indebtedness to consummate an acquisition. If we or our subsidiaries incur additional indebtedness, the related risks described above could intensify.

# To service our debt, we will require a significant amount of cash. Our ability to generate cash depends on many factors beyond our control.

Our ability to make payments on our debt, including the notes, and to refinance our debt and fund planned capital expenditures will depend on our ability to generate cash in the future. This ability, to some extent, is subject to general economic, financial, competitive, legislative, regulatory and other factors that are beyond our control.

We believe our cash flow from operating activities and our existing capital resources, including the liquidity provided by our credit agreements and our floor plan financing arrangements, will be sufficient to fund our operations and commitments for the next twelve months. We cannot assure you, however, that our business will generate sufficient cash flow from operations or that future borrowings will be available to us under our revolving credit facilities in an amount sufficient to pay our debt, including these exchange notes, or to fund our other liquidity needs. We may need to refinance some or all of our debt, including the notes, on or before maturity, sell assets, reduce or delay capital expenditures or seek additional equity financing. We cannot assure you that efforts to refinance any of our debt will be successful.

# The exchange notes will be junior to our senior debt and the guarantees will be junior to the subsidiary guarantors senior debt.

The exchange notes will be unsecured senior subordinated obligations and will be junior to all of our existing and future senior debt, including debt under our credit facilities and floor plan financing. As of December 31, 2006, we had senior debt of approximately \$1.3 billion and total senior subordinated debt of approximately \$1.1 billion (including the old notes). We also had \$600 million of additional debt capacity under our U.S. credit agreement and \$107.4 million of additional debt capacity under our U.K. credit agreement. Effective February 13, 2007, we permanently reduced the credit availability under the U.S. credit agreement from \$600.0 million to \$250.0 million and the letter of credit availability from \$50.0 million to \$10.0 million in order avoid certain credit availability fees specified in the agreement. Giving effect to the reduction, our total senior debt capacity under our U.S. and U.K. credit agreements as of December 31, 2006 would have been \$357.4 million.

Substantially all of our wholly owned domestic subsidiaries will guarantee the exchange notes. These guarantees will be unsecured senior subordinated obligations and will be junior to all existing and future senior debt of the subsidiary guarantors. As of December 31, 2006, the subsidiary guarantors had outstanding \$559.3 million of senior debt (not including inter-company debt and subsidiary guarantees of debt under our U.S. credit agreement) ranking senior to the senior subordinated guarantees. We may also incur significant additional senior debt under the terms of our credit facilities, floor plan financing and Convertible Notes. If we become bankrupt, liquidate or dissolve, our assets would be available to pay obligations on the notes only after our senior debt has been paid. Similarly, if one of our subsidiary guarantors becomes bankrupt, liquidates or dissolves, that subsidiary guarantor s assets would be available to pay obligations on its guarantee only after payments have been made on its senior debt.

If we fail to pay any of our senior debt, we may make payments on the notes only if either we first pay our senior debt or the holders of certain senior debt waive the payment default. Moreover, if any non-payment default exists under our senior debt, we may not make any cash payments on the notes for a period of up to 179 days in any 360-day period, unless we cure the non-payment default, the holders of the senior debt waive the default or rescind acceleration of the debt or we repay the debt in full. In the event of a non-payment default, we may not have sufficient assets to pay amounts due on the notes.

In the event of a bankruptcy, liquidation, reorganization or similar proceeding relating to us, holders of the notes will participate ratably with all of our general unsecured creditors. However, until all of our senior debt is repaid, amounts otherwise payable to holders of the notes in a bankruptcy or similar proceeding must be paid to holders of senior debt first. Therefore, note holders may receive less, ratably, than our other general unsecured

10

## **Table of Contents**

creditors in any such proceeding. In any of these cases, we may not have sufficient funds to pay all of our creditors, including the holders of the notes.

The notes will be effectively junior to the liabilities of our current and future non-guarantor subsidiaries.

The notes are effectively junior to all existing and future debt and other liabilities of our subsidiaries that are not subsidiary guarantors, including all of our foreign subsidiaries and existing non-wholly owned domestic subsidiaries. As of December 31, 2006, after giving effect to this offering and the use of proceeds therefrom, our non-guarantor subsidiaries would have had approximately \$760.5 million of debt and other liabilities outstanding, not including inter-company liabilities and subsidiary guarantees of debt under the U.S. credit agreement. In addition, as of December 31, 2006, our U.K. credit agreement had \$107.4 million of available capacity. In addition, our future domestic subsidiaries may not be required to guarantee the notes until certain conditions are met. If one of these non-guarantor subsidiaries becomes bankrupt, liquidates or dissolves, that non-guarantor subsidiary s assets would not be available to us or the holders of the notes until after payments have been made on all of its liabilities. As a result, the payment of principal, premium and interest on the notes is effectively subordinated in right of payment to all debt and liabilities of the non-guarantor subsidiaries and, therefore, if our assets are insufficient to pay the notes in full, the assets of the non-guarantor subsidiaries may not be available to pay the notes.

The notes will are not secured by any of our assets. However, our credit agreements and floor plan financing are secured by substantially all of our assets. As a result, if we become insolvent, secured lenders will have a prior claim on our assets.

The notes are not secured by any of our assets. However, our floor plan financing is secured by substantially all of our subsidiaries—assets, and our credit agreements are secured by substantially all of our assets and a pledge of the capital stock of many of our subsidiaries. Additionally, the terms of the indenture and our existing credit facilities permit us to incur additional secured debt in the future. Accordingly, in addition to the contractual subordination described elsewhere in this prospectus, the payment of principal, premium and interest on the notes is effectively subordinated in right of payment to all of our secured debt with respect to the assets securing such secured debt, and the payment under the guarantees is effectively subordinated in right of payment to all secured debt of the subsidiary guarantors.

If we become insolvent or are liquidated, or if payment under any of the instruments governing our secured debt is accelerated, the lenders under these instruments will be entitled to exercise the remedies available to a secured lender under applicable law and pursuant to instruments governing such debt. In that event, because the notes are not secured by any of our assets, it is possible that there will be no assets remaining from which claims of holders of the notes can be satisfied or, if any assets remain, the remaining assets might be insufficient to satisfy those claims in full.

As of December 31, 2006, we had \$132.1 million of secured debt (not including our guarantees of subsidiary floor plan debt), and the ability to incur up to an additional 707.4 million of secured debt under our U.S. credit agreement and our U.K. credit agreement. As of December 31, 2006, the subsidiary guarantors had outstanding \$559.3 million of secured debt (not including subsidiary guarantees of debt under our U.S. credit agreement).

The agreements governing our debt contain various covenants that limit our discretion in the operation of our business, could prohibit us from engaging in transactions we believe to be beneficial and could lead to the acceleration of our debt.

Our existing and future debt agreements impose and will impose operating and financial restrictions on our activities. These restrictions require us to comply with or maintain certain financial tests and ratios and restrict our ability and our subsidiaries ability to:

incur additional debt;

create liens;

make acquisitions;

11

#### **Table of Contents**

redeem and/or prepay certain debt;

sell preferred stock of subsidiaries or other assets;

make certain investments;

enter new lines of business;

engage in consolidations, mergers and acquisitions;

repurchase or redeem capital stock;

guarantee obligations;

engage in certain transactions with affiliates; and

pay dividends and make other distributions.

Our credit agreements also require us to comply with certain financial ratios that could harm our business by restricting our ability to, among other things, take advantage of financing, mergers and acquisitions and other corporate opportunities.

Failure to comply with covenants to our existing or future financing agreements could result in cross-defaults under some of our financing agreements, which could jeopardize our ability to pay the notes.

Various risks, uncertainties and events beyond our control could affect our ability to comply with covenants to our existing or future financing agreements and maintain the financial tests and ratios required by our financing agreements. Failure to comply with any of the covenants in our existing or future financing agreements could result in a default under those agreements and under other agreements containing cross-default provisions, including the indenture governing the notes. A default would permit lenders to cease lending to us, accelerate debt repayment under these agreements and foreclose upon any collateral securing that debt. Under these circumstances, we might not have sufficient funds or other resources to satisfy all of our obligations, including our obligations under the notes. In addition, the limitations imposed by financing agreements on our ability to incur additional debt and to take other actions might significantly impair our ability to obtain other financing. We also may amend the provisions and limitations of our credit facilities from time to time without the consent of the holders of the notes.

Our debt contains prepayment or acceleration rights at the election of the holders upon a covenant default or change of control, which acceleration rights, if exercised, could constitute an event of default under the notes. It is possible that we would be unable to fulfill all of these obligations and make payments on the notes simultaneously.

We may be unable to purchase the notes upon a change of control, which would cause defaults under the notes and our other debt agreements.

Holders of the notes may require us to repurchase the notes for cash following the occurrence of a change of control at a purchase price equal to 101% of the principal amount of the notes, plus accrued interest. In addition, our existing Convertible Notes similarly require us to repurchase those notes in the event of a change of control or a fundamental change, as the case may be, at a purchase price equal to 100% of the principal amount of those notes, plus accrued interest. We are limited by our U.S. credit agreement, and may be prohibited under future financing agreements, from

purchasing any of the notes prior to their stated maturity. In such circumstances, we will be required to repay or obtain the requisite consent from the affected lenders to permit the repurchase of the notes. If we are unable to repay all of such debt or are unable to obtain the necessary consents, we will be unable to repurchase the notes offered hereby, which would constitute an event of default under the notes, which itself would also constitute a default under our credit agreements, our Convertible Notes and our other existing financing arrangements, and could constitute a default under the terms of any future debt that we may incur. In addition, we may not have sufficient funds available at the time we are required to repurchase the notes offered hereby.

12

We could enter into various transactions, such as acquisitions, refinancings, recapitalizations or other highly leveraged transactions, which would not constitute a change of control under the terms of the notes, but which could nevertheless adversely affect holders of the notes.

Under the terms of the notes, a variety of acquisition, refinancing, recapitalization or other highly leveraged transactions would not be considered change of control transactions. As a result, we could enter into any such transactions without being required to make an offer to repurchase the notes even though the transaction could increase the total amount of our outstanding debt, adversely affect our capital structure or credit ratings or otherwise materially adversely affect the holders of the notes.

We are a holding company and, as a result, rely on payments from our subsidiaries in order to meet our cash needs and service our debt, including the notes. Our subsidiaries may not be able to distribute the necessary funds to us and this could adversely affect our ability to make payments on the exchange notes.

As a holding company without independent means of generating operating revenues, we depend on dividends, distributions and other payments, including payments of management fees and pursuant to tax sharing arrangements, from our subsidiaries to fund our obligations and to meet our cash needs. If the operating results of our subsidiaries at any given time are insufficient to make distributions to us, we would be unable to make payments on the notes. Our expenses include salaries of our executive officers, insurance, professional fees and debt payments. Most of our subsidiaries are subject to restrictions on the payment of dividends under certain circumstances pursuant to their franchise agreements, dealer agreements, other agreements with manufacturers and floor plan agreements. For example, most of the agreements contain minimum working capital or net worth requirements and some manufacturers dealer agreements specifically prohibit distribution to us if the distribution would cause the dealership to fail to meet such manufacturer s capitalization guidelines, including net working capital. These restrictions limit our ability to apply profits generated from one subsidiary for use in other subsidiaries or, in some cases, for our use. Additionally, many of the floor plan lending agreements for our dealership subsidiaries include limitations on the subsidiary s ability to make distributions of its property or assets other than in the ordinary course of business or make loans or other advances of funds. Furthermore, our foreign subsidiaries and existing domestic non-wholly owned subsidiaries, who are subject to the limitations described above on their ability to distribute or transfer funds, will not guarantee the notes and certain future subsidiaries will not be required to guarantee the notes until certain conditions are met. See Description of Exchange Notes Guarantees.

Federal and state statutes allow courts, under specific circumstances, to void guarantees of the notes. In such event, holders of notes would be structurally subordinated to creditors of the issuer of the voided guarantee.

Federal and state statutes allow courts, under specific circumstances, to void guarantees, subordinate claims under the guarantees to the guaranteer so ther debt or take other action detrimental to holders of the guarantees of notes. Under the federal bankruptcy law and comparable provisions of state fraudulent transfer laws, the guarantees made by the subsidiary guarantors could be voided or subordinated to other debt if, among other things any subsidiary guarantor:

issued the guarantee to delay, hinder or defraud present or future creditors; or

received less than reasonably equivalent value or fair consideration for issuing such subsidiary guarantee and, at the time it issued its subsidiary guarantee, any subsidiary guarantor; or

was insolvent or rendered insolvent by reason of such incurrence;

was engaged in a business or transaction for which such subsidiary guarantor s remaining unencumbered assets constituted unreasonably small capital;

intended to incur, or believed that it would incur, debts beyond its ability to pay such debts as they mature; or

was a defendant in an action for money damages, or had a judgment for money damages docketed against it if, in either case, after final judgment, the judgment is unsatisfied.

13

#### **Table of Contents**

Among other things, a legal challenge of a guarantee on fraudulent conveyance grounds may focus on the benefits, if any, realized by subsidiary guarantor as a result of our issuance of the notes. The measures of insolvency for purposes of these fraudulent transfer laws will vary depending upon the law applied in any proceeding to determine whether a fraudulent transfer has occurred. Generally, however, a subsidiary guarantor would be considered insolvent if, at the time it incurred the debt,

the sum of its debts is greater than the fair value of all of its assets;

the present fair saleable value of its assets was less than the amount that would be required in order to pay its probable liability on its existing debts and liabilities, including contingent liabilities, as they become absolute and mature; or

it could not pay or is generally not paying its debts as they become due.

There is no way to predict with certainty what standards a court would apply to determine whether a subsidiary guarantor was solvent at the relevant time. It is possible that a court could view the issuance of the guarantees as a fraudulent conveyance. To the extent that a guarantee were to be voided as a fraudulent conveyance or were to be held unenforceable for any other reason, holders of the notes would cease to have any claim in respect of the subsidiary guarantor and would be creditors solely of ours and of the subsidiary guarantors whose guarantees had not been avoided or held unenforceable. In this event, the claims of the holders of the notes against the issuer of an invalid guarantee would be subject to the prior payment in full of all other liabilities of the guarantor thereunder. After providing for all prior claims, there may not be sufficient assets to satisfy the claims of the holders of the notes relating to the voided guarantees.

The guarantees may be released under certain circumstances upon resale, exchange or transfer by us of the stock of the related subsidiary guarantor or all or substantially all of the assets of the subsidiary guarantor to a non-affiliate.

Your ability to transfer the exchange notes may be limited by the absence of an active trading market, and there is no assurance that any active trading market will develop for the exchange notes.

The exchange notes will constitute a new issue of securities for which there is no established trading market. We do not intend to have the exchange notes listed on a national securities exchange or to arrange for quotation on any automated dealer quotation systems. We cannot assure you as to the development of any trading market for the exchange notes. We also cannot assure you that you will be able to sell your exchange notes at a particular time or that the prices that you receive when you sell will be favorable. We also cannot assure you as to the level of liquidity of the trading market for the exchange notes. The liquidity of any market for the exchange notes will depend on a number of factors, including:

the number of holders of exchange notes,

our operating performance and financial condition,

the market for similar securities.

the interest of securities dealers in making a market in the exchange notes, and

prevailing interest rates.

Historically, the market for debt securities similar to the exchange notes has been subject to disruptions that have caused substantial volatility in the prices of those securities. We cannot assure you that the market, if any, for the exchange notes will be free from similar disruptions or that any such disruptions may not adversely affect the prices at which you may sell your exchange notes. Therefore, we cannot assure you that you will be able to sell your exchange notes at a particular time or that the price you receive when you sell will be favorable.

## If you do not exchange your old notes, they may be difficult to resell.

It may be difficult for you to sell old notes that are not exchanged in the exchange offer, since any old notes not exchanged will continue to be subject to the restrictions on transfer described in the legend on the global security

14

#### **Table of Contents**

representing the outstanding old notes. These restrictions on transfer exist because we issued the old notes pursuant to an exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act and applicable state securities laws. Generally, any old notes that are not exchanged for exchange notes will remain restricted securities. Accordingly, those old notes may not be offered or sold, unless registered under the Securities Act and applicable state securities laws, or except pursuant to an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the Securities Act and applicable state securities laws.

#### **Risks Relating to Automotive Manufacturers**

Automotive manufacturers exercise significant control over our operations and we depend on them in order to operate our business.

Each of our dealerships operates under franchise agreements with automotive manufacturers or related distributors. We are dependent on automotive manufacturers because, without a franchise agreement, we cannot operate a new vehicle franchise or perform manufacturer authorized service.

Manufacturers exercise a great degree of control over the operations of our dealerships. For example, manufacturers can require our dealerships to meet specified standards of appearance, require individual dealerships to meet specified financial criteria such as maintenance of minimum net working capital and, in some cases, minimum net worth, impose minimum customer service and satisfaction standards, set standards regarding the maintenance of vehicle and parts inventories, restrict the use of manufacturers names and trademarks and, in many cases, must consent to the replacement of the dealership principal.

Our franchise agreements may be terminated or not renewed by automotive manufacturers for a variety of reasons, including unapproved changes of ownership or management and other material breaches of the franchise agreements. We have, from time to time, not been compliant with various provisions of some of our franchise agreements. Although we believe that we will be able to renew at expiration all of our existing franchise agreements, if any of our significant existing franchise agreements or a large number of franchise agreements are not renewed or the terms of any such renewal are materially unfavorable to us, our results of operations, financial condition or cash flows could be materially adversely affected. In addition, actions taken by manufacturers to exploit their bargaining position in negotiating the terms of renewals of franchise agreements or otherwise could also materially adversely affect our results of operations, financial condition or cash flows.

While U.S. franchise laws give us limited protection in selling a manufacturer s product within a given geographic area, our franchise agreements do not give us the exclusive right to sell vehicles within a given area and the location of a significant number of new dealerships near our existing dealerships could materially adversely affect our results of operations, financial condition or cash flows.

We depend on manufacturers to provide us with a desirable mix of popular new vehicles, which tends to produce the highest profit margins. Manufacturers generally allocate their vehicles among dealerships based on the sales history of each dealership. Our inability to obtain sufficient quantities of the most popular models, whether due to sales declines at our dealerships or otherwise, could materially adversely affect our results of operations, financial condition or cash flows.

Our volumes and profitability may be adversely affected if automotive manufacturers reduce or discontinue their incentive programs.

Our dealerships depend on the manufacturers for sales incentives, warranties and other programs that promote and support vehicle sales at our dealerships. Some of these programs include customer rebates, dealer incentives, special

financing or leasing terms and warranties. Manufacturers frequently change their incentive programs. If manufacturers reduce or discontinue incentive programs, our results of operations, financial condition or cash flows could be materially adversely affected.

15

# Adverse conditions affecting one or more automotive manufacturers may negatively impact our revenues and profitability.

Our success depends on the overall success of the line of vehicles that each of our dealerships sells. As a result, our success depends to a great extent on the automotive manufacturers—financial condition, marketing, vehicle design, production and distribution capabilities, reputation, management and labor relations. For 2006, Toyota/Lexus brands, BMW/MINI, Honda/Acura, DaimlerChrysler brands and Ford/Premier Auto Group accounted for 21%, 18%, 16%, 11% and 10%, respectively, of our total revenues. A significant decline in the sale of new vehicles manufactured by these manufacturers, or the loss or deterioration of our relationships with one or more of these manufacturers, could materially adversely affect our results of operations, financial condition or cash flows. No other manufacturer accounted for more than 10% of our total revenues for 2006.

Events such as labor strikes that may adversely affect a manufacturer may also materially adversely affect us, especially if these events were to interrupt the supply of vehicles or parts to us. Similarly, the delivery of vehicles from manufacturers at a time later than scheduled, which may occur particularly during periods of new product introductions, has led, and in the future could lead, to reduced sales during those periods. In addition, any event that causes adverse publicity involving one or more automotive manufacturers or their vehicles may materially adversely affect our results of operations, financial condition or cash flows.

#### Our failure to meet manufacturers consumer satisfaction requirements may adversely affect us.

Many manufacturers measure customers—satisfaction with their sales and warranty service experiences through systems that are generally known as customer satisfaction indices, or CSI. Manufacturers sometimes use a dealership s CSI scores as a factor in evaluating applications for additional dealership acquisitions. Certain of our dealerships have had difficulty from time to time in meeting their manufacturers—CSI standards. We may be unable to meet these standards in the future. A manufacturer may refuse to consent to a franchise acquisition by us if our dealerships do not meet their CSI standards. This could materially adversely affect our acquisition strategy. In addition, because we receive payments from the manufacturers based in part on CSI scores, future payments could be materially reduced or eliminated if our CSI scores decline.

Automotive manufacturers impose limits on our ability to issue additional equity and on the ownership of our common stock by third parties, which may hamper our ability to meet our financing needs.

A number of manufacturers impose restrictions on the sale and transfer of our common stock. The most prohibitive restrictions provide that, under specified circumstances, we may be forced to sell or surrender franchises (1) if a competing automotive manufacturer acquires a 5% or greater ownership interest in us or (2) if an individual or entity that has a criminal record in connection with business dealings with any automotive manufacturer, distributor or dealer or who has been convicted of a felony acquires a 5% or greater ownership interest in us. Further, several manufacturers have the right to approve the acquisition by a third party of 20% or more of our common stock, and a number of manufacturers continue to prohibit changes in ownership that may affect control of our company.

Actions by our stockholders or prospective stockholders that would violate any of the above restrictions are generally outside our control. If we are unable to obtain a waiver or relief from these restrictions, we may be forced to terminate or sell one or more franchises, which could materially adversely affect our results of operations, financial condition or cash flows. These restrictions also may prevent or deter prospective acquirers from acquiring control of us and, therefore, may adversely impact the value of our common stock. These restrictions also may impede our ability to raise required capital or our ability to acquire dealership groups using our common stock.

#### **Risks Relating to our Acquisition Strategy**

Growth in our revenues and earnings depends substantially on our ability to acquire and successfully operate new dealerships.

While we expect to acquire new dealerships, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to identify and acquire additional dealerships in the future. Moreover, acquisitions involve a number of risks, including:

integrating the operations and personnel of the acquired dealerships;

operating in new markets with which we are not familiar;

incurring unforeseen liabilities at acquired dealerships;

disruption to our existing businesses;

failure to retain key personnel of the acquired dealerships;

impairment of relationships with employees, manufacturers and customers; and

incorrectly valuing acquired entities.

In addition, integrating acquired dealerships into our existing mix of dealerships may result in substantial costs, diversion of our management resources or other operational or financial problems. Unforeseen expenses, difficulties and delays frequently encountered in connection with the integration of acquired entities and the rapid expansion of operations could inhibit our growth, result in our failure to achieve acquisition synergies and require us to focus resources on integration rather than other more profitable areas.

Acquired entities may subject us to unforeseen liabilities that we are unable to detect prior to completing the acquisition, or liabilities that turn out to be greater than those we had expected. These liabilities may include liabilities that arise from non-compliance with environmental laws by prior owners for which we, as a successor owner, will be responsible. Until we assume operating control of acquired entities, we may not be able to ascertain the actual value of the acquired entity.

We may be unable to identify acquisition candidates that would result in the most successful combinations, or complete acquisitions on acceptable terms on a timely basis. The magnitude, timing, pricing and nature of future acquisitions will depend upon various factors, including the availability of suitable acquisition candidates, the negotiation of acceptable terms, our financial capabilities, the availability of skilled employees to manage the acquired companies and general economic and business conditions. Further, covenants contained in our debt instruments impose limitations on our ability to acquire additional dealerships and future debt instruments may impose additional restrictions. Furthermore, we have sold and may in the future sell dealerships based on numerous factors, which may impact our future revenues and earnings, particularly if we do not make acquisitions to replace such revenues and earnings.

#### Manufacturers restrictions on acquisitions may limit our future growth.

Our future growth via acquisition of automotive dealerships will depend on our ability to obtain the requisite manufacturer approvals. The relevant manufacturer must consent to any franchise acquisition and it may not consent

in a timely fashion or at all. In addition, under many franchise agreements or under local law, a manufacturer may have a right of first refusal to acquire a dealership that we seek to acquire.

Certain manufacturers limit the total number of their dealerships that we may own in a particular geographic area and, in some cases, the total number of their vehicles that we may sell as a percentage of that manufacturer s overall sales. Manufacturers may also limit the ownership of stores in contiguous markets and the dueling of a franchise with another brand. To date, we have only reached these ceilings with two manufacturers. If additional manufacturers impose or expand these types of restrictions, our acquisition strategy and results of operations, financial condition or cash flows could be materially adversely affected.

17

#### Other Business Risks

Our business is susceptible to adverse economic conditions, including changes in consumer confidence, fuel prices and credit availability.

We believe that the automotive retail industry is influenced by general economic conditions and particularly by consumer confidence, the level of personal discretionary spending, interest rates, fuel prices, weather conditions, unemployment rates and credit availability. Historically, unit sales of motor vehicles, particularly new vehicles, have been cyclical, fluctuating with general economic cycles. During economic downturns, new vehicle retail sales tend to experience periods of decline characterized by oversupply and weak demand. The automotive retail industry may experience sustained periods of decline in vehicle sales in the future. Any decline or change of this type could materially adversely affect our results of operations, financial condition or cash flows.

Some of our operations are regionally concentrated such as those in Arizona, California, the Northeastern United States and the United Kingdom. Adverse regional economic and competitive conditions in these areas could materially adversely affect our results of operations, financial condition or cash flows.

Substantial competition in automotive sales and services may adversely affect our profitability.

The automotive retail industry is highly competitive. Depending on the geographic market, we compete with:

franchised automotive dealerships in our markets that sell the same or similar makes of new and used vehicles that we offer:

private market buyers and sellers of used vehicles;

Internet-based vehicle brokers that sell vehicles obtained from franchised dealers directly to consumers;

vehicle rental companies that sell their used rental vehicles;

service center chain stores; and

independent service and repair shops.

In addition, automotive manufacturers may directly enter the retail market in the future, which could materially adversely affect our results of operations, financial condition or cash flows. Some of our competitors may have greater financial, marketing and personnel resources and lower overhead and sales costs than us. We do not have any cost advantage over other franchised automotive dealerships in purchasing new vehicles from the automotive manufacturers.

In addition to competition for vehicle sales, our dealerships compete with franchised dealerships to perform warranty repairs and with other automotive dealers, independent service center chains, independent garages and others, for non-warranty repair, routine maintenance and parts business. A number of regional or national chains offer selected parts and services at prices that may be lower than our dealerships prices. We also compete with a broad range of financial institutions in arranging financing for our customers vehicle purchases.

The Internet is a significant part of the sales process in our industry. We believe that customers are using the Internet as part of the sales process to compare pricing for cars and related finance and insurance services, which may reduce

gross profit margins for new and used cars and profits generated from the sale of finance and insurance products. Some websites offer vehicles for sale over the Internet without the benefit of having a dealership franchise, although they must currently source their vehicles from a franchised dealer. If Internet new vehicle sales are allowed to be conducted without the involvement of franchised dealers, or if dealerships are able to effectively use the Internet to sell outside of their markets, our business could be materially adversely affected. We could also be materially adversely affected to the extent that Internet companies acquire dealerships or ally themselves with our competitors dealerships.

18

#### Our capital costs and our results of operations may be adversely affected by a rising interest rate environment.

We finance our purchases of new and, to a lesser extent, used vehicle inventory using floor plan financing arrangements under which we are charged interest at floating rates. In addition, we obtain capital for general corporate purposes, dealership acquisitions and real estate purchases and improvements under predominantly floating interest rate credit facilities. Therefore, excluding the potential mitigating effects from interest rate hedging techniques, our interest expenses will rise with increases in interest rates. Rising interest rates may also have the affect of depressing demand in the interest rate sensitive aspects of our business, particularly new and used vehicles sales, because many of our customers finance their vehicle purchases. As a result, rising interest rates may have the affect of simultaneously increasing our costs and reducing our revenues, which could materially adversely affect our results of operations, financial condition or cash flows.

#### Our inability to raise capital, if needed, could adversely affect us.

We require substantial capital in order to acquire and renovate automotive dealerships. This capital might be raised through public or private financing, including through the issuance of debt or equity securities, sale-leaseback transactions and other sources. Availability under our credit agreements may be limited by the covenants and conditions of those facilities. We may not be able to raise additional funds. If we raise additional funds by issuing equity securities, dilution to then existing stockholders may result.

If adequate funds are not available, we may be required to significantly curtail our acquisition and renovation programs, which could materially and adversely affect our growth strategy.

We depend to a significant extent on our ability to finance the purchase of inventory in the form of floor plan financing. Floor plan financing is financing from a vehicle manufacturer secured by the vehicles we sell. Our dealerships borrow money to buy a particular vehicle from the manufacturer and pay off the floor plan financing when they sell the particular vehicle, paying interest during the interim period. Our floor plan financing is secured by substantially all of the assets of our automotive dealership subsidiaries. Our remaining assets are pledged to secure our credit facilities. This may impede our ability to borrow from other sources. Most of our floor plan lenders are associated with manufacturers with whom we have franchise agreements. Consequently, the deterioration of our relationship with a manufacturer could adversely affect our relationship with the affiliated floor plan lender and vice versa. Any inability to obtain floor plan financing on customary terms, or the termination of our floor plan financing arrangements by our floor plan lenders, could materially adversely affect our results of operations, financial condition or cash flows.

# Property loss, business interruptions or other liabilities at some of our dealerships could impact our operating results.

The automotive retail business is subject to substantial risk of property loss due to the significant concentration of property values at dealership locations, including vehicles and parts. We have historically experienced business interruptions at several of our dealerships due to adverse weather conditions or other extraordinary events, such as wild fires in California or hurricanes in Florida. Other potential liabilities arising out of our operations involve claims by employees, customers or third parties for personal injury or property damage and potential fines and penalties in connection with alleged violations of regulatory requirements. To the extent we experience future similar events, our results of operations, financial condition or cash flows may be materially adversely impacted.

If we lose key personnel or are unable to attract additional qualified personnel, our business could be adversely affected.

We believe that our success depends to a significant extent upon the efforts and abilities of our executive management and key employees, including, in particular, Roger S. Penske, our Chairman and Chief Executive Officer. Additionally, our business is dependent upon our ability to continue to attract and retain qualified personnel, such as managers, as well as retaining dealership management in connection with acquisitions. We generally have not entered into employment agreements with our key personnel. The loss of the services of one or more members of our senior management team, including, in particular, Roger S. Penske, could have a material

19

#### **Table of Contents**

adverse effect on us and materially impair the efficiency and productivity of our operations. We do not have key man insurance for any of our executive officers or key personnel. The loss of any of our key employees or the failure to attract qualified managers could have a material adverse effect on our business.

## Our quarterly operating results may fluctuate due to seasonality and other factors.

The automotive industry typically experiences seasonal variations in vehicle revenues. Demand for automobiles is generally lower during the winter months than in other seasons, particularly in regions of the United States that may have severe winters. In the United States, a higher number of vehicle sales generally occurs in the second and third quarters of each year, due in part to consumer buying trends and the introduction of new vehicle models. Therefore, if conditions exist in the second or third quarters that depress or affect automotive sales, such as high fuel costs, depressed economic conditions or similar adverse conditions, our revenues for the year may be disproportionately adversely affected.

In addition, the U.K. retail automotive industry typically experiences peak sales activity during March and September of each year. This seasonality results from the perception in the United Kingdom that the resale value of a vehicle may be determined by the date that the vehicle is registered. Because new vehicle registration periods begin on March 1 and September 1 each year, vehicles with comparable mileage that were registered in March may have an equivalent used vehicle value to vehicles registered in August of the same year.

# Our business may be adversely affected by import product restrictions and foreign trade risks that may impair our ability to sell foreign vehicles profitably.

A significant portion of our new vehicle business involves the sale of vehicles, vehicle parts or vehicles composed of parts that are manufactured outside the region in which they are sold. As a result, our operations are subject to customary risks associated with imported merchandise, including fluctuations in the relative value of currencies, import duties, exchange controls, differing tax structures, trade restrictions, transportation costs, work stoppages and general political and economic conditions in foreign countries.

The locations in which we operate may, from time to time, impose new quotas, duties, tariffs or other restrictions, or adjust presently prevailing quotas, duties or tariffs on imported merchandise. Any of those impositions or adjustments could materially affect our operations and our ability to purchase imported vehicles and parts at reasonable prices, which could materially adversely affect our business.

# Our automotive dealerships are subject to substantial regulation and related claims and proceedings, any of which could adversely affect our profitability.

A number of regulations affect our business of marketing, selling, financing and servicing automobiles. Under the laws of states in U.S. locations in which we currently operate, we typically must obtain a license in order to establish, operate or relocate a dealership or operate an automotive repair service, including dealer, sales, finance and insurance-related licenses. These laws also regulate our conduct of business, including our advertising, operating, financing, employment and sales practices. In addition, our foreign operations are subject to regulations in their respective jurisdictions.

Our financing activities with customers are subject to truth-in-lending, consumer leasing, equal credit opportunity and similar regulations as well as motor vehicle finance laws, installment finance laws, insurance laws, usury laws and other installment sales laws. Some jurisdictions regulate finance fees that may be paid as a result of vehicle sales. In recent years, private plaintiffs and state attorneys general in the U.S. have increased their scrutiny of advertising, sales, and finance and insurance activities in the sale and leasing of motor vehicles. These activities have led many lenders

to limit the amounts that may be charged to customers as fee income for these activities. If these or similar activities were significantly to restrict our ability to generate revenue from arranging financing for our customers, we could be adversely affected.

We could also be susceptible to claims or related actions if we fail to operate our business in accordance with these laws. Claims arising out of actual or alleged violations of law may be asserted against us or any of our dealers by individuals, either individually or through class actions, or by governmental entities in civil or criminal

20

#### **Table of Contents**

investigations and proceedings. Such actions may expose us to substantial monetary damages and legal defense costs, injunctive relief and criminal and civil fines and penalties, including suspension or revocation of our licenses and franchises to conduct dealership operations.

We will generally continue to be involved in legal proceedings in the ordinary course of business. A significant judgment against us, the loss of a significant license or permit or the imposition of a significant fine could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and future prospects.

If state dealer laws in the United States are repealed or weakened, our dealership franchise agreements will be more susceptible to termination, non-renewal or renegotiation.

State dealer laws in the United States generally provide that an automotive manufacturer may not terminate or refuse to renew a franchise agreement unless it has first provided the dealer with written notice setting forth good cause and stating the grounds for termination or non-renewal. Some state dealer laws allow dealers to file protests or petitions or to attempt to comply with the manufacturer scriteria within the notice period to avoid the termination or non-renewal. Though unsuccessful to date, manufacturers lobbying efforts may lead to the repeal or revision of state dealer laws. If dealer laws are repealed in the states in which we operate, manufacturers may be able to terminate our franchises without providing advance notice, an opportunity to cure, or a showing of good cause. Without the protection of state dealer laws, it may also be more difficult for our dealerships to renew their franchise agreements upon expiration. Jurisdictions outside the United States generally do not have these laws and, as a result, operate without these protections.

# Our dealerships are subject to environmental regulations that may result in claims and liabilities which could be material.

We are subject to a wide range of environmental laws and regulations, including those governing discharges into the air and water, the operation and removal of storage tanks and the use, storage and disposal of hazardous substances. Our dealerships and service, parts and body shop operations in particular use, store and contract for recycling or disposal of hazardous materials. Any non-compliance with these regulations could result in significant fines and penalties which could adversely affect our results of operations, financial condition or cash flows. Further, investigation or remediation may be necessary in the event of leaks or other discharges from current or former underground or aboveground storage tanks.

In the U.S., we may also have liability in connection with materials that were sent to third-party recycling, treatment, and/or disposal facilities under federal and state statutes, which impose liability for investigation and remediation of contamination without regard to fault or the legality of the conduct that contributed to the contamination. Similar to many of our competitors, we have incurred and will continue to incur, capital and operating expenditures and other costs in complying with such laws and regulations.

Soil and groundwater contamination is known to exist at some of our current or former properties. In connection with our acquisitions, it is possible that we will assume or become subject to new or unforeseen environmental costs or liabilities, some of which may be material. In connection with dispositions of businesses, or dispositions previously made by companies we acquire, we may retain exposure for environmental costs and liabilities, some of which may be material. Environmental laws and regulations are complex and subject to change. Compliance with new or more stringent laws or regulations, stricter interpretations of existing laws or the future discovery of environmental conditions could require additional expenditures by us which could materially adversely affect our results of operations, financial condition or cash flows.

Our principal stockholders have substantial influence over us and may make decisions with which you disagree.

Penske Corporation through various affiliates beneficially owns 39% of our outstanding common stock. In addition, Penske Corporation and its affiliates have entered into a stockholders agreement with our second largest stockholder, Mitsui & Co., Ltd. and one of its affiliates, pursuant to which they have agreed to vote together as to the election of our directors. Collectively, these two groups beneficially own 56% of our outstanding stock. As a result,

21

## **Table of Contents**

these persons have the ability to control the composition of our board of directors and therefore they may be able to control the direction of our affairs and business.

This concentration of ownership, as well as various provisions contained in our agreements with manufacturers, our certificate of incorporation and bylaws and the Delaware General Corporation Law, could have the affect of discouraging, delaying or preventing a change in control of us or unsolicited acquisition proposals. These provisions include the stock ownership limits imposed by various manufacturers and our ability to issue blank check preferred stock and the interested stockholder provisions of Section 203 of the Delaware General Corporation Law.

Some of our directors and officers may have conflicts of interest with respect to certain related party transactions and other business interests.

Some of our executive officers also hold executive positions at other companies affiliated with our largest stockholder. Roger S. Penske, our Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, is also Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Penske Corporation, a diversified transportation services company. Robert H. Kurnick, Jr., our Vice Chairman and a director, is also President of Penske Corporation, and Paul F. Walters, our Executive Vice President Human Resources and Hiroshi Ishikawa, our Executive Vice President International Business Development, serve in similar capacities for Penske Corporation. Much of the compensation of these officers is paid by Penske Corporation and not by us, and while these officers have historically devoted a substantial amount of their time to our matters, these officers are not required to spend any specific amount of time on our matters. In addition, one of our directors, Richard J. Peters and our President, Roger Penske, Jr., each serves as a director of Penske Corporation. In addition, Penske Corporation owns Penske Automotive Group, a privately held automotive dealership company with operations in southern California. Finally, we are a tenant under a number of non-cancelable leases with Automotive Group Realty, LLC (AGR), a wholly owned subsidiary of Penske Corporation, and have sold substantial amounts of real property and improvements to AGR, which we have then leased. Due to their relationships with these related entities, Messrs. Ishikawa, Kurnick, Penske, Penske, Jr., Peters and Walters may have a conflict of interest in making any decision related to transactions between their related entities and us, or with respect to allocations of corporate opportunities.

Our operations outside the United States subject us to foreign currency translation risk and exposure to changes in exchange rates.

In recent years, between 25% and 35% of our revenues have been generated outside the U.S., predominately in the United Kingdom. As a result, we are exposed to the risks involved in foreign operations, including:

changes in international tax laws and treaties, including increases of withholding and other taxes on remittances and other payments by subsidiaries;

currency and exchange risks;

tariffs, trade barriers, and restrictions on the transfer of funds between nations;

changes in international governmental regulations;

the impact of local economic and political conditions;

the impact of European Commission regulation and the relationship between the United Kingdom and continental Europe; and

increased competition and the impact from limited franchise protection in the United Kingdom.

If our operations outside the U.S. fail to perform as expected, we will be adversely impacted. In addition, our results of operations and financial position are reported in local currency and are then translated into U.S. dollars at the applicable foreign currency exchange rate for inclusion in our consolidated financial statements. As exchange rates fluctuate, particularly between the U.S. and U.K., the translation effect of such fluctuations may have a material effect on our results of operations or financial position as reported in U.S. dollars.

22

#### **Use of Proceeds**

We will not receive cash proceeds from the issuance of the exchange notes under the exchange offer. In consideration for issuing the exchange notes in exchange for old notes as described in this prospectus, we will receive old notes of equal principal amount. The old notes surrendered in exchange for the exchange notes will be retired and cancelled.

#### **Exchange Offer**

In connection with the issuance of the old notes on December 7, 2006, we entered into a registration rights agreement with the initial purchasers, which provides for the exchange offer. The exchange offer will permit eligible holders of old notes to exchange the old notes for the exchange notes, which are identical in all material respects to the old notes, except that:

the exchange notes have been registered under the U.S. federal securities laws and will not bear any legend restricting their transfer;

the exchange notes bear a different CUSIP number than the old notes;

the exchange notes will not be subject to transfer restrictions or entitled to registration rights; and

the holders of the exchange notes will not be entitled to certain rights under the registration rights agreement.

The exchange notes will evidence the same debt as the old notes. Holders of exchange notes will be entitled to the benefits of the indenture, under which the old notes were issued.

#### General

We are making the exchange offer to comply with our contractual obligations under the registration rights agreement. Except under limited circumstances, upon completion of the exchange offer, our obligations with respect to the registration of the old notes will terminate.

We agreed, pursuant to the registration rights agreement, to use our commercially reasonable best efforts to:

cause the exchange offer registration statement to become effective as soon as practicable, but in no event later than August 3, 2007, and

have the exchange offer registration statement remain effective until as long as 180 days after the last day the exchange offer is open for use by one or more participating broker-dealers.

For each old note surrendered to us pursuant to the exchange offer, the holder of such old note will receive an exchange note having a principal amount equal to that of the surrendered old note. Interest on each exchange note will accrue from the last interest payment date on which interest was paid on the old note surrendered in exchange therefore or, if no interest has been paid on the old note, from the date of its original issue.

In connection with the issuance of the old notes, we arranged for the old notes to be issued in the form of global notes through the facilities of DTC acting as depositary. The exchange notes will also be issued in the form of global notes registered in the name of DTC or its nominee and each beneficial owner s interest in it will be transferable in

book-entry form through DTC.

Old notes that are not tendered for exchange or are tendered but not accepted in connection with the exchange offer will remain outstanding and be entitled to the benefits of the indenture under which they were issued, including accrual of interest, but, subject to a limited exception, will not be entitled to any registration rights under the applicable registration rights agreement. See Consequences of Failure to Tender.

We will be deemed to have accepted validly tendered old notes when and if we have given oral or written notice to the exchange agent of our acceptance. The exchange agent will act as agent for the tendering holders for the purpose of receiving the exchange notes from us. If any tendered old notes are not accepted for exchange because of an invalid tender, the occurrence of other events described in this prospectus or otherwise, we will return the

23

#### **Table of Contents**

certificates for any unaccepted old notes, at our expense, to the tendering holder promptly after the expiration of the exchange offer.

The exchange offer is not being made to, nor will we accept tenders for exchange from, holders of the old notes in any jurisdiction in which the exchange offer or its acceptance would not be in compliance with the securities or blue sky laws of that jurisdiction.

## Eligibility; Transferability

We are making this exchange offer in reliance on interpretations of the staff of the SEC set forth in several no-action letters. However, we have not sought our own no-action letter. Based upon these interpretations, we believe that you, or any other person receiving exchange notes, may offer for resale, resell or otherwise transfer such exchange notes without complying with the registration and prospectus delivery requirements of the U.S. federal securities laws, if:

you are, or the person or entity receiving such exchange notes is, acquiring such exchange notes in the ordinary course of business:

you do not, nor does any such person or entity, have an arrangement or understanding with any person or entity to participate in any distribution of the exchange notes (within the meaning of the Securities Act);

you are not, nor is any such person or entity, our affiliate, as such term is defined under Rule 405 under the Securities Act; and

you are not acting on behalf of any person or entity who could not truthfully make these statements.

To participate in the exchange offer, you must represent as the holder of old notes that each of these statements is true.

Any holder of old notes who is our affiliate or who intends to participate in the exchange offer for the purpose of distributing the exchange notes:

will not be able to rely on the interpretation of the staff of the SEC set forth in the no-action letters described above; and

must comply with the registration and prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act in connection with any sale or transfer of the exchange notes, unless the sale or transfer is made pursuant to an exemption from those requirements.

Each broker-dealer that receives exchange notes in exchange for old notes acquired for its own account through market-making or other trading activities must acknowledge that it will deliver a prospectus in connection with any resale of the exchange notes. The letter of transmittal states that by acknowledging that it will deliver, and by delivering, a prospectus, a broker-dealer will not be deemed to admit that it is an underwriter within the meaning of the Securities Act. This prospectus, as it may be amended or supplemented from time to time, may be used by a broker-dealer in connection with resale of the exchange notes received in exchange for the old notes where such old notes were acquired by such broker-dealer as a result of market-making activities or other trading activities. We have agreed that, for a period of as long as 180 days after the expiration date of the exchange offer, we will amend or supplement this prospectus in order to expedite or facilitate the disposition of any exchange notes by such broker-dealers.

#### **Expiration of the Exchange Offer; Extensions; Amendments**

The exchange offer will expire at 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on June 7, 2007, or the expiration date, unless we extend the exchange offer. To extend the exchange offer, we will notify the exchange agent and issue a press release regarding such extension before 9:00 a.m., New York City time, on the next business day after the previously scheduled expiration date. We reserve the right to extend the exchange offer, delay accepting any tendered old notes or, if any of the conditions described below under the heading Conditions has not been satisfied, to terminate the exchange offer. We also reserve the right to amend the terms of the exchange offer in any manner. We will give oral or written notice of such delay, extension, termination or amendment to the exchange agent.

24

#### **Table of Contents**

If we amend the exchange offer in a manner that we consider material, we will disclose such amendment by means of a prospectus supplement, and we will extend the exchange offer for a period of five to ten business days.

If we determine to make a public announcement of any delay, extension, amendment or termination of the exchange offer, we will do so by making a timely release through an appropriate news agency.

If we delay accepting any old notes or terminate the exchange offer, we promptly will return any old notes deposited, pursuant to the exchange offer as required by Rule 14e-1(c) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act ).

#### **Conditions**

Notwithstanding any other term of the exchange offer, we will not be required to accept for exchange, or issue any exchange notes for, any old notes, and may terminate or amend the exchange offer before the acceptance of the old notes, if:

we determine that the exchange offer violates any law, statute, rule, regulation or interpretation by the staff of the SEC or any order of any governmental agency or court of competent jurisdiction; or

any action or proceeding is instituted or threatened in any court or by or before any governmental agency relating to the exchange offer which, in our judgment, could reasonably be expected to impair our ability to proceed with the exchange offer.

The conditions listed above are for our sole benefit and may be asserted by us regardless of the circumstances giving rise to any of these conditions. Prior to expiration of the exchange offer, we may waive these conditions in our reasonable discretion in whole or in part. All conditions of the exchange offer, other than those involving governmental approval, must be satisfied or waived prior to the expiration date.

In addition, we will not accept for exchange any old notes tendered, and no exchange notes will be issued in exchange for those old notes, if at any time any stop order is threatened or issued with respect to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part for the exchange offer and the exchange notes or the qualification of the indenture under the Trust Indenture Act of 1939. In any such event, we must use commercially reasonable best efforts to obtain the withdrawal of any stop order as soon as practicable.

In addition, we will not be obligated to accept for exchange the old notes of any holder that has not made to us the representations described under Eligibility; Transferability and Plan of Distribution.

#### **Procedures for Tendering**

We have forwarded to you, along with this prospectus, a letter of transmittal relating to this exchange offer. A holder need not submit a letter of transmittal if the holder tenders old notes in accordance with the procedures mandated by DTC s ATOP. To tender old notes without submitting a letter of transmittal, the electronic instructions sent to DTC and transmitted to the exchange agent must contain your acknowledgment of receipt of, and your agreement to be bound by and to make all of the representations contained in the letter of transmittal. In all other cases, a letter of transmittal must be manually executed and delivered as described in this prospectus.

Only a holder of record of old notes may tender old notes in the exchange offer. To tender in the exchange offer, a holder must comply with all applicable procedures of DTC and either:

complete, sign and date the letter of transmittal, or a facsimile of the letter of transmittal, have the signature on the letter of transmittal guaranteed if the letter of transmittal so requires and deliver the letter of transmittal or facsimile to the exchange agent prior to the expiration date, or

in lieu of delivering a letter of transmittal, instruct DTC to transmit on behalf of the holder a computer-generated message to the exchange agent in which the holder of the old notes acknowledges and agrees to be bound by the terms of the letter of transmittal, which computer-generated message must be received by the exchange agent prior to 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on the expiration date.

25

#### **Table of Contents**

In addition, either:

the exchange agent must receive the old notes along with the letter of transmittal,

with respect to the old notes, the exchange agent must receive, before expiration of the exchange offer, timely confirmation of book-entry transfer of old notes into the exchange agent s account at DTC, according to the procedure for book-entry transfer described below under DTC Book Entry Transfer, or

the holder must comply with the guaranteed delivery procedures described below.

To be tendered effectively, the exchange agent must receive any physical delivery of the letter of transmittal and other required documents at the address set forth below under Exchange Agent before expiration of the exchange offer. To receive confirmation of valid tender of old notes, a holder should contact the exchange agent at the telephone number listed under Exchange Agent.

The tender by a holder that is not withdrawn before expiration of the exchange offer will constitute an agreement between that holder and us in accordance with the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in this prospectus and the letter of transmittal. If a holder completing a letter of transmittal tenders less than all of the old notes held by this holder, this tendering holder should fill in the applicable box of the letter of transmittal. The amount of old notes delivered to the exchange agent will be deemed to have been tendered unless otherwise indicated.

The method of delivery of old notes and the letter of transmittal and all other required documents to the exchange agent is at the election and sole risk of the holder. Instead of delivery by mail, you should use an overnight or hand delivery service. In all cases, you should allow for sufficient time to ensure delivery to the exchange agent before the expiration of the exchange offer. You may request your broker, dealer, commercial bank, trust company or nominee to effect these transactions for you.

You should not send any note, letter of transmittal or other required document to us.

Any beneficial owner whose old notes are registered in the name of a broker, dealer, commercial bank, trust company or other nominee and who wishes to tender should contact the registered holder promptly and instruct it to tender on the owner s behalf. If the beneficial owner wishes to tender on its own behalf, it must, prior to completing and executing the letter of transmittal and delivering its old notes, either:

make appropriate arrangements to register ownership of the old notes in the owner s name, or

obtain a properly completed bond power from the registered holder of old notes.

The transfer of registered ownership may take considerable time and may not be completed prior to the expiration date.

If the applicable letter of transmittal is signed by the record holder(s) of the old notes tendered, the signature must correspond with the name(s) written on the face of the old notes without alteration, enlargement or any change whatsoever. If the applicable letter of transmittal is signed by a participant in DTC, the signature must correspond with the name as it appears on the security position listing as the holder of the old notes.

Generally, a signature on a letter of transmittal or a notice of withdrawal must be guaranteed by an eligible guarantor institution. Eligible guarantor institutions include banks, brokers, dealers, municipal securities dealers, municipal

securities brokers, government securities dealers, government securities brokers, credit unions, national securities exchanges, registered securities associations, clearing agencies and savings associations. The signature need not be guaranteed by an eligible guarantor institution if the old notes are tendered:

by a registered holder who has not completed the box entitled Special Issuance Instructions or Special Delivery Instructions on the letter of transmittal, or

for the account of an eligible institution.

If the letter of transmittal is signed by a person other than the registered holder of any old notes, the old notes must be endorsed or accompanied by a properly completed bond power. The bond power must be signed by the

26

#### **Table of Contents**

registered holder as the registered holder s name appears on the old notes and an eligible guarantor institution must guarantee the signature on the bond power.

If the letter of transmittal or any old notes or bond powers are signed by trustees, executors, administrators, guardians, attorneys-in-fact, officers of corporations or others acting in a fiduciary or representative capacity, these persons should so indicate when signing. Unless we waive this requirement, they should also submit evidence satisfactory to us of their authority to deliver the letter of transmittal.

We will determine in our sole discretion all questions as to the validity, form, eligibility, including time of receipt, acceptance and withdrawal of the tendered old notes. Our determination will be final and binding. We reserve the absolute right to reject any old notes not properly tendered or any old notes the acceptance of which would, in the opinion of our counsel, be unlawful. We also reserve the right to waive any defects, irregularities or conditions of tender as to particular old notes. Our interpretation of the terms and conditions of the exchange offer, including the instructions in the letter of transmittal, will be final and binding on all parties.

Unless waived, any defects or irregularities in connection with tenders of old notes must be cured within the time that we determine. Although we intend to notify holders of defects or irregularities with respect to tenders of old notes, neither we, the exchange agent nor any other person will incur any liability for failure to give such notification. Tenders of old notes will not be deemed made until those defects or irregularities have been cured or waived. Any old notes received by the exchange agent that are not properly tendered and as to which the defects or irregularities have not been cured or waived will be returned by the exchange agent without cost to the tendering holder, unless otherwise provided in the letter of transmittal, promptly following the expiration date.

In all cases, we will issue exchange notes for old notes that we have accepted for exchange under the exchange offer only after the exchange agent timely receives:

the old notes or a timely book-entry confirmation that the old notes have been transferred into the exchange agent s account at DTC, and

a properly completed and duly executed letter of transmittal and all other required documents or a properly transmitted agent s message.

Holders should receive copies of the applicable letter of transmittal with the prospectus. A holder may obtain copies of the applicable letter of transmittal for the old notes from the exchange agent at its offices listed under Exchange Agent.

By signing the letter of transmittal, or causing DTC to transmit an agent s message to the exchange agent, each tendering holder of old notes will, among other things, make the representations in the letter of transmittal described under Eligibility; Transferability.

## **DTC Book-Entry Transfer**

The exchange agent will make a request to establish an account with respect to the old notes at DTC for purposes of the exchange offer within three business days after the date of this prospectus.

With respect to the old notes, the exchange agent and DTC have confirmed that any financial institution that is a participant in DTC may utilize the DTC ATOP procedures to tender old notes.

With respect to the old notes, any participant in DTC may make book-entry delivery of old notes by causing DTC to transfer the old notes into the exchange agent s account in accordance with DTC s ATOP procedures for transfer.

However, the exchange for the old notes so tendered will only be made after a book-entry confirmation of such book-entry transfer of old notes into the exchange agent s account, and timely receipt by the exchange agent of an agent s message and any other documents required by the letter of transmittal. The term agent s message means a message, transmitted by DTC and received by the exchange agent and forming part of a book-entry confirmation, which states that DTC has received an express acknowledgment from a participant tendering old notes that are the subject of the book-entry confirmation that the participant has received and agrees to be bound by the terms of the letter of transmittal, and that we may enforce that agreement against the participant.

27

#### **Guaranteed Delivery Procedures**

Holders wishing to tender their old notes but whose old notes are not immediately available or who cannot deliver their old notes, the letter of transmittal or any other required documents to the exchange agent or cannot comply with the applicable procedures described above before expiration of the exchange offer may tender if:

the tender is made through an eligible guarantor institution, as described above under Procedures for Tendering,

before expiration of the exchange offer, the exchange agent receives from the eligible guarantor institution either a properly completed and duly executed notice of guaranteed delivery, by facsimile transmission, mail or hand delivery, or a properly transmitted agent s message and notice of guaranteed delivery, in each case:

setting forth the name and address of the holder and the registered number(s) and the principal amount of old notes tendered,

stating that the tender is being made by guaranteed delivery, and

guaranteeing that, within three New York Stock Exchange trading days after expiration of the exchange offer, the letter of transmittal, or facsimile thereof, together with the old notes or a book-entry transfer confirmation and any other documents required by the letter of transmittal, will be deposited by the eligible guarantor institution with the exchange agent, and

the exchange agent receives the properly completed and executed letter of transmittal, or facsimile thereof, as well as all tendered old notes in proper form for transfer or a book-entry transfer confirmation, and all other documents required by the letter of transmittal, within three New York Stock Exchange trading days after expiration of the exchange offer.

Upon request to the exchange agent, a notice of guaranteed delivery will be sent to holders who wish to tender their old notes according to the guaranteed delivery procedures set forth above.

#### Withdrawal of Tenders

Except as otherwise provided in this prospectus, holders of old notes may withdraw their tenders at any time before expiration of the exchange offer, in which event, we will return the old notes, at our expense, to the tendering holder promptly after the expiration of the exchange offer.

For a withdrawal to be effective, the exchange agent must receive a computer-generated notice of withdrawal transmitted by DTC on behalf of the holder in accordance with the standard operating procedures of DTC, or a written notice of withdrawal, which may be by facsimile transmission or letter, at one of the addresses set forth below under Exchange Agent.

Any notice of withdrawal must:

specify the name of the person having tendered the old notes to be withdrawn,

identify the old notes to be withdrawn (including the certificate number(s) of the outstanding notes physically delivered) and principal amount of such notes, or, in the case of notes transferred by book-entry transfer, the name of the account at DTC, and

be signed by the holder in the same manner as the original signature on the letter of transmittal by which such old notes were tendered, with any required signature guarantees, or be accompanied by documents of transfer sufficient to have the trustee with respect to the old notes register the transfer of such old notes into the name of the person withdrawing the tender.

If old notes have been tendered pursuant to the procedure for book-entry transfer described above, any notice of withdrawal must specify the name and number of the account at DTC to be credited with the withdrawn old notes and otherwise comply with the procedures of the facility.

We will determine in our sole discretion all questions as to the validity, form and eligibility, including time of receipt, of notices of withdrawal, and our determination shall be final and binding on all parties. We will deem any

28

old notes so withdrawn not to have been validly tendered for exchange for purposes of the exchange offer. We will return any old notes that have been tendered for exchange but that are not exchanged for any reason to their holder, without cost to the holder, promptly after withdrawal, rejection of tender or termination of the exchange offer. In the case of old notes tendered by book-entry transfer into the exchange agent s account at DTC according to the procedures described above, the old notes will be credited to an account maintained with DTC, for old notes, promptly after withdrawal, rejection of tender or termination of the exchange offer. You may retender properly withdrawn old notes by following one of the procedures described under Procedures for Tendering above at any time on or before expiration of the exchange offer.

A holder may obtain a form of the notice of withdrawal from the exchange agent at its offices listed under Exchange Agent.

#### **Exchange Agent**

The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A. has been appointed as exchange agent for the exchange offer. You should direct questions and requests for assistance, requests for additional copies of this prospectus or the letter of transmittal and requests for the notice of guaranteed delivery or notice of withdrawal to the exchange agent addressed as follows:

To: The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A. (as Exchange Agent )

By Mail, Overnight Courier or Hand: The Bank of New York 101 Barclay Street 7 East New York, N.Y. 10286

Attn: Mrs. Evangeline R. Gonzales, Corporate Trust Operations/Reorganization Unit

By Facsimile Transmission (for Eligible Institutions Only): (212) 298-1915

Confirm by Telephone: (212) 815-3687

DELIVERY OF THE LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL TO AN ADDRESS OTHER THAN AS SHOWN ABOVE OR TRANSMISSION VIA FACSIMILE OTHER THAN AS SET FORTH ABOVE DOES NOT CONSTITUTE A VALID DELIVERY OF THE LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL.

## Fees and Expenses

We will bear the expenses of soliciting tenders. The principal solicitation is being made by mail. However, we may make additional solicitations by telephone or in person by our and our affiliates officers and regular employees.

We have not retained any dealer-manager in connection with the exchange offer and will not make any payments to broker-dealers or others soliciting acceptances of the exchange offer. We will, however, pay the exchange agent reasonable and customary fees for its services and reimburse it for its related reasonable out-of-pocket expenses.

#### **Transfer Taxes**

We will pay all transfer taxes, if any, applicable to the exchange of old notes under the exchange offer. The tendering holder, however, will be required to pay any transfer taxes, whether imposed on the registered holder or any other

# person, if:

exchange notes are to be delivered to, or issued in the name of, any person other than the registered holder of the old notes so exchanged,

29

#### **Table of Contents**

tendered old notes are registered in the name of any person other than the person signing the letter of transmittal, or

a transfer tax is imposed for any reason other than the exchange of old notes under the exchange offer.

If satisfactory evidence of payment of transfer taxes imposed as a result of any of the circumstances listed above is not submitted with the letter of transmittal, the amount of any transfer taxes will be billed to the tendering holder.

### **Accounting Treatment**

We will record the exchange notes at the same carrying value as the old notes as reflected in our accounting records on the date of the exchange. Accordingly, we will not recognize any gain or loss for accounting purposes upon completion of the exchange offer.

### **Consequences of Failure to Tender**

All untendered old notes will remain subject to the restrictions on transfer provided for in the old notes and the indenture. Generally, the old notes that are not exchanged for exchange notes pursuant to the exchange offer will remain restricted securities. Accordingly, such old notes may be resold only:

to us (upon redemption thereof or otherwise),

pursuant to a registration statement that has been declared effective under the Securities Act,

for so long as the old notes are eligible for resale pursuant to Rule 144A, to a person the holder of the old notes and any person acting on its behalf reasonably believes is a qualified institutional buyer as defined in Rule 144A, that purchases for its own account or for the account of another qualified institutional buyer, in each case to whom notice is given that the transfer is being made in reliance on Rule 144A, or

pursuant to any other available exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act (in which case we and the trustee shall have the right to require the delivery of an opinion of counsel, certifications and/or other information satisfactory to us and the trustee), in each case subject to compliance with any applicable foreign, state or other securities laws.

Upon completion of the exchange offer, due to the restrictions on transfer of the old notes and the absence of such restrictions applicable to the exchange notes, it is likely that the market, if any, for old notes will be relatively less liquid than the market for exchange notes. Consequently, holders of old notes who do not participate in the exchange offer could experience significant diminution in the value of their old notes, compared to the value of the exchange notes. The holders of old notes not tendered will have no further registration rights, except that, under limited circumstances, we may be required to file a shelf registration statement for a continuous offer of old notes.

### **Governing Law**

The indenture, the exchange notes and old notes are governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of New York.

### **Description of Exchange Notes**

You can find the definitions of certain terms used in this description under the subheading Certain Definitions. In this description, the word Company refers only to United Auto Group, Inc. and not to any of its subsidiaries., the term old notes refers to the outstanding 7.75% senior subordinated notes due 2016, the term Exchange Notes or exchange notes refers to the notes offered hereby and the term notes or Notes refers to the old notes and the exchange notes.

The Company issued the old notes, and will issue the exchange notes, under an Indenture (the Indenture ) among itself, the Guarantors and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A., as trustee (the Trustee ). The terms

30

#### **Table of Contents**

of the Exchange Notes include those stated in the Indenture and those made part of the Indenture by reference to the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended (the Trust Indenture Act ).

The following description is a summary of the material provisions of the Indenture. It does not restate those agreements in their entirety. We urge you to read the Indenture because it, and not this description, defines your rights as holders of the Exchange Notes. Certain defined terms used in this description but not defined below under the caption Certain Definitions have the meanings assigned to them in the Indenture.

## **Brief Description of the Notes and Guarantees**

#### The Notes

The Notes:

were initially issued in the aggregate principal amount of \$375.0 million;

are general unsecured obligations of the Company;

are subordinated in right of payment to all existing and future Senior Debt of the Company;

are *pari passu* in right of payment with any existing and future senior subordinated Debt of the Company, including the Company s existing 3.5% Senior Subordinated Convertible Notes due 2026 (the 3.5% Notes); and

are guaranteed by the Guarantors.

#### The Guarantees

The Notes are fully and unconditionally guaranteed, jointly and severally, on a senior subordinated basis by all of the direct and indirect, wholly owned Domestic Subsidiaries of the Company as of the Issue Date. The Company s existing non-wholly owned Domestic Subsidiaries do not guarantee the Notes. Future Domestic Subsidiaries that guarantee other Debt of the Company and its Subsidiaries will guarantee the Notes; *provided* that certain future Domestic Subsidiaries will not need to guarantee the Notes if the Consolidated Tangible Assets of all such non-guarantors do not exceed 1% of the Consolidated Tangible Assets of the Company. In addition, the Company s Foreign Subsidiaries will not guarantee the Notes. Each Guarantee will rank equally with the Guarantor s existing and future unsecured senior subordinated Debt, including any guarantee by such Guarantor of the 3.5% Notes, as described under Note Guarantees.

### Each Guarantee of the Notes:

is a general unsecured obligation of the Guarantor;

is subordinated in right of payment to all existing and future Senior Guarantor Debt of the Guarantor; and

is pari passu in right of payment with all existing and future senior subordinated Debt of the Guarantor.

Under the circumstances described below under the caption Certain Covenants Designation of Restricted and Unrestricted Subsidiaries, the Company will be permitted to designate certain of its Subsidiaries as Unrestricted Subsidiaries. Unrestricted Subsidiaries will not be subject to any of the restrictive covenants in the Indenture. Unrestricted Subsidiaries will not guarantee the Notes.

# Principal, Maturity and Interest

The Notes will mature on December 15, 2016, were initially issued in \$375.0 million aggregate principal amount, and are unsecured senior subordinated obligations of the Company. Each Note bears interest at 7.75% from the date of issuance or from the most recent interest payment date to which interest has been paid, payable semiannually in arrears on June 15 and December 15 in each year, commencing June 15, 2007, to the Person in whose name the Note (or any predecessor Note) is registered at the close of business on the June 1 or December 1 next preceding such interest payment date. Interest will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year comprised of twelve 30-day months.

31

#### **Table of Contents**

The Company may from time to time, without notice to or the consent of the holders of Notes, create and issue further Notes ranking equally with the Notes in all respects, subject to the limitations described under the caption Certain Covenants *Limitations on Debt*. Any further Notes may be consolidated and form a single series with the Notes, vote together with the Notes and have the same terms as to status, redemption or otherwise as the Notes. References to Notes in this Description of the Exchange Notes include these additional Notes, unless the context requires otherwise.

### **Issuance and Methods of Receiving Payments on the Notes**

Principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Notes will be payable, and the Notes will be exchangeable and transferable, at the office or agency of the Company maintained for such purposes (which initially will be the corporate trust office of the Trustee); *provided, however*, that payment of interest may be made at the option of the Company by check mailed to the Person entitled to it as shown on the security register. The Notes will be issued only in fully registered form without coupons, in minimum denominations of \$2,000 and any integral multiple of \$1,000 in excess thereof. No service charge will be made for any registration of transfer, exchange or redemption of Notes, except in certain circumstances for any tax or other governmental charge that may be imposed in connection with the transfer, exchange or redemption.

### **Paying Agent and Registrar for the Notes**

The Trustee will initially act as Paying Agent and Registrar. The Company may change the Paying Agent or Registrar without prior notice to the Holders, and the Company or any of its Subsidiaries may act as Paying Agent or Registrar.

### **Transfer and Exchange**

Each Note may be transferred or exchanged in accordance with the Indenture. The Registrar and the Trustee may require a holder of Notes, among other things, to furnish appropriate endorsements and transfer documents and the Company may require a holder to pay any taxes and fees required by law or permitted by the Indenture. The Company is not required to transfer or exchange any Note selected for redemption. Also, the Company is not required to transfer or exchange any Note for a period of 15 days before a selection of Notes to be redeemed.

The registered holder of a Note will be treated as the owner of it for all purposes.

#### **Note Guarantees**

Payment of the Notes is guaranteed by the Guarantors jointly and severally, fully and unconditionally, on a senior subordinated basis. The Guarantors are comprised of all of the direct and indirect wholly owned Domestic Subsidiaries of the Company as of the Issue Date. The Company s non-wholly owned Domestic Subsidiaries will not guarantee the Notes. Future Domestic Subsidiaries that guarantee other Debt of the Company and its Subsidiaries will guarantee the Notes; *provided* that certain future Domestic Subsidiaries will not need to guarantee the Notes if the Consolidated Tangible Assets of all such non-guarantors do not exceed 1% of the Consolidated Tangible Assets of the Company. In addition, the Company s Foreign Subsidiaries have not and will not guarantee the Notes. Substantially all of the Company s operations are conducted through its Subsidiaries. If the Company defaults in payment of the principal of, premium, if any, or interest on the Notes, each of the Guarantors will be fully and unconditionally, jointly and severally obligated to duly and punctually pay it.

The obligations of each Guarantor under its Guarantee are limited to the maximum amount which, after (1) giving effect to all other contingent and fixed liabilities of such Guarantor, and (2) giving effect to any collections from or payments made by or on behalf of any other Guarantor in respect of the obligations of such other Guarantor under its Guarantee or pursuant to its contribution obligations under the Indenture, will result in the obligations of such

Guarantor under its Guarantee not constituting a fraudulent conveyance or fraudulent transfer under Federal or state law. Each Guarantor that makes a payment or distribution under its Guarantee shall be entitled to a contribution from any other Guarantor in a *pro rata* amount based on the net assets of each Guarantor determined in accordance with GAAP. See Risk Factors *Federal and state statutes allow courts, under specific* 

32

#### **Table of Contents**

circumstances, to void guarantees of the exchange notes. In such event, holders of exchange notes would be structurally subordinated to creditors of the issuer of the voided guarantee.

### **Optional Redemption**

At any time prior to December 15, 2011, the Company may redeem the Notes, in whole or in part, on not less than 30 nor more than 60 days prior notice, in amounts of \$2,000 or an integral multiple of \$1,000 in excess thereof, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount thereof plus the Applicable Premium as of, and accrued and unpaid interest thereon, if any, to, the date of redemption (subject to the rights of holders of record on relevant record dates to receive interest due on an interest payment date).

The Notes will be subject to redemption at any time on or after December 15, 2011, at the option of the Company, in whole or in part, on not less than 30 nor more than 60 days prior notice, in amounts of \$2,000 or an integral multiple of \$1,000 in excess thereof, at the following redemption prices (expressed as percentages of the principal amount), if redeemed during the 12-month period beginning December 15 of the years indicated below:

Year	Redemption price
2011	103.875%
2012	102.583%
2013	101.292%

and thereafter at 100% of the principal amount, in each case, together with accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the redemption date (subject to the rights of holders of record on relevant record dates to receive interest due on an interest payment date).

In addition, at any time prior to December 15, 2009, the Company, at its option, may use the net cash proceeds of one or more Equity Offerings to redeem up to an aggregate of 40% of the aggregate principal amount of the Notes issued under the Indenture at a redemption price equal to 107.750% of the aggregate principal amount of the Notes redeemed, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the redemption date (subject to the rights of holders of record on relevant record dates to receive interest due on an interest payment date). At least 60% of the aggregate principal amount of Notes issued under the Indenture must remain outstanding immediately after the occurrence of such redemption. In order to effect this redemption, the Company must mail a notice of redemption no later than 30 days after the closing of the related Equity Offering and must complete such redemption within 60 days of the closing of the Equity Offering.

If less than all of the Notes are to be redeemed, the Trustee shall select the Notes or portions of them to be redeemed in compliance with the requirements of the principal national security exchange, if any, on which the Notes are listed. If the Notes are not so listed, the Trustee shall select them on a pro rata basis, by lot or by any other method the Trustee shall deem fair and reasonable; *provided*, that Notes redeemed in part shall be redeemed only in amounts of \$2,000 or integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess thereof (subject to the procedures of The Depository Trust Company

or any other Depositary).

# **Mandatory Redemption**

The Company is not required to make mandatory redemption or sinking fund payments with respect to the Notes.

33

#### **Table of Contents**

#### **Purchase of Notes Upon a Change of Control**

#### General

If a Change of Control shall occur at any time, then each holder of Notes shall have the right to require that the Company purchase such holder s Notes in whole or in part in amounts of \$2,000 or integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess thereof, at a purchase price (the Change of Control Purchase Price ) in cash in an amount equal to 101% of the principal amount of such Notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the date of purchase (the Change of Control Purchase Date ), pursuant to the offer described below (the Change of Control Offer ) and in accordance with the other procedures set forth in the Indenture.

#### **Procedure**

Within 30 days of any Change of Control or, at the Company s option, prior to such Change of Control but after it is publicly announced, the Company shall notify the Trustee and give written notice of the Change of Control to each holder of Notes, by first-class mail, postage prepaid, at his address appearing in the security register. The notice will state, among other things,

- (1) that a Change of Control has occurred or will occur and the date of the event;
- (2) the circumstances and relevant facts regarding such Change of Control (including, but not limited to, information with respect to pro forma historical income, cash flow and capitalization after giving effect to such Change of Control);
- (3) the purchase price and the purchase date which shall be fixed by the Company on a business day no earlier than 30 days nor later than 60 days from the date such notice is mailed, or such later date as is necessary to comply with requirements under the Exchange Act; provided that the purchase date may not occur prior to the Change of Control;
- (4) that any Note not tendered will continue to accrue interest;
- (5) that, unless the Company defaults in the payment of the Change of Control Purchase Price, any Notes accepted for payment pursuant to the Change of Control Offer shall cease to accrue interest after the Change of Control Purchase Date: and
- (6) certain other procedures that a holder of Notes must follow to accept a Change of Control Offer or to withdraw such acceptance.

#### **Stipulations**

If a Change of Control Offer is made, there can be no assurance that the Company will have available funds sufficient to pay the Change of Control Purchase Price for all or any of the Notes that might be delivered by holders of the Notes seeking to accept the Change of Control Offer. See Ranking. The failure of the Company to make or consummate the Change of Control Offer or pay the Change of Control Purchase Price when due will give the Trustee and the holders of the Notes the rights described under the caption Events of Default.

In addition to the obligations of the Company under the Indenture with respect to the Notes in the event of a change of control, the Credit Agreement also contains an event of default upon a change of control as defined in the Credit Agreement which obligates the Company to repay amounts outstanding under such agreement upon an acceleration of

the Debt incurred under the Credit Agreement. The Credit Agreement also prohibits the Company from repurchasing the Notes upon a Change of Control or otherwise. In addition, some of the Restricted Subsidiaries Floor Plan Facilities contain an event of default upon a change of control (as defined in those facilities) of the Company or the relevant Restricted Subsidiary which obligates such Restricted Subsidiaries to repay amounts outstanding under such agreements upon such a change of control. In addition, a change of control could result in a termination or nonrenewal of one or more of the Company s franchise agreements or its other agreements with Manufacturers.

The term all or substantially all as used in the definition of Change of Control has not been interpreted under New York law, the governing law of the Indenture, to represent a specific quantitative test. As a consequence,

34

#### **Table of Contents**

in the event the holders of the Notes elected to exercise their rights under the Indenture and the Company elected to contest such election, it is unclear how a court interpreting New York law would interpret the phrase.

The existence of a holder s right to require the Company to repurchase the holder s Notes upon a Change of Control may deter a third party from acquiring the Company in a transaction which constitutes a Change of Control.

The provisions of the Indenture will not afford holders of the Notes the right to require the Company to repurchase the Notes in the event of a highly leveraged transaction or certain transactions with the Company s management or its Affiliates, including a reorganization, restructuring, merger or similar transaction (including, in certain circumstances, an acquisition of the Company by management or its affiliates) involving the Company that may adversely affect holders of the Notes, if such transaction is not a transaction defined as a Change of Control. A transaction involving the Company s management or its Affiliates, or a transaction involving a recapitalization of the Company, will result in a Change of Control if it is the type of transaction specified by such definition.

The Company will comply with the applicable tender offer rules, including Rule 14e-1 under the Exchange Act, and any other applicable securities laws or regulations in connection with a Change of Control Offer.

The Company will not be required to make a Change of Control Offer upon a Change of Control if a third party makes the Change of Control Offer in the manner, at the times and otherwise in compliance with the requirements described in the Indenture applicable to a Change of Control Offer made by the Company and purchases all Notes validly tendered and not withdrawn under such Change of Control Offer.

#### **Ranking**

#### General

The payment of the Indenture Obligations will be subordinated, as set forth in the Indenture, in right of payment, to the prior payment in full in cash (or as otherwise agreed to by the holders of Senior Debt) of all Senior Debt. The Notes are senior subordinated Debt of the Company ranking *pari passu* with all other existing and future senior subordinated Debt of the Company and senior to all existing and future Subordinated Debt of the Company. The Notes are subordinated to all secured Debt of the Company and effectively subordinated to all of the liabilities of the Company s Subsidiaries that do not guarantee the Notes.

The Company s non-wholly owned Domestic Subsidiaries, on the Issue Date have not and will not guarantee the Notes. Future Domestic Subsidiaries that guarantee other Debt of the Company and its Subsidiaries will guarantee the Notes; provided that certain future Domestic Subsidiaries will not need to guarantee the Notes if the Consolidated Tangible Assets of all such non-guarantors do not exceed 1% of the Consolidated Tangible Assets of the Company. In addition, the Company s Foreign Subsidiaries have not and will not guarantee the Notes. See Note Guarantees. At December 31, 2006, the Company and its Subsidiaries had approximately \$1.2 billion of total long-term Debt outstanding and \$1.2 billion of floor plan notes payable outstanding. The Company also had \$600 million of additional Debt capacity under the U.S. Credit Agreement and \$107.4 million of additional Debt capacity under the U.K. Credit Agreement. Effective February 13, 2007, the Company permanently reduced the credit availability under the U.S. credit agreement from \$600.0 million to \$250.0 million and the letter of credit availability from \$50.0 million to \$10.0 million in order to enable us to avoid certain credit availability fees specified in the agreement. Giving effect to the reduction, our total senior debt capacity under our U.S. and U.K. credit agreements would have been \$357.4 million as of December 31, 2006. In addition, the Guarantors had outstanding \$559.3 million of Senior Guarantor Debt (not including inter-company Debt and subsidiary guarantees of Debt under the Credit Agreement). The Company s non-guarantor subsidiaries had approximately \$760.5 million of Debt and other liabilities (not including inter-company liabilities and subsidiary guarantees of Debt under the Credit Agreement).

# **Payment Stoppages**

Upon the occurrence and during the continuance of any default in the payment of any Designated Senior Debt (whether upon maturity, mandatory prepayment, acceleration or otherwise) beyond any applicable grace period, no payment (other than payments previously made or set aside pursuant to the provisions described under the caption Defeasance or Covenant Defeasance ) or distribution of any assets of the Company or any Subsidiary of any

35

#### **Table of Contents**

kind or character (excluding certain Permitted Junior Payments) may be made on account of the Indenture Obligations or on account of the purchase, redemption, defeasance or other acquisition of or in respect of, the Indenture Obligations unless and until such default shall have been cured or waived or shall have ceased to exist or such Designated Senior Debt shall have been discharged or paid in full in cash or as otherwise agreed to by the holders of Designated Senior Debt after which the Company shall resume making any and all required payments in respect of the Indenture Obligations, including any missed payments.

Upon the occurrence and during the continuance of any non-payment default or non-payment event of default with respect to any Designated Senior Debt pursuant to which the maturity thereof may then be accelerated (a Non-payment Default ) and after the receipt by the Trustee (1) if Debt is outstanding under the Credit Agreement, from the agent thereunder and (2) if no Debt is outstanding under the Credit Agreement, from a representative of holders of any Designated Senior Debt, in each case, referred to as a Senior Representative, of written notice of such Non-Payment Default, no payment (other than payments previously made or set aside pursuant to the provisions described under the caption — Defeasance or Covenant Defeasance ) or distribution of any assets of the Company of any kind or character (excluding any Permitted Junior Payment) may be made by the Company or any Subsidiary on account of the Indenture Obligations or on account of the purchase, redemption, defeasance or other acquisition of, or in respect of, the Indenture Obligations for the period specified below (the Payment Blockage Period ).

The Payment Blockage Period shall commence upon the receipt of notice of the Non-payment Default by the Trustee and the Company from a Senior Representative and shall end on the earliest of:

- (1) the 179th day after such commencement;
- (2) the date on which such Non-payment Default (and all other Non-payment Defaults as to which notice is given after such Payment Blockage Period is initiated) is cured, waived or ceases to exist or on which such Designated Senior Debt is discharged or paid in full in cash or as otherwise agreed to by the holders of Designated Senior Debt; or
- (3) the date on which such Payment Blockage Period (and all Non-payment Defaults as to which notice is given after such Payment Blockage Period is initiated) shall have been terminated by written notice to the Company or the Trustee from the Senior Representative initiating such Payment Blockage Period.

After the occurrence of any of the dates set forth in clauses (1), (2) or (3), the Company will promptly resume making any and all required payments in respect of the Notes, including any missed payments. In no event will a Payment Blockage Period extend beyond 179 days from the date of the receipt by the Company and the Trustee of the notice initiating such Payment Blockage Period (such 179-day period referred to as the Initial Period ). Any number of notices of Non-payment Defaults may be given during the Initial Period; *provided* that during any period of 360 consecutive days only one Payment Blockage Period, during which payment of principal of, premium, if any, or interest on, the Notes may not be made, may commence and the duration of such period may not exceed 179 days. No Non-payment Default with respect to Designated Senior Debt that existed or was continuing on the date of the commencement of any Payment Blockage Period will be, or can be, made the basis for the commencement of a second Payment Blockage Period, whether or not within a period of 360 consecutive days, unless such default has been cured or waived for a period of not less than 90 consecutive days (it being acknowledged that any subsequent action or any breach of a financial covenant for a period ending after the date of commencement of such Payment Blockage Period that, in either case, would give rise to an event of default pursuant to any provision under which an event of default previously existed or was continuing shall constitute a new event of default for this purpose).

If the Company fails to make any payment on the Notes when due or within any applicable grace period, whether or not on account of the payment blockage provisions referred to above, such failure would constitute an Event of Default under the Indenture and would enable the holders of the Notes to accelerate the maturity thereof. See Events

of Default.

# Liquidation/Insolvency

The Indenture will provide that in the event of any insolvency or bankruptcy case or proceeding, or any receivership, liquidation, reorganization or other similar case or proceeding in connection therewith, relative to the Company or its assets, or liquidation, dissolution or other winding up of the Company, whether voluntary or

36

#### **Table of Contents**

involuntary, or whether or not involving insolvency or bankruptcy, or any assignment for the benefit of creditors or other marshaling of assets or liabilities of the Company, then and in any such event all amounts due or to become due on or in respect of the Senior Debt must first be paid in full in cash (or as otherwise agreed to by the holders of Senior Debt) before any payment or distribution, excluding Permitted Junior Payments, is made on account of the Indenture Obligations or on account of the purchase, redemption, defeasance or other acquisition of or in respect of the Indenture Obligations (other than payments previously made or set aside pursuant to the provisions described under the caption Defeasance or Covenant Defeasance ).

By reason of such subordination, in the event of liquidation or insolvency, creditors of the Company may recover more, ratably, than the holders of the Notes. Funds which would be otherwise payable to the holders of the Notes will be paid to the holders of the Senior Debt to the extent necessary to pay the Senior Debt in full in cash (or as otherwise agreed to by the holders of Senior Debt) and the Company may be unable to meet its obligations fully with respect to the Notes.

#### Guarantees

Each Guarantee of a Guarantor is an unsecured senior subordinated obligation of such Guarantor, ranking *pari passu* with, or senior in right of payment to, all other existing and future Debt of such Guarantor that is expressly subordinated to Senior Guarantor Debt. The Debt evidenced by the Guarantees is subordinated to Senior Guarantor Debt to substantially the same extent as the Notes are subordinated to Senior Debt and during any period when payment on the Notes is blocked by Designated Senior Debt, payment on the Guarantees is similarly blocked.

### **Related Definitions**

Senior Debt means the principal of, premium, if any, and interest (including interest accruing after the filing of a petition initiating any proceeding under any state, federal or foreign bankruptcy law, whether or not such interest is allowed or allowable under such proceeding) on any Debt of the Company and all other monetary obligations of every kind or nature (including but not limited to fees, indemnities and expenses) due on or in connection with any such Debt (other than as otherwise provided in this definition), whether outstanding on the Issue Date or thereafter created, incurred or assumed, and whether at any time owing, actually or contingent, unless, in the case of any particular Debt, the instrument creating or evidencing the same or pursuant to which the same is outstanding expressly provides that such Debt shall not be senior in right of payment to the Notes. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Senior Debt shall (x) include the Credit Agreement and the Floor Plan Facilities and any Interest Rate Agreement, Currency Hedging Agreement and Commodity Price Protection Agreement of the Company to the extent the Company is a party thereto and (y) not include:

- (1) Debt evidenced by the Notes;
- (2) Debt that, by its express terms or by the express terms of the agreement or instrument creating or evidencing the same or pursuant to which the same is outstanding, is subordinate or junior in right of payment to any Debt of the Company;
- (3) Debt which when incurred and without respect to any election under Section 1111(b) of Title 11 United States Code, is without recourse to the Company;
- (4) Debt which is represented by Redeemable Capital Stock;
- (5) any liability for foreign, federal, state, local or other taxes owed or owing by the Company to the extent such liability constitutes Debt;

- (6) Debt of the Company to a Subsidiary or any other Affiliate of the Company (other than Mitsui & Co. (USA), Inc. and Mitsui & Co., Ltd. and any of their affiliates) or any of such Affiliate s Subsidiaries;
- (7) to the extent it might constitute Debt, amounts owing for goods, materials or services purchased in the ordinary course of business (other than Floor Plan Facilities) or consisting of trade accounts payable owed or owing by the Company, and amounts owed by the Company for compensation to employees or services rendered to the Company;

37

#### **Table of Contents**

- (8) that portion of any Debt which at the time of issuance is issued in violation of the Indenture; and
- (9) Debt evidenced by any guarantee of any Subordinated Debt or *Pari Passu* Debt.

Designated Senior Debt means (1) all Senior Debt under the Credit Agreement or Floor Plan Facilities and (2) any other Senior Debt which at the time of determination has an aggregate principal amount outstanding of at least \$25 million and which is specifically designated in the instrument evidencing such Senior Debt or the agreement under which such Senior Debt arises as Designated Senior Debt by the Company.

Senior Guarantor Debt means the principal of, premium, if any, and interest (including interest accruing after the filing of a petition initiating any proceeding under any state, federal or foreign bankruptcy law, whether or not such interest is allowed or allowable under such proceeding) on any Debt of any Guarantor and all other monetary obligations of every kind or nature (including but not limited to fees, indemnities and expenses) due on or in connection with any such Debt (other than as otherwise provided in this definition), whether outstanding on the Issue Date or thereafter created, incurred or assumed, and whether at any time owing, actually or contingent, without giving effect to any reduction in the amount of such Debt necessary to render the obligation of any Guarantor with respect thereto (as obligor, guarantor or otherwise) not voidable or avoidable under applicable law, unless, in the case of any particular Debt, the instrument creating or evidencing the same or pursuant to which the same is outstanding expressly provides that such Debt shall not be senior in right of payment to any Guarantee. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Senior Guarantor Debt shall (x) include all borrowings of each Guarantor under, and all guarantees by each Guarantor of, the Credit Agreement and the Floor Plan Facilities and any Interest Rate Agreement, Currency Hedging Agreement and Commodity Price Protection Agreement of such Guarantor and (y) not include:

- (1) Debt evidenced by the Guarantees or the Guarantees with respect to the Notes;
- (2) Debt that, by its express terms or by the express terms of the agreement or instrument creating or evidencing the same or pursuant to which the same is outstanding, is subordinated or junior in right of payment to any Debt of such Guarantor:
- (3) Debt which when incurred and without respect to any election under Section 1111(b) of Title 11 United States Code, is without recourse to such Guarantor;
- (4) Debt which is represented by Redeemable Capital Stock;
- (5) any liability for foreign, federal, state, local or other taxes owed or owing by such Guarantor to the extent such liability constitutes Debt;
- (6) Debt of such Guarantor to a Subsidiary or any other Affiliate of the Company (other than Mitsui & Co. (USA), Inc. and Mitsui & Co., Ltd. and any of their affiliates) or any of such Affiliate s Subsidiaries;
- (7) to the extent it might constitute Debt, amounts owing for goods, materials or services purchased in the ordinary course of business (other than Floor Plan Facilities) or consisting of trade accounts payable owed or owing by such Guarantor, and amounts owed by such Guarantor for compensation to employees or services rendered to such Guarantor;
- (8) that portion of any Debt which at the time of issuance is issued in violation of the Indenture; and
- (9) Debt evidenced by any guarantee of any Subordinated Debt or *Pari Passu* Debt.

### Certain Covenants

The Indenture contains, among others, the following covenants:

### Limitation on Debt

(a) The Company will not, and will not cause or permit any of its Restricted Subsidiaries to, create, issue, incur, assume, guarantee or otherwise in any manner become directly or indirectly liable for the payment of or otherwise incur, contingently or otherwise (collectively, incur), any Debt (including any Acquired Debt), unless such Debt is incurred by the Company or any Guarantor and, in each case, the Company s Consolidated Fixed

38

#### **Table of Contents**

Charge Coverage Ratio for the most recent four full fiscal quarters for which financial statements are available immediately preceding the incurrence of such Debt taken as one period is at least equal to or greater than 2.00:1.

- (b) Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Company and, to the extent specifically set forth below, the Restricted Subsidiaries may incur each and all of the following (collectively, the Permitted Debt ):
- (1) Debt of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary under the Credit Agreement, any Credit Facility or the U.K. Credit Agreement, in an aggregate principal amount at any one time outstanding not to exceed \$1.25 billion in any case under these agreements or in respect of letters of credit under these agreements;
- (2) Debt of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary under any Inventory Facility;
- (3) Debt of the Company pursuant to the Notes and Debt of any Guarantor pursuant to a Guarantee of the Notes;
- (4) Debt of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary outstanding on the Issue Date and not otherwise referred to in this definition of Permitted Debt:
- (5) Debt of the Company owing to a Restricted Subsidiary; *provided* that any Debt of the Company owing to a Restricted Subsidiary that is not a Guarantor is unsecured and is subordinated in right of payment from and after such time as the Notes shall become due and payable (whether at Stated Maturity, acceleration or otherwise) to the payment and performance of the Company s obligations under the Notes; *provided, further*, that any disposition, pledge or transfer of any such Debt to a Person (other than a disposition, pledge or transfer to a Restricted Subsidiary or a pledge to a lender under a Credit Facility, provided that such lender has not commenced an enforcement action with respect thereto) shall be deemed to be an incurrence of such Debt by the Company or other obligor not permitted by this clause (5);
- (6) Debt of a Restricted Subsidiary owing to the Company or another Restricted Subsidiary; *provided* that any disposition, pledge or transfer of any such Debt to a Person (other than a disposition, pledge or transfer to the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary or a pledge to a lender under a Credit Facility, provided that such lender has not commenced an enforcement action with respect thereto) shall be deemed to be an incurrence of such Debt by the obligor not permitted by this clause (6);
- (7) guarantees of any Restricted Subsidiary made in accordance with the provisions of the covenant described under the caption *Future Guarantees*;
- (8) obligations of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary (a) pursuant to Interest Rate Agreements as long as such obligations do not exceed the aggregate principal amount of such Debt then outstanding, (b) under any Currency Hedging Agreements; *provided*, *however*, that such Currency Hedging Agreements do not increase the Debt or other obligations of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary outstanding other than as a result of fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates or by reason of fees, indemnities and compensation payable under such Currency Hedging Agreements or (c) under any Commodity Price Protection Agreements which do not increase the amount of Debt or other obligations of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary outstanding other than as a result of fluctuations in commodity prices or by reason of fees, indemnities and compensation payable under such Commodity Price Protection Agreements, and guarantees by Guarantors in respect thereof; *provided* that in the case of each of clauses (a), (b) and (c) such agreements are not entered into for speculative purposes;
- (9) Debt of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary represented by Capital Lease Obligations or Purchase Money Obligations or other Debt incurred or assumed in connection with the acquisition or development of real or personal, movable or immovable, property in each case incurred for the purpose of financing or refinancing all or any part of the

purchase price or cost of construction or improvement of property used in the business of the Company, in an aggregate principal amount pursuant to this clause (9) not to exceed the greater of (i) \$75 million and (ii) 2% of the Company s Consolidated Total Assets outstanding at any time; *provided* that the principal amount of any Debt permitted under this clause (9) did not in each case at the time of incurrence exceed the Fair Market Value, as determined by the Company in good faith, of the acquired or constructed asset or improvement so financed;

39

#### **Table of Contents**

- (10) obligations arising from agreements by the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary to provide for indemnification, customary purchase price closing adjustments, earn-outs or other similar obligations, in each case, incurred in connection with the acquisition or disposition of any business or assets of a Restricted Subsidiary;
- (11) Debt incurred by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary constituting reimbursement obligations with respect to letters of credit, including letters of credit in respect of workers—compensation claims, or other Debt with respect to reimbursement type obligations regarding workers—compensation claims; *provided* that upon the drawing of such letters of credit, such obligations are reimbursed within 30 days following such drawing or incurrence or supported under the Credit Agreement, the U.K. Credit Agreement or any Credit Facility;
- (12) Debt of Foreign Subsidiaries in the aggregate amount outstanding pursuant to this clause (12) at any time not to exceed (x) \$300 million, plus (y) 5% of the Consolidated Tangible Assets of the Company, *provided* that Foreign Subsidiaries may not incur Debt pursuant to this clause (y) unless the Company can incur \$1.00 of additional Debt (other than Permitted Debt) under paragraph (a) of this covenant after giving effect to such incurrence;
- (13) guarantees by the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary of Debt of a Restricted Subsidiary that was permitted to be incurred under this covenant;
- (14) any renewals, extensions, substitutions, refundings, refinancings or replacements (collectively, a refinancing) of any Debt incurred pursuant to paragraph (a) above or clauses (3), (4) and this clause (14) of this definition of Permitted Debt, including any successive refinancings so long as the borrower under such refinancing is the Company or, if not the Company, the same as the borrower of the Debt being refinanced and the aggregate principal amount of Debt represented thereby (or if such Debt provides for an amount less than the principal amount thereof to be due and payable upon a declaration of acceleration of the maturity of such Debt, the original issue price of such Debt plus any accreted value attributable thereto since the original issuance of such Debt) does not exceed the initial principal amount of such Debt plus the lesser of (I) the stated amount of any premium or other payment required to be paid in connection with such a refinancing pursuant to the terms of the Debt being refinanced or (II) the amount of premium or other payment actually paid at such time to refinance the Debt, plus, in either case, the amount of the expenses of the Company incurred in connection with such refinancing and (A) in the case of any refinancing of Debt that is Subordinated Debt, such new Debt is made subordinated to the Notes at least to the same extent as the Debt being refinanced and (B) in the case of *Pari Passu* Debt or Subordinated Debt, as the case may be, such refinancing does not reduce the Average Life to Stated Maturity or the Stated Maturity of such Debt;
- (15) Debt of the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries arising from the honoring by a bank or other financial institution of a check, draft or similar instrument inadvertently (except in the case of daylight overdrafts) drawn against insufficient funds in the ordinary course of business; *provided*, *however*, that such Debt is extinguished within five business days of incurrence;
- (16) obligations in respect of performance, bid, appeal and surety bonds and completion guarantees and similar obligations provided by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary in the ordinary course of business;
- (17) the incurrence by the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries of Acquired Debt; *provided*, that after giving effect to such acquisition and the incurrence of such Acquired Debt, either (A) the Company can incur \$1.00 of additional Debt (other than Permitted Debt) under paragraph (a) of this covenant, or (B) the Company s Consolidated Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio would be equal to or greater than immediately prior to such acquisition;
- (18) Debt of the Company to the extent the net proceeds thereof are promptly deposited to defease the Notes as described below under Defeasance or Covenant Defeasance;

(19) shares of Preferred Stock of a Restricted Subsidiary issued to the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary of the Company; *provided* that any subsequent transfer of any such shares of Preferred Stock (except to the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary or a pledge to a lender under a Credit Facility, provided that

40

#### **Table of Contents**

such lender has not commenced an enforcement action with respect thereto) shall be deemed to be an issuance of Preferred Stock that was not permitted by this clause (19); and

(20) Debt of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries, in addition to that described in clauses (1) through (19) above, and any renewals, extensions, substitutions, refinancings or replacements of such Debt, so long as the aggregate principal amount of all such Debt shall not exceed \$50 million outstanding at any one time in the aggregate.

For purposes of determining compliance with this covenant, in the event that an item of Debt meets the criteria of more than one of the types of Debt described in clauses (1) through (20) above or is entitled to be incurred pursuant to the paragraph (a) of this covenant, the Company in its sole discretion may classify or reclassify such item of Debt and only be required to include the amount of such Debt as one of such types. Accrual of interest, accretion or amortization of original issue discount and the payment of interest on any Debt in the form of additional Debt with the same terms, and the payment of dividends on any Redeemable Capital Stock or Preferred Stock in the form of additional shares of the same class of Redeemable Capital Stock or Preferred Stock will not be deemed to be an incurrence of Debt for purposes of this covenant *provided*, in each such case, that the amount thereof as accrued over time is included in the Consolidated Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio of the Company.

Debt permitted by this Limitation on Debt covenant need not be permitted solely by reference to one provision permitting such Debt but may be permitted in part by one such provision and in part by one or more other provisions of this covenant permitting such Debt.

For purposes of determining compliance with any U.S. dollar-denominated restriction on the incurrence of Debt denominated in a foreign currency, the U.S. dollar-equivalent principal amount of such Debt incurred pursuant thereto shall be calculated based on the relevant currency exchange rate in effect on the date that such Debt was incurred, in the case of term debt, or first committed, in the case of revolving credit debt; *provided* that if such Debt is incurred to extend, replace, refund, refinance, renew or defease other Debt denominated in a foreign currency, and such extension, replacement, refunding, refinancing, renewal or defeasance would cause the applicable U.S. dollar-denominated restriction to be exceeded if calculated at the relevant currency exchange rate in effect on the date of such extension, replacement, refunding, refinancing, renewal or defeasance, such U.S. dollar-denominated restriction shall be deemed not to have been exceeded so long as the principal amount of such refinancing Debt does not exceed the principal amount of such Debt being extended, replaced, refunded, refinanced, renewed or defeased.

Except as provided in the prior paragraph, the principal amount of any Debt incurred to extend, replace, refund, refinance, renew or defease other Debt, if incurred in a different currency from the Debt being extended, replaced, refunded, refinanced, renewed or defeased, shall be calculated based on the currency exchange rate applicable to the currencies in which such respective Debt is denominated that is in effect on the date of such extension, replacement, refunding, refinancing, renewal or defeasance.

#### Limitation on Restricted Payments

- (a) The Company will not, and will not cause or permit any Restricted Subsidiary to, directly or indirectly:
- (1) pay any dividend on, or make any distribution to holders of, any shares of the Company s Capital Stock (other than dividends or distributions payable solely in shares of its Qualified Capital Stock or in options, warrants or other rights to acquire shares of such Qualified Capital Stock);
- (2) purchase, redeem, defease or otherwise acquire or retire for value, directly or indirectly, Capital Stock of the Company or any direct or indirect parent of the Company or options, warrants or other rights to acquire such Capital Stock:

(3) make any principal payment on, or repurchase, redeem, defease, retire or otherwise acquire for value, prior to any scheduled principal payment, sinking fund payment or maturity, any Subordinated Debt, except a repurchase, redemption, defeasance or retirement within one year of final maturity thereof;

41

#### **Table of Contents**

- (4) pay any dividend or distribution on any Capital Stock of any Restricted Subsidiary to any Person (other than:
- (a) to the Company or any of its Wholly Owned Restricted Subsidiaries; or
- (b) dividends or distributions made by a Restricted Subsidiary:
- (1) organized as a partnership, limited liability company or similar pass-through entity to the holders of its Capital Stock in amounts sufficient to satisfy the tax liabilities arising from their ownership of such Capital Stock; or
- (2) on a pro rata basis to all stockholders of such Restricted Subsidiary); or
- (5) make any Investment in any Person (other than any Permitted Investments)

(any of the foregoing actions described in clauses (1) through (5), other than any such action that is a Permitted Payment (as defined below), collectively, Restricted Payments ) (the amount of any such Restricted Payment, if other than cash, shall be the Fair Market Value of the assets proposed to be transferred), unless

- (1) immediately after giving effect to such proposed Restricted Payment on a pro forma basis, no Default or Event of Default shall have occurred and be continuing;
- (2) immediately after giving effect to such Restricted Payment on a pro forma basis, the Company could incur \$1.00 of additional Debt (other than Permitted Debt) under the provisions of the covenant described under the caption *Limitation on Debt*; and
- (3) after giving effect to the proposed Restricted Payment, the aggregate amount of all such Restricted Payments declared or made after March 18, 2002 and all Designation Amounts does not exceed the sum of:
- (A) 50% of the aggregate Consolidated Net Income of the Company accrued on a cumulative basis during the period beginning on January 1, 2002 and ending on the last day of the Company s last fiscal quarter ending prior to the date of the Restricted Payment, or, if such aggregate cumulative Consolidated Net Income shall be a loss, minus 100% of such loss;
- (B) the aggregate net proceeds (including the Fair Market Value of property other than cash) received after March 18, 2002 by the Company either (x) as capital contributions in the form of common equity to the Company or (y) from the issuance or sale (other than to any of its Subsidiaries) of Qualified Capital Stock of the Company or any options, warrants or rights to purchase such Qualified Capital Stock (except, in each case, for transactions described in clause (C) or (D) of this paragraph (a) and to the extent such proceeds are used to purchase, redeem or otherwise retire Capital Stock or Subordinated Debt as set forth below in clause (2) or (3) of paragraph (b) below) (and excluding the Net Cash Proceeds from the issuance of Qualified Capital Stock financed, directly or indirectly, using funds borrowed from the Company or any Subsidiary until and to the extent such borrowing is repaid);
- (C) the aggregate Net Cash Proceeds received after March 18, 2002 by the Company (other than from any of its Subsidiaries) upon the exercise of any options, warrants or rights to purchase Qualified Capital Stock of the Company (and excluding the Net Cash Proceeds from the exercise of any options, warrants or rights to purchase Qualified Capital Stock financed, directly or indirectly, using funds borrowed from the Company or any Subsidiary until and to the extent such borrowing is repaid);

(D) the aggregate Net Cash Proceeds received after March 18, 2002 by the Company from the conversion or exchange, if any, of debt securities or Redeemable Capital Stock of the Company or its Restricted Subsidiaries into or for Qualified Capital Stock of the Company plus, to the extent such debt securities or Redeemable Capital Stock were issued after March 18, 2002, upon the conversion or exchange of such debt securities or Redeemable Capital Stock, the aggregate of Net Cash Proceeds from their original issuance (and excluding the Net Cash Proceeds from the conversion or exchange of debt securities or Redeemable Capital Stock financed, directly or indirectly, using funds borrowed from the Company or any Subsidiary until and to the extent such borrowing is repaid);

42

#### **Table of Contents**

- (E) (a) in the case of the disposition or repayment of any Investment constituting a Restricted Payment made after March 18, 2002, an amount (to the extent not included in Consolidated Net Income) equal to the lesser of the return of capital with respect to such Investment and the initial amount of such Investment, in either case, less the cost of the disposition of such Investment and net of taxes, and (b) in the case of the designation of an Unrestricted Subsidiary as a Restricted Subsidiary (as long as the designation of such Subsidiary as an Unrestricted Subsidiary was deemed a Restricted Payment), the Fair Market Value of the Company s interest in such Subsidiary, *provided* that such amount shall not in any case exceed the amount of the Restricted Payment deemed made at the time the Subsidiary was designated as an Unrestricted Subsidiary; and
- (F) any amount which previously qualified as a Restricted Payment on account of any Guarantee entered into by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary; provided that such Guarantee has not been called upon and the obligation arising under such Guarantee no longer exists.
- (b) Notwithstanding the foregoing, and in the case of clauses (2) through (14) below, so long as no Default or Event of Default is continuing or would arise therefrom, the foregoing provisions shall not prohibit the following actions (each of clauses (1) through (14) being referred to as a Permitted Payment ):
- (1) the payment of any dividend within 60 days after the date of declaration thereof, if at such date of declaration such payment was permitted by the provisions of paragraph (a) of this covenant and such payment shall have been deemed to have been paid on such date of declaration and shall not have been deemed a Permitted Payment for purposes of the calculation required by paragraph (a) of this covenant;
- (2) the repurchase, redemption, or other acquisition or retirement for value of any shares of any class of Capital Stock of the Company in exchange for, including any such exchange pursuant to the exercise of a conversion right or privilege in connection with which cash is paid in lieu of the issuance of fractional shares or scrip, or out of the Net Cash Proceeds of a substantially concurrent issuance and sale for cash (other than to a Subsidiary) of, other shares of Qualified Capital Stock of the Company; *provided* that the Net Cash Proceeds from the issuance of such shares of Qualified Capital Stock are excluded from clause (3)(B) of paragraph (a) of this covenant;
- (3) the repurchase, redemption, defeasance, retirement or acquisition for value or payment of principal of any Subordinated Debt or Redeemable Capital Stock in exchange for, or in an amount not in excess of the Net Cash Proceeds of, a substantially concurrent issuance and sale for cash (other than to any Subsidiary of the Company) of any Qualified Capital Stock of the Company, *provided* that the Net Cash Proceeds from the issuance of such shares of Qualified Capital Stock are excluded from clause (3)(B) of paragraph (a) of this covenant;
- (4) the repurchase, redemption, defeasance, retirement, refinancing, acquisition for value or payment of principal of any Subordinated Debt (other than Redeemable Capital Stock) (a refinancing) through the substantially concurrent issuance of new Subordinated Debt of the Company, but only to the extent that any such new Subordinated Debt:
- (A) shall be in a principal amount that does not exceed the principal amount so refinanced (or, if such Subordinated Debt provides for an amount less than the principal amount thereof to be due and payable upon a declaration of acceleration thereof, then such lesser amount as of the date of determination), plus the lesser of (i) the stated amount of any premium or other payment required to be paid in connection with such a refinancing pursuant to the terms of the Debt being refinanced or (ii) the amount of premium or other payment actually paid at such time to refinance the Debt, plus, in either case, the amount of expenses of the Company incurred in connection with such refinancing;
- (B) has an Average Life to Stated Maturity greater than the remaining Average Life to Stated Maturity of the Notes;

(C) has a Stated Maturity for its final scheduled principal payment later than the Stated Maturity for the final scheduled principal payment of the Notes; and

43

#### **Table of Contents**

- (D) is expressly subordinated in right of payment to the Notes at least to the same extent as the Subordinated Debt to be refinanced;
- (5) the purchase, redemption, or other acquisition or retirement for value of any class of Capital Stock of the Company from employees, former employees, directors or former directors of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary in an amount not to exceed \$5.0 million in the aggregate in any calendar year (and any portion of such \$5.0 million not used in any calendar year may be carried forward to the next succeeding fiscal year); *provided* that such amount may be increased by an amount not to exceed the cash proceeds from the sale of Capital Stock of the Company to directors, officers, employees or consultants of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries that occurs after the Issue Date (*provided* that the amount of such cash proceeds utilized for any such purchase, repurchase, redemption, retirement or other acquisition will not increase the amount available for Restricted Payments under clause (3) of the immediately preceding paragraph), plus
- (6) the repurchase, redemption or other acquisition or retirement for value of Capital Stock of the Company issued pursuant to acquisitions by the Company to the extent required by or needed to comply with the requirements of any of the Manufacturers with which the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary is a party to a franchise agreement;
- (7) the payment of the contingent purchase price of an acquisition to the extent such payment would be deemed a Restricted Payment;
- (8) the payment of the deferred purchase price or earn-outs, including holdbacks (and the receipt of any corresponding consideration therefor), of an acquisition to the extent such payment would have been permitted by the Indenture at the time of such acquisition;
- (9) the repurchase of Capital Stock of the Company issued to sellers of businesses acquired by the Company or its Restricted Subsidiaries, in an amount not to exceed \$10 million during the term of the Indenture;
- (10) the payment of dividends on the Company s shares of Common Stock in the aggregate amount per fiscal year equal to \$0.56 per share for each share of Common Stock (or any securities convertible into Common Stock to the extent they are entitled to such a dividend) of the Company outstanding as of the applicable record date for such dividends (as such \$0.56 shall be adjusted for specified changes in the capitalization of the Company upon recapitalizations, reclassifications, stock splits, stock dividends, reverse stock splits, stock consolidations and similar transactions);
- (11) the repurchase of Capital Stock deemed to occur upon (a) exercise of stock options to the extent that shares of such Capital Stock represent a portion of the exercise price of such options and (b) the withholding of a portion of such Capital Stock to pay taxes associated therewith, and the purchase of fractional shares of Capital Stock of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary arising out of stock dividends, splits or combinations or business combinations;
- (12) the payment of dividends or distributions by (a) UAG Connecticut I, LLC pursuant to the First Amended and Restated LLC Agreement, dated April 1, 2003, relating to UAG Connecticut I, LLC, or (b) any Restricted Subsidiary of the Company pursuant to the Joint Venture Formation Agreement, dated January 31, 1998, among the Company, UAG Young, Inc. and the other parties named therein (the Joint Venture Partners) based on the percentage ownership interest of such Joint Venture Partners in such Restricted Subsidiary (which cannot exceed 25%) plus one fifth of such ownership interest;

- (13) the payment of cash in lieu of the issuance of Capital Stock in connection with the conversion, retirement, repurchase or redemption of the 3.5% Notes; and
- (14) other Restricted Payments in an amount which, when taken together with all other Restricted Payments made pursuant to this clause (14), does not exceed \$25 million.

For purposes of determining compliance with this covenant, in the event that a Restricted Payment permitted pursuant to this covenant or a Permitted Investment meets the criteria of more than one of the categories of Restricted Payment described in clauses (1) through (14) above or one or more clauses of the definition of Permitted

44

#### **Table of Contents**

Investments, the Company shall be permitted to classify such Restricted Payment or Permitted Investment on the date it is made, or later reclassify all or a portion of such Restricted Payment or Permitted Investment, in any manner that complies with this covenant, and such Restricted Payment or Permitted Investment shall be treated as having been made pursuant to only one of such clauses of this covenant or of the definition of Permitted Investments.

### Limitation on Transactions with Affiliates

The Company will not, and will not cause or permit any of its Restricted Subsidiaries to, directly or indirectly, enter into any transaction or series of related transactions involving aggregate consideration in excess of \$2.5 million (including, without limitation, the sale, purchase, exchange or lease of assets, property or services) with or for the benefit of any Affiliate of the Company (other than the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary) unless such transaction or series of related transactions is entered into in good faith and in writing and:

- (a) such transaction or series of related transactions is on terms that are no less favorable to the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary, as the case may be, than those that would be available in a comparable transaction in arm s-length dealings with an unrelated third party;
- (b) with respect to any transaction or series of related transactions involving aggregate value in excess of \$10 million either (1) the Company delivers an officer s certificate to the Trustee certifying that such transaction or series of related transactions complies with clause (a) above or (2) such transaction or series of related transactions is approved by either (x) a majority of the Disinterested Directors of the board of directors of the Company, or in the event there is only one Disinterested Director, by such Disinterested Director, or (y) the audit committee of the board of directors of the Company, which shall consist entirely of Disinterested Directors; and
- (c) with respect to any transaction or series of related transactions involving aggregate value in excess of \$25 million, either (1) such transaction or series of related transactions has been approved by either (x) a majority of the Disinterested Directors of the board of directors of the Company, or in the event there is only one Disinterested Director, by such Disinterested Director, or (y) the audit committee of the board of directors of the Company, which shall consist entirely of Disinterested Directors, or (2) the Company delivers to the Trustee a written opinion of an investment banking firm of national standing or other recognized independent expert with experience appraising the terms and conditions of the type of transaction or series of related transactions for which an opinion is required stating that the transaction or series of related transactions is fair to the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary from a financial point of view;

provided, however, that this provision shall not apply to:

- (1) compensation and employee benefit arrangements with any officer or director of the Company, including under any stock option or stock incentive plans, entered into in the ordinary course of business;
- (2) any transaction permitted as a Restricted Payment or Permitted Investment pursuant to the covenant described under the caption *Limitation on Restricted Payments*;
- (3) the payment of customary fees to directors of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries;
- (4) any transaction with any officer or member of the board of directors of the Company involving indemnification arrangements;
- (5) loans or advances to officers of the Company in the ordinary course of business not to exceed \$1 million in any calendar year;

(6) agreements and transactions with customers, clients, suppliers or purchasers and sellers of goods or services, in each case in the ordinary course of business and otherwise in compliance with the Indenture, which are fair to the Company or its Restricted Subsidiaries, or are on terms, taken as a whole, at least as favorable as might reasonably have been obtained at that time from a Person who is not an Affiliate of the Company;

(7) transactions with joint ventures entered into in the ordinary course of business, *provided* that no other Affiliate of the Company (other than a Subsidiary thereof) directly or indirectly holds any Capital Stock of such joint venture; and

45

#### **Table of Contents**

(8) any transactions undertaken pursuant to any contractual obligations in existence on the Issue Date (as in effect on the Issue Date) or otherwise disclosed in the offering memorandum relating to the offer and sale of the old notes and any renewals, replacements or modifications of such obligations (pursuant to new transactions or otherwise) on terms no less favorable than could be received from an unaffiliated third party.

#### Limitation on Liens

The Company will not, and will not cause or permit any Restricted Subsidiary to, directly or indirectly, (1) create, incur or affirm any Lien of any kind securing any *Pari Passu* Debt or Subordinated Debt, including any assumption, guarantee or other liability with respect thereto by any Restricted Subsidiary, upon any property or assets (including any inter-company notes) of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary owned on the Issue Date or acquired after the Issue Date, or (2) assign or convey any right to receive any income or profits from such Liens, unless the Notes or a Guarantee in the case of Liens of a Guarantor are directly secured equally and ratably with (or, in the case of Subordinated Debt, prior or senior thereto, with the same relative priority as the Notes shall have with respect to such Subordinated Debt) the obligation or liability secured by such Lien except for Permitted Liens.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, any Lien securing the Notes granted pursuant to this covenant shall be automatically and unconditionally released and discharged upon the release by the holders of the *Pari Passu* Debt or the Subordinated Debt described above of their Lien on the property or assets of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary (including any deemed release upon payment in full of all obligations under such Debt), at such time as the holders of all such Debt also release their Lien on the property or assets of the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary, or upon any sale, exchange or transfer to any Person not an Affiliate of the Company of the property or assets secured by such Lien, or of all of the Capital Stock held by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary in, or all or substantially all the assets of, any Restricted Subsidiary creating such Lien.

#### Limitation on Sale of Assets

- (a) The Company will not, and will not cause or permit any of its Restricted Subsidiaries to, directly or indirectly, consummate an Asset Sale unless (1) at least 75% of the consideration from such Asset Sale consists of:
- (A) cash or Cash Equivalents,
- (B) the assumption of Senior Debt or Senior Guarantor Debt or other liabilities (other than Subordinated Debt) by the party acquiring the assets from the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary,
- (C) Replacement Assets,
- (D) Designated Noncash Consideration, or
- (E) a combination of any of the foregoing; and
- (2) the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary receives consideration at the time of such Asset Sale at least equal to the Fair Market Value of the shares or assets subject to such Asset Sale; *provided* that any notes, securities or other obligations received by the Company or any such Restricted Subsidiary from any transferee of assets from the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary that are converted by the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary into cash at Fair Market Value within 90 days after receipt shall be deemed to be cash for purposes of this provision.

(b) If:

(A) all or a portion of the Net Cash Proceeds of any Asset Sale are not applied to (1) the permanent repayment of any term Senior Debt or Senior Guarantor Debt then outstanding, (2) the repayment of any outstanding borrowings under any revolving credit facilities constituting Senior Debt or Senior Guarantor Debt and the corresponding reduction of commitments with respect thereto, or (3) the permanent reduction of Debt of a Restricted Subsidiary that is not a Guarantor; or

(B) if no such Senior Debt or Senior Guarantor Debt which requires prepayment is then outstanding (or such prepayment is waived);

46

#### **Table of Contents**

then the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary may within 365 days of the Asset Sale invest the Net Cash Proceeds in Replacement Assets. The amount of such Net Cash Proceeds not used to prepay Senior Debt or Senior Guarantor Debt or invested within 365 days of the Asset Sale as set forth in this paragraph constitutes Excess Proceeds. The Company or such Restricted Subsidiary will be deemed to have complied with its obligations under this paragraph (b) if it enters into a binding commitment to acquire Replacement Assets prior to 365 days after the receipt of the applicable Net Cash Proceeds and such acquisition of Replacement Assets is consummated prior to 545 days after the date of receipt of the applicable Net Cash Proceeds; *provided* that upon any abandonment or termination of such commitment, the Net Cash Proceeds not so applied shall constitute Net Cash Proceeds and be applied as set forth below.

- (c) When the aggregate amount of Excess Proceeds exceeds \$25 million or more, the Company will apply the Excess Proceeds to the repayment of the Notes and any other *Pari Passu* Debt outstanding with similar provisions requiring the Company to make an offer to purchase such Debt with the proceeds from any Asset Sale as follows:
- (A) the Company will make an offer to purchase (an Offer ) from all holders of the Notes in accordance with the procedures set forth in the Indenture in the maximum principal amount (expressed in amounts of \$2,000 or integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess thereof) of Notes that may be purchased out of an amount (the Note Amount ) equal to the product of such Excess Proceeds multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the outstanding principal amount of the Notes, and the denominator of which is the sum of the outstanding principal amount of the Notes and such *Pari Passu* Debt (subject to proration in the event such amount is less than the aggregate Offered Price (as defined herein) of all Notes tendered); and
- (B) to the extent required by such *Pari Passu* Debt to permanently reduce the principal amount of such *Pari Passu* Debt, the Company will make an offer to purchase or otherwise repurchase or redeem *Pari Passu* Debt (a *Pari Passu* Offer ) in an amount (the *Pari Passu* Debt Amount ) equal to the excess of the Excess Proceeds over the Note Amount. However, in no event will the Company be required to make a *Pari Passu* Offer in a *Pari Passu* Debt Amount exceeding the principal amount of such *Pari Passu* Debt plus the amount of any premium required to be paid to repurchase such *Pari Passu* Debt. The offer price for the Notes will be payable in cash in an amount equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Notes plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the date (the Offer Date ) such Offer is consummated (the Offered Price ), in accordance with the procedures set forth in the Indenture. To the extent that the aggregate Offered Price of the Notes tendered pursuant to the Offer is less than the Note Amount relating to the tendered Notes or the aggregate amount of *Pari Passu* Debt that is purchased in a *Pari Passu* Offer is less than the *Pari Passu* Debt Amount, the Company may use any remaining Excess Proceeds for general corporate purposes. If the aggregate principal amount of Notes and *Pari Passu* Debt surrendered by holders thereof exceeds the amount of Excess Proceeds, the Trustee shall select the Notes to be purchased on a pro rata basis. Upon the completion of the purchase of all the Notes tendered pursuant to an Offer and the completion of a *Pari Passu* Offer, the amount of Excess Proceeds, if any, shall be reset at zero.
- (d) If the Company becomes obligated to make an Offer pursuant to clause (c) above, the Notes (in amounts of \$2,000 and integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess thereof), and the *Pari Passu* Debt shall be purchased by the Company, at the option of the holders thereof, in whole or in part, on a date that is not earlier than 30 days and not later than 60 days from the date the notice of the Offer is given to holders, or such later date as may be necessary for the Company to comply with the requirements under the Exchange Act.
- (e) The Indenture will provide that the Company will comply with the applicable tender offer rules, including Rule 14e-1 under the Exchange Act, and any other applicable securities laws or regulations in connection with an Offer.

### **Future Guarantees**

(a) The Company shall not cause any future Domestic Subsidiary, other than a Guarantor, directly or indirectly, to become a guarantor or an obligor with respect to any other Debt of the Company or any Subsidiary thereof incurred in the United States, unless such Subsidiary (a Future Guarantor ) becomes a Guarantor under the Indenture at the times set forth below, except that (1) if such Debt is by its terms Senior Debt, any such assumption, guarantee or other liability of such Subsidiary with respect to such Debt shall be senior to such Subsidiary s

47

#### **Table of Contents**

Guarantee of the Notes to the same extent as such Senior Debt is senior to the Notes; and (2) if such Debt is by its terms expressly subordinated to the Notes, any such assumption, guarantee or other liability of such Subsidiary with respect to such Debt shall be subordinated to such Subsidiary s Guarantee of the Notes at least to the same extent as such Debt is subordinated to the Notes.

- (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) above, any Non-Guarantor Restricted Subsidiary shall not be required to become a Future Guarantor under the Indenture if the Consolidated Tangible Assets of such Non-Guarantor Restricted Subsidiaries, as of the date of the most recent quarterly or annual financial statements of the Company which are available, does not exceed, in the aggregate, 1% of the Consolidated Tangible Assets of the Company. To the extent that the collective Consolidated Tangible Assets of the Non-Guarantor Restricted Subsidiaries, as of the date of the creation of, acquisition of or Investment in a Non-Guarantor Restricted Subsidiary or as of the date of the most recent quarterly or annual financial statements of the Company which are available, exceeds 1% of the Consolidated Tangible Assets of the Company, the Company shall cause one or more of such Non-Guarantor Restricted Subsidiaries to become a Future Guarantor under the Indenture in accordance with the provisions of this covenant, such that the collective Consolidated Net Tangible Assets of all remaining Non-Guarantor Restricted Subsidiaries does not exceed 1% of the Consolidated Tangible Assets of the Company.
- (c) The Company shall not be required to cause any Future Guarantors to become Guarantors until the earlier of such time as (A) the aggregate Consolidated Equity of all such future Domestic Subsidiaries who have not become Guarantors, but are required to become Future Guarantors pursuant to paragraph (a) or (b) above, equals or exceeds \$50.0 million and (B) twelve months shall have elapsed since the Company last caused Future Guarantors to become Guarantors under the Indenture. Up to a maximum of once per fiscal quarter, the Company shall cause each Subsidiary thereof that is required to become a Future Guarantor pursuant to paragraph (a) or (b) above to (1) execute and deliver to the Trustee a supplemental indenture in a form reasonably satisfactory to the Trustee pursuant to which such Subsidiary shall become a party to the Indenture and thereby unconditionally guarantee all of the Company s obligations under the Exchange Notes and the Indenture on the terms set forth therein and (2) deliver to the Trustee an Opinion of Counsel that such supplemental indenture has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by such Subsidiary of the Company and constitutes a valid, binding and enforceable obligation of such Subsidiary (which opinion may be subject to customary assumptions and qualifications). Thereafter, such Subsidiary of the Company shall (unless released in accordance with the terms of the Indenture) be a Guarantor for all purposes of the Indenture.
- (d) Notwithstanding the foregoing, each Guarantee by a Guarantor of the Notes shall provide by its terms that it shall be automatically and unconditionally released and discharged upon:
- (1) any sale, exchange or transfer, to any Person not an Affiliate of the Company, of all of the Company s Capital Stock in, or all or substantially all the assets of, such Guarantor, which transaction is in compliance with the terms of the Indenture and pursuant to which transaction such Guarantor is released from all guarantees, if any, by it of other Debt of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries;
- (2) the release by the holders of the other Debt of the Company of their guarantee of Debt by such Subsidiary (including any deemed release upon payment in full of all obligations under such Debt), at such time as (A) no other Debt of the Company has been guaranteed by such Subsidiary, or (B) the holders of all such other Debt of the Company or another Subsidiary which is guaranteed by such Subsidiary also release their guarantee by such Subsidiary (including any deemed release upon payment in full of all obligations under such Debt);
- (3) the Company properly designating such Guarantor as a Non-Guarantor Restricted Subsidiary; *provided* that such Restricted Subsidiary is not required to issue a Guarantee of the Notes pursuant to paragraph (a) or (b) above;

(4) the Company properly designating such Subsidiary as an Unrestricted Subsidiary in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Indenture; or

48

#### **Table of Contents**

(5) the Company exercising its legal defeasance option or covenant defeasance option as described under Defeasance or Covenant Defeasance or the Company s obligations under the Indenture being discharged in accordance with the terms of the Indenture as described under Satisfaction and Discharge.

#### Limitation on Senior Subordinated Debt

The Company will not, and will not permit or cause any Guarantor to, directly or indirectly, incur or otherwise permit to exist any Debt that is subordinate in right of payment to any Debt of the Company or such Guarantor, as the case may be, unless such Debt is also *pari passu* with the Notes or the Guarantee of such Guarantor or subordinated in right of payment to the Notes or such Guarantee at least to the same extent as the Notes or such Guarantee are subordinated in right of payment to Senior Debt or Senior Debt of such Guarantor, as the case may be, as set forth in the Indenture. For purposes of the foregoing, no Debt shall be deemed to be subordinated in right of payment to any other Debt solely by virtue of being unsecured or secured by a junior priority lien or by virtue of the fact that the holders of such Debt have entered into intercreditor agreements or other arrangements giving one or more such holders priority over the other holders in the collateral held by them.

## Limitation on Dividends and Other Payment Restrictions Affecting Subsidiaries

The Company will not, and will not cause or permit any of its Restricted Subsidiaries to, directly or indirectly, create or otherwise cause to exist or become effective any consensual encumbrance or restriction on the ability of any Restricted Subsidiary to:

- (1) pay dividends or make any other distribution on its Capital Stock or any other interest or participation in or measured by its profits,
- (2) pay any Debt owed to the Company or any other Restricted Subsidiary,
- (3) make any Investment in the Company or any other Restricted Subsidiary, or
- (4) transfer any of its properties or assets to the Company or any other Restricted Subsidiary;

## except:

- (a) any encumbrance or restriction pursuant to an agreement in effect on the Issue Date (including without limitation the Credit Agreement and U.K. Credit Agreement in effect on the Issue Date);
- (b) any encumbrance or restriction, with respect to a Restricted Subsidiary that is not a Restricted Subsidiary of the Company on the Issue Date in existence at the time such Person becomes a Restricted Subsidiary of the Company and not incurred in connection with, or in contemplation of, such Person becoming a Restricted Subsidiary, *provided* that such encumbrances and restrictions are not applicable to the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary or the properties or assets of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary other than such Subsidiary which is becoming a Restricted Subsidiary;
- (c) customary provisions contained in an agreement that has been entered into for the sale or other disposition of all or substantially all of the Capital Stock or assets of a Restricted Subsidiary; *provided, however* that the restrictions are applicable only to such Restricted Subsidiary or assets;

- (d) any encumbrance or restriction existing under or by reason of applicable law or any requirement of any regulatory body;
- (e) customary provisions restricting subletting or assignment of any lease governing any leasehold interest of any Restricted Subsidiary;
- (f) covenants in agreements with Manufacturers customary for agreements in the automobile industry;
- (g) any encumbrance or restriction contained in any Purchase Money Obligations for property to the extent such restriction or encumbrance restricts the transfer of such property;
- (h) any encumbrances or restrictions in security agreements securing Debt of a Subsidiary (including any Inventory Facility) (to the extent that such Liens are otherwise incurred in accordance with the covenant

49

#### **Table of Contents**

described under the caption *Limitation on Liens* ) that restrict the transfer of property subject to such agreements, *provided* that any such encumbrance or restriction is released to the extent the underlying Lien is released or the related Debt is repaid;

- (i) covenants in Inventory Facilities customary for inventory and floor plan financing in the automobile retailing industry;
- (j) any encumbrance related to assets acquired by or merged into or consolidated with the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary so long as such encumbrance was not entered into in contemplation of the acquisition, merger or consolidation transaction;
- (k) customary non-assignment provisions contained in (a) any lease governing a leasehold interest or (b) any supply, license or other agreement entered into in the ordinary course of business of the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries:
- (l) Liens securing Debt otherwise permitted to be incurred under the provisions of the covenant described above under the caption *Limitation on Liens* that limit the right of the debtor to dispose of the assets subject to such Liens;
- (m) restrictions on cash or other deposits or net worth imposed by customers under contracts entered into in the ordinary course of business;
- (n) restrictions contained in other Debt or Preferred Stock of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary permitted to be incurred after the Issue Date pursuant to the provisions of the covenant described under *Limitation on Debt*, *provided* that such restrictions will not materially affect the ability of the Company to make principal and interest payments on the Notes, as determined in good faith by a senior officer or the board of directors of the Company;
- (o) any encumbrance or restriction existing under any agreement that extends, renews, refinances or replaces the agreements containing the encumbrances or restrictions in the foregoing clauses (a), (b), (j) and (p) or in this clause (o), *provided* that the terms and conditions of any such encumbrances or restrictions are no more restrictive in any material respect than those under or pursuant to the agreement evidencing the Debt so extended, renewed, refinanced or replaced;
- (p) restrictions related solely to Foreign Subsidiaries and created in connection with Debt of such Foreign Subsidiaries incurred pursuant to clauses (12) and (20) of paragraph (b) of the covenant described under the caption *Limitation on Debt*:
- (q) encumbrances pursuant to the subordination provisions of any Debt permitted to be incurred by clause (5) of paragraph (b) of the covenant described under the caption *Limitation on Debt*; and
- (r) customary provisions in joint venture agreements and other similar agreements relating solely to such joint venture.

### Limitation on Unrestricted Subsidiaries

The Company may designate after the Issue Date any Subsidiary as an Unrestricted Subsidiary under the Indenture (a Designation ) only if:

(a) no Default shall have occurred and be continuing at the time of or after giving effect to such Designation;

(b) the Company would be permitted to make an Investment (other than a Permitted Investment) at the time of Designation (assuming the effectiveness of such Designation) pursuant to the first paragraph of the covenant described under the caption *Limitation on Restricted Payments* above in an amount (the Designation Amount) equal to the greater of (1) the net book value of the Company s interest in such Subsidiary calculated in accordance with GAAP or (2) the Fair Market Value of the Company s interest in such Subsidiary as determined in good faith by the Company s board of directors;

50

#### **Table of Contents**

- (c) the Company would be permitted under the Indenture to incur \$1.00 of additional Debt (other than Permitted Debt) pursuant to the covenant described under the caption *Limitation on Debt* at the time of such Designation (assuming the effectiveness of such Designation);
- (d) such Unrestricted Subsidiary does not own any Capital Stock in any Restricted Subsidiary of the Company which is not simultaneously being designated an Unrestricted Subsidiary;
- (e) such Unrestricted Subsidiary is not liable, directly or indirectly, with respect to any Debt other than Unrestricted Subsidiary Debt, *provided* that an Unrestricted Subsidiary may provide a Guarantee for the Exchange Notes; and
- (f) such Unrestricted Subsidiary is not a party to any agreement, contract, arrangement or understanding at such time with the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary unless the terms of any such agreement, contract, arrangement or understanding are no less favorable to the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary than those that might be obtained at the time from Persons who are not Affiliates of the Company or, in the event such condition is not satisfied, the value of such agreement, contract, arrangement or understanding to such Unrestricted Subsidiary shall be deemed a Restricted Payment.

In the event of any such Designation, the Company shall be deemed to have made an Investment constituting a Restricted Payment pursuant to the covenant described under the caption *Limitation on Restricted Payments* for all purposes of the Indenture in the Designation Amount.

The Indenture will also provide that the Company shall not and shall not cause or permit any Restricted Subsidiary to at any time (x) provide credit support for, or subject any of its property or assets, other than the Capital Stock of any Unrestricted Subsidiary, to the satisfaction of, any Debt of any Unrestricted Subsidiary, including any undertaking, agreement or instrument evidencing such Debt (other than Permitted Investments in Unrestricted Subsidiaries) or (y) be directly or indirectly liable for any Debt of any Unrestricted Subsidiary. For purposes of the foregoing, the Designation of a Subsidiary of the Company as an Unrestricted Subsidiary shall be deemed to be the Designation of all of the Subsidiaries of such Subsidiary.

The Company may revoke any Designation of a Subsidiary as an Unrestricted Subsidiary (a Revocation ) if:

- (a) no Default shall have occurred and be continuing at the time of and after giving effect to such Revocation; and
- (b) all Liens and Debt of such Unrestricted Subsidiary outstanding immediately following such Revocation would, if incurred at such time, have been permitted to be incurred for all purposes of the Indenture.

All Designations and Revocations must be evidenced by a resolution of the board of directors of the Company delivered to the Trustee certifying compliance with the foregoing provisions.

## **Provision of Financial Statements**

(a) Whether or not the Company is subject to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, the Company and each Guarantor (only to the extent such Guarantor is required under Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Exchange Act), as the case may be, shall deliver to the Trustee on behalf of, and upon request make available to, the holders of Exchange Notes, within 30 days after the date by which the Company and such Guarantor would have been required by the SEC s rules and regulations to file such documents if the Company and such Guarantor were so subject, copies of all annual reports, quarterly reports and other documents which the Company and such Guarantor would have been required to file with the SEC pursuant to Sections 13(a) or 15(d) if the Company or such Guarantor were so subject;

*provided* that any such reports and documents filed with the SEC pursuant to its Electronic Data Gathering, Analysis and Retrieval system shall be deemed to be delivered to the Trustee and the holders of Notes.

(b) Delivery of such reports and documents to the Trustee is for informational purposes only and the Trustee s receipt of such shall not constitute constructive notice of any information contained therein or determinable from information contained therein, including the Company s or any Guarantor s, as the case may be, compliance with any of its covenants under the Indenture (as to which the Trustee is entitled to rely exclusively on officer s

51

#### **Table of Contents**

certificates of the Company). The Trustee may assume that any reports required to be filed under paragraph (a) above have been filed with the SEC and shall have no obligation to verify any such filing.

(c) So long as any of the Notes remain outstanding, if at any time the Company is not subject to Section 13 or 15(d) under the Exchange Act, the Company will make available to any prospective purchaser of Notes or beneficial owner of Notes in connection with any sale thereof the information required by Rule 144A(d)(4) under the Securities Act, until such time as the Company has either exchanged the Notes for securities identical in all material respects which have been registered under the Securities Act or until such time as the holders of the Old Notes have disposed of such Notes pursuant to an effective registration statement under the Securities Act or until such time when the holders of the Notes, other than holders that are Affiliates of the Company, are able to sell all such Notes immediately without restriction pursuant to the provisions of Rule 144 under the Securities Act or any successor thereto.

### **Additional Covenants**

The Indenture also contains covenants with respect to the following matters:

- (1) payment of principal, premium and interest;
- (2) maintenance of an office or agency;
- (3) arrangements regarding the handling of money held in trust;
- (4) maintenance of corporate existence;
- (5) payment of taxes and other claims;
- (6) maintenance of properties; and
- (7) maintenance of insurance.

### Consolidation, Merger, Sale of Assets

#### The Company

The Company will not, in a single transaction or through a series of related transactions, (x) consolidate with or merge with or into any other Person; (y) sell, assign, convey, transfer, lease or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all of its properties and assets to any Person or group of Persons; or (z) permit any of its Restricted Subsidiaries to enter into any such transaction or series of related transactions if such transaction or series of related transactions, in the aggregate, would result in a sale, assignment, conveyance, transfer, lease or disposition of all or substantially all of the properties and assets of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries on a Consolidated basis to any other Person or group of Persons, unless at the time and after giving effect thereto:

(1) either (a) the Company will be the continuing corporation (in the case of a consolidation or merger involving the Company) or (b) the Person (if other than the Company) formed by such consolidation or into which the Company is merged or the Person which acquires by sale, assignment, conveyance, transfer, lease or disposition all or substantially all of the properties and assets of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries on a Consolidated basis (the Surviving Entity) will be a corporation, limited liability company, partnership or limited liability partnership duly organized and validly existing under the laws of the United States of America, any state of the United States of America or the District of Columbia and such Person expressly assumes, by a supplemental indenture, in a form reasonably

satisfactory to the Trustee, all of the obligations of the Company under the Notes and the Indenture and the Registration Rights Agreement (as that term is defined under Exchange Offer; Registration Rights ), as the case may be, and the Notes and the Indenture and the Registration Rights Agreement will remain in full force and effect as so supplemented;

(2) immediately after giving effect to such transaction on a pro forma basis (and treating any Debt not previously an obligation of the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries which becomes the obligation of the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries as a result of such transaction as having been incurred at the time of such transaction), no Default or Event of Default will have occurred and be continuing;

52

#### **Table of Contents**

- (3) immediately after giving effect to such transaction on a pro forma basis (on the assumption that the transaction occurred on the first day of the four-quarter period for which financial statements are available ending immediately prior to the consummation of such transaction with the appropriate adjustments with respect to the transaction being included in such pro forma calculation), either (A) the Company (or the Surviving Entity if the Company is not the continuing obligor under the Indenture) could incur \$1.00 of additional Debt (other than Permitted Debt) under the covenant described under the caption Certain Covenants *Limitation on Debt*; or (B) the Consolidated Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio for the Company (or the Surviving Entity if the Company is not the continuing obligor under the Indenture) would be greater than such ratio for the Company immediately prior to such transaction;
- (4) at the time of the transaction, each Guarantor, if any, unless it is the other party to the transactions described above, will have by supplemental indenture confirmed that its Guarantee shall apply to such Person s obligations under the Indenture and under the Notes:
- (5) at the time of the transaction if any of the property or assets of the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries would thereupon become subject to any Lien, the provisions of the covenant described under the caption Covenants *Limitation on Liens* are complied with;
- (6) if the Surviving Entity is not organized as a corporation after such transaction, a Restricted Subsidiary shall be a co-obligor of the Notes pursuant to a supplemental indenture to the Indenture in a form reasonably satisfactory to the Trustee; and
- (7) at the time of the transaction the Company or the Surviving Entity will have delivered, or caused to be delivered, to the Trustee, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Trustee, an officer s certificate and an opinion of counsel, each to the effect that such consolidation, merger, sale, assignment, conveyance, transfer, lease or other transaction and the supplemental indenture in respect of such transaction comply with the Indenture and that all conditions precedent in the Indenture provided for relating to such transaction have been complied with.

An assumption of our obligations under the Notes and the Indenture by any such Persons might be deemed for U.S. federal income tax purposes to be an exchange of the Notes for new Notes by the beneficial owners thereof, resulting in recognition of gain or loss for such purposes and possibly other adverse tax consequences to the beneficial owner. You should consult your own tax advisors regarding the tax consequences of such an assumption.

#### The Guarantors

Each Guarantor will not, and the Company will not permit a Guarantor to, in a single transaction or through a series of related transactions, (x) consolidate with or merge with or into any other Person (other than the Company or any Guarantor); (y) sell, assign, convey, transfer, lease or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all of its properties and assets on a Consolidated basis to any Person or group of Persons (other than the Company or any Guarantor); or (z) permit any of its Restricted Subsidiaries to enter into any such transaction or series of transactions if such transaction or series of transactions under (x), (y) or (z) above, in the aggregate, would result in a sale, assignment, conveyance, transfer, lease or disposition of all or substantially all of the properties and assets of the Guarantor and its Restricted Subsidiaries on a Consolidated basis to any other Person or group of Persons (other than the Company or any Guarantor), unless at the time and after giving effect thereto:

(1) either (a) the Guarantor will be the continuing corporation, in the case of a consolidation or merger involving the Guarantor or (b) the Person (if other than the Guarantor) formed by such consolidation or into which such Guarantor is merged or the Person which acquires by sale, assignment, conveyance, transfer, lease or disposition all or substantially all of the properties and assets of the Guarantor and its Restricted Subsidiaries on a Consolidated basis

(the Surviving Guarantor Entity ) is duly organized and validly existing under the laws of the United States of America, any state of the United States of America or the District of Columbia and such Person expressly assumes, by a supplemental indenture, in a form reasonably satisfactory to the Trustee, all the obligations of such Guarantor under its Guarantee of the Notes, the Indenture and the Registration Rights Agreement and such Guarantee, Indenture and Registration Rights Agreement will remain in full force and effect;

53

#### **Table of Contents**

- (2) immediately after giving effect to such transaction on a pro forma basis, no Default or Event of Default will have occurred and be continuing; and
- (3) at the time of the transaction such Guarantor or the Surviving Guarantor Entity will have delivered, or caused to be delivered, to the Trustee, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Trustee, an officer s certificate and an opinion of counsel, each to the effect that such consolidation, merger, transfer, sale, assignment, conveyance, lease or other transaction and the supplemental indenture in respect thereof comply with the Indenture and that all conditions precedent therein provided for relating to such transaction have been complied with.

However, the foregoing limitations do not apply to any Guarantor whose Guarantee of the Exchange Notes is unconditionally released and discharged in accordance with paragraph (c) under the provisions of the covenant described under the caption 
Certain Covenants 
Future Guarantees.

In the event of any transaction (other than a transfer by lease) described in and complying with the conditions listed in the two immediately preceding subsections in which the Company or any Guarantor, as the case may be, and the Company or any Guarantor, as the case may be, shall be discharged from all obligations and covenants under the Indenture and the Notes or its Guarantee, as the case may be.

Notwithstanding clauses (2) and (3) of the paragraph under *The Company* and clause (2) of the paragraph under *Guarantors*, (a) any Restricted Subsidiary may consolidate with or merge into or transfer all or part of its properties and assets to the Company, and (b) the Company or any of the Guarantors may consolidate with or merge into an Affiliate incorporated in the United States solely for the purpose of changing the entity s jurisdiction of incorporation or tax status.

An assumption of the obligations of a Guaranter under its Guarantee by a successor Person might be deemed for U.S. federal income tax purposes to cause an exchange of the Notes for new Notes by the beneficial owners thereof, resulting in recognition of gain or loss for such purposes and possibly other adverse tax consequences to the beneficial owner. You should consult your own tax advisors regarding the tax consequences of such an assumption.

### **Events of Default**

An Event of Default will occur under the Indenture if:

- (1) there shall be a default in the payment of any interest on any Note when it becomes due and payable, and such default shall continue for a period of 30 days, whether or not prohibited by the subordination provisions of the Indenture;
- (2) there shall be a default in the payment of the principal of (or premium, if any, on) any Note at its Maturity (upon acceleration, optional or mandatory redemption, if any, required repurchase or otherwise), whether or not prohibited by the subordination provisions of the Indenture;
- (3) (a) there shall be a default in the performance, or breach, of any covenant or agreement of the Company or any Guarantor under the Indenture or any Guarantee (other than a default in the performance, or breach, of a covenant or agreement which is specifically dealt with in clause (1), (2) or in clause (b) of this clause (3)) and such default or breach shall continue for a period of 60 days after written notice has been given, by certified mail, (x) to the Company by the Trustee or (y) to the Company and the Trustee by the holders of at least 25% in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Notes; or

Table of Contents 122

The

(b) there shall be a default in the performance or breach of the provisions described under the caption Consolidation, Merger, Sale of Assets;

(4) one or more defaults, individually or in the aggregate, shall have occurred under any of the agreements, indentures or instruments under which the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary then has outstanding Debt in excess of \$25 million in principal amount, individually or in the aggregate, and either (a) such default results from the failure to pay such Debt at its stated final maturity or (b) such default or defaults resulted in the acceleration of the final stated maturity of such Debt;

54

#### **Table of Contents**

- (5) any Guarantee by any Significant Restricted Subsidiary shall for any reason cease to be, or shall for any reason be asserted in writing by any Guarantor or the Company not to be, in full force and effect and enforceable in accordance with its terms, except to the extent contemplated by the Indenture and any such Guarantee;
- (6) one or more final judgments, orders or decrees (not subject to appeal) of any court or regulatory or administrative agency for the payment of money in excess of \$25 million, either individually or in the aggregate (exclusive of any portion of any such payment covered by insurance), shall be rendered against the Company, any Guarantor or any Restricted Subsidiary or any of their respective properties and shall not be discharged or fully bonded and there shall have been a period of 60 consecutive days during which a stay of enforcement of such judgment or order, by reason of an appeal or otherwise, shall not be in effect;
- (7) there shall have been the entry by a court of competent jurisdiction of (a) a decree or order for relief in respect of the Company or any Significant Restricted Subsidiary in an involuntary case or proceeding under any applicable Bankruptcy Law or (b) a decree or order:
- (i) adjudging the Company or any Significant Restricted Subsidiary bankrupt or insolvent;
- (ii) seeking reorganization, arrangement, adjustment or composition of or in respect of the Company or any Significant Restricted Subsidiary under any applicable federal or state law;
- (iii) appointing a custodian, receiver, liquidator, assignee, trustee, sequestrator (or other similar official) of the Company or any Significant Restricted Subsidiary or of any substantial part of their respective properties;
- (iv) ordering the winding up or liquidation of their respective affairs,
- and any such decree or order for relief shall continue to be in effect, or any such other decree or order shall be unstayed and in effect, for a period of 60 consecutive days; or
- (8) (a) the Company or any Significant Restricted Subsidiary commences a voluntary case or proceeding under any applicable Bankruptcy Law or any other case or proceeding to be adjudicated bankrupt or insolvent,
- (b) the Company or any Significant Restricted Subsidiary consents to the entry of a decree or order for relief in respect of the Company or such Significant Restricted Subsidiary in an involuntary case or proceeding under any applicable Bankruptcy Law or to the commencement of any bankruptcy or insolvency case or proceeding against it,
- (c) the Company or any Significant Restricted Subsidiary files a petition or answer or consent seeking reorganization or relief under any applicable federal or state law,
- (d) the Company or any Significant Restricted Subsidiary:
- (i) consents to the filing of such petition or the appointment of, or taking possession by, a custodian, receiver, liquidator, assignee, trustee, sequestrator or similar official of the Company or such Significant Restricted Subsidiary or of any substantial part of their respective properties,
- (ii) makes an assignment for the benefit of creditors,
- (iii) admits in writing its inability to pay its debts generally as they become due; or

(e) the Company or any Significant Restricted Subsidiary takes any corporate action in furtherance of any such actions in this clause (8).

### **Result of Events of Default**

If an Event of Default (other than as specified in clauses (7) and (8) of the prior paragraph with respect to the Company) shall occur and be continuing with respect to the Indenture, the Trustee or the holders of not less than 25% in aggregate principal amount of the Notes then outstanding may, and the Trustee at the request of such holders shall, declare all unpaid principal of, premium, if any, and accrued interest on all Notes to be due and payable immediately, by a notice in writing to the Company (and to the Trustee if given by the holders of the Notes). Upon

55

#### **Table of Contents**

any such declaration, such principal, premium, if any, and interest (1) shall become due and payable immediately or (2) if the Credit Agreement is in effect, shall become due and payable upon the first to occur of an acceleration under the Credit Agreement or five business days after receipt of written notice of such declaration by the Company and the Senior Representative with respect to the Credit Agreement. If an Event of Default specified in clause (7) or (8) of the prior paragraph with respect to the Company occurs and is continuing, then all the Notes shall *ipso facto* become and be due and payable immediately in an amount equal to the principal amount of the Notes, together with accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the date the Notes become due and payable, without any declaration or other act on the part of the Trustee or any holder. Thereupon, the Trustee may, at its discretion, proceed to protect and enforce the rights of the holders of Notes by appropriate judicial proceedings.

After a declaration of acceleration, but before a judgment or decree for payment of the money due has been obtained by the Trustee, the holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of Notes outstanding, by written notice to the Company and the Trustee, may rescind and annul such declaration and its consequences if:

- (a) the Company has paid or deposited with the Trustee a sum sufficient to pay:
- (1) all sums paid or advanced by the Trustee under the Indenture and the reasonable compensation, expenses, disbursements and advances of the Trustee, its agents and counsel,
- (2) all overdue interest on all Notes then outstanding,
- (3) the principal of and premium, if any, on any Exchange Notes then outstanding which have become due otherwise than by such declaration of acceleration and interest thereon at the rate borne by the Notes, and
- (4) to the extent that payment of such interest is lawful, interest upon overdue interest at the rate borne by the Notes;
- (b) the rescission would not conflict with any judgment or decree of a court of competent jurisdiction; and
- (c) all Events of Default, other than the non-payment of principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Notes which have become due solely by such declaration of acceleration, have been cured or waived as provided in the Indenture. No such rescission shall affect any subsequent default or impair any right consequent thereon.

### Waiver of Default by Noteholders

The holders of not less than a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Notes outstanding may on behalf of the holders of all outstanding Notes waive any past default under the Indenture and its consequences, except a default (i) in the payment of the principal of, premium, if any, or interest on any Note, which may only be waived with the consent of each holder of Notes affected or (ii) in respect of a covenant or provision which under the Indenture cannot be modified or amended without the consent of the holders of either 75% or all Notes affected by such modification or amendment.

#### Legal Rights of Noteholders

No holder of any of the Notes has any right to institute any proceedings with respect to the Indenture or any remedy thereunder, unless:

(1) the holders of at least 25% in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Notes have made written request, and offered reasonable indemnity, to the Trustee to institute such proceeding as Trustee under the Notes and the Indenture;

- (2) the Trustee has failed to institute such proceeding within 15 days after receipt of such notice; and
- (3) the Trustee, within such 15-day period, has not received directions inconsistent with such written request by holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Notes.

56

#### **Table of Contents**

Such limitations do not, however, apply to a suit instituted by a holder of a Note for the enforcement of the payment of the principal of, premium, if any, or interest on such Note on or after the respective due dates expressed in such Note.

#### Notice to the Trustee

The Company is required to notify the Trustee within five business days of the obtaining knowledge of any Default. The Company is required to deliver to the Trustee, on or before a date not more than 120 days after the end of each fiscal year, a written statement as to compliance with the Indenture, including whether or not any Default has occurred.

### No Personal Liability of Directors, Officers, Employees and Stockholders

No director, officer, employee or stockholder of the Company or any Guarantor, as such, will have any liability for any obligations of the Company or the Guarantors under the Notes, the Indenture, the Guarantees, the Registration Rights Agreement or for any claim based on, in respect of, or by reason of, such obligations or their creation. Each holder of Notes by accepting a Note waives and releases all such liability. The waiver and release are part of the consideration for issuance of the Notes. The waiver may not be effective to waive liabilities under the federal securities laws.

#### **Defeasance or Covenant Defeasance**

The Company may, at its option and at any time, elect to have the obligations of the Company, any Guarantor and any other obligor upon the Notes discharged with respect to the outstanding Notes (defeasance). Such defeasance means that the Company, any such Guarantor and any other obligor under the Indenture shall be deemed to have paid and discharged the entire Debt represented by the outstanding Notes, except for:

- (i) the rights of holders of such outstanding Notes to receive payments in respect of the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on such Notes when such payments are due,
- (ii) the Company s obligations with respect to the Notes concerning issuing temporary Notes, registration of Notes, mutilated, destroyed, lost or stolen Notes, and the maintenance of an office or agency for payment and money for security payments held in trust,
- (iii) the rights, powers, trusts, duties and immunities of the Trustee, and
- (iv) the defeasance provisions of the Indenture.

In addition, the Company may, at its option and at any time, elect to have the obligations of the Company and any Guarantor released with respect to certain covenants that are described in the Indenture (covenant defeasance) and thereafter any omission to comply with such obligations shall not constitute a Default or an Event of Default with respect to the Notes. In the event covenant defeasance occurs, certain events (not including non-payment, bankruptcy and insolvency events) described under Events of Default will no longer constitute an Event of Default with respect to the Notes.

In order to exercise either defeasance or covenant defeasance,

(i) the Company must irrevocably deposit with the Trustee, in trust, for the benefit of the holders of the Notes, cash in United States dollars, U.S. Government Obligations (as defined in the Indenture), or a combination of cash and U.S. Government Obligations, in such amounts as will be sufficient, in the opinion of a nationally recognized firm of independent public accountants or a nationally recognized investment banking firm, to pay and discharge the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the outstanding Notes on the Stated Maturity (or on any date after December 15, 2011 (such date being referred to as the Defeasance Redemption Date ), if at or prior to electing either defeasance or covenant defeasance, the Company has delivered to the Trustee an irrevocable notice to redeem all of the outstanding Notes on the Defeasance Redemption Date);

(ii) in the case of defeasance, the Company shall have delivered to the Trustee an opinion of independent counsel in the United States stating that (A) the Company has received from, or there has been published by,

57

#### **Table of Contents**

the Internal Revenue Service a ruling or (B) since the Issue Date, there has been a change in the applicable federal income tax law, in either case to the effect that, and based thereon such opinion of independent counsel in the United States shall confirm that, the beneficial owners of the outstanding Notes will not recognize income, gain or loss for federal income tax purposes as a result of such defeasance and will be subject to federal income tax on the same amounts, in the same manner and at the same times as would have been the case if such defeasance had not occurred;

- (iii) in the case of covenant defeasance, the Company shall have delivered to the Trustee an opinion of independent counsel in the United States to the effect that the beneficial owners of the outstanding Notes will not recognize income, gain or loss for federal income tax purposes as a result of such covenant defeasance and will be subject to federal income tax on the same amounts, in the same manner and at the same times as would have been the case if such covenant defeasance had not occurred:
- (iv) no Default or Event of Default shall have occurred and be continuing on the date of such deposit or insofar as clauses (7) or (8) with respect to the Company under the first paragraph under the caption Events of Default are concerned, at any time during the period ending on the 91st day after the date of deposit (other than a Default which results from the borrowing of amounts to finance the defeasance and which borrowing does not result in a breach or violation of, or constitute a default under, any other material agreement or instrument to which the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary is a party or to which it is bound);
- (v) such defeasance or covenant defeasance shall not cause the Trustee for the Notes to have a conflicting interest as defined in the Indenture and for purposes of the Trust Indenture Act with respect to any securities of the Company or any Guarantor;
- (vi) such defeasance or covenant defeasance shall not result in a breach or violation of, or constitute a Default under, the Indenture or any other material agreement or instrument to which the Company, any Guarantor or any Restricted Subsidiary is a party or by which it is bound;
- (vii) the Company will have delivered to the Trustee an opinion of independent counsel in the United States to the effect that (assuming that no holder of any Notes would be considered an insider of the Company under any applicable bankruptcy or insolvency law and assuming no intervening bankruptcy or insolvency of the Company between the date of deposit and the 91st day following the deposit) after the 91st day following the deposit, the trust funds will not be subject to the effect of any applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization or similar laws affecting creditors rights generally;
- (viii) the Company shall have delivered to the Trustee an officer s certificate stating that the deposit was not made by the Company with the intent of preferring the holders of the Notes or any Guarantee over the other creditors of the Company or any Guarantor with the intent of defeating, hindering, delaying or defrauding creditors of the Company, any Guarantor or others;
- (ix) no event or condition shall exist that would prevent the Company from making payments of the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Notes on the date of such deposit or at any time ending on the 91st day after the date of such deposit; and
- (x) the Company will have delivered to the Trustee an officer s certificate and an opinion of independent counsel, each stating that all conditions precedent provided for relating to either the defeasance or the covenant defeasance, as the case may be, have been complied with.

#### **Modifications and Amendments**

### With Noteholder Consent

Modifications and amendments of the Indenture may be made by the Company, each Guarantor, if any, and the Trustee with the consent of the holders of at least a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Exchange Notes

58

#### **Table of Contents**

then outstanding; provided, however, that no such modification or amendment may, without the consent of the holder of each outstanding Note affected thereby:

- (i) change the Stated Maturity of the principal of, or any installment of interest on, or change to an earlier date any redemption date of, or waive a default in the payment of the principal of, premium, if any, or interest on, any such Note or reduce the principal amount thereof or the rate of interest thereon or any premium payable upon the redemption thereof, or change the coin or currency in which the principal of any such Note or any premium or the interest thereon is payable, or impair the right to institute suit for the enforcement of any such payment after the Stated Maturity thereof (or, in the case of redemption, on or after the redemption date);
- (ii) reduce the percentage in principal amount of such outstanding Notes, the consent of whose holders is required for any such supplemental indenture, or the consent of whose holders is required for any waiver or compliance with certain provisions of the Indenture;
- (iii) modify any of the provisions relating to supplemental indentures requiring the consent of holders or relating to the waiver of past defaults or relating to the waiver of certain covenants, except to increase the percentage of such outstanding Notes required for such actions or to provide that certain other provisions of the Indenture cannot be modified or waived without the consent of the holder of each such Note affected thereby;
- (iv) except as otherwise permitted under the caption Consolidation, Merger, Sale of Assets, consent to the assignment or transfer by the Company or any Guarantor of any of its rights and obligations under the Indenture;
- (v) amend or modify any of the provisions of the Indenture relating to the subordination of the Notes or any Guarantee in any manner adverse to the holders of the Notes or any Guarantee; or
- (vi) after the Company s obligation to purchase Notes arises under the Indenture, amend, change or modify in any material respect the obligation of the Company to make and consummate a Change of Control Offer in the event of a Change of Control in accordance with the covenant described under the caption Purchase of Notes Upon a Change of Control or make and consummate an Offer with respect to any Asset Sale or Asset Sales in accordance with the covenant described under the caption Certain Covenants Limitation on Sale of Assets, including, in each case, amending, changing or modifying any definitions related thereto, but only to the extent such definitions relate thereto.

#### Without Noteholder Consent

Notwithstanding the foregoing, without the consent of any holders of the Notes, the Company, any Guarantor, any other obligor under the Notes and the Trustee may modify or amend the Indenture:

- (a) to evidence the succession of another Person to the Company or a Guarantor or any other obligor upon the Notes, and the assumption by any such successor of the covenants of the Company or such Guarantor or obligor in the Indenture and in the Notes and in any Guarantee in accordance with the covenant described under the caption Consolidation, Merger, Sale of Assets;
- (b) to add to the covenants of the Company, any Guarantor or any other obligor upon the Notes for the benefit of the holders of the Notes or to surrender any right or power conferred upon the Company or any Guarantor or any other obligor upon the Notes, as applicable, in the Indenture, in the Notes or in any Guarantee;
- (c) to cure any ambiguity, or to correct or supplement any provision in the Indenture or in any supplemental indenture, the Notes or any Guarantee which may be defective or inconsistent with any other provision in the Indenture, the Notes or any Guarantee;

(d) make any other provisions with respect to matters or questions arising under the Indenture, the Notes or any Guarantee; *provided* that, in each case, such provisions shall not adversely affect the interest of the holders of the Notes in any material respect;

(e) to comply with the requirements of the SEC in order to effect or maintain the qualification of the Indenture under the Trust Indenture Act;

59

#### **Table of Contents**

- (f) to add a Guarantor under the Indenture;
- (g) to evidence and provide the acceptance of the appointment of a successor Trustee under the Indenture;
- (h) to mortgage, pledge, hypothecate or grant a security interest in favor of the Trustee for the benefit of the holders of the Notes as additional security for the payment and performance of the Company s and any Guarantor s obligations under the Indenture, in any property, or assets, including any of which are required to be mortgaged, pledged or hypothecated, or in which a security interest is required to be granted to the Trustee pursuant to the Indenture or otherwise:
- (i) provide for the issuance of additional Notes under the Indenture in accordance with the limitations set forth in the Indenture;
- (j) provide for the issuance of exchange notes pursuant to the terms of the Indenture and the Registration Rights Agreement;
- (k) comply with the rules of any applicable securities depositary; or
- (l) conform the text of the Indenture or the Notes to any provision of this Description of Exchange Notes section of this prospectus.

The holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Notes outstanding may waive compliance with certain restrictive covenants and provisions of the Indenture.

No amendment, modification or waiver of the Indenture shall adversely affect the rights of any holder of Senior Debt or Senior Guarantor Debt under the subordination provisions of the Indenture without the consent of such holder.

#### Satisfaction and Discharge

The Indenture will be discharged and will cease to be of further effect (except as to surviving rights of registration of transfer or exchange of the Notes as expressly provided for in the Indenture) as to all outstanding Notes under the Indenture when:

- (a) either (i) all such Notes previously authenticated and delivered (except lost, stolen or destroyed Notes which have been replaced or paid or Notes whose payment has been deposited in trust or segregated and held in trust by the Company and thereafter repaid to the Company or discharged from such trust as provided for in the Indenture) have been delivered to the Trustee for cancellation or (ii) all Notes not previously delivered to the Trustee for cancellation;
- (x) have become due and payable,
- (y) will become due and payable at their Stated Maturity within one year, or
- (z) are to be called for redemption within one year under arrangements satisfactory to the Trustee for the giving of notice of redemption by the Trustee in the name, and at the expense of the Company;

and the Company or any Guarantor has irrevocably deposited or caused to be deposited with the Trustee as trust funds in trust an amount in United States dollars sufficient to pay and discharge the entire Debt on the Notes not theretofore delivered to the Trustee for cancellation, including the principal of, premium, if any, and accrued interest on, such

Notes at such Maturity, Stated Maturity or redemption date;

- (b) the Company or any Guarantor has paid or caused to be paid all other sums payable under the Indenture by the Company and any Guarantor; and
- (c) the Company has delivered to the Trustee an officer s certificate and an opinion of independent counsel in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Trustee each stating that (i) all conditions precedent under the Indenture relating to the satisfaction and discharge of such Indenture have been complied with and (ii) such satisfaction and discharge will not result in a breach or violation of, or constitute a default

60

#### **Table of Contents**

under, the Indenture or any other material agreement or instrument to which the Company, any Guarantor or any Subsidiary is a party or by which the Company, any Guarantor or any Subsidiary is bound.

### **Governing Law**

The Indenture, the Notes and any Guarantee will be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of New York, without giving effect to the conflicts of law principles thereof.

### **Concerning the Trustee**

The Indenture contains certain limitations on the rights of the Trustee, should it become a creditor of the Company, to obtain payment of claims in certain cases, or to realize on certain property received in respect of any such claim as security or otherwise. The Trustee will be permitted to engage in other transactions; however, if it acquires any conflicting interest it must eliminate such conflict within 90 days, apply to the SEC for permission to continue as Trustee with such conflict or resign as Trustee.

The holders of a majority in principal amount of the then outstanding Notes will have the right to direct the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for exercising any remedy available to the Trustee, subject to certain exceptions. The Indenture provides that in case an Event of Default occurs, which has not been cured, the Trustee will be required, in the exercise of its power, to use the degree of care of a prudent man in the conduct of his own affairs. Subject to such provisions, the Trustee will be under no obligation to exercise any of its rights or powers under the Indenture at the request of any holder of Notes unless such holder shall have offered to the Trustee security and indemnity satisfactory to it against any loss, liability or expense.

#### **Certain Definitions**

Acquired Debt means Debt of a Person:

- (1) existing at the time such Person becomes a Restricted Subsidiary, or
- (2) assumed in connection with the acquisition of assets from such Person, in each case, other than Debt incurred in connection with, or in contemplation of, such Person becoming a Restricted Subsidiary or such acquisition, as the case may be and is not recourse to any Person or assets other than such Person or its assets (including its Subsidiaries and their assets).

Acquired Debt shall be deemed to be incurred on the date of the related acquisition of assets from any Person or the date the acquired Person becomes a Restricted Subsidiary, as the case may be.

Affiliate means, with respect to any specified Person, any other Person directly or indirectly controlling or controlled by or under direct or indirect common control with such specified Person. For the purposes of this definition, control when used with respect to any specified Person means the power to direct the management and policies of such Person, directly or indirectly, whether through ownership of voting securities, by contract or otherwise; and the terms controlling and controlled have meanings correlative to the foregoing.

Applicable Premium means, with respect to any Note on any redemption date, the greater of:

- (1) 1.0% of the principal amount of such Note; and
- (2) the excess, if any, of:

(a) the present value at such redemption date of (i) the redemption price of such Note at December 15, 2011 (such redemption price being set forth in the table appearing above under Optional Redemption ), plus (ii) all scheduled interest payments due on such Note from the redemption date through December 15, 2011 (excluding accrued but unpaid interest to the redemption date), computed using a discount rate equal to the Treasury Rate at such redemption date, plus 50 basis points over

(b) the principal amount of such Note.

61

#### **Table of Contents**

Asset Sale means any sale, issuance, conveyance, transfer, lease or other disposition, including, without limitation, by way of merger, consolidation or sale and leaseback transaction (collectively, a transfer ), directly or indirectly, in one or a series of related transactions, of:

- (1) any Capital Stock of any Restricted Subsidiary (other than directors qualifying shares and transfers of Capital Stock required by a Manufacturer to the extent the Company does not receive cash or Cash Equivalents for such Capital Stock);
- (2) all or substantially all of the properties and assets of any division or line of business of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary; or
- (3) any other properties or assets of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary other than in the ordinary course of business.

For the purposes of this definition, the term Asset Sale shall not include any transfer of properties and assets:

- (A) that is governed by the provisions described under the caption Consolidation, Merger, Sale of Assets,
- (B) that is by the Company to any Restricted Subsidiary, or by any Restricted Subsidiary to the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary in accordance with the terms of the Indenture,
- (C) that is of obsolete or unusable equipment or assets that are not useful in the business,
- (D) that consists of defaulted receivables for collection or any sale, transfer or other disposition of defaulted receivables for collection.
- (E) the Fair Market Value of which in the aggregate does not exceed \$5 million in any transaction or series of related transactions.
- (F) any Restricted Payment permitted under the caption Certain Covenants Limitation on Restricted Payments,
- (G) any disposition that constitutes a Change of Control,
- (H) the sale or other disposition of cash or Cash Equivalents, or
- (I) any sale of Capital Stock in, or Debt or other securities of, an Unrestricted Subsidiary.

Average Life to Stated Maturity means, as of the date of determination with respect to any Debt, the quotient obtained by dividing (i) the sum of the products of (a) the number of years from the date of determination to the date or dates of each successive scheduled principal payment of such Debt multiplied by (b) the amount of each such principal payment by (ii) the sum of all such principal payments.

Bankruptcy Law means Title 11, United States Bankruptcy Code of 1978, as amended, or any similar United States federal or state law or foreign law relating to bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership, winding up, liquidation, reorganization or relief of debtors or any amendment to, succession to or change in any such law.

Capital Lease Obligation of any Person means any obligation of such Person and its Restricted Subsidiaries on a Consolidated basis under any capital lease of real or personal property which, in accordance with GAAP, is required

to be recorded as a capitalized lease obligation on the books of the lessee.

Capital Stock of any Person means any and all shares, interests, participations, rights in or other equivalents, however designated, of such Person s capital stock or other equity interests, partnership interests (whether general or limited), any other interest or participation that confers on a Person that right to receive a share of the profits and losses of, or distributions of assets of (other than a distribution in respect of Debt), the issuing Person and any rights (other than debt securities convertible into Capital Stock), warrants or options exchangeable for or convertible into such Capital Stock.

62

#### **Table of Contents**

### Cash Equivalent means:

- (1) United States Dollars or such local currencies held by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary from time to time in the ordinary course of business;
- (2) any evidence of Debt, maturing not more than one year after the date of acquisition, issued by the United States of America, or an instrumentality or agency thereof, and guaranteed fully as to principal, premium, if any, and interest by the United States of America;
- (3) certificates of deposit, time deposits and eurodollar time deposits with maturities of one year or less from the date of acquisition, bankers—acceptances with maturities not exceeding one year and overnight bank deposits, in each case with any commercial bank having capital and surplus of not less than \$500 million in the case of U.S. banks and \$100 million (or the U.S. dollar equivalent as of the date of determination) in the case of non-U.S. banks;
- (4) commercial paper, maturing not more than one year after the date of acquisition, issued by a corporation (other than an Affiliate or Subsidiary of the Company) organized and existing under the laws of the United States of America with a rating, at the time as of which any investment therein is made, of P-1 (or higher) according to Moody s or A-1 (or higher) according to S&P;
- (5) any money market deposit accounts issued or offered by a domestic commercial bank having capital and surplus in excess of \$500 million or a non-U.S. bank having capital and surplus in excess of \$100 million; *provided* that the short term debt of such commercial bank has a rating, at the time of Investment, of P-1 (or higher) according to Moody s or A-1 (or higher) according to S&P;
- (6) in the case of any investment by a Foreign Subsidiary or investments made in a country outside the United States of America, Cash Equivalents will also include direct obligations of the sovereign nation (or any agency thereof) in which such Foreign Subsidiary is organized and is conducting business or obligations fully and unconditionally guaranteed by such sovereign nation (or agency thereof);
- (7) any repurchase agreement entered into with DaimlerChrysler Financial Services Americas LLC (or with a commercial banking institution of the stature referred to in clause (3) above) which (A) is secured by a fully perfected security interest in any obligation of the type described in any of clauses (2) through (4) above and (B) has a market value at the time such repurchase agreement is entered into of not less than 100% of the repurchase obligation of DaimlerChrysler Financial Services Americas LLC (or such commercial banking institution) thereunder;
- (8) repurchase obligations for underlying securities of the types described in clauses (2) and (3) entered into with any financial institution meeting the qualifications specified in clause (3) above; and
- (9) shares of money market mutual funds within the definition of Rule 2a-7 issued by the SEC under the Investment Company Act of 1940.

Change of Control means the occurrence of any of the following events:

(1) any person or group (as such terms are used in Sections 13(d) and 14(d) of the Exchange Act or any successor provisions) other than the Company, any of its subsidiaries, any of its employee benefit plans, any of the Permitted Holders or any holding company which owns, directly or indirectly, 100% of the Voting Stock of the Company (so long as no Change of Control would otherwise have occurred in respect of the Voting Stock of such holding company), is or becomes the beneficial owner, directly or indirectly, through a purchase, merger or other acquisition

transaction, of 50% or more of the total voting power of all classes of Voting Stock of the Company;

(2) the Company consolidates with, or merges with or into, another person (as such term is used in Sections 13(d) and 14(d) of the Exchange Act) or any person consolidates with or merges with or into the

63

#### **Table of Contents**

Company, or the Company conveys, transfers, leases or otherwise disposes of all or substantially all of its assets to any person (other than a direct or indirect wholly owned subsidiary of the Company), other than:

- (a) any transaction pursuant to which holders of the Company s capital stock immediately prior to the transaction have the entitlement to exercise, directly or indirectly, 50% or more of the total voting power of all classes of Voting Stock of (i) the continuing or surviving person immediately after the transaction or (ii) any holding company which owns, directly or indirectly, 100% of the Voting Stock of the continuing or surviving person immediately after the transaction (so long as no Change of Control would otherwise have occurred in respect of the Voting Stock of such holding company); or
- (b) any merger solely for the purpose of changing the Company s jurisdiction of formation and resulting in a reclassification, conversion or exchange of outstanding shares of common stock solely into shares of common stock of the surviving entity;
- (3) during any consecutive two-year period, individuals who at the beginning of that two-year period constituted the board of directors of the Company (together with any new directors whose election to such board of directors, or whose nomination for election by stockholders, was approved by a vote of a majority of the directors then in office who were either directors at the beginning of such period or whose election or nomination for election was previously so approved) cease for any reason (other than death) to constitute a majority of the board of directors of the Company then in office; or
- (4) the Company approves a plan of liquidation or dissolution.

Beneficial ownership will be determined in accordance with Rule 13d-3 promulgated by the SEC under the Exchange Act. The term person includes any syndicate or group that would be deemed to be a person under Section 13(d)(3) of the Exchange Act.

SEC means the Securities and Exchange Commission, as from time to time constituted, created under the Exchange Act, or if at any time after the execution of the Indenture such SEC is not existing and performing the duties now assigned to it under the Securities Act, Exchange Act and Trust Indenture Act then the body performing such duties at such time.

Commodity Price Protection Agreement means any forward contract, commodity swap, commodity option or other similar financial agreement or arrangement relating to, or the value of which is dependent upon, fluctuations in commodity prices.

Common Stock means the Company s voting common stock, par value \$0.0001, or any successor common stock thereto.

Company means United Auto Group, Inc., a corporation incorporated under the laws of Delaware, until a successor Person shall have become such pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Indenture, and thereafter Company shall mean such successor Person.

Consolidated Equity of any Person means (a) the Consolidated Tangible Assets of such Person, less (b) the amount of any Debt of such Person incurred pursuant to a Floor Plan Facility.

Consolidated Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio of any Person means, for any period, the ratio of:

(a) the sum of Consolidated Net Income (Loss), and in each case to the extent deducted in computing Consolidated Net Income (Loss) for such period, Consolidated Interest Expense, Consolidated Income Tax Expense and Consolidated Non-cash Charges for such period, of such Person and its Restricted Subsidiaries on a Consolidated basis, all determined in accordance with GAAP, less all noncash items increasing Consolidated Net Income for such period in any prior period to

(b) the sum of Consolidated Interest Expense for such period and cash dividends paid on any Preferred Stock of such Person during such period,

64

#### **Table of Contents**

in each case after giving pro forma effect to:

- (i) the incurrence of the Debt giving rise to the need to make such calculation and (if applicable) the application of the net proceeds therefrom, including to refinance other Debt, as if such Debt was incurred, and the application of such proceeds occurred, on the first day of such period;
- (ii) the incurrence, repayment or retirement of any other Debt by the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries since the first day of such period as if such Debt was incurred, repaid or retired at the beginning of such period (except that, in making such computation, the amount of Debt under any revolving credit facility shall be computed based upon the average daily balance of such Debt during such period);
- (iii) in the case of Acquired Debt or any acquisition occurring at the time of the incurrence of such Debt, the related acquisition (and any Consolidated Net Income (Loss) of such Person), assuming such acquisition had been consummated on the first day of such period; and
- (iv) any acquisition or disposition by the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries of any company or any business or any assets (including the Consolidated Net Income (Loss) of such Person), whether by merger, stock purchase or sale or asset purchase or sale, or any related repayment of Debt, in each case since the first day of such period, assuming such acquisition or disposition had been consummated on the first day of such period, including giving effect to any Pro Forma Cost Savings;

### provided that

- (i) in making such computation, the Consolidated Interest Expense attributable to interest on any Debt computed on a pro forma basis and (A) bearing a floating interest rate shall be computed as if the rate in effect on the date of computation had been the applicable rate for the entire period (subject to any applicable Interest Rate Agreement) and (B) which was not outstanding during the period for which the computation is being made but which bears, at the option of such Person, a fixed or floating rate of interest, shall be computed by applying at the option of such Person either the fixed or floating rate and
- (ii) in making such computation, the Consolidated Interest Expense of such Person attributable to interest on any Debt under a revolving credit facility computed on a pro forma basis shall be computed based upon the average daily balance of such Debt during the applicable period.

Consolidated Income Tax Expense of any Person means, for any period, the provision for federal, state, local and foreign income taxes of such Person and its Consolidated Restricted Subsidiaries for such period as determined in accordance with GAAP.

Consolidated Interest Expense of any Person means, without duplication, for any period, the sum of

- (a) the interest expense of such Person and its Restricted Subsidiaries for such period, on a Consolidated basis (other than interest expense under any Inventory Facility), including, without limitation,
- (1) amortization of debt discount,
- (2) the net cash costs paid under Interest Rate Agreements (including amortization of discounts),
- (3) the interest portion of any deferred payment obligation,

- (4) all commissions, discounts and other fees and charges owed with respect to letters of credit and bankers acceptance financing, and
- (5) accrued interest, plus
- (b) (1) the interest component of the Capital Lease Obligations paid, accrued and/or scheduled to be paid or accrued by such Person and its Restricted Subsidiaries during such period and (2) all capitalized interest of such Person and its Restricted Subsidiaries; plus
- (c) the interest expense under any Guaranteed Debt of such Person and any Restricted Subsidiary to the extent not included under clause (a)(4) above, whether or not paid by such Person or its Restricted Subsidiaries,

65

#### **Table of Contents**

but excluding, in the case of (a), (b) and (c), the amortization or write-off of deferred financing costs, plus (d) dividend requirements of the Company and the Restricted Subsidiaries with respect to Redeemable Capital Stock, and with respect to Preferred Stock of Restricted Subsidiaries, in each case whether in cash or otherwise (except dividends payable solely in shares of Capital Stock (other than any Preferred Stock or Redeemable Capital Stock) of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary).

Consolidated Net Income (Loss) of any Person means, for any period, the Consolidated net income (or loss) of such Person and its Restricted Subsidiaries for such period on a Consolidated basis as determined in accordance with GAAP, adjusted, to the extent included in calculating such net income (or loss), by excluding, without duplication,

- (1) all extraordinary, non-recurring or unusual gains or losses net of taxes (less all fees and expenses relating thereto),
- (2) the portion of net income (or loss) of such Person and its Restricted Subsidiaries on a Consolidated basis allocable to minority interests in unconsolidated Persons or Unrestricted Subsidiaries to the extent that cash dividends or distributions have not actually been received by such Person or one of its Consolidated Restricted Subsidiaries,
- (3) any impairment charge or asset write-off pursuant to Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 142 and No. 144 and the amortization of intangibles arising pursuant to No. 141,
- (4) any gain or loss, net of taxes, realized upon the termination of any employee pension benefit plan,
- (5) the cumulative effect of a change in accounting principles;
- (6) gains or losses, net of taxes (less all fees and expenses relating thereto), in respect of dispositions of assets other than in the ordinary course of business,
- (7) solely for purposes of the covenant described under Certain Covenants *Limitation on Restricted Payments*, the net income of any Restricted Subsidiary to the extent that the declaration of dividends or similar distributions by that Restricted Subsidiary of that income is not at the time permitted, directly or indirectly, by operation of the terms of its charter or any agreement, instrument, judgment, decree, order, statute, rule or governmental regulation applicable to that Restricted Subsidiary or its stockholders,
- (8) non-cash gains and losses due solely to fluctuations in currency values or unrealized gains and losses with respect to hedging obligations or other derivative instruments pursuant to Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 133 or otherwise,
- (9) any non-cash compensation charge arising from the grant of or issuance of stock, stock options or other equity based awards;
- (10) any restoration to net income of any contingency reserve, except to the extent provision for such reserve was made out of income accrued at any time following the Issue Date,
- (11) the amortization or write-off of deferred financing fees and any expenses of bridge or other financing fees;
- (12) any net gain arising from the acquisition of any securities or extinguishment, under GAAP, of any Debt of such Person.

For the sake of clarity, any amounts restated for discontinued operations in the Company s consolidated financial statements shall not be recalculated under this definition.

Consolidated Non-cash Charges of any Person means, for any period, the aggregate depreciation, amortization and other non-cash charges of such Person and its subsidiaries on a Consolidated basis for such period, as determined in accordance with GAAP, excluding any non-cash charge which requires an accrual or reserve for cash charges for any future period.

Consolidated Tangible Assets of any Person means (a) all the Consolidated Total Assets of such Person, less (b) the amount thereof constituting goodwill and other intangible assets as calculated in accordance with GAAP.

66

### **Table of Contents**

Consolidated Total Assets of any Person means all amounts that would be shown as assets on a consolidated balance sheet of such Person and its Restricted Subsidiaries prepared in accordance with GAAP.

Consolidation means, with respect to any Person, the consolidation of the accounts of such Person and each of its subsidiaries if and to the extent the accounts of such Person and each of its subsidiaries would normally be consolidated with those of such Person, all in accordance with GAAP. The term Consolidated shall have a similar meaning.

Credit Agreement means the Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of September 8, 2004, among United Auto Group, Inc., various financial institutions, and DaimlerChrysler Financial Services Americas LLC as agent for the lenders, as amended, as such agreement, in whole or in part, may have been or may be amended, renewed, extended, increased, substituted, refinanced, restructured, replaced, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time, including, without limitation, any successive renewals, extensions, substitutions, refinancings, restructurings, replacements, supplementations or other modifications of the foregoing.

Credit Facility means one or more debt facilities (including, without limitation, the Credit Agreement and the U.K. Credit Agreement), financings, commercial paper facilities or other debt instruments, indentures or agreements providing for revolving credit loans, term loans, receivables financing (including through the sale of receivables to such lenders or to special purpose entities formed to borrow from such lenders against such receivables), exchange notes or letters of credit, bank products or other debt obligations and, in each case, as such agreements may be amended, amended and restated, supplemented, modified, renewed, refunded, refinanced, replaced or otherwise restructured, in whole or in part from time to time (including increasing the amount of available borrowings thereunder or adding Restricted Subsidiaries of the Company as additional borrowers or guarantors thereunder) with respect to all or any portion of the Debt under such agreement or agreements or any successor or replacement agreement or agreements and whether by the same or any other agent, lender or group of lenders or other party.

Currency Hedging Agreements means one or more of the following agreements which shall be entered into by one or more financial institutions: foreign exchange contracts, currency swap agreements or other similar agreements or arrangements designed to protect against the fluctuations in currency values.

Debt means, with respect to any Person, without duplication,

- (1) all debt of such Person for borrowed money or for the deferred purchase price of property or services, excluding any trade payables and other accrued current liabilities arising in the ordinary course of business, but including, without limitation, all obligations, contingent or otherwise, of such Person in connection with any letters of credit issued under letter of credit facilities, acceptance facilities or other similar facilities,
- (2) all obligations of such Person evidenced by bonds, exchange notes, debentures or other similar instruments,
- (3) all debt created or arising under any conditional sale or other title retention agreement with respect to property acquired by such Person (even if the rights and remedies of the seller or lender under such agreement in the event of default are limited to repossession or sale of such property), but excluding trade payables arising in the ordinary course of business.
- (4) all net obligations of such Person under Interest Rate Agreements, Currency Hedging Agreements or Commodity Price Protection Agreements of such Person,
- (5) all Capital Lease Obligations of such Person,

(6) all Debt referred to in clauses (1) through (5) above of other Persons and all dividends of other Persons, the payment of which is secured by (or for which the holder of such Debt has an existing right, contingent or otherwise, to be secured by) any Lien, upon or with respect to property, including, without limitation, accounts and contract rights owned by such Person, even though such Person has not assumed or become liable for the payment of such Debt,

(7) all Guaranteed Debt of such Person,

67

#### **Table of Contents**

- (8) all Redeemable Capital Stock issued by such Person valued at the greater of its voluntary or involuntary maximum fixed repurchase price plus accrued and unpaid dividends,
- (9) Preferred Stock of any Restricted Subsidiary of the Company which is not a Guarantor, and
- (10) any amendment, supplement, modification, deferral, renewal, extension, refunding or refinancing of any liability of the types referred to in clauses (1) through (9) above.

For purposes hereof, the maximum fixed repurchase price of any Redeemable Capital Stock which does not have a fixed repurchase price shall be calculated in accordance with the terms of such Redeemable Capital Stock as if such Redeemable Capital Stock were purchased on any date on which Debt shall be required to be determined pursuant to the Indenture, and if such price is based upon, or measured by, the Fair Market Value of such Redeemable Capital Stock, such Fair Market Value to be determined in good faith by the board of directors of the issuer of such Redeemable Capital Stock.

Default means any event which is, or after notice or passage of time or both would be, an Event of Default.

Designated Noncash Consideration means the Fair Market Value of non-cash consideration received by the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries in connection with an Asset Sale that is so designated pursuant to an officer s certificate, setting forth the basis of the valuation. The aggregate Fair Market Value of the Designated Noncash Consideration, taken together with the Fair Market Value at the time of receipt of all other Designated Noncash Consideration received, may not exceed \$35 million in the aggregate outstanding at any one time (with the Fair Market Value being measured at the time received and without giving effect to subsequent changes in value).

Disinterested Director means, with respect to any transaction or series of related transactions, a member of the board of directors of the Company who does not have any material direct or indirect financial interest in or with respect to such transaction or series of transactions.

Domestic Subsidiary means any Restricted Subsidiary that is not a Foreign Subsidiary.

Equity Offering means an offering by the Company of its common stock, Preferred Stock (other than Redeemable Capital Stock) or options, warrants or rights with respect to its common stock or Preferred Stock (other than Redeemable Capital Stock) in excess of \$25 million (other than offerings registered on Form S-8 or issuances to a Subsidiary of the Company).

Exchange Act means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or any successor statute, and the rules and regulations promulgated by the SEC thereunder.

Exchange Notes means the 7.75% Senior Subordinated Exchange Notes due 2016 to be issued in the Exchange Offer.

Fair Market Value means, with respect to any asset or property, the sale value that would be obtained in an arm s-length free market transaction between an informed and willing seller under no compulsion to sell and an informed and willing buyer under no compulsion to buy. Fair Market Value for transactions in excess of \$25 million shall be determined by the Company s board of directors acting in good faith and shall be evidenced by a resolution of the board of directors or a committee thereof.

Floor Plan Facility means an agreement from Ford Motor Credit Company, General Motors Acceptance Corporation, DaimlerChrysler Financial Services Americas LLC, Toyota Motor Credit Corporation, World Omni Financial Corp.,

BMW Financial Services NA, LLC or any other bank or asset-based lender pursuant to which the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary incurs Debt substantially all of the net proceeds of which are used to purchase, finance or refinance vehicles and/or vehicle parts and supplies to be sold in the ordinary course of business of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries and which may not be secured except by a Lien that does not extend to or cover any property other than the property of the dealership(s) which use the proceeds of the Floor Plan Facilities or other dealerships who have incurred Debt from the same lender.

Foreign Subsidiary means any Restricted Subsidiary that (x) is not organized under the laws of the United States of America or any state thereof or the District of Columbia or (y) was organized under the laws of the United

68

### **Table of Contents**

States of America or any State thereof or the District of Columbia that has no material assets other than Capital Stock of one or more foreign entities of the type described in clause (x) above.

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles or GAAP means generally accepted accounting principles set forth in the opinions and pronouncements of the Accounting Principles Board of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and statements and pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board or in such other statements by such other entity as have been approved by a significant segment of the accounting profession, which are in effect (i) with respect to periodic reporting requirements, from time to time, and (ii) otherwise on the date of the Indenture.

Guarantee means the guarantee by any Guarantor of the Company s Indenture Obligations.

Guaranteed Debt of any Person means, without duplication, all Debt of any other Person referred to in the definition of Debt guaranteed directly or indirectly in any manner by such Person, or in effect guaranteed directly or indirectly by such Person through an agreement:

- (1) to pay or purchase such Debt or to advance or supply funds for the payment or purchase of such Debt,
- (2) to purchase, sell or lease (as lessee or lessor) property, or to purchase or sell services, primarily for the purpose of enabling the debtor to make payment of such Debt or to assure the holder of such Debt against loss,
- (3) to supply funds to, or in any other manner invest in, the debtor (including any agreement to pay for property or services without requiring that such property be received or such services be rendered),
- (4) to maintain working capital or equity capital of the debtor, or otherwise to maintain the net worth, solvency or other financial condition of the debtor or to cause such debtor to achieve certain levels of financial performance or
- (5) otherwise to assure a creditor against loss;

provided that the term guarantee shall not include endorsements for collection or deposit, in either case in the ordinary course of business.

Guarantor means any Subsidiary which is a guarantor of the Notes, including any Person that is required after the Issue Date to execute a guarantee of the Notes pursuant to the covenant described under the caption Certain Covenants *Future Guarantees* until a successor replaces such party pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Indenture and, thereafter, shall mean such successor.

Indenture Obligations means the obligations of the Company and any other obligor under the Indenture or under the Notes, including any Guarantor, to pay principal of, premium, if any, and interest when due and payable, and all other amounts due or to become due under or in connection with the Indenture and the Notes (including Additional Interest) and the performance of all other obligations to the Trustee and the holders under the Indenture and the Notes and the Registration Rights Agreement, according to the respective terms thereof; provided that the term Indenture Obligations shall not include the compensation, expenses or indemnity of the Trustee, its affiliates or its counsel.

Interest Rate Agreements means one or more of the following agreements which shall be entered into by one or more financial institutions: interest rate protection agreements (including, without limitation, interest rate swaps, caps, floors, collars and similar agreements) and/or other types of interest rate hedging agreements from time to time.

Inventory Facility means any Floor Plan Facility or any other agreement, including pursuant to a commercial paper program, pursuant to which the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary incurs Debt, the net proceeds of which are used to purchase, finance or refinance vehicles and/or vehicle parts and supplies to be sold in the ordinary course of business of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries and which may not be secured except by a Lien that does not extend to or cover any property other than the property of the dealership(s) which use the proceeds of the Inventory Facility or other dealerships who have incurred Debt from the same lender.

Investment means, with respect to any Person, directly or indirectly, any advance, loan, including guarantees, or other extension of credit or capital contribution to (by means of any transfer of cash or other property to

69

### **Table of Contents**

others or any payment for property or services for the account or use of others), or any purchase, acquisition or ownership by such Person of any Capital Stock, bonds, notes, debentures or other securities issued or owned by any other Person and all other items that would be classified as investments on a balance sheet prepared in accordance with GAAP. If the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary of the Company sells or otherwise disposes of any Capital Stock of any direct or indirect Restricted Subsidiary of the Company such that, after giving effect to any such sale or disposition, such Person is no longer a Restricted Subsidiary of the Company (other than the sale of all of the outstanding Capital Stock of such Restricted Subsidiary), of the Company will be deemed to have made an Investment on the date of such sale or disposition equal to the Fair Market Value of the Company s Investments in such Subsidiary that were not sold or disposed.

Issue Date means December 7, 2006.

Lien means any mortgage or deed of trust, charge, pledge, lien (statutory or otherwise), privilege, security interest, assignment, deposit, easement, hypothecation, claim, preference, priority or other encumbrance upon or with respect to any property of any kind (including any conditional sale, capital lease or other title retention agreement, any leases in the nature thereof, and any agreement to give any security interest), real or personal, movable or immovable, now owned or hereafter acquired. A Person will be deemed to own subject to a Lien any property which it has acquired or holds subject to the interest of a vendor or lessor under any conditional sale agreement, Capital Lease Obligation or other title retention agreement.

Manufacturer means a vehicle manufacturer which is a party to an agreement with the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary.

Maturity means, when used with respect to the Notes, the date on which the principal of the Exchange Notes becomes due and payable as provided in the Notes or as provided in the Indenture, whether at Stated Maturity, the Offer Date or the redemption date and whether by declaration of acceleration, Offer in respect of Excess Proceeds, Change of Control Offer in respect of a Change of Control, call for redemption or otherwise.

### Net Cash Proceeds means

- (a) with respect to any Asset Sale by any Person, the proceeds from that sale (without duplication in respect of all Asset Sales) in the form of cash or Cash Equivalents including by way of sale or discounting of a note, installment receivable or other receivable (but excluding any other consideration received (x) in the form of assumption by the acquirer of Debt or other obligations relating to such properties or assets or (y) in any other cash form), including payments in respect of deferred payment obligations when received in the form of, or stock or other assets when disposed of for, cash or Cash Equivalents (except to the extent that such obligations are financed or sold with recourse to the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary) net of:
- (1) brokerage commissions and other reasonable fees and expenses (including fees and expenses of counsel and investment bankers) related to such Asset Sale,
- (2) provisions for all taxes payable as a result of such Asset Sale,
- (3) payments made to retire Debt where payment of such Debt is secured by the assets or properties the subject of such Asset Sale,
- (4) amounts required to be paid to any Person (other than the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary) owning a beneficial interest in the assets subject to the Asset Sale, and

(5) appropriate amounts to be provided by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary, as the case may be, as a reserve, in accordance with GAAP, against any liabilities associated with such Asset Sale and retained by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary, as the case may be, after such Asset Sale, including, without limitation, pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities, liabilities related to environmental matters and liabilities under any indemnification obligations associated with such Asset Sale, all as reflected in an officer s certificate delivered to the Trustee, and

(b) with respect to any issuance or sale of Capital Stock or options, warrants or rights to purchase Capital Stock, or debt securities or Capital Stock that have been converted into or exchanged for Capital Stock as referred to under the caption Certain Covenants *Limitation on Restricted Payments*, the proceeds of

70

### **Table of Contents**

such issuance or sale in the form of cash or Cash Equivalents including payments in respect of deferred payment obligations when received in the form of, or stock or other assets when disposed of for, cash or Cash Equivalents (except to the extent that such obligations are financed or sold with recourse to the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary), net of attorney s fees, accountant s fees and brokerage, consultation, underwriting and other fees and expenses actually incurred in connection with such issuance or sale and net of taxes paid or payable as a result of such issuance or sale.

Non-Guarantor Restricted Subsidiary means any future Restricted Subsidiary that is designated by the Company as a Non-Guarantor Restricted Subsidiary, as evidenced by an officer s certificate of the Company.

Pari Passu Debt means (a) any Debt of the Company that is pari passu in right of payment to the Notes, including, without limitation, the 3.5% Notes and the 9.625% senior subordinated notes, and (b) with respect to any Guarantee, Debt which ranks pari passu in right of payment to such Guarantee, including, without limitation, the Guarantees with respect to the 3.5% Notes and the 9.625% senior subordinated notes.

### Permitted Holders means:

- (1) Mr. Roger S. Penske, his estate, guardians, conservators, administrators, committees or personal representatives;
- (2) immediate family members and lineal descendants of Mr. Roger S. Penske and their respective guardians, conservators, administrators, committees or personal representatives;
- (3) trusts or other entities created for the benefit of any of the persons listed in (1) or (2) above or for the benefit of a trust covered by this clause (3);
- (4) any of Penske Capital Partners LLC, International Motor Car Group I LLC, International Motor Car Group II LLC, Penske Corporation, Penske Automotive Holdings Corp. and their respective subsidiaries, in each case so long as the persons or entities covered by clauses (1), (2) or (3), directly or indirectly, control such entities;
- (5) entities that are, directly or indirectly, controlled by any of the persons or entities listed in clauses (1) through (4) above; and
- (6) Mitsui & Co., U.S.A., Inc. and Mitsui & Co., Ltd and any of their affiliates.

For purposes of this definition, control when used with respect to any entity means the power to direct the management and policies of such entity, directly or indirectly, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract or otherwise, and the terms controlling and controlled have meanings correlative to the foregoing.

### Permitted Investment means:

- (1) Investments in any Restricted Subsidiary or any Person which, as a result of such Investment, (a) becomes a Restricted Subsidiary or (b) is merged or consolidated with or into, or transfers or conveys substantially all of its assets to, or is liquidated into, the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary;
- (2) Debt of the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary described under clauses (1), (2), (5), (6), (7) and (8) of the definition of Permitted Debt;
- (3) Investments in any of the Exchange Notes or the Exchange Notes;

- (4) Investments in cash and Cash Equivalents;
- (5) Investments acquired by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary in connection with an asset sale permitted under the caption Certain Covenants *Limitation on Sale of Assets* to the extent such Investments are non-cash proceeds as permitted under such covenant;
- (6) any Investment to the extent the consideration therefor consists of Qualified Capital Stock of the Company or any Unrestricted Subsidiary;

71

### **Table of Contents**

- (7) Investments representing Capital Stock or obligations issued to the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary in the course of the good faith settlement of claims against any other Person by reason of a composition or readjustment of debt or a reorganization of any debtor or any Restricted Subsidiary;
- (8) prepaid expenses advanced to employees in the ordinary course of business or other loans or advances to employees in the ordinary course of business not to exceed \$1 million in the aggregate at any one time outstanding;
- (9) Investments in existence on the Issue Date and an Investment in any Person to the extent such Investment replaces or refinances an Investment in such Person existing on the Issue Date in an amount not exceeding the amount of the Investment being replaced or refinanced;
- (10) Investments in Unrestricted Subsidiaries and joint ventures, not to exceed 2% of the Company s Consolidated Total Assets at any one time outstanding;
- (11) deposits, including interest-bearing deposits, maintained in the ordinary course of business in banks or with floor plan lenders; trade receivables and prepaid expenses, in each case arising in the ordinary course of business; *provided, however*, that such receivables and prepaid expenses would be recorded as assets of such Person in accordance with GAAP; endorsements for collection or deposit in the ordinary course of business by such Person of bank drafts and similar negotiable instruments of such other Person received as payment for ordinary course of business trade receivables:
- (12) Investments acquired with the Net Cash Proceeds received by the Company after the date of the Indenture from the issuance and sale of Capital Stock (other than Redeemable Stock or Preferred Stock); *provided* that such Net Cash Proceeds are used to make such Investment within 10 days of the receipt thereof and the amount of all such Net Cash Proceeds will be excluded from clause (3)(B) of the first paragraph of the covenant described under the caption Certain Covenants *Limitation on Restricted Payments*;
- (13) Investments acquired in connection with (and not created in anticipation of) an acquisition otherwise permitted by the Indenture;
- (14) Investments in prepaid expenses, negotiable instruments held for collection and lease, utility and worker s compensation, performance and other similar deposits provided to third parties in the ordinary course of business;
- (15) any Investment acquired by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary (a) in exchange for any other Investment or accounts receivable held by the Company or any such Restricted Subsidiary in connection with or as a result of a bankruptcy, workout, reorganization or recapitalization of the Person in which such other Investment is made or which is the obligor with respect to such accounts receivable, or (b) as a result of a foreclosure by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary with respect to any secured Investment or other transfer of title with respect to any secured Investment in default;
- (16) consumer loans and leases entered into, purchased or otherwise acquired by the Company or its Subsidiaries, as lender, lessor or assignee, as applicable, in the ordinary course of business; and
- (17) in addition to the Investments described in clauses (1) through (16) above, Investments in an amount not to exceed 2.5% of Consolidated Tangible Assets.

In connection with any assets or property contributed or transferred to any Person as an Investment, such property and assets shall be equal to the Fair Market Value at the time of Investment.

Permitted Junior Payment means any payment or other distribution to the holders of the Exchange Notes of securities of the Company or any other corporation that are equity securities (other than Preferred Stock or Redeemable Capital Stock) or are subordinated in right of payment to all Senior Debt, to substantially the same extent as, or greater extent than, the holders of the Indenture Obligations are so subordinated.

Permitted Liens means, with respect to any Person:

(1) Liens securing any Debt which became Debt pursuant to a transaction permitted under the caption Consolidation, Merger, Sale of Assets or securing Acquired Debt which was created prior to (and not

72

### **Table of Contents**

created in connection with, or in contemplation of) the incurrence of such Debt (including any assumption, guarantee or other liability with respect thereto by any Restricted Subsidiary) and which Debt is permitted under the provisions of the covenant described under the caption Certain Covenants *Limitation on Debt*;

- (2) Liens securing Debt in the aggregate amount outstanding at any time not to exceed 1% of the Company s Consolidated Tangible Assets;
- (3) Liens imposed by law, including carriers , warehousemen s and mechanics Liens, in each case for sums not yet due or being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings if a reserve or other appropriate provisions, if any, as shall be required by GAAP shall have been made in respect thereof;
- (4) Liens for taxes, assessments or other governmental charges not yet subject to penalties for non-payment or which are being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings provided appropriate reserves required pursuant to GAAP have been made in respect thereof;
- (5) Liens under the Company s joint collateral accounts, concentration accounts, deposit accounts or other funds maintained with a depositary institution or bank; *provided* that such deposit account is not a dedicated cash collateral account and is not subject to restrictions against access by the Company in excess of those set forth by regulations issued by the Federal Reserve Board;
- (6) Liens on property at the time the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary acquired the property, including any acquisition by means of a merger or consolidation with or into the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary; *provided*, *however*, that such Liens are not created, incurred or assumed in connection with, or in contemplation of, such acquisition; *provided further*, *however*, that such Liens may not extend to any other property owned by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary;
- (7) encumbrances, ground leases, easements or reservations of, or rights of others for, licenses, rights of way, sewers, electric lines, telegraph and telephone lines and other similar purposes, or zoning, building codes or other restrictions (including, without limitation, minor defects or irregularities in title and similar encumbrances) as to the use of real properties or liens incidental to the conduct of the business of such Person or to the ownership of its properties which do not in the aggregate materially adversely affect the value of said properties or materially impair their use in the operation of the business of such Person;
- (8) leases, licenses, subleases and sublicenses of assets (including, without limitation, real property and intellectual property rights) which do not materially interfere with the ordinary conduct of the business of the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries;
- (9) Liens existing on the Issue Date;
- (10) pledges or deposits by such Person under workmen s compensation laws, unemployment insurance laws or similar legislation, or good faith deposits in connection with bids, tenders, contracts (other than for the payment of Debt) or leases to which such Person is a party, or deposits to secure public or statutory obligations of such Person or deposits of cash or United States government bonds to secure surety or appeal bonds to which such Person is a party, or deposits as security for contested taxes or import or customs duties or for the payment of rent, in each case incurred in the ordinary course of business;
- (11) judgment Liens not giving rise to an Event of Default so long as such Lien is adequately bonded and any appropriate legal proceedings which may have been duly initiated for the review of such judgment have not been finally terminated or the period within which such proceedings may be initiated has not expired; and

(12) Liens securing Debt incurred to refinance Debt that was previously so secured, *provided* that any such Lien is limited to all or part of the same property or assets (plus improvements, accessions, proceeds or dividends or distributions in respect thereof) that secured (or, under the written arrangements under which the original Lien arose, could secure) the Debt being refinanced or is in respect of property that is the security for a Permitted Lien hereunder.

73

### **Table of Contents**

Person means any individual, corporation, limited liability company, partnership, joint venture, association, joint-stock company, trust, unincorporated organization or government or any agency or political subdivision thereof.

Preferred Stock means, with respect to any Person, any Capital Stock of any class or classes, however designated, which is preferred as to the payment of dividends or distributions, or as to the distribution of assets upon any voluntary or involuntary liquidation or dissolution of such Person, over the Capital Stock of any other class in such Person.

Pro Forma Cost Savings means, with respect to any period, the reductions in costs that (1) occurred during the period that are attributable to an asset or stock acquisition and calculated on a basis that is consistent with Article 11 of Regulation S-X under the Securities Act or (2) are implemented, committed to be implemented, the commencement of implementation of which has begun or reasonably expected to be implemented in good faith with respect to the Company and the business that was the subject of any such asset or stock acquisition within twelve months of the date of the asset or stock acquisition and that are quantifiable, as if, in the case of each of clauses (1) and (2), all such reductions in costs had been effected as of the beginning of such period, decreased by any non-one-time incremental cash expenses incurred or to be incurred during the period in order to achieve such reduction in costs.

Purchase Money Obligation means any Debt secured by a Lien on assets related to the business of the Company and any additions and accessions thereto, which are purchased or constructed by the Company at any time after the Issue Date of the Notes; *provided* that

- (1) the security agreement or conditional sales or other title retention contract pursuant to which the Lien on such assets is created (collectively a Purchase Money Security Agreement ) shall be entered into within 180 days after the purchase or substantial completion of the construction of such assets and shall at all times be confined solely to the assets so purchased or acquired, any additions and accessions thereto and any proceeds therefrom,
- (2) at no time shall the aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Debt secured thereby be increased, except in connection with the purchase of additions and accessions thereto and except in respect of fees and other obligations in respect of such Debt, and
- (3) (A) the aggregate outstanding principal amount of Debt secured thereby (determined on a per asset basis in the case of any additions and accessions) shall not at the time such Purchase Money Security Agreement is entered into exceed 100% of the purchase price or cost of construction to the Company of the assets subject to such purchase or construction, or
- (B) the Debt secured thereby shall be with recourse solely to the assets so purchased, acquired or constructed, any additions and accessions thereto and any proceeds therefrom.

Qualified Capital Stock of any Person means any and all Capital Stock of such Person other than Redeemable Capital Stock.

Redeemable Capital Stock means any Capital Stock that, either by its terms or by the terms of any security into which it is convertible or exchangeable or otherwise,

(1) is or upon the happening of an event or passage of time would be, required to be redeemed prior to the final Stated Maturity of the principal of the Notes,

- (2) is redeemable at the option of the holder of such Capital Stock at any time prior to such final Stated Maturity (other than upon a change of control of the Company in circumstances where the holders of the Notes would have similar rights), or
- (3) is convertible into or exchangeable for debt securities at any time prior to such final Stated Maturity at the option of the holder of such Capital Stock.

74

#### **Table of Contents**

Replacement Assets means properties and assets (other than cash or any Capital Stock or other security) that will be used in a business of the Company or its Restricted Subsidiaries existing on the Issue Date or in a business reasonably related thereto.

Restricted Subsidiary means any Subsidiary of the Company that has not been designated by the board of directors of the Company by a board resolution delivered to the Trustee as an Unrestricted Subsidiary pursuant to and in compliance with the covenant described under the caption Certain Covenants *Limitation on Unrestricted Subsidiaries*.

Securities Act means the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or any successor statute, and the rules and regulations promulgated by the SEC under that act.

Significant Restricted Subsidiary means any Subsidiary that would be a significant subsidiary as defined in Article 1, Rule 1-02 of Regulation S-X, promulgated pursuant to the Securities Act, as such regulation is in effect on the date of the Indenture.

Stated Maturity means, when used with respect to any Debt or any installment of interest on such Debt, the dates specified in such Debt as the fixed date on which the principal of such Debt or such installment of interest, as the case may be, is due and payable.

Subordinated Debt means Debt of the Company or a Guarantor subordinated in right of payment to the Exchange Notes or the Guarantee of such Guarantor, as the case may be.

Subsidiary of a Person means:

- (1) any corporation more than 50% of the outstanding voting power of the Voting Stock of which is owned or controlled, directly or indirectly, by such Person or by one or more other Subsidiaries of such Person, or by such Person and one or more other Subsidiaries of such Person,
- (2) any limited partnership of which such Person or any Subsidiary of such Person is a general partner, or
- (3) any other Person in which such Person, or one or more other Subsidiaries of such Person, or such Person and one or more other Subsidiaries, directly or indirectly, has more than 50% of the outstanding partnership or similar interests or has the power, by contract or otherwise, to direct or cause the direction of the policies, management and affairs of such Person.

Treasury Rate means, with respect to any redemption date, the yield to maturity at the time of computation of United States Treasury securities with a constant maturity (as compiled and published in the most recent Federal Reserve Statistical Release H.15(519) that has become publicly available at least two business days prior to such redemption date (or, if such Statistical Release is no longer published, any publicly available source of similar market data)) most nearly equal to the period from such redemption date to December 15, 2011; *provided, however*, that if the period from such redemption date to December 15, 2011 is not equal to the constant maturity of a United States Treasury security for which a weekly average yield is given, the Treasury Rate shall be obtained by linear interpolation (calculated to the nearest one-twelfth of a year) from the weekly average yields of United States Treasury securities for which such yields are given, except that if the period from such redemption date to December 15, 2011 is less than one year, the weekly average yield on actually traded United States Treasury securities adjusted to a constant maturity of one year shall be used.

Trust Indenture Act means the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended, or any successor statute.

U.K. Credit Agreement means the credit facility, dated as of August 31, 2006, between Sytner Group Limited and Royal Bank of Scotland plc, as agent for National Westminster Bank plc, as such agreement, in whole or in part, may have been or may be amended, renewed, extended, increased, substituted, refinanced, restructured, replaced, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time, including, without limitation, any successive renewals, extensions, substitutions, refinancings, restructurings, replacements, supplementations or other modifications of the foregoing.

75

### **Table of Contents**

Unrestricted Subsidiary means any Subsidiary of the Company (other than a Guarantor) designated as such pursuant to and in compliance with the covenant described under the caption Certain Covenants *Limitation on Unrestricted Subsidiaries*.

Unrestricted Subsidiary Debt of any Unrestricted Subsidiary means Debt of such Unrestricted Subsidiary:

- (i) as to which neither the Company nor any Restricted Subsidiary is directly or indirectly liable (by virtue of the Company or any such Subsidiary being the primary obligor on, guarantor of, or otherwise liable in any respect to, such Debt), except Guaranteed Debt of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary to any Affiliate, in which case (unless the incurrence of such Guaranteed Debt resulted in a Restricted Payment at the time of incurrence) the Company shall be deemed to have made a Restricted Payment equal to the principal amount of any such Debt to the extent guaranteed at the time such Subsidiary is designated an Unrestricted Subsidiary; and
- (ii) which, upon the occurrence of a default with respect to such Debt, does not result in, or permit any holder of any Debt of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary to declare, a default on such Debt of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary or cause the payment of such Debt to be accelerated or payable prior to its Stated Maturity;

provided that notwithstanding the foregoing any Unrestricted Subsidiary may guarantee the Exchange Notes.

Voting Stock means Capital Stock of the class or classes pursuant to which the holders of such Capital Stock have the general voting power under ordinary circumstances to elect at least a majority of the board of directors, managers or trustees of such Person (irrespective of whether or not at the time Capital Stock of any other class or classes shall have or might have voting power by reason of the happening of any contingency).

Wholly Owned Restricted Subsidiary means a Restricted Subsidiary all the Capital Stock of which is owned by the Company or another Wholly Owned Restricted Subsidiary.

### **Book-entry Settlement and Clearance**

### The Global Exchange Notes

The exchange notes will be issued in the form of several registered exchange notes in global form, without interest coupons (the global exchange notes ).

Upon issuance, each of the global exchange notes will be deposited with the Trustee as custodian for DTC and registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of DTC.

Ownership of beneficial interests in each global exchange note will be limited to persons who have accounts with DTC ( DTC participants ) or persons who hold interests through DTC participants. We expect that under procedures established by DTC:

upon deposit of each global exchange note with DTC s custodian, DTC will credit portions of the principal amount of each global exchange note to the accounts of the DTC participants designated by the exchange agent; and

ownership of beneficial interests in each global exchange note will be shown on, and transfer of ownership of those interests will be effected only through, records maintained by DTC (with respect to interests of DTC participants) and the records of DTC participants (with respect to other owners of beneficial interests in any of

the global exchange notes).

Beneficial interests in the global exchange notes may not be exchanged for exchange notes in physical, certificated form except in the limited circumstances described below under Certificated Exchange Notes .

Each global note and beneficial interests in each global note will be subject to restrictions on transfer as described below.

76

### **Table of Contents**

## **Book-entry Procedures for the Global Exchange Notes**

All interests in the global exchange notes will be subject to the operations and procedures of DTC. We provide the following summary of those operations and procedures solely for the convenience of investors. DTC controls its own operations and procedures and may change them at any time. Neither we nor anyone else are responsible for those operations or procedures.

## DTC has advised us that it is:

- a limited purpose trust company organized under the laws of the State of New York;
- a banking organization within the meaning of the New York State Banking Law;
- a member of the Federal Reserve System;
- a clearing corporation within the meaning of the Uniform Commercial Code; and
- a clearing agency registered under Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

DTC was created to hold securities for its participants and to facilitate the clearance and settlement of securities transactions between its participants through electronic book-entry changes to the accounts of its participants. DTC s participants include securities brokers and dealers; banks and trust companies; clearing corporations and other organizations. Indirect access to DTC s system is also available to others such as banks, brokers, dealers and trust companies; these indirect participants clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a DTC participant, either directly or indirectly. Investors who are not DTC participants may beneficially own securities held by or on behalf of DTC only through DTC participants or indirect participants in DTC.

So long as DTC s nominee is the registered owner of an exchange global note, that nominee will be considered the sole owner or holder of the exchange notes represented by that exchange global note for all purposes under the indenture. Except as provided below, owners of beneficial interests in an exchange global note:

will not be entitled to have exchange notes represented by the exchange global note registered in their names;

will not receive or be entitled to receive physical, certificated exchange notes; and

will not be considered the owners or holders of the exchange notes under the indenture for any purpose, including with respect to the giving of any direction, instruction or approval to the Trustee under the indenture.

As a result, each investor who owns a beneficial interest in an exchange global note must rely on the procedures of DTC to exercise any rights of a holder of exchange notes under the indenture (and, if the investor is not a participant or an indirect participant in DTC, on the procedures of the DTC participant through which the investor owns its interest).

Payments of principal, premium (if any) and interest with respect to the exchange notes represented by an exchange global note will be made by the Trustee to DTC s nominee as the registered holder of the exchange global note. Neither we nor the Trustee will have any responsibility or liability for the payment of amounts to owners of beneficial interests in a global note, for any aspect of the records relating to or payments made on account of those interests by DTC, or for maintaining, supervising or reviewing any records of DTC relating to those interests.

Payments by participants and indirect participants in DTC to the owners of beneficial interests in an exchange global note will be governed by standing instructions and customary industry practice and will be the responsibility of those participants or indirect participants and DTC.

Transfers between participants in DTC will be effected under DTC s procedures and will be settled in same-day funds.

DTC has agreed to the above procedures to facilitate transfers of interests in the global exchange notes among participants in its settlement system. However, DTC is not obligated to perform these procedures and may discontinue or change these procedures at any time. Neither we nor the Trustee or exchange agent will have any

77

### **Table of Contents**

responsibility for the performance by DTC or its direct or indirect participants of their obligations under the rules and procedures governing their operations.

## Certificated exchange notes

Except as set forth above, exchange notes in physical, certificated form will be issued and delivered to each person that DTC identifies as a beneficial owner of the related exchange notes only if:

DTC notifies us at any time that it is unwilling or unable to continue as depositary for the global exchange notes and a successor depositary is not appointed within 90 days;

DTC ceases to be registered as a clearing agency under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and a successor depositary is not appointed within 90 days;

we, at our option, notify the Trustee that we elect to cause the issuance of certificated exchange notes; or certain other events provided in the indenture should occur.

### **Material United States Federal Income Tax Considerations**

The following discussion summarizes the material U.S. federal income tax considerations relating to the exchange of old notes for exchange notes pursuant to the exchange offer. This summary applies only to those persons holding old notes and exchange notes as capital assets and does not address considerations that may be relevant to you if you are an investor that is subject to special tax rules, such as a bank, thrift, real estate investment trust, regulated investment company, insurance company, dealer in securities or currencies, trader in securities or commodities that elects mark to market treatment, a person that holds old notes or exchange notes as a position in a straddle, conversion or other integrated transaction, tax-exempt organization, partnership or other entity classified as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes, certain former citizens and residents, a person who is liable for the alternative minimum tax, or a person whose functional currency is not the U.S. dollar. If an entity that is treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes holds the notes, the tax treatment of a partner generally will depend on the status of the partner and the activities of the partnership. If you own an interest in such an entity, you should consult your tax advisor. In addition, this discussion does not describe any tax consequences arising out of the tax laws of any state, local or foreign jurisdiction, or any possible applicability of U.S. federal gift or estate tax.

This summary is based on laws, regulations, rulings and decisions now in effect, all of which may change. Any change could apply retroactively and could affect the continued validity of this summary.

You should consult your tax advisor about the tax consequences of purchasing or holding old notes and exchange notes, including the relevance to your particular situation of the considerations discussed below, as well as the relevance to your particular situation of state, local, foreign or other tax laws.

The exchange of old notes for exchange notes in the exchange offer generally will not constitute a taxable exchange for U.S. federal income tax purposes. As a result, (1) you will not recognize taxable gain or loss as a result of exchanging your old notes for exchange notes in the exchange offer; (2) the holding period of your exchange notes will include the holding period of your old notes; and (3) the tax basis of the exchange notes you receive will be the same as the tax basis of your old notes.

THE PRECEDING PARAGRAPH DOES NOT DESCRIBE ALL OF THE U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES THAT MAY BE RELEVANT TO A HOLDER IN LIGHT OF ITS PARTICULAR

CIRCUMSTANCES OR TO HOLDERS SUBJECT TO SPECIAL RULES. IF YOU ARE CONSIDERING AN EXCHANGE OF YOUR OLD NOTES FOR THE EXCHANGE NOTES, YOU SHOULD CONSULT YOUR OWN TAX ADVISOR(S) CONCERNING THE TAX CONSEQUENCES ARISING UNDER U.S. FEDERAL, STATE, LOCAL, OR FOREIGN LAWS OF SUCH AN EXCHANGE.

78

### **Table of Contents**

### Plan of Distribution

Any broker-dealer who holds old notes that were acquired for its own account as a result of market-making activities or other trading activities (other than old notes acquired directly from us), may exchange such old notes pursuant to the exchange offer; however, such broker-dealer may be deemed to be an underwriter within the meaning of the Securities Act and must, therefore, deliver a prospectus meeting the requirements of the Securities Act in connection with any resales of the exchange notes received by such broker-dealer in the exchange offer, which prospectus delivery requirement may be satisfied by such broker-dealer by delivering this prospectus.

We have agreed that, for a period of as long as 180 days after the expiration date of the exchange offer, we will amend or supplement this prospectus in order to expedite or facilitate the disposition of any exchange notes by such broker-dealers. In addition, until up to 180 days after the effective date of the exchange offer registration statement, all dealers effecting transactions in the exchange notes may be required to deliver a prospectus.

We will not receive any proceeds from any sale of exchange notes by broker-dealers. Exchange notes received by broker-dealers for their own account in the exchange offer may be sold from time to time in one or more transactions in the over-the-counter market, in negotiated transactions, through the writing of options on the exchange notes or a combination of these methods of resale. These resales may be made at market prices prevailing at the time of resale, at prices related to these prevailing market prices or negotiated prices. Any resale may be made directly to purchasers or to or through brokers or dealers who may receive compensation in the form of commissions or concessions from any broker-dealer and/or the purchasers of any of the exchange notes. Any broker-dealer that resells exchange notes that were received by it for its own account in the exchange offer and any broker or dealer that participates in a distribution of the exchange notes may be deemed to be an underwriter within the meaning of the Securities Act, and any profit on the resale of exchange notes and any commission or concessions received by those persons may be deemed to be underwriting compensation under the Securities Act. Any such broker-dealer must comply with the registration and prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act in connection with any resale transaction, including the delivery of a prospectus that contains information with respect to any selling holder required by the Securities Act in connection with any resale of the exchange notes. By delivering a prospectus, however, a broker-dealer will not be deemed to admit that it is an underwriter within the meaning of the Securities Act.

Furthermore, any broker-dealer that acquired any of its old notes directly from us:

may not rely on the applicable interpretations of the staff of the SEC contained in Exxon Capital Holdings Corp., SEC no-action letter (April 13, 1988), Morgan, Stanley & Co. Inc., SEC no-action letter (June 5, 1991) and Shearman & Sterling, SEC no-action letter (July 2, 1993); and

must comply with the registration and prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act in connection with any resale of the exchange notes.

We have agreed to pay all expenses incident to the performance of our obligations in relation to the exchange offer other than commissions or concessions of any brokers or dealers. We will indemnify the holders of the exchange notes against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act.

### **Legal Matters**

The validity of the securities offered hereby will be passed upon for us by Shane M. Spradlin, Esq., our Vice President and Senior Corporate Counsel.

## **EXPERTS**

The financial statements of United Auto Group, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries (the Company ), except UAG UK Holdings Limited and its subsidiaries, the related financial statement schedule, and the related management s report on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, incorporated in this prospectus by reference from the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K (the Form 10-K ) for the year ended December 31, 2006, have been audited by Deloitte & Touche LLP, an independent registered public accounting

79

### **Table of Contents**

firm, as stated in their reports which are incorporated herein by reference (which reports (1) express an unqualified opinion on the financial statements and financial statement schedule based on their audits and the report of other auditors and include an explanatory paragraph referring to the Company's election of the application of Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 108, Considering the Effects of Prior Year Misstatements when Quantifying Misstatements in Current Year Financial Statements, (2) express an unqualified opinion on management is assessment regarding the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, and (3) express an unqualified opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting).

The consolidated balance sheets of UAG UK Holdings Limited (a consolidated subsidiary of the Company) and it s subsidiaries (not presented separately in the Form 10-K) as of December 31, 2006 and 2005 and the related consolidated statements of income, stockholder s equity, comprehensive income and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2006, and the related management s report on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2006 have been audited by KPMG Audit Plc, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their reports incorporated by reference in this prospectus from the Company s annual report on Form 10-K, which reports include an explanatory paragraph referring to the Company s election of the application of Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 108, Considering the Effects of Prior Year Misstatements when Quantifying Misstatements in Current Year Financial Statements .

Such financial statements of the Company and UAG UK Holdings Limited, the financial statement schedule and reports of the independent registered public accounting firms are incorporated herein in reliance upon the respective reports of such firms given upon their authority as experts in accounting and auditing.

### Where You Can Find Additional Information

We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC under the Exchange Act. You may read and copy this information at the following location of the SEC:

Public Reference Room 100 F Street, N.E. Washington, D.C. 20549

You may obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at (800) SEC-0330.

The SEC also maintains an Internet site that contains reports, proxy statements and other information about issuers, like us, who file electronically with the SEC. The address of that website is www.sec.gov. Our SEC filings and other information are available at our website, www.unitedauto.com. The information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference in this prospectus and you should not consider it part of this prospectus.

## **Incorporation of Certain Documents By Reference**

We can disclose important information to you by referring to other documents filed separately with the SEC. The information that we incorporate by reference is considered to be part of this prospectus, and later information that we file with the SEC automatically updates and supersedes this information. Specifically, we incorporate by reference (except to the extent the information contained therein has been updated or superceded by the information contained in this prospectus):

- 1. Our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006 filed on March 1, 2007 (including those portions of our definitive proxy statement, dated March 29, 2007, incorporated by reference therein);
- 2. Our current reports on Form 8-K filed on January 31, 2007, February 14, 2007, and March 21, 2007; and

3. All documents we file with the SEC pursuant to Sections 13(a) of the Exchange Act after the date of this prospectus and prior to the termination of the offering of the exchange notes offered by this prospectus.

80

### **Table of Contents**

We will provide, at no cost to you, a copy of all documents incorporated by reference into this prospectus to each person, including any beneficial owner, to whom we deliver this prospectus, upon written or oral request. You may request a copy of these filings by writing or telephoning us at the following address or telephone number:

Shane M. Spradlin United Auto Group, Inc. 2555 Telegraph Road Bloomfield Hills, MI 48302 (240) 648-2500

You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus directly or incorporated by reference. We have authorized no one to provide you with different information. We are not making an offer of these securities in any state where the offer is not permitted. You should not assume that the information in this prospectus is accurate as of any date other than the date on the front of this prospectus. Statements contained in this prospectus as to the contents of any contract or other documents are not necessarily complete, and in each instance, investors are referred to the copy of the applicable contract or other document, and each such statement is qualified in all respects by such reference.

81

### **Table of Contents**

### **PART II**

# INFORMATION NOT REQUIRED IN PROSPECTUS

## Item 20. Indemnification of Directors and Officers.

The following summary is qualified in its entirety by reference to the complete text of the statutes referred to below and the Restated Certificate of Incorporation and the Bylaws of United Auto Group, Inc. ( the Registrant ).

Section 145 of the Delaware General Corporation Law provides that a corporation may indemnify directors and officers, as well as other employees and individuals, against expenses, including attorneys fees, judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by such person in connection with any threatened, pending or completed actions, suits or proceedings in which such person is made a party by reason of such person being or having been a director, officer, employee or agent of such corporation. The Delaware General Corporation Law provides that Section 145 is not exclusive of other rights to which those seeking indemnification may be entitled under any certificate of incorporation, bylaws, agreement, vote of stockholders or disinterested directors or otherwise.

Section 102(b)(7) of the Delaware General Corporation Law permits a corporation to provide in its certificate of incorporation that a director of the corporation shall not be personally liable to the corporation or its stockholders for monetary damages for breach of fiduciary duty as a director, except for liability (i) for any breach of the director s duty of loyalty to the corporation or its stockholders, (ii) for acts or omissions not in good faith or which involve intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of law, (iii) for payments of unlawful dividends or unlawful stock repurchases, redemptions or other distributions, or (iv) for any transactions from which the director derived an improper personal benefit.

The Restated Certificate of Incorporation and the By-laws of the Registrant provides that the Registrant will indemnify its directors and officers to the fullest extent permitted by law and that no director shall be liable for monetary damages to the Registrant or its stockholders for any breach of fiduciary duty, except to the extent provided by applicable law. The Registrant maintains standard policies of directors and officers liability insurance.

## Item 21. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules

The following exhibits are being furnished herewith or incorporated by reference herein:

# Exhibit Number Description

- 4.1 Indenture regarding our 7.75% senior subordinated notes due 2016 dated December 7, 2006, by and among us, as Issuer, the subsidiary guarantors named therein and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A., as trustee (incorporated by reference to exhibit 4.1 to our current report on Form 8-K filed on December 12, 2006)
- 4.2 Registration Rights Agreement, dated December 7, 2006, by and among us, the subsidiary guarantors named therein, J.P. Morgan Securities Inc., Banc of America Securities LLC, Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated and Wachovia Capital Markets, LLC, relating to the 7.75% senior subordinated notes due 2016 (incorporated by reference to exhibit 4.3 to our current report on Form 8-K filed on December 12, 2006)
- \*5 Opinion of Shane M. Spradlin, Vice President and Senior Corporate Counsel of United Auto Group, Inc.

**12	Computation of Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges
*23.1	Consent of Deloitte & Touche LLP
*23.2	Consent of KPMG Audit plc
*23.3	Consent of Shane M. Spradlin, Vice President and Senior Corporate Counsel of United Auto Group,
	Inc. (contained in the Opinion filed as Exhibit 5 hereto)
**24	Power of Attorney (contained on the signature pages hereto)
*25	Form of T-1 Statement of Eligibility of the Trustee under the Indenture

II-1

#### **Table of Contents**

Exhibit Number	Description
**99.1	Form of Letter of Transmittal
**99.2	Form of Notice of Guaranteed Delivery
**99.3	Form of Letter from United Auto Group, Inc. to Brokers, Dealers
**99.4	Form of Letter to Clients

- \* Filed herewith
- \*\* Previously filed

# Item 22. Undertakings.

The undersigned registrants hereby undertake:

- (1) To file, during any period in which offers or sales are being made, a post-effective amendment to this registration statement:
- (i) To include any prospectus required by section 10(a)(3) of the Securities Act of 1933;
- (ii) To reflect in the prospectus any facts or events arising after the effective date of the registration statement (or the most recent post-effective amendment thereof) which, individually or in the aggregate, represent a fundamental change in the information in the registration statement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any increase or decrease in volume of securities offered (if the total dollar value of securities offered would not exceed that which was registered) and any deviation from the low or high end of the estimated maximum offering range may be reflected in the form of prospectus filed with the Commission pursuant to Rule 424(b) if, in the aggregate, the changes in volume and price represent no more than a 20% change in the maximum aggregate offering price set forth in the Calculation of Registration Fee table in the effective registration statement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any increase or decrease in volume of securities offered (if the total dollar value of securities offered would not exceed that which was registered) and any deviation from the low or high end of the estimated maximum offering range may be reflected in the form of prospectus filed with the Commission pursuant to Rule 424(b) if, in the aggregate, the changes in volume and price represent no more than a 20% change in the maximum aggregate offering price set forth in the Calculation of Registration Fee table in the effective registration statement; and
- (iii) To include any material information with respect to the plan of distribution not previously disclosed in the registration statement or any material change to such information in the registration statement;
- (2) That, for the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, each such post-effective amendment shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial *bona fide* offering thereof;
- (3) To remove from registration by means of a post-effective amendment any of the securities being registered which remain unsold at the termination of the offering; and
- (4) That, for purposes of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933 to any purchaser, if the registration is subject to Rule 430C, each prospectus filed pursuant to Rule 424(b) as part of a registration statement relating to an

offering, other than registration statement relying on Rule 430B or other than prospectuses filed in reliance on Rule 430A, shall be deemed to be part of and included in the registration statement as of the date it is first used after effectiveness. Provided, however, that no statement made in a registration statement or prospectus that is part of the registration statement or prospectus that is part of the registration statement will, as to a purchaser with a time of contract of sale prior to such first use, supersede or modify any statement that was made in the registration statement or prospectus that was part of the registration statement or made in any such document immediately prior to such date of first use.

II-2

## Edgar Filing: United Auto Care Products LLC - Form S-4/A

#### **Table of Contents**

The undersigned registrants hereby undertake that, for purposes of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, each filing of the registrant s annual report pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (and, where applicable, each filing of an employee benefit plan s annual report pursuant to Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) that is incorporated by reference in the registration statement shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933 may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the registrant pursuant to the foregoing provisions, or otherwise, the registrant has been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Act and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by the registrant of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person of the registrant in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, the registrant will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by it is against public policy as expressed in the Act and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.

The undersigned registrants hereby undertake to respond to requests for information that is incorporated by reference into the prospectus pursuant to Items 4, 10(b), 11 or 13 of this Form, within one business day of receipt of such request, and to send the incorporated documents by first class mail or other equally prompt means. This includes information contained in documents filed subsequent to the effective date of the registration statement through the date of responding to the request.

The undersigned registrant hereby undertake to supply by means of a post-effective amendment all information concerning a transaction, and the company being acquired involved therein, that was not the subject of and included in the registration statement when it became effective.

II-3

## **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act, the registrant has duly caused this registration statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Bloomfield Hills, State of Michigan, on May 8, 2007.

United Auto Group, Inc.	

By: /s/ Robert H. Kurnick, Jr.

Robert H. Kurnick, Jr., *Vice Chairman* 

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this registration statement has been signed by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated:

Signature	Title	Date
*	Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer	
Roger S. Penske	(Principal Executive Officer)	
*	Chief Financial Officer	
Robert O Shaughnessy	(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)	
*	Director	
John D. Barr		
*	Director	
Michael R. Eisenson		
*	Director	
Hiroshi Ishikawa		
*	Director	
Robert H. Kurnick, Jr.		
*	Director	
William J. Lovejoy		
*	Director	
Kimberly J. McWaters		

# Edgar Filing: United Auto Care Products LLC - Form S-4/A

\* Director

Eustace W. Mita

\* Director

Lucio A. Noto

\* Director

Richard J. Peters

II-4

# Edgar Filing: United Auto Care Products LLC - Form S-4/A

# **Table of Contents**

Signature	Title	Date
*	Director	
Ronald G. Steinhart		
*	Director	
H. Brian Thompson		
* /s/ Shane M. Spradlin		May 8, 2007
Shane M. Spradlin, Attorney-in-fact		
	II-5	

## **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, the registrant has duly caused this registration statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Bloomfield Hills, State of Michigan, on May 8, 2007.

Auto Mall Payroll Services, Inc.

Classic Auto Group, Inc.

Classic Enterprises, LLC

Classic Imports, Inc.

Classic Motor Sales, LLC

Classic Nissan of Turnersville, LLC

Classic Turnersville, Inc.

DiFeo Partnership LLC

JS Imports, LLC

Palm Auto Plaza, LLC

Somerset Motors, Inc.

UAG Atlanta H1, LLC

UAG Atlanta IV Motors, Inc.

UAG Chantilly AU, LLC

UAG Hudson CJD, LLC

UAG Royal Palm M1, LLC

UAG-Caribbean, Inc.

UAG Central Florida Motors, LLC

UAG Classic, Inc.

**UAG Connecticut, LLC** 

UAG Duluth, Inc.

UAG Hudson, Inc.

UAG Kissimmee Motors, Inc.

UAG Nanuet I, LLC

UAG Nanuet II, LLC

**UAG Northeast, LLC** 

UAG Royal Palm, LLC

UAG West Bay AM, LLC

UAG West Bay IA, LLC

UAG West Bay IAU, LLC

UAG West Bay IB, LLC

UAG West Bay II, LLC

UAG West Bay IL, LLC

UAG West Bay IM, LLC

UAG West Bay IN, LLC

UAG West Bay IP, LLC

UAG West Bay IV, LLC

UAG West Bay IW, LLC

West Palm Auto Mall, Inc.

West Palm Nissan, LLC

West Palm S1, LLC

Westbury Superstore, Ltd.

By:
/s/ Robert H. Kurnick, Jr.
Robert H. Kurnick, Jr.,
Assistant Secretary

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this Registration Statement has been signed below by the following persons in the capacities indicated and on the dates indicated.

Title **Signature Date** Chairman of the Board (Principal Executive Officer) Roger S. Penske, Jr. **Assistant Treasurer and Director** (Principal Accounting Officer and Principal Financial Officer) Robert T. O Shaughnessy Director Robert H. Kurnick, Jr. /s/ Shane M. Spradlin May 8, 2007 Shane M. Spradlin, Attorney-in-fact II-7

## **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act, each of the has duly caused this Registration Statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Bloomfield Hills, State of Michigan, on May 8, 2007.

Classic Management Company, Inc. UAG Southeast, Inc.

By:
/s/ Robert H. Kurnick, Jr.
Robert H. Kurnick, Jr.,
Assistant Secretary

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this Registration Statement has been signed below by the following persons in the capacities indicated and on the dates indicated.

Signature	Title	Date
*	President	
Roger S. Penske, Jr.	(Principal Executive Officer)	
*	Assistant Treasurer and Director	
Robert T. O Shaughnessy	(Principal Accounting Officer and Principal Financial Officer)	
*	Director	
Robert H. Kurnick, Jr.		
* /s/ Shane M. Spradlin		May 8, 2007
Shane M. Spradlin, Attorney-in-fact		
	II-8	

## **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act, each of the Registrant s has duly caused this Registration Statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Bloomfield Hills, State of Michigan, on May 8, 2007.

County Auto Group Partnership
Danbury Auto Partnership
DiFeo Chrysler Plymouth Jeep Eagle Partnership
DiFeo Hyundai Partnership
DiFeo Leasing Partnership
DiFeo Nissan Partnership
DiFeo Tenafly Partnership
OCT Partnership

By: DiFeo Partnership, LLC

By:
/s/ Robert H. Kurnick, Jr.
Robert H. Kurnick, Jr.,
Assistant Secretary

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this Registration Statement has been signed below by the following persons in the capacities indicated and on the dates indicated.

**Title Signature** Date Chairman of the Board (Principal Executive Officer) Roger S. Penske, Jr. **Assistant Treasurer and Director** (Principal Accounting Officer and Principal Financial Officer) Robert T. O Shaughnessy Director Robert H. Kurnick, Jr. /s/ Shane M. Spradlin May 8, 2007 Shane M. Spradlin, Attorney-in-fact II-9

## **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act, each of the Registrant s has duly caused this Registration Statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Bloomfield Hills, State of Michigan, on May 8, 2007.

**Hudson Motors Partnership** 

By: DiFeo Partnership, LLC

By:
/s/ Robert H. Kurnick, Jr.
Robert H. Kurnick, Jr.,
Assistant Secretary

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this Registration Statement has been signed below by the following persons in the capacities indicated and on the dates indicated.

**Signature Title Date** \* Chairman of the Board (Principal Executive Officer) Assistant Treasurer Roger S. Penske, Jr. and Director (Principal Accounting Officer Assistant Treasurer and Director (Principal Accounting Officer and Principal Financial Officer) Robert T. O Shaughnessy Director Robert H. Kurnick, Jr. /s/ Shane M. Spradlin May 8, 2007 Shane M. Spradlin, Attorney-in-fact

II-10

## **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act, each of the Registrant s has duly caused this Registration Statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Bloomfield Hills, State of Michigan, on May 8, 2007.

Somerset Motors Partnership

DiFeo Partnership, LLC

By:
/s/ Robert H. Kurnick, Jr.
Robert H. Kurnick, Jr.,
Assistant Secretary

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this Registration Statement has been signed below by the following persons in the capacities indicated and on the dates indicated.

Signature	Title	Date
*	Chairman of the Board	
Roger S. Penske, Jr.	(Principal Executive Officer)	
*	Assistant Treasurer and Director	
	(Principal Accounting Officer and	
Robert T. O Shaughnessy	Principal Financial Officer)	
*	Director	
Robert H. Kurnick, Jr.		
* /s/ Shane M. Spradlin		May 8, 2007
Shane M. Spradlin Attorney-in-fact		
	П-11	

## **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act, each of the Registrant s has duly caused this Registration Statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Bloomfield Hills, State of Michigan, on May 8, 2007.

**UAG East, LLC** 

By:
/s/ Robert H. Kurnick, Jr.
Robert H. Kurnick, Jr.,
Secretary

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this Registration Statement has been signed below by the following persons in the capacities indicated and on the dates indicated.

**Title Signature Date** President (Principal Executive Officer) Roger S. Penske, Jr. Treasurer and Director (Principal Accounting Officer and Principal Financial Officer) Robert T. O Shaughnessy Director Robert H. Kurnick, Jr. /s/ Shane M. Spradlin May 8, 2007 Shane M. Spradlin Attorney-in-fact II-12

## **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act, each of the Registrant s has duly caused this Registration Statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Bloomfield Hills, State of Michigan, on May 8, 2007.

Late Acquisition I, LLC

By: /s/ Robert H. Kurnick, Jr.,

Robert H. Kurnick, Jr.,

Assistant Secretary

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this Registration Statement has been signed below by the following persons in the capacities indicated and on the dates indicated.

Title **Signature Date** \* President (Principal Executive Officer) Walter P. Czarnecki, Jr. Treasurer and Director (Principal Accounting Officer and Robert T. O Shaughnessy Principal Financial Officer) Director Robert H. Kurnick, Jr. /s/ Shane M. Spradlin May 8, 2007 Shane M. Spradlin Attorney-in-fact II-13

## **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act, each of the Registrant s has duly caused this Registration Statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Bloomfield Hills, State of Michigan, on May 8, 2007.

UAG International Holdings, Inc.

By: /s/ Robert H. Kurnick, Jr. Robert H. Kurnick, Jr., President

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this Registration Statement has been signed below by the following persons in the capacities indicated and on the dates indicated.

Title **Signature Date** \* Chairman of the Board (Principal Executive Officer) Roger S. Penske Treasurer and Director (Principal Accounting Officer and Robert T. O Shaughnessy Principal Financial Officer) President and Director Robert H. Kurnick, Jr. /s/ Shane M. Spradlin May 8, 2007 Shane M. Spradlin Attorney-in-fact II-14

## **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act, each of the Registrant s has duly caused this Registration Statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Bloomfield Hills, State of Michigan, on May 8, 2007.

UAG Realty, LLC

By: /s/ Robert H. Kurnick, Jr.,

Secretary

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this Registration Statement has been signed below by the following persons in the capacities indicated and on the dates indicated.

**Title Signature Date** President and Chairman of the Board (Principal Executive Officer) Roger S. Penske Treasurer and Director (Principal Accounting Officer and Robert T. O Shaughnessy Principal Financial Officer) Director Robert H. Kurnick, Jr. /s/ Shane M. Spradlin May 8, 2007 Shane M. Spradlin Attorney-in-fact II-15

## **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act, each of the Registrant s has duly caused this Registration Statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Bloomfield Hills, State of Michigan, on May 8, 2007.

UAG Northeast Body Shop, Inc. UAG Turnersville Realty, LLC

By: /s/ Robert H. Kurnick, Jr.,

Secretary

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this Registration Statement has been signed below by the following persons in the capacities indicated and on the dates indicated.

**Title Signature Date** Chairman of the Board (Principal Executive Officer) Roger S. Penske, Jr. Treasurer and Director (Principal Accounting Officer and Principal Financial Officer) Robert T. O Shaughnessy Director Robert H. Kurnick, Jr. /s/ Shane M. Spradlin May 8, 2007 Shane M. Spradlin Attorney-in-fact II-16

## **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act, each of the Registrant s has duly caused this Registration Statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Bloomfield Hills, State of Michigan, on May 8, 2007.

Brett Morgan Chevrolet -Geo, Inc.

CJNS, LLC

Dealer Accessories, LLC

Europa Auto Imports, Inc.

FRN of Tulsa, LLC

GMG Motors, Inc.

Goodson North, LLC

Goodson Spring Branch, LLC

HT Automotive, Ltd.

KMPB, LLC

KMT/UAG, Inc.

Landers Auto Sales, LLC

Late Acquisition II, LLC

LRP, Ltd.

PMRC, LLC

Relentless Pursuit Enterprises, Inc.

SA Automotive, Ltd.

SAU Automotive, Ltd.

Scottsdale 101 Management, LLC

Scottsdale Ferrari, LLC

Scottsdale Jaguar, Ltd.

Scottsdale Management Group, Ltd.

Scottsdale Paint & Body, LLC

Sigma Motors, Inc.

SK Motors, Ltd.

SL Automotive, Ltd.

Sun Motors, Ltd.

UAG Arkansas FLM, LLC

UAG Capitol, Inc.

**UAG Cerritos, LLC** 

UAG Clovis, Inc.

UAG Escondido A1, Inc.

UAG Escondido H1, Inc.

UAG Escondido M1, Inc.

UAG Fayetteville I, LLC

UAG Fayetteville II, LLC

UAG Fayetteville III, LLC

UAG Landers Springdale, LLC

UAG Los Gatos, Inc.

UAG Marin, Inc.

UAG Nevada Land, LLC

UAG Phoenix VC, LLC

UAG San Diego A1, Inc.

# Edgar Filing: United Auto Care Products LLC - Form S-4/A

UAG San Diego AU, Inc.

UAG San Diego H1, Inc.

UAG San Diego JA, Inc.

UAG San Diego Management, Inc.

II-17

## Edgar Filing: United Auto Care Products LLC - Form S-4/A

## **Table of Contents**

UAG Stevens Creek II, Inc.

UAG Texas II, Inc.

UAG Texas, LLC

UAG Torrance, Inc.

UAG Tulsa JLM, LLC

UAG Tulsa VC, LLC

UAG VC II, LLC

UAG VK, LLC

UAG West, LLC

United Ford North, LLC

United Ford South, LLC

United Ranch Automotive, LLC

By: /s/ Robert H. Kurnick, Jr. Robert H. Kurnick, Jr., Assistant Secretary

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this Registration Statement has been signed below by the following persons in the capacities indicated and on the dates indicated.

Signature	Title	Date
*	Chairman of the Board	
George W. Brochick	(Principal Executive Officer)	
*	Assistant Treasurer and Director	
Robert T. O Shaughnessy	(Principal Accounting Officer and Principal Financial Officer)	
*	Director	
Robert H. Kurnick, Jr.		
* /s/ Shane M. Spradlin		May 8, 2007
Shane M. Spradlin, Attorney-in-fact		

Table of Contents 199

II-18

## **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act, each of the Registrant s has duly caused this Registration Statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Bloomfield Hills, State of Michigan, on May 8, 2007.

UAG Tulsa Holdings, LLC

By: /s/ Robert H. Kurnick, Jr.,

Secretary

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this Registration Statement has been signed below by the following persons in the capacities indicated and on the dates indicated.

**Title Signature Date** Chairman of the Board (Principal Executive Officer) George W. Brochick Treasurer and Director (Principal Accounting Officer and Principal Financial Officer) Robert T. O Shaughnessy Director Robert H. Kurnick, Jr. /s/ Shane M. Spradlin May 8, 2007 Shane M. Spradlin, Attorney-in-fact II-19

## **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act, each of the Registrant s has duly caused this Registration Statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Bloomfield Hills, State of Michigan, on May 8, 2007.

United Auto Scottsdale Property Holdings, LLC

By: /s/ Robert H. Kurnick, Jr. Robert H. Kurnick, Jr., Assistant Secretary

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this Registration Statement has been signed below by the following persons in the capacities indicated and on the dates indicated.

Signature	Title	Date
*	President	
	(Principal Executive Officer)	
George W. Brochick		
*	Assistant Treasurer and Director	
Robert T. O Shaughnessy	(Principal Accounting Officer and	
	Principal Financial Officer)	
*	Director	
Robert H. Kurnick, Jr.		
* /s/ Shane M. Spradlin		May 8, 2007
Shane M. Spradlin,		
Attorney-in-fact		
	II-20	

## **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act, each of the Registrant s has duly caused this Registration Statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Bloomfield Hills, State of Michigan, on May 8, 2007.

UAG Houston Acquisition, Ltd. Shannon Automotive, Ltd.

By: UAG Texas, LLC

By: /s/ Robert H. Kurnick, Jr. Robert H. Kurnick, Jr., Assistant Secretary

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this Registration Statement has been signed below by the following persons in the capacities indicated and on the dates indicated.

**Signature Title Date** \* Chairman of the Board (Principal Executive Officer) George W. Brochick Assistant Treasurer and Director (Principal Accounting Officer and Principal Financial Officer) Robert T. O Shaughnessy \* Director Robert H. Kurnick, Jr. /s/ Shane M. Spradlin May 8, 2007 Shane M. Spradlin, Attorney-in-fact II-21

## **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act, each of the Registrant s has duly caused this Registration Statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Bloomfield Hills, State of Michigan, on May 8, 2007.

UAG GD, Ltd.

By: UAG Spring, LLC

Its: General Partner

By: /s/ Robert H. Kurnick, Jr.,

Assistant Secretary

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this Registration Statement has been signed below by the following persons in the capacities indicated and on the dates indicated.

**Signature Title Date** \* Chairman of the Board (Principal Executive Officer) George W. Brochick Assistant Treasurer and Director (Principal Accounting Officer and Principal Financial Officer) Robert T. O Shaughnessy \* Director Robert H. Kurnick, Jr. /s/ Shane M. Spradlin May 8, 2007 Shane M. Spradlin, Attorney-in-fact II-22

## **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act, each of the Registrant s has duly caused this Registration Statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Bloomfield Hills, State of Michigan, on May 8, 2007.

UAG GN, Ltd.

By: Goodson North, LLC

Its: General Partner

By: /s/ Robert H. Kurnick, Jr.,

Assistant Secretary

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this Registration Statement has been signed below by the following persons in the capacities indicated and on the dates indicated.

**Signature Title Date** \* Chairman of the Board (Principal Executive Officer) George W. Brochick Assistant Treasurer and Director (Principal Accounting Officer and Principal Financial Officer) Robert T. O Shaughnessy \* Director Robert H. Kurnick, Jr. /s/ Shane M. Spradlin May 8, 2007 Shane M. Spradlin, Attorney-in-fact II-23

## **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act, each of the Registrant s has duly caused this Registration Statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Bloomfield Hills, State of Michigan, on May 8, 2007.

UAG GP, Ltd.

By: Goodson Pontiac-GMC, LLC

Its: General Partner

By: /s/ Robert H. Kurnick, Jr.,
Assistant Secretary

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this Registration Statement has been signed below by the following persons in the capacities indicated and on the dates indicated.

**Signature Title Date** \* Chairman of the Board (Principal Executive Officer) George W. Brochick Assistant Treasurer and Director (Principal Accounting Officer and Principal Financial Officer) Robert T. O Shaughnessy \* Director Robert H. Kurnick, Jr. /s/ Shane M. Spradlin May 8, 2007 Shane M. Spradlin, Attorney-in-fact II-24

## **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act, each of the Registrant s has duly caused this Registration Statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Bloomfield Hills, State of Michigan, on May 8, 2007.

UAG GW, Ltd.

By: Goodson Spring Branch, LLC

Its: General Partner

By: /s/ Robert H. Kurnick, Jr.,

Robert H. Kurnick, Jr.,

Assistant Secretary

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this Registration Statement has been signed below by the following persons in the capacities indicated and on the dates indicated.

**Signature Title Date** \* Chairman of the Board (Principal Executive Officer) George W. Brochick Assistant Treasurer and Director (Principal Accounting Officer and Principal Financial Officer) Robert T. O Shaughnessy \* Director Robert H. Kurnick, Jr. /s/ Shane M. Spradlin May 8, 2007 Shane M. Spradlin, Attorney-in-fact

II-25

## **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act, each of the Registrant s has duly caused this Registration Statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Bloomfield Hills, State of Michigan, on May 8, 2007.

WTA Motors, Ltd.

By: Late Acquisition II, LLC

Its: General Partner

By: /s/ Robert H. Kurnick, Jr.,

Robert H. Kurnick, Jr.,

Assistant Secretary

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this Registration Statement has been signed below by the following persons in the capacities indicated and on the dates indicated.

**Signature Title Date** \* Chairman of the Board (Principal Executive Officer) George W. Brochick Assistant Treasurer and Director (Principal Accounting Officer and Principal Financial Officer) Robert T. O Shaughnessy \* Director Robert H. Kurnick, Jr. /s/ Shane M. Spradlin May 8, 2007 Shane M. Spradlin, Attorney-in-fact II-26

## **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act, each of the Registrant s has duly caused this Registration Statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Bloomfield Hills, State of Michigan, on May 8, 2007.

United Auto Licensing, LLC

By: /s/ Robert H. Kurnick, Jr.
Robert H. Kurnick, Jr.

President

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this Registration Statement has been signed below by the following persons in the capacities indicated and on the dates indicated.

\* President, Treasurer and Director (Principal Executive Officer, Principal Accounting Officer and Principal Financial Officer)

\* /s/ Shane M. Spradlin Shane M. Spradlin, Attorney-in-fact

II-27

### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act, each of the Registrant s has duly caused this Registration Statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Bloomfield Hills, State of Michigan, on May 8, 2007.

Dan Young Chevrolet, Inc.

Landers Ford, Inc.

Landers Nissan, LLC

Motorcars Acquisition III, LLC

Motorcars Acquisition IV, LLC

Motorcars Acquisition V, LLC

Motorcars Acquisition VI, LLC

Motorcars Acquisition, LLC

Nissan of North Olmsted, LLC

The New Graceland Dodge, Inc.

UAG Central Region Management, LLC

UAG Memphis II, Inc.

UAG Memphis Management, Inc.

UAG Michigan Cadillac, LLC

UAG Michigan H1, LLC

UAG Michigan Holdings, Inc.

UAG Michigan Pontiac-GMC, LLC

UAG Michigan T1, LLC

UAG Michigan TMV, LLC

UAG Minneapolis B1, LLC

UAG Oldsmobile of Indiana, LLC

UAG Young Automotive Group, LLC

UAG Young II, Inc.

By: /s/ Robert H. Kurnick, Jr. Robert H. Kurnick, Jr., Assistant Secretary

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this Registration Statement has been signed below by the following persons in the capacities indicated and on the dates indicated.

\* Chairman of the Board
(Principal Executive Officer)

R. Whitfield Ramonat

\* Assistant Treasurer and Director
(Principal Accounting Officer and
Robert T. O Shaughnessy
Principal Financial Officer)

# Edgar Filing: United Auto Care Products LLC - Form S-4/A

# **Table of Contents**

Signature	Title	Date
*	Director	
Robert H. Kurnick, Jr.		
* /s/ Shane M. Spradlin		May 8, 2007
Shane M. Spradlin, Attorney-in-fact		
	II-29	

## **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act, each of the Registrant s has duly caused this Registration Statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Bloomfield Hills, State of Michigan, on May 8, 2007.

Atlantic Auto Funding Corporation Atlantic Auto Second Funding Corporation Atlantic Auto Third Funding Corporation UAG Finance Company, Inc. United Auto Fifth Funding, Inc. United Autocare Products, LLC UnitedAuto Finance, Inc. UnitedAuto Fourth Funding, Inc.

> By: /s/ Robert H. Kurnick, Jr. Robert H. Kurnick, Jr., Secretary

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this Registration Statement has been signed below by the following persons in the capacities indicated and on the dates indicated.

Title **Signature** Date \* President, Treasurer and Director (Principal Executive Officer, Principal Accounting Officer and Principal Financial Robert T. O Shaughnessy Officer) Director Robert H. Kurnick, Jr. /s/ Shane M. Spradlin May 8, 2007 Shane M. Spradlin, Attorney-in-fact II-30

### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act, each of the Registrant s has duly caused this Registration Statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Bloomfield Hills, State of Michigan, on May 8, 2007.

smart USA Distributor LLC

By: /s/ Robert H. Kurnick, Jr. Robert H. Kurnick, Jr., Secretary

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS, that each person whose signature appears below hereby constitutes and appoints Robert H. Kurnick, Jr. and Shane M. Spradlin, and each of them acting individually, as his attorney-in-fact, each with full power of substitution, for him in any and all capacities, to sign any and all amendments to this registration statement of Form S-4 (including post-effective amendments), and to file the same, with exhibits thereto and other documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, hereby ratifying and confirming all that each of said attorneys-in-fact, or any substitute, may do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this Registration Statement has been signed below by the following persons in the capacities indicated and on the dates indicated.

Signature	Title	Date
*	Chairman of the Board	
Roger S. Penske	(Principal Executive Officer)	
*	President and Director	
David C. Schembri		
*	Treasurer	
Robert T. O Shaughnessy	(Principal Accounting Officer and Principal Financial Officer)	
*	Secretary and Director	
Robert H. Kurnick, Jr.		
* /s/ Shane M. Spradlin		May 8, 2007
Shane M. Spradlin, Attorney-in-fact		
	II-31	

## **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act, each of the Registrant s has duly caused this Registration Statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Bloomfield Hills, State of Michigan, on May 8, 2007.

Central Ford Center, Inc.

Covington Pike Dodge, Inc.

Florida Chrysler Plymouth, Inc.

Gene Reed Chevrolet, Inc.

Goodson Pontiac GMC, LLC

Landers Buick-Pontiac, Inc.

Landers Ford North, Inc.

Landers United Auto Group No. 2, Inc.

LMNS, LLC

Michael Chevrolet-Oldsmobile, Inc.

Motorcars Acquisition II, LLC

Motorcars Acquisition VI, LLC

National City Ford, Inc.

Peachtree Nissan, Inc.

Tri-City Leasing, Inc.

UAG Carolina, Inc.

UAG CHCC, Inc.

UAG Citrus Motors, Inc.

UAG Chevrolet, Inc.

UAG Graceland II, Inc.

UAG Memphis IV, Inc.

UAG Michigan H2, LLC

**UAG Spring, LLC** 

UAG Sunnyvale, Inc.

UAG Turnersville Motors, LLC

UAG West Bay FM, LLC

UAG/PFS, Inc.

United Nissan, Inc. (GA)

United Nissan, Inc. (TN)

United Ford Broken Arrow, LLC

United Auto Dodge of Shreveport, Inc.

Young Management Group, Inc.

By: /s/ Robert H. Kurnick, Jr. Robert H. Kurnick, Jr., Chairman of the Board and President

II-32

# Edgar Filing: United Auto Care Products LLC - Form S-4/A

# **Table of Contents**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this Registration Statement has been signed below by the following persons in the capacities indicated and on the dates indicated.

Signature	Title	Date
/s/ Robert H. Kurnick, Jr.	Chairman of the Board and President (Principal Executive Officer)	May 8, 2007
Robert H. Kurnick, Jr.	and Director	
/s/ Robert T. O Shaughnessy	Treasurer	May 8, 2007
Robert T. O Shaughnessy	(Principal Accounting Officer and Principal Financial Officer)	
Trootie 1. O bhaaghnessy	and Director	
	II-33	

# **EXHIBIT INDEX**

Exhibit Number	Description
5	Opinion of Shane M. Spradlin, Vice President and Senior Corporate Counsel of United Auto Group, Inc.
23.1	Consent of Deloitte & Touche LLP
23.2	Consent of KPMG Audit plc
25	Form of T-1 Statement of Eligibility of the Trustee under the Indenture