

True Drinks Holdings, Inc.  
Form 10-K  
April 02, 2015

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UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, DC 20549

FORM 10-K

ANNUAL REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE  
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934  
For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE  
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission file No. 001-32420

TRUE DRINKS HOLDINGS, INC.  
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Nevada  
(State of incorporation)

84-1575085  
(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

18552 MacArthur Blvd, Suite 325  
Irvine, CA 92612  
(Address of principal executive offices)

(949) 203-3500  
(Issuer's telephone number)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of Each Class	Name of Each Exchange on Which Registered
Common Stock (\$0.001 par value)	Over the Counter

Securities registered under Section 12(g) of the Exchange Act: None

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act.  
Yes  No

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if

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any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer <input type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer <input type="checkbox"/>	Non-accelerated filer <input type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

The aggregate market value of common stock held by non-affiliates as of the last business day of the registrant's most recently completed second fiscal quarter, June 30, 2014, was approximately \$24,400,000 based on a closing market price of \$0.89 per share.

There were 52,490,571 shares of the registrant's common stock outstanding as of April 2, 2015.

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TRUE DRINKS HOLDINGS, INC.  
ANNUAL REPORT ON FORM 10-K  
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

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CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This report contains “forward-looking” statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and is subject to the safe harbor created by those sections. We intend to identify forward-looking statements in this report by using words such as “believes,” “intends,” “expects,” “may,” “will,” “should,” “plan,” “projected,” “contemplates,” “anticipates,” “estimates,” “predicts,” “potential,” “continue,” or similar. These statements are based on our beliefs as well as assumptions we made using information currently available to us. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise. Because these statements reflect our current views concerning future events, these statements involve risks, uncertainties, and assumptions. Actual future results may differ significantly from the results discussed in the forward-looking statements. These risks include changes in demand for our products, changes in the level of operating expenses, our ability to expand our network of customers, changes in general economic conditions that impact consumer behavior and spending, product supply, the availability, amount, and cost of capital to us and our use of such capital, and other risks discussed in this report. Additional risks that may affect our performance are discussed below under “Risk Factors Associated with Our Business.”

PART I

ITEM 1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

As used in this Annual Report, “we”, “us”, “our”, “True Drinks”, “Company” or “our Company” refers to True Drinks Holdings, Inc. and all of its subsidiaries, unless the context requires otherwise. We are a holding company and conduct no operating business, except through our subsidiaries.

Overview

True Drinks Holdings, Inc. (the “Company”, “us” or “we”) was incorporated in the state of Nevada in January 2001 and is the holding company for True Drinks, Inc. (“True Drinks”), formed on January 19, 2012 in Delaware to create and commercialize all-natural, vitamin-enhanced drinks. Our primary business is the development, marketing, sale and distribution of our flagship product, AquaBall™ Naturally Flavored Water, a vitamin-enhanced, naturally flavored water drink packaged in our patented stacking spherical bottles. We distribute AquaBall™ nationally through select retail channels, such as grocery stores, mass merchandisers, drug stores, club stores and online. We also market and distribute Bazi® All Natural Energy, a liquid nutritional supplement drink, which is currently distributed through select retail channels, online, and through our existing database of customers.

Our principal place of business is 18552 MacArthur Boulevard, Suite 325, Irvine, California, 92612. Our telephone number is (949) 203-2500. Our corporate website address is <http://www.truedrinks.com>. Our Common Stock, par value \$0.001 (“Common Stock”) is currently listed for quotation on the Over-the-Counter marketplace (“OTCQB”) under the symbol TRUU.

Recent Developments

Amendment to Series B Preferred Certificate of Designation

On February 18, 2015, the Company filed the First Amended and Restated Certificate of Designation, Preferences, Rights and Limitations of the Series B Convertible Preferred Stock (the “Series B Amendment”) with the Nevada Secretary of State in order to: (i) eliminate certain provisions pertaining to the adjustment of the conversion price of the Series B Convertible Preferred Stock (“Series B Preferred”) and (ii) eliminate the protective provision preventing the Company from issuing securities senior to or pari passu in rank to the Series B Preferred without first receiving

approval from holders of 66% of the issued and outstanding shares of Series B Preferred. The Series B Amendment was approved by the written consent of stockholders holding approximately 79% of the issued and outstanding shares of Series B Preferred.

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### Creation of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock

On February 18, 2015, the Company filed the Certificate of Designation, Preferences, Rights and Limitations of the Series C Convertible Preferred Stock with the Nevada Secretary of State, designating 50,000 shares of the Company's preferred stock, par value \$0.001 per share, as Series C Convertible Preferred Stock (the "Series C Preferred"). Each share of Series C Preferred has a stated value of \$100 per share (the "Stated Value"), and is convertible, at the option of each respective holder, into that number of shares of Common Stock equal to the Stated Value, divided by \$0.15 per share (the "Conversion Shares"). The Company also has the option to require conversion of the Series C Preferred into Conversion Shares in the event: (i) there are sufficient authorized shares of Common Stock reserved as Conversion Shares; (ii) the Conversion Shares are registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), or the Conversion Shares are freely tradable, without restriction, under Rule 144 of the Securities Act; and (iii) the average closing price of the Company's Common Stock is at least \$0.62 per share for 10 consecutive trading days.

### Series C Offering

On February 20, 2015 (the "Initial Investment Date"), the Company and certain accredited investors (the "Investors") entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement (the "Purchase Agreement") wherein the Investors agreed to purchase up to 43,000 shares of Series C Preferred for \$100 per share in three separate closings (the "Series C Offering"). The Company issued an aggregate total of 18,000 shares of Series C Preferred on the Initial Investment Date, 15,000 shares on April 1, 2015 and anticipates issuing the remaining 10,000 shares on or before June 30, 2015. The Purchase Agreement also provides for the appointment of one member, designated by the Investors, to the Company's Board of Directors. As additional consideration for participating in the Series C Offering, each Investor will receive five-year warrants (the "Warrants"), exercisable for \$0.15 per share, to purchase that number of shares of the Company's Common Stock equal to 35% of the Conversion Shares issuable upon conversion of each Investor's Shares (the "Warrant Shares").

In addition to the Purchase Agreement, the Company and the Investors entered into a Registration Rights Agreement (the "Registration Rights Agreement"), pursuant to which the Company agreed to file a Registration Statement on Form S-1 with the Securities and Exchange Commission on or before July 1, 2015 in order to register the Warrant Shares issuable upon exercise of the Warrants, and the Conversion Shares issuable upon conversion of the Shares, under the Securities Act.

### Amendment to Series C Certificate of Designation.

On March 26, 2015, the Company filed the First Amended and Restated Certificate of Designation, Preferences, Rights and Limitations (the "Series C Amendment") with the Nevada Secretary of State in order to increase the number of shares of the Company's preferred stock designated as Series C Preferred from 50,000 to 90,000 and to permit the transactions contemplated by the Note Payments and the Note Exchange, as described below.

### Note Payments and Note Exchange.

Following the filing of the Series C Amendment, on March 27, 2015, the Company and the Investors entered into an amendment to the Purchase Agreement (the "Purchase Agreement Amendment") wherein the Company sold to one of the Investors an additional 27,000 shares of Series C Preferred (the "Additional Shares"), for gross proceeds of \$2.7 million, which the Company subsequently used to satisfy approximately \$2.7 million of the Company's \$3.8 million in outstanding secured promissory notes (the "Notes") (the "Note Payments"). As additional consideration for the purchase of the Additional Shares, the Investor received additional Warrants to purchase Warrant Shares equal to 35% of the Conversion Shares issuable upon conversion of the Additional Shares.

Following the Note Payments, the Company and each of the holders (the “Holders”) of the Notes remaining after the Note Payments entered into Note Exchange Agreements (the “Exchange Agreements”), wherein the Holders agreed to exchange all remaining principal and accrued interest of any such Notes into shares of Series C Preferred on substantially similar terms to those offered in the Series C Offering (the “Note Exchange”). As a result of the execution of the Exchange Agreements and the consummation of the Note Exchange, the Company issued to the Holders an aggregate total of 12,148 shares of Series C Preferred and Warrants to purchase approximately 2.8 million Warrant Shares.

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### Expansion of and Appointment of Neil LeVecke to the Board of Directors

On February 18, 2015, the Company's Board of Directors approved an increase to the size of the Board from four seats to five. On February 20, 2015, in connection with the Company's execution of the Purchase Agreement, Neil LeVecke was appointed to serve as a member of the Board.

### Resignation of Carl Wistreich and Lou Imbrogno from the Board of Directors

On March 10, 2015, Carl Wistreich and Lou Imbrogno each resigned from the Company's Board of Directors.

## Our History

### Bazi Intl. Prior to Merger with True Drinks, Inc.

Bazi Intl. was formed in 2001, under the name "Instanet, Inc." In August 2010, we changed our name to Bazi International, Inc. Until January 18, 2010, our principal channel of distribution was through a multilevel distributor network, which we terminated in January 2010 in favor of a retail and direct-to-consumer, online sales model. Bazi Intl. continued to distribute Bazi® online and through our existing database of customers, but as a result of the termination of our multilevel distributor model, most of our top distributors ended their relationship with the Company during the first quarter of 2010, causing sales of Bazi® to decrease throughout 2011 and into 2012. As a result, Bazi Intl. began suffering from a lack of sufficient capital necessary to adequately market Bazi® and support the Company's existing retail and distribution partners.

### True Drinks, Inc. Prior to Merger with the Bazi Intl.

True Drinks, Inc. (formerly GT Beverage Company, Inc.) was formed on January 19, 2012 to develop, market and sell AquaBall™ Naturally Flavored Water. In February and March of 2012, True Drinks, Inc. acquired GT Beverage Company, LLC. GT Beverage Company, LLC was formed in May 2008 to create and commercialize its Sportastic® brand sports drink, sold in round plastic bottles with registered trade dresses such as baseball and soccer designs. However, in January 2012, GT Beverage Company, LLC ceased its sports drink operations. In April 2012, True Drinks began packaging and selling AquaBall™ Naturally Flavored Water in its patented interlocking round plastic bottles, with depictions of characters from major entertainment companies, as permitted by licensing agreements with these companies.

### True Drinks, Inc. Merges into Bazi Intl.

On June 7, 2012, True Drinks, Inc., Bazi Acquisition Sub Inc. ("Merger Sub"), a Delaware corporation and a wholly-owned subsidiary of Bazi International, Inc. ("Bazi Intl."), and Bazi Intl. entered into an agreement and tax-free plan of merger (the "Merger Agreement"), wherein Merger Sub merged with and into the Company and True Drinks continued as the surviving corporation (the "Merger"). As a result of the Merger, True Drinks became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. The Merger closed on October 15, 2012 (the "Closing Date"). As a result of Merger, True Drinks, Inc.'s former shareholders owned approximately 95.5% of the combined post-Merger entity via shares of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock ("Series A Preferred") issued as part of the Merger. The Company subsequently changed its name from "Bazi International, Inc." to "True Drinks Holdings, Inc." The Merger was accounted for as a public company "reverse merger," and, as such, the consolidated financial statements reported herein reflect the operations of True Drinks, Inc. within the capital structure of Bazi Intl. Bazi Intl. was originally incorporated in the state of Nevada in January 2001.





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Our Products

We market and distribute products that move away from high sugar, high calorie and nutritionally deficient beverages to healthful, natural alternatives. Our mission is to bring integrity back to the beverage industry and that honesty applies to every drop in every bottle. Our goal is to create and deliver beverages for families that encourage improved health, while being clear about what our products contain (and what they don't).

AquaBall™ Naturally Flavored Water

Our flagship product, AquaBall™ Naturally Flavored Water, is a naturally flavored water beverage, enhanced with vitamins B3, B5, B6, B12 and C. AquaBall™ does not contain high fructose corn syrup, artificial flavors, or artificial colors. Unlike high sugar and high calorie beverages marketed toward children, AquaBall™ is sweetened with stevia, an all-natural sweetener, allowing the AquaBall™ to provide a zero-sugar, zero-calorie alternative to juice and soda for kids. The main component of the marketing vision behind the AquaBall™ brand is our licensing agreements with Disney Consumer Products, Inc. ("Disney") and Marvel Entertainment ("Marvel"), allowing each AquaBall™ to prominently feature various Disney and Marvel characters. Both Disney and Marvel characters have an established reputation of high retail sales of licensed products, giving each AquaBall™ the presence associated with these brands.

Each AquaBall™ is packaged in our patented 12 ounce stackable, spherical PET bottle, and wrapped with colorful, eye-catching labels featuring popular Disney characters and various Marvel Superheroes. AquaBall™ currently comes in fruit punch, grape, orange and berry flavors and is sold in mass-market retailers throughout the United States. AquaBall is also sold in Canada, Australia and New Zealand. AquaBall™ is also available for purchase online at <http://www.aquaballdrink.com>. During the year ended December 31, 2014, AquaBall™ sales accounted for approximately 95% of the Company's total revenues.

Bazi®

Bazi® All Natural Energy, is a liquid nutritional drink packed with eight different super fruits, including the Chinese jujube and seven other superfruits, plus 12 vitamins. The proprietary formula contains the following fruits: jujube fruit, blueberry, pomegranate, goji berry, chokeberry, raspberry, acai and sea buckthorn. Additionally, Bazi® contains 12 vitamins including vitamins A, C, E and B-complex. In August, 2011, BioEnergy Ribose was added to Bazi® enhancing the products energy delivery system. During the year ended December 31, 2014, Bazi® sales accounted for approximately 5% of the Company's total revenues.

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### Manufacturing and Distribution

#### Manufacturing

We use a limited number of third parties to supply and manufacture our products. We have co-packing agreements with 7-Up Bottling in Modesto, California, Mountain Pure in Palestine, Texas, and Adirondack Beverages in Scotia, New York to package up to 4.0 million cases per year. Bazi® has been manufactured by Arizona Packaging and Production since 2007.

#### Retail Distribution

We utilize a direct-to-retailer distribution strategy to key national accounts for sales of AquaBall™ Naturally Flavored Water, including distribution to Sam's Club, Rite-Aid, Harris Teeter Supermarkets, Value Merchandisers, and stores under the Safeway, Inc. and The Kroger Company brands nationwide. We also distribute AquaBall™ through regional distributors throughout the United States, such as Drink King in New York City and Polar Beverages in New England. Additionally, our licensing agreement with Disney Consumer Products, Inc. and Marvel Entertainment allows us to work with Disney and Marvel's dedicated sales teams who, in turn, work with top retailers to assist us with securing shelf-space for AquaBall™ and accomplishing our long-term sales objectives.

#### Online Sales

The Company's ecommerce platform allows current and future consumers to purchase AquaBall™ Naturally Flavored Water and Bazi® Energy Shot by visiting our webpages, <http://www.aquaballdrink.com> and <http://www.drinkbazi.com>. We drive traffic to relevant landing pages and micro sites through digital marketing campaigns and promotions, as well as a variety of social media marketing efforts.

#### Sales and Marketing

The Company's sales and marketing efforts are directed from our corporate offices in Irvine, California, utilizing our own staff, as well as outside resources retained to build market awareness and shelf placement of our products. The Company manages key national accounts through our in-house national sales team. Most notably, the Company began distribution of AquaBall™ Naturally Flavored Water to all Rite Aid locations in June 2014, and began shipping product on a rotational basis to Sam's Club in July 2014. The Company has signed on with certain DSD (direct store delivery) distributors throughout the United States in 2014 and continuing into 2015. The Company has agreements with Polar Beverages in New England, Drink King covering New York City, RBI Distributing in Iowa, and other regional distributors with more being signed in 2015.

Our sales teams work to secure national distribution with these customers through multiple avenues including joint sales meetings with Disney and Marvel sales personnel dedicated to these national accounts. The Company sales team also manages our national broker networks. The networks focus on areas such as regional grocery chains and the convenience store channel.

As of December 31, 2014, the Company was not dependent upon any major customers.

#### Source and Availability of Raw Materials

We utilize a variety of suppliers to purchase raw materials for the AquaBall™ Naturally Flavored Water during the year ended December 31, 2014.

During 2014, we relied significantly on one supplier for 100% of our purchases of certain raw materials for Bazi®. Bazi, Inc. has sourced these raw materials from this supplier since 2007 and does not anticipate any issues with the supply of these raw materials.

We own the formulas for both AquaBall™ Naturally Flavored Water and Bazi® Energy Shot, and we believe that our purchasing requirements can be readily met from alternative sources, if necessary.

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### Competition

The industries in which we operate are highly competitive. AquaBall™ Naturally Flavored Water competes most directly with other beverages marketed directly to children. We also compete with other manufacturers of functional beverages, and with manufacturers of more traditional beverages, such as juice and soda.

Our primary competition for AquaBall™ is in the \$1.2 billion market for products marketed directly to children, including CapriSun®, Tum-E Yummies, Good to Grow, Tummy Ticklers, Kool-aid and others. General competition in the beverage industry includes products owned by multinational corporations with significant financial resources, including Vitamin Water, owned by Coca-Cola, and Sobe and Propel, both owned by Pepsi Co. Bazi® competitors include Steaz®, Guayaki Yerba Mate, POM Wonderful®, as well as sports and energy drinks including Gatorade®, Red Bull®, 5-Hour Energy®, RockStar®, Monster®, Powerade®, Accelerade® and All Sport®. Indirect competition for the AquaBall™ and Bazi® includes soft drinks and juice products, such as Sunny Delight® and other fruit drinks. These competitors can use their resources and scale to rapidly respond to competitive pressures and changes in consumer preferences by introducing new products, reducing prices or increasing promotional activities. Many of our competitors have longer operating histories and have substantially greater financial and other resources than we do. They therefore have the advantage of established reputations, brand names, track records, back office and managerial support systems and other advantages that we cannot duplicate in the near future. Moreover, many competitors, by virtue of their longevity and capital resources, have established lines of distribution to which we do not have access, and are not likely to duplicate in the near term, if ever.

### Intellectual Property

We rely on the AquaBall™ patent, AquaBall™ and Bazi® trademarks and licensing agreements to market our products and make them stand out among our competitors.

### Patents and Trademarks

We were granted the patent for AquaBall™'s stackable, spherical drink container in 2009, via GT Beverage Company, LLC, who we purchased on March 31, 2012. We maintain trademark protection for AquaBall™ and have federal trademark registration for Bazi®. This trademark registration is protected for a period of ten years and then is renewable thereafter if still in use.

### Licensing Agreements

We entered into a three-year licensing agreement with Disney Consumer Products, Inc. ("Disney") and an 18-month licensing agreement with Marvel Characters, B.V. ("Marvel") (the "Licensing Agreements") in 2012. Each Licensing Agreement allows us to feature popular Disney and Marvel characters on AquaBall™ Naturally Flavored Water, allowing AquaBall™ to stand out among other beverages marketed towards children. Under the terms and conditions of the Licensing Agreements, we work with the Disney and Marvel teams to create colorful, eye-catching labels that surround the entire spherical shape of each AquaBall™. Once the label designs are approved, we work with Disney and Marvel to set retail calendars, rotating the placement of different AquaBall™ designs over the course of the year. The terms of the Disney Licensing Agreement ("Disney Agreement") stipulates a royalty rate of 4% on the sales of AquaBall™ Naturally Flavored Water adorned with Disney characters, paid quarterly, with a total royalty guarantee of \$231,600 over the term of the Disney Agreement which has a term ending date of March 31, 2015. In addition, the Company is required to spend 1% of sales on advertising and promotional opportunities. The Company is required to make common marketing fund contributions totaling \$96,188 over the life of the Disney Agreement. The Company and Disney are in discussions to extend this agreement.

The terms of the Marvel Licensing Agreement (“Marvel Agreement”) stipulates a royalty rate of 5% on the sales of AquaBall™ Naturally Flavored Water adorned with Marvel characters, paid quarterly. The Company recently extended the Marvel Agreement through the end of 2015. The total royalty guarantee for the period from January 1, 2014 through December 31, 2015 is \$150,000.

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### Government Regulations

The production, distribution and sale in the United States of our products are subject to various U.S. federal and state regulations, including but not limited to: the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, including as amended by the Dietary Supplement Health and Education Act of 1994; the Occupational Safety and Health Act; various environmental statutes; and a number of other federal, state and local statutes and regulations applicable to the production, transportation, sale, safety, advertising, marketing, labeling and ingredients of such products.

Certain states and localities prohibit the sale of certain beverages unless a deposit or tax is charged for containers. These requirements vary by each jurisdiction. Similar legislation has been proposed in certain other states and localities, as well as by Congress. We are unable to predict whether such legislation will be enacted or what impact its enactment would have on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

All of our facilities in the United States are subject to federal, state and local environmental laws and regulations. Although compliance with these provisions has not had any material adverse effect on our financial or competitive position, compliance with or violation of any current or future regulations and legislation could require material expenditures or have a material adverse effect on our financial results.

We believe that current and reasonably foreseeable governmental regulation will have minimal impact on our business.

### Research and Development

No expenses were recorded on research and development for the year ended December 31, 2014. We are working with certain third parties on the development of possible future products, but these projects are funded by the respective third parties. During 2012, we developed our AquaBall™ proprietary formula along with Wild Flavors, Inc., an independent third party contracted by the Company. We launched distribution and sales of the AquaBall™ in June 2012. The AquaBall™ did not require FDA or other regulatory approval. Following the initial launch of the AquaBall™, we continued research and development efforts to add more flavors to the AquaBall™ line, and modify the AquaBall™ into a zero sugar, zero calorie product. We launched the zero sugar, zero calorie line in early 2013, as well as new flavors, such as strawberry lemonade and berry. We are working on a formula that can be preservative free and produced using either a hot-fill or aseptic process.

During 2006, Bazi® was developed and was launched in January 2007. This product did not require FDA or other regulatory approval. During 2009, new ingredients and productions methods were researched to integrate into existing products or new products. Since 2012, Bazi® has been and is now being sold solely online in 12, 24, 36, 48 and 144 packs.

### Employees

We had ten full-time employees and one part-time employee as of December 31, 2014.

### Compliance with Environmental Laws

In California, we are required to collect redemption values from our retail customers and to remit such redemption values to the State of California Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery based upon the number of cans and bottles of certain carbonated and non-carbonated products sold. In certain other states where our products are sold, we are also required to collect deposits from our customers and to remit such deposits to the respective jurisdictions based upon the number of cans and bottles of certain carbonated and non-carbonated products sold in such states.





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### Available Information

As a public company, we are required to file our annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K, proxy statements on Schedule 14A and other information (including any amendments) with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). You may read and copy such material at the SEC's Public Reference Room located at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549, on official business days during the hours of 10:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m. You may obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. You can also find the Company's SEC filings at the SEC's website at <http://www.sec.gov>.

Our Internet address is [www.truedrinks.com](http://www.truedrinks.com). Information contained on our website is not part of this annual report on Form 10-K. Our SEC filings (including any amendments) will be made available free of charge on [www.truedrinks.com](http://www.truedrinks.com), as soon as reasonably practicable after we electronically file such material with, or furnish it to, the SEC.

### ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

We are subject to various risks that could have a negative effect on the Company and its financial condition. These risks could cause actual operating results to differ from those expressed in certain "forward looking statements" contained in this Annual Report on Form 10-K as well as in other communications.

#### Risks Related to the Company

We have a history of operating losses and, despite consummation of recent financings, may continue to experience liquidity problems.

We have not been profitable since inception. We had a net loss of \$8,116,603 for the year ending December 31, 2014. Although we have recently consummated equity and debt financings that we expect will result in gross proceeds in the aggregate total of approximately \$7.0 million by the end of the second quarter in 2015, of which approximately \$4.5 million has been received to date, we may require additional capital to execute our business and marketing plan and continue as a going concern. Our history of losses may impair our ability to obtain necessary financing on favorable terms or at all. It may also impair our ability to attract investors if we attempt to raise additional capital by selling additional debt or equity securities in a private or public offering.

We may need to raise additional funds to our fund operations, which cannot be assured and may result in substantial dilution to our existing shareholders.

To date, our operating funds have been provided primarily from sales of our Common Stock, preferred stock, promissory notes and, to a lesser degree, cash flow provided by sales of our products. We used \$6,677,506 of cash for operations in the year ended December 31, 2014. If our business operations do not result in increased product sales, and we are otherwise unable to secure short-term working capital, including by the issuance of promissory notes or other debt securities, our business viability, financial position, results of operations and cash flows will be adversely affected. We cannot predict the terms upon which we could raise such capital or if any capital would be available at all, and what dilution will be caused to our existing shareholders.

Our licensing agreements with Disney Consumer Products, Inc. and Marvel Characters, B.V. are critical components of the marketing of the AquaBall™ line, and there is no guarantee the licensing agreements will be renewed at the end of each agreement's term.

We currently have licensing agreements with Disney Consumer Products, Inc. (the “Disney Agreement”) and Marvel Characters, B.V. (the “Marvel Agreement”) that allow us to place popular Disney and Marvel characters on labels of AquaBall™ Naturally Flavored Water. As AquaBall™ was recently launched in June 2012, the use of these characters, including Disney Princesses and Spider-Man, is critical to making the AquaBall™ stand out among our competitors. Although these licensing agreements have varying terms, both the Disney Agreement and Marvel Agreement expire in 2015. There is no guarantee we will be able to renew these agreements upon expiration, nor are we able to guarantee that we will have licensing agreements with other companies when the Disney Agreement and Marvel Agreement expire.

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Our limited operating history makes it difficult to evaluate our prospects.

We have a limited operating history on which to evaluate our business and prospects. Our current flagship product, the AquaBall™, was formulated and introduced to the public for sale in 2012. Our other product, Bazi®, has had limited market success. There can be no assurance that we will achieve significant sales as a result of us focusing our sales efforts on the AquaBall™ product, or that our new sales model will be successful.

We also may not be successful in addressing our other operating challenges, such as developing brand awareness and expanding our market presence through retail sales and our direct-to-consumer and online sales strategy. Our prospects for profitability must be considered in light of our evolving business model. These factors make it difficult to assess our prospects.

We are affected by extensive laws, governmental regulations, administrative determinations, court decisions and similar constraints, which can make compliance costly and subject us to enforcement actions by governmental agencies.

The formulation, manufacturing, packaging, labeling, holding, storage, distribution, advertising and sale of our products are affected by extensive laws, governmental regulations and policies, administrative determinations, court decisions and similar constraints at the federal, state and local levels, both within the United States and in any country where we conduct business. There can be no assurance that we or our independent distributors will be in compliance with all of these regulations. A failure by us or our distributors to comply with these laws and regulations could lead to governmental investigations, civil and criminal prosecutions, administrative hearings and court proceedings, civil and criminal penalties, injunctions against product sales or advertising, civil and criminal liability for the Company and/or its principals, bad publicity, and tort claims arising out of governmental or judicial findings of fact or conclusions of law adverse to the Company or its principals. In addition, the adoption of new regulations and policies or changes in the interpretations of existing regulations and policies may result in significant new compliance costs or discontinuation of product sales, and may adversely affect the marketing of our products, resulting in decreases in revenues.

Our ability to increase sales is dependent on growing in our existing markets as well as expanding into new markets in other countries. As we expand into foreign markets, we will become subject to different political, cultural, exchange rate, economic, legal and operational risks. We may invest significant amounts in these expansions with little success.

We currently are focusing our marketing efforts in the United States and, to a lesser extent, Canada. We believe that our future growth will come from both the markets that we are currently operating in and other international markets. We do not have any history of international expansion, and therefore have no assurance that any efforts will result in increased revenue. Additionally, we may need to overcome significant regulatory and legal barriers in order to sell our products, and we cannot give assurance as to whether our distribution method will be accepted. These markets may require that we reformulate our product to comply with local customs and laws. However, there is no guarantee that the reformulated product will be approved for sale by these regulatory agencies or attract local distributors.

We face substantial uncertainties in executing our business plan.

Successfully executing our business plan will require us to attain certain objectives to which no assurance can be given that we will be successful in our efforts. We believe that, in order to execute our business plan and achieve the sales growth, we are anticipating we must, among other things, successfully recruit additional personnel in key positions, develop a larger distribution network and establish a broader customer base and increase awareness of our brand name. In order to implement any of these initiatives, we will be required to materially increase our operating expenses, which may require additional working capital. If we are unable to secure additional working capital, we will

be unable to accomplish our objectives, and if we are unable to accomplish one or more of these objectives, our business may fail.

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We are currently dependent on a limited number of independent suppliers and manufacturers of our products, which may affect our ability to deliver our products in a timely manner. If we are not able to ensure timely product deliveries, potential distributors and customers may not order our products, and our revenues may decrease.

We rely entirely on a limited number of third parties to supply and manufacture our product. These third party manufacturers may be unable to satisfy our supply requirements, manufacture our products on a timely basis, fill and ship our orders promptly, provide services at competitive costs or offer reliable products and services. The failure to meet any of these critical needs would delay or reduce product shipment and adversely affect our revenues, as well as jeopardize our relationships with our independent distributors and customers. In the event any of our third party manufacturers were to become unable or unwilling to continue to provide us with products in required volumes and at suitable quality levels, we would be required to identify and obtain acceptable replacement manufacturing sources. There is no assurance that we would be able to obtain alternative manufacturing sources on a timely basis. Additionally, all our third party manufacturers source the raw materials for our products, and if we were to use alternative manufacturers we may not be able to duplicate the exact taste and consistency profile of the product from the original manufacturer. An extended interruption in the supply of our products would result in decreased product sales and our revenues would likely decline.

We are dependent on our third party manufacturers to supply our products in the compositions we require, and we do not independently analyze our products. Any errors in our product manufacturing could result in product recalls, significant legal exposure, and reduced revenues and the loss of distributors.

Although we require our manufacturers to verify the accuracy of the contents of our products, we do not have the expertise or personnel to monitor the production of products by these third parties. We rely exclusively, without independent verification, on certificates of analysis regarding product content provided by our third party suppliers and limited safety testing by them. We cannot be assured that these outside manufacturers will continue to supply products to us reliably in the compositions we require. Errors in the manufacture of our products could result in product recalls, significant legal exposure, adverse publicity, decreased revenues, and loss of distributors and endorsers.

We face significant competition from existing suppliers of products similar to ours. If we are not able to compete with these companies effectively, we may not be able to achieve profitability.

We face intense competition from numerous resellers, manufacturers and wholesalers of liquid nutrition drinks similar to ours, including retail, online and mail order providers. We consider the significant competing products in the U.S. market for the AquaBall™ to be Capri-Sun, Good to Grow, Bug Juice, and other alternatives marketed towards children, and for Bazi® to be Red Bull®, Monster®, RockStar®, and 5 Hour Energy®. Most of our competitors have longer operating histories, established brands in the marketplace, revenues significantly greater than ours and better access to capital than us. We expect that these competitors may use their resources to engage in various business activities that could result in reduced sales of our products. Companies with greater capital and research capabilities could re-formulate existing products or formulate new products that could gain wide marketplace acceptance, which could have a depressive effect on our future sales. In addition, aggressive advertising and promotion by our competitors may require us to compete by lowering prices because we do not have the resources to engage in marketing campaigns against these competitors, and the economic viability of our operations likely would be diminished.

Adverse publicity associated with our products or ingredients, or those of similar companies, could adversely affect our sales and revenues.

Adverse publicity concerning any actual or purported failure of our Company to comply with applicable laws and regulations regarding any aspect of our business could have an adverse effect on the public perception of our

Company. This, in turn, could negatively affect our ability to obtain financing, endorsers and attract distributors or retailers for the AquaBall™ and/or Bazi®, which would have a material adverse effect on our ability to generate sales and revenues.

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Our distributors' and customers' perception of the safety and quality of our products or even similar products distributed by others can be significantly influenced by national media attention, publicized scientific research or findings, product liability claims and other publicity concerning our products or similar products distributed by others. Adverse publicity, whether or not accurate, that associates consumption of our products or any similar products with illness or other adverse effects, will likely diminish the public's perception of our products. Claims that any products are ineffective, inappropriately labeled or have inaccurate instructions as to their use, could have a material adverse effect on the market demand for our products, including reducing our sales and revenues.

Our products may not meet health and safety standards or could become contaminated.

We have adopted various quality, environmental, health and safety standards. We do not have control over all of the third parties involved in the manufacturing of our products and their compliance with government health and safety standards. Even if our products meet these standards they could otherwise become contaminated. A failure to meet these standards or contamination could occur in our operations or those of our bottlers, distributors or suppliers. This could result in expensive production interruptions, recalls and liability claims. Moreover, negative publicity could be generated from false, unfounded or nominal liability claims or limited recalls. Any of these failures or occurrences could negatively affect our business and financial performance.

The sale of our products involves product liability and related risks that could expose us to significant insurance and loss expenses.

We face an inherent risk of exposure to product liability claims if the use of our products results in, or is believed to have resulted in, illness or injury. Most of our products contain combinations of ingredients, and there is little long-term experience with the effect of these combinations. In addition, interactions of these products with other products, prescription medicines and over-the-counter drugs have not been fully explored or understood and may have unintended consequences. While our third party manufacturers perform tests in connection with the formulations of our products, these tests are not designed to evaluate the inherent safety of our products.

Although we maintain product liability insurance, it may not be sufficient to cover all product liability claims and such claims that may arise, could have a material adverse effect on our business. The successful assertion or settlement of an uninsured claim, a significant number of insured claims or a claim exceeding the limits of our insurance coverage would harm us by adding further costs to our business and by diverting the attention of our senior management from the operation of our business. Even if we successfully defend a liability claim, the uninsured litigation costs and adverse publicity may be harmful to our business.

Any product liability claim may increase our costs and adversely affect our revenues and operating income. Moreover, liability claims arising from a serious adverse event may increase our costs through higher insurance premiums and deductibles, and may make it more difficult to secure adequate insurance coverage in the future. In addition, our product liability insurance may fail to cover future product liability claims, which, if adversely determined, could subject us to substantial monetary damages.

The success of our business will depend upon our ability to create brand awareness.

The market for functional beverages is already highly competitive, with many well-known brands leading the industry. Our ability to compete effectively and generate revenue will be based upon our ability to create awareness of our products distinct from those of our competitors. It is imperative that we are able to convey to consumers the benefits of our products. However, advertising and packaging and labeling of such products will be limited by various regulations. Our success will be dependent upon our ability to convey to consumers that our products are superior to those of our competitors.





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We must continue to develop and introduce new products to succeed.

The functional beverage and nutritional supplement industry is subject to rapid change. New products are constantly introduced to the market. Our ability to remain competitive depends on our ability to enhance existing products, continue to develop and manufacture new products in a timely and cost effective manner, to accurately predict market transitions, and to effectively market our products. Our future financial results will depend to a great extent on the successful introduction of several new products. We cannot be certain that we will be successful in selecting, developing, manufacturing and marketing new products or in enhancing existing products.

The success of new product introductions depends on various factors, including the following:

- proper new product selection;
- successful sales and marketing efforts;
- timely delivery of new products;
- availability of raw materials;
- pricing of raw materials;
- regulatory allowance of the products; and
- customer acceptance of new products.

We may from time to time write off obsolete inventories resulting in higher expenses and consequently greater net losses.

As we sometimes produce product adorned with characters on a promotional schedule, over production of a certain character set could result in write-downs of our inventories. A change in ingredients or labeling requirements could also result in the obsolescence of certain inventory. Write-downs of this type could make it more difficult for us to achieve profitability. We did not incur a write-down against inventory for the year ended December 31, 2014.

Product returns could require us to incur significant additional expenses, which would make it difficult for us to achieve profitability.

We have not established a reserve in our financial statements for product returns. However, we may experience product returns as we shift our focus to the AquaBall™ line of products and expand our market presence nationwide. We will continue to analyze our returns to determine if a reserve is necessary. If our reserves prove to be inadequate, we may incur significant expenses for product returns. As we gain more operating experience, we may need to establish a reserve for product returns.

If we are not able to adequately protect our intellectual property, then we may not be able to compete effectively and we may not be profitable.

Our existing proprietary rights may not afford remedies and protections necessary to prevent infringement, reformulation, theft, misappropriation and other improper use of our products by competitors. We own the formulations contained in our products and the patent for the AquaBall™ bottle. We consider this patent and these product formulations our critical proprietary property, which must be protected from competitors. We do not have any

patents for our product formulations because we do not believe they are necessary to protect our proprietary rights. Although trade secret, trademark, copyright and patent laws generally provide such protection and we attempt to protect ourselves through contracts with manufacturers of our products, we may not be successful in enforcing our rights. In addition, enforcement of our proprietary rights may require lengthy and expensive litigation. We have attempted to protect some of the trade names and trademarks used for our products by registering them with the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, but we must rely on common law trademark rights to protect our unregistered trademarks. Common law trademark rights do not provide the same remedies as are granted to federally registered trademarks, and the rights of a common law trademark are limited to the geographic area in which the trademark is actually used. Our inability to protect our intellectual property could have a material adverse impact on our ability to compete and could make it difficult for us to achieve a profit.

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Compliance with changing corporate governance regulations and public disclosures may result in additional risks and exposures.

Changing laws, regulations and standards relating to corporate governance and public disclosure, including the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and new regulations from the SEC, have created uncertainty for public companies such as ours. These laws, regulations, and standards are subject to varying interpretations in many cases and as a result, their application in practice may evolve over time as new guidance is provided by regulatory and governing bodies. This could result in continuing uncertainty regarding compliance matters and higher costs necessitated by ongoing revisions to disclosure and governance practices. As a result, our efforts to comply with evolving laws, regulations, and standards have resulted in, and are likely to continue to result in, increased expenses and significant management time and attention.

Loss of key personnel could impair our ability to operate.

Our success depends on hiring, retaining and integrating senior management and skilled employees. We are currently dependent on certain current key employees, specifically Lance Leonard, our Chief Executive Officer, and Kevin Sherman, our Chief Marketing Officer, who are vital to our ability to grow our business and achieve profitability. As with all personal service providers, our officers can terminate their relationship with us at will. Our inability to retain these individuals may result in our reduced ability to operate our business.

A limited trading market currently exists for our securities, and we cannot assure you that an active market will ever develop, or if developed, will be sustained.

There is currently a limited trading market for our securities on the OTCQB marketplace. An active trading market for our Common Stock may not develop. Consequently, we cannot assure you when and if an active-trading market in our shares will be established, or whether any such market will be sustained or sufficiently liquid to enable holders of shares of our Common Stock to liquidate their investment in our company. If an active public market should develop in the future, the sale of unregistered and restricted securities by current shareholders may have a substantial impact on any such market.

The price of our securities could be subject to wide fluctuations and your investment could decline in value.

The market price of the securities of a company such as ours with little name recognition in the financial community and without significant revenues can be subject to wide price swings. The market price of our securities may be subject to wide changes in response to quarterly variations in operating results, announcements of new products by us or our competitors, reports by securities analysts, volume trading, or other events or factors. In addition, the financial markets have experienced significant price and volume fluctuations for a number of reasons, including the failure of certain companies to meet market expectations. These broad market price swings, or any industry-specific market fluctuations, may adversely affect the market price of our securities.

Companies that have experienced volatility in the market price of their stock have been the subject of securities class action litigation. If we were to become the subject of securities class action litigation, it could result in substantial costs and a significant diversion of our management's attention and resources.

Because our Common Stock may be classified as "penny stock," trading may be limited, and the share price could decline. Moreover, trading of our Common Stock, if any, may be limited because broker-dealers would be required to provide their customers with disclosure documents prior to allowing them to participate in transactions involving our Common Stock. These disclosure requirements are burdensome to broker-dealers and may discourage them from allowing their customers to participate in transactions involving our Common Stock.



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We have issued preferred stock with rights senior to our Common Stock, and may issue additional preferred stock in the future, in order to consummate a merger or other transaction necessary to continue as a going concern.

Our Articles of Incorporation authorizes the issuance of up to 5,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.001 per share (the “Preferred Stock”), without shareholder approval and on terms established by our directors, of which 2,750,000 shares have been designated as Series B Preferred and 90,000 shares have been designated as Series C Preferred. We may issue additional shares of Preferred Stock in order to consummate a financing or other transaction, in lieu of the issuance of Common Stock. The rights and preferences of any such class or series of Preferred Stock would be established by our board of directors in its sole discretion and may have dividend, voting, liquidation and other rights and preferences that are senior to the rights of the Common Stock.

You should not rely on an investment in our Common Stock for the payment of cash dividends.

Because of our significant operating losses and because we intend to retain future profits, if any, to expand our business, we have never paid cash dividends on our Common Stock and do not anticipate paying any cash dividends in the foreseeable future. You should not make an investment in our Common Stock if you require dividend income. Any return on investment in our Common Stock would only come from an increase in the market price of our stock, which is uncertain and unpredictable.

Additional risks may exist since we became public through a “reverse merger.”

Because we became public by means of a “reverse merger,” we may not be able to attract the attention of major brokerage firms. Securities analysts of major brokerage firms may not provide coverage of us since there is little incentive to brokerage firms to recommend the purchase of our Common Stock. We cannot assure you that brokerage firms will want to conduct any secondary offerings on behalf of the Company in the future.

### ITEM 1B. UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS

None.

### ITEM 2. PROPERTIES

#### Facilities

We are headquartered in Irvine, California and lease our office on a one-year lease, which term was most recently renewed in July 2013. Total rent expense for the year ended December 31, 2014 was approximately \$52,000. Total remaining payments on the lease through July 31, 2015 are approximately \$31,000.

#### Insurance

We maintain commercial general liability, including product liability coverage, and property insurance. Our policy provides for a general liability limit of \$2.0 million per occurrence, and \$10 million annual aggregate umbrella coverage.

### ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

From time to time, claims are made against the Company in the ordinary course of business, which could result in litigation. Claims and associated litigation are subject to inherent uncertainties and unfavorable outcomes could occur. In the opinion of management, the resolution of these matters, if any, will not have a material adverse impact on the

Company's financial position or results of operations.

On July 1, 2011, a lawsuit was filed in the United States District Court, the Southern District of Ohio, Cincinnati Division, against GT Beverage Company, LLC ("GT LLC") by Dominion Liquid Technologies, LLC. The lawsuit alleged that GT LLC breached terms of a 2010 co-packing agreement, which governed the relationship between the parties. In July 2014, the Company settled this lawsuit for \$350,000. The settlement was fully accrued for, and was paid for with 1,166,667 restricted shares of its Common Stock.

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On April 22, 2014, a lawsuit was filed in the Superior Court of California, County of Orange, against the Company by Advantage Sales and Marketing, LLC. The plaintiff initially claimed damages of \$92,064 for outstanding invoices. The lawsuit was settled for \$69,000 in January 2015, and was fully accrued at December 31, 2014.

During 2014, the Company issued 837,335 restricted shares of Common Stock to settle a total of \$251,651 in outstanding liabilities related to various legal expenses.

We are currently not involved in any litigation that we believe could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition or results of operations. There is no action, suit, proceeding, inquiry or investigation before or by any court, public board, government agency, self-regulatory organization or body pending or, to the knowledge of the executive officers of the Company or any of our subsidiaries, threatened against or affecting the Company, or our common stock in which an adverse decision could have a material adverse effect on our financial statements.

## ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

None.

## PART II

## ITEM 5. MARKET FOR COMMON EQUITY AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

Our Common Stock is traded on the OTCQB marketplace under the name True Drinks Holdings, Inc., and quoted on the OTCQB marketplace under the symbol TRUU.

The following table sets forth high and low bid prices for our Common Stock for the calendar quarters indicated as reported by the OTCQB. These prices represent quotations between dealers without adjustment for retail markup, markdown, or commission and may not represent actual transactions.

	High	Low
2014		
First Quarter	\$ 0.53	\$ 0.22
Second Quarter	\$ 0.49	\$ 0.28
Third Quarter	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.30
Fourth Quarter	\$ 0.38	\$ 0.13
2013		
First Quarter	\$ 3.50*	\$ 0.02*
Second Quarter	\$ 2.25*	\$ 0.85*
Third Quarter	\$ 1.04*	\$ 0.55*
Fourth Quarter	\$ 0.64*	\$ 0.20

\* Bid price reflects the 1-for-100 reverse split of our Common Stock, which reverse split took effect on January 22, 2013.

## Holders

At March 29, 2015, there were 52,490,571 shares of our Common Stock outstanding, and approximately 320 shareholders of record of our Common Stock. At March 29, 2015, there were 1,374,120 shares of our Series B

Preferred, and 18,000 shares of our Series C Preferred outstanding, held by 33 and two shareholders of record, respectively.

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### Dividends

We did not declare any dividends on common stock for the year ended December 31, 2014. Our Board of Directors does not intend to distribute dividends in the near future. Instead, we plan to retain any earnings to finance the development and expansion of our business. The declaration, payment and amount of any future dividends will be made at the discretion of the Board of Directors, and will depend upon, among other things, the results of our operations, cash flows and financial condition, operating and capital requirements, and other factors as the Board of Directors considers relevant. There is no assurance that future dividends will be paid, and if dividends are paid, there is no assurance with respect to the amount of any such dividend.

We pay dividends on our Series B Preferred stock quarterly.

### Transfer Agent

Our Transfer Agent and Registrar for our Common Stock is Corporate Stock Transfer located in Denver, Colorado.

## ITEM 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

As a “smaller reporting company” as defined by the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission, we are not required to provide this information.

## ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

You should read the following discussion and analysis in conjunction with our financial statements, including the notes thereto contained in this Annual Report. This discussion contains forward-looking statements that involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Our actual results may differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of a variety of certain factors, including those set forth under “Risk Factors Associated with Our Business” and elsewhere in this Annual Report.

### Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based upon financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. On an on-going basis, we evaluate our estimates; including those related to collection of receivables, inventory obsolescence, sales returns and non-monetary transactions such as stock and stock options issued for services. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. We believe the following critical accounting policies affect our more significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of our financial statements.

### Revenue Recognition

In accordance with ASC Topic 605 (Staff Accounting Bulletin 104 “Revenue Recognition in Financial Statements”), revenue is recognized at the point of shipment, at which time title is passed. Net sales include sales of products, sales of marketing tools to independent distributors and freight and handling charges. With the exception of retail

customers, we receive the net sales price from all of our orders in the form of cash or credit card payment prior to shipment. Retail customers with approved credit have been extended payment terms of net 30 days, with a few exceptions.

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### Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

We estimate losses on receivables based on known troubled accounts and historical experience of losses incurred. Based on our estimations, we recorded an allowance for doubtful accounts of approximately \$162,000 as of December 31, 2014.

### Inventory Valuation

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market on a first-in first-out basis. Inventory is periodically reviewed and obsolete inventories are written off. No inventory was written off as obsolete for the period ended December 31, 2014. Prior to inventory becoming obsolete, inventory which is close to expiration is donated to charitable organizations.

### Stock Based Compensation

The Company recognizes the cost of employee services received in exchange for awards of equity instruments based on the grant-date fair value of those awards in accordance with ASC Topic 718, which requires compensation costs related to share-based transactions, including employee stock options, to be recognized in the financial statements based on fair value, and the SEC's Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 107 ("SAB 107") interpreting ASC Topic 718 and the valuation of share-based payments for public companies. The Company records compensation expense on a straight-line basis. The fair value of options granted are estimated at the date of grant using a Black-Scholes option pricing model with assumptions for the risk-free interest rate, expected life, volatility, dividend yield and forfeiture rate.

### Intangible Assets

Intangible assets consists of the direct costs incurred for application fees and legal expenses associated with trademarks on the Company's products, customer first, and the estimated value of GT Beverage Company, LLC's interlocking spherical bottle patent acquired on March 31, 2012. The Company's intangible assets, are amortized over their estimated useful remaining lives. The Company evaluates the useful lives of its intangible assets annually and adjusts the lives according to the expected useful life. No impairment was deemed necessary as of December 31, 2014.

### Goodwill

Goodwill represents the future economic benefits arising from other assets acquired that are individually identified and separately recognized. Goodwill and intangible assets acquired in a purchase business combination and determined to have an indefinite useful life are not amortized, but are tested for impairment at least annually.

### Derivative Instruments

A derivative is an instrument whose value is "derived" from an underlying instrument or index such as a future, forward, swap, option contract, or other financial instrument with similar characteristics, including certain derivative instruments embedded in other contracts ("embedded derivatives") and for hedging activities. As a matter of policy, the Company does not invest in financial derivatives or engage in hedging transactions. However, the Company has entered into complex financing transactions that involve financial instruments containing certain features that have resulted in the instruments being deemed derivatives or containing embedded derivatives. The Company may engage in other similar complex debt transactions in the future, but not with the intention to enter into derivative instruments. Derivatives and embedded derivatives, if applicable, are measured at fair value using the binomial lattice- ("Binomial Lattice") pricing model and marked to market and reflected on our consolidated statement of operations as other

(income) expense at each reporting period. However, such new and/or complex instruments may have immature or limited markets. As a result, the pricing models used for valuation of derivatives often incorporate significant estimates and assumptions, which may impact the level of precision in the financial statements. Furthermore, depending on the terms of a derivative or embedded derivative, the valuation of derivatives may be removed from the financial statements upon conversion of the underlying instrument into some other security.

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Results of Operations Results of Operations – Fiscal Years Ended December 31, 2014 and 2013

Net Sales

Net sales for the year ended December 31, 2014 were \$4,693,414 compared to \$2,649,473 during the same period in 2013, an increase of 77%. This increase in net sales is attributable to the continued execution of our business plan, including sales of AquaBall™ Naturally Flavored Water to key retail accounts during the year ended December 31, 2014, including entrance into the club channel with significant sales at Sam’s Club and distribution to 280 Wal-Mart stores.

The percentage that each product category represented of our net sales is as follows:

Product Category	Year Ended December 31, 2014 % of Sales
AquaBall™	95%
Bazi®	5%

Gross Profit

Gross profit for the year ended December 31, 2014 was \$291,712, as compared to \$521,762 for the year ended December 31, 2013. Gross profit as a percentage of revenue (gross margin) during the year ended December 31, 2014 was 6%. This figure was affected by the high costs of our raw materials due to the low volume of product manufactured during the year. Additionally, the Company’s entrance into the club channel on a national level in November 2014 resulted in a negative gross margin for the fourth quarter. However, we expect our margins on sales in the club channel to increase in 2015 due to increased volumes and the anticipated consistency of the club business.

Sales, General and Administrative Expense

Sales, general and administrative expenses were \$8,838,209 for the year ended December 31, 2014 as compared to \$5,925,895 for the year ended December 31, 2013. This increase is primarily due to increases in costs related to sales such as freight for shipping orders to customers and license fees. There were also significant increases in marketing expenditure, and slight increases in payroll related expenses such as health insurance for employees during the 2014 period.

Interest Expense

Interest expense for the year ended December 31, 2014 was \$202,773 as compared to \$1,824,074 for the year ended December 31, 2013. The decrease was due to the Company’s repayment and conversion of its 2012 convertible note financing beginning in the fourth quarter of 2013, as well as the recording of shares issued and lender’s fees in connection with the issuance of the convertible notes being recorded to interest expense, and the commencement of certain private placements in June 2013. The 2013 figure includes \$1,332,543 in accretion of the debt discount on notes payable created by the embedded conversion feature of the notes and the warrants issued with the notes to investors. In 2014, the interest figure was related to notes payable, a large portion of which originated in the fourth quarter.

Net Loss

Our net loss for the year ended December 31, 2014 was \$8,116,603 as compared to a net loss of \$7,122,135 for the year ended December 31, 2013. On a per share basis, our loss was \$0.23 and \$0.26 per share for the years ended December 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. Although we experienced an increase in net sales during the year ended December 31, 2014 as compared to the same period in 2013, the increased period over period losses are primarily the result of the decrease in gross margins on sales as AquaBall™ Naturally Flavored Water entered the club channel, and the increase in sales and marketing expenses during the 2014 period. As explained above, we expect our margins on sales in the club channel to increase in 2015 due to increased volumes and the anticipated consistency of the club business.

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Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our auditors have included a paragraph in their report on our consolidated financial statements, included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014, indicating that there is substantial doubt as to the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern. The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which contemplates continuation of the Company as a going concern. For the year ended December 31, 2014, the Company incurred a net loss of \$8,116,603. At December 31, 2014, the Company has negative working capital of \$4,750,656 and an accumulated deficit of \$18,358,081. Although, during the year ended December 31, 2014, the Company raised approximately \$1.9 million resulting from the sale of shares of Series B Preferred, approximately \$4.0 million in promissory notes, and, subsequent to December 31, 2014, has raised approximately \$4.5 million from the sale of shares of Series C Preferred, as discussed below, additional capital will be necessary to advance the marketability of the Company's products to the point at which the Company can sustain operations. Management's plans are to continue to contain expenses, expand distribution and sales of its AquaBall™ Naturally Flavored Water as rapidly as economically possible, and raise capital through equity and debt offerings to execute the Company's business plan and achieve profitability from continuing operations. The accompanying consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result in the event the Company is unsuccessful in its plans.

The Company has financed its operations through sales of equity and, to a lesser degree, cash flow provided by sales of AquaBall™. Despite recent sales of preferred stock as described below, funds generated from sales of shares of our preferred stock or other equity or debt securities, and cash flow provided by AquaBall™ sales may be insufficient to fund our operating requirements for the next twelve months. As a result we may require additional capital to continue operating as a going concern. No assurances can be given that we will be successful.

Series C Offering, Note Payments and Note Exchange

As described under Part I, Item I above, on February 20, 2015, the Company and certain Investors entered into Purchase Agreements wherein the Investors agreed to purchase up to 43,000 shares of newly created Series C Preferred for \$100 per share in three separate closings. The Company issued an aggregate total of 18,000 shares of Series C Preferred on the Initial Investment Date of February 20, 2015, and anticipates issuing 15,000 shares on or before April 1, 2015 and the remaining 10,000 shares on or before June 30, 2015. As additional consideration for participating in the Series C Offering, each Investor will receive five-year Warrants, exercisable for \$0.15 per share, to purchase that number of shares of the Company's Common Stock equal to 35% of the Conversion Shares issuable upon conversion of each Investor's Shares.

On March 27, 2015, the Company and the Investors entered into the Purchase Agreement Amendment wherein the Company sold to one of the Investors 27,000 Additional Shares of Series C Preferred for gross proceeds of \$2.7 million, which the Company subsequently used to satisfy approximately \$2.7 million of the Company's \$3.8 million in outstanding Notes. As additional consideration for the purchase of the Additional Shares, the Investor received additional Warrants to purchase Warrant Shares equal to 35% the Conversion Shares issuable upon conversion of the Additional Shares.

Following the Note Payments, the Company and each of the Holders of the Notes remaining after the Note Payments entered into Exchange Agreements, wherein the Holders agreed to exchange all remaining principal and accrued interest of any such Notes into shares of Series C Preferred on substantially similar terms to those offered in the Series C Offering. As a result of the execution of the Exchange Agreements and the consummation of the Note Exchange, the Company issued to the Holders an aggregate total of 12,148 shares of Series C Preferred and Warrants to purchase approximately 2.8 million Warrant Shares.

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To date, the Company has issued 57,148 shares of Series C Preferred and Warrants to purchase an aggregate total of 13.3 million shares of Common Stock during the Series C Offering, resulting in gross proceeds of \$4.5 million and satisfaction of all amounts owed under the Notes.

Off-Balance Sheet Items

We had no off-balance sheet items as of December 31, 2014.

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ITEM 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

A smaller reporting company is not required to provide the information required by this item.

ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The audited consolidated financial statements of True Drinks, Inc., including the notes thereto, together with the report thereon of Squar, Milner, Peterson, Miranda & Williamson, LLP, independent registered public accounting firm, are included in this annual report on Form 10-K as a separate section beginning on page F-1.

ITEM 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

None.

ITEM 9A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

(a) Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures.

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and Rule 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, which we refer to as the Exchange Act) that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our periodic reports filed under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the SEC, and that this information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive and financial officers, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Our management, with the participation and supervision of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this Annual Report on Form 10-K. In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognized that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives. In addition, the design of disclosure controls and procedures must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints and that management is required to apply its judgment in evaluating the benefits of possible controls and procedures relative to their costs.

Based on that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective based on our material weakness in the form of lack of segregation of duties, which stems from our early stage status and limited capital resources to hire additional financial and administrative staff.

(b) Management's Annual Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting.

Section 404(a) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 requires that management document and test the Company's internal control over financial reporting and include in this Annual Report on Form 10-K a report on management's assessment of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting.

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(f) of the Exchange Act. Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, we conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting based upon the framework in Internal

Control—Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (“COSO”). Based on that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was not effective based on the material weakness indicated below:

We lack segregation of duties, which stems from our early stage status and limited capital resources to hire additional financial and administrative staff.

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Our plan to remediate this material weakness, subject to monetary constraints, is to hire additional personnel and/or utilize outside consultants to provide an acceptable level of segregation of duties.

This Annual Report on Form 10-K does not include an attestation report of the Company's registered public accounting firm regarding internal control over financing reporting. Management's report was not subject to attestation by the Company's registered public accounting firm pursuant to a provision in the Dodd-Frank Financial Reform Act that exempts public companies with market capitalization not exceeding \$75 million from having to comply with that provision of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.

(c) Changes in internal controls over financial reporting.

The Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have determined that there have been no changes, in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the period covered by this report identified in connection with the evaluation described in the above paragraph that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, Company's internal control over financial reporting.

ITEM 9B. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

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## PART III

## ITEM 10. DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

## Directors and Executive Officers

The following sets forth certain information regarding each of our directors and executive officers:

Name	Age	Position
Lance Leonard	50	President, Chief Executive Officer and Director
Daniel Kerker	42	Chief Financial Officer, Treasurer and Secretary
Kevin Sherman	44	Chief Marketing Officer
Scot Cohen	45	Director
Neil LeVecke	47	Director

Directors hold office until the next annual meeting of stockholders following their election unless they resign or are removed as provided in the bylaws. Our officers serve at the discretion of our Board of Directors.

The following is a summary of our executive officers' and directors' business experience.

## Executive Officers

Lance Leonard, Chief Executive Officer and Director. Mr. Leonard has 22 years of consumer product experience. He began his career in 1990 with M&M/Mars working in the confection division holding a series of sales and management roles within the United States. In 2000, he joined Nestle where he managed both national account teams and division sales including leading the Costco wholesale National Account team. He was appointed Western Zone Manager for Nestle Waters in 2006 where he had responsibility for all sales and marketing in 17 western states. In 2009, Mr. Leonard was appointed Director of Global Customers at Nestle Waters where he helped develop their go-to-market strategies in emerging markets and was responsible for managing one billion dollars in global sales. Mr. Leonard left Nestle to become the Chief Executive Officer of True Drinks, Inc. on July 16, 2012, and was appointed to the Board in October 2012. He is a native of California and received his bachelor's degree from California State University, Fresno.

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee believes Mr. Leonard's extensive experience in the food and beverage industry, particularly his experience with organizational design, allow him to uniquely contribute to the Company's short-term and long-term business plan.

Daniel Kerker, Chief Financial Officer. Mr. Kerker is a professional with over 15 years of experience in finance and accounting in both private and public entities. He spent seven years as Director of Finance at Anheuser-Busch Sales of Los Angeles, an Anheuser-Busch-owned distributor with over \$200 million in annual sales, leaving in 2010. Prior to joining True Drinks, Inc., Mr. Kerker spent two years working as interim CFO for Environmental Packaging Technologies in Houston, Texas, and Regeneca, Inc. in Irvine, California. Mr. Kerker became Chief Financial Officer of True Drinks on March 1, 2012. Mr. Kerker earned a Bachelor of Science in Finance from California State University, Northridge and an MBA in Finance from UCLA's Anderson School of Management, where he was a Harold M. Williams Fellow for graduating at the top of his class and won the J. Fred Preston Award for Achievement in Finance.

Kevin Sherman, Chief Marketing Officer. Mr. Sherman has served as the Chief Marketing Officer, managing the brand development of AquaBall™ Naturally Flavored Water since he joined the Company in October 2012. Prior to

joining True Drinks, Mr. Sherman was the Vice President Strategy and Network Development and President of Retail for Bazi, Inc. He was instrumental in the development of Bazi's All-Natural formula and spearheaded the concept of all-natural energy. Prior to Bazi, Mr. Sherman served as the Senior Manager of Network Development of Product Partners LLC from May 2008 to May 2009, chief operating officer of Hand & Associates from January 2008 to May 2008, and as the director of development and principal of Holy Innocents School from August 2007 to December 2007. Mr. Sherman also served as the principal of Saints Peter and Paul School from January 2004 to August 2007.

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### Board of Directors

Scot Cohen, Director. Mr. Cohen was appointed to the Board in March 2013 and is the Founder and Managing Partner of V3 Capital Partners, a private investment firm focused on early-stage companies primarily in the consumer products industry, and Co-Manager of Red Fortune Fund, a private equity fund based in Hong Kong. Mr. Cohen also is the Founder of Petro River Oil LLC and Chairman of Petro River Oil Corp, a publicly traded oil and gas producer with assets in Kansas and Oklahoma, and Petro Spring, a global oil and gas technology solutions provider. Prior to creating V3 Capital Partners, Mr. Cohen was the Founder and Managing Partner at Iroquois Capital Opportunity Fund, a special situations private equity investment fund, and a Co-Founder of Iroquois Capital, a hedge fund with investments in small and micro-cap private and public companies. Mr. Cohen is active in philanthropic activities with numerous charities including the Jewish Enrichment Council and is a Founder and the Chairman of the National Foundation for Veteran Redeployment, a 501(c)3 non-profit organization whose mission is to help unemployed veterans prepare for and enter new careers in the oil and gas industry. Mr. Cohen holds a Bachelor of Science degree from Ohio University in 1991.

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee believes Mr. Cohen's success with multiple private investment firms, his extensive contacts within the investment community and financial expertise will assist the Company's efforts to raise capital to fund the continued implementation of the Company's business plan.

Neil LeVecke, Director. Mr. LeVecke is the President of LeVecke Corporation, a wholesale distributor and bottler of spirits and wine products. Representing a third generation in the family business, he has worked every position in the company since starting in 1993. Mr. LeVecke graduated from Loyola Marymount University in 1990.

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee believes Mr. LeVecke's 22 years in the wholesale beverage distributing and bottling industry will provide the Board with invaluable insight and guidance as the Company continues to expand the sales of the AquaBall™ Naturally Flavored Water to both existing and new retail accounts.

Lance Leonard, Chief Executive Officer and Director. See above.

There have been no events under any bankruptcy act, no criminal proceedings and no judgments or injunctions material to the evaluation of the ability and integrity of any director or nominee during the past ten years.

### BOARD OF DIRECTORS

#### Attendance at Meetings

The Board held seven meetings, and acted one time by unanimous written consent during the year ended December 31, 2014. Each director attended at least 75% of Board meetings during the year ended December 31, 2014. We have no formal policy with respect to the attendance of Board members at annual meetings of shareholders but encourage all incumbent directors and director nominees to attend each annual meeting of shareholders.

#### Board Charters

The Board has adopted a charter with respect to its governance, which includes consideration of director nominees.

#### Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliances

Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act requires the Company's directors, executive officers and beneficial owners of more than 10% of the Company's Common Stock to file with the Securities and Exchange Commission initial reports of

ownership and reports of changes in ownership of Common Stock and other equity securities of the Company. To our knowledge, based solely on a review of the copies of such reports furnished to us and written representations that no other reports were required, during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014, all Section 16(a) filing requirements were complied with in a timely manner.

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## Code of Ethics

We have adopted a Code of Ethics that applies to all of our directors, officers and employees, which is filed as an exhibit to this Annual Report.

## ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

The following table sets forth information with respect to compensation earned by the Company's Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, and Chief Marketing Officer. There was not any other executive officer who served in 2014 and whose annual compensation exceeded \$100,000 during such year (collectively the "Named Executive Officers"):

Summary Compensation Table

Name and Principal Position	Year	Salary (\$)	Bonus (\$)	Stock Awards (\$)	Option Awards (\$)(1)	Non-Equity Incentive		Total (\$)
						Plan Compensation (\$)	All Other Compensation (\$)	
Lance Leonard, Chief Executive Officer, Director	2014	\$ 250,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 375,188	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 625,188
	2013	\$ 250,000	\$ 75,000	\$ -	\$ 112,250	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 437,250
Daniel Kerker, Chief Financial Officer	2014	\$ 180,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 262,794	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 442,794
	2013	\$ 180,000	\$ 88,750	\$ -	\$ 39,375	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 308,125
Kevin Sherman, Chief Marketing Officer	2014	\$ 156,250	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 262,795	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 419,045
	2013	\$ 132,500	\$ 37,500	\$ -	\$ 42,385	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 212,385

(1) The Company uses a Black-Scholes option-pricing model (the "Black-Scholes Model") to estimate the fair value of the stock option grant. The use of a valuation model requires the company to make certain assumptions with respect to selected model inputs. Expected volatility was calculated based on the historical volatility of the company's stock price. In the future the average expected life will be based on the contractual term of the option and expected employee exercise and post-vesting employment termination behavior. Currently it is based on the simplified approach provided by SAB 107. The risk-free interest rate is based on U.S. Treasury zero-coupon issues with a remaining term equal to the expected life assumed at the date of the grant. The following were the factors used in the Black Sholes Model to calculate the compensation expense:

For the



	year ended December 31, 2014
Stock price volatility	75%
Risk-free rate of return	0.66%
Annual dividend yield	-
Expected life	30 months

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## Stock Option Grants

In 2014, we issued the options listed below to the executive officers above. There were no stock options exercised in 2014.

Name	Grant Date	All Other Option Awards: Number of Securities Underlying Options (#)	Exercise or Base Price of Option Awards (\$/ Sh)
Lance Leonard	February 7, 2014	491,478	\$ 0.25
Daniel Kerker	February 7, 2014	368,609	\$ 0.25
Kevin Sherman	February 7, 2014	368,609	\$ 0.25
Lance Leonard	July 18, 2014	1,718,550	\$ 0.38
Daniel Kerker	July 18, 2014	1,264,580	\$ 0.38
Kevin Sherman	July 18, 2014	1,264,582	\$ 0.38

## Employment Agreements

Effective July 15, 2012, the Company appointed Lance Leonard as its Chief Executive Officer and Daniel Kerker as its Chief Financial Officer. Mr. Leonard is employed as the Chief Executive Officer of True Drinks, Inc., our wholly owned subsidiary. The Company assumed the Employment Agreement that True Drinks entered into with Mr. Leonard on July 16, 2012 (the “Leonard Agreement”) effective October 15, 2012. The term of the Leonard Agreement is for a period of three years, which shall extend automatically for successive one-year periods unless either party terminates the Leonard Agreement. Mr. Leonard shall receive a base salary in an annual amount of \$250,000 and shall be eligible to receive annual bonuses, which, subject to certain conditions, shall be (a) \$75,000 for the first year, (b) \$125,000 for the second year and (c) \$175,000 for the third year of Mr. Leonard’s employment. Mr. Leonard shall also be entitled to earn stock option compensation equal to a total of 1,228,695 shares of the Company’s Common Stock over the term of the agreement. Mr. Leonard’s employment may be terminated during the nine month period following the effective date of the Leonard Agreement at any time, in the sole discretion of the Company, and may thereafter be terminated for “Performance Cause”, if the Company consistently fails to meet reasonable performance expectations, or for “Cause”, if Mr. Leonard (a) is convicted of any fraud or embezzlement, (b) commits acts of dishonesty, gross negligence or willful misconduct or (c) violates any law or regulation relating to the business operations of the Company that may have a material adverse effect on the Company. If the Company terminates Mr. Leonard’s employment for reasons other than for Cause, the Company shall pay a severance in an amount equal to one year of Mr. Leonard’s base salary, and, if the Leonard Agreement is terminated within nine months of its effective date, Mr. Leonard’s base salary for the remainder of such nine month period.

Mr. Kerker is employed as the Chief Financial Officer of True Drinks. The Company assumed the Employment Agreement that True Drinks entered into with Mr. Kerker on March 1, 2012 (the “Kerker Agreement”) effective October 15, 2012. The term of the Kerker Agreement is for a period of three years, which shall extend automatically for successive one-year periods unless the Kerker Agreement is terminated by either party. Mr. Kerker shall receive a base salary of \$12,500 per month until the earlier of September 1, 2012 or the Company achieving \$1,000,000 in monthly gross sales, in which case the base salary shall be increased (a) to \$15,000 per month, or (b) if the Company

achieves \$2,000,000 in monthly gross sales, to \$16,250 per month. Mr. Kerker shall also receive an annual bonus as approved by the Board and shall be entitled to earn stock option compensation to acquire a total of 430,043 shares of the Company's Common Stock over the term of the agreement. Mr. Kerker's employment may be terminated for "Cause", if Mr. Kerker (a) is convicted of any fraud or embezzlement, (b) after written notice, willfully breaches or habitually neglects his duties and responsibilities, (c) commits acts of dishonesty, gross negligence or willful misconduct or (d) violates any law or regulation relating to the business operations of the Company that may have a material adverse effect on the Company. If the Company terminates Mr. Kerker's employment for reasons other than for Cause, the Company shall pay a severance in an amount equal to six months of Mr. Kerker's base salary.

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Mr. Sherman is employed as the Chief Marketing Officer of True Drinks. The Company entered into an employment agreement with Mr. Sherman (the “Sherman Agreement”) effective October 1, 2014. The term of the Sherman Agreement is for a period of three years, which shall extend automatically for successive one-year periods unless the Sherman Agreement is terminated by either party. Mr. Sherman shall receive a base salary of \$14,583.33 per month. Mr. Sherman shall also receive an annual bonus as approved by the Board and shall be entitled to earn stock option compensation. Mr. Sherman’s employment may be terminated for “Cause”, if Mr. Sherman (a) is convicted of any fraud or embezzlement, (b) after written notice, willfully breaches or habitually neglects his duties and responsibilities, (c) commits acts of dishonesty, gross negligence or willful misconduct or (d) violates any law or regulation relating to the business operations of the Company that may have a material adverse effect on the Company. If the Company terminates Mr. Sherman’s employment for reasons other than for Cause, the Company shall pay a severance in an amount equal to six months of Mr. Sherman’s base salary.

Other than as set forth above, there are no arrangements or understandings between our executive officers and any other person pursuant to which they were appointed as officers. Neither of the Incoming Officers has a family relationship that is required to be disclosed under Item 401(d) of Regulation S-K.

## Director Compensation

Pursuant to the Company’s Director Compensation Plan, non-employee directors (“Outside Directors”) shall receive (a) a \$30,000 annual cash retainer, payable in equal quarterly installments, (b) additional committee retainers as determined by the Board and (c) reimbursement for expenses related to Board meeting attendance and committee participation. The Chairman of the Board also receives an additional \$20,000 annual retainer. Directors that are also employees of the Company do not receive additional compensation for serving on the Board.

The following table discloses certain information concerning the compensation of the Company’s non-employee directors for the year ended December 31, 2014:

Name	Fees earned or Paid in Cash (\$)	Option Awards (\$)	Stock Awards (\$)	Total (\$)
Scot Cohen	\$ 30,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 30,000
Neil LeVecke (1)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Timothy Lane (2)	\$ 43,478	\$ 105,668	\$ -	\$ 149,146
Carl Wistreich (3)	\$ 30,000	\$ 70,036	\$ -	\$ 100,036
Lou Imbrogno (3)	\$ 30,000	\$ 70,036	\$ -	\$ 100,036

(1) Mr. LeVecke was appointed to the Company’s Board of Directors on February 18, 2015, and, as such, received no director compensation during the year ended December 31, 2014.

(2) Mr. Lane did not stand for re-election at the Company’s 2014 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

(3) Messrs. Wistreich and Imbrogno each resigned from the Board of Directors on March 10, 2015.

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## Outstanding Equity Awards as of December 31, 2014

Name	Option Awards Equity Incentive Plan Awards:			Option Exercise Price (\$)	Option Expiration Date
	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#) Exercisable(1)	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#) Unexercisable	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#) Unearned		
Lance Leonard	-	-	256,725	\$ 0.6104	7/14/2015
Lance Leonard	-	122,869	368,609	\$ 0.25	2/7/2024
Lance Leonard	-	736,812	1,953,708	\$ 0.38	7/18/2021
Daniel Kerker	-	157,975	210,634	\$ 0.25	2/7/2024
Daniel Kerker	-	377,580	1,317,043	\$ 0.38	7/18/2021
Kevin Sherman	-	157,975	210,634	\$ 0.25	2/7/2024
Kevin Sherman	-	316,146	1,378,479	\$ 0.38	7/18/2021

## Equity Compensation Plan Information

2013 Stock Incentive Plan. The 2013 Stock Incentive Plan (the “2013 Plan”) was adopted by the Company’s Board of Directors on December 31, 2013. The 2013 Plan reserves for issuance 20.0 million shares of Common Stock for issuance to all employees (including, without limitation, officers and directors who are also employees) of the Company or any subsidiary of the Company (each a “Subsidiary”), any non-employee director, consultants and independent contractors of the Company or any Subsidiary, and any joint venture partners (including, without limitation, officers, directors and partners thereof) of the Company or any Subsidiary. Awards under the 2013 Plan may be made in the form of: (i) incentive stock options within the meaning of Section 422 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, once the 2013 Plan has been approved by a majority of the Company’s stockholders; (ii) stock options that do not qualify as incentive stock options; and/or (iii) awards of shares that are subject to certain restrictions specified in the 2013 Plan.

Options to Purchase an aggregate total of 11,999,998 shares of Common Stock were made under the 2013 Plan during the year ended December 31, 2014.

## Stock Option Exercises and Stock Vested

There were no options exercised by the Named Executive Officers or Directors during the year ended December 31, 2014.

## Post-Employment Compensation, Pension Benefits, Nonqualified Deferred Compensation

There were no post-employment compensation, pension or nonqualified deferred compensation benefits earned by the Named Executive Officers during the year ended December 31, 2014.



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## ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDERS MATTERS

As of March 31, 2015, we had three classes of voting stock outstanding: (i) Common Stock; (ii) Series B Preferred; and (iii) Series C Preferred. The following tables set forth information regarding shares of Series B Preferred and Common Stock beneficially owned as of March 31, 2015 by:

- (i) Each of our officers and directors;
- (ii) All officer and directors as a group; and
- (iii) Each person known by us to beneficially own five percent or more of the outstanding shares of our Series B Preferred, Series C Preferred and Common Stock. Percent ownership is calculated based on 1,374,120 shares of Series B Preferred, 57,148 shares of Series C Preferred and 52,490,571 shares Common Stock outstanding at March 31, 2015.

## Beneficial Ownership of Series B Preferred

Name and Address (1)	Series B Convertible Preferred Stock (2)(3)	% Ownership of Class (4)
Scot Cohen(5)	166,250	12.10%
Total Officers and Directors (1)	166,250	12.10%
First Bank & Trust as custodian of Ronald L. Chez IRA 820 Church Street Evanston Illinois, 60201	425,000	30.93%
V3 Capital Partners LLC 20 East 20th Street, Apt. 6 New York, NY 10003	150,000	10.92%
Wolfson Equities LLC 1 State Street Plaza, 29th Floor New York, NY 10004	187,500	13.65%
Joe Kolling 58 Beacon Bay Newport Beach, CA 92660	100,000	7.28%

\* Less than 1%.

(1) Each of the Company's officers and directors who do not hold shares of Series B Preferred were excluded from this table. Unless otherwise indicated, the address for each stockholder is 18552 MacArthur Blvd., Suite 325, Irvine, CA 92612.

(2) Subject to the limitations in the Certificate of Designation, each share of Series B Preferred is convertible into that number of shares of Common Stock equal to the Stated Value, divided by the Conversion Price, as defined in the Certificate of Designation. As of March 31, 2015, the Conversion Price was \$0.25.

(3) Pursuant to the Certificate of Designation, shares of Series B Preferred may not be converted or exercised, as applicable, to the extent that the holder and its affiliates would own more than 9.99%

of the Company's outstanding Common Stock after such conversion. The Certificate of Designation also entitles each share of Series B Preferred to vote, on an as converted basis, along with the Common Stock; provided, however, that the Series B Preferred may not be voted to the extent that the holder and its affiliates would control more than 9.99% of the Company's voting power.

- (4) Beneficial ownership is determined in accordance with the rules of the SEC and generally includes voting or investment power with respect to securities.
- (5) Includes 3,750 shares held directly by Mr. Cohen, 150,000 shares held by V3 Capital Partners and 12,500 shares held by the Scot Jason Cohen Foundation. Mr. Cohen is the Managing Partner of V3 Capital Partners and is an officer of the Scot Jason Cohen Foundation.



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## Beneficial Ownership of Series C Preferred

Name and Address (1)	Series C Convertible Preferred Stock	% Ownership of Class (2)
LB 2, LLC 2560 East Chapman Avenue, Suite 173 Orange, CA 92869	42,000	73.49%
Robert B. Stewart, Jr. Separate Property Trust U/A/D 11/10/08 2007 Altura Drive Corona del mar, CA 92625	3,000	5.25%
Chris Turoci 974 Sandstone Dr. Glendora, CA 91740	5,220	9.13%

\* Less than 1%.

(1) Each of the Company's directors and officers was excluded from this table, as none of our officers or directors hold shares of Series C Preferred.

(2) Beneficial ownership is determined in accordance with the rules of the SEC and generally includes voting or investment power with respect to securities.

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## Beneficial Ownership of Common Stock

Name, Address and Title (if applicable) (1)	Number of Shares (1)	% Ownership of Class (2)
Lance Leonard (3) President, Chief Executive Officer and Director	1,261,475	2.4%
Daniel Kerker (4) Chief Financial Officer, Treasurer and Secretary	675,978	1.3%
Kevin Sherman (5) Chief Marketing Officer	711,023	1.3%
Scot Cohen (6) Director	3,540,226	6.3%
Neil LeVecke Director	—	*
Total officers and directors (7)	6,188,702	11.3%
MKM Opportunity Master Fund, Ltd (8) 28 West 44th Street, 16th Floor New York, NY 10036	4,265,729	8.1%
First Bank & Trust as custodian of Ronald L. Chez IRA (9)(10) 820 Church Street Evanston Illinois, 60201	11,397,294	9.9%
V3 Capital Partners LLC (11) 20 East 20th Street, Apt. 6 New York, NY 10003	3,242,476	5.8%
Wolfson Equities, LLC (12) 1 State Street Plaza, 29th Floor New York, NY 10004	4,125,968	7.3%
LB 2, LLC (13) 2560 East Chapman Avenue, Suite 173 Orange, CA 92869	37,800,000	41.9%
Chris Turoci (14) 974 Sandstone Dr. Glendora, CA 91740	7,090,697	15.7%

\* Less than 1%

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- (1) Beneficial ownership is determined in accordance with the rules of the SEC and generally includes voting or investment power with respect to securities. All entries exclude beneficial ownership of shares issuable pursuant to options that have not vested or that are not otherwise exercisable as of the date hereof or which will not become vested or exercisable within 60 days of March 31, 2015.
- (2) Percentages are rounded to nearest one-tenth of one percent. Percentages are based on 52,490,571 shares of Common Stock outstanding. Options that are presently exercisable or exercisable within 60 days are deemed to be beneficially owned by the person holding the options for the purpose of computing the percentage ownership of that person, but are not treated as outstanding for the purpose of computing the percentage of any other person.
- (3) Comprised of 33,185 shares held of record and 1,228,290 shares issuable pursuant to options which are presently exercisable or which become exercisable within 60 days of March 31, 2015.
- (4) Comprised of 675,978 shares issuable pursuant to options which are presently exercisable or which become exercisable within 60 days of March 31, 2015.
- (5) Comprised of 55,523 shares held of record and 655,500 shares issuable pursuant to options which are presently exercisable or which become exercisable within 60 days of March 31, 2015.
- (6) Comprised of 33,986 shares held of record, of 64,976 shares held of record by V3 Capital Partners, of 5,430 shares held by the Scot Jason Cohen Foundation, 2,460,000 shares issuable upon conversion of 153,750 shares of Series B Preferred directly held by V3 Capital Partners, 717,500 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants directly held by V3 Capital Partners, 200,000 shares issuable upon conversion of 12,500 shares of Series B Preferred directly held by the Scot Jason Cohen Foundation and 58,334 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants directly held by the Scot Jason Cohen Foundation each of which are presently exercisable or which become exercisable within 60 days of March 31, 2015.  
  
Mr. Cohen is the Managing Partner of V3 Capital Partners and an officer of the Scot Jason Cohen Foundation.
- (7) Comprised of 263,086 shares of Common Stock held of record, 4,116,118 shares issuable pursuant to options, 3,216,064 shares issuable upon conversion of 201,004 shares of Series B Preferred and 927,139 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants, each of which are presently exercisable or which become exercisable within 60 days of March 31, 2015.
- (8) Based on ownership information from Amendment No. 1 to Schedule 13G filed by MKM Opportunity Master Fund, Ltd. (“MKM Opportunity”) on October 15, 2014. Includes shares held by MKM Opportunity, MKM Capital Advisors, LLC (“MKM Capital”) and David Skriloff.

MKM Capital serves as investment manager to MKM Opportunity, and, as such, may be deemed to hold an indirect beneficial interest in the shares of Common Stock that are directly beneficially owned by MKM Opportunity. David Skriloff is the managing member of MKM Capital and the portfolio manager of MKM Opportunity, and, as such, may be deemed to hold an indirect beneficial interest in the shares of Common Stock that are directly beneficially owned by MKM Opportunity. Based on the foregoing, David Skriloff and MKM Capital hold shared dispositive power of shares owned by MKM Opportunity. Each Reporting Person disclaims beneficial ownership of all securities other than those owned of record by such Reporting Person.

- (9) Pursuant to the Certificate of Designation, shares Series B Preferred may not be converted or exercised, as applicable, to the extent that the holder and its affiliates would own more than 9.99% of the Company's outstanding Common Stock after such conversion (the "Maximum Percentage Limitation"). The Certificate of Designation also entitles each share of Series B Preferred to vote, on an as converted basis, along with the Common Stock; provided, however, that the Series B Preferred may not be voted to the extent that the holder and its affiliates would control more than the Maximum Percentage Limitation.

Although the percentage ownership reflects the limitations in the Certificate of Designation, the securities reported reflects the number of shares of Common Stock that would be issuable upon full conversion of the Series B Preferred and full exercise of warrants held by Mr. Chez. Absent the Maximum Percentage Limitation, the Mr. Chez's total holdings of Common Stock (assuming exercise of Mr. Chez's warrants, and conversion of the Series B Preferred in full) would be 11,397,294 shares of Common Stock in the aggregate, or 18.67%.

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- (10) Based on ownership information from Amendment No. 1 to Schedule 13D filed by Individual Retirement Accounts for the benefit of Ronald L. Chez, Ronald L. Chez Individually and the Chez Family Foundation. Includes 6,800,000 shares issuable upon conversion of 425,000 shares of Series B Preferred and 1,983,335 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants, each of which are presently exercisable or which become exercisable within 60 days of March 31, 2015.
- (11) Comprised of 64,976 shares held of record, 2,460,000 shares issuable upon conversion of 153,750 shares of Series B Preferred and 717,500 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants, each of which are presently exercisable or which become exercisable within 60 days of March 31, 2015.
- (12) Comprised of 250,968 shares held of record, 3,000,000 shares issuable upon conversion of 187,500 shares of Series B Preferred and 875,000 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants, each of which are presently exercisable or which become exercisable within 60 days of March 31, 2015.
- (13) Comprised of 28,000,000 shares issuable upon conversion of 42,000 shares of Series C Preferred and 9,800,000 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants, each of which are presently exercisable or which become exercisable within 60 days of March 31, 2015.
- (14) Comprised of 1,462,697 shares held of record, 3,480,000 shares issuable upon conversion of 5,220 shares of Series C Preferred, 720,000 shares issuable upon conversion of 45,000 shares of Series B Preferred and 1,428,000 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants, each of which are presently exercisable or which become exercisable within 60 days of March 31, 2015.

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ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS, RELATED TRANSACTIONS, AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE

None.

ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT FEES AND SERVICES

Set forth below are fees paid to the Company's current independent accountants, Squar, Milner, Peterson, Miranda & Williamson, LLP ("Squar Milner") for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013 for the professional services performed for the Company.

Audit Fees

The following table presents fees for professional services billed by Squar, Milner, Peterson, Miranda & Williamson, LLP for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013.

	For the years ended December 31,	
	2014	2013
Audit fees	\$ 56,000	\$ 56,000
Tax fees	-	-
All other fees	8,265	-
Total	\$ 64,265	\$ 56,000

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## PART IV.

## ITEM 15. EXHIBITS

## (a) Exhibits

Exhibit No	Description
2.1	Agreement and Plan of Merger among Bazi International, Inc., Bazi Acquisition Sub, Inc., GT Beverage Company, Inc. and MKM Capital Advisors, LLC dated as of June 7, 2012, incorporated by reference from Exhibit 2.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 21, 2012.
3.1	Articles of Incorporation, incorporated by reference from Exhibit 3.01 to Form SB-2 filed on February 27, 2001.
3.1.1	Certification of Amendment to the Articles of Incorporation incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1.1 filed with Form 10-QSB filed November 14, 2003.
3.2	Amended and Restated By-laws filed with Form 10-KSB on March 3, 2005, as Exhibit 3.2, and incorporated herein by reference.
3.3	Amendment to the Amended and Restated Bylaws of Bazi International, Inc., incorporated by reference from Exhibit 3.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on October 17, 2012.
3.3	Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation filed with Form 8-K on August 2, 2010 as Exhibit 3.1, and incorporated herein by reference.
3.4	Certification of Amendment to the Article of Incorporation with Form 8-K on May 20, 2011 as Exhibit 3.1, and incorporated herein by reference.
3.5	Certificate of Amendment to the Articles of Incorporation, incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 3.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed January 22, 2013.
3.6	Certificate of Amendment to the Articles of Incorporation of True Drinks Holdings, Inc., dated February 6, 2014, incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 3.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed February 6, 2014.
4.1	Certificate of Designation, Preferences, Rights and Limitations of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock of Bazi International, Inc., incorporated by reference from Exhibit 4.2 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on October 17, 2012.
4.2	Certificate of Withdrawal of the Series A Convertible Preferred Stock of True Drinks Holdings, Inc., dated February 18, 2015, incorporated by reference from Exhibit 3.3 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on February 23, 2015.
4.3	Certificate of Designation, Preferences, Rights, and Limitations of Series B Convertible Preferred Stock of True Drinks Holdings, Inc., incorporated by reference from Exhibit 3.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K, filed November 26, 2013.
4.4	First Amended and Restated Certificate of Designation, Preferences, Rights and Limitations of the Series B Convertible Preferred Stock of True Drinks Holdings, Inc., dated February 18, 2015, incorporated by reference from Exhibit 3.2 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on February 23, 2015.
4.5	Certificate of Designation, Preferences, Rights and Limitations of the Series C Convertible Preferred Stock of True Drinks Holdings, Inc., dated February

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18, 2015, incorporated by reference from Exhibit 3.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on February 23, 2015.

4.6	First Amended and Restated Certificate of Designation, Preferences, Rights and Limitations of the Series C Convertible Preferred Stock of True Drinks Holdings, Inc., dated March 26, 2015, filed herewith.
10.1	Employment agreement with Lance Leonard, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 filed with the Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed April 5, 2013.
10.2	Employment agreement with Dan Kerker, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 filed with the Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed April 5, 2013.
10.3	Employment agreement with Kevin Sherman, filed herewith.
10.4	Form of Securities Purchase Agreement, incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K, filed November 26, 2013.
10.5	Loan and Security Agreement, by and between the Company and Avidbank, dated November 29, 2013, incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K, filed December 5, 2013.
10.6	2013 Stock Incentive Plan, incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.17 to the Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed March 31, 2014.
10.7	Secured Promissory Note issued on September 12, 2014 by True Drinks Holdings, Inc. to Scot Cohen, incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K, filed October 2, 2014.
10.8	Form of Secured Promissory Note, incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.2 to the Current Report on Form 8-K, filed October 2, 2014.
10.9	Form of Securities Purchase Agreement, dated February 20, 2015, incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K, filed February 23, 2015.
10.10	Form of Amendment No. 1 to Securities Purchase Agreement, dated March 27, 2015, filed herewith.
10.11	Form of Common Stock Purchase Warrant, dated February 20, 2015, incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.2 to the Current Report on Form 8-K, filed February 23, 2015.
10.12	Form of Registration Rights Agreement, dated February 20, 2015, incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.3 to the Current Report on Form 8-K, filed February 23, 2015.
10.13	Form of Indemnification Agreement, dated February 20, 2015, incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.4 to the Current Report on Form 8-K, filed February 23, 2015.
10.14	Form of Note Exchange Agreement, dated March 27, 2015, filed herewith.
14.1	Code of Ethics filed with Form 10-K on March 31, 2011 and incorporated herein by reference.
14.2	Board Charter filed with Form 10-K on March 31, 2011 and incorporated herein by reference.
21.1	Subsidiaries of True Drinks Holdings, Inc., filed herewith.
31.1	Certification of CEO as Required by Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14, filed herewith.
31.2	Certification of CFO as Required by Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14, filed herewith.
32.1	Certification of CEO as Required by Rule 13a-14(a) and Rule 15d-14(b) (17 CFR 240.15d-14(b)) and Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 of the United States Code, filed herewith.
32.2	Certification of CFO as Required by Rule 13a-14(a) and Rule 15d-14(b) (17 CFR 240.15d-14(b)) and Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 of the United States Code, filed herewith.
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document



101.SCH XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema  
101.CAL XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase  
101.DEF XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase  
101.LAB XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase  
101.PRE XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase

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SIGNATURES

In accordance with Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, there unto duly authorized.

Registrant	True Drinks Holdings, Inc.
Date: April 2, 2015	/s/ Lance Leonard Lance Leonard Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer), Director
Date: April 2, 2015	/s/ Daniel Kerker Daniel Kerker Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

In accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this Report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the Company and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Date: April 2, 2015	/s/ Lance Leonard Lance Leonard Chief Executive Officer, Director
Date: April 2, 2015	/s/ Scot Cohen Scot Cohen Director
Date: April 2, 2015	/s/ Neil LeVecke Neil LeVecke Director

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders  
True Drinks, Inc.  
Irvine, California

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of True Drinks, Inc. as of December 31, 2014 and 2013 and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the years then ended. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement. The Company was not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audits included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of True Drinks, Inc. as of December 31, 2014 and 2013 and the consolidated results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in Note 1, the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As of and for the year ended December 31, 2014, the Company incurred a net loss of \$8,116,603, has negative working capital of \$4,750,656, and an accumulated deficit of \$18,358,081. A significant amount of additional capital will be necessary to advance the marketability of the Company's products to the point at which the Company can sustain operations. These conditions, among others, raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans regarding these matters are also described in Note 1. The accompanying consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

/s/ Squar, Milner, Peterson, Miranda & Williamson, LLP  
Squar, Milner, Peterson, Miranda & Williamson, LLP

April 2, 2015  
Newport Beach, California

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TRUE DRINKS, INC.  
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS  
December 31, 2014 and 2013

	2014	2013
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Current Assets:		
Cash	\$ 668,326	\$ 3,136,766
Accounts receivable, net	343,709	175,068
Inventory	1,363,443	1,056,756
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	628,675	591,434
<b>Total Current Assets</b>	<b>3,004,153</b>	<b>4,960,024</b>
Restricted Cash	133,198	133,065
Property and Equipment, net	4,587	8,399
Patents, net	1,211,765	1,352,941
Trademarks, net	6,849	48,516
Goodwill	3,474,502	3,474,502
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>\$ 7,835,054</b>	<b>\$ 9,977,447</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 1,922,285	\$ 1,222,404
Debt	4,263,002	2,596,667
Derivative liabilities	1,569,522	1,619,021
<b>Total Current Liabilities</b>	<b>7,754,809</b>	<b>5,438,092</b>
Commitments and Contingencies (Note 7)		
Stockholders' Equity:		
Common Stock, \$0.001 par value, 120,000,000 and 40,000,000 shares authorized, 48,622,675 and 27,885,587 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively	48,623	27,886
Preferred Stock – Series B (liquidation preference of \$4 per share), \$0.001 par value, 2,750,000 shares authorized, 1,490,995 and 1,776,923 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively	1,491	1,777
Additional paid in capital	18,388,212	14,751,170
Accumulated deficit	(18,358,081)	(10,241,478)
<b>Total Stockholders' Equity</b>	<b>80,245</b>	<b>4,539,355</b>
<b>Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity</b>	<b>\$ 7,835,054</b>	<b>\$ 9,977,447</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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TRUE DRINKS, INC.  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS  
For the Years Ended December 31, 2014 and 2013

	2014	2013
Net Sales	\$ 4,693,414	\$ 2,649,473
Cost of Sales	4,401,702	2,127,711
Gross Profit	291,712	521,762
Operating Expenses		
Selling and marketing	4,388,108	2,224,801
General and administrative	4,450,101	3,701,094
Total operating expenses	8,838,209	5,925,895
Operating Loss	(8,546,497)	(5,404,133)
Other Expense		
Change in fair value of derivative liabilities	621,159	1,361,597
Interest expense- accretion of debt discount	-	(864,921)
Interest expense	(202,773)	(1,824,074)
Other income (expense)	11,508	(390,604)
	429,894	(1,718,002)
Net Loss	\$ (8,116,603)	\$ (7,122,135)
Dividends on Preferred Stock	\$434,096	\$ -
Net loss attributable to common stockholders	\$(8,550,699 )	\$ (7,122,135)
Net loss per common share		
Basic and diluted	\$ (0.23)	\$ (0.26)
Weighted average common shares outstanding, basic and diluted	36,429,303	27,489,422

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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TRUE DRINKS, INC.  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF  
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY  
For the Years Ended December 31, 2014 and 2013

	Common Stock		Preferred Stock		Additional Paid-In Capital	Retained Earnings (Accumulated Deficit)	Total Stockholders' Equity
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount			
Balance – December 31, 2012	1,337,335	\$ 1,337	1,544,565	\$ 1,545	\$ 7,467,015	\$ (3,119,343)	\$ 4,350,554
Conversion of Preferred Stock to Common Stock	25,304,017	25,304	(1,544,565)	(1,545)	(23,759)	-	-
Issuance of Common Stock related to debt financing	268,800	269	-	-	208,821	-	209,090
Issuance of Common Stock for debt conversions	860,821	861	-	-	859,957	-	860,818
Issuance of Preferred Stock for debt conversions, net of warrants issued	-	-	264,423	264	823,396	-	823,660
Elimination of derivative liability from conversion of debt to preferred stock	-	-	-	-	64,970	-	64,970
Issuance of Common Stock for services	114,614	115	-	-	122,135	-	122,250
Issuance of Preferred Stock for services	-	-	17,500	18	69,982	-	70,000
Issuance of Preferred Stock for cash, net of warrants issued	-	-	1,495,000	1,495	4,364,488	-	4,365,983
Stock-based compensation	-	-	-	-	794,165	-	794,165
Net Loss	-	-	-	-	-	(7,122,135)	(7,122,135)

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Balance – December 31, 2013	27,885,587	\$ 27,886	1,776,923	\$ 1,777	\$ 14,751,170	\$ (10,241,478)	\$ 4,539,355
Conversion of Preferred Stock to Common Stock	16,021,632	16,022	(1,001,352)	(1,001)	(15,021)	-	-
Issuance of Preferred Stock for debt conversions, net of warrants issued	-	-	204,732	205	619,154	-	619,359
Issuance of Common Stock for services	1,751,270	1,751	5,692	5	542,775	-	544,531
Issuance of Preferred Stock for cash, net of warrants issued	-	-	505,000	505	1,440,064	-	1,440,569
Issuance of Common Stock for settlement of debt	2,004,002	2,004	-	-	599,647	-	601,651
Cashless exercise of warrants	78,427	78	-	-	(78)	-	-
Stock-based compensation	-	-	-	-	497,271	-	497,271
Dividends declared on Preferred Stock	-	-	-	-	(434,096)	-	(434,096)
Reclassification of Derivative liability	-	-	-	-	44,751	-	44,751
Issuance of Common Stock for dividends on Preferred Stock	881,757	882	-	-	342,575	-	343,457
Net Loss	-	-	-	-	-	(8,116,603)	(8,116,603)
Balance – December 31, 2014	48,622,675	\$ 48,623	1,490,995	\$ 1,491	\$ 18,388,212	\$ (18,358,081)	\$ 80,245

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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TRUE DRINKS, INC.  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS  
For the Years Ended December 31, 2014 and 2013

	2014	2013
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Net loss	\$ (8,116,603)	\$ (7,122,135)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities		
Depreciation	6,161	18,298
Amortization	182,843	191,177
Accretion of deferred financing costs	-	864,921
Provision for bad debt expense	(48,473 )	150,000
Change in estimated fair value of derivative	(621,159)	(1,361,597)
Amortization of debt discount	-	1,332,543
Fair value of stock issued for services	544,531	401,341
Stock based compensation	497,271	794,165
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(120,168)	(194,159)
Inventory	(306,687)	(223,882)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(37,241)	(322,718)
Other assets	-	3,948
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	1,369,819	76,210
Net cash used in operating activities	(6,649,706)	(5,391,888)
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Change in restricted cash	(133)	(51,795)
Purchase of property and equipment	(2,349)	(1,298)
Net cash used in investing activities	(2,482)	(53,093)
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Proceeds from issuance of Series B Preferred Stock, net	1,857,413	5,483,144
Proceeds from debt	4,263,002	6,549,000
Deferred financing costs paid	-	(420,813)
Repayments on debt	(1,936,667)	(3,034,033)
Net cash provided by financing activities	4,183,748	8,577,298
<b>NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH</b>	<b>(2,468,440)</b>	<b>3,132,317</b>
CASH – beginning of year	3,136,766	4,449
CASH – end of year	\$ 668,326	\$ 3,136,766
<b>SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES</b>		
Interest paid in cash	\$ 7,944	\$ 211,247
Non-cash financing and investing activities:		
Conversion of preferred stock to common stock	\$ 15,021	\$ 25,304
Conversion of notes payable and accrued interest to common stock	\$ 818,926	\$ 1,836,253
Dividends paid in common stock	\$ 343,457	\$ -



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Dividends declared	\$434,096	\$ -
Reclassification of derivative liability	\$ 44,751	\$ -
Warrants issued in connection with Series B Offering	\$ 616,411	\$ 1,268,937
Warrants issued as deferred financing costs	\$ -	\$ 444,108
Warrants issued as debt discount	\$ -	\$ 1,332,543
Elimination of derivative liability from conversion of debt to preferred stock	\$ -	\$ 64,970
Issuance of common stock for settlement of debt	\$ 601,651	\$ -
Cashless exercise of warrants	\$ 78	\$ -

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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TRUE DRINKS HOLDINGS, INC.  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Overview

True Drinks Holdings, Inc. (the "Company", "us" or "we") was incorporated in the state of Nevada in January 2001 and is the holding company for True Drinks, Inc. ("True Drinks"), formed on January 19, 2012 in Delaware to create and commercialize all-natural, vitamin-enhanced drinks. Our primary business is the development, marketing, sale and distribution of our flagship product, AquaBall™ Naturally Flavored Water, a vitamin-enhanced, naturally flavored water drink packaged in our patented stacking spherical bottles. We distribute AquaBall™ nationally through select retail channels, such as grocery stores, mass merchandisers, drug stores, club stores and online. We also market and distribute Bazi® All Natural Energy, a liquid nutritional supplement drink, which is currently distributed through select retail channels, online, and through our existing database of customers.

Our principal place of business is 18552 MacArthur Boulevard, Suite 325, Irvine, California, 92612. Our telephone number is (949) 203-2500. Our corporate website address is <http://www.truedrinks.com>. Our Common Stock, par value \$0.001 ("Common Stock") is currently listed for quotation on the Over-the-Counter marketplace ("OTCQB") under the symbol TRUU.

Recent Developments

Amendment to Series B Preferred Certificate of Designation. On February 18, 2015, the Company filed the First Amended and Restated Certificate of Designation, Preferences, Rights and Limitations of the Series B Convertible Preferred Stock (the "Series B Amendment") with the Nevada Secretary of State in order to: (i) eliminate certain provisions pertaining to the adjustment of the conversion price of the Series B Convertible Preferred Stock ("Series B Preferred") and (ii) eliminate the protective provision preventing the Company from issuing securities senior to or pari passu in rank to the Series B Preferred without first receiving approval from holders of 66% of the issued and outstanding shares of Series B Preferred. The Series B Amendment was approved by the written consent of stockholders holding approximately 79% of the issued and outstanding shares of Series B Preferred.

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Creation of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock. On February 18, 2015, the Company filed the Certificate of Designation, Preferences, Rights and Limitations of the Series C Convertible Preferred Stock with the Nevada Secretary of State, designating 50,000 shares of the Company's preferred stock, par value \$0.001 per share, as Series C Convertible Preferred Stock (the "Series C Preferred"). Each share of Series C Preferred has a stated value of \$100 per share (the "Stated Value"), and is convertible, at the option of each respective holder, into that number of shares of Common Stock equal to the Stated Value, divided by \$0.15 per share (the "Conversion Shares"). The Company also has the option to require conversion of the Series C Preferred into Conversion Shares in the event: (i) there are sufficient authorized shares of Common Stock reserved as Conversion Shares; (ii) the Conversion Shares are registered under the Securities Act of 1933, or the Conversion Shares are freely tradable, without restriction, under Rule 144 of the Securities Act; and (iii) the average closing price of the Company's Common Stock is at least \$0.62 per share for 10 consecutive trading days.

Series C Offering. On February 20, 2015 (the "Initial Investment Date"), the Company and certain accredited investors (the "Investors") entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement (the "Purchase Agreement") wherein the Investors agreed to purchase up to 43,000 shares of Series C Preferred for \$100 per share in three separate closings (the "Series C Offering"). The Company issued an aggregate total of 18,000 shares of Series C Preferred on the Initial Investment Date, 15,000 shares on April 1, 2015 and anticipates issuing the remaining 10,000 shares on or before June 30, 2015. The Purchase Agreement also provides for the appointment of one member, designated by the Investors, to the Company's Board of Directors. As additional consideration for participating in the Series C Offering, each Investor will receive five-year warrants (the "Warrants"), exercisable for \$0.15 per share, to purchase that number of shares of the Company's Common Stock equal to 35% of the Conversion Shares issuable upon conversion of each Investor's Shares (the "Warrant Shares"). In addition to the Purchase Agreement, the Company and the Investors entered into a Registration Rights Agreement (the "Registration Rights Agreement"), pursuant to which the Company agreed to file a Registration Statement on Form S-1 with the Securities and Exchange Commission on or before July 1, 2015 in order to register the Warrant Shares issuable upon exercise of the Warrants, and the Conversion Shares issuable upon conversion of the Shares, under the Securities Act.

Amendment to Series C Certificate of Designation. On March 26, 2015, the Company filed the First Amended and Restated Certificate of Designation, Preferences, Rights and Limitations (the "Series C Amendment") with the Nevada Secretary of State in order to increase the number of shares of the Company's preferred stock designated as Series C Preferred from 50,000 to 90,000 and to permit the transactions contemplated by the Note Payments and the Note Exchange, as described below.

Note Payments and Note Exchange. Following the filing of the Series C Amendment, on March 27, 2015, the Company and the Investors entered into an amendment to the Purchase Agreement (the "Purchase Agreement Amendment") wherein the Company sold to one of the Investors an additional 27,000 shares of Series C Preferred (the "Additional Shares"), for gross proceeds of \$2.7 million, which the Company subsequently used to satisfy approximately \$2.7 million of the Company's \$3.8 million in outstanding secured promissory notes (the "Notes") (the "Note Payments"). As additional consideration for the purchase of the Additional Shares, the Investor received additional Warrants to purchase Warrant Shares equal to 35% the Conversion Shares issuable upon conversion of the Additional Shares.

Following the Note Payments, the Company and each of the holders (the "Holders") of the Notes remaining after the Note Payments entered into Note Exchange Agreements (the "Exchange Agreements"), wherein the Holders agreed to exchange all remaining principal and accrued interest of any such Notes into shares of Series C Preferred on substantially similar terms to those offered in the Series C Offering (the "Note Exchange"). As a result of the execution of the Exchange Agreements and the consummation of the Note Exchange, the Company issued to the Holders an aggregate total of 12,148 shares of Series C Preferred and Warrants to purchase approximately 2.8 million Warrant Shares.

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### Basis of Presentation and Going Concern

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which contemplates continuation of the Company as a going concern. For the year ended December 31, 2014, the Company incurred a net loss of \$8,116,603. At December 31, 2014, the Company has negative working capital of \$4,750,656 and an accumulated deficit of \$18,358,081. A significant amount of additional capital will be necessary to advance the marketability of the Company's products to the point at which the Company can sustain operations. These conditions, among others, raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans are to continue to raise capital through equity and debt offerings, and to expand sales as rapidly as economically viable. The accompanying consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

### Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries True Drinks, Inc., Bazi, Inc. and GT Beverage Company, LLC. All inter-company accounts and transactions have been eliminated in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements.

### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates made by management include, among others, provision for losses on accounts receivable, allowances for obsolete and slow moving inventory, stock compensation, deferred tax asset valuation allowances, derivative liabilities, and the realization of long-lived and intangible assets, including goodwill. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### Revenue Recognition

In accordance with Staff Accounting Bulletin ("SAB") No. 104 "Revenue Recognition in Financial Statements", revenue is recognized at the point of shipment, at which time title is passed. Net sales include sales of products, slotting fees, discounts and freight and handling charges. With approved credit, we provide wholesale customers payment terms of up to net 30 days. Amounts received for unshipped merchandise are recorded as customer deposits and are included in accrued expenses.

### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, to be cash equivalents. The Company maintains cash with high credit quality financial institutions. At certain times, such amounts may exceed Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance limits. The Company has not experienced any losses on these amounts. At December 31, 2014 and 2013, the Company had no cash equivalents.

### Restricted Cash

The Company had \$133,198 and \$133,065 in restricted cash with a financial institution securing a letter of credit at December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The letter of credit matures in August 2015 and was issued as part of contractual obligations related to one of our licensing agreements with Disney Consumer Products, Inc.

Accounts Receivable

We maintain an allowance for doubtful accounts, which is analyzed on a periodic basis to ensure that it is adequate to the best of management's knowledge. Management develops an estimate of the allowance for doubtful accounts receivable based on its own judgment as to the likelihood of ultimate payment. Although the Company expects to collect amounts due, actual collections may differ from these estimated amounts. The allowance was approximately \$162,000 and \$210,000 at December 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively.

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Concentrations

The Company has no significant off-balance sheet concentrations of credit risk such as foreign exchange contracts, options contracts or other foreign hedging arrangements. The Company maintains the majority of its cash balances with two financial institutions. There are funds in excess of the federally insured amount, or that are subject to credit risk, and the Company believes that the financial institutions are financially sound and the risk of loss is minimal.

We utilized a variety of suppliers to purchase raw materials for the AquaBall™ Naturally Flavored Water during the year ended December 31, 2014.

During 2014, we relied significantly on one supplier for 100% of our purchases of certain raw materials for Bazi®. Bazi, Inc. has sourced these raw materials from this supplier since 2007 and does not anticipate any issues with the supply of these raw materials.

A significant portion of our revenue comes from sales of the AquaBall™ Naturally Flavored Water. For the year ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, sales of AquaBall™ accounted for 95% and 90% of the Company's total revenue, respectively.

Fair Value Matters

The Company does not have any assets or liabilities carried at fair value on a recurring or non-recurring basis, except for derivative liabilities.

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued expenses, and notes payable. Management believes that the carrying amount of these financial instruments approximates their fair values, due to their relatively short-term nature.

Inventory

Inventory is stated at the lower of cost or market on a FIFO (first-in first-out) basis. Provision is made to reduce excess or obsolete inventory to the estimated net realizable value. The Company purchases for resale a vitamin-enhanced flavored water beverage and a liquid dietary supplement.

Management reviews the carrying value of inventory in relation to its sales history and industry trends to determine an estimated net realizable value. Changes in economic conditions or customer demand could result in obsolete or slow moving inventory that cannot be sold or must be sold at reduced prices and could result in an inventory reserve. No inventory reserves were considered necessary as of December 31, 2014 or 2013.

Inventory is comprised of the following:

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
Purchased materials	\$ 796,609	\$ 659,835
Finished goods	566,834	396,921
	\$ 1,363,443	\$ 1,056,756

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost. The Company provides for depreciation of property and equipment using the straight-line method based on estimated useful lives of between three and ten years. Property and equipment is not significant to the consolidated financial statements as of or for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013.

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### Long-Lived Assets

The Company reviews its long-lived assets for impairment whenever changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. For purposes of evaluating the recoverability of long-lived assets, the recoverability test is performed using undiscounted net cash flows estimated to be generated by the asset. An impairment was not deemed necessary in 2014 or 2013.

### Intangible Assets

Intangible assets consists of the direct costs incurred for application fees and legal expenses associated with trademarks on the Company's products, customer list, and the estimated value of GT Beverage Company, LLC's interlocking spherical bottle patent acquired on March 31, 2012. The Company's intangible assets are amortized over their estimated remaining useful lives. The Company evaluates the useful lives of its intangible assets annually and adjusts the lives according to the expected useful life. No impairment was deemed necessary as of December 31, 2014 or December 31, 2013.

### Goodwill

Goodwill represents the future economic benefits arising from other assets acquired that are individually identified and separately recognized. Goodwill and intangible assets acquired in a purchase business combination and determined to have an indefinite useful life are not amortized, but are tested for impairment at least annually.

### Income Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes in accordance with FASB Accounting Standards Codification 740 ("ASC Topic 740"), formerly Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes" ("SFAS 109"). Under the asset and liability method of ASC Topic 740, deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the estimated future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax basis. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates in effect for the year in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled.

### Stock-Based Compensation

Total stock-based compensation expense, for all of the Company's stock-based awards recognized for the year ended December 31, 2014 and 2013 was \$497,271 and \$794,165, respectively.

The Company uses a Black-Scholes option-pricing model (the "Black-Scholes Model") to estimate the fair value of the stock option and warrants. The use of a valuation model requires the Company to make certain assumptions with respect to selected model inputs. Expected volatility is calculated based on the historical volatility of the Company's stock price over the contractual term of the option. The expected life is based on the contractual term of the option and expected employee exercise and post-vesting employment termination behavior. Currently it is based on the simplified approach provided by SAB 107. The risk-free interest rate is based on U.S. Treasury zero-coupon issues with a remaining term equal to the expected life assumed at the date of the grant (see Note 3 below).

Shares, warrants and options issued to non-employees for services are accounted for at fair value, based on the fair value of instrument issued or the fair value of the services received, whichever is more readily determinable.



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### Derivative Instruments

A derivative is an instrument whose value is “derived” from an underlying instrument or index such as a future, forward, swap, option contract, or other financial instrument with similar characteristics, including certain derivative instruments embedded in other contracts (“embedded derivatives”) and for hedging activities. As a matter of policy, the Company does not invest in financial derivatives or engage in hedging transactions. However, the Company has entered into complex financing transactions that involve financial instruments containing certain features that have resulted in the instruments being deemed derivatives or containing embedded derivatives. The Company may engage in other similar complex debt transactions in the future, but not with the intention to enter into derivative instruments. Derivatives and embedded derivatives, if applicable, are measured at fair value using the binomial lattice- (“Binomial Lattice”) pricing model and marked to market and reflected on our consolidated statement of operations as other (income) expense at each reporting period. However, such new and/or complex instruments may have immature or limited markets. As a result, the pricing models used for valuation of derivatives often incorporate significant estimates and assumptions, which may impact the level of precision in the financial statements. Furthermore, depending on the terms of a derivative or embedded derivative, the valuation of derivatives may be removed from the financial statements upon conversion of the underlying instrument into some other security.

### Net Loss Per Share

Earnings per share require presentation of both basic earnings per common share and diluted earnings per common share. Since the Company has a net loss for all periods presented, Common Stock equivalents are not included in the weighted average calculation since their effect would be anti-dilutive. At December 31, 2014 and 2013, the Company had 101,200,639 and 72,900,080 shares of Common Stock equivalents outstanding, respectively.

### Research and Development

Research and development costs are expensed as incurred.

### Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers: Topic 606. This ASU outlines a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers and supersedes most current revenue recognition guidance. This accounting standard is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim reporting periods within that reporting period. Early adoption is not permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact this accounting standard will have on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

### NOTE 2 – SHAREHOLDERS’ EQUITY

The holders of Common Stock are entitled to receive, when and as declared by the Board of Directors, dividends payable either in cash, in property or in shares of Common Stock of the Company. Dividends have no cumulative rights and dividends will not accumulate if the Board of Directors does not declare such dividends.

The holders of Series A Preferred were entitled to receive, when and as declared by the Board of Directors, dividends payable either in cash, in property or in shares of the Common Stock of the Company, in an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the dividend to which such shares of Series A Preferred would have been entitled had such share been converted into shares of Common Stock. The holders of Series A Preferred voted together with holders of Common Stock on an as-converted basis. On January 18, 2013, upon the filing of the Amendment to the Articles of Incorporation, the Company converted 1,544,565 shares of Series A Preferred issued to former True Drinks

shareholders into 25,304,017 shares of the Company's Common Stock. In February 2015, the Company filed a Certificate of Elimination with the State of Nevada to eliminate the Series A Preferred Stock.

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Each share of Series B Preferred had a stated value of \$4.00 per share (“Stated Value”) and accrued annual dividends equal to 5% of the Stated Value, payable by the Company in quarterly installments, in either cash or shares of Common Stock. Each share of Series B Preferred was convertible, at the option of the holder, into that number of shares of Common Stock equal to the Stated Value, divided by \$0.25 per share (the “Conversion Shares”). The Company also has the option to require the conversion of the Series B Preferred into Conversion Shares in the event: (i) there were sufficient authorized shares of Common Stock reserved as Conversion Shares; (ii) the Conversion Shares were registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “Securities Act”), or the Conversion Shares were freely tradable, without restriction, under Rule 144 of the Securities Act; (iii) the daily trading volume of the Company's Common Stock, multiplied with the closing price, equaled at least \$250,000 for 20 consecutive trading days; and (iv) the average closing price of the Company's Common Stock was at least \$0.62 per share for 10 consecutive trading days.

Between January and September 2013, the Company issued 268,800 shares of its Common Stock as offering costs relating to bridge loans made to the Company. Such loans have short-term maturities of approximately four months. The Company expensed the fair value of the Common Stock issued of \$209,090 to interest expense during the year ended December 31, 2013.

In March 2013, the Company issued 38,250 shares of its Common Stock in connection with two consulting agreements. The Company expensed the fair value of the Common Stock issued of \$38,250 to consulting expense during the year ended December 31, 2013.

Between April and May 2013, the Company issued a total of 860,821 shares of its Common Stock to holders of \$860,818 in outstanding convertible notes payable, lenders fees and accrued interest upon receiving conversion notices on the underlying notes.

Between July and August 2013, the Company issued 76,364 shares of its Common Stock in connection with two consulting agreements. The Company expensed the fair value of the Common Stock issued of \$84,000 to consulting expense during the year ended December 31, 2013.

In November 2013, the Company issued 1,495,000 shares of its Series B Preferred to certain accredited investors pursuant to subscription agreements in exchange for a total of \$5,980,000 in cash, less cash fees of \$496,854. The investors also received Warrants to purchase 6,976,667 shares of the Company's Common Stock for \$0.30 per share. The Company also issued 1,235,867 warrants to Merriman Capital, Inc. in connection with the investment. The total value of all such Warrants, \$1,117,163, was recorded against Additional Paid In Capital.

In November 2013, the Company issued 264,423 shares of its Series B Preferred to holders of \$975,434 in outstanding convertible notes payable, lenders fees and accrued interest upon receiving conversion notices on the underlying notes. In addition, investors received Warrants to purchase 1,138,070 shares of the Company's Common Stock for \$0.30 per share. The total value of these Warrants, \$151,774, was recorded against Additional Paid In Capital. In addition, \$64,970 of liability associated with a derivative on certain of the notes was recorded to Additional Paid In Capital.

In December 2013, the Company issued 17,500 shares of its Series B Preferred to certain directors on its Board of Directors in exchange for \$70,000 in outstanding board fees. In addition, the directors also received Warrants to purchase 81,667 shares of the Company's Common Stock for \$0.30 per share.

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Between January and February 2014, the Company issued 505,000 shares of its Series B Preferred to certain accredited investors pursuant to subscription agreements in exchange for total net proceeds of \$1,857,413. The investors also received Warrants to purchase 2,356,667 shares of the Company's Common Stock for \$0.30 per share. The Company also issued 667,467 warrants to its capital advisors in connection with the investment. Each Warrant contains a price-protection feature that adjusts the exercise price in the event of certain dilutive issuances of securities. Such price-protection feature is determined to be a derivative liability and, as such, the value of all Warrants issued totaling \$416,844, was recorded to derivative liabilities.

During 2014, holders of \$818,926 in outstanding principal, lender's fees and interest on certain convertible notes payable exchanged this total for 204,732 shares of Series B Preferred and Warrants to purchase 921,596 shares of Common Stock for \$0.30 per share. Each Warrant contains a price-protection feature that adjusts the exercise price in the event of certain dilutive issuances of securities. Such price-protection feature is determined to be a derivative liability and, as such, the value of all Warrants issued totaling \$199,567, was recorded to derivative liabilities.

During 2014, holders of 1,001,352 shares of the Series B Preferred Stock converted those shares into 16,021,632 shares of Common Stock.

In May and July 2014, the Company issued 69,138 and 9,289 shares of Common Stock, respectively, pursuant to a cashless exercise of a total of 179,633 outstanding warrants.

During 2014, holders of \$818,926 in outstanding principal, lender's fees and interest on certain convertible notes payable exchanged this total for 204,732 shares of Series B Preferred and Warrants to purchase 921,596 shares of Common Stock for \$0.30 per share. The total value of all such Warrants, \$199,567, was recorded against Additional Paid In Capital.

During 2014, the Company issued 1,751,270 shares of Common Stock and 5,692 shares of Preferred Stock in connection with various consulting agreements. The Company expensed the fair value of the Common Stock issued of \$544,531 to consulting expense.

During 2014, the Company issued 2,004,002 shares of Common Stock in consideration for the settlement of lawsuits and related legal payments.

Between January and December 2014, the Company declared 434,096 in dividends on its Series B Preferred shares. The Company issued a total of 849,202 shares of Common Stock to pay \$342,575 of these dividends. As of December 31, 2014, there remained \$91,521 in cumulative unpaid dividends. These dividends were paid by issuing 449,720 shares in January 2015.

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## NOTE 3 – STOCK OPTIONS AND WARRANTS

## Warrants

A summary of the Company's warrant activity for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013 is presented below:

	Warrants Outstanding	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding, December 31, 2012	132,340	\$ 43.00
Granted	12,470,514	0.30
Exercised	-	-
Expired	(12,387)	3.20
Outstanding, December 31, 2013	12,590,467	\$ 0.55
Granted	4,022,936	0.30
Exercised	(179,633)	0.25
Expired	(58,500)	25.09
Outstanding, December 31, 2014	16,375,270	\$ 0.40

As of December 31, 2014, the Company had the following outstanding warrants to purchase its Common Stock:

Warrants Outstanding	Weighted Average Exercise Price Per Share	Weighted Average Remaining Life (Yrs.)
61,453	\$ 30.00	1.06
2,858,610	\$ 0.25	3.57
13,455,207	\$ 0.30	3.96
16,375,270	\$ 0.40	3.88

## Non-Qualified Stock Options

In 2014, the Company granted 8,859,131 stock options pursuant to option agreements with certain employees and directors. The grant date fair value of the options granted during the year ended December 31, 2014 was between \$0.10 and \$0.29 per share for a total of \$1,304,296 to be expensed over the vesting periods of the options. In October, the Company reset certain options to certain employees and directors, adjusting the term of the options from 3 years to 7 years and adjusting the exercise price of the options from a range of \$0.61 and \$1.10 to an exercise price of \$0.38. The difference between the options original fair value and their new fair values was \$174,540 and will be expensed over the remaining vesting periods of the options. The fair values of the options were estimated using the Black-Scholes stock option pricing model and the following weighted average assumptions.

	2014
Expected life	2.5 years
Estimated volatility	75.0%
Risk-free interest rate	0.66%
Dividends	-

The weighted average estimated fair value per share of the stock options at grant date was \$0.147 during the year ended December 31, 2014. The expected life of options granted is based on the “simplified method” described in ASC 718-10 due to changes in the vesting terms and the contractual life of current option grants. Assumed volatility is based on historical trading prices of the Company’s Common Stock. The risk-free interest rate is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant for periods corresponding to the expected term of the options.



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Stock option activity during the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013 is summarized as follows:

	Number of Shares	Weighted-Average Exercise Price
Options outstanding at December 31, 2012	3,870,387	\$ 0.69
Exercised	-	-
Granted	245,739	1.10
Forfeited	(122,868)	1.02
Expired	-	-
Options outstanding at December 31, 2013	3,993,258	\$ 0.70
Exercised	-	-
Granted	8,859,131	0.34
Forfeited	(472,796)	0.52
Expired	-	-
Options outstanding at December 31, 2014	12,379,593	\$ 0.37

The following table summarizes information about the Company's stock options outstanding as of December 31, 2014:

Range of Exercise Prices	Number	Outstanding Options		Exercisable Options	
		Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (Years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value	Number	Intrinsic Value
\$ 0.61	256,725	0.53	\$ -	-	\$ -
\$ 1.02	122,870	0.72	-	122,870	\$ -
\$ 0.25	2,348,173	9.10	-	637,752	\$ -
\$ 0.38	9,651,825	6.63	-	2,219,814	\$ -
Totals	12,379,593	6.91	\$ -	2,980,436	\$ -

## NOTE 4 – INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The Company has incurred costs to trademark eight of its current products and marketing nomenclatures. During 2014, the Company purchased a patent in relation to the purchase of GT Beverage, and also assumed the trademarks of Bazi Intl. Patents and trademarks are being amortized over the lesser of their remaining life or 15 years.

Intangible assets are:

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
Patents and trademarks	\$ 1,706,849	\$ 1,706,849
Accumulated amortization	(488,235)	(305,392)
	\$ 1,218,614	\$ 1,401,457



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Amortization expense for the year ended December 31, 2014 and 2013 was \$182,843 and \$191,177, respectively. For these assets, amortization expense over the next five years and thereafter is expected to be as follows:

	Patent and Trademark Amortization
2015	\$ 145,172
2016	141,177
2017	141,177
2018	141,177
2019	141,177
2020 and thereafter	508,734
	\$ 1,218,614

## NOTE 5 – INCOME TAXES

The Company does not have significant income tax expense or benefit for the year ended December 31, 2014 or 2013. Tax net operating loss carryforwards have resulted in a net deferred tax asset with a 100% valuation allowance applied against such asset at December 31, 2014 and 2013. Such tax net operating loss carryforwards (“NOL”) approximated \$18.3 million at December 31, 2014. Some or all of such NOL may be limited by Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code.

The income tax effect of temporary differences between financial and tax reporting and net operating loss carryforwards gives rise to a deferred tax asset at December 31, 2014 and 2013 as follows:

	2014	2013
Deferred tax asset –NOL’s	\$ 6,800,000	\$ 3,800,000
Less valuation allowance	(6,800,000)	(3,800,000)
Net deferred tax asset	\$ -	\$ -

At December 31, 2014, approximately \$18.3 million of net operating loss carryforwards for federal and state income tax purposes were available to offset future taxable income through the year 2033, of which these net operating losses will begin to expire in the year 2032. In assessing the realizability of deferred tax assets, management considers whether it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. The ultimate realization of deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income during the periods in which those temporary differences become realizable. Management considers the scheduled reversal of deferred tax liabilities, projected future taxable income, and tax planning strategies in making this assessment. Based upon the history of the Company and projections for future taxable income over the periods in which the deferred tax assets are realizable, management believes it is not more likely than not that the Company will realize the benefits of these deductible differences and therefore a full valuation allowance against the deferred tax assets has been established.

As a result of the Merger with Bazi Intl. on October 15, 2012, the Company may have access to utilize a portion of the net operating loss carryforwards of Bazi Intl., which, in total, were approximately \$25 million at the time of the Merger. The Company is uncertain as to the portion of the Bazi net operating loss carryforwards that may be limited by Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code.

The Tax Reform Act of 1986 contains provisions that limit the utilization of net operating loss and tax credit carryforwards if there has been a change of ownership as described in Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code. Such an analysis has not been performed by the Company to determine the impact of these provisions on the Company’s net

operating losses, though management believes the impact would be minimal, if any. A limitation under these provisions would reduce the amount of losses available to offset future taxable income of the Company.

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In June 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued ASC Topic 740 (formerly Interpretation No. 48, “Accounting for Uncertainties in Income Taxes, an interpretation of SFAS No. 109, Accounting for Income Taxes”). ASC 740 prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the recognition and measurement of tax positions taken or expected to be taken on income tax returns. ASC Topic 740 also provides guidance on de-recognition of income tax assets and liabilities, classification of current and deferred income tax assets and liabilities, and accounting for interest and penalties associated with tax positions.

Based on management’s assessment of ASC Topic 740, management concluded that the Company does not have any uncertain tax positions as of December 31, 2014. There have been no income tax related interest or penalties assessed or recorded and if interest and penalties were to be assessed, the Company would charge interest and penalties to income tax expense. It is not anticipated that unrecognized tax benefits would significantly increase or decrease within 12 months of the reporting date. The Company and its subsidiaries file income tax returns in the U.S. and various state jurisdictions and there are open statutes of limitations for taxing authorities to audit the Company’s tax returns from 2008 through the current year.

## NOTE 6 – DEBT

A summary of convertible notes payable as of December 31, 2014 is as follows:

	Amount
Outstanding, December 31, 2013	\$ 2,596,667
Borrowing	4,263,002
Repayments	(1,936,667)
Conversions to common stock	(660,000)
Outstanding, December 31, 2014	\$ 4,263,002

In January 2014, the Company repaid \$25,750 in outstanding principal, lender’s fees and accrued interest in connection with certain notes payable.

During 2014, holders of certain bridge financing notes, totaling \$818,926 in outstanding principal, lender’s fees and accrued interest, converted their notes into 204,732 shares of the Company’s Series B Preferred.

In November 2013, the Company secured a commercial term loan in the amount of \$2.0 million from Avid Bank. The loan had a term of two years, accrued interest at 2.75% above prime, was secured by substantially all of the Company’s assets, and required an asset coverage ratio of assets to outstanding principal of 1.5. The outstanding balance of the term loan was \$1,916,667 at December 31, 2013 and the loan was paid in full in April 2014.

In June 2014, the Company issued unsecured promissory notes to certain accredited investors, resulting in net proceeds to the Company of \$360,000. These promissory notes have a term of one year and carry an annual interest rate of 8%. The unsecured promissory notes were issued principally to provide liquidity necessitated as a result of the termination, and payment in full, of all amounts due and payable under the Avid Bank commercial term loan.

In November 2014, the Company issued an unsecured promissory note in the amount of \$50,000 to an accredited investor. The note had a maturity date in December 2014. The note paid no interest but paid a lender’s fee of 10% of the principal amount. The note was repaid in January 2015.

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### Line-of-Credit Facility

The Company entered into a line-of-credit agreement with a financial institution in June 30, 2014. Borrowings under this agreement approximated \$233,000 as of December 31, 2014. The terms of the agreement allow the Company to borrow up to the lesser of \$1.5 million or 85% of the sum of eligible accounts receivables. At December 31, 2014, the eligible receivables borrowing base approximated \$233,000. The line-of-credit bears interest at Prime rate (3.25% as of December 31, 2014) plus 4.50% per annum as well as a monthly fee of 0.50% on the average amount outstanding on the line.

### Secured Notes

Between September and December 2014, the Company issued Secured Notes in the aggregate principal amount of \$3,420,000 to certain accredited investors. The Secured Notes accrue interest at a rate of 12% per annum and are secured by an interest in all inventory, books and records pertaining to the inventory, and all proceeds with respect sale or other disposition of the inventory. The Secured Notes mature one year from the date of issuance. In the event the Secured Notes are paid in a form other than cash, the Company is obligated to pay to the Holder of the Secured Notes a lender's fee equal to 10%, which amount shall be added to the principal amount due and owing the Holder.

In September 2014, the Company issued a Secured Note in the principal amount of \$200,000 to Scot Cohen, a member of the Company's Board of Directors. The Secured Note accrued interest at a rate of 12% and was secured by an interest in all inventory, books and records pertaining to the inventory, and all proceeds with respect sale or other disposition of the inventory. The Secured Note originally matured in September 2014, was in default as of December 31, 2014 and was paid in full in February 2015.

Subsequent to December 31, 2014, all outstanding Secured Notes were either repaid or exchanged for shares of Series C Preferred and Warrants, pursuant to the Note Payments and Note Exchange described under Note 1 above and Note 10 below.

### NOTE 7 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company has entered in a number of consulting agreements with various consultants. Termination of any of these agreements could result in termination fees.

The Company leases its office in Irvine, California on a one-year lease. Total which expires July 31, 2015. Rent expense for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013 was approximately \$52,000 and \$46,000, respectively. Total remaining payments on the lease through July 31, 2015 are approximately \$31,000.

The Company maintains employment agreements with certain key management. The agreements provide for minimum base salaries, eligibility for stock options, performance bonuses and severance payments.

### Legal Proceedings

From time to time, claims are made against the Company in the ordinary course of business, which could result in litigation. Claims and associated litigation are subject to inherent uncertainties and unfavorable outcomes could occur. In the opinion of management, the resolution of these matters, if any, will not have a material adverse impact on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

On July 1, 2011, a lawsuit was filed in the United States District Court, the Southern District of Ohio, Cincinnati Division, against GT Beverage Company, LLC ("GT LLC") by Dominion Liquid Technologies, LLC. The lawsuit

alleged that GT LLC breached terms of a 2010 co-packing agreement, which governed the relationship between the parties. In July 2014, the Company settled this lawsuit for \$350,000. The settlement was fully accrued for, and was paid for with 1,166,667 restricted shares of Common Stock.

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On April 22, 2014, a lawsuit was filed in the Superior Court of California, County of Orange, against the Company by Advantage Sales and Marketing, LLC. The plaintiff initially claimed damages of \$92,064 for outstanding invoices. The lawsuit was settled for \$69,000 in January 2015, and was fully accrued at December 31, 2014.

During 2014, the Company issued 837,335 restricted shares of Common Stock to settle a total of \$251,651 in outstanding liabilities related to various legal expenses.

We are currently not involved in any litigation unless noted above that we believe could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition or results of operations. Other than described above, there is no action, suit, proceeding, inquiry or investigation before or by any court, public board, government agency, self-regulatory organization or body pending or, to the knowledge of the executive officers of the Company or any of our subsidiaries, threatened against or affecting the Company, or our Common Stock in which an adverse decision could have a material adverse effect.

NOTE 8 – FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The application of fair value measurements may be on a recurring or nonrecurring basis depending on the accounting principles applicable to the specific asset or liability or whether management has elected to carry the item at its estimated fair value. FASB ASC 820-10-35 specifies a hierarchy of valuation techniques based on whether the inputs to those techniques are observable or unobservable. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from independent sources, while unobservable inputs reflect the Company’s market assumptions. These two types of inputs create the following fair value hierarchy:

- Level 1: Observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets;
- Level 2: Inputs, other than the quoted prices in active markets, that are observable either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs in which there is little or no market data, which require the reporting entity to develop its own assumptions.

This hierarchy requires the Company to use observable market data, when available, and to minimize the use of unobservable inputs when estimating fair value.

The Company assesses its recurring fair value measurements as defined by FASB ASC 810. Liabilities measured at estimated fair value on a recurring basis include derivative liabilities. Transfers between fair value classifications occur when there are changes in pricing observability levels. Transfers of financial liabilities among the levels occur at the beginning of the reporting period. There were no transfers between Level 1, Level 2 and/or Level 3 during the year ended December 31, 2014. The Company had no Level 1 or 2 fair value measurements during 2013.

The following table presents the estimated fair value of financial liabilities measured at estimated fair value on a recurring basis included in the Company’s financial statements as of December 31, 2014:

Total carrying value	Level 1 Quoted market prices in active markets	Level 2 Internal Models with significant observable market	Level 3 Internal models with significant unobservable market parameters



Derivative liabilities	\$ 1,569,522	\$ -	parameters	\$ -	\$ 1,569,522
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The following table presents the changes in recurring fair value measurements included in net loss for the year ended December 31, 2014:

	Recurring Fair Value Measurements Changes in Fair Value Included in Net Loss For the Year Ended December 31, 2014		
	Revenues	Expenses	Total
Derivative liabilities	\$ 621,159	\$ -	\$ 621,159

The table below sets forth a summary of changes in the fair value of our Level 3 financial liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2014:

	December 31, 2013	Recorded new Derivative Liabilities	Reclassification of Derivative Liabilities	Change in Estimated Fair Value Recognized in Results of Operations	December 31, 2014
Derivative liabilities	\$ 1,619,021	\$ 616,411	\$ (44,751)	\$ (621,159)	\$ 1,569,522

## NOTE 9 – LICENSING AGREEMENTS

We entered into a three-year licensing agreement with Disney Consumer Products, Inc. (“Disney”) and an 18-month licensing agreement with Marvel Characters, B.V. (“Marvel”) (the “Licensing Agreements”) in 2012. Each Licensing Agreement allows us to feature popular Disney and Marvel characters on AquaBall™ Naturally Flavored Water, allowing AquaBall™ to stand out among other beverages marketed towards children. Under the terms and conditions of the Licensing Agreements, we work with the Disney and Marvel teams to create colorful, eye-catching labels that surround the entire spherical shape of each AquaBall™. Once the label designs are approved, we work with Disney and Marvel to set retail calendars, rotating the placement of different AquaBall™ designs over the course of the year. The terms of the Disney Licensing Agreement (“Disney Agreement”) stipulates a royalty rate of 4% on the sales of AquaBall™ Naturally Flavored Water adorned with Disney characters, paid quarterly, with a total royalty guarantee of \$231,600 over the term of the Disney Agreement which has a term ending date of March 31, 2015. In addition, the Company is required to spend 1% of sales on advertising and promotional opportunities. The company and Disney are in discussions to extend this agreement.

The terms of the Marvel Licensing Agreement (“Marvel Agreement”) stipulates a royalty rate of 5% on the sales of AquaBall™ Naturally Flavored Water adorned with Marvel characters, paid quarterly. The Company recently extended the Marvel Agreement through the end of 2015. The total royalty guarantee for the period from January 1, 2014 through December 31, 2015 is \$150,000.

## NOTE 10 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company evaluated subsequent events through the date the accompanying consolidated financial statements were issued. Subsequent to December 31, 2014, the following events occurred:

Amendment to Series B Preferred Certificate of Designation

On February 18, 2015, the Company filed the First Amended and Restated Certificate of Designation, Preferences, Rights and Limitations of the Series B Convertible Preferred Stock (the “Series B Amendment”) with the Nevada Secretary of State in order to: (i) eliminate certain provisions pertaining to the adjustment of the conversion price of the Series B Convertible Preferred Stock (“Series B Preferred”) and (ii) eliminate the protective provision preventing the Company from issuing securities senior to or pari passu in rank to the Series B Preferred without first receiving approval from holders of 66% of the issued and outstanding shares of Series B Preferred. The Series B Amendment was approved by the written consent of stockholders holding approximately 79% of the issued and outstanding shares of Series B Preferred.

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### Creation of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock

On February 18, 2015, the Company filed the Certificate of Designation, Preferences, Rights and Limitations of the Series C Convertible Preferred Stock with the Nevada Secretary of State, designating 50,000 shares of the Company's preferred stock, par value \$0.001 per share, as Series C Convertible Preferred Stock (the "Series C Preferred"). Each share of Series C Preferred has a stated value of \$100 per share (the "Stated Value"), and is convertible, at the option of each respective holder, into that number of shares of Common Stock equal to the Stated Value, divided by \$0.15 per share (the "Conversion Shares"). The Company also has the option to require conversion of the Series C Preferred into Conversion Shares in the event: (i) there are sufficient authorized shares of Common Stock reserved as Conversion Shares; (ii) the Conversion Shares are registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), or the Conversion Shares are freely tradable, without restriction, under Rule 144 of the Securities Act; and (iii) the average closing price of the Company's Common Stock is at least \$0.62 per share for 10 consecutive trading days.

### Series C Offering

On February 20, 2015 (the "Initial Investment Date"), the Company and certain accredited investors (the "Investors") entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement (the "Purchase Agreement") wherein the Investors agreed to purchase up to 43,000 shares of Series C Preferred for \$100 per share in three separate closings (the "Series C Offering"). The Company issued an aggregate total of 18,000 shares of Series C Preferred on the Initial Investment Date, 15,000 shares on April 1, 2015 and anticipates issuing the remaining 10,000 shares on or before June 30, 2015. The Purchase Agreement also provides for the appointment of one member, designated by the Investors, to the Company's Board of Directors. As additional consideration for participating in the Series C Offering, each Investor will receive five-year warrants (the "Warrants"), exercisable for \$0.15 per share, to purchase that number of shares of the Company's Common Stock equal to 35% of the Conversion Shares issuable upon conversion of each Investor's Shares (the "Warrant Shares").

In addition to the Purchase Agreement, the Company and the Investors entered into a Registration Rights Agreement (the "Registration Rights Agreement"), pursuant to which the Company agreed to file a Registration Statement on Form S-1 with the Securities and Exchange Commission on or before July 1, 2015 in order to register the Warrant Shares issuable upon exercise of the Warrants, and the Conversion Shares issuable upon conversion of the Shares, under the Securities Act.

**Amendment to Series C Certificate of Designation.** As described under Note 1 above, on March 26, 2015, the Company filed the Series C Amendment with the Nevada Secretary of State in order to increase the number of shares of the Company's preferred stock designated as Series C Preferred from 50,000 to 90,000 and to permit the transactions contemplated by the Note Payments and the Note Exchange, as described below.

**Note Payments and Note Exchange.** Following the filing of the Series C Amendment, on March 27, 2015, the Company and the Series C Offering Investors entered into an amendment to the Amendment Purchase Agreement wherein the Company sold 27,000 Additional Shares to one of the Investors for gross proceeds of \$2.7 million, which the Company subsequently used to satisfy approximately \$2.7 million of the Company's \$3.8 million outstanding Notes. As additional consideration for the purchase of the Additional Shares, the Investor received additional Warrants to purchase Warrant Shares equal to 35% the Conversion Shares issuable upon conversion of the Additional Shares.

Following the Note Payments, the Company and each of the Holders of the Notes remaining after the Note Payments entered into Exchange Agreements wherein the Holders agreed to exchange all remaining principal and accrued interest of any such Notes into shares of Series C Preferred on substantially similar terms to those offered in the Series C Offering. As a result of the execution of the Exchange Agreements and the consummation of the Note Exchange, the Company issued to the Holders an aggregate total of 12,148 shares of Series C Preferred and Warrants to purchase

approximately 2.8 million Warrant Shares.

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## ITEM 15. EXHIBITS

## (a) Exhibits

Exhibit No	Description
2.1	Agreement and Plan of Merger among Bazi International, Inc., Bazi Acquisition Sub, Inc., GT Beverage Company, Inc. and MKM Capital Advisors, LLC dated as of June 7, 2012, incorporated by reference from Exhibit 2.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 21, 2012.
3.1	Articles of Incorporation, incorporated by reference from Exhibit 3.01 to Form SB-2 filed on February 27, 2001.
3.1.1	Certification of Amendment to the Articles of Incorporation incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1.1 filed with Form 10-QSB filed November 14, 2003.
3.2	Amended and Restated By-laws filed with Form 10-KSB on March 3, 2005, as Exhibit 3.2, and incorporated herein by reference.
3.3	Amendment to the Amended and Restated Bylaws of Bazi International, Inc., incorporated by reference from Exhibit 3.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on October 17, 2012.
3.3	Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation filed with Form 8-K on August 2, 2010 as Exhibit 3.1, and incorporated herein by reference.
3.4	Certification of Amendment to the Article of Incorporation with Form 8-K on May 20, 2011 as Exhibit 3.1, and incorporated herein by reference.
3.5	Certificate of Amendment to the Articles of Incorporation, incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 3.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed January 22, 2013.
3.6	Certificate of Amendment to the Articles of Incorporation of True Drinks Holdings, Inc., dated February 6, 2014, incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 3.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed February 6, 2014.
4.1	Certificate of Designation, Preferences, Rights and Limitations of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock of Bazi International, Inc., incorporated by reference from Exhibit 4.2 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on October 17, 2012.
4.2	Certificate of Withdrawal of the Series A Convertible Preferred Stock of True Drinks Holdings, Inc., dated February 18, 2015, incorporated by reference from Exhibit 3.3 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on February 23, 2015.
4.3	Certificate of Designation, Preferences, Rights, and Limitations of Series B Convertible Preferred Stock of True Drinks Holdings, Inc., incorporated by reference from Exhibit 3.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K, filed November 26, 2013.
4.4	First Amended and Restated Certificate of Designation, Preferences, Rights and Limitations of the Series B Convertible Preferred Stock of True Drinks Holdings, Inc., dated February 18, 2015, incorporated by reference from Exhibit 3.2 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on February 23, 2015.
4.5	Certificate of Designation, Preferences, Rights and Limitations of the Series C Convertible Preferred Stock of True Drinks Holdings, Inc., dated February 18, 2015, incorporated by reference from Exhibit 3.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on February 23, 2015.

- 4.6 First Amended and Restated Certificate of Designation, Preferences, Rights and Limitations of the Series C Convertible Preferred Stock of True Drinks Holdings, Inc., dated March 26, 2015, incorporated by reference from Exhibit 4.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 1, 2015
- 10.1 Employment agreement with Lance Leonard, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 filed with the Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed April 5, 2013.
- 10.2 Employment agreement with Dan Kerker, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 filed with the Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed April 5, 2013.
- 10.3 Employment agreement with Kevin Sherman, filed herewith.
- 10.4 Form of Securities Purchase Agreement, incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K, filed November 26, 2013.
- 10.5 Loan and Security Agreement, by and between the Company and Avidbank, dated November 29, 2013, incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K, filed December 5, 2013.
- 10.6 2013 Stock Incentive Plan, incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.17 to the Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed March 31, 2014.
- 10.7 Secured Promissory Note issued on September 12, 2014 by True Drinks Holdings, Inc. to Scot Cohen, incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K, filed October 2, 2014.
- 10.8 Form of Secured Promissory Note, incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.2 to the Current Report on Form 8-K, filed October 2, 2014.
- 10.9 Form of Securities Purchase Agreement, dated February 20, 2015, incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K, filed February 23, 2015.
- 10.10 Form of Amendment No. 1 to Securities Purchase Agreement, dated March 27, 2015, , incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 1, 2015
- 10.11 Form of Common Stock Purchase Warrant, dated February 20, 2015, incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.2 to the Current Report on Form 8-K, filed February 23, 2015.
- 10.12 Form of Registration Rights Agreement, dated February 20, 2015, incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.3 to the Current Report on Form 8-K, filed February 23, 2015.
- 10.13 Form of Indemnification Agreement, dated February 20, 2015, incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.4 to the Current Report on Form 8-K, filed February 23, 2015.
- 10.14 Form of Note Exchange Agreement, dated March 27, 2015, incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.2 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 1, 2015
- 14.1 Code of Ethics filed with Form 10-K on March 31, 2011 and incorporated herein by reference.
- 14.2 Board Charter filed with Form 10-K on March 31, 2011 and incorporated herein by reference.
- 21.1 Subsidiaries of True Drinks Holdings, Inc., filed herewith.
- 31.1 Certification of CEO as Required by Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14, filed herewith.
- 31.2 Certification of CFO as Required by Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14, filed herewith.
- 32.1 Certification of CEO as Required by Rule 13a-14(a) and Rule 15d-14(b) (17 CFR 240.15d-14(b)) and Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 of the United States Code, filed herewith.
- 32.2 Certification of CFO as Required by Rule 13a-14(a) and Rule 15d-14(b) (17 CFR 240.15d-14(b)) and Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 of the

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United States Code, filed herewith.

101.INS XBRL Instance Document  
101.SCH XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema  
101.CAL XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase  
101.DEF XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase  
101.LAB XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase  
101.PRE XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase