

Aon plc  
Form 10-Q  
July 26, 2013

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED June 30, 2013

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission file number 1-7933

Aon plc  
(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

ENGLAND AND WALES  
(State or Other Jurisdiction of  
Incorporation or Organization)

98-1030901  
(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification No.)

8 DEVONSHIRE SQUARE, LONDON, ENGLAND  
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)  
+44 20 7623 5500  
(Registrant's Telephone Number,  
Including Area Code)

EC2M 4PL  
(Zip Code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES  NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). YES  NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See definition of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer  Smaller reporting company

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(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

YES  NO

Number of Class A Ordinary Shares of Aon plc, \$0.01 nominal value, outstanding as of June 30, 2013: 307,461,251

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## Part I Financial Information

## ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Aon plc  
 Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income  
 (Unaudited)

(millions, except per share data)	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30, 2013	June 30, 2012	June 30, 2013	June 30, 2012
<b>Revenue</b>				
Commissions, fees and other	\$2,891	\$2,813	\$5,799	\$5,642
Fiduciary investment income	6	8	13	20
Total revenue	2,897	2,821	5,812	5,662
<b>Expenses</b>				
Compensation and benefits	1,712	1,639	3,437	3,300
Other general expenses	803	788	1,583	1,566
Total operating expenses	2,515	2,427	5,020	4,866
Operating income	382	394	792	796
Interest income	2	2	3	5
Interest expense	(48)	(57)	(100)	(116)
Other income	6	12	15	12
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	342	351	710	697
Income taxes	90	96	186	193
Income from continuing operations	252	255	524	504
Loss from discontinued operations before income taxes	—	(1)	—	(1)
Income taxes	—	—	—	—
Loss from discontinued operations	—	(1)	—	(1)
Net Income	252	254	524	503
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	11	8	22	19
Net income attributable to Aon shareholders	\$241	\$246	\$502	\$484
<b>Net income (loss) attributable to Aon shareholders</b>				
Income from continuing operations	\$241	\$247	\$502	\$485
Loss from discontinued operations	—	(1)	—	(1)
Net income	\$241	\$246	\$502	\$484
<b>Basic net income per share attributable to Aon shareholders</b>				
Continuing operations	\$0.77	\$0.74	\$1.59	\$1.46
Discontinued operations	—	—	—	—
Net income	\$0.77	\$0.74	\$1.59	\$1.46
<b>Diluted net income per share attributable to Aon shareholders</b>				
Continuing operations	\$0.76	\$0.73	\$1.58	\$1.44
Discontinued operations	—	—	—	—
Net income	\$0.76	\$0.73	\$1.58	\$1.44

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Cash dividends per share paid on ordinary shares	\$0.18	\$0.16	\$0.33	\$0.31
Weighted average ordinary shares outstanding - basic	313.7	332.0	315.0	332.2
Weighted average ordinary shares outstanding - diluted	317.1	335.6	318.6	336.1

See accompanying Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited).

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Aon plc  
 Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income  
 (Unaudited)

(millions)	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30, 2013	June 30, 2012	June 30, 2013	June 30, 2012
Net income	\$252	\$254	\$524	\$503
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	11	8	22	19
Net income attributable to Aon shareholders	241	246	502	484
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax:				
Change in fair value of investments	13	—	13	—
Change in fair value of derivatives	(7	) (17	) (21	) (10
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(58	) (197	) (232	) (93
Post-retirement benefit obligation	18	18	41	39
Total other comprehensive loss	(34	) (196	) (199	) (64
Less: Other comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	(2	) (3	) (2	) (2
Total other comprehensive loss attributable to Aon shareholders	(32	) (193	) (197	) (62
Comprehensive income attributable to Aon shareholders	\$209	\$53	\$305	\$422

See accompanying Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited).

Aon plc  
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

(millions, except nominal value)	Jun 30, 2013 (Unaudited)	Dec 31, 2012
<b>ASSETS</b>		
<b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$266	\$291
Short-term investments	307	346
Receivables, net	2,838	3,101
Fiduciary assets	12,576	12,214
Other current assets	406	430
Total Current Assets	16,393	16,382
Goodwill	8,795	8,943
Intangible assets, net	2,736	2,975
Fixed assets, net	808	820
Investments	172	165
Other non-current assets	1,158	1,201
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>\$30,062</b>	<b>\$30,486</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND EQUITY</b>		
<b>LIABILITIES</b>		
<b>CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>		
Fiduciary liabilities	\$12,576	\$12,214
Short-term debt and current portion of long-term debt	427	452
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,423	1,853
Other current liabilities	769	831
Total Current Liabilities	15,195	15,350
Long-term debt	4,012	3,713
Pension, other post-retirement and other post-employment liabilities	1,897	2,276
Other non-current liabilities	1,340	1,342
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	<b>22,444</b>	<b>22,681</b>
<b>EQUITY</b>		
Ordinary shares - \$0.01 nominal value	3	3
Authorized: 750 shares (issued: 2013 - 307.5; 2012 - 310.9)		
Additional paid-in capital	4,560	4,436
Retained earnings	5,805	5,933
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(2,809	) (2,610
<b>TOTAL AON SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>	<b>7,559</b>	<b>7,762</b>
Noncontrolling interests	59	43
<b>TOTAL EQUITY</b>	<b>7,618</b>	<b>7,805</b>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY</b>	<b>\$30,062</b>	<b>\$30,486</b>

See accompanying Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited).

Aon plc  
Condensed Consolidated Statement of Shareholders' Equity  
(Unaudited)

(millions)	Shares	Ordinary Shares and Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss, Net of Tax	Non- controlling Interests	Total	
Balance at December 31, 2012	310.9	\$4,439	\$5,933	\$ (2,610	) \$43	\$7,805	
Net income	—	—	502	—	22	524	
Shares issued - employee benefit plans	0.5	16	—	—	—	16	
Shares issued - employee compensation	4.6	(57	) —	—	—	(57	)
Shares purchased	(8.5	) —	(525	) —	—	(525	)
Tax benefit - employee benefit plans	—	35	—	—	—	35	
Share-based compensation expense	—	137	—	—	—	137	
Dividends to shareholders	—	—	(105	) —	—	(105	)
Net change in fair value of investments	—	—	—	13	—	13	
Net change in fair value of derivatives	—	—	—	(21	) —	(21	)
Net foreign currency translation adjustments	—	—	—	(232	) (2	) (234	)
Net post-retirement benefit obligation	—	—	—	41	—	41	
Purchase of subsidiary shares from non-controlling interests	—	(7	) —	—	1	(6	)
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests on subsidiary common stock	—	—	—	—	(5	) (5	)
Balance at June 30, 2013	307.5	\$4,563	\$5,805	\$ (2,809	) \$59	\$7,618	

See accompanying Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited).

Aon plc  
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows  
(Unaudited)

(millions)	Six Months Ended		
	June 30, 2013	June 30, 2012	
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>			
Net income	\$524	\$503	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation of fixed assets	118	112	
Amortization of intangible assets	198	208	
Share-based compensation expense	137	105	
Deferred income taxes	24	23	
Change in assets and liabilities:			
Fiduciary receivables	(654	) (1,501	)
Short term investments - funds held on behalf of clients	(212	) (519	)
Fiduciary liabilities	866	2,020	
Receivables, net	191	81	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(431	) (500	)
Restructuring reserves	(5	) (38	)
Current income taxes	(110	) 48	
Pension, other post-retirement and other post-employment liabilities	(291	) (200	)
Other assets and liabilities	32	(73	)
<b>CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>387</b>	<b>269</b>	
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>			
Sales of long-term investments	23	51	
Purchases of long-term investments	(6	) (7	)
Net sales of short-term investments - non-fiduciary	29	259	
Acquisition of businesses, net of cash acquired	(23	) (82	)
Proceeds from sale of businesses	1	1	
Capital expenditures	(122	) (129	)
<b>CASH (USED FOR) PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>(98</b>	<b>) 93</b>	
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>			
Share repurchase	(525	) (350	)
Issuance of shares for employee benefit plans	57	64	
Issuance of debt	2,914	332	
Repayment of debt	(2,607	) (305	)
Cash dividends to shareholders	(105	) (102	)
Purchase of shares from noncontrolling interests	—	1	
Dividends paid to noncontrolling interests	(6	) (6	)
<b>CASH USED FOR FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>(272</b>	<b>) (366</b>	
<b>EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>	<b>(42</b>	<b>) 18</b>	
<b>NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>	<b>(25</b>	<b>) 14</b>	
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD</b>	<b>291</b>	<b>272</b>	
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD</b>	<b>\$266</b>	<b>\$286</b>	



Supplemental disclosures:

Interest paid	\$121	\$132
Income taxes paid, net of refunds	\$237	\$99

See accompanying Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited).

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Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes thereto have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("U.S. GAAP"). The Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements include the accounts of Aon plc and all controlled subsidiaries ("Aon" or the "Company"). All material intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated. The Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements include, in the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments and reclassifications) necessary to present fairly the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations and cash flows for all periods presented.

Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in the financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP have been condensed or omitted. These Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012. The results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 are not necessarily indicative of operating results that may be expected for the full year ending December 31, 2013.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the accompanying unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of reserves and expenses. These estimates and assumptions are based on management's best estimates and judgments. Management evaluates its estimates and assumptions on an ongoing basis using historical experience and other factors, including the current economic environment, which management believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. Aon adjusts such estimates and assumptions when facts and circumstances dictate. Illiquid credit markets, volatile equity markets, and foreign currency movements have combined to increase the uncertainty inherent in such estimates and assumptions. As future events and their effects cannot be determined with precision, actual results could differ significantly from these estimates. Changes in estimates resulting from continuing changes in the economic environment will be reflected in the financial statements in future periods.

2. Accounting Principles and Practices

Changes in Accounting Principles

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

In February 2013, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued guidance on the disclosure of amounts to be reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income. The guidance requires that amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income be presented either on the face of the statement of operations or in the notes to the financial statements by component. The guidance was effective for Aon beginning in the first quarter 2013. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on the Company's Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Indefinite-Lived Intangible Asset Impairment

In July 2012, the FASB issued guidance on the testing of indefinite-lived intangible assets for impairment that gives an entity the option to perform a qualitative assessment that may eliminate the requirement to perform the annual quantitative test. The guidance gives an entity the option to first perform a qualitative assessment to determine whether it is more likely than not that the fair value of a an indefinite-lived intangible asset is less than its carrying amount. If an entity concludes that this is the case, it must perform the quantitative test. The guidance was effective for Aon beginning in the first quarter 2013. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on the Company's Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

## Balance Sheet Offsetting

In December 2011, the FASB issued guidance on the disclosure of offsetting assets and liabilities to enable users of financial statements to evaluate the effect or potential effect of netting arrangements on an entity's financial position. The objective of this disclosure is to facilitate comparison between those entities that prepare their financial statements on the basis of U.S. GAAP and those entities that prepare their financial statements on the basis of IFRS. The guidance requires certain derivatives, repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements, and securities borrowing and lending transactions to disclose both the gross and net position of these financial instruments. The guidance was effective for Aon beginning in the first quarter 2013. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on the Company's Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

## 3. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash balances and all highly liquid investments with initial maturities of three months or less. Short-term investments include certificates of deposit, money market funds and highly liquid debt instruments purchased with initial maturities in excess of three months but less than one year and are carried at amortized cost, which approximates fair value.

The Company is required to hold £77 million of operating funds in the U.K. as required by the Financial Conduct Authority, which were included in Short-term investments. These operating funds, when translated to U.S. dollars, were \$118 million and \$124 million at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively. Cash and cash equivalents included restricted balances of \$83 million and \$76 million at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 respectively. The restricted balances primarily relate to cash required to be held as collateral.

## 4. Other Income

Other income consists of the following (in millions):

	Three months ended		Six months ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Equity earnings	\$4	\$3	\$6	\$8
Realized (loss) gain on sale of investments	(2	) (8	) (1	) 2
Foreign currency remeasurement (losses) gains	(5	) 18	19	—
Derivative gains (losses)	9	(2	) (9	) —
Other	—	1	—	2
	\$6	\$12	\$15	\$12

## 5. Acquisitions and Dispositions

### Acquisitions

During the six months ended June 30, 2013, the Company completed the acquisition of four businesses in the Risk Solutions segment and one business in the HR Solutions segment. During the six months ended June 30, 2012, the Company completed the acquisition of two businesses in the HR Solutions segment and three businesses in the Risk Solutions segment.

The following table includes the aggregate consideration transferred and the preliminary value of intangible assets recorded as a result of the Company's acquisitions:

Six months ended June 30,

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(millions)	2013	2012
Consideration	\$23	\$96
Intangible assets:		
Goodwill	\$16	\$57
Other intangible assets	11	42
Total	\$27	\$99

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The results of operations of these acquisitions are included in the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements as of the acquisition date. The results of operations of the Company would not have been materially different if these acquisitions had been reported from the beginning of the period.

## Dispositions

During the six months ended June 30, 2013, the Company completed the sale of four businesses in the Risk Solutions segment. No pretax gain or loss was recognized on these sales. During the six months ended June 30, 2012, the Company completed the sale of one business in the HR Solutions segment and one business in the Risk Solutions segment. A pretax gain of \$2 million was recognized on these sales, which is included in Other income in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income.

## 6. Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

The change in the net carrying amount of goodwill by reportable segment for the six months ended June 30, 2013 is as follows (in millions):

	Risk Solutions	HR Solutions	Total
Balance as of December 31, 2012	\$5,982	\$2,961	\$8,943
Goodwill related to current year acquisitions	14	2	16
Goodwill related to prior year acquisitions	(2	) 17	15
Foreign currency translation	(157	) (22	) (179
Balance as of June 30, 2013	\$5,837	\$2,958	\$8,795

Other intangible assets by asset class are as follows (in millions):

	June 30, 2013			December 31, 2012		
	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Amount	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Amount
Intangible assets with indefinite lives:						
Tradenames	\$1,025	\$—	\$1,025	\$1,025	\$—	\$1,025
Intangible assets with finite lives:						
Customer related and contract based	2,659	1,124	1,535	2,714	969	1,745
Marketing, technology and other (1)	600	424	176	619	414	205
	\$4,284	\$1,548	\$2,736	\$4,358	\$1,383	\$2,975

(1) Tradenames with finite lives disclosed separately in prior years are now presented in Marketing, technology and other

Amortization expense from finite lived intangible assets was \$99 million and \$198 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, respectively. Amortization expense from finite lived intangible assets was \$104 million and \$208 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012, respectively.

The estimated future amortization for finite lived intangible assets as of June 30, 2013 is as follows (in millions):

HR Solutions	Risk Solutions	Total
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Remainder of 2013	\$139	\$55	\$194
2014	240	94	334
2015	209	79	288
2016	175	67	242
2017	139	57	196
Thereafter	338	119	457
	\$1,240	\$471	\$1,711

## 7. Restructuring

## Aon Hewitt Restructuring Plan

On October 14, 2010, Aon announced a global restructuring plan (“Aon Hewitt Plan”) in connection with the acquisition of Hewitt Associates, Inc. (“Hewitt”). The Aon Hewitt Plan is intended to streamline operations across the combined Aon Hewitt organization, the Health & Benefits organization and shared services and facility rationalization across the Company. The Aon Hewitt Plan includes approximately 2,900 job eliminations. The Company expects these restructuring activities and related expenses to affect operations through the end of 2013. The Aon Hewitt Plan is expected to result in cumulative costs of approximately \$411 million through the end of the plan, consisting of approximately \$261 million in employee termination costs and approximately \$150 million in real estate rationalization costs across the Company. This represents an increase of \$86 million in costs over the amount previously disclosed as the Company has finalized additional restructuring actions related to the Aon Hewitt Plan.

From the inception of the Aon Hewitt Plan through June 30, 2013, approximately 2,420 jobs have been eliminated and total expenses of \$334 million have been incurred. The Company recorded \$53 million and \$79 million of restructuring and related charges in the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, respectively. The Company recorded \$13 million and \$25 million of restructuring and related charges in the three and six months ended June 30, 2012, respectively. Charges related to the restructuring are included in Compensation and benefits and Other general expenses in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income.

The following table summarizes restructuring and related costs by type that have been incurred and are estimated to be incurred through the end of the restructuring initiative related to the Aon Hewitt Plan (in millions):

	2010	2011	2012	Second Quarter 2013	Six Months 2013	Total to Date	Estimated Total Cost for Restructuring Plan (1)
Workforce reduction	\$49	\$64	\$74	\$14	\$38	\$225	\$ 261
Lease consolidation	3	32	18	34	36	89	128
Asset impairments	—	7	4	3	3	14	15
Other costs associated with restructuring (2)	—	2	2	2	2	6	7
Total restructuring expenses	\$52	\$105	\$98	\$53	\$79	\$334	\$ 411

Actual costs, when incurred, will vary due to changes in the assumptions built into this plan. Significant assumptions that may change when plans are finalized and implemented include, but are not limited to, changes in (1) severance calculations, changes in the assumptions underlying sublease loss calculations due to changing market conditions, and changes in the overall analysis that might cause the Company to add or cancel component initiatives.

(2) Other costs associated with restructuring initiatives, including moving costs and consulting and legal fees, are recognized when incurred.

The following table summarizes the restructuring and related expenses, by segment, that have been incurred and are estimated to be incurred through the end of the restructuring initiative related to the Aon Hewitt Plan (in millions):

	2010	2011	2012	Second Quarter 2013	Six Months 2013	Total to Date	Estimated Total Cost for Restructuring Plan (1)
HR Solutions	\$52	\$49	\$66	\$36	51	\$218	\$ 249



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Risk Solutions	—	56	32	17	28	116	162
Total restructuring expenses (1)	\$52	\$105	\$98	\$53	\$79	\$334	\$ 411

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(1) Costs included in the Risk Solutions segment are associated with the transfer of the health and benefits consulting business from HR Solutions to Risk Solutions effective January 1, 2012. Costs incurred in 2011 in the HR Solutions segment of \$41 million related to the health and benefits consulting business have been reclassified and presented in the Risk Solutions segment.

As of June 30, 2013, the Company's liabilities for its restructuring plans are as follows (in millions):

	Aon Hewitt Plan	Aon Benfield Plan	2007 Plan	Other	Total
Balance at December 31, 2012	\$96	\$3	\$35	\$3	\$137
Expensed	76	—	—	—	76
Cash payments	(58	) (1	) (18	) (1	) (78
Foreign exchange translation and other	—	—	4	—	4
Balance at June 30, 2013	\$114	\$2	\$21	\$2	\$139

## 8. Investments

The Company earns income on cash balances and investments, as well as on premium trust balances that the Company maintains for premiums collected from insureds but not yet remitted to insurance companies, and funds held under the terms of certain outsourcing agreements to pay certain obligations on behalf of clients. Premium trust balances and receivables, as well as a corresponding liability, are included in Fiduciary assets and Fiduciary liabilities in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Position.

The Company's interest-bearing assets and other investments are included in the following categories in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Position (in millions):

	6/30/2013	12/31/2012
Cash and cash equivalents	\$266	\$291
Short-term investments	307	346
Fiduciary assets (1)	4,089	4,029
Investments	172	165
	\$4,834	\$4,831

(1) Fiduciary assets include funds held on behalf of clients but does not include fiduciary receivables.

The Company's investments are as follows (in millions):

	6/30/2013	12/31/2012
Equity method investments	\$94	\$102
Other investments	53	43
Fixed-maturity securities	25	20
	\$172	\$165

## 9. Debt

The Company uses proceeds from the commercial paper market from time to time in order to meet short-term working capital needs. At June 30, 2013, the Company had \$347 million in commercial paper outstanding as compared to \$50 million of commercial paper outstanding at December 31, 2012. The weighted average commercial paper outstanding for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 was \$358 million and \$261 million, respectively. The weighted average interest rate of the commercial paper outstanding for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 was 0.35% and 0.37%, respectively.

On March 8, 2013, the Company issued \$90 million in aggregate principal amount of 4.250% Notes Due 2042. The 4.250% Notes Due 2042 constitute a further issuance of, and were consolidated to form a single series of debt securities with, the \$166 million aggregate principal amount of the 4.250% Notes Due 2042 issued by Aon plc on December 12, 2012 (collectively, the "Original Notes"). The Original Notes were unconditionally guaranteed as to the

payment of principal and interest by Aon Corporation.

On April 15, 2013, an S-4 registration statement registering \$256 million in aggregate principal amount of 4.250% Notes Due 2042 (the "Exchange Notes") under the Securities Act of 1933 as amended (the "Securities Act") was declared effective by the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Exchange Notes are to be exchanged for the Original Notes. The form and terms of the Exchange Notes are substantially identical in all material respects to those of the Original Notes except that the Exchange Notes are registered under the Securities Act and the transfer restrictions, registration rights and related additional interest

provisions applicable to the Original Notes do not apply to the Exchange Notes. Like the Original Notes, the Exchange Notes were issued by Aon plc and unconditionally guaranteed by Aon Corporation. All original notes were exchanged for Exchange Notes in the second quarter 2013.

On April 29, 2013, the Company amended its Euro Facility agreement to add Aon plc as an additional borrower. On May 8, 2013, the Company established a multi-currency commercial paper program in aggregate principal amount of up to €650 million. Aon Corporation is a guarantor under the program.

On May 21, 2013, the Company issued \$250 million in aggregate principal amount of 4.45% Notes Due 2043. The 4.45% Notes Due 2043 were issued by Aon plc and fully and unconditionally guaranteed by Aon Corporation. The Company used the proceeds of the issuance to repay commercial paper borrowings and for general corporate purposes.

During the second quarter 2013, the Company used available funds to repay \$306 million of the term loan credit facility due October 2013.

## 10. Shareholders' Equity

### Ordinary Shares

In April 2012, the Company's Board of Directors authorized a share repurchase program under which up to \$5.0 billion of Class A Ordinary Shares may be repurchased ("2012 Share Repurchase Program"). Under this program, shares may be repurchased through the open market or in privately negotiated transactions, from time to time, based on prevailing market conditions, and will be funded from available capital.

In the second quarter of 2013, the Company repurchased 3.5 million shares at an average price per share of \$64.53 for a total cost of \$225 million under the 2012 Share Repurchase Program. During the six months ended June 30, 2013, the Company repurchased 8.5 million shares at an average price per share of \$61.75 for a total cost of \$525 million under the 2012 Share Repurchase Program. In the second quarter of 2012, the Company repurchased 5.3 million shares at an average price per share of \$47.40 for a total cost of \$250 million under the 2012 Share Repurchase Program. During the six months ended June 30, 2012, the Company repurchased 7.4 million shares at an average price per share of \$47.66 for a total cost of \$350 million under the 2012 Share Repurchase Program and the previously completed 2010 Share Repurchase Program. The remaining authorized amount for share repurchase under the 2012 Share Repurchase Program is \$3.5 billion. Since the inception of the 2012 Share Repurchase Program, the Company repurchased a total of 28.0 million shares for an aggregate cost of \$1.5 billion.

### Participating Securities

Unvested share-based payment awards that contain non-forfeitable rights to dividends or dividend equivalents, whether paid or unpaid, are participating securities, as defined, and therefore, should be included in computing basic and diluted earnings per share using the two class method. Certain of the Company's restricted share awards allow the holder to receive a non-forfeitable dividend equivalent.

Income from continuing operations, income from discontinued operations and net income, attributable to participating securities, were as follows (in millions):

	Three months ended		Six months ended	
	June 30, 2013	2012	June 30, 2013	2012
Income from continuing operations	\$2	\$3	\$5	\$6

Income from discontinued operations	—	—	—	—
Net income	\$2	\$3	\$5	\$6

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Weighted average shares outstanding are as follows (in millions):

	Three months ended		Six months ended	
	June 30, 2013	2012	June 30, 2013	2012
Shares for basic earnings per share (1)	313.7	332.0	315.0	332.2
Common stock equivalents	3.4	3.6	3.6	3.9
Shares for diluted earnings per share	317.1	335.6	318.6	336.1

(1) Includes 4.0 million and 4.8 million of participating securities for the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, and 4.1 million and 4.8 million of participating securities for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Certain ordinary share equivalents were not included in the computation of diluted net income per share because their inclusion would have been antidilutive. The number of shares excluded from the calculation was 0.0 million and 1.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, and 0.4 million and 0.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

#### Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss

Changes in Accumulated other comprehensive loss by component, net of related tax, are as follows (in millions):

	Change in Fair Value of Investments (1)	Change in Fair Value of Derivatives (1)	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments	Post-Retirement Benefit Obligation (2)	Total
Balance at December 31, 2012	\$—	\$(28)	) \$233	\$ (2,815)	) \$(2,610)
Other comprehensive loss before reclassifications, net	13	(30)	) (232)	(4)	) (253)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss:					
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss	—	16	—	66	82
Tax benefit	—	(7)	) —	(21)	) (28)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss, net	—	9	—	45	54
Net current period other comprehensive (loss) income	13	(21)	) (232)	41	(199)
Balance at June 30, 2013	\$13	\$(49)	) \$1	\$ (2,774)	) \$(2,809)

(1) Reclassifications from Accumulated other comprehensive loss are recorded in Other income

(2) Reclassifications from Accumulated other comprehensive loss are recorded in Compensation and benefits

## 11. Employee Benefits

The following table provides the components of the net periodic benefit cost for Aon's U.S. pension plans, along with its most significant international pension plans, which are located in the U.K., the Netherlands and Canada (in millions):

	Three months ended June 30,			
	U.K. and Non-U.S.		U.S.	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Service cost	\$4	\$4	\$—	\$—
Interest cost	62	66	28	30
Expected return on plan assets	(88 )	(81 )	(35 )	(32 )
Amortization of net actuarial loss	19	15	13	11
Net periodic benefit cost	\$(3 )	\$4	\$6	\$9

  

	Six months ended June 30,			
	U.K. and Non-U.S.		U.S.	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Service cost	\$9	\$8	\$—	\$—
Interest cost	126	132	56	60
Expected return on plan assets	(178 )	(161 )	(69 )	(64 )
Amortization of net actuarial loss	37	29	26	22
Net periodic benefit cost	\$(6 )	\$8	\$13	\$18

Based on current assumptions, in 2013, Aon plans to contribute \$167 million and \$381 million to its U.S. and most significant international defined benefit pension plans, respectively. During the three months ended June 30, 2013, contributions of \$35 million were made to the Company's U.S. pension plans and \$64 million were made to its most significant international pension plans. During the six months ended June 30, 2013, contributions of \$68 million were made to the Company's U.S. pension plans and \$231 million were made to its most significant international pension plans.

## 12. Share-Based Compensation Plans

The following table summarizes share-based compensation expense recognized in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income in Compensation and benefits (in millions):

	Three months ended		Six months ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Restricted stock units ("RSUs")	\$40	\$34	\$95	\$83
Performance share awards ("PSAs")	27	13	38	15
Stock options	—	1	1	3
Employee stock purchase plans	1	2	3	4
Total stock-based compensation expense	\$68	\$50	\$137	\$105

## Share Awards

A summary of the status of the Company's RSUs is as follows (shares in thousands):

	Six months ended June 30,			
	2013		2012	
	Shares	Fair Value (1)	Shares	Fair Value (1)
Non-vested at beginning of period	10,432	\$44	9,916	\$42
Granted	3,505	62	4,706	45
Vested	(3,345	) 44	(2,986	) 42
Forfeited	(229	) 45	(356	) 44
Non-vested at end of period	10,363	50	11,280	44

(1) Represents per share weighted average fair value of award at date of grant

The vesting of PSAs is contingent upon meeting various individual, divisional or company-wide performance conditions, including revenue generation, or growth in revenue, pretax income or earnings per share over a one to five-year period. The performance conditions are not considered in the determination of the grant date fair value for these awards. The fair value of PSAs is based upon the market price of an Aon ordinary share at the date of grant. Compensation expense is recognized over the performance period, and in certain cases an additional vesting period, based on management's estimate of the number of units expected to vest. Compensation expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of shares issued at the end of the programs. The actual issue of shares may range from 0-200% of the target number of PSAs granted, based on the plan. Dividend equivalents are not paid on PSAs.

Information as of June 30, 2013 regarding the Company's target PSAs granted and shares that would be issued at current performance levels for PSAs granted during the six months ended June 30, 2013 and the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively, is as follows (shares in thousands, dollars in millions, except fair value):

	As of June 30, 2013	As of December 31, 2012	As of December 31, 2011
Target PSAs granted	1,135	1,369	1,715
Fair value (1)	\$58	\$47	\$50
Number of shares that would be issued based on current performance levels	1,135	1,958	1,339
Unamortized expense, based on current performance levels	\$59	\$49	\$11

(1) Represents per share weighted average fair value of award at date of grant.

## Share Options

The Company did not grant any share options during the six months ended June 30, 2013 or 2012, respectively.

A summary of the status of the Company's share options and related information is as follows (shares in thousands):

	Six months ended June 30,			
	2013		2012	
	Shares	Weighted- Average Exercise Price	Shares	Weighted- Average Exercise Price
Beginning outstanding	5,611	\$32	9,116	\$32
Granted	—	—	—	—
Exercised	(1,318	) 31	(1,584	) 33



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Forfeited and expired	(2	) 33	(51	) 37
Outstanding at end of period	4,291	33	7,481	32
Exercisable at end of period	4,063	32	6,931	31

The weighted average remaining contractual life, in years, of outstanding options was 2.4 years at both June 30, 2013 and 2012.

The aggregate intrinsic value represents the total pretax intrinsic value, based on options with an exercise price less than the Company's closing stock price of \$64.35 as of June 30, 2013, which would have been received by the option holders had those option holders exercised their options as of that date. At June 30, 2013, the aggregate intrinsic value of options outstanding was \$136 million, of which \$131 million was exercisable.

Other information related to the Company's share options is as follows (in millions):

	Three months ended		Six months ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Aggregate intrinsic value of stock options exercised	\$22	\$11	\$39	\$24
Cash received from the exercise of stock options	21	14	41	51
Tax benefit realized from the exercise of stock options	4	1	7	2

Unamortized deferred compensation expense, which includes both options and awards, amounted to \$411 million as of June 30, 2013, with a remaining weighted-average amortization period of approximately 2.2 years.

### 13. Derivatives and Hedging

The Company is exposed to market risks, including changes in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates. To manage the risk related to these exposures, the Company enters into various derivative instruments that reduce these risks by creating offsetting exposures. The Company does not enter into derivative transactions for trading or speculative purposes.

#### Foreign Exchange Risk Management

The Company is exposed to foreign exchange risk when it receives revenues, pays expenses, or enters into intercompany loans denominated in a currency that differs from its functional currency, or other transactions that are denominated in a currency other than its functional currency. The Company uses foreign exchange derivatives, typically forward contracts, options and cross currency swaps, to reduce its overall exposure to the effects of currency fluctuations on cash flows. These exposures are hedged, on average, for less than two years; however, in limited instances, the Company has hedged certain exposures up to five years in the future.

The Company also uses foreign exchange derivatives, typically forward contracts and options, to hedge its net investments in foreign operations for up to two years in the future.

The Company also uses foreign exchange derivatives, typically forward contracts and options, to manage the currency exposure of the Company's global liquidity profile, including monetary assets or liabilities that are denominated in a non-functional currency of an entity, for up to one year in the future. These derivatives are not accounted for as hedges, and changes in fair value are recorded each period in Other income in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income.

#### Interest Rate Risk Management

The Company holds variable-rate short-term brokerage and other operating deposits. The Company uses interest rate derivatives, typically swaps, to reduce its exposure to the effects of interest rate fluctuations on the forecasted interest receipts from these deposits for up to two years in the future.

Certain derivatives also give rise to credit risks from the possible non-performance by counterparties. The credit risk is generally limited to the fair value of those contracts that are favorable to the Company. The Company has reduced

its credit risk by using International Swaps and Derivatives Association (“ISDA”) master agreements, collateral and credit support arrangements, entering into non-exchange-traded derivatives with highly-rated major financial institutions and by using exchange-traded instruments. The Company monitors the creditworthiness of, and exposure to, its counterparties. As of June 30, 2013, all net derivative positions were free of credit risk contingent features. The Company has not received or pledged any collateral related to derivative arrangements as of June 30, 2013.

The notional and fair values of derivative instruments are as follows (in millions):

	Notional Amount		Derivative Assets		Derivative Liabilities	
	6/30/2013	12/31/2012	6/30/2013	12/31/2012	6/30/2013	12/31/2012
Derivatives accounted for as hedges:						
Interest rate contracts	\$325	\$336	\$16	\$17	\$—	\$—
Foreign exchange contracts	1,072	1,208	39	191	110	250
Total	1,397	1,544	55	208	110	250
Derivatives not accounted for as hedges:						
Foreign exchange contracts	295	305	1	2	1	1
Total	\$1,692	\$1,849	\$56	\$210	\$111	\$251

Offsetting of financial assets and derivatives assets are as follows (in millions):

	Gross Amounts of Recognized Assets		Gross Amounts Offset in the Statement of Financial Position		Net Amounts of Assets Presented in the Statement of Financial Position (1)	
	6/30/2013	12/31/2012	6/30/2013	12/31/2012	6/30/2013	12/31/2012
Derivatives accounted for as hedges:						
Interest rate contracts	\$16	\$17	\$—	\$—	\$16	\$17
Foreign exchange contracts	39	191	(20	) (160	) 19	31
Total	55	208	(20	) (160	) 35	48
Derivatives not accounted for as hedges:						
Foreign exchange contracts	1	2	—	—	1	2
Total	\$56	\$210	\$(20	) \$(160	) \$36	\$50

(1) Included within Other current assets or Other non-current assets

Offsetting of financial liabilities and derivative liabilities are as follows (in millions):

	Gross Amounts of Recognized Liabilities		Gross Amounts Offset in the Statement of Financial Position		Net Amounts of Liabilities Presented in the Statement of Financial Position (2)	
	6/30/2013	12/31/2012	6/30/2013	12/31/2012	6/30/2013	12/31/2012
Derivatives accounted for as hedges:						
Interest rate contracts	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—
Foreign exchange contracts	110	250	(20	) (160	) 90	90
Total	110	250	(20	) (160	) 90	90
Derivatives not accounted for as hedges:						
Foreign exchange contracts	1	1	—	—	1	1
Total	\$111	\$251	\$(20	) \$(160	) \$91	\$91

(2) Included within Other current liabilities or Other non-current liabilities



The amounts of derivative gains (losses) recognized in the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 are as follows (in millions):

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Gain (Loss) recognized in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss:				
Cash Flow Hedges:				
Interest rate contracts	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—
Foreign exchange contracts	—	(32	) (29	) (30
Total	\$—	\$(32	) \$(29	) \$(30
Foreign Net Investment Hedges:				
Foreign exchange contracts	\$—	\$11	\$—	\$1
Gain (Loss) reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss into Income (Effective Portion):				
Cash Flow Hedges:				
Interest rate contracts (1)	\$—	\$—	\$(1	) \$—
Foreign exchange contracts (2)	14	(8	) 3	(16
Total	14	(8	) 2	(16
Foreign Net Investment Hedges:				
Foreign exchange contracts	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—

(1) Included within Fiduciary investment income and Interest expense

(2) Included within Other income and Interest expense

	Three months ended June 30,				Six months ended June 30,			
	Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income on Derivative (1) (2)		Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income on Related Hedge Item (2)		Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income on Derivative (1) (2)		Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income on Related Hedge Item (1) (2)	
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
Fair value hedges:								
Interest rate contracts	\$—	\$1	\$—	\$(1	) \$(1	) \$3	\$1	\$(3

(1) Relates to fixed rate debt

(2) Included in Interest expense

The Company estimates that approximately \$33 million of pretax losses currently included within Accumulated other comprehensive loss will be reclassified into earnings in the next twelve months.

The amount of gain (loss) recognized in income on the ineffective portion of derivatives for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 was not material.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, the Company recorded a loss of \$9 million and \$18 million, respectively, in Other income for foreign exchange derivatives not designated or qualifying as hedges. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2012, the Company recorded a gain of \$1 million and \$7 million, respectively, in Other income for foreign exchange derivatives not designated or qualifying as hedges.

14. Fair Value and Financial Instruments

Accounting standards establish a three tier fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair values as follows:

Level 1 — observable inputs such as quoted prices for identical assets in active markets;

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Level 2 — inputs other than quoted prices for identical assets in active markets, that are observable either directly or indirectly; and

Level 3 — unobservable inputs in which there is little or no market data which requires the use of valuation techniques and the development of assumptions.

The following methods and assumptions are used to estimate the fair values of the Company's financial instruments:

Money market funds and highly liquid debt securities are carried at cost and amortized cost, respectively, as an approximation of fair value. Based on market convention, the Company considers cost a practical and expedient measure of fair value.

Cash, cash equivalents, and highly liquid debt instruments consist of cash and institutional short-term investment funds. The Company independently reviews the short-term investment funds to obtain reasonable assurance the fund net asset value is \$1 per share.

Equity investments consist of domestic and international equity securities and exchange traded equity derivatives valued using the closing stock price on a national securities exchange. Over the counter equity derivatives are valued using observable inputs such as underlying prices of the equity security and volatility. The Company independently reviews the listing of Level 1 equity securities in the portfolio and agrees the closing stock prices to a national securities exchange, and on a sample basis, independently verifies the observable inputs for Level 2 equity derivatives and securities.

Fixed income investments consist of certain categories of bonds and derivatives. Corporate, government, and agency bonds are valued by pricing vendors who estimate fair value using recently executed transactions and proprietary models based on observable inputs, such as interest rate spreads, yield curves and credit risk. Asset-backed securities are valued by pricing vendors who estimate fair value using discounted cash flow models utilizing observable inputs based on trade and quote activity of securities with similar features. Fixed income derivatives are valued by pricing vendors using observable inputs such as interest rates and yield curves. The Company obtains a detailed understanding of the models, inputs, and assumptions used in developing prices provided by its vendors. This understanding includes discussions with valuation resources at the vendor. During these discussions, the Company uses a fair value measurement questionnaire, which is part of the Company's internal controls over financial reporting, to obtain the information necessary to assert the model, inputs and assumptions used comply with U.S. GAAP, including disclosure requirements. The Company also obtains observable inputs from the pricing vendor and independently verifies the observable inputs, as well as assesses assumptions used for reasonableness based on relevant market conditions and internal Company guidelines. If an assumption is deemed unreasonable, based on the Company's guidelines, it is then reviewed by a member of management and the fair value estimate provided by the vendor is adjusted, if deemed appropriate. These adjustments do not occur frequently and have not historically been material to the fair value estimates used in the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Pooled funds consist of various equity, fixed income, commodity, and real estate mutual fund type investment vehicles. Pooled investment funds fair value is estimated based on the proportionate share ownership in the underlying net assets of the investment, which is based on the fair value of the underlying securities that trade on a national securities exchange. Where possible, the Company independently reviews the listing securities in the portfolio and agrees the closing stock prices to a national securities exchange. The Company gains an understanding of the investment guidelines and valuation policies of the fund and discusses fund performance with pooled fund managers. The Company obtains audited fund manager financial statements, when available. If the pooled fund is designed to replicate a publicly traded index, the Company compares the performance of the fund to the index to assess the reasonableness of the fair value measurement.



Alternative investments consist of limited partnerships, private equity and hedge funds. Alternative investment fair value is generally estimated based on the proportionate share ownership in the underlying net assets of the investment as determined by the general partner or investment manager. The valuations are based on various factors depending on investment strategy, proprietary models, and specific financial data or projections. The Company obtains audited fund manager financial statements, when available. The Company obtains a detailed understanding of the models, inputs and assumptions used in developing prices provided by the investment managers (or appropriate party) through regular discussions. During these discussions with the investment managers, the Company uses a fair value measurement questionnaire, which is part of the Company's internal controls over financial reporting, to obtain the information necessary to assert the model, inputs and assumptions used comply with U.S. GAAP, including disclosure requirements. The Company also obtains observable inputs from the investment manager and independently verifies the observable inputs, as well as assesses assumptions used for reasonableness based on relevant market conditions and internal Company guidelines. If an assumption is deemed unreasonable, based on the Company's guidelines, it is then reviewed by a member of management and the fair value estimate provided by the vendor is adjusted, if

deemed appropriate. These adjustments do not occur frequently and have not historically been material to the fair value estimates in the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Derivatives are carried at fair value, based upon industry standard valuation techniques that use, where possible, current market-based or independently sourced pricing inputs, such as interest rates, currency exchange rates, or implied volatilities.

Annuity contracts consist of insurance group annuity contracts purchased to match the pension benefit payment stream owed to certain selected plan participant demographics within a few major United Kingdom defined benefit plans. Annuity contracts are valued using a discounted cash flow model utilizing assumptions such as discount rate, mortality, and inflation. The Company independently verifies the observable inputs.

Real estate and REITs consist of publicly traded REITs and direct real estate investments. Level 1 REITs are valued using the closing stock price on a national securities exchange. The Level 3 values are based on the proportionate share of ownership in the underlying net asset value as determined by the investment manager. The Company independently reviews the listing of Level 1 REIT securities in the portfolio and agrees the closing stock prices to a national securities exchange. The Company gains an understanding of the investment guidelines and valuation policies of the Level 3 real estate funds and discusses performance with the fund managers. The Company obtains audited fund manager financial statements, when available. See the description of "Alternative investments" for further detail on valuation procedures surrounding Level 3 REITs.

Guarantees are carried at fair value, which is based on discounted estimated cash flows using published historical cumulative default rates and discount rates commensurate with the underlying exposure.

Debt is carried at outstanding principal balance, less any unamortized discount or premium. Fair value is based on quoted market prices or estimates using discounted cash flow analyses based on current borrowing rates for similar types of borrowing arrangements.

The following tables present the categorization of the Company's assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 (in millions):

	Balance at June 30, 2013	Fair Value Measurements Using		
		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
<b>Assets:</b>				
Money market funds and highly liquid debt securities (1)	\$2,438	\$2,413	\$ 25	\$ —
<b>Other investments:</b>				
<b>Fixed maturity securities:</b>				
Corporate bonds	18	—	—	18
Government bonds	7	—	7	—
Equity securities	28	28	—	—
<b>Derivatives:</b>				
Interest rate contracts	16	—	16	—
Foreign exchange contracts	40	—	40	—
<b>Liabilities:</b>				
<b>Derivatives:</b>				

Foreign exchange contracts	111	—	111	—
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(1) Includes \$2,413 million of money market funds and \$25 million of highly liquid debt securities that are classified as Fiduciary assets, Short-term investments or Cash and cash equivalents in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Position, depending on their nature and initial maturity. See Note 8 “Investments” for additional information regarding the Company’s investments.

	Balance at December 31, 2012	Fair Value Measurements Using		
		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
<b>Assets:</b>				
Money market funds and highly liquid debt securities (1)	\$2,133	\$2,108	\$ 25	\$ —
<b>Other investments:</b>				
<b>Fixed maturity securities:</b>				
Corporate bonds	12	—	—	12
Government Bonds	8	—	8	—
Equity securities	5	5	—	—
<b>Derivatives:</b>				
Interest rate contracts	17	—	17	—
Foreign exchange contracts	193	—	193	—
<b>Liabilities:</b>				
<b>Derivatives:</b>				
Foreign exchange contracts	251	—	251	—

(1) Includes \$2,108 million of money market funds and \$25 million of highly liquid debt securities that are classified as Fiduciary assets, Short-term investments or Cash and cash equivalents in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Position, depending on their nature and initial maturity. See Note 8 “Investments” for additional information regarding the Company’s investments.

There were no transfers of assets or liabilities between fair value hierarchy levels in the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The Company recognized \$6 million of unrealized gains in Accumulated other comprehensive loss during the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, respectively, related to assets and liabilities measured at fair value using unobservable inputs. There were no realized or unrealized gains or losses recognized in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income or Financial Position during either the three and six months ended June 30, 2012 related to assets and liabilities measured at fair value using unobservable inputs.

The fair value of all long-term debt instruments is classified as Level 2. The following table discloses the Company’s financial instruments where the carrying amounts and fair values differ (in millions):

	June 30, 2013		December 31, 2012	
	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value
Long-term debt	\$4,012	\$4,289	\$3,713	\$4,162

## 15. Commitments and Contingencies

### Legal

Aon and its subsidiaries are subject to numerous claims, tax assessments, lawsuits and proceedings that arise in the ordinary course of business, which frequently include errors and omissions (“E&O”) claims. The damages claimed in these matters are or may be substantial, including, in many instances, claims for punitive, treble or extraordinary damages. Aon has historically purchased E&O insurance and other insurance to provide protection against certain losses that arise in such matters. Aon has exhausted or materially depleted its coverage under some of the policies that protect the Company and, consequently, is self-insured or materially self-insured for some historical claims. Accruals

for these exposures, and related insurance receivables, when applicable, have been provided to the extent that losses are deemed probable and are reasonably estimable. These amounts are adjusted from time to time as developments warrant. Amounts related to settlement provisions are recorded in Other general expenses in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income.

A retail insurance brokerage subsidiary of Aon provides insurance brokerage services to Northrop Grumman Corporation (“Northrop”). This Aon subsidiary placed Northrop’s excess property insurance program for the period covering 2005. Northrop suffered a substantial loss in August 2005 when Hurricane Katrina damaged Northrop’s facilities in the Gulf states. Northrop’s excess insurance carrier, Factory Mutual Insurance Company (“Factory Mutual”), denied coverage for the claim pursuant to a flood exclusion. Northrop sued Factory Mutual in the United States District Court for the Central District of

California and later sought to add this Aon subsidiary as a defendant, asserting that if Northrop's policy with Factory Mutual does not cover the losses suffered by Northrop stemming from Hurricane Katrina, then this Aon subsidiary will be responsible for Northrop's losses. On August 26, 2010, the court granted in large part Factory Mutual's motion for partial summary judgment regarding the applicability of the flood exclusion and denied Northrop's motion to add this Aon subsidiary as a defendant in the federal lawsuit. On January 27, 2011, Northrop filed suit against this Aon subsidiary in state court in Los Angeles, California, pleading claims for negligence, breach of contract and negligent misrepresentation. Aon believes that it has meritorious defenses and intends to vigorously defend itself against these claims. The outcome of this lawsuit, and the amount of any losses or other payments that may result, cannot be estimated at this time.

Another retail insurance brokerage subsidiary of Aon has been sued in Tennessee state court by a client, Opry Mills Mall Limited Partnership ("Opry Mills") that sustained flood damage to its property in May 2010. The lawsuit seeks \$200 million from numerous insurers with whom this Aon subsidiary placed the client's property insurance coverage. The insurers contend that only \$50 million in coverage is available for the loss because the flood event occurred on property in a high hazard flood zone. Opry Mills is seeking full coverage from the insurers for the loss and has sued this Aon subsidiary in the alternative for the same \$150 million difference on various theories of professional liability if the court determines there is not full coverage. In addition, Opry Mills seeks prejudgment interest, attorneys' fees and enhanced damages which could substantially increase Aon's exposure. Aon believes it has meritorious defenses and intends to vigorously defend itself against these claims. The outcome of this lawsuit, and the amount of any losses or other payments that may result, cannot be estimated at this time.

A pensions consulting and administration subsidiary of Hewitt prior to its acquisition by Aon provided advisory services to the Trustees of the Philips UK pension fund and the relevant employer of fund beneficiaries (together, "Philips"). In December 2011, the Aon subsidiary received notice of a potential claim alleging negligence and breach of duty. The notice asserts Philips' right to claim damages related to Philips' use of a credit default swap hedging strategy pursuant to the supply of the advisory services, which is said to have resulted in substantial damages to Philips. No lawsuit has yet been filed. Aon believes that it has meritorious defenses and intends to vigorously defend itself against these allegations. The outcome of this circumstance, and the amount of any losses or other payments that may result, cannot be estimated at this time.

Mazeikiu Nafta ("MN"), which operates an oil refinery in Lithuania, has sued an insurance brokerage subsidiary of Aon in London. Aon placed property damage and business interruption coverage for MN. There was a fire at the refinery in 2006. MN settled with insurers in November 2011 and claimed against Aon in December 2012. The claim is for \$125 million, which is the shortfall alleged by MN to have been caused by Aon's failure to obtain appropriate business interruption coverage. Aon believes that it has meritorious defenses and intends to vigorously defend itself against these allegations. The outcome of this lawsuit, and the amount of any losses or other payments that may result, cannot be estimated at this time.

From time to time, Aon's clients may bring claims and take legal action pertaining to the performance of fiduciary responsibilities. Whether client claims and legal action related to the Company's performance of fiduciary responsibilities are founded or unfounded, if such claims and legal actions are resolved in a manner unfavorable to the Company, they may adversely affect Aon's financial results and materially impair the market perception of the Company and that of its products and services.

Although the ultimate outcome of all matters referred to above cannot be ascertained, and liabilities in indeterminate amounts may be imposed on Aon or its subsidiaries, on the basis of present information, amounts already provided, availability of insurance coverages and legal advice received, it is the opinion of management that the disposition or ultimate determination of such claims will not have a material adverse effect on the consolidated financial position of Aon. However, it is possible that future results of operations or cash flows for any particular quarterly or annual

period could be materially affected by an unfavorable resolution of these matters.

#### Guarantees and Indemnifications

In connection with the redomicile of Aon's headquarters ("the Redomestication"), the Company on April 2, 2012 entered various agreements pursuant to which it agreed to guarantee the obligations of its subsidiaries arising under issued and outstanding debt securities. Those agreements included the (1) Amended and Restated Indenture, dated as of April 2, 2012, among Aon Corporation, Aon plc, and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as trustee (the "Trustee") (amending and restating the Indenture, dated as of September 10, 2010, between Aon Corporation and the Trustee), (2) Amended and Restated Indenture, dated as of April 2, 2012, among Aon Corporation, Aon plc and the Trustee (amending and restating the Indenture, dated as of December 16, 2002, between Aon Corporation and the Trustee), (3) Amended and Restated Indenture, dated as of April 2, 2012, among Aon Corporation, Aon plc and the Trustee (amending and restating the Indenture, dated as of January 13, 1997, as supplemented by the First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of January 13, 1997) (4) First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of April 2, 2012, among Aon Finance N.S. 1, ULC, as issuer, Aon Corporation, as

guarantor, Aon plc, as guarantor, and Computershare Trust Company of Canada, as trustee, and (5) Amended and Restated Trust Deed, among Aon Corporation, Aon plc, Aon Services Luxembourg & Co S.C.A. (formerly known as Aon Financial Services Luxembourg S.A.) (“Aon Luxembourg”) and BNY Mellon Corporate Trustee Services Limited, as trustee (the “Luxembourg Trustee”) (amending and restating the Trust Deed, dated as of July 1, 2009, as amended and restated on January 12, 2011, among Aon Delaware, Aon Luxembourg and the Luxembourg Trustee).

Effective as of the same date, the Company also entered into agreements pursuant to which it agreed to guarantee the obligations of its subsidiaries arising under the (1) \$450,000,000 Term Credit Agreement dated June 15, 2011, among Aon Corporation, as borrower, Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent and the other agents and lenders party thereto, (2) \$400,000,000 Five-Year Agreement dated March 20, 2012, among Aon Corporation, as borrower, Citibank, N.A., as administrative agent and the other agents and lenders party thereto and (3) €650,000,000 Facility Agreement, dated October 15, 2010, among Aon Corporation, the subsidiaries of Aon Corporation party thereto as borrowers, Citibank International plc, as agent, and the other agents and lenders party thereto, as amended on July 18, 2011.

The Company provides a variety of guarantees and indemnifications to its customers and others. The maximum potential amount of future payments represents the notional amounts that could become payable under the guarantees and indemnifications if there were a total default by the guaranteed parties, without consideration of possible recoveries under recourse provisions or other methods. These amounts may bear no relationship to the expected future payments, if any, for these guarantees and indemnifications. Any anticipated amounts payable that are deemed to be probable and reasonably estimable are included in the Company’s Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

The Company expects that, as prudent business interests dictate, additional guarantees and indemnifications may be issued from time to time.

#### Letters of Credit

The Company had total letters of credit (“LOCs”) outstanding for approximately \$69 million at June 30, 2013, as compared to \$74 million at December 31, 2012. These letters of credit cover the beneficiaries related to certain of Aon’s U.S. and Canadian non-qualified pension plan schemes and secure deductible retentions for Aon’s own workers compensation program. The Company has also issued LOCs to cover contingent payments for taxes and other business obligations to third parties, and other guarantees for miscellaneous purposes at its international subsidiaries. Amounts are accrued in the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements to the extent the guarantees are probable and estimable.

#### Commitments

The Company has provided commitments to fund certain limited partnerships in which it has an interest in the event that the general partners request funding. Some of these commitments have specific expiration dates and the maximum potential funding under these commitments was \$42 million at June 30, 2013. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, the Company funded \$3 million and \$6 million, respectively of these commitments.

#### Premium Payments

The Company has certain contractual contingent guarantees for premium payments owed by clients to certain insurance companies. Costs associated with these guarantees, to the extent estimable and probable, are provided in Aon’s allowance for doubtful accounts. The maximum exposure with respect to such contractual contingent guarantees was approximately \$95 million at June 30, 2013 as compared to \$104 million at December 31, 2012.



## 16. Segment Information

The Company has two reportable segments: Risk Solutions and HR Solutions. Unallocated income and expenses, when combined with the operating segments and after the elimination of intersegment revenues and expenses, equal the amounts in the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Reportable operating segments have been determined using a management approach, which is consistent with the basis and manner in which Aon's chief operating decision-maker ("CODM") uses financial information for the purposes of allocating resources and evaluating performance. The CODM assesses performance based on operating income and generally accounts for inter-segment revenue as if the revenue were from third parties and at what management believes are current market prices. The Company does not present net assets by segment as this information is not reviewed by the CODM.

Risk Solutions acts as an advisor and insurance and reinsurance broker, helping clients manage their risks, via consultation, as well as negotiation and placement of insurance risk with insurance carriers through Aon's global distribution network.

HR Solutions partners with organizations to solve their most complex benefits, talent and related financial challenges, and improve business performance by designing, implementing, communicating and administering a wide range of human capital, retirement, investment management, health care, compensation and talent management strategies.

Aon's total revenue is as follows (in millions):

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Risk Solutions	\$1,944	\$1,899	\$3,915	\$3,804
HR Solutions	956	931	1,910	1,876
Intersegment elimination	(3	) (9	) (13	) (18
Total revenue	\$2,897	\$2,821	\$5,812	\$5,662

Commissions, fees and other revenues by product are as follows (in millions):

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Retail brokerage	\$1,562	\$1,511	\$3,124	\$3,005
Reinsurance brokerage	376	380	778	779
Total Risk Solutions Segment	1,938	1,891	3,902	3,784
Consulting services	388	366	770	746
Outsourcing	578	570	1,159	1,138
Intrasegment	(10	) (5	) (19	) (8
Total HR Solutions Segment	956	931	1,910	1,876
Intersegment	(3	) (9	) (13	) (18
Total commissions, fees and other revenue	\$2,891	\$2,813	\$5,799	\$5,642

Fiduciary investment income by segment is as follows (in millions):

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Risk Solutions	\$6	\$8	\$13	\$20
HR Solutions	—	—	—	—
Total fiduciary investment income	\$6	\$8	\$13	\$20

A reconciliation of segment operating income before tax to income before income taxes is as follows (in millions):

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Risk Solutions	\$391	\$384	\$794	\$750
HR Solutions	36	58	87	131
Segment income before income taxes	427	442	881	881
Unallocated expenses	(45	) (48	) (89	) (85
Interest income	2	2	3	5
Interest expense	(48	) (57	) (100	) (116
Other income	6	12	15	12
Income before income taxes	\$342	\$351	\$710	\$697

Unallocated expenses include administrative or other costs not attributable to the operating segments, such as corporate governance costs. Interest income represents income earned primarily on operating cash balances and certain income producing securities. Interest expense represents the cost of worldwide debt obligations.

Other income consists of equity earnings, realized gains or losses on the sale of investments, gains or losses on the disposal of businesses, gains or losses on derivatives, and gains or losses on foreign currency transactions.

#### 17. Guarantee of Registered Securities

As described in Note 15, in connection with the Redomestication, Aon plc entered into various agreements pursuant to which it agreed to guarantee the obligations of Aon Corporation arising under issued and outstanding debt securities. Aon Corporation is a 100% indirectly owned subsidiary of Aon plc. The debt securities that are subject to Rule 3-10 of Regulation S-X are the 3.50% senior notes due September 2015, the 3.125% senior notes due May 2016, the 5.00% senior notes due September 2020, the 8.205% junior subordinated deferrable interest debentures due January 2027 and the 6.25% senior notes due September 2040. All guarantees of Aon plc are full and unconditional. There are no subsidiaries of Aon plc that are guarantors of the debt.

Aon Corporation entered into an agreement pursuant to which it agreed to guarantee the obligations of Aon plc arising under the 4.250% Notes Due 2042 exchanged for Aon Corporation's outstanding 8.205% junior subordinated deferrable interest debentures due January 2027 in both Original Notes and Exchange Notes form as described in Note 9. Those notes are subject to Rule 3-10 of Regulation S-X. Aon Corporation also agreed to guarantee the obligations of Aon plc arising under the 4.45% Notes Due 2043 issued on May 21, 2013. In each case, the guarantee of Aon Corporation is full and unconditional. There are no subsidiaries of Aon plc, other than Aon Corporation, that are guarantors of the 4.250% Notes Due 2042 or the 4.45% Notes Due 2043.

The following tables set forth condensed consolidating statements of income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, condensed consolidating statements of comprehensive income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, condensed consolidating statements of financial position as of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, and condensed consolidating statements of cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 in accordance with Rule 3-10 of Regulation S-X. The condensed consolidating financial information includes the accounts of Aon plc, the accounts of Aon Corporation, and the combined accounts of the non-guarantor subsidiaries. The condensed consolidating financial statements are presented in all periods as a merger under common control, with Aon plc presented as the parent company in all periods prior and subsequent to the Redomestication. The principal consolidating adjustments are to eliminate the investment in subsidiaries and intercompany balances and transactions.

## Condensed Consolidating Statement of Income

(millions)	Three months ended June 30, 2013				
	Aon plc	Aon Corporation	Other Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Consolidating Adjustments	Consolidated
Revenue					
Commissions, fees and other	\$1	\$—	\$ 2,890	\$—	\$ 2,891
Fiduciary investment income	—	—	6	—	6
Total revenue	1	—	2,896	—	2,897
Expenses					
Compensation and benefits	4	5	1,703	—	1,712
Other general expenses	9	17	777	—	803
Total operating expenses	13	22	2,480	—	2,515
Operating income	(12	) (22	) 416	—	382
Interest income	—	1	1	—	2
Interest expense	(4	) (33	) (11	) —	(48
Intercompany interest (expense) income	(7	) 43	(36	) —	—
Other (expense) income	—	(2	) 8	—	6
(Loss) income from continuing operations before taxes	(23	) (13	) 378	—	342
Income tax (benefit) expense	(3	) (6	) 99	—	90
(Loss) income from continuing operations	(20	) (7	) 279	—	252
Loss from discontinued operations before taxes	—	—	—	—	—
Income taxes	—	—	—	—	—
Loss from discontinued operations	—	—	—	—	—
Equity in earnings of subsidiaries, net of tax	261	246	239	(746	) —
Net income	241	239	518	(746	) 252
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	—	—	11	—	11
Net income attributable to Aon shareholders	\$241	\$239	\$ 507	\$ (746	) \$ 241

## Condensed Consolidating Statement of Income

(millions)	Three months ended June 30, 2012				
	Aon plc	Aon Corporation	Other Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Consolidating Adjustments	Consolidated
Revenue					
Commissions, fees and other	\$—	\$—	\$ 2,813	\$—	\$ 2,813
Fiduciary investment income	—	—	8	—	8
Total revenue	—	—	2,821	—	2,821
Expenses					
Compensation and benefits	2	—	1,637	—	1,639
Other general expenses	10	7	771	—	788
Total operating expenses	12	7	2,408	—	2,427
Operating income	(12	) (7	) 413	—	394
Interest income	—	—	2	—	2
Interest expense	—	(40	) (17	) —	(57
Intercompany interest (expense) income	(3	) 47	(44	) —	—
Other (expense) income	—	(5	) 17	—	12
(Loss) income from continuing operations before taxes	(15	) (5	) 371	—	351
Income tax (benefit) expense	(1	) (2	) 99	—	96
(Loss) income from continuing operations	(14	) (3	) 272	—	255
Loss from discontinued operations before taxes	—	—	(1	) —	(1
Income taxes	—	—	—	—	—
Loss from discontinued operations	—	—	(1	) —	(1
Equity in earnings of subsidiaries, net of tax	260	234	231	(725	) —
Net income	246	231	502	(725	) 254
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	—	—	8	—	8
Net income attributable to Aon shareholders	\$246	\$231	\$ 494	\$ (725	) \$ 246

## Condensed Consolidating Statement of Income

(millions)	Six months ended June 30, 2013				
	Aon plc	Aon Corporation	Other Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Consolidating Adjustments	Consolidated
Revenue					
Commissions, fees and other	\$2	\$—	\$ 5,797	\$—	\$ 5,799
Fiduciary investment income	—	—	13	—	13
Total revenue	2	—	5,810	—	5,812
Expenses					
Compensation and benefits	15	21	3,401	—	3,437
Other general expenses	16	23	1,544	—	1,583
Total operating expenses	31	44	4,945	—	5,020
Operating income	(29	) (44	) 865	—	792
Interest income	—	1	2	—	3
Interest expense	(6	) (67	) (27	) —	(100
Intercompany interest (expense) income	(14	) 86	(72	) —	—
Other (expense) income	—	(3	) 18	—	15
(Loss) income from continuing operations before taxes	(49	) (27	) 786	—	710
Income tax (benefit) expense	(9	) (11	) 206	—	186
(Loss) income from continuing operations	(40	) (16	) 580	—	524
Loss from discontinued operations before taxes	—	—	—	—	—
Income taxes	—	—	—	—	—
Loss from discontinued operations	—	—	—	—	—
Equity in earnings of subsidiaries, net of tax	542	509	493	(1,544	) —
Net income	502	493	1,073	(1,544	) 524
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	—	—	22	—	22
Net income attributable to Aon shareholders	\$502	\$493	\$ 1,051	\$ (1,544	) \$ 502

## Condensed Consolidating Statement of Income

(millions)	Six months ended June 30, 2012				
	Aon plc	Aon Corporation	Other Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Consolidating Adjustments	Consolidated
Revenue					
Commissions, fees and other	\$—	\$—	\$ 5,642	\$—	\$ 5,642
Fiduciary investment income	—	1	19	—	20
Total revenue	—	1	5,661	—	5,662
Expenses					
Compensation and benefits	2	67	3,231	—	3,300
Other general expenses	10	21	1,535	—	1,566
Total operating expenses	12	88	4,766	—	4,866
Operating income	(12	) (87	) 895	—	796
Interest income	—	—	5	—	5
Interest expense	—	(80	) (36	) —	(116
Intercompany interest (expense) income	(3	) 93	(90	) —	—
Other (expense) income	—	3	9	—	12
(Loss) income from continuing operations before taxes	(15	) (71	) 783	—	697
Income tax (benefit) expense	(1	) (27	) 221	—	193
(Loss) income from continuing operations	(14	) (44	) 562	—	504
Loss from discontinued operations before taxes	—	—	(1	) —	(1
Income taxes	—	—	—	—	—
Loss from discontinued operations	—	—	(1	) —	(1
Equity in earnings of subsidiaries, net of tax	498	484	440	(1,422	) —
Net income	484	440	1,001	(1,422	) 503
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	—	—	19	—	19
Net income attributable to Aon shareholders	\$484	\$440	\$ 982	\$ (1,422	) \$ 484



## Condensed Consolidating Statement of Comprehensive Income

(millions)	Three months ended June 30, 2013				
	Aon plc	Aon Corporation	Other Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Consolidating Adjustments	Consolidated
Net income	\$241	\$239	\$ 518	\$ (746 )	\$ 252
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	—	—	11	—	11
Net income attributable to Aon shareholders	\$241	\$239	\$ 507	\$ (746 )	\$ 241
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax:					
Change in fair value of investments	—	4	9	—	13
Change in fair value of derivatives	—	2	(9 )	—	(7 )
Foreign currency translation adjustments	—	(11 )	(47 )	—	(58 )
Post-retirement benefit obligation	—	7	11	—	18
Total other comprehensive loss	—	2	(36 )	—	(34 )
Equity in other comprehensive loss of subsidiaries, net of tax	(32 )	(34 )	(32 )	98	—
Less: Other comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	—	—	(2 )	—	(2 )
Total other comprehensive loss attributable to Aon shareholders	(32 )	(32 )	(66 )	98	(32 )
Comprehensive income attributable to Aon shareholders	\$209	\$207	\$ 441	\$ (648 )	\$ 209

## Condensed Consolidating Statement of Comprehensive Income

(millions)	Three months ended June 30, 2012				
	Aon plc	Aon Corporation	Other Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Consolidating Adjustments	Consolidated
Net income	\$246	\$231	\$ 502	\$ (725 )	\$ 254
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	—	—	8	—	8
Net income attributable to Aon shareholders	\$246	\$231	\$ 494	\$ (725 )	\$ 246
Other comprehensive income, net of tax:					
Change in fair value of investments	—	—	—	—	—
Change in fair value of derivatives	—	—	(17 )	—	(17 )
Foreign currency translation adjustments	—	(5 )	(192 )	—	(197 )
Post-retirement benefit obligation	—	9	9	—	18
Total other comprehensive income	—	4	(200 )	—	(196 )
Equity in other comprehensive income of subsidiaries, net of tax	(193 )	(193 )	(189 )	575	—
Less: Other comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests	—	—	(3 )	—	(3 )
Total other comprehensive income attributable to Aon shareholders	(193 )	(189 )	(386 )	575	(193 )
Comprehensive income attributable to Aon Shareholders	\$53	\$42	\$ 108	\$ (150 )	\$ 53



## Condensed Consolidating Statement of Comprehensive Income

(millions)	Six months ended June 30, 2013				
	Aon plc	Aon Corporation	Other Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Consolidating Adjustments	Consolidated
Net income	\$502	\$493	\$ 1,073	\$ (1,544 )	\$ 524
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	—	—	22	—	22
Net income attributable to Aon shareholders	\$502	\$493	\$ 1,051	\$ (1,544 )	\$ 502
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax:					
Change in fair value of investments	—	4	9	—	13
Change in fair value of derivatives	—	3	(24 )	—	(21 )
Foreign currency translation adjustments	—	(19 )	(213 )	—	(232 )
Post-retirement benefit obligation	—	15	26	—	41
Total other comprehensive loss	—	3	(202 )	—	(199 )
Equity in other comprehensive loss of subsidiaries, net of tax	(197 )	(200 )	(197 )	594	—
Less: Other comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	—	—	(2 )	—	(2 )
Total other comprehensive loss attributable to Aon shareholders	(197 )	(197 )	(397 )	594	(197 )
Comprehensive income attributable to Aon shareholders	\$305	\$296	\$ 654	\$ (950 )	\$ 305

## Condensed Consolidating Statement of Comprehensive Income

(millions)	Six months ended June 30, 2012				
	Aon plc	Aon Corporation	Other Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Consolidating Adjustments	Consolidated
Net income	\$484	\$440	\$ 1,001	\$ (1,422 )	\$ 503
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	—	—	19	—	19
Net income attributable to Aon shareholders	\$484	\$440	\$ 982	\$ (1,422 )	\$ 484
Other comprehensive income, net of tax:					
Change in fair value of investments	—	—	—	—	—
Change in fair value of derivatives	—	—	(10 )	—	(10 )
Foreign currency translation adjustments	—	(1 )	(92 )	—	(93 )
Post-retirement benefit obligation	—	15	24	—	39
Total other comprehensive income	—	14	(78 )	—	(64 )
Equity in other comprehensive income of subsidiaries, net of tax	(62 )	(77 )	(63 )	202	—
Less: Other comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests	—	—	(2 )	—	(2 )
Total other comprehensive income attributable to Aon shareholders	(62 )	(63 )	(139 )	202	(62 )
Comprehensive income attributable to Aon Shareholders	\$422	\$377	\$ 843	\$ (1,220 )	\$ 422



## Condensed Consolidating Statement of Financial Position

(millions)	As of June 30, 2013				
	Aon plc	Aon Corporation	Other Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Consolidating Adjustments	Consolidated
<b>ASSETS</b>					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$294	\$258	\$—	\$ (286 )	\$ 266
Short-term investments	—	63	244	—	307
Receivables, net	—	(2 )	2,840	—	2,838
Fiduciary assets	—	—	12,576	—	12,576
Intercompany receivables	255	2,881	5,244	(8,380 )	—
Other current assets	17	50	339	—	406
Total Current Assets	566	3,250	21,243	(8,666 )	16,393
Goodwill	—	—	8,795	—	8,795
Intangible assets, net	—	—	2,736	—	2,736
Fixed assets, net	—	—	808	—	808
Investments	—	60	112	—	172
Intercompany receivables	166	2,093	2,196	(4,455 )	—
Other non-current assets	119	739	403	(103 )	1,158
Investment in subsidiary	10,879	11,057	8,716	(30,652 )	—
TOTAL ASSETS	\$11,730	\$17,199	\$45,009	\$ (43,876 )	\$30,062
<b>LIABILITIES AND EQUITY</b>					
Fiduciary liabilities	\$—	\$—	\$12,576	\$—	\$12,576
Short-term debt and current portion of long-term debt	297	107	23	—	427
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	17	65	1,627	(286 )	1,423
Intercompany payables	14	4,112	2,961	(7,087 )	—
Other current liabilities	1	47	721	—	769
Total Current Liabilities	329	4,331	17,908	(7,373 )	15,195
Long-term debt	443	2,515	1,054	—	4,012
Pension, other post-retirement and other post-employment liabilities	—	1,220	677	—	1,897
Intercompany payables	3,393	166	2,189	(5,748 )	—
Other non-current liabilities	6	251	1,186	(103 )	1,340
TOTAL LIABILITIES	4,171	8,483	23,014	(13,224 )	22,444
TOTAL AON SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	7,559	8,716	21,936	(30,652 )	7,559
Noncontrolling interests	—	—	59	—	59
TOTAL EQUITY	7,559	8,716	21,995	(30,652 )	7,618
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	\$11,730	\$17,199	\$45,009	\$ (43,876 )	\$30,062

## Condensed Consolidating Statement of Financial Position

(millions)	As of December 31, 2012				
	Aon plc	Aon Corporation	Other Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Consolidating Adjustments	Consolidated
<b>ASSETS</b>					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 131	\$ 199	\$ —	\$ (39 )	\$ 291
Short-term investments	—	89	257	—	346
Receivables, net	5	1	3,095	—	3,101
Fiduciary assets	—	—	12,214	—	12,214
Intercompany receivables	—	2,092	3,545	(5,637 )	—
Other current assets	7	53	370	—	430
Total Current Assets	143	2,434	19,481	(5,676 )	16,382
Goodwill	—	—	8,943	—	8,943
Intangible assets, net	—	—	2,975	—	2,975
Fixed assets, net	—	—	820	—	820
Investments	—	49	116	—	165
Intercompany receivables	166	1,997	2,350	(4,513 )	—
Other non-current assets	117	735	1,174	(825 )	1,201
Investment in subsidiary	10,398	10,522	8,322	(29,242 )	—
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>\$ 10,824</b>	<b>\$ 15,737</b>	<b>\$ 44,181</b>	<b>\$ (40,256 )</b>	<b>\$ 30,486</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND EQUITY</b>					
Fiduciary liabilities	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 12,214	\$ —	\$ 12,214
Short-term debt and current portion of long-term debt	—	429	23	—	452
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	10	71	1,811	(39 )	1,853
Intercompany payables	51	2,637	2,162	(4,850 )	—
Other current liabilities	—	49	779	3	831
Total Current Liabilities	61	3,186	16,989	(4,886 )	15,350
Long-term debt	107	2,515	1,091	—	3,713
Pension, other post-retirement and other post-employment liabilities	—	1,294	982	—	2,276
Intercompany payables	2,890	166	2,247	(5,303 )	—
Other non-current liabilities	4	254	1,909	(825 )	1,342
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	<b>3,062</b>	<b>7,415</b>	<b>23,218</b>	<b>(11,014 )</b>	<b>22,681</b>
<b>TOTAL AON SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>	<b>7,762</b>	<b>8,322</b>	<b>20,920</b>	<b>(29,242 )</b>	<b>7,762</b>
Noncontrolling interests	—	—	43	—	43
<b>TOTAL EQUITY</b>	<b>7,762</b>	<b>8,322</b>	<b>20,963</b>	<b>(29,242 )</b>	<b>7,805</b>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY</b>	<b>\$ 10,824</b>	<b>\$ 15,737</b>	<b>\$ 44,181</b>	<b>\$ (40,256 )</b>	<b>\$ 30,486</b>

## Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows

(millions)	Six months ended June 30, 2013				
	Aon plc	Aon Corporation	Other Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Consolidating Adjustments	Consolidated
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>					
<b>CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>	\$ (23 )	\$ (89 )	\$ 499	\$ —	\$ 387
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>					
Sales of long-term investments	—	2	21	—	23
Purchase of long-term investments	—	(6 )	—	—	(6 )
Net (purchases) sales of short-term investments - non-fiduciary	—	26	3	—	29
Acquisition of businesses, net of cash acquired	—	—	(23 )	—	(23 )
Proceeds from sale of businesses	—	—	1	—	1
Capital expenditures	—	—	(122 )	—	(122 )
<b>CASH USED FOR INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>	—	22	(120 )	—	(98 )
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>					
Share repurchase	(525 )	—	—	—	(525 )
Advances from (to) affiliates	126	444	(323 )	(247 )	—
Issuance of shares for employee benefit plans	57	—	—	—	57
Issuance of debt	639	2,044	231	—	2,914
Repayment of debt	(6 )	(2,362 )	(239 )	—	(2,607 )
Cash dividends to shareholders	(105 )	—	—	—	(105 )
Purchase of shares from noncontrolling interests	—	—	—	—	—
Dividends paid to noncontrolling interests	—	—	(6 )	—	(6 )
<b>CASH (USED FOR) PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>	186	126	(337 )	(247 )	(272 )
<b>EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>	—	—	(42 )	—	(42 )
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR</b>	131	199	—	(39 )	291
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD</b>	\$ 294	\$ 258	\$ —	\$ (286 )	\$ 266

## Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows

(millions)	Six months ended June 30, 2012				
	Aon plc	Aon Corporation	Other Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Consolidating Adjustments	Consolidated
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>					
<b>CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>	\$ (19 )	\$ (99 )	\$ 387	\$ —	\$ 269
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>					
Sales of long-term investments	—	—	51	—	51
Purchase of long-term investments	—	(7 )	—	—	(7 )
Net (purchases) sales of short-term investments - non-fiduciary	—	211	48	—	259
Acquisition of businesses, net of cash acquired	—	(55 )	(27 )	—	(82 )
Proceeds from sale of businesses	—	—	1	—	1
Capital expenditures	—	—	(129 )	—	(129 )
<b>CASH USED FOR INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>	—	149	(56 )	—	93
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>					
Share repurchase	(250 )	(100 )	—	—	(350 )
Advances from (to) affiliates	325	118	(443 )	—	—
Issuance of shares for employee benefit plans	15	49	—	—	64
Issuance of debt	—	332	—	—	332
Repayment of debt	—	(298 )	(7 )	—	(305 )
Cash dividends to shareholders	(52 )	(50 )	—	—	(102 )
Purchase of shares from noncontrolling interests	—	—	1	—	1
Dividends paid to noncontrolling interests	—	—	(6 )	—	(6 )
<b>CASH (USED FOR) PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>	38	51	(455 )	—	(366 )
<b>EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>	—	—	18	—	18
<b>NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>	19	101	(106 )	—	14
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR</b>	—	(21 )	293	—	272
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD</b>	\$ 19	\$ 80	\$ 187	\$ —	\$ 286



In July 2013, Aon Holdings LLC, an intermediate holding company and the direct parent of Aon Corporation, transferred its ownership of Aon Corporation to Aon plc via distribution. The financial results of Aon Holdings LLC are included in the Other Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries column of the Condensed Consolidating Financial Statements. In addition to the disclosures required for Rule 3-10 of Regulation S-X under the legal entity structure that existed as of June 30, 2013, the Company has also included the following pro forma disclosures reflecting the transfer of Aon Corporation from Aon Holdings LLC to Aon plc below for all periods presented. Only the portions of the Condensed Consolidating Financial Statements impacted by this change have been presented.

## Condensed Consolidating Statement of Income

(millions)	Three months ended June 30, 2013				
	Aon plc	Aon Corporation	Other Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Consolidating Adjustments	Consolidated
(Loss) income from continuing operations	\$(20 )	\$(7 )	\$ 279	\$ —	\$ 252
Loss from discontinued operations	—	—	—	—	—
Equity in earnings of subsidiaries, net of tax	261	246	—	(507 )	—
Net income	241	239	279	(507 )	252
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	—	—	11	—	11
Net income attributable to Aon shareholders	\$ 241	\$ 239	\$ 268	\$ (507 )	\$ 241

## Condensed Consolidating Statement of Income

(millions)	Three months ended June 30, 2012				
	Aon plc	Aon Corporation	Other Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Consolidating Adjustments	Consolidated
(Loss) income from continuing operations	\$(14 )	\$(3 )	\$ 272	\$ —	\$ 255
Loss from discontinued operations	—	—	(1 )	—	(1 )
Equity in earnings of subsidiaries, net of tax	260	234	—	(494 )	—
Net income	246	231	271	(494 )	254
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	—	—	8	—	8
Net income attributable to Aon shareholders	\$ 246	\$ 231	\$ 263	\$ (494 )	\$ 246

## Condensed Consolidating Statement of Income

(millions)	Six months ended June 30, 2013				
	Aon plc	Aon Corporation	Other Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Consolidating Adjustments	Consolidated
(Loss) income from continuing operations	\$(40 )	\$(16 )	\$ 580	\$ —	\$ 524
Loss from discontinued operations	—	—	—	—	—
Equity in earnings of subsidiaries, net of tax	542	509	—	(1,051 )	—
Net income	502	493	580	(1,051 )	524

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Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	—	—	22	—	22
Net income attributable to Aon shareholders	\$ 502	\$ 493	\$ 558	\$ (1,051 )	\$ 502

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## Condensed Consolidating Statement of Income

Six months ended June 30, 2012

(millions)	Aon plc	Aon Corporation	Other Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Consolidating Adjustments	Consolidated
(Loss) income from continuing operations	\$(14 )	\$(44 )	\$ 562	\$ —	\$ 504
Loss from discontinued operations	—	—	(1 )	—	(1 )
Equity in earnings of subsidiaries, net of tax	498	484	—	(982 )	—
Net income	484	440	561	(982 )	503
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	—	—	19	—	19
Net income attributable to Aon shareholders	\$484	\$440	\$ 542	\$(982 )	\$ 484

## Condensed Consolidating Statement of Comprehensive Income

Three months ended June 30, 2013

(millions)	Aon plc	Aon Corporation	Other Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Consolidating Adjustments	Consolidated
Net income attributable to Aon shareholders	\$241	\$239	\$ 268	\$(507 )	\$ 241
Total other comprehensive loss	—	2	(36 )	—	(34 )
Equity in other comprehensive loss of subsidiaries, net of tax	(32 )	(34 )	—	66	—
Less: Other comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	—	—	(2 )	—	(2 )
Total other comprehensive loss attributable to Aon shareholders	(32 )	(32 )	(34 )	66	(32 )
Comprehensive income attributable to Aon shareholders	\$209	\$207	\$ 234	\$(441 )	\$ 209

## Condensed Consolidating Statement of Comprehensive Income

Three months ended June 30, 2012

(millions)	Aon plc	Aon Corporation	Other Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Consolidating Adjustments	Consolidated
Net income attributable to Aon shareholders	\$246	\$231	\$ 263	\$(494 )	\$ 246
Total other comprehensive income	—	4	(200 )	—	(196 )
Equity in other comprehensive loss of subsidiaries, net of tax	(193 )	(193 )	—	386	—
Less: Other comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	—	—	(3 )	—	(3 )
Total other comprehensive loss attributable to Aon shareholders	(193 )	(189 )	(197 )	386	(193 )
Comprehensive income attributable to Aon shareholders	\$53	\$42	\$ 66	\$(108 )	\$ 53



## Condensed Consolidating Statement of Comprehensive Income

Six months ended June 30, 2013

(millions)	Aon plc	Aon Corporation	Other Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Consolidating Adjustments	Consolidated
Net income attributable to Aon shareholders	\$502	\$493	\$558	\$(1,051)	\$502
Total other comprehensive loss	—	3	(202)	—	(199)
Equity in other comprehensive loss of subsidiaries, net of tax	(197)	(200)	—	397	—
Less: Other comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	—	—	(2)	—	(2)
Total other comprehensive loss attributable to Aon shareholders	(197)	(197)	(200)	397	(197)
Comprehensive income attributable to Aon shareholders	\$305	\$296	\$358	\$(654)	\$305

## Condensed Consolidating Statement of Comprehensive Income

Six months ended June 30, 2012

(millions)	Aon plc	Aon Corporation	Other Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Consolidating Adjustments	Consolidated
Net income attributable to Aon shareholders	\$484	\$440	\$542	\$(982)	\$484
Total other comprehensive loss	—	14	(78)	—	(64)
Equity in other comprehensive loss of subsidiaries, net of tax	(62)	(77)	—	139	—
Less: Other comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	—	—	(2)	—	(2)
Total other comprehensive loss attributable to Aon shareholders	(62)	(63)	(76)	139	(62)
Comprehensive income attributable to Aon shareholders	\$422	\$373	\$466	\$(843)	\$418

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Financial Position

As of June 30, 2013

(millions)	Aon plc	Aon Corporation	Other Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Consolidating Adjustments	Consolidated
ASSETS					
Investment in subsidiary	\$10,879	\$11,057	\$—	\$(21,936)	\$—
TOTAL AON SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	7,559	8,716	13,220	(21,936)	7,559

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Financial Position

December 31, 2012

(millions)	Aon plc	Aon Corporation	Other Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Consolidating Adjustments	Consolidated
ASSETS					
Investment in subsidiary	\$10,398	\$10,522	\$—	\$(20,920)	\$—
TOTAL AON SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	7,762	8,322	12,598	(20,920)	7,762

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY OF SECOND QUARTER 2013 FINANCIAL RESULTS

On April 2, 2012, we completed the Redomestication, moving our corporate headquarters to London. In the Redomestication, each issued and outstanding share of Aon Corporation common stock held by stockholders of Aon Corporation was converted into the right to receive one Class A Ordinary Share, nominal value \$0.01 per share, of Aon plc. In connection with the Redomestication, we have incurred costs related to the headquarters relocation of \$1 million and \$4 million in the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, respectively. We believe the Redomestication will strengthen our long term strategy by:

- Enabling Risk Solutions to deliver superior value to our clients by executing our Aon Broking strategy;
- Expanding the HR Solutions portfolio penetration, especially within consulting, which already has a significant presence in the UK and EMEA;
- Enhancing our Risk Solutions' relationship with, and integration into, London markets;
- Increasing our connection to emerging markets, accelerating our ability to grow there, and further aligning our strategy with underwriters and carriers who are also targeting these high growth markets;
- Strengthening our international brand awareness and positioning as a global firm;
- Advancing our talent strategy through better development, retention and acquisition of professional talent, with a special focus on London's insurance talent;
- Optimizing our fiscal planning and capital allocation and reducing our global tax rate in a manner that provides us with the increased financial flexibility to properly invest in our growth.

During the first six months of 2013, we continued to face certain headwinds impacting our business. In our Risk Solutions segment, these included economic weakness in continental Europe and unfavorable market conditions in our Reinsurance business. In our HR Solutions segment, these included price compression in our benefits administration business and a decline in discretionary demand for retirement consulting services internationally.

The following is a summary of our second quarter and first six months of 2013 financial results:

For the quarter, revenue increased \$76 million, or 3%, to \$2.9 billion when compared to the prior year quarter of \$2.8 billion. This was the result of 3% organic revenue growth, partially offset by a \$2 million, or 25%, decline in investment income due to lower average interest rates globally. Organic revenue growth was 3% in the Risk Solutions segment and 2% in the HR Solutions segment during the quarter. During the first six months of 2013, revenue increased \$150 million, or 3%, to \$5.8 billion due primarily to 3% organic revenue growth and a 1% favorable impact from acquisitions, partially offset by a 1% unfavorable impact from foreign exchange rates. Organic revenue growth was 3% in the Risk Solutions segment and 1% in the HR Solutions segment during the first six months of 2013.

Operating expenses for the quarter were \$2.5 billion, an increase of \$88 million, or 4%, when compared to the prior year quarter of \$2.4 billion. Operating expenses for the first six months of 2013 were \$5.0 billion, an increase of \$154 million, or 3%, over the prior year. The increase in both periods is primarily the result of a 3% organic revenue growth. The increase of \$88 million for the quarter also included an increase in restructuring costs of \$40 million, \$29 million of additional errors and omissions charges when compared to the prior year quarter and \$20 million of legacy, non-recurring claims handling charges, partially offset by a \$43.5 million favorable impact from settlement of a non-recurring one-time legal matter, a \$26 million favorable impact from foreign currency exchange rates if current rates were used to translate prior year results, a \$5 million decrease in intangible asset amortization expense, and savings related to the formal restructuring programs. The first six months also included a \$46 million increase in restructuring costs, partially offset by a \$10 million decrease in intangible asset amortization expense, and savings

related to the formal restructuring programs.

Operating margin from continuing operations decreased to 13.2% in the second quarter 2013 from 14.0% in the second quarter 2012. The six month operating margin was 13.6% as compared to 14.1% in 2012. The decrease in operating margin is primarily related to increased restructuring costs, significant investments in long-term growth opportunities and an unfavorable revenue mix shift in HR Solutions.

Net income from continuing operations attributable to Aon shareholders decreased \$6 million or 2%, to \$241 million for the second quarter 2013 as compared to the second quarter 2012. During the first six months of 2013, Net income from continuing operations attributable to Aon shareholders increased \$17 million, or 4%, compared to the first six months 2012 to \$502 million.



Cash flow provided by operating activities was \$387 million for the first six months of 2013, an increase of \$118 million, or 44%, from cash flow provided by operating activities of \$269 million in the first six months of 2012. Cash flow from operations was favorably impacted by the \$43.5 million settlement of a non-recurring, one-time legal matter.

We focus on four key metrics each quarter that we communicate to shareholders: grow organically, expand margins, increase earnings per share, and increase free cash flow. The following is our measure of performance against these four metrics for the second quarter and first six months of 2013:

Organic revenue growth, a non-GAAP measure as defined under the caption "Review of Consolidated Results — General" below, was 3% in both the second quarter and first six months of 2013 as compared to the prior year second quarter and first six months organic revenue growth of 4%. Organic revenue growth in the second quarter was primarily driven by strong management of the renewal book portfolio across all regions and solid new business growth in U.S. Retail, across regions in EMEA and Asia, and emerging markets. Strong growth in consulting services and modest growth across our reinsurance business also contributed to organic growth.

Adjusted operating margin, a non-GAAP measure as defined under the caption "Review of Consolidated Results — General" below, for the second quarter 2013 was 18.5% for Aon overall, 22.5% for the Risk Solutions segment, and 14.9% for the HR Solutions segment. Adjusted operating margin was 18.6% for Aon overall, 21.9% for the Risk Solutions segment, and 15.4% for the HR Solutions segment for the second quarter 2012. For the first six months of 2013, adjusted operating margin was 18.5% for Aon overall, 22.5% for the Risk Solutions segment, and 14.6% for the HR Solutions segment. For the first six months of 2012, adjusted operating margin was 18.6% for Aon overall, 21.6% for the Risk Solutions segment, and 15.9% for the HR Solutions segment. The year-to-date increase in adjusted operating margin for the Risk Solutions segment reflects strong organic revenue growth and restructuring savings, partially offset by lower investment income. The year-to-date decrease in adjusted operating margin for the HR Solutions segment reflects investment in long-term growth opportunities and an unfavorable revenue mix shift in our benefits administration business.

Adjusted diluted earnings per share from continuing operations attributable to Aon's shareholders, a non-GAAP measure as defined under the caption "Review of Consolidated Results — General" below, was \$1.11 per share in the second quarter of 2013 and \$2.23 per share for the first six months of 2013, compared to \$1.02 and \$1.99 per share in the second quarter and first six months of 2012, respectively.

Free cash flow, a non-GAAP measure as defined under the "Review of Consolidated Results - General" below, was \$265 million in the first six months of 2013, an increase of \$125 million, or 89%, from \$140 million in the first six months of 2012. The increase in free cash flow from the prior year was driven by improved cash flow from operations and a decrease of \$7 million, or 5%, in capital expenditures from the prior year period.

## REVIEW OF CONSOLIDATED RESULTS

### General

In our discussion of operating results, we sometimes refer to supplemental information derived from consolidated financial information specifically related to organic revenue growth, adjusted operating margin, adjusted diluted earnings per share, free cash flow, and the impact of foreign exchange rate fluctuations on operating results.

### Organic Revenue

We use supplemental information related to organic revenue to help us and our investors evaluate business growth from existing operations. Organic revenue excludes the impact of foreign exchange rate changes, acquisitions, divestitures, transfers between business units, fiduciary investment income, reimbursable expenses, and certain unusual items. Supplemental information related to organic revenue growth represents a measure not in accordance with U.S. GAAP, and should be viewed in addition to, not instead of, our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes thereto. Industry peers provide similar supplemental information about their revenue performance, although they may not make identical adjustments. Reconciliation of this non-GAAP measure, organic revenue growth percentages, to the reported Commissions, fees and other revenue growth percentages, has been provided in the “Review by Segment” caption, below.

## Adjusted Operating Margins

We use adjusted operating margin as a measure of core operating performance of our Risk Solutions and HR Solutions segments. Adjusted operating margin excludes the impact of certain items, including restructuring charges, intangible asset amortization and headquarters relocation costs. This supplemental information related to adjusted operating margin represents a measure not in accordance with U.S. GAAP, and should be viewed in addition to, not instead of, our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes thereto.

A reconciliation of this non-GAAP measure to the reported operating margin is as follows (in millions):

	Three months ended June 30, 2013			
	Total Aon (1)	Risk Solutions	HR Solutions	
Revenue — U.S. GAAP	\$2,897	\$1,944	\$956	
Operating income — U.S. GAAP	\$382	\$391	\$36	
Restructuring charges	53	17	36	
Intangible asset amortization	99	29	70	
Headquarters relocation costs	1	—	—	
Operating income — as adjusted	\$535	\$437	\$142	
Operating margins — U.S. GAAP	13.2	% 20.1	% 3.8	%
Operating margins — as adjusted	18.5	% 22.5	% 14.9	%
	Six months ended June 30, 2013			
	Total Aon (1)	Risk Solutions	HR Solutions	
Revenue — U.S. GAAP	\$5,812	\$3,915	\$1,910	
Operating income — U.S. GAAP	\$792	\$794	\$87	
Restructuring charges	79	28	51	
Intangible asset amortization	198	58	140	
Headquarters relocation costs	4	—	—	
Operating income — as adjusted	\$1,073	\$880	\$278	
Operating margins — U.S. GAAP	13.6	% 20.3	% 4.6	%
Operating margins — as adjusted	18.5	% 22.5	% 14.6	%
	Three months ended June 30, 2012			
	Total Aon (1)	Risk Solutions	HR Solutions	
Revenue — U.S. GAAP	\$2,821	\$1,899	\$931	
Operating income — U.S. GAAP	\$394	\$384	\$58	
Restructuring charges	13	2	11	
Intangible asset amortization	104	30	74	
Headquarters relocation costs	14	—	—	
Operating income — as adjusted	\$525	\$416	\$143	
Operating margins — U.S. GAAP	14.0	% 20.2	% 6.2	%
Operating margins — as adjusted	18.6	% 21.9	% 15.4	%

	Six months ended June 30, 2012			
	Total Aon (1)	Risk Solutions	HR Solutions	
Revenue — U.S. GAAP	\$5,662	\$3,804	\$1,876	
Operating income — U.S. GAAP	\$796	\$750	\$131	
Restructuring charges	33	13	20	
Intangible asset amortization	208	60	148	
Headquarters relocation costs	17	—	—	
Operating income — as adjusted	\$1,054	\$823	\$299	
Operating margins — U.S. GAAP	14.1	% 19.7	% 7.0	%
Operating margins — as adjusted	18.6	% 21.6	% 15.9	%

(1) Includes unallocated expenses and the elimination of inter-segment revenue.

### Adjusted Diluted Earnings per Share

We also use adjusted diluted earnings per share as a non-GAAP measure of our core operating performance. Adjusted diluted earnings per share excludes the impact of restructuring charges, intangible asset amortization, and headquarters relocation costs, along with related income taxes. This supplemental information related to adjusted diluted earnings per share represents a measure not in accordance with U.S. GAAP and should be viewed in addition to, not instead of, our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes thereto. Reconciliations of this non-GAAP measure to the reported diluted earnings per share are as follows (in millions except per share data):

	Three months ended June 30, 2013		
	U.S. GAAP	Adjustments	As Adjusted
Operating income	\$382	\$153	\$535
Interest income	2	—	2
Interest expense	(48	) —	(48
Other income	6	—	6
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	342	153	495
Income taxes	90	41	131
Income from continuing operations	252	112	364
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	11	—	11
Income from continuing operations attributable to Aon stockholders	\$241	\$112	\$353
Diluted earnings per share from continuing operations	\$0.76	\$0.35	\$1.11
Weighted average common shares outstanding — diluted	317.1	317.1	317.1

  

	Six months ended June 30, 2013		
	U.S. GAAP	Adjustments	As Adjusted
Operating income	\$792	\$281	\$1,073
Interest income	3	—	3
Interest expense	(100	) —	(100
Other income	15	—	15
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	710	281	991
Income taxes	186	74	260
Income from continuing operations	524	207	731
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	22	—	22
Income from continuing operations attributable to Aon stockholders	\$502	\$207	\$709
Diluted earnings per share from continuing operations	\$1.58	\$0.65	\$2.23

Weighted average common shares outstanding — diluted	318.6	318.6	318.6
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Three months ended June 30, 2012

	U.S. GAAP	Adjustments	As Adjusted
Operating income	\$394	\$131	\$525
Interest income	2	—	2
Interest expense	(57	) —	(57
Other income	12	—	12
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	351	131	482
Income taxes	96	37	133
Income from continuing operations	255	94	349
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	8	—	8
Income from continuing operations attributable to Aon stockholders	\$247	\$94	\$341
Diluted earnings per share from continuing operations	\$0.73	\$0.29	\$1.02
Weighted average common shares outstanding — diluted	335.6	335.6	335.6

Six months ended June 30, 2012

	U.S. GAAP	Adjustments	As Adjusted
Operating income	\$796	\$258	\$1,054
Interest income	5	—	5
Interest expense	(116	) —	(116
Other income	12	—	12
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	697	258	955
Income taxes	193	72	265
Income from continuing operations	504	186	690
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	19	—	19
Income from continuing operations attributable to Aon stockholders	\$485	\$186	\$671
Diluted earnings per share from continuing operations	\$1.44	\$0.55	\$1.99
Weighted average common shares outstanding — diluted	336.1	336.1	336.1

Free Cash Flow

We use free cash flow, defined as cash flow provided by operations minus capital expenditures, as a measure of our core operating performance. This supplemental information related to free cash flow represents a measure not in accordance with U.S. GAAP and should be viewed in addition to, not instead of, our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes thereto. The use of this non-GAAP measure does not imply or represent the residual cash flow for discretionary expenditures.

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2013	2012
Cash flow provided by operations - U.S. GAAP	\$387	\$269
Less: Capital expenditures	(122	) (129
Free cash flow	\$265	\$140

Impact of Foreign Exchange Rate Fluctuations

Because we conduct business in more than 120 countries, foreign exchange rate fluctuations have a significant impact on our business. In comparison to the U.S. dollar, foreign exchange rate movements may be significant and may distort true period-to-period comparisons of changes in revenue or pretax income. Therefore, to give financial statement users more meaningful information about our operations, we have provided a discussion of the impact of

foreign currency exchange rates on our financial results. The methodology used to calculate this impact isolates the impact of the change in currencies between periods by translating last year's revenue, expenses and net income at this year's foreign exchange rates. Currency fluctuations had an unfavorable impact of \$0.01 and favorable impact of \$0.01 during the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, respectively, on adjusted net income from continuing operations per diluted share when we translate prior year quarter results at current quarter foreign exchange rates.

## Summary of Results

Our consolidated results of operations follow (in millions):

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Revenue:				
Commissions, fees and other	\$2,891	\$2,813	\$5,799	\$5,642
Fiduciary investment income	6	8	13	20
Total revenue	2,897	2,821	5,812	5,662
Expenses:				
Compensation and benefits	1,712	1,639	3,437	3,300
Other general expenses	803	788	1,583	1,566
Total operating expenses	2,515	2,427	5,020	4,866
Operating income	382	394	792	796
Interest income	2	2	3	5
Interest expense	(48)	(57)	(100)	(116)
Other income	6	12	15	12
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	342	351	710	697
Income taxes	90	96	186	193
Income from continuing operations	252	255	524	504
Loss from discontinued operations, after tax	—	(1)	—	(1)
Net income	252	254	524	503
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	11	8	22	19
Net income attributable to Aon stockholders	\$241	\$246	\$502	\$484

## Revenue

Revenue increased by \$76 million, or 3%, in the second quarter 2013 compared to the second quarter 2012, and increased \$150 million, or 3%, on a year-to-date basis. The second quarter increase consists of a \$25 million, or 3%, increase in the HR Solutions segment and a \$45 million, or 2%, increase in the Risk Solutions segment. Organic revenue growth in the HR Solutions segment for the quarter was 2%. The increase in the HR Solutions segment compared to the prior year quarter was primarily driven by strong growth in retirement and investment consulting, partially offset by an anticipated decline in benefits administration. The results of the Risk Solutions segment reflect 3% organic revenue growth, and partially offset by a decrease in Fiduciary investment income. The increase in the Risk Solutions segment compared to the prior year quarter was primarily driven by improved growth across Americas, including new business generation in U.S. Retail and Canada, and strong management of the renewal book portfolio across all regions, as well as, growth across the Pacific region and emerging markets across Asia and EMEA, partially offset by a modest decline in Germany.

Revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2013 increased \$150 million from the comparable period due to a \$34 million, or 2% increase in HR Solutions and a \$111 million, or 3% increase in Risk Solutions partially offset by a \$7 million decrease in Fiduciary investment income. Organic revenue growth in HR Solutions was 1% compared to the first six months of 2012. The 3% increase in the Risk Solutions segment reflects 3% organic revenue growth, partially offset by an unfavorable impact of 1% from foreign exchange rates.

## Compensation and Benefits



Compensation and benefits increased \$73 million, or 4%, from second quarter 2012. For the first six months 2013, Compensation and benefits increased \$137 million, or 4%, from the comparable prior year period. For the quarter ended June 30, 2013, the increase in Compensation and benefits was primarily driven by organic revenue growth, the inclusion of \$8 million of costs related to acquisitions and \$5 million increase in formal restructuring costs, partially offset by \$12 million favorable impact from foreign currency translation and restructuring savings. For the six months ended June 30, 2013, the increase in Compensation and benefits was primarily driven by organic revenue growth, the inclusion of \$15 million of costs

related to acquisitions, a \$13 million increase in formal restructuring costs, and investments in key talent, partially offset by \$22 million favorable impact from foreign currency translation and restructuring savings.

#### Other General Expenses

Other general expenses for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2013, increased \$15 million, or 2%, and \$17 million, or 1%, respectively, compared to the prior year. The increase for both periods was primarily due to non-recurring charges of \$29 million for increased errors and omissions expense when compared to the three month period ended June 30, 2012, and \$20 million of legacy, non-recurring claims handling costs, partially offset by a \$43.5 million favorable impact from settlement of a non-recurring, one-time legal matter recognized in the three month period ended June 30, 2013.

The increase for the three month period ended June 30, 2013 also included a \$35 million increase in formal restructuring costs, partially offset by a \$7 million favorable impact from foreign currency translation, intangible amortization expense decrease of \$5 million, and savings from formal restructuring plans. The increase for the six months ended June 30, 2013 also included a \$33 million increase in formal restructuring costs, partially offset by a \$14 million favorable impact from foreign currency translation, intangible amortization expense decrease of \$10 million, and savings from formal restructuring plans.

#### Interest income

Interest income represents income earned on operating cash balances and other income-producing investments. It does not include interest earned on funds held on behalf of clients, which is included in Fiduciary investment income. During the second quarter 2013, Interest income remained flat at \$2 million as compared to the second quarter 2012. During the first six months 2013, Interest income decreased \$2 million from the comparable period in 2012 due to lower average interest rates globally.

#### Interest expense

Interest expense, for the second quarter and first six months of 2013, which represents the cost of our worldwide debt obligations, decreased \$9 million and \$16 million from the second quarter and the first six months of 2012, respectively. The decrease in interest expense reflects a decline in the average rate on total debt outstanding.

#### Other income

Other income was \$6 million and \$15 million for the second quarter and first six months of 2013, respectively, as compared to \$12 million for both the second quarter and the first six months of 2012. The second quarter 2013 includes a \$9 million gain from derivatives, partially offset by a \$5 million loss on foreign currency remeasurement. The first six months of 2013 include a \$19 million gain on foreign currency remeasurement and equity earnings of \$6 million, partially offset by \$9 million loss from derivatives. The second quarter 2012 includes an \$18 million gain on foreign currency remeasurement, partially offset by \$8 million loss related to the sale of certain investments. The first six months of 2012 include equity earnings of \$8 million and a gain on sale of investments of \$2 million.

#### Income from Continuing Operations before Income Taxes

Income from continuing operations before income taxes for the second quarter was \$342 million, a 3% decrease from \$351 million in 2012. For the first six months of 2013, Income from continuing operations before income taxes was \$710 million, a 2% increase from \$697 million in 2012. For both periods, the decrease in income was driven by the 3% increase in organic growth, expense discipline, and increased benefits from restructuring initiatives.

## Income Taxes

The effective tax rate on income from continuing operations was 26.4% and 27.5% for the quarters ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, and 26.2% and 27.8% for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The decrease in the effective tax rate is due primarily to changes in the geographic distribution of income. We currently expect that our full-year effective tax rate for 2013 will be approximately 26.0%, but the effective tax rate for 2013 may change depending upon discrete tax adjustments and the geographic distribution of income. We currently expect that over time the reduction in the effective tax rate on net income from continuing operations will be greater than previously anticipated. The actual effective tax rate in any particular period will depend upon discrete tax adjustments and changes in the geographic distribution of income.

## Income from Continuing Operations Attributable to Aon Shareholders

Income from continuing operations attributable to Aon shareholders for the second quarter decreased to \$241 million, or \$0.76 diluted net income per share, from \$247 million, or \$0.73 diluted net income per share, in 2012. During the first six months of 2013, Income from continuing operations attributable to Aon shareholders increased to \$502 million, or \$1.58 diluted net income per share, from \$485 million, or \$1.44 diluted net income per share, in 2012.

## Restructuring Initiatives

## Aon Hewitt Restructuring Plan

On October 14, 2010, we announced a global restructuring plan in connection with the acquisition of Hewitt. The Aon Hewitt Plan is intended to streamline operations across the combined Aon Hewitt organization, the Health & Benefits organization and shared services and facility rationalization across the company. The Aon Hewitt Plan includes approximately 2,900 job eliminations. We expect these restructuring activities and related expenses to affect continuing operations through the end of 2013. The Aon Hewitt Plan is expected to result in cumulative costs of approximately \$411 million through the end of the plan, consisting of approximately \$261 million in employee termination costs and approximately \$150 million in real estate rationalization across the Company. This represents an increase of \$86 million in costs over the amount previously disclosed as we have finalized additional restructuring actions related to the Aon Hewitt Plan.

From the inception of the Aon Hewitt Plan through June 30, 2013, approximately 2,420 jobs have been eliminated and total expenses of \$334 million have been incurred. We recorded \$53 million and \$79 million of restructuring and related charges in the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, respectively. We recorded \$13 million and \$25 million of restructuring and related charges in the three and six months ended June 30, 2012, respectively. Charges related to the restructuring are included in Compensation and benefits and Other general expenses in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income.

The following summarizes the restructuring and related costs, by type, that have been incurred and are estimated to be incurred through the end of the restructuring initiative related to the Aon Hewitt Plan (in millions):

	2010	2011	2012	Second Quarter 2013	Six Months 2013	Total Inception to Date	Estimated Total Cost for Restructuring Plan (1)
Workforce reduction	\$49	\$64	\$74	\$14	\$38	\$225	\$261
Lease consolidation	3	32	18	34	36	89	128
Asset impairments	—	7	4	3	3	14	15
Other costs associated with restructuring (2)	—	2	2	2	2	6	7
Total restructuring and related expenses	\$52	\$105	\$98	\$53	\$79	\$334	\$411

(1) Actual costs, when incurred, will vary due to changes in the assumptions built into this plan. Significant assumptions likely to change when plans are finalized and implemented include, but are not limited to, changes in severance calculations, changes in the assumptions underlying sublease loss calculations due to changing market conditions, and changes in the overall analysis that might cause us to add or cancel component initiatives.

(2) Other costs associated with restructuring initiatives, including moving costs and consulting and legal fees, are recognized when incurred.



The following summarizes the restructuring and related expenses, by segment, that have been incurred and are estimated to be incurred through the end of the restructuring initiative related to the Aon Hewitt Plan (in millions):

	2010	2011	2012	Second Quarter 2013	Six Months 2013	Total Inception to Date	Estimated Total Cost for Restructuring Plan (1)
HR Solutions	\$52	\$49	\$66	\$36	\$51	\$218	\$249
Risk Solutions	—	56	32	17	28	116	162
Total restructuring and related expenses	\$52	\$105	\$98	\$53	\$79	\$334	\$411

(1) Costs included in the Risk Solutions segment are associated with the transfer of the health and benefits consulting business from HR Solutions to Risk Solutions effective January 1, 2012. Costs incurred in 2011 in the HR Solutions segment of \$41 million related to the health and benefits consulting business have been reclassified and presented in the Risk Solutions segment.

The restructuring plan, before any potential reinvestment of savings, is expected to deliver approximately \$327 million of annual savings in 2013. This represents an increase of \$47 million over previously disclosed amounts as we have finalized the restructuring actions related to the Aon Hewitt Plan. The HR Solutions segment is expected to deliver \$260 million of annual savings, with the remaining \$67 million to be delivered by the Risk Solutions segment. We estimate that we realized approximately \$78 million and \$147 million in restructuring cost savings in the second quarter and first six months of 2013, respectively. The Company expects to achieve approximately \$378 million cumulative savings by the end of 2014 from the formal restructuring program in addition to synergy savings achieved in areas such as information technology, procurement and public company costs. Actual total savings, costs and timing may vary from those estimated due to changes in the scope or assumptions underlying the plan.

## LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL CONDITION

### Liquidity

#### Executive Summary

We believe that our balance sheet and strong cash flow provide us with financial flexibility to create long-term value for our shareholders. Our primary sources of liquidity are cash flow from operations, available cash reserves and debt capacity available under various credit facilities. Our primary uses of liquidity are operating expenses, capital expenditures, acquisitions, share repurchases, restructuring initiatives, funding pension obligations and shareholder dividends.

Cash on our balance sheet includes funds available for general corporate purposes. Funds held on behalf of clients in a fiduciary capacity are segregated and shown together with uncollected insurance premiums in Fiduciary assets in the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position, with a corresponding amount in Fiduciary liabilities. Fiduciary funds cannot be used for general corporate purposes, and should not be considered as a source of liquidity for us.

#### Operating Activities

Net cash provided by operating activities during the six months ended June 30, 2013 was \$387 million as compared to net cash provided by operating activities during the six months ended June 30, 2012 of \$269 million, an increase of \$118 million. The primary driver of the cash provided by operating activities was net income, adjusted for non-cash

expenses, of \$1.0 billion and a decrease in accounts receivable of \$191 million, partially offset by a decrease in accounts payable and accrued liabilities of \$431 million, and pension contributions of \$291 million. Net cash provided by operating activities was favorably impacted by a \$43.5 million settlement of a non-recurring, one-time legal matter. Pension contributions were \$291 million and \$200 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. For the remainder of 2013, we expect to contribute approximately \$257 million to our pension plans, with the majority attributable to non-U.S. pension plans, which are subject to changes in foreign exchange rates.

We expect cash generated by operations for 2013 to be sufficient to service our debt and contractual obligations, fund the cash requirements of our restructuring programs, finance capital expenditures, continue acquisitions of shares under our share repurchase program, and continue to pay dividends to our shareholders. Although cash from operations is expected to be sufficient to service these obligations, we have the ability to borrow under our credit facilities to accommodate any timing

differences in cash flows. We have committed credit facilities of approximately \$1.2 billion, of which all was available at June 30, 2013. We can access these facilities on a same day or next day basis. Additionally, we believe that we could access capital markets to obtain debt financing for longer-term funding, under current market conditions, if needed.

#### Investing Activities

Cash flow used for investing activities was \$98 million during the six months ended June 30, 2013. The primary drivers of the cash flow used for investing activities were \$122 million for capital expenditures, partially offset by \$29 million for net sales of short term investments.

Cash flow provided by investing activities was \$93 million during the six months ended June 30, 2012. The primary drivers of the cash flow provided by investing activities were \$259 million in net sales of short-term investments and \$44 million in net sales of long-term investments, partially offset by \$129 million for capital expenditures and \$81 million for acquisitions, net of sales.

#### Financing Activities

Cash flow used for financing activities during the six months ended June 30, 2013 was \$272 million. The primary drivers of cash flow used for financing activities were share repurchases of \$525 million and dividends paid to shareholders of \$105 million, partially offset by issuances of debt, net of repayments, of \$307 million and proceeds from the exercise of share options and issuance of shares purchased through the employee stock purchase plan of \$57 million.

Cash flow used for financing activities during the six months ended June 30, 2012 was \$366 million. The primary drivers of cash flow used for financing activities were share repurchases of \$350 million, dividends paid to shareholders of \$102 million, partially offset by proceeds from the exercise of share options and issuance of shares purchased through the employee stock purchase plan of \$64 million and issuance of debt, net of repayments, of \$27 million.

As of June 30, 2013, we had distributable reserves in excess of \$6.2 billion. We believe that we will have sufficient distributable reserves to fund shareholder dividends for the foreseeable future.

#### Cash and Investments

At June 30, 2013, our cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments were \$573 million, a decrease of \$64 million from December 31, 2012. Of the total balance as of June 30, 2013, \$201 million was restricted as to its use, which was comprised of \$118 million of operating funds in the U.K. as required by the Financial Conduct Authority and \$83 million held as collateral for various business purposes. At June 30, 2013, \$384 million of cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments were held in the U.S. and \$189 million was held in other countries. Of the total balance as of December 31, 2012, \$200 million was restricted as to its use, which was comprised of \$124 million of operating funds in the U.K. as required by the Financial Conduct Authority and \$76 million held as collateral for various business purposes. At December 31, 2012, \$138 million of cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments were held in the U.S. and \$499 million was held in other countries.

In our capacity as an insurance broker or agent, we collect premiums from insureds and, after deducting our commission, remit the premiums to the respective insurance underwriter. We also collect claims or refunds from underwriters on behalf of insureds, which are then returned to the insureds. Unremitted insurance premiums and claims are held by us in a fiduciary capacity. In addition, some of our outsourcing agreements require us to hold funds



on behalf of clients to pay obligations on their behalf. The levels of fiduciary assets and liabilities can fluctuate significantly, depending on when we collect the premiums, claims and refunds, make payments to underwriters and insureds, collect funds from clients and make payments on their behalf, and foreign currency movements. Fiduciary assets, because of their nature, are required to be invested in very liquid securities with highly-rated, credit-worthy financial institutions. In our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Position, the amount we report for Fiduciary assets and Fiduciary liabilities are equal. Our Fiduciary assets included cash and investments of \$4.1 billion and \$4.0 billion and fiduciary receivables of \$8.5 billion and \$8.2 billion at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively. While we earn investment income on the fiduciary assets held in cash and investments, the cash and investments are not owned by us, and cannot be used for general corporate purposes.

As disclosed in Note 14 “Fair Value and Financial Instruments,” of the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, the majority of our investments carried at fair value are money market funds. Money market funds are carried at cost as an approximation of fair value. Consistent with market convention, we consider cost a practical and expedient measure of fair value. These money market funds are held throughout the world with various financial institutions. We do not believe that there are any market liquidity issues that would materially impact the fair value of these investments.

As of June 30, 2013, our investments in money market funds and highly liquid debt instruments had a fair value of \$2.4 billion and are reported as Short-term investments or Fiduciary assets in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Position depending on their nature and initial maturity.

The following table summarizes our Fiduciary assets and non-fiduciary Cash and cash equivalents, and Short-term investments as of June 30, 2013 (in millions):

Asset Type	Statement of Financial Position Classification			Total
	Cash and Cash Equivalents	Short-term Investments	Fiduciary Assets	
Certificates of deposit, bank deposits or time deposits	\$266	\$—	\$1,957	\$2,223
Money market funds	—	306	2,107	2,413
Highly liquid debt instruments	—	—	25	25
Other investments due within one year	—	1	—	1
Cash and investments	266	307	4,089	4,662
Fiduciary receivables	—	—	8,487	8,487
Total	\$266	\$307	\$12,576	\$13,149

#### Share Repurchase Program

In April 2012, our Board of Directors authorized a share repurchase program under which up to \$5 billion of Class A Ordinary Shares may be repurchased ("2012 Share Repurchase Program"). Under this program, shares may be repurchased through the open market or in privately negotiated transactions, from time to time, based on prevailing market conditions, and will be funded from available capital.

In the second quarter of 2013, the Company repurchased 3.5 million shares at an average price per share of \$64.53 for a total cost of \$225 million under the 2012 Share Repurchase Program. During the six months ended June 30, 2013, we repurchased 8.5 million shares at an average price per share of \$61.75 for a total cost of \$525 million under the 2012 Share Repurchase Program. In the second quarter of 2012, the Company repurchased 5.3 million shares at an average price per share of \$47.40 for a total cost of \$250 million under the 2012 Share Repurchase Program. During the six months ended June 30, 2012, the Company repurchased 7.4 million shares at an average price per share of \$47.66 for a total cost of \$350 million under the 2012 Share Repurchase Program and the previously completed 2010 Share Repurchase Program. Since the inception of the 2012 Share Repurchase Program, we repurchased a total of 28.0 million shares for an aggregate cost of \$1.5 billion. The remaining authorized amount for share repurchase under the 2012 Share Repurchase Program is approximately \$3.5 billion.

For information regarding share repurchases made during the second quarter of 2013, see Part II, Item 2 — "Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds" below.

#### Borrowings

Total debt at June 30, 2013 was \$4.4 billion, which represents an increase of \$274 million when compared to December 31, 2012. This increase is primarily due to an increase in commercial paper outstanding of \$297 million when compared to December 31, 2012.

During the six months ended June 30, 2012, our level of debt returned to a more historical level of \$4.4 billion following a temporary reduction in the level of debt at December 31, 2012. We have increased levels of commercial paper activity during the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2013 with total issuances of \$1.5 billion and \$2.4

billion, respectively, as compared to \$257 million and \$332 million for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2012.

On May 21, 2013, we issued \$250 million aggregate principal amount of 4.45% Notes Due 2043. The 4.45% Notes Due 2043 were issued by Aon plc and fully and unconditionally guaranteed by Aon Corporation. We used the proceeds of the issuance to repay commercial paper borrowings and for general corporate purposes. During the second quarter 2013, we used available funds to repay \$306 million of the term loan credit facility due October 2013.

We currently expect that for the remainder of 2013, debt will continue to remain at historical and current levels. We also expect to continue to access the commercial paper markets at levels similar to those in the quarter ended June 30, 2013.

Our total debt as a percentage of total capital attributable to Aon shareholders was 37.0% and 34.9% at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively.

#### Credit Facilities

At June 30, 2013, we have a five-year \$400 million unsecured revolving credit facility in the U.S. (“U.S. Facility”) that expires in 2017. The U.S. facility is for general corporate purposes, including commercial paper support. Additionally, we have the five-year €650 million (\$846 million at June 30, 2013 exchange rates) Euro Facility available, which expires in October 2015. At June 30, 2013, we had no borrowings under either of these credit facilities.

On April 29, 2013, we amended our Euro Facility agreement to add Aon plc as an additional borrower.

For both our U.S. Facility and Euro Facility, the two most significant covenants require us to maintain a ratio of consolidated EBITDA (earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization), adjusted for Hewitt related transaction costs and up to \$50 million in non-recurring cash charges (“Adjusted EBITDA”) to consolidated interest expense and a ratio of consolidated debt to Adjusted EBITDA. For both facilities, the ratio of Adjusted EBITDA to consolidated interest expense must be at least 4 to 1. For the Euro Facility, the ratio of consolidated debt to Adjusted EBITDA must not exceed 3 to 1. For the U.S. Facility, the ratio of consolidated debt to Adjusted EBITDA must not exceed the lower of (a) 3.25 to 1.00 or (b) the greater of (i) 3.00 to 1.00 or (ii) the lowest ratio of consolidated debt to Adjusted EBITDA then set forth in the Euro Facility or Aon’s \$450,000,000 Term Loan Facility. We were in compliance with these and all other covenants during the three and six months ended June 30, 2013.

#### Shelf Registration Statement

On August 31, 2012, we filed a shelf registration statement with the SEC, registering the offer and sale from time to time of an indeterminate amount of, among other securities, debt, securities, preference shares, Class A Ordinary Shares and convertible securities. The availability of any potential liquidity for these types of securities is dependent on investor demand, market conditions and other factors. Our May 2013 offering of \$250 million of 4.45% Notes Due 2043 utilized this registration statement.

#### Rating Agency Ratings

The major rating agencies’ ratings of our debt at July 26, 2013 appear in the table below.

	Ratings		
	Senior	Commercial	Outlook
	Long-term Debt	Paper	
Standard & Poor’s	BBB+	A-2	Stable
Moody’s Investor Services	Baa2	P-2	Positive
Fitch, Inc.	BBB+	F-2	Stable

A downgrade in the credit ratings of our senior debt and commercial paper would increase our borrowing costs, reduce or eliminate our access to capital, reduce our financial flexibility, increase our commercial paper interest rates or possibly restrict our access to the commercial paper market altogether, or may impact future pension contribution requirements.

#### Letters of Credit and Other Guarantees

We had total letters of credit ("LOCs") outstanding for approximately \$69 million at June 30, 2013, as compared to \$74 million at December 31, 2012. These letters of credit cover the beneficiaries related to certain of our U.S. and Canadian non-qualified pension plan schemes and secure deductible retentions for our own workers compensation program. We also have issued LOCs to cover contingent payments for taxes and other business obligations to third parties, and other guarantees for miscellaneous purposes at our international subsidiaries.

We have certain contractual contingent guarantees for premium payments owed by clients to certain insurance companies. Costs associated with these guarantees, to the extent estimable and probable, are provided in our allowance for doubtful accounts. The maximum exposure with respect to such contractual contingent guarantees was approximately \$95 million at June 30, 2013 as compared to \$104 million at December 31, 2012.

We have provided commitments to fund certain limited partnerships in which we have an interest in the event that the general partners request funding. Some of these commitments have specific expiration dates and the maximum potential funding under these commitments was \$42 million and \$51 million at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, we funded \$3 million and \$6 million, respectively, of these commitments.

#### Adequacy of Liquidity Sources

We believe that cash flows from operations and available credit facilities will be sufficient to meet our liquidity needs, including principal and interest payments on debt obligations, capital expenditures, pension contributions, cash restructuring costs, and anticipated working capital requirements, for the foreseeable future. Our cash flows from operations, borrowing availability and overall liquidity are subject to risks and uncertainties. See “Information Concerning Forward-Looking Statements” below.

#### Financial Condition

At June 30, 2013, our net assets of \$7.6 billion, representing total assets minus total liabilities, decreased from \$7.8 billion at December 31, 2012. The decrease was due primarily to share repurchases of \$525 million, an increase in Accumulated other comprehensive loss of \$199 million related primarily to foreign currency translation adjustment, and dividends of \$105 million, partially offset by Net income of \$524 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013. Working capital increased by \$166 million to \$1.2 billion from December 31, 2012.

#### Equity

Equity at June 30, 2013 was \$7.6 billion, a decrease of \$187 million from December 31, 2012. The decrease resulted primarily from share repurchases of \$525 million, an increase in Accumulated other comprehensive loss of \$199 million, and \$105 million of dividends to shareholders, partially offset by Net income of \$524 million.

The \$199 million increase in Accumulated other comprehensive loss from December 31, 2012 primarily reflects the following:

- negative net foreign currency translation adjustments of \$232 million, which are attributable to the strengthening of the U.S. dollar against certain foreign currencies,
- a decrease of \$41 million in net post-retirement benefit obligations,
- net derivative losses of \$21 million, and
- net investment gains of \$13 million.

#### REVIEW BY SEGMENT

##### General

We serve clients through the following segments:

Risk Solutions acts as an advisor and insurance and reinsurance broker, helping clients manage their risks, via consultation, as well as negotiation and placement of insurance risk with insurance carriers through our global distribution network.

HR Solutions partners with organizations to solve their most complex benefits, talent and related financial challenges, and improve business performance by designing, implementing, communicating and administering a wide range of

human capital, retirement, investment management, health care, compensation and talent management strategies.

Risk Solutions

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,		
	2013	2012	2013	2012	
Revenue	\$1,944	\$1,899	\$3,915	\$3,804	
Operating income	391	384	794	750	
Operating margin	20.1	% 20.2	% 20.3	% 19.7	%

The demand for property and casualty insurance generally rises as the overall level of economic activity increases and generally falls as such activity decreases, affecting both the commissions and fees generated by our brokerage business. The economic activity that impacts property and casualty insurance is described as exposure units, and is most closely correlated with employment levels, corporate revenue and asset values. During the first six months of 2013, we began to see improvement in pricing on average globally; however, we would still consider this to be a “soft market”, which began in 2007. In a soft market, premium rates flatten or decrease, along with commission revenues, due to increased competition for market share among insurance carriers or increased underwriting capacity. Changes in premiums have a direct and potentially material impact on the insurance brokerage industry, as commission revenues are generally based on a percentage of the premiums paid by insureds. In the first six months of 2013, pricing showed signs of stabilization and improvement in our retail brokerage product lines.

Additionally, beginning in late 2008 and continuing into second quarter 2013, we faced difficult conditions as a result of unprecedented disruptions in the global economy, the repricing of credit risk and the deterioration of the financial markets. Weak global economic conditions have reduced our customers’ demand for our retail brokerage and reinsurance brokerage products, which have had a negative impact on our operational results.

Risk Solutions generated approximately 67% of our consolidated total revenues in both the second quarter and first six months of 2013. Revenues are generated primarily through fees paid by clients, commissions and fees paid by insurance and reinsurance companies, and investment income on funds held on behalf of clients. Our revenues vary from quarter to quarter throughout the year as a result of the timing of our clients’ policy renewals, the net effect of new and lost business, the timing of services provided to our clients, and the income we earn on investments, which is heavily influenced by short-term interest rates.

We operate in a highly competitive industry and compete with many retail insurance brokerage and agency firms, as well as with individual brokers, agents, and direct writers of insurance coverage. Specifically, we address the highly specialized product development and risk management needs of commercial enterprises, professional groups, insurance companies, governments, health care providers, and non-profit groups, among others; provide affinity products for professional liability, life, disability income, and personal lines for individuals, associations, and businesses; provide products and services via GRIP Solutions; provide reinsurance services to insurance and reinsurance companies and other risk assumption entities by acting as brokers or intermediaries on all classes of reinsurance; provide capital management transaction and advisory products and services, including mergers and acquisitions and other financial advisory services, capital raising, contingent capital financing, insurance-linked securitizations and derivative applications; provide managing underwriting to independent agents and brokers as well as corporate clients; provide risk consulting, actuarial, loss prevention, and administrative services to businesses and consumers; and manage captive insurance companies.

## Revenue

Commissions, fees and other revenue for Risk Solutions were as follows (in millions):

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Retail brokerage:				
Americas	\$826	\$794	\$1,512	\$1,445
International (1)	736	717	1,612	1,560
Total retail brokerage	1,562	1,511	3,124	3,005
Reinsurance brokerage	376	380	778	779
Total	\$1,938	\$1,891	\$3,902	\$3,784

(1) Includes the U.K., Europe, Middle East, Africa and Asia Pacific.



During the second quarter 2013, commissions, fees and other revenue increased \$47 million, or 2%, as compared to the second quarter 2012, due to 3% organic revenue growth, partially offset by 1% unfavorable impact from foreign exchange rates and a decline in investment income. During the first six months of 2013, Commissions, fees and other revenue increased \$118 million, or 3%, as compared to the first six months of 2012 due to 3% organic revenue growth and 1% growth related to acquisitions, partially offset by 1% unfavorable impact from foreign exchange rates and a decline in investment income.

Reconciliation of organic revenue growth to reported commissions, fees and other revenue growth for 2013 versus 2012 is as follows:

Three months ended June 30, 2013	Percent Change	Less: Currency Impact	Currency Impact	Less: Acquisitions, Divestitures & Other	Organic Revenue	
Retail brokerage:						
Americas	4	% (1	)%	—	% 5	%
International (1)	3	(1	)	1	3	
Total retail brokerage	3	(1	)	—	4	
Reinsurance brokerage	(1	)	(2	)	(1	) 2
Total	2	% (1	)%	—	% 3	%
Six months ended June 30, 2013						
Retail brokerage:						
Americas	5	% (1	)%	1	% 5	%
International (1)	3	—		—	3	
Total retail brokerage	4	(1	)	1	4	
Reinsurance brokerage	—	(1	)	—	1	
Total	3	% (1	)%	1	% 3	%

(1) Includes the U.K., Europe, Middle East, Africa and Asia Pacific.

Retail brokerage Commissions, fees and other revenue increased 3% in the second quarter driven by a 5% and 3% growth related to organic revenue in the Americas and International operations, respectively, and a 1% increase related to acquisitions, net of dispositions in the International operations, partially offset by a decline in investment income and 1% unfavorable impact from foreign exchange rates. During the first six months of 2013, revenue growth was 4%, driven by a 5% and 3% growth in organic revenue in the Americas and International operations, respectively, and a 1% increase related to acquisitions, net of dispositions in the Americas operations, partially offset by a decline in investment income and a 1% unfavorable impact from foreign exchange rates.

Americas Commissions, fees and other revenue increased 4% in the second quarter reflecting 5% growth in organic revenue due to improved growth across all regions, driven by new business generation in U.S. Retail and Canada, and strong management of the renewal book portfolio across all regions, particularly Latin America, partially offset by a 1% unfavorable impact from foreign currency. During the first six months of 2013, revenue increased 5% as a result of 5% growth in organic revenue and 1% growth related to acquisitions, partially offset by a 1% unfavorable impact from foreign exchange rates.

International Commissions, fees and other revenue increased 3% in the second quarter driven by a 3% increase in organic revenue growth and 1% impact from acquisitions, net of divestitures, partially offset by a 1% unfavorable impact from foreign exchange rates. Strong growth across the Pacific region, France, and emerging markets, partially offset by a modest decline in Germany contributed to organic growth. During the first six months of 2013, International revenue increased 3%, due to 3% organic revenue growth driven by strong growth in Asia, New Zealand and emerging markets, as well as sustained management of the renewal book despite macroeconomic challenges.

Reinsurance brokerage Commissions, fees and other revenue decreased 1% in the second quarter driven by a 2% unfavorable impact from foreign exchange rates, 1% decrease related to acquisitions, net of dispositions, partially offset by a 2% increase in organic revenue growth. The increase in organic revenue growth is due primarily to growth

across all businesses, including net new business growth in treaty placements despite a negative market impact, capital market transactions and advisory business and facultative placements. During the first six months of 2013, revenue was flat as compared to the first six months of 2012, driven by a 1% increase in organic revenue growth partially offset by an unfavorable impact of 1% from foreign exchange rates.

## Operating Income

Operating income for the second quarter 2013 increased \$7 million, or 2%, from 2012 to \$391 million in 2013, and operating income margins decreased to 20.1% from 20.2% in 2012. For the first six months of 2013, Operating income increased \$44 million, or 6%, from 2012 to \$794 million in 2013, and operating income margins increased to 20.3% from 19.7% in 2012. Operating margin improvement was driven by revenue growth and savings related to the restructuring programs, which was partially offset by the negative impact of expense increase related to investment in the business and a decline in fiduciary investment income.

## HR Solutions

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,		
	2013	2012	2013	2012	
Revenue	\$956	\$931	\$1,910	\$1,876	
Operating income	36	58	87	131	
Operating margin	3.8	% 6.2	% 4.6	% 7.0	%

Our HR Solutions segment generated approximately 33% of our consolidated total revenues in both the second quarter and first six months of 2013, and provides a broad range of human capital services, as follows:

Retirement specializes in global actuarial services, defined contribution consulting, tax and ERISA consulting, and pension administration.

Compensation focuses on compensatory advisory/counsel including: compensation planning design, executive reward strategies, salary survey and benchmarking, market share studies and sales force effectiveness, with special expertise in the financial services and technology industries.

Strategic Human Capital delivers advice to complex global organizations on talent, change and organizational effectiveness issues, including talent strategy and acquisition, executive on-boarding, performance management, leadership assessment and development, communication strategy, workforce training and change management.

Investment consulting advises public and private companies, other institutions and trustees on developing and maintaining investment programs across a broad range of plan types, including defined benefit plans, defined contribution plans, endowments and foundations.

Benefits Administration applies our HR expertise primarily through defined benefit (pension), defined contribution (401(k)), and health and welfare administrative services. Our model replaces the resource-intensive processes once required to administer benefit plans with more efficient, effective, and less costly solutions.

Exchanges is building and operating healthcare exchanges that provide employers with a cost effective alternative to traditional employee and retiree healthcare, while helping individuals select the insurance that best meets their needs.

Human Resource Business Processing Outsourcing (“HR BPO”) provides market-leading solutions to manage employee data; administer benefits, payroll and other human resources processes; and record and manage talent, workforce and other core HR process transactions as well as other complementary services such as flexible spending, dependent audit and participant advocacy.

Beginning in late 2008, the disruption in the global credit markets and the deterioration of the financial markets created significant uncertainty in the marketplace. Weak economic conditions globally continued into the second quarter of 2013. The prolonged economic downturn is adversely impacting our clients’ financial condition and therefore the levels of business activities in the industries and geographies where we operate. While we believe that the majority of our practices are well positioned to manage through this time, these challenges are reducing demand for some of our services and putting continued pressure on the pricing of those services, which is having an adverse effect on our new business and results of operations.

## Revenue

Commissions, fees and other revenue for HR Solutions increased \$25 million, or 3%, in the second quarter 2013 as compared to the second quarter 2012. The increase in revenue was driven by 2% and 1% organic growth in commissions and fees for the second quarter and first six months of 2013, respectively.

Commissions, fees and other revenue were as follows (in millions):

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Consulting services	\$388	\$366	\$770	\$746
Outsourcing	578	570	1,159	1,138
Intrasegment	(10)	(5)	(19)	(8)
Total	\$956	\$931	\$1,910	\$1,876

Organic revenue growth for the second quarter 2013 is detailed in the following reconciliation:

Three months ended June 30, 2013	Percent Change	Less: Currency Impact	Less: Acquisitions, Divestitures & Other	Organic Revenue
Consulting services	6	% (1)	% 1	% 6
Outsourcing	1	—	1	—
Intrasegment	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total	3	% —	% 1	% 2

  

Six months ended June 30, 2013	Percent Change	Less: Currency Impact	Less: Acquisitions, Divestitures & Other	Organic Revenue
Consulting services	3	% (1)	% —	% 4
Outsourcing	2	—	1	1
Intrasegment	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total	2	% —	% 1	% 1

Consulting services revenue increased \$22 million, or 6% for the second quarter due primarily to 6% organic revenue growth driven by strong growth in retirement and investment consulting and modest growth in communications consulting. For the first six months of 2013, revenue increased \$24 million, or 3%, as a result of 4% organic revenue growth, partially offset by an unfavorable impact of 1% from foreign exchange rates.

Outsourcing revenue increased \$8 million, or 1%, for the second quarter due to 1% impact from acquisitions, net of divestitures. Organic revenue was flat compared to the prior year quarter due primarily to growth in net new client wins and demand for discretionary services in HR BPO and healthcare exchanges offset by an anticipated modest decline in benefits administration. For the first six months of 2013, revenue increased \$21 million, or 2%, as a result of 1% organic revenue growth and 1% impact from acquisitions, net of divestitures.

#### Operating Income

Operating income was \$36 million, a decrease of \$22 million, or 38%, from second quarter 2012. For the first six months, operating income was \$87 million, a decrease of \$44 million, or 34%, from the prior year. The year-to-date decrease was primarily due to an unfavorable impact from expenses related to legacy litigation and timing of certain expenses in the first quarter, as well as an unfavorable revenue mix shift, and investments in long-term growth opportunities that more than offset organic revenue growth and the savings related to the Aon Hewitt restructuring program. Operating margin for this segment was 3.8% in the second quarter, which is a decrease from 6.2% in 2012. For the first six months of 2013, the operating margin was 4.6%, a decrease from 7.0% in 2012.



## Unallocated Income and Expense

A reconciliation of our operating income to income before income taxes is as follows (in millions):

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Operating income (loss):				
Risk Solutions	\$391	\$384	\$794	\$750
HR Solutions	36	58	87	131
Unallocated	(45	) (48	) (89	) (85
Operating income	382	394	792	796
Interest income	2	2	3	5
Interest expense	(48	) (57	) (100	) (116
Other (expense) income	6	12	15	12
Income before income taxes	\$342	\$351	\$710	\$697

## Unallocated operating expense

Unallocated operating expense includes corporate governance costs not allocated to the operating segments. Net unallocated expenses decreased \$3 million to \$45 million in the second quarter 2013 and increased \$4 million to \$89 million for the first six months of 2013. The increase in unallocated expenses during the six months ended 2013 is due primarily to an increase in run-rate expenses related to the Company's redomicile to the U.K.

## Interest income

Interest income represents income earned on operating cash balances and other income-producing investments. It does not include interest earned on funds held on behalf of clients. During the second quarter 2013, Interest income remained flat at \$2 million as compared to the second quarter 2012. During the first six months of 2013, Interest income decreased \$2 million from the comparable period in 2012 due to lower average interest rates globally.

## Interest expense

Interest expense, which represents the cost of our worldwide debt obligations, decreased \$9 million and \$16 million as compared to the second quarter and first six months of 2012, respectively. The decrease in interest expense reflects a decline in the average interest rate on total debt outstanding.

## Other income

Other income was \$6 million and \$15 million for the second quarter and first six months of 2013, respectively, as compared to \$12 million for both the second quarter and the first six months of 2012. The second quarter 2013 includes a \$9 million gain from derivatives, partially offset by a \$5 million loss on foreign currency remeasurement. The first six months of 2013 include a \$19 million gain on foreign currency remeasurement and equity earnings of \$6 million, partially offset by \$9 million loss from derivatives. The second quarter 2012 includes an \$18 million gain on foreign currency remeasurement, partially offset by an \$8 million loss related to the sale of certain investments. The first six months of 2012 include equity earnings of \$8 million and a gain on sale of investments of \$2 million.

## CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

There have been no changes in our critical accounting policies, which include revenue recognition, restructuring, pensions, goodwill and other intangible assets, contingencies, share-based payments, and income taxes, as discussed



in our 2012 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

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## NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

Note 2 “Accounting Principles and Practices” of the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements contains a discussion of recently issued accounting pronouncements and their impact or future potential impact on our financial results, if determinable.

## INFORMATION CONCERNING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This report contains certain statements related to future results, or states our intentions, beliefs and expectations or predictions for the future which are forward-looking statements as that term is defined in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements relate to expectations or forecasts of future events. They use words such as “anticipate,” “believe,” “estimate,” “expect,” “forecast,” “project,” “intend,” “plan,” “potential,” and other similar terms, and future or conditional tense verbs like “could,” “may,” “might,” “should,” “will” and “would.” You can also identify forward-looking statements by the fact that they do not relate strictly to historical or current facts. For example, we may use forward-looking statements when addressing topics such as: market and industry conditions, including competitive and pricing trends; changes in our business strategies and methods of generating revenue; the development and performance of our services and products; changes in the composition or level of our revenues; our cost structure and the outcome of cost-saving or restructuring initiatives; the outcome of contingencies; dividend policy; the expected impact of acquisitions and dispositions; pension obligations; cash flow and liquidity; expected effective tax rate; future actions by regulators; and the impact of changes in accounting rules. These forward-looking statements are subject to certain risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from either historical or anticipated results depending on a variety of factors. Potential factors that could impact results include:

- general economic conditions in different countries in which Aon does business around the world, including conditions in the European Union relating to sovereign debt and the continued viability of the Euro;
- changes in the competitive environment;
- changes in global equity and fixed income markets that could influence the return on invested assets;
- changes in the funding status of our various defined benefit pension plans and the impact of any increased pension funding resulting from those changes;
- rating agency actions that could affect our ability to borrow funds;
- fluctuations in exchange and interest rates that could impact revenue and expense;
- the impact of class actions and individual lawsuits including client class actions, securities class actions, derivative actions and ERISA class actions;
- the impact of any investigations brought by regulatory authorities in the U.S., U.K. and other countries;
- the cost of resolution of other contingent liabilities and loss contingencies, including potential liabilities arising from errors and omission claims against us;
- failure to retain and attract qualified personnel;
- the impact of, and potential challenges in complying with, legislation and regulation in the jurisdictions in which we operate, particularly given the global scope of our business and the possibility of conflicting regulatory requirements across jurisdictions in which we do business;
- the effect of the Redomestication on our operations and financial results, including the reaction of our clients, employees and other constituents, the effect of compliance with applicable U.K. regulatory regimes or differences in some or all of the anticipated benefits;
- the extent to which we retain existing clients and attract new businesses and our ability to incentivize and retain key employees;
- the extent to which we manage certain risks created in connection with the various services, including fiduciary and advisory services, among others, that we currently provide, or will provide in the future, to clients;

the possibility that the expected efficiencies and cost savings from the acquisition of Hewitt will not be realized, or will not be realized within the expected time period;

- the risk that the Hewitt businesses will not be integrated successfully;
- our ability to implement restructuring initiatives and other initiatives intended to yield cost savings, and the ability to achieve those cost savings;
- the potential of a system or network disruption resulting in operational interruption or improper disclosure of personal data;
- any inquiries relating to compliance with the U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act and non-U.S. anti-corruption laws and with U.S. and non-U.S. trade sanctions regimes; and
- our ability to grow and develop companies that we acquire or new lines of business.

Any or all of our forward-looking statements may turn out to be inaccurate, and there are no guarantees about our performance. The factors identified above are not exhaustive. Aon and its subsidiaries operate in a dynamic business environment in which new risks may emerge frequently. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the dates on which they are made. We are under no obligation (and expressly disclaim any obligation) to update or alter any forward-looking statement that we may make from time to time, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. Further information about factors that could materially affect Aon, including our results of operations and financial condition, is contained in the “Risk Factors” sections in each of Part I, Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012 and Part II Item 1A of this report below.

### ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

We are exposed to potential fluctuations in earnings, cash flows and the fair value of certain of our assets and liabilities due to changes in interest and foreign exchange rates. To manage the risk from these exposures, we enter into a variety of derivative instruments. We do not enter into derivatives or financial instruments for trading or speculative purposes.

We are subject to foreign exchange rate risk. Our primary exposures include exchange rates between the U.S. Dollar and the British pound, the Euro, the Canadian dollar, the Australian dollar, and the Indian rupee. We use over-the-counter (“OTC”) options and forward contracts to reduce the impact of foreign currency risk.

Additionally, some of our foreign brokerage subsidiaries receive revenues in currencies that differ from their functional currencies. Our U.K. subsidiary earns a portion of its revenue in U.S. dollars and Euros, but the majority of its expenses are incurred in Pounds Sterling. Our policy is to convert into Pounds Sterling sufficient U.S. dollar and Euro revenue to fund the subsidiary’s Pound Sterling expenses using OTC options and forward exchange contracts. At June 30, 2013, we have hedged approximately 81% of our U.K. subsidiaries’ expected U.S. dollar and Euro transaction exposures for the next twelve months, respectively. We do not generally hedge these exposures beyond three years.

We also use forward contracts to economically hedge foreign exchange risk associated with monetary balance sheet exposures that are denominated in a non-functional currency, such as inter-company notes and short-term assets and liabilities, which are subject to remeasurement.

The translated value of revenue and expense from our international brokerage operations are subject to fluctuations in foreign exchange rates. If the Company were to translate prior year results at current quarter exchange rates, diluted earnings per share would be unfavorably impacted by approximately \$0.01 and favorably impacted by approximately \$0.01 during the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, respectively. Further, adjusted diluted earnings per share, a non-GAAP measure as defined under the caption “Review of Consolidated Results”, would be favorably impacted by approximately \$0.02 and \$0.04 during the three and six months ended June 30, 2012, respectively, if the Company were to translate prior year results at current quarter exchange rates.

Our fiduciary investment income is affected by changes in international and domestic short-term interest rates. We monitor our net exposure to short-term interest rates and, as appropriate, hedge our exposure with various derivative financial instruments. This activity primarily relates to brokerage funds held on behalf of clients in the U.S. and continental Europe. A decrease in global short-term interest rates adversely affects our fiduciary investment income.

### ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures. We have conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the

Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”) as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report of June 30, 2013. Based on this evaluation, our chief executive officer and chief financial officer concluded as of June 30, 2013 that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective such that the information relating to Aon, including our consolidated subsidiaries, required to be disclosed in our Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) reports is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in SEC rules and forms, and is accumulated and communicated to Aon’s management, including our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Changes in internal control over financial reporting. During 2011, the Company upgraded its financial systems relating to the Order-To-Cash PeopleSoft platform used by the HR Solutions North America operations. In connection with this upgrade, the Company has implemented additional compensating controls to mitigate internal control risks and performed testing to ensure data integrity. Other than this change, no changes in Aon's internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule

13a - 15(f) of the Exchange Act) occurred during the quarter ended June 30, 2013 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, Aon's internal control over financial reporting.

## PART II

### OTHER INFORMATION

#### ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

See Note 15 "Commitments and Contingencies" to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements contained in Part I, Item 1, which is incorporated by reference herein.

#### ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS.

The risk factors set forth in Part I, "Item 1A. Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012 reflect certain risks associated with existing and potential lines of business and contain "forward-looking statements" as discussed in Part I, Item 2 of this report. Readers should consider them in addition to the other information contained in this report as our business, financial condition or results of operations could be adversely affected if any of these risks actually occur.

#### ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

- (a) None.
- (b) None.
- (c) Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities.

The following information relates to the repurchase of equity securities by Aon or any affiliated purchaser during each month within the second quarter of 2013:

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid per Share (1)	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Maximum Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs (1) (2)
4/1/13 — 4/30/13	166,700	\$ 59.95	166,700	\$ 3,665,290,281
5/1/13 — 5/31/13	3,318,905	64.76	3,318,905	3,450,349,632
6/1/13 — 6/30/13	—	—	—	3,450,349,632
Total	3,485,605	\$ 64.53	3,485,605	3,450,349,632

(1) Does not include commissions paid to repurchase shares.

(2) In April 2012, our Board of Directors authorized a share repurchase program under which up to \$5 billion of Class A Ordinary Shares were authorized to be repurchased from time to time depending on market conditions or other factors through open market or privately negotiated transactions, and will be funded from available capital. During the second quarter of 2013, we repurchased 3.5 million shares at an average price per share of \$64.53 for a

total cost of \$225 million. The remaining authorized amount for share repurchase under the 2012 Share Repurchase Program is \$3.5 billion.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

Exhibits — The exhibits filed with this report are listed on the attached Exhibit Index.

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SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Aon plc  
(Registrant)

July 26, 2013

By: /s/ Laurel Meissner  
LAUREL MEISSNER  
SENIOR VICE PRESIDENT AND  
GLOBAL CONTROLLER  
(Principal Accounting Officer and duly authorized officer  
of Registrant)



Exhibit Index

Exhibit Number	Description of Exhibit
4.1	Indenture dated as of May 24, 2013 between Aon plc, Aon Corporation and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed by Aon plc on May 24, 2013)
4.2	Form of 4.45% Senior Note due 2043 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed by Aon plc on May 24, 2013)
12.1	Statement regarding Computation of Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges.
31.1	Certification of CEO.
31.2	Certification of CFO.
32.1	Certification of CEO Pursuant to section 1350 of Title 18 of the United States Code.
32.2	Certification of CFO Pursuant to section 1350 of Title 18 of the United States Code.
101	Interactive Data Files. The following materials are filed electronically with this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q: 101.INS XBRL Report Instance Document 101.SCH XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document 101.CAL XBRL Taxonomy Calculation Linkbase Document 101.DEF XBRL Taxonomy Definition Linkbase Document 101.PRE XBRL Taxonomy Presentation Linkbase Document 101.LAB XBRL Taxonomy Calculation Linkbase Document