

DONALDSON CO INC
Form 10-Q
March 01, 2012

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED JANUARY 31, 2012 OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROM _____ TO _____.

Commission File Number 1-7891

DONALDSON COMPANY, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware 41-0222640
(State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer
incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

**1400 West 94th Street
Minneapolis, Minnesota 55431**

(Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: **(952) 887-3131**

Not Applicable

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).
Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer
Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).
Yes No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date: Common Stock, \$5 Par Value – 74,463,429 shares as of January 31, 2012.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION**Item 1. Financial Statements****DONALDSON COMPANY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS**

(Thousands of dollars, except share and per share amounts)
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	January 31,		January 31,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Net sales	\$580,883	\$537,105	\$1,189,178	\$1,074,014
Cost of sales	380,066	347,562	773,427	696,381
Gross margin	200,817	189,543	415,751	377,633
Operating expenses	126,049	122,102	250,656	235,689
Operating income, net	74,768	67,441	165,095	141,944
Interest expense	2,899	2,936	6,069	6,589
Other income, net	(4,550)	(3,502)	(9,410)	(4,609)
Earnings before income taxes	76,419	68,007	168,436	139,964
Income taxes	22,598	23,428	46,062	42,251
Net earnings	\$53,821	\$44,579	\$122,374	\$97,713
Weighted average shares - basic	75,052,805	77,580,064	75,154,873	77,375,086
Weighted average shares - diluted	76,412,785	78,977,509	76,480,673	78,766,895
Net earnings per share - basic	\$0.72	\$0.57	\$1.63	\$1.26
Net earnings per share - diluted	\$0.70	\$0.56	\$1.60	\$1.24
Dividends paid per share	\$0.150	\$0.130	\$0.300	\$0.255

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

DONALDSON COMPANY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Thousands of dollars, except share amounts)
(Unaudited)

	January 31, 2012	July 31, 2011
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 180,930	\$ 273,494
Short-term investments	91,385	—
Accounts receivable, less allowance of \$6,671 and \$6,908	408,462	445,700
Inventories	270,212	271,476
Prepays and other current assets	78,697	75,912
Total current assets	\$ 1,029,686	\$ 1,066,582
Property, plant and equipment, at cost	944,494	945,874
Less accumulated depreciation	(561,537)	(554,372)
Property, plant and equipment, net	382,957	391,502
Goodwill	165,745	171,741
Intangible assets, net	49,543	53,496
Other assets	53,458	42,772
Total assets	\$ 1,681,389	\$ 1,726,093
Liabilities and shareholders' equity		
Current liabilities		
Short-term borrowings	\$ 92,728	\$ 13,129
Current maturities of long-term debt	2,356	47,871
Trade accounts payable	190,076	215,918
Other current liabilities	176,030	219,326
Total current liabilities	461,190	496,244
Long-term debt	205,217	205,748
Deferred income taxes	8,000	11,196
Other long-term liabilities	91,569	78,194
Total liabilities	765,976	791,382
Shareholders' equity		
Preferred stock, \$1.00 par value, 1,000,000 shares authorized, none issued	—	—
Common stock, \$5.00 par value, 240,000,000 shares authorized, 88,643,194 shares issued	443,216	443,216
Retained earnings	1,027,986	925,542
Stock compensation plans	23,966	24,736
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(27,988)	40,027

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Treasury stock at cost, 14,089,307 and 13,245,864 shares at January 31, 2012 and July 31, 2011, respectively	(551,767)	(498,810)
Total shareholders' equity	915,413	934,711
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$1,681,389	\$1,726,093

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

DONALDSON COMPANY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Thousands of dollars)
(Unaudited)

	Six Months Ended January 31,	
	2012	2011
Operating Activities		
Net earnings	\$122,374	\$97,713
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	30,896	30,478
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	(43,485)	(19,947)
Tax benefit of equity plans	(7,576)	(7,445)
Stock compensation plan expense	6,440	6,089
Deferred taxes	(4,904)	5,784
Other, net	(1,547)	(19,612)
Net cash provided by operating activities	102,198	93,060
Investing Activities		
Net expenditures on property and equipment	(36,349)	(24,051)
Purchase of short-term investments	(93,455)	(66,494)
Acquisitions and divestitures	—	3,613
Net cash used in investing activities	(129,804)	(86,932)
Financing Activities		
Purchase of treasury stock	(73,558)	(6,491)
Proceeds from settlement of interest rate swap	—	4,710
Repayments of long-term debt	(45,917)	(5,294)
Change in short-term borrowings	79,369	(20,670)
Dividends paid	(22,342)	(19,542)
Tax benefit of equity plans	7,576	7,445
Exercise of stock options	9,791	12,113
Net cash used in financing activities	(45,081)	(27,729)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	(19,877)	9,236
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(92,564)	(12,365)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	273,494	232,000
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$180,930	\$219,635

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**Note A – Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of Donaldson Company, Inc. and its subsidiaries (the Company) have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) and the instructions to Form 10-Q and Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and notes required for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included and are of a normal recurring nature. Operating results for the three and six month periods ended January 31, 2012 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for future periods. The year-end condensed balance sheet data was derived from audited financial statements but does not include all disclosures required by U.S. GAAP. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended July 31, 2011.

Note B – Short-Term Investments

Classification of the Company's investments as current or non-current is dependent upon management's intended holding period, the investment's maturity date and liquidity considerations based on market conditions. If management intends to hold the investments for longer than one year as of the balance sheet date, they are classified as non-current.

All short-term investments are certificates of deposit and have original maturities in excess of three months but not more than twelve months. There were no short-term investments as of July 31, 2011.

Note C – Inventories

The components of inventory as of January 31, 2012 and July 31, 2011 are as follows (thousands of dollars):

	January 31, 2012	July 31, 2011
Materials	\$112,153	\$110,466
Work in process	34,524	33,917
Finished products	123,535	127,093
Total inventories	\$270,212	\$271,476

As of January 31, 2012 and July 31, 2011, the Company had obsolete inventory reserves of \$13.7 million and \$14.5 million, respectively.

Note D – Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation

Stock-based employee compensation cost is recognized using the fair-value based method for all awards. The Company determined the fair value of its option awards using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The following assumptions were used to value the options, including reload options which generally have a shorter contractual life, granted during the six months ended January 31, 2012: range of 1 year to 8 years expected life; expected volatility range of 25.8 percent to 31.9 percent; risk-free interest rate range of 0.10 percent to 1.80 percent; and annual dividend yield of 1.0 percent. The expected life selected for options granted during the period represents the period of time that the options are expected to be outstanding based on the contractual life and historical data of option holder exercise and termination behavior. Expected volatilities are based upon historical volatility of the Company's stock over a period at least equal to the expected life of each option grant. Option grants are priced at the fair market value of the Company's stock on the date of grant. The weighted average fair value for options granted during the six months ended January 31, 2012 and 2011 was \$18.86 per share and \$17.26 per share, respectively. For the three and six months ended January 31, 2012, the Company recorded pretax compensation expense associated with stock options of \$4.3 million and \$5.1 million, respectively, and recorded \$1.6 million and \$1.9 million of related tax benefit. For the three and six months ended January 31, 2011, the Company recorded pretax compensation expense associated with stock options of \$4.0 million and \$4.8 million, respectively, and recorded \$1.5 million and \$1.8 million of related tax benefit.

The following table summarizes stock option activity during the six months ended January 31, 2012:

	Options Outstanding	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding at July 31, 2011	4,193,997	\$ 35.44
Granted	530,164	69.48
Exercised	(525,497)	22.36
Canceled	(8,078)	50.40
Outstanding at January 31, 2012	4,190,586	41.36

The total intrinsic value of options exercised during the six months ended January 31, 2012 and 2011 was \$22.3 million and \$24.9 million, respectively.

The following table summarizes information concerning outstanding and exercisable options as of January 31, 2012:

Range of Exercise Prices	Number Outstanding	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (Years)	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Number Exercisable	Weighted Average Exercise Price
\$ 17 to \$25	274,150	0.86	\$ 17.84	274,150	\$ 17.84
\$25 to \$33	1,288,309	2.73	30.65	1,288,309	30.65
\$33 to \$41	807,027	5.68	35.53	801,294	35.54
\$41 to \$49	797,904	7.11	43.55	711,208	43.70
\$49 and above	1,023,196	9.17	64.04	204,501	59.46
	4,190,586	5.58	41.36	3,279,462	35.40

At January 31, 2012, the aggregate intrinsic value of options outstanding and exercisable was \$126.8 million and \$118.7 million, respectively.

As of January 31, 2012, there was \$10.9 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested stock options granted under the 2001 and 2010 Master Stock Incentive Plans. This unvested cost is expected to be recognized during the remainder of Fiscal Years 2012, 2013, 2014, and 2015.

Note E – Net Earnings Per Share

The Company's basic net earnings per share is computed by dividing net earnings by the weighted average number of outstanding common shares. The Company's diluted net earnings per share is computed by dividing net earnings by the weighted average number of outstanding common shares and common equivalent shares relating to stock options and stock incentive plans. Certain outstanding options were excluded from the diluted net earnings per share calculations because their exercise prices were greater than the average market price of the Company's common stock during those periods. For the three and six months ended January 31, 2012, there were 522,186 options and 526,915 options excluded from the diluted net earnings per share calculation, respectively. For the three and six months ended January 31, 2011, there were 495,533 options and 505,396 options excluded from the diluted net earnings per share calculation, respectively.

The following table presents information necessary to calculate basic and diluted net earnings per common share (thousands, except per share amounts):

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	January 31,		January 31,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Weighted average shares - basic	75,053	77,580	75,155	77,375
Common share equivalents	1,360	1,398	1,326	1,392
Weighted average shares - diluted	76,413	78,978	76,481	78,767
Net earnings for basic and diluted earnings per share computation	\$53,821	\$44,579	\$122,374	\$97,713
Net earnings per share - basic	\$0.72	\$0.57	\$1.63	\$1.26
Net earnings per share - diluted	\$0.70	\$0.56	\$1.60	\$1.24

Note F – Shareholders' Equity

The Company reports accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) as a separate item in the shareholders' equity section of the balance sheet.

Total comprehensive income and its components are as follows (thousands of dollars):

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	January 31,		January 31,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Net earnings	\$53,821	\$44,579	\$122,374	\$97,713
Foreign currency translation gain (loss)	(29,143)	(3,670)	(63,081)	32,102
Currency realization upon sale of business	—	(101)	—	(101)
Net gain on hedging derivatives, net of deferred taxes	9	389	427	134
Pension and postretirement liability adjustment, net of deferred taxes	9,888	1,444	(5,361)	1,303
Total comprehensive income	\$34,575	\$42,641	\$54,359	\$131,151

Total accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) and its components at January 31, 2012 and July 31, 2011 are as follows (thousands of dollars):

	January 31, 2012	July 31, 2011
Foreign currency translation adjustment	\$68,618	\$131,699

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Net loss on hedging derivatives, net of deferred taxes	807	380
Pension and postretirement liability, net of deferred taxes	(97,413)	(92,052)
Total accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	\$(27,988)	\$40,027

The Company's Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of 8.0 million shares of common stock on March 26, 2010. During the three months ended January 31, 2012 the Company did not repurchase any shares. During the six months ended January 31, 2012 the Company repurchased 1,375,513 shares for \$73.6 million at an average price of \$53.48 per share. As of January 31, 2012, the Company had remaining authorization to repurchase up to 3.7 million shares pursuant to the current authorization.

At the Company's Annual Meeting of Stockholders on November 18, 2011, the shareholders approved an increase in the number of authorized shares of common stock, par value \$5.00, from 120,000,000 to 240,000,000 and the total number of shares of stock which the Company has the authority to issue from 121,000,000 to 241,000,000.

On January 27, 2012, the Company's Board of Directors declared a cash dividend in the amount of \$0.16 per common share, payable to stockholders of record on February 17, 2012. The dividend will be paid on March 9, 2012. On the same date, the Company announced that its Board of Directors also declared a two-for-one stock split effected in the form of a 100 percent stock dividend. The stock split will be distributed March 23, 2012, to stockholders of record as of March 2, 2012. Earnings and dividends declared per share and weighted average shares outstanding are presented in this Form 10-Q before the effect of the 100 percent stock dividend.

Note G – Segment Reporting

The Company has two reportable segments, Engine Products and Industrial Products, that have been identified based on the Company's internal organization structure, management of operations, and performance evaluation. Corporate and Unallocated includes corporate expenses determined to be non-allocable to the segments and interest income and expense. The Company is an integrated enterprise, characterized by substantial intersegment cooperation, cost allocations, and sharing of assets. Therefore, the Company does not represent that these segments, if operated independently, would report the operating profit and other financial information shown below. Segment detail is summarized as follows (thousands of dollars):

	Engine Products	Industrial Products	Corporate & Unallocated	Total Company
Three Months Ended January 31, 2012:				
Net sales	\$370,834	\$210,049	\$ —	\$580,883
Earnings before income taxes	48,418	30,597	(2,596)) 76,419
Three Months Ended January 31, 2011:				
Net sales	\$331,122	\$205,983	\$ —	\$537,105
Earnings before income taxes	44,203	29,127	(5,323)) 68,007
Six Months Ended January 31, 2012:				
Net sales	\$764,559	\$424,619	\$ —	\$1,189,178
Earnings before income taxes	108,296	64,896	(4,756)) 168,436
Assets	861,191	506,618	313,580	1,681,389
Six Months Ended January 31, 2011:				
Net sales	\$664,891	\$409,123	\$ —	\$1,074,014
Earnings before income taxes	92,654	59,162	(11,852)) 139,964
Assets	779,080	482,014	334,013	1,595,107

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The above table includes \$0.7 million of restructuring expenses in the Industrial Products segment for the six months ended January 31, 2011.

There were no Customers over 10 percent of net sales for the three or six months ended January 31, 2012 and 2011. There was one Customer over 10 percent of gross accounts receivable as of January 31, 2012 and 2011.

Note H – Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

Goodwill is assessed for impairment between annual assessments whenever events or circumstances make it more likely than not that an impairment may have occurred. The Company's most recent annual impairment assessment for goodwill was completed during the third quarter of Fiscal 2011. The results of this assessment showed that the fair values of the reporting units to which goodwill is assigned continue to exceed the book values of the respective reporting units, resulting in no goodwill impairment. Following is a reconciliation of goodwill for the six months ended January 31, 2012 (thousands of dollars):

	Engine Products	Industrial Products	Total Goodwill
Balance as of July 31, 2011	\$ 72,966	\$ 98,775	\$ 171,741
Foreign exchange translation	(788)	(5,208)	(5,996)
Balance as of January 31, 2012	\$ 72,178	\$ 93,567	\$ 165,745

As of January 31, 2012, other intangible assets were \$49.5 million, a \$4.0 million decrease from the balance of \$53.5 million at July 31, 2011. The decrease in other intangible assets is due to amortization of existing assets of \$3.0 million and a \$1.0 million decrease due to foreign exchange translation. There were no intangible asset additions during the six months ended January 31, 2012.

Note I – Guarantees

The Company and Caterpillar Inc. equally own the shares of Advanced Filtration Systems Inc. (AFSI), an unconsolidated joint venture, and guarantee certain debt of the joint venture. As of January 31, 2012 the joint venture had \$23.0 million of outstanding debt, of which the Company guarantees half. For the three and six months ended January 31, 2012, the Company recorded \$0.1 million and \$0.8 million of earnings for this equity method investment, respectively. The Company recorded \$0.7 million and \$0.9 million of earnings for this equity method investment during the three and six months ended January 31, 2011, respectively. During the three and six months ended January 31, 2012 and 2011, the Company also recorded royalty income of \$1.5 million and \$3.2 million, respectively, and \$1.6 million and \$3.3 million, respectively, related to AFSI.

At January 31, 2012, the Company had a contingent liability for standby letters of credit totaling \$10.9 million that have been issued and are outstanding. The letters of credit guarantee payment to third parties in the event the Company is in breach of insurance contract terms or other commercial contract terms as detailed in each letter of credit. At January 31, 2012, there were no amounts drawn upon these letters of credit.

Note I – Warranty

The Company estimates warranty costs using quantitative measures based on historical warranty claim experience and evaluation of specific Customer warranty issues. Following is a reconciliation of warranty reserves for the six months ended January 31, 2012 and 2011 (thousands of dollars):

	January 31,	
	2012	2011
Balance at beginning of year	\$19,720	\$15,707
Accruals for warranties issued during the reporting period	1,826	3,436
Adjustments related to pre - existing warranties (including changes in estimates)	(1,294)	2,367
Less settlements made during the period	(5,638)	(4,342)
Balance at end of period	\$14,614	\$17,168

The prior year increase in warranty accruals was primarily due to two specific warranty matters: one in the Company's Retrofit Emissions Products group for \$2.5 million and one in the Company's Off-Road Products group for \$1.4 million. These warranty accruals were partially offset by supplier recoveries of \$1.0 million. These warranty matters are not expected to have a material impact on our results of operations, liquidity or financial position. The settlements made during the six months ended January 31, 2012 were primarily in relation to the two above mentioned matters.

Note K – Employee Benefit Plans

The Company and certain of its international subsidiaries have defined benefit pension plans for many of their hourly and salaried employees. There are two types of U.S. plans. The first type of U.S. plan is a traditional defined benefit pension plan primarily for production employees. The second is a plan for salaried workers that provides defined benefits pursuant to a cash balance feature whereby a participant accumulates a benefit comprised of a percentage of current salary that varies with years of service, interest credits, and transition credits. The international plans generally provide pension benefits based on years of service and compensation level.

Net periodic pension costs for the Company's pension plans include the following components (thousands of dollars):

	Three Months Ended January 31, 2012		Six Months Ended January 31, 2011	
Net periodic cost:				
Service cost	\$3,862	\$4,102	\$7,760	\$8,074
Interest cost	4,848	4,851	9,741	9,661
Expected return on assets	(7,005)	(6,856)	(14,058)	(13,696)
Transition amount amortization	54	55	111	109
Prior service cost amortization	127	112	255	228
Actuarial loss amortization	1,438	842	2,881	1,652
Net periodic benefit cost	\$3,324	\$3,106	\$6,690	\$6,028

The Company's general funding policy for its pension plans is to make at least the minimum contributions as required by applicable regulations. Additionally, the Company may elect to make additional contributions up to the maximum tax deductible contribution. For the six months ended January 31, 2012, the Company made contributions of \$6.6 million to its non-U.S. pension plans and \$0.3 million to its U.S. pension plans. The Company does not currently have any minimum contribution requirements for its U.S. plans, but is planning to make an additional U.S. pension contribution of \$15.0 million in Fiscal 2012. The Company currently estimates that it will contribute an additional \$2.7 million to its non-U.S. pension plans during the remainder of Fiscal 2012.

Note L – Financial Instruments

The Company uses forward exchange contracts to manage its exposure to fluctuations in foreign exchange rates. The Company enters into forward exchange contracts of generally less than one year to hedge forecasted transactions between its subsidiaries and to reduce potential exposure related to fluctuations in foreign exchange rates for existing recognized assets and liabilities. It also utilizes forward exchange contracts for anticipated intercompany and third-party transactions such as purchases, sales, and dividend payments denominated in local currencies. Forward exchange contracts are designated as cash flow hedges as they are designed to hedge the variability of cash flows associated with the underlying existing recognized or anticipated transactions. Changes in the value of derivatives designated as cash flow hedges are recorded in other comprehensive income (loss) in shareholders' equity until earnings are affected by the variability of the underlying cash flows. At that time, the applicable amount of gain or loss from the derivative instrument that is deferred in shareholders' equity is reclassified to earnings. Effectiveness is measured using spot rates to value both the hedge contract and the hedged item. The excluded forward points, as well as any ineffective portions of hedges, are recorded in earnings through the same line as the underlying transaction. During the first six months of Fiscal 2012, \$0.5 million of losses were recorded due to hedge ineffectiveness.

These unrealized losses and gains are reclassified, as appropriate, when earnings are affected by the variability of the underlying cash flows during the term of the hedges. The Company expects to record \$0.7 million of net deferred gains from these forward exchange contracts during the next 12 months.

The impact on accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) and earnings from foreign exchange contracts that qualified as cash flow hedges for the six months ended January 31, 2012 and 2011 was as follows (thousands of dollars):

	January 31,	
	2012	2011
Net carrying amount at beginning of year	\$241	\$(660)
Cash flow hedges deferred in other comprehensive income	1,046	(1,078)
Cash flow hedges reclassified to income (effective portion)	(903)	1,312
Change in deferred taxes	314	(71)
Net carrying amount at January 31	\$698	\$(497)

Note M – Fair Values

It is the Company's policy to enter into derivative transactions only to the extent true exposures exist; the Company does not enter into derivative transactions for speculative or trading purposes. The Company enters into derivative transactions only with counterparties with high credit ratings. These transactions may expose the Company to credit risk to the extent that the instruments have a positive fair value, but the Company has not experienced any losses, nor

does the Company anticipate any material losses.

The following summarizes the Company's fair value of outstanding derivatives at January 31, 2012 and July 31, 2011, on the Consolidated Balance Sheets (thousands of dollars):

	January 31, 2012	July 31, 2011
Asset derivatives recorded under the caption Prepaids and other current assets		
Foreign exchange contracts	\$ 1,809	\$ 945
Liability derivatives recorded under the caption Other current liabilities		
Foreign exchange contracts	\$ 1,023	\$ 1,470

The Company's derivative financial instruments present certain market and counterparty risks. However, concentration of counterparty risk is mitigated as the Company deals with a variety of major banks worldwide. In addition, only conventional derivative financial instruments are utilized. The Company would not be materially impacted if any of the counterparties to the derivative financial instruments outstanding failed to perform according to the terms of its agreement. At this time, the Company does not require collateral or any other form of securitization to be furnished by the counterparties to its derivative instruments.

The fair values of the Company's financial assets and financial liabilities listed below reflect the amounts that would be received to sell the assets or paid to transfer the liabilities in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (exit price). The fair values are based on inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability. These inputs include foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates. The financial assets and financial liabilities are primarily valued using standard calculations and models that use as their basis readily observable market parameters. Industry standard data providers are the primary source for forward and spot rate information for both interest rates and currency rates.

	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)* January 31, 2012	July 31, 2011
Forward exchange contracts - net asset (liability) position	\$786	\$(525)

* Inputs to the valuation methodology of level 2 assets include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets; inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability; and inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

Note N – Commitments and Contingencies

The Company records provisions with respect to identified claims or lawsuits when it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Claims and lawsuits are reviewed quarterly and provisions are taken or adjusted to reflect the status of a particular matter. The Company believes the recorded reserves in its consolidated financial statements are adequate in light of the probable and estimable outcomes. The recorded liabilities were not material to the Company's financial position, results of operation, or liquidity, and the Company does not believe that any of the currently identified claims or litigation will materially affect its financial position, results of operation, or liquidity.

The Company has reached a preliminary agreement to settle the class action lawsuits filed in 2008 alleging that 12 filter manufacturers, including the Company, engaged in a conspiracy to fix prices, rig bids, and allocate U.S. Customers for aftermarket automotive filters. The U.S. cases have been consolidated into a single multi-district litigation in the Northern District of Illinois. The Company denies any liability and has vigorously defended the claims raised in these lawsuits. The settlement will fully resolve all claims brought against the Company in the lawsuits and the Company does not admit any liability or wrongdoing. The settlement, which has been accrued for by the Company, is still subject to Court approval and will not have a material impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations or liquidity.

Note Q – Income Taxes

The effective tax rate for the three months and six months ended January 31, 2012 was 29.6 percent and 27.3 percent, respectively. The effective tax rate for the three months and six months ended January 31, 2011 was 34.4 percent and 30.2 percent, respectively. The three months ended January 31, 2011, included a \$4.0 million charge related to the reorganization of the Company's subsidiary holdings to improve the its global business and legal entity structure, partially offset by \$0.9 million in tax benefits primarily from the retroactive reinstatement of the Research and Experimentation Credit in the United States. Both the current year and prior year's six month period include tax benefits due to favorable settlements of tax audits of \$4.3 million and \$2.7 million, respectively. Without consideration of discrete items, the estimated annual effective tax rate of 30.3 percent is higher than the prior year rate of 29.9 percent mainly due to the mix of earnings between tax jurisdictions.

The Company's uncertain tax positions are affected by the tax years that are under audit or remain subject to examination by the relevant taxing authorities. The following tax years, in addition to the current year, remain subject to examination, at least for certain issues, by the major tax jurisdictions indicated:

Major Jurisdictions	Open Tax Years
Belgium	2010 through 2011
China	2001 through 2010
France	2009 through 2011
Germany	2009 through 2011
Italy	2003 through 2011
Japan	2009 through 2011
Mexico	2006 through 2010
Thailand	2005 through 2011
United Kingdom	2010 through 2011
United States	2008, 2011

At January 31, 2012, the total unrecognized tax benefits were \$17.3 million, and accrued interest and penalties on these unrecognized tax benefits were \$1.4 million. The Company recognizes interest accrued related to unrecognized tax benefits in income tax expense. If the Company were to prevail on all unrecognized tax benefits recorded, substantially all of the unrecognized tax benefits would benefit the effective tax rate. With an average statute of limitations of about 5 years, up to \$3.4 million of the unrecognized tax benefits could potentially reverse in the next 12 month period, unless extended by audit. It is possible that quicker than expected settlement of either current or future audits and disputes would cause additional reversals of previously recorded reserves in the next 12 month period. Currently, the Company has approximately \$0.2 million of unrecognized tax benefits that are in dispute with various taxing authorities related to transfer pricing and deductibility of expenses. Quantification of an estimated range and timing of future audit settlements cannot be made at this time.

Note P – Restructuring

The following is a reconciliation of restructuring reserves (in thousands of dollars):

Balance at July 31, 2008	\$—
Accruals for restructuring during the reporting period	17,755
Less settlements made during the period	(13,915)
Balance at July 31, 2009	\$3,840
Accruals for restructuring during the reporting period	8,023
Less settlements made during the period	(7,724)
Balance at July 31, 2010	\$4,139
Accruals for restructuring during the reporting period	759
Less settlements made during the period	(4,898)
Balance at July 31, 2011	\$—

The Company commenced certain restructuring actions in Fiscal 2009 in response to the dramatic downturn in the worldwide economy. The restructuring expenses in the first quarter of Fiscal 2011 include employee severance costs for approximately five employees related to the completion of the Company's planned restructuring activities. Since then, the Company has not incurred and does not expect to incur additional restructuring charges during the remainder of Fiscal 2012.

Restructuring expense detail for the three and six months ended January 31, 2012 and 2011 is summarized as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended January 31, 2012	Six Months Ended January 31, 2011
Cost of sales	\$ —	\$ —
Operating expenses	—	739
Total restructuring expenses	\$ —	\$ —

Note Q – New Accounting Standards

In December 2010, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) updated the accounting guidance relating to the annual goodwill impairment test. The updated guidance requires companies to perform the second step of the impairment test to measure the amount of impairment loss, if any, when it is more likely than not that goodwill impairment exists when the carrying amount of a reporting unit is zero or negative. In considering whether it is more likely than not that goodwill impairment exists, an entity shall evaluate whether there are adverse qualitative factors. The updated guidance was effective for the Company beginning in the first quarter of Fiscal 2012. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In May 2011, the FASB updated the accounting guidance related to fair value measurements. The updated guidance results in a consistent definition of fair value and common requirements for measurement of and disclosure about fair value between U.S. GAAP and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). The updated guidance is effective for the Company beginning in the third quarter of Fiscal 2012. The adoption of this standard is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In June 2011, the FASB updated the disclosure requirements for comprehensive income. The updated guidance requires companies to disclose the total of comprehensive income, the components of net income, and the components of other comprehensive income either in a single continuous statement of comprehensive income or in two separate but consecutive statements. The updated guidance does not affect how earnings per share is calculated or presented. The updated guidance is effective for the Company beginning in the third quarter of Fiscal 2012. Since this standard impacts disclosure requirements only, its adoption will not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Note R – Stock Split

On January 27, 2012, the Company announced that its Board of Directors declared a two-for-one stock split effected in the form of a 100 percent stock dividend. The stock split will be distributed March 23, 2012, to shareholders of record as of March 2, 2012. The financial statements and related notes including share and per share information are presented before the effect of this stock dividend. Following is a table that presents proforma earnings per share and weighted average shares outstanding as if the stock split had occurred as of January 31, 2012.

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	January 31,		January 31,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Proforma weighted average shares - basic	150,106	155,160	150,310	154,750
Proforma weighted average shares - diluted	152,826	157,956	152,962	157,534
Net earnings as reported	\$53,821	\$44,579	\$122,374	\$97,713
Proforma net earnings per share - basic	\$0.36	\$0.29	\$0.81	\$0.63
Proforma net earnings per share - diluted	\$0.35	\$0.28	\$0.80	\$0.62

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The Company is a worldwide manufacturer of filtration systems and replacement parts. The Company's core strengths are leading filtration technology, strong Customer relationships, and its global presence. Products are manufactured at 40 plants around the world and through three joint ventures.

The Company has two reporting segments: Engine Products and Industrial Products. Products in the Engine Products segment consist of air filtration systems, exhaust and emissions systems, liquid filtration systems, and replacement filters. The Engine Products segment sells to original equipment manufacturers (OEMs) in the construction, mining, agriculture, aerospace, defense, and truck markets, and to OEM dealer networks, independent distributors, private label accounts, and large equipment fleets. Products in the Industrial Products segment consist of dust, fume, and mist collectors, compressed air purification systems, air filtration systems for gas turbines, PTFE membrane-based products, and specialized air filtration systems for applications including computer hard disk drives. The Industrial Products segment sells to various industrial end-users, OEMs of gas-fired turbines, and OEMs and end-users requiring clean air.

The following discussion of the Company's financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes thereto and other financial information included elsewhere in this report.

Overview

The Company reported diluted net earnings per share of \$0.70 for the second quarter of Fiscal 2012, up from \$0.56 in the second quarter of the prior year. Net earnings for the quarter were \$53.8 million, compared to \$44.6 million in the second quarter of the prior year. The Company reported sales in the second quarter of Fiscal 2012 of \$580.9 million, an increase of 8.2 percent from \$537.1 million in the second quarter of the prior year. The impact of foreign currency translation decreased reported sales by 0.8 percent in the quarter compared to the prior year quarter.

Sales in the Company's Engine Products segment increased as new equipment build rates at its global Off-Road and On-Road OEM Customers remained healthy. Within the Company's Industrial Products' segment, the sales of their Torit® dust collectors remained strong. Overall, sales in the Company's Engine and Industrial Products' segments increased 12.0 percent and 2.0 percent, respectively, from the prior year's quarter.

Operating margin improved to 12.9 percent compared to 12.6 percent in the prior year quarter as a result of the Company's ongoing Continuous Improvement initiatives and continued leverage of fixed cost base as sales grow.

Results of Operations

Sales in the U.S. increased \$35.6 million or 16.3 percent compared to the second quarter of the prior year. Total international sales increased \$8.1 million or 2.5 percent in the second quarter compared to the second quarter of the prior year. Sales in Europe increased \$7.0 million or 4.6 percent, sales in Latin America increased \$5.6 million or 24.8 percent, and sales in Asia decreased \$2.2 million or 1.7 percent, for the second quarter of Fiscal 2012 as compared to the second quarter of the prior year period. The decrease in sales in Asia was driven by the combination of the impact of the floods in Thailand and the moderation in growth in China. Translated at constant exchange rates, total international sales increased 3.9 percent from the same period in the prior year. For the six month period ended January 31, 2012, sales in the U.S. increased \$69.8 million or 15.7 percent from the prior year and total international sales increased \$45.4 million or 7.2 percent from the prior year.

The impact of foreign currency translation during the second quarter of Fiscal 2012 decreased net sales by \$4.2 million, or 0.8 percent from the prior year second quarter. The impact of foreign currency translation on the year-to-date results as of the end of the second quarter of Fiscal 2012 increased net sales by \$9.2 million, or 0.9 percent. Worldwide sales for the second quarter of Fiscal 2012, excluding the impact of foreign currency translation, increased 8.9 percent from the second quarter of the prior year and 9.9 percent year-to-date over the prior year. The impact of foreign currency translation decreased net earnings by \$0.6 million, or 1.3 percent and increased net earnings by \$0.7 million, or 0.8 percent for the three and six month periods ended January 31, 2012, respectively.

Although net sales excluding foreign currency translation and net earnings excluding foreign currency translation are not measures of financial performance under U.S. GAAP, the Company believes they are useful in understanding its financial results. Both measures enable the Company to obtain a clearer understanding of the operating results of its foreign entities without the varying effects that changes in foreign currency exchange rates may have on those results. A shortcoming of these financial measures is that they do not reflect the Company's actual results under U.S. GAAP. Management does not intend for these items to be considered in isolation or as a substitute for the related U.S. GAAP measures.

Following is a reconciliation to the most comparable U.S. GAAP financial measure of these non-U.S. GAAP financial measures (thousands of dollars):

	Three Months Ended January 31,		Six Months Ended January 31,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Net sales, excluding foreign currency translation	\$585,085	\$540,594	\$1,179,960	\$1,081,230
Foreign currency translation	(4,202)	(3,489)	9,218	(7,216)
Net sales	\$580,883	\$537,105	\$1,189,178	\$1,074,014
Net earnings, excluding foreign currency translation	\$54,408	\$44,417	\$121,630	\$97,432
Foreign currency translation	(587)	162	744	281
Net earnings	\$53,821	\$44,579	\$122,374	\$97,713

Gross margin was 34.6 percent for the quarter and 35.0 percent year-to-date, compared to prior year margins of 35.3 percent and 35.2 percent, respectively. The decrease in the quarter was due to lower absorption of fixed costs resulting from the floods in Thailand and from fewer shipping days compared to last year's second quarter. Higher commodity prices compared to this time last year and the mix of our product sales also had an unfavorable impact to the Company's gross margin. These decreases were partially offset by cost reductions from the Company's ongoing Continuous Improvement initiatives.

Purchased raw materials generally represent approximately 60 to 65 percent of the Company's cost of sales. Of that amount, steel, including fabricated parts, represents approximately 25 percent. Filter media represents approximately

20 percent and the remainder is primarily made up of petroleum based products and other components. The cost the Company paid for steel during the six months ended January 31, 2012, varied by grade, but in aggregate it was up over 10 percent in the United States compared to the previous year quarter with a lesser impact at our other locations. The Company's cost of filter media also varies by type but it increased approximately 3 to 5 percent in aggregate from the prior year quarter and petroleum based products were generally flat over the prior year quarter. Currently, the market prices for steel and filter media are showing some moderation while petroleum based products have not shown any significant changes. The Company enters into selective supply arrangements with certain of our steel suppliers that allow us to reduce volatility in the Company's costs. The Company currently has steel purchase arrangements in the United States with durations ranging from three months to six months. Approximately 70 percent of our future United States purchases are subject to three to six month arrangements. The Company believes these arrangements will help keep steel prices fairly stable at current levels through July 2012. The Company does strive to recover or offset all material cost increases through selective price increase to its Customers and the Company's Continuous Improvement initiatives, which include material substitution, process improvement, and product redesigns.

Operating expenses were \$126.0 million for the quarter, up 3.2 percent from \$122.1 million in the prior year period. As a percent of sales, operating expenses for the second quarter were 21.7 percent of sales, down from 22.7 percent of sales during the prior year quarter. Operating expenses year-to-date were \$250.7 million, or 21.1 percent of sales, compared to \$235.7 million, or 21.9 percent of sales, in the prior year. The first quarter of last year included an expense of \$1.5 million, net of supplier recoveries, due to a specific Retrofit Emissions Products warranty matter. The prior year six month period included \$0.8 million of restructuring charges, versus none in the current year.

Other income for the second quarter of Fiscal 2012 totaled \$4.6 million, compared to \$3.5 million in the second quarter of the prior year. The increase for the second quarter was driven by an increase in foreign exchange gains of \$1.7 million and a \$0.5 million increase in interest income. These increases were partially offset by a \$0.6 million decrease in income from unconsolidated affiliates, a \$0.4 million decrease in royalty income, and other miscellaneous net expenses of \$0.2 million. Year-to-date other income totaled \$9.4 million compared to \$4.6 million reported in the prior year. The increase was driven by a \$0.8 million increase in interest income, and an increase in foreign exchange gains of \$4.0 million.

The effective tax rate for the three months and six months ended January 31, 2012 was 29.6 percent and 27.3 percent, respectively. The effective tax rate for the three months and six months ended January 31, 2011 was 34.4 percent and 30.2 percent, respectively. The three months ended January 31, 2011, included a \$4.0 million charge related to the reorganization of the Company's subsidiary holdings to improve the its global business and legal entity structure, partially offset by \$0.9 million in tax benefits primarily from the retroactive reinstatement of the Research and Experimentation Credit in the United States. Both the current year and prior year's six month period include tax benefits due to favorable settlements of tax audits of \$4.3 million and \$2.7 million, respectively. Without consideration of discrete items, the estimated annual effective tax rate of 30.3 percent is higher than the prior year rate of 29.9 percent mainly due to the mix of earnings between tax jurisdictions.

Operations by Segment

Following is financial information for the Company's Engine Products and Industrial Products segments. Corporate and Unallocated includes corporate expenses determined to be non-allocable to the segments, and interest income and expense. Segment detail is summarized as follows (thousands of dollars):

	Engine Products	Industrial Products	Corporate & Unallocated	Total Company
Three Months Ended January 31, 2012:				
Net sales	\$370,834	\$210,049	\$ —	\$580,883
Earnings before income taxes	48,418			