National American University Holdings, Inc. Form 10-Q April 04, 2014 Table of Contents

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

(Mark One)

x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended February 28, 2014

Or

" TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from ______ to _____

Commission File No. 001-34751

National American University Holdings, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware	83-0479936
(State or other jurisdiction of	(I.R.S. Employer
incorporation or organization)	Identification No.)
5301 S. Highway 16	
Rapid City, SD	57701
(Address of principal executive offices)	(Zip Code)
(605) 721-5200	-

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No $\ddot{}$

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate website, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (\$232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definition of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

 Large accelerated filer
 Accelerated filer
 "

 Non-accelerated filer
 " (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)
 Smaller reporting company x

 Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange
 Act). Yes " No x

As of March 31, 2014, 25,113,617 shares of common stock, \$0.0001 par value were outstanding.

NATIONAL AMERICAN UNIVERSITY HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

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PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements.

NATIONAL AMERICAN UNIVERSITY HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

AS OF FEBRUARY 28, 2014 AND CONDENSED

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS OF MAY 31, 2013

(In thousands except share data)

	Feb	ruary 28, 2014	May 31, 2013
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	16,740	\$ 11,130
Available for sale investments		15,133	20,748
Student receivables net of allowance of \$507 and \$870 at February 28, 2014 and			
May 31, 2013, respectively		2,495	3,628
Other receivables		296	722
Income tax receivable		0	122
Deferred income taxes		1,264	1,353
Prepaid and other current assets		2,373	841
Total current assets		38,301	38,544
Total property and equipment net		43,882	44,944
OTHER ASSETS:			
Condominium inventory		927	1,778
Land held for future development		312	312
Course development net of accumulated amortization of \$2,329 and \$2,066 at			
February 28, 2014 and May 31, 2013, respectively		1,053	1,107
Note receivable tenant improvements		1,329	0
Deposit on property and equipment		150	0
Other		1,347	1,397
Total other assets		5,118	4,594
TOTAL	\$	87,301	\$ 88,082
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY			

CURRENT LIABILITIES:

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Current portion of capital lease payable	\$	197	\$ 66
Accounts payable		3,622	5,403
Dividends payable		1,133	1,004
Student accounts payable		1,201	1,067
Income taxes payable		120	0
Deferred income		406	195
Accrued and other liabilities		6,068	6,966
Total current liabilities		12,747	14,701
DEFERRED INCOME TAXES		5,224	5,720
OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES		6,527	6,479
CAPITAL LEASE PAYABLE, NET OF CURRENT PORTION		12,152	10,394
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Note 7) STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY: Common stock, \$0.0001 par value (50,000,000 authorized; 28,170,286 issued and 25,111,908 outstanding as of February 28, 2014; 28,090,269 issued and 25,047,086 outstanding at May 31, 2013)		3	3
Additional paid-in capital		58,859	57,656
Retained earnings		11,369	12,610
Treasury stock, at cost (3,058,378 shares at February 28, 2014 and 3,043,183 at May 31, 2013)		(19,416)	(19,359)
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income, net of taxes unrealized (loss) gain or available for sale securities	n	(9)	7
Total National American University Holdings, Inc. stockholders equity		50,806	50,917
Non-controlling interest		(155)	(129)
Total equity		50,651	50,788
TOTAL	\$	87,301	\$ 88,082

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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NATIONAL AMERICAN UNIVERSITY HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE NINE MONTHS AND THREE MONTHS ENDED FEBRUARY 28, 2014 AND 2013

(In thousands except share data)

	Nine Mon Februa	ary 28,	Three Mon Februa	ary 28,
	2014	2013	2014	2013
REVENUE:	07 702	¢ 07.541	¢ 20 400	¢ 20.546
Academic revenue \$,	\$ 87,541	\$ 29,469	\$ 29,546
Auxiliary revenue	6,792	7,649	1,702	2,229
Rental income apartments	851	824	283	280
Condominium sales	440	0	220	0
Total revenue	95,785	96,014	31,674	32,055
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Cost of educational services	21,835	21,695	7,234	7,045
Selling, general and administrative	65,090	61,465	21,325	20,658
Auxiliary expense	4,696	5,035	1,028	1,443
Cost of condominium sales	386	0	192	0
(Gain) loss on disposition of property	(73)	63	(3)	3
Total operating expenses	91,934	88,258	29,776	29,149
OPERATING INCOME	3,851	7,756	1,898	2,906
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE):				
Interest income	122	89	72	25
Interest expense	(567)	(792)	(168)	(287)
Other income net	115	76	35	21
Total other expense	(330)	(627)	(61)	(241)
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	3,521	7,129	1,837	2,665
INCOME TAX EXPENSE	(1,397)	(2,798)	(710)	(1,048)
NET INCOME	2,124	4,331	1,127	1,617
NET LOSS (INCOME) ATTRIBUTABLE TO NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST	26	(31)	(10)	(18)
	2,150	4,300	1,117	1,599

NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO NATIONAL AMERICAN UNIVERSITY HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES OTHER COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS) INCOME								
Unrealized losses on investments, net of tax		(16)		(44)		(9)		(9)
Reclassification to earnings of realized losses		(10)		(44)		0		(9)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS) INCOME, NET OF TAX		(16)		(23)		(9)		2
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO NATIONAL AMERICAN UNIVERSITY HOLDINGS, INC.	\$	2 124	\$	4 977	¢	1 109	\$	1 601
INC.	¢	2,134	\$	4,277	\$	1,108	\$	1,601
Basic net earnings attributable to National American University Holdings, Inc.	\$	0.09	\$	0.17	\$	0.04	\$	0.06
Diluted net earnings attributable to National								
American University Holdings, Inc.	\$	0.09	\$	0.17	\$	0.04	\$	0.06
Basic weighted average shares outstanding	25,	,086,144	25	,578,043	25	,108,559	25	,582,842
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding	25.	,088,575	25	,582,767	25	,114,875	25	,592,903
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements								

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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NATIONAL AMERICAN UNIVERSITY HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY

FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED FEBRUARY 28, 2014 AND 2013

(In thousands except share data)

Equity attributable to National American University Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries Accumulated										. and	
		Additional		oth						Total	
	Commo	n paid-in	RetainedcomprehensiveTreasuryNon-controlling					ontrollin	instockholders		
				inco		·			0		
	stock	capital	earnings	(los	s)	stock	in	terest	(equity	
Balance May 31, 2012	\$3	\$ 57,203	\$ 11,239	\$	25	\$ (17,589)	\$	(169)	\$	50,712	
Purchase of 7,608 shares											
common stock for the treasury	0	0	0		0	(31)		0		(31)	
Share based compensation											
expense	0	339	0		0	0		0		339	
Dividends declared	0	0	(3,072)		0	0		0		(3,072)	
Net income	0	0	4,300		0	0		31		4,331	
Other comprehensive loss, net											
of tax	0	0	0		(23)	0		0		(23)	
	† 2	ф 57 540	ф 10 467	¢	2	¢ (17 (00)	ሰ	(120)	¢	50.05(
Balance February 28, 2013	\$3	\$ 57,542	\$ 12,467	\$	2	\$ (17,620)	\$	(138)	\$	52,256	
Balance May 31, 2013	\$3	\$ 57,656	\$ 12,610	\$	7	\$ (19,359)	\$	(129)	\$	50,788	
Purchase of 15,195 shares											
common stock for the treasury	0	0	0		0	(57)		0		(57)	
Share based compensation											
expense	0	1,203	0		0	0		0		1,203	
Dividends declared	0	0	(3,391)		0	0		0		(3,391)	
Net income	0	0	2,150		0	0		(26)		2,124	
Other comprehensive loss, net											
of tax	0	0	0		(16)	0		0		(16)	
Balance February 28, 2014	\$3	\$ 58,859	\$ 11,369	\$	(9)	\$ (19,416)	\$	(155)	\$	50,651	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

NATIONAL AMERICAN UNIVERSITY HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED FEBRUARY 28, 2014 AND 2013

(In thousands except share data)

	Nine Mor February 28, 2014	nths Ended February 28, 2013
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net income	\$ 2,124	\$ 4,331
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash flows provided by operating		
activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	4,734	4,165
(Gain) loss on disposition of property and equipment	(73)	63
Realized loss on available for sale investments	0	21
Provision for uncollectable tuition	2,424	3,227
Noncash compensation expense	1,203	339
Interest income capitalized on note receivable	(31)	0
Deferred income taxes	(407)	704
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts and other receivables	(865)	(3,821)
Student notes	61	(85)
Bookstore inventory	0	6
Condominium inventory	381	0
Prepaid and other current assets	(1,445)	50
Accounts payable	(1,013)	208
Deferred income	211	150
Other long-term liabilities	48	1,607
Income tax receivable/payable	242	978
Accrued and other liabilities	(1,186)	1,431
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	6,408	13,374
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Purchases of available for sale investments	(32,982)	(21,931)
Proceeds from sale of available for sale investments	38,581	25,900
Purchases of property and equipment	(4,003)	(7,682)
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment	503	21
Course development	(209)	(165)
Payment of deposit on property and equipment	(150)	0
Payments received on contract for deed	293	0
Payments received on note receivable	621	0
Other	(22)	(25)

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Net cash flows provided by (used in) investing activities	2,632	(3,882)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Repayments of capital lease payable	(111)	(28)
Purchase of treasury stock	(57)	(31)
Dividends paid	(3,262)	(2,886)
Net cash flows used in financing activities	(3,430)	(2,945)

(Continued)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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NATIONAL AMERICAN UNIVERSITY HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED FEBRUARY 28, 2014 AND 2013

(In thousands except share data)

	Nine Months Ende		
	February 28, 2014	February 28, 2013	
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$ 5,610	\$ 6,547	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Beginning of year	11,130	15,658	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS End of period	\$16,740	\$ 22,205	
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW AND NON-CASH INFORMATION: Cash paid for income taxes	\$ 1,562	\$ 1,116	
Cash paid for interest	\$ 584	\$ 793	
Tenant improvements on capital lease financed through note receivable	\$ 2,000	\$ 0	
Property and equipment purchases included in accounts payable	\$ 36	\$ 368	
Dividends declared at February 28, 2014 and February 28, 2013	\$ 1,133	\$ 1,026	
		(Concluded)	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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NATIONAL AMERICAN UNIVERSITY HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF AND FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED FEBRUARY 28, 2014 AND 2013

(Dollar amounts, except share and per share amounts, in thousands)

1. STATEMENT PRESENTATION AND BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION

The accompanying unaudited condensed financial statements are presented on a consolidated basis. The accompanying financial statements include the accounts of National American University Holdings, Inc. (the Company), its subsidiary, Dlorah, Inc. (Dlorah), and its divisions, National American University (NAU or the University), and Fairway Hills. The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a basis substantially consistent with the Company s audited financial statements and in accordance with the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) for interim financial reporting. As permitted under these rules, certain footnotes and other financial information that are normally required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (U.S. GAAP) can be condensed or omitted. The information in the condensed balance sheet as of May 31, 2013, was derived from the audited financial statements for the Company s annual financial statements which were included in the Company s 10-K filed on August 2, 2013. Furthermore, the results of operations and cash flows for the nine month periods ended February 28, 2014 and 2013 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the full year. These financial statements include consideration of subsequent events through issuance. All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated.

In the opinion of management, the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation as prescribed by U.S. GAAP.

Unless the context otherwise requires, the terms we, us, our and the Company used throughout this document refer National American University Holdings, Inc. and its wholly owned subsidiary, Dlorah, Inc., which owns and operates National American University, sometimes referred to as NAU or the University.

Estimates The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts and disclosures reported in the financial statements. On an ongoing basis, the Company evaluates the estimates and assumptions, including those related to bad debts, income taxes and certain accruals. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

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2. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

The Company s common stock is listed as NAUH on The NASDAQ Global Market. The Company, through Dlorah, owns and operates National American University. NAU is a regionally accredited, proprietary, multi-campus institution of higher learning, offering associate, bachelors, master s and doctoral degree programs in business-related disciplines, such as accounting, applied management, business administration and information technology, and in healthcare-related disciplines, such as nursing and healthcare management. In addition, in August 2013, NAU was approved by the Higher Learning Commission to offer an Education Doctorate (Ed.D) in Community College Leadership, which will be offered in Austin, Texas. Courses are offered through educational sites and online. Operations include educational sites (two of which are pending regulatory approvals Houston, Texas and the Roueche Graduate Center in Austin, Texas) located in Colorado, Indiana, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Dakota and Texas; distance learning service centers in Indiana and Texas; and distance learning operations and central administration offices in Rapid City, South Dakota. A substantial portion of NAU s academic income is dependent upon federal student financial aid programs, employer tuition assistance, and contracts to provide online course development, hosting and technical assistance to other educational institutions. To maintain eligibility for financial aid programs, NAU must comply with U.S. Department of Education requirements, including the maintenance of certain financial ratios.

The Company, through Dlorah s Fairway Hills real estate division, also manages apartment units and develops and sells multi-family residential real estate in the Rapid City, South Dakota area.

For the nine months ended February 28, 2014 and 2013, 92% and 91%, respectively, of the Company s total revenues were derived from NAU s academic revenue.

3. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share (EPS) is computed by dividing net income attributable to National American University Holdings, Inc. by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the applicable period. Diluted earnings per share reflect the potential dilution that could occur assuming vesting, conversion or exercise of all dilutive unexercised options and restricted stock.

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The following is a reconciliation of the numerator and denominator for the basic and diluted EPS computations:

	Nine months ended February 28,					Three mor Februa	nths end ary 28,	led
		2014		2013	-	2014	2013	
Numerator:								
Net income attributable to								
National American University								
Holdings, Inc.	\$	2,150	\$	4,300	\$	1,117	\$	1,599
Denominator:								
Weighted average shares outstanding used to compute								
basic net income per common								
share	25	,086,144	25	,578,043	25	,108,559	25	,582,842
Incremental shares issuable upon the assumed exercise of								
restricted shares		2,431		4,724		6,316		10,061
Common shares used to compute diluted net income per								
share	25	,088,575	25	,582,767	25	,114,875	25.	,592,903
Basic net income per common								
share	\$	0.09	\$	0.17	\$	0.04	\$	0.06
Diluted net income per common share	\$	0.09	\$	0.17	\$	0.04	\$	0.06

A total of 61,000 shares of common stock subject to issuance upon exercise of stock options for the three and nine months ended February 28, 2014 have been excluded from the calculation of diluted EPS as the effect would have been anti-dilutive.

A total of 370,750 shares of common stock subject to issuance upon exercise of stock options for the three and nine months ended February 28, 2013 respectively, have been excluded from the calculation of diluted EPS as the effect would have been anti-dilutive.

4. RECENTLY ADOPTED AND NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

There are no new accounting pronouncements that are expected to have a significant impact on the Company s consolidated financial statements.

5. CONTRACT FOR DEED

The Company signed a contract for deed on its former Rapid City campus located at 321 Kansas City Street on March 28, 2013 for \$4,000. Of this sales price, \$20 was received as a down payment. The remaining \$3,980 is being

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financed by the Company for three years at 5% interest. Annual interest payments are due each December 31. No principal payments are required until the expiration of the contract s three-year term; however, any such payments received may result in removal of the lien on certain buildings included in the campus property.

Because the buyer s initial and continuing investment is not adequate in accordance with ASC 360-20-40, and the note receivable is not supported by specific evidence of collectability, the sale has not met the accounting requirements to be considered consummated. As such, the property remains on the condensed consolidated balance sheets and continues to be depreciated because the asset has not met the held for sale criteria, the note receivable has not been recorded, and interest income will be recognized as received.

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The sale will be recorded at such time the uncertainties surrounding the transaction are removed. For federal income tax purposes, the sale has been recognized. A portion of the taxable gain will be due for the year ended May 31, 2013, and the remaining portion will be payable as cash is received under the installment method.

As part of the contract for deed, the University is leasing back the Animal Health building for \$7 per month under a long-term lease agreement beginning June 1, 2013. The building is not considered a significant portion of the property sold. All rent due to the buyer will offset interest income payments due under the contract for deed.

On July 8, 2013, the Company received \$760 as payment on the contract for deed, to include \$10 in interest and \$500 toward the release of a lien on the dormitory buildings included in the campus property. As such, the dormitory buildings and land were deemed sold, resulting in a gain of \$97. The remaining cash received of \$250 is considered a non-refundable deposit at February 28, 2014.

6. STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY

Stock-Based Compensation

In December 2009, the Company adopted the 2009 Stock Option and Compensation Plan (the Plan) pursuant to which the Company may grant restricted stock awards, restricted stock units and stock options to aid in recruiting and retaining employees, officers, directors and other consultants. Restricted stock awards accrue dividends that are paid when the shares vest. Restricted stock unit awards do not accrue dividends prior to vesting. Grants are issued at prices determined by the compensation committee, generally equal to the closing price of the stock on the date of the grant, vest over various terms (generally three years), and expire ten years from the date of the grant. The Plan allows vesting based upon performance criteria. Certain option and share awards provide for accelerated vesting if there is a change in control of the Company (as defined in the Plan). The fair value of stock options granted is calculated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. Share options issued under the Plan may be incentive stock options. At February 28, 2014, all stock options issued have been nonqualified stock options. A total of 1,300,000 shares were authorized by the Plan. Shares forfeited or canceled are eligible for reissuance under the Plan. At February 28, 2014, 808,920 shares of common stock remain available for issuance under the Plan.

In April 2013, the Company s Board of Directors recommended shareholder approval, and approval was obtained at the October 2013 Shareholder Meeting, to establish the 2013 Restricted Stock Unit Plan (the 2013 Plan) authorizing the issuance of up to 750,000 shares of the Company s stock to participants in the 2013 Plan. The Company may grant restricted stock awards or restricted stock units to aid in recruiting and retaining employees, officers, directors and other consultants. Restricted stock awards accrue dividends that are paid when the shares vest. Restricted stock unit awards do not accrue dividends prior to vesting. Restricted stock grants are issued at prices determined by the compensation committee, generally equal to the closing price of the stock on the date of the grant and vest over various terms. Shares forfeited or canceled are eligible for reissuance under the Plan.

At February 28, 2014, 145,000 shares of common stock remain available for issuance under the 2013 Plan.

Restricted stock

The fair value of restricted stock awards was calculated using the Company s stock price as of the associated grant date, and the expense is accrued ratably over the vesting period of the award.

During the quarter ended August 31, 2013, the Company issued 750,000 restricted stock units (RSUs) with performance based vesting under the 2013 Plan. Approval of the 2013 Plan was received at the October shareholder meeting. 446,500 RSU s were issued at a grant date fair value of \$3.78 per share. The remaining 303,500 RSUs were issued to certain holders of time based vesting stock options who surrendered a like number of stock options in exchange. The grant date fair value of these modified RSUs was \$4.31 per share. This represents the total of the remaining unamortized fair value associated with the options surrendered, \$420, plus the incremental fair value at the time of the exchange calculated using the restricted stock fair value, \$3.78 per share, and the fair value of the stock options immediately prior to surrender. The incremental fair value was \$890. The total fair value of these modified awards, \$1,310, will be amortized over the two year service period of the RSUs. The number of shares to be earned will determined by the Company s profitability during the year ending May 31, 2015 along with attaining certain operating metrics.

During the quarter ended February 28, 2014 57,000 RSUs granted under the 2013 Plan were cancelled. For the nine months ended February 28, 2014 145,000 RSUs granted under the 2013 Plan have been cancelled. No additional restricted shares were issued during the nine months ended February 28, 2014.

Compensation expenses associated with restricted stock awards and restricted stock unit awards, respectively, totaled \$24 and \$251 for the quarter ended February 28, 2014; year to date compensation expense associated with restricted stock awards and restricted stock unit awards, respectively totaled \$56 and \$913 for the nine month period ended February 28, 2014. For the quarter ended February 28, 2013, compensation expenses associated with restricted stock awards and restricted stock unit awards, respectively, totaled \$15 and \$(22); year to date compensation expense associated with restricted stock awards and restricted stock unit awards, respectively, totaled \$15 and \$(22); year to date compensation expense associated with restricted stock awards and restricted stock unit awards, respectively totaled \$33 and \$55 for the nine month period ended February 28, 2013. At February 28, 2014, unamortized compensation cost of restricted stock and restricted stock unit awards totaled \$1,588. The unamortized cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 1.2 years as of February 28, 2014.

Restricted Shares	Shares	Gra	ed Average int Date Fair Value
Non-vested shares at May 31, 2013	13,442	\$	4.46
Granted	477,229		3.76
Modified	303,500		4.31
Vested	(16,001)		4.30
Cancelled	(145,000)		3.88
Non-vested shares at February 28, 2014	633,170	\$	4.00

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Restricted Shares	Shares	Gra	ted Average ant Date Fair Value
Non-vested shares at May 31, 2012	1,416		10.59
-	,	\$	
Granted	62,791		4.57
Vested	(13,285)		5.24
Forfeited	(4,580)		4.60
Non-vested shares at February 28, 2013	46,342	\$	4.56

Stock options

The Company accounts for stock option-based compensation by estimating the fair value of options granted using a Black-Scholes option valuation model. The Company recognizes the expense for grants of stock options on a straight-line basis in the statement of operations as operating expense based on their fair value over the requisite service period.

During the quarter and year to date periods ended February 28, 2014 stock options totaling 15,000 were issued by the Company. For stock options issued during the nine months ended February 28, 2014 and 2013, the following assumptions were used to determine fair value:

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	For the nine months ended F	or the nine months ended
	February 28,	February 28,
Assumptions used:	2014	2013
Expected term (in years)	5.75	5.99
Expected volatility	56.10%	61.20%
Weighted average risk free		
interest rate	1.90%	0.85%
Weighted average risk free		
interest rate range	1.90%	0.8085%
Weighted average expected		
dividend	4.91%	2.87%
Weighted average expected		
dividend range	4.91%	2.87%
Weighted average fair value	\$ 1.26	\$ 2.01

The volatilities are based on historic volatilities from the traded shares of the Company over the past four years. The Company has analyzed the forfeitures of stock and option grants and has deemed the effect to be immaterial and therefore did not include a forfeiture rate in the expense calculation. The expected term of options granted is the safe harbor period. The risk-free interest rate for periods matching the contractual life of the option is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant. Expected dividend is based on the historic dividend of the Company.

A summary of option activity under the Plan as of February 28, 2014 and 2013, and changes during the nine month periods then ended is presented below:

Stock Options	Shares	Weighted average exercise price	Weighted average remaining contractual life (years)	Aggregate intrinsic value (\$000)
Outstanding at May 31, 2013	368,000	\$ 7.67	•	, , ,
Granted	15,000	3.67		
Exercised	0			
Modified	(303,500)	7.46		
Cancelled	(3,500)	5.96		
Outstanding at February 28, 2014	76,000	\$ 7.82	7.4	\$
Exercisable at February 28, 2014	58,750	\$ 9.00	6.7	\$

Stock Options	Shares	Weighted average exercise price	Weighted average remaining contractual life (in years)	Aggregate intrinsic value (\$000)
Outstanding at May 31, 2012	223,950	\$ 9.92	J J	
Granted	156,800	4.60		
Exercised	0			
Cancelled	(10,000)	9.35		
Outstanding at February 28, 2013	370,750	\$ 7.68	8.6	\$
Exercisable at February 28, 2013	135,781	\$ 9.57	7.7	\$

On June 1, 2013, 303,500 stock option were exchanged for 303,500 performance vesting restricted stock units, as noted above in the restricted stock paragraphs of this footnote.

The Company recorded compensation expense for stock options of \$4 and \$72 for the three months ended February 28, 2014 and 2013, respectively, in the statements of operations. For the nine months ended February 28, 2014 and 2013, respectively, compensation expense for stock options was \$10 and \$201. As of February 28, 2014 there was \$18 of total unrecognized compensation cost related to unvested stock option based compensation arrangements granted under the Plan. The unamortized cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 1.2 years as of February 28, 2014.

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The Company plans to issue new shares as settlement of options that are exercised.

Dividends

The following table presents details of the Company s 2014 and 2013 dividend payments:

Date declared	Record date	Payment date	Per share
August 27, 2012	September 30, 2012	October 5, 2012	\$ 0.0400
October 29, 2012	December 14, 2012	December 28, 2012	\$ 0.0400
January 28, 2013	March 29, 2013	April 12, 2013	\$ 0.0400
April 29, 2013	June 28, 2013	July 12, 2013	\$ 0.0400
August 26, 2013	September 30, 2013	October 11, 2013	\$ 0.0450
October 28, 2013	December 30, 2013	January 10, 2014	\$ 0.0450
January 25, 2014	March 28, 2014	April 11, 2014	\$ 0.0450

7. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

From time to time, NAU is a party to various claims, lawsuits or other proceedings relating to the conduct of its business. Although the outcome of litigation cannot be predicted with certainty and some claims, lawsuits or other proceedings may be disposed of unfavorably, management believes, based on facts presently known, that the outcome of such legal proceedings and claims, lawsuits or other proceedings will not have a material effect on the Company s consolidated financial position, cash flows or future results of operations.

8. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The following table summarizes certain information for assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis, in thousands:

	Quoted prices in active markets (level 1)	Other observable inputs (level 2)	Unobservable inputs (level 3)	Fair value
<u>February 28, 2014</u>				
Investments				
CD s and money market accounts	\$ 449	\$ 3,894	\$	\$ 4,343
US treasury bills and notes	10,995			10,995
Total assets at fair value	\$ 11,444	\$ 3,894	\$	\$ 15,338

<u>May</u>	<u>31,</u>	2013
Inves	tme	ents

CD s and money market accounts US treasury bills and notes	\$ 1,860 18,314	\$ 2,190	\$ \$ 4,050 18,314
Total assets at fair value	\$ 20,174	\$ 2,190	\$ \$ 22,364

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Following is a summary of the valuation techniques for assets and liabilities recorded in the consolidated condensed balance sheets at fair value on a recurring basis:

CD s and money market accounts: Investments which have closing prices readily available from an active market are used as being representative of fair value. The Company classifies these investments as level 1. Market prices for certain CD s are obtained from quoted prices for similar assets. The Company classifies these investments as level 2.

U.S. treasury bills and notes: Closing prices are readily available from active markets and are used as being representative of fair value. The Company classifies these investments as level 1.

Fair value of financial instruments: The Company s financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, CD s and money market accounts, US treasury bills and notes, receivables, payables, and capital lease payables. The carrying values approximated fair values for cash and cash equivalents, receivables, and payables because of the short term nature of these instruments. CD s and money market accounts, and treasury bills and notes are recorded at fair values as indicated in the preceding disclosures.

9. CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATION

During the quarter ended November 30, 2013, the Company increased its capital lease obligation by \$2,000 to account for tenant improvements. The Company initially paid for the improvements; however, during the quarter an agreement was entered into with the lessor to reimburse the Company under the terms of a \$2,000 note receivable. The note receivable requires monthly payments of \$14 at 6.0%. Such payments will directly offset the monthly payments to the lessor under the capital lease obligation. During the quarter ended February 28, 2014 the Company received \$400 on the note receivable. Future minimum commitments under the revised capital lease obligation as of February 28, 2014 are as follows:

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2014	\$ 270
2015	1,092
2016	1,115
2017	1,137
2018	1,159
Thereafter	17,992
Total future minimum lease obligation	22,765
Less: imputed interest on capital lease	(10,416)
Net present value of lease obligation	\$ 12,349

10. SEGMENT REPORTING

Operating segments are defined as business areas or lines of an enterprise about which financial information is available and evaluated on a regular basis by the chief operating decision makers, or decision-making groups, in deciding how to allocate capital and other resources to such lines of business.

The Company operates two operating and reportable segments: NAU and other. The NAU segment contains the revenues and expenses associated with the University operations and the allocated portion of corporate overhead. The other segment contains primarily real estate. These operating segments are divisions of the Company for which separate financial information is available and evaluated regularly by executive management in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance.

General administrative costs of the Company are allocated to specific divisions of the Company.

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The following table presents the reportable segment financial information, in thousands:

	Nine	e months	enc		y 28, 2014 Isolidated	e months	s eno			y 28, 2013 Isolidated
	ז	NAU	(Other	Total	NAU	(Other		Total
Revenue:	-			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,						
Academic revenue	\$	87,702	\$	0	\$ 87,702	\$ 87,541	\$	0	\$	87,541
Auxiliary revenue		6,792		0	6,792	7,649		0		7,649
Rental income apartments		0		851	851	0		824		824
Condominium sales		0		440	440	0		0		0
Total revenue		94,494		1,291	95,785	95,190		824		96,014
Operating expenses:										
Cost of educational services		21,835		0	21,835	21,695		0		21,695
Selling, general & administrative		63,833		1,257	65,090	60,189		1,276		61,465
Auxiliary expense		4,696		0	4,696	5,035		0		5,035
Cost of condominium sales		0		386	386	0		0		0
(Loss) gain on disposition of property		23		(96)	(73)	(4)		67		63
Total operating expenses		90,387		1,547	91,934	86,915		1,343		88,258
Income (loss) from operations		4,107		(256)	3,851	8,275		(519)		7,756
Other income (expense):										
Interest income		43		79	122	79		10		89
Interest expense		(567)		0	(567)	(792)		0		(792)
Other (expense) income net		0		115	115	(21)		97		76
Total other (expense) income		(524)		194	(330)	(734)		107		(627)
Income (loss) before taxes	\$	3,583	\$	(62)	\$ 3,521	\$ 7,541	\$	(412)	\$	7,129

	As of	February 2	8, 2014	As of	February 2	28, 2013
			Consolidated			Consolidated
	NAU	Other	Total	NAU	Other	Total
Total assets	\$ 74,018	\$ 13,283	\$ 87,301	\$ 76,760	\$ 11,662	\$ 88,422

	Thre	e months	end			•		e months	end			ry 28, 201
		NAU	0	ther		solidated Total		NAU	0	ther		solidated Total
Revenue:		INAU	U	uler		Total		NAU	U	uller		10181
Academic revenue	\$	29,469	\$	0	\$	29,469	\$	29,546	\$	0	\$	29,546
Auxiliary revenue	Ψ	1,702	Ψ	0	Ψ	1,702	Ψ	2,229	φ	0	Ψ	2,229
Rental income apartments		0		283		283		0		280		280
Condominium sales		0		220		220		0		0		0
		-				-						-
Total revenue		31,171		503		31,674		31,775		280		32,055
		,				,						,
Operating expenses:												
Cost of educational services		7,234		0		7,234		7,045		0		7,045
Selling, general & administrative		20,898		427		21,325		20,272		386		20,658
Auxiliary expense		1,028		0		1,028		1,443		0		1,443
Cost of condominium sales		0		192		192		0		0		0
(Gain) loss on disposition of property		(3)		0		(3)		3		0		3
Total operating expenses		29,157		619		29,776		28,763		386		29,149
Income (loss) from operations		2,014		(116)		1,898		3,012		(106)		2,906
Other income (expense):												
Interest income		11		61		72		22		3		25
Interest expense		(168)		0		(168)		(287)		0		(287)
Other (expense) income net		0		35		35		(10)		31		21
Total other (expense) income		(157)		96		(61)		(275)		34		(241)
			,									_
Income (loss) before taxes	\$	1,857	\$	(20)	\$	1,837	\$	2,737	\$	(72)	\$	2,665

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11. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

We evaluated subsequent events after the balance sheet date through the date the consolidated financial statements were issued. We did not identify any additional material events or transactions occurring during this subsequent event reporting period that required further recognition or disclosure in these consolidated condensed financial statements.

Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

Certain of the statements included in this Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations as well as elsewhere in this quarterly report on Form 10-O are forward-looking statements made pursuant to the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 (Reform Act). These statements are based on the Company s current expectations and are subject to a number of assumptions, risks and uncertainties. In accordance with the Safe Harbor provisions of the Reform Act, the Company has identified important factors that could cause its actual results to differ materially from those expressed in or implied by such statements. The assumptions, uncertainties and risks include the pace of growth of student enrollment, our continued compliance with Title IV of the Higher Education Act, and the regulations thereunder, as well as regional accreditation standards and state regulatory requirements, competitive factors, risks associated with the opening of new campuses and hybrid learning centers, risks associated with the offering of new educational programs and adapting to other changes, risks associated with the acquisition of existing educational institutions, risks relating to the timing of regulatory approvals, our ability to continue to implement our growth strategy, risks associated with the ability of our students to finance their education in a timely manner, and general economic and market conditions. Further information about these and other relevant risks and uncertainties may be found in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on August 2, 2013 and its other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC). The Company undertakes no obligation to update or revise any forward looking statement, except as may be required by law.

Background

National American University, or NAU, is a regionally accredited, proprietary, multi-campus institution of higher learning offering associate, bachelor s, master s and doctoral degree programs in business-related disciplines, such as accounting, applied management, business administration and information technology, and in healthcare-related disciplines, such as nursing and healthcare management. Courses are offered through educational sites as well as online via the Internet. Operations include 37 educational sites (two of which are pending regulatory approvals Houston, Texas and the Roueche Graduate Center in Austin, Texas) located in Colorado, Indiana, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Dakota and Texas; distance learning service centers in Indiana and Texas; and distance learning operations and central administration offices in Rapid City, South Dakota.

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As of February 28, 2014, NAU had 2,504 students enrolled in courses at its physical locations only, 6,767 students enrolled in online courses only, and 1,810 students enrolled in a hybrid format taking both online courses and courses at a physical location. NAU supports the instruction of 4,500 additional students at affiliated institutions for whom NAU provides online course hosting and technical assistance. NAU provides courseware development, technical support and online class hosting services to various colleges, technical schools and training institutions in the United States and Canada who do not have the capacity to develop and operate their own in-house online curriculum for their students. NAU does not share revenues with these institutions, but rather charges a fee for its services, enabling it to generate additional revenue by leveraging its current online program infrastructure.

The real estate operations consist of apartment facilities, condominiums and other real estate holdings in Rapid City, South Dakota. The real estate operations generated approximately 1.3% of our revenues for the quarter ended February 28, 2014.

Key Financial Results Metrics

Revenue. Revenue is derived mostly from NAU s operations. For the nine months ended February 28, 2014, approximately 92% of our revenue was generated from NAU s academic revenue, which consists of tuition and fees assessed at the start of each term. The remainder of our revenue comes from NAU s auxiliary revenue from sources such as NAU s book sales, and the real estate operations rental income and condominium sales. Tuition revenue is reported net of adjustments for refunds and scholarships and is recognized on a daily basis over the length of the term. Upon withdrawal, students generally are refunded tuition based on the uncompleted portion of the term. Auxiliary revenue is recognized when earned.

Factors affecting net revenue include:

the number of students who are enrolled and who remain enrolled in courses throughout the term;

the number of credit hours per student;

the student s degree and program mix;

changes in tuition rates;

the affiliates with which NAU is working as well as the number of students at the affiliates; and

the amount of scholarships for which students qualify.

We record unearned tuition for academic services to be provided in future periods. Similarly, we record a tuition receivable for the portion of the tuition that has not been paid. Tuition receivable at the end of any calendar quarter largely represents student tuition due for the prior academic quarter. Based upon past experience and judgment, we establish an allowance for doubtful accounts to recognize those receivables we anticipated will not be paid. Any uncollected account more than six months past due on students who have left NAU is charged against the allowance.

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Bad debt expenses as a percentage of revenues for the nine months ended February 28, 2014 and 2013 were 2.5% and 3.4%, respectively.

We define enrollments for a particular reporting period as the number of students registered in a course on the last day of the reporting period. Enrollments are a function of the number of continuing students registered and the number of new enrollments registered during the specified period. Enrollment numbers are offset by inactive students, graduations and withdrawals occurring during the period. Inactive students for a particular period are students who are not registered in a class and, therefore, are not generating net revenue for that period.

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We believe the principal factors affecting NAU s enrollments and net revenue are the number and breadth of the programs being offered; the effectiveness of our marketing, recruiting and retention efforts; the quality of our academic programs and student services; the convenience and flexibility of our online delivery platform; the availability and amount of federal and other funding sources for student financial assistance; and general economic conditions.

The following chart is a summary of our student enrollment on February 28, 2014, and February 28, 2013, by degree type and by instructional delivery method.

	February 28, 2014 (Winter 14 Qtr) Number of Students	February 28, 2013 (Winter 13 Qtr) Number of Students	% Decrease for same quarter over prior year
Graduate	397	414	(4.1)%
Undergraduate and Diploma	10,684	11,075	(3.5)%
Total	11,081	11,489	(3.6)%
On-Campus	2,504	2,610	(4.1)%
Online	6,767	6,946	(2.6)%
Hybrid	1,810	1,933	(6.4)%
Total	11,081	11,489	(3.6)%

We experienced a 3.6% decrease in enrollment in the winter term 2014 over the winter term 2013. This decline was across all degree programs and course delivery methods. We believe our investment to grow our current physical location and expand academic programming and our strategic plan will be critical in returning to the growth and results of operations that we have seen over the recent years.

We plan to continue expanding and developing our academic programming focusing on growth at our 37 existing locations and potentially making strategic acquisitions. Enrollments will be subject to applicable regulatory requirements and market conditions. With these efforts, we anticipate our enrollments will once again trend upward. To the extent the economic downturn has caused enrollment growth in the past, our ability to maintain or increase that level of growth will depend on how economic factors are perceived by our target student market in relation to the advantages of pursuing higher education. If current market conditions continue, we believe that enrollment trends will be correlated with the number of programs that are developed, the number of programs that are expanded to other locations, and, potentially, the number of locations and programs added through strategic acquisitions. If market conditions decline or if we are unable to open new physical locations, develop or expand academic programming or make strategic acquisitions, whether as a result of regulatory limitations or other factors, our growth rate will likely decline.

Expenses. Expenses consist of cost of educational services, selling, general and administrative, auxiliary expenses, the cost of condominium sales, and the gain/loss on disposition of property and equipment. Cost of educational services

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expenses contains expenditures attributable to the educational activity of NAU. This expense category includes salaries and benefits of faculty and academic administrators, costs of educational supplies, faculty reference and support material and related academic costs, and facility costs. Selling, general and administrative expenses include the salaries of the learner services positions (and other expenses related to support of students), salaries and benefits of admissions staff, marketing expenditures, salaries of other support and leadership services (including finance, human resources, compliance and other corporate functions), legal expenses, expenses related to expansion and development of academic programs and physical locations, as well as depreciation, bad debt expenses and other related costs associated with student support functions. Auxiliary expenses include expenses for the cost of goods sold, including costs associated with books and clothing. The cost of condominium sales is the expense related to condominiums that are sold during the reporting period. The gain/loss on disposition of property and equipment expense records the remaining book value of assets that are no longer used by us.

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Factors affecting comparability

Set forth below are selected factors we believe have had, or which we expect to have, a significant effect on the comparability of our recent or future results of operations:

Introduction of new programs and specializations. We plan to develop additional degree and diploma programs and specializations over the next several years, subject to applicable regulatory approvals. When introducing new programs and specializations, we invest in curriculum development, support infrastructure and marketing research. Revenues associated with these new programs are dependent upon enrollments, which are lower during the periods of introduction. During this period of introduction and development, the rate of growth in revenues and operating income has been, and may be, adversely affected, in part, due to these factors. Historically, as the new programs and specializations develop, increases in enrollment are realized, cost-effective delivery of instructional and support services are achieved, economies of scale are recognized and more efficient marketing and promotional processes are gained.

Stock-based compensation. We expect to incur increased non-cash, stock based compensation expense in connection with existing and future issuances under our 2009 and 2013 Stock Option and Compensation Plans or other equity incentive plans.

Seasonality. Our operations are generally subject to seasonal trends. While we enroll students throughout the year, summer and winter quarter new enrollments and revenue are generally lower than enrollments and revenue in other quarters due to the traditional custom of summer breaks and the holiday break in December and January. In addition, we generally experience an increase in enrollments in the fall of each year when most students seek to begin their post-secondary education.

Department of Education Rulemaking

On March 25, 2014, the U.S. Department of Education (the Department) proposed regulations to define whether certain educational programs, including all programs offered NAU, comply with the Higher Education Act s requirement of preparing students for gainful employment in a recognized occupation. The proposed regulations would cause each educational program covered by the rule, which includes all of NAU s educational programs, to fail the requirement of preparing students for gainful employment if its graduates student loan debt payments exceed 12% of their total earnings and 30% of their discretionary earnings, the same ratios as in the Department s proposed draft language that was issued during the negotiated rulemaking committee session in December 2013 and the Department s original rule published in June 2011. Also unchanged from the earlier proposed draft language, programs whose graduates have debt-to-earnings ratios of 8% to 12% or debt-to-discretionary-earnings ratios of 20% to 30% would fall in a zone , and the institution would have to warn students that they might become ineligible for Title IV program funds. Different from the original June 2011 rule but consistent with the proposed draft language from the negotiated rulemaking committee session in December 2013, the March 2014 proposed draft language from the negotiated rulemaking committee session in December 2013, the March 2014 proposed rule includes a programmatic cohort default rate component whereby programs whose borrower cohort default rates exceed 30% for three consecutive years would be ineligible for three consecutive years would be ineligible for fideral atid.

The debt-to-earnings ratios and programmatic cohort default rates are calculated under complex methodologies and definitions outlined in the proposed regulations and, in some cases, are based on data that may not be readily accessible to institutions. The proposed regulations also contain other provisions that, among other things, include disclosure, reporting and certification requirements. We are evaluating the potential impact of proposed regulations, which remain subject to comment by the public through May 27, 2014 and which may or may not reflect the Department s final regulations. We cannot predict the ultimate content or effective date of any new regulations that may emerge from this process or the potential impact on NAU s programs. However, any regulations that reduce or eliminate our students access to Title IV program funds, that require us to change or eliminate programs or that increase our costs of compliance could materially decrease our revenue and liquidity, increase operating costs and adversely affect our overall business.

In February and March 2014, the Department held two negotiated rulemaking sessions related to proposed regulations to address program integrity and improvement issues for the Title IV programs, including but not limited to cash management of Title IV program funds and the use of debit cards and the handling of Title IV credit balances, state authorization for programs offered through distance education or correspondence education, state authorization for foreign locations of institutions, and clock to credit hour conversion requirements. During the March 2014 negotiating session, the Department proposed draft regulatory language regarding state authorization for programs offered through distance education, students in such programs to be eligible for Title IV program funds and which, if ultimately promulgated into regulation, could materially decrease our revenue and liquidity, and adversely affect our overall business. The Department has scheduled a third session for this negotiated rulemaking committee on April 23-25, 2014 and has announced that a fourth session in May 2014 is likely.

In January, February and March - April 2014, the Department held three negotiated rulemaking sessions to implement the changes to the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act (20 U.S.C. § 1092(f)), or the Clery Act, required by March 2013 amendments to the Violence Against Women Act, or VAWA. While the final regulations will likely not be implemented prior to July 1, 2015, the Department notified institutions in an Electronic Announcement in May 2013 that until the regulations go into effect, the Department expects institutions to make a good faith effort to comply with the statutory requirements. Among other things, VAWA requires institutions to compile statistics for certain crimes reported to campus security authorities or local police agencies. Under the statute, an institution must include the new required information in its Annual Security Report issued no later than October 1, 2014.

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Results of Operations Nine Months Ended February 28, 2014 Compared to Nine Months Ended February 28, 2013

National American University Holdings, Inc.

The following table sets forth statements of operations data as a percentage of total revenue for each of the periods indicated:

	Nine Months Ended February 28, 2014 In percentages	Nine Months Ended February 28, 2013 In percentages
Total revenues	100.0%	100.0%
Operating expenses:		
Cost of educational services	22.8	22.6
Selling, general and administrative	68.0	64.0
Auxiliary expense	4.9	5.2
Cost of condominium sales	0.4	0.0
(Gain) loss on disposition of property	(0.1)	0.1
Total operating expenses	96.0	91.9
Operating income	4.0	8.1
Interest expense	(0.6)	(0.8)
Interest income	0.1	0.1
Other income	0.1	0.0
Income before income taxes	3.6	7.4
Income tax expense	(1.4)	(2.9)
Net income attributable to non-controlling		
interest	0.0	0.0
Net income attributable to the Company	2.2%	4.5%

For the nine months ended February 28, 2014, our total revenue was \$95.8 million, a decrease of \$0.2 million or 0.2%, as compared to total revenue of \$96.0 million for the same period in 2013. The revenue was flat as a result of an enrollment decrease over the first nine months that was offset by a board approved tuition increase of 3.5% effective September 2013. The enrollment decreases were the result of economic and market demand among our targeted student demographic. Our revenue for the nine months ended February 28, 2014 consisted of \$94.5 million from our NAU operations and \$1.3 million from our other operations.

Total operating expenses were \$91.9 million or 96% of total revenue for the nine months ended February 28, 2014, which is an increase of \$3.7 million compared to the same period in 2013. Income from operations was \$3.9 million or 4.0% of total revenue for the nine months ended February 28, 2014, which is a decrease of \$3.9 million compared to the same period in 2013. Net income attributable to the Company was \$2.2 million or 2.2% of total revenue for the

nine months ended February 28, 2014, a decrease of 50.0%, compared to the same period in 2013. The additional details regarding these variances are described in greater detail below.

NAU

The following table sets forth statements of operations data as a percentage of total revenue for each of the periods indicated:

	Nine Months Ended February 28, 2014 In percentages	Nine Months Ended February 28, 2013 In percentages
Total revenues	100.0%	100.0%
Operating expenses:		
Cost of educational services	23.1	22.8
Selling, general and administrative	67.6	63.2
Auxiliary expense	5.0	5.3
Cost of condominium sales	0.0	0.0
Loss on disposition of property	0.0	0.0
Total operating expenses Operating income Interest expense Interest income	95.7 4.3 (0.6) 0.1	91.3 8.7 (0.8) 0.1
Other income (loss)	0.0	(0.1)
Income before non-controlling interest and taxes	3.8%	7.9%

Total revenue. The total revenue for NAU for the nine months ended February 28, 2014 was \$94.5 million, a decrease of \$0.7 million or 0.7%, as compared to total revenue of \$95.2 million for the same period in 2013. The decrease was primarily due to an enrollment decrease which was a result of economic conditions and reduced demand among our targeted student demographic. We believe that NAU s well-defined strategic plan will return the Company to future increases in the revenues.

The academic revenue for the nine months ended February 28, 2014 was \$87.7 million, an increase of \$0.2 million or 0.2%, as compared to academic revenue of \$87.5 million for the same period in 2013. The increase was primarily due to an average tuition increase of 3.5% over the prior year offset by a decrease in enrollments. The auxiliary revenue was \$6.8 million, a decrease of \$0.9 million or 11.2%, as compared to auxiliary revenue of \$7.6 million for the same period in 2013. This decrease in auxiliary revenue was primarily driven by decreased enrollment and vendor negotiations resulting in greater publisher discounts that were passed thru to the students in the form of lower book costs.

Cost of educational services. The educational services expense as a percentage of total revenue was 23.1% an increase of 0.6% for the nine months ended February 28, 2014 and 2013. This was a result of fixed costs such as facility expenses on a decreased revenue base as compared to the prior year.

Selling, general and administrative expenses. The selling, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of net revenue increased by 4.4 percentage points for the nine months ended February 28, 2014, to 67.6%, as compared to 63.2% for the same period in 2013. The selling, general and administrative expenses for the nine months ended February 28, 2014 were \$63.8 million, an increase of \$3.6 million, or 6.0%, as compared to selling, general and administrative expenses of \$60.2 million for the same period in 2013. This increase is due to \$1.4 million in admissions and marketing costs, \$0.8 million in rent and depreciation, \$0.4 million in legal expenses, \$0.3 million of new software and \$0.3 million in the newly approved doctoral programs.

Auxiliary. Auxiliary expenses for the nine months ended February 28, 2014 were \$4.7 million, a decrease of \$0.3 million as compared to auxiliary expenses of \$5.0 million for the same period in 2013. As discussed above, auxiliary expense decreased as a result of reduced enrollments and increased publisher discounts.

Income before non-controlling interest and taxes. The income before non-controlling interest and taxes for the nine months ended February 28, 2014 was \$3.6 million, a decrease of \$4.0 million or 52.5%, as compared to \$7.5 million for the same period in 2013. This decrease is due to the additional expenses discussed above.

Results of Operations Three Months Ended February 28, 2014 Compared to Three Months Ended February 28, 2013

National American University Holdings, Inc.

The following table sets forth statements of operations data as a percentage of total revenue for each of the periods indicated:

	Three Months Ended February 28, 2014 In percentages	Three Months Ended February 28, 2013 In percentages
Total revenues	100.0%	100.0%
Operating expenses:		
Cost of educational services	22.8	22.0
Selling, general and administrative	67.3	64.4
Auxiliary expense	3.2	4.5
Cost of condominium sales	0.7	0.0
Loss on disposition of property	0.0	0.0
Total operating expenses	94.0	90.9
Operating income	6.0	9.1
Interest expense	(0.5)	(0.9)
Interest income	0.2	0.1
Other income	0.1	0.0
Income before income taxes	5.8	8.3
Income tax expense	(2.2)	(3.3)
	0.0	0.0

Net income attributable to non-controlling interest		
Net income attributable to the Company	3.6%	5.0%

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For the three months ended February 28, 2014, our total revenue was \$31.7 million, a decrease of \$0.4 million or 1.2%, as compared to total revenue of \$32.1 million for the same period in 2013. The decrease was primarily due to a decrease in credit hours and lower book sales as a result of lower credit hours during the winter quarter 2014 over the winter quarter 2013 offset by a tuition increase effective with the fall 2013 quarter. Our revenue for the three months ended February 28, 2014 consisted of \$31.2 million from our NAU operations and \$0.5 million from our other operations. Total operating expenses were \$29.8 million or 94.0% of total revenue for the three months ended February 28, 2014, which is an increase of \$0.6 million compared to the same period in 2013. Income from operations was \$1.8 million or 5.8% of total revenue for the three months ended February 28, 2014, which is a decrease of \$0.8 million compared to the Company was \$1.1 million or 3.6% of total revenue for the three months ended February 28, 2014, which is an decrease were the result of economic conditions and lower market demand among our targeted student demographic. Selling, general, and administrative expenses increased \$0.6 million as a result of additional expense for new software, rent and depreciation and the doctoral programs. The additional details regarding these variances are described in greater detail below.

NAU

The following table sets forth statements of operations data as a percentage of total revenue for each of the periods indicated:

	Three Months Ended February 28, 2014	Three Months Endeo February 28, 2013
	In percentages	In percentages
Total revenues	100.0%	100.0%
Operating expenses:		
Cost of educational services	23.2	22.2
Selling, general and administrative	67.0	63.8
Auxiliary expense	3.3	4.5
Cost of condominium sales	0.0	0.0
Loss on disposition of property	0.0	0.0
Total operating expenses	93.5	90.5
Operating income	6.5	9.5
Interest expense	(0.6)	(0.9)
Interest income	0.1	0.1
Other income	0.0	0.0
Income before non-controlling		
interest and taxes	6.0%	8.7%
e. The total revenue for the three month	ns ended February 28, 2014	was \$31.2 million, a dec

Total revenue. The total revenue for the three months ended February 28, 2014 was \$31.2 million, a decrease of \$0.6 million or 1.9%, as compared to total revenue of \$31.8 million for the same period in 2013. The decrease was driven by economic conditions and market demand among our targeted student demographic, offset by a 3.5% tuition increase.

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The academic revenue for the three months ended February 28, 2014 was flat at \$29.5 million for 2014 and 2013. The auxiliary revenue was \$1.7 million, a decrease of \$0.5 million or 23.6%, as compared to auxiliary revenue of \$2.2 million for the same period in 2013. This decrease was primarily due to decreased enrollment and vendor negotiations resulting in greater publisher discounts that were passed thru to the students in the form of lower book costs.

Cost of educational services. The educational services expense as a percentage of total revenue increased by 1.0 percentage points for the three months ended February 28, 2014, to 23.2%, as compared to 22.2% for the same period in 2013. This increase was a result of expanded program offerings at our expanded physical footprint. The educational services expenses for the three months ended February 28, 2014 were \$7.2 million, an increase of \$0.2 million, or 2.7% as compared to educational expenses of \$7.0 million for the same period in 2013. This increase was primarily due to the addition of our doctoral programs.

Selling, general and administrative expenses. The selling, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of net revenue increased by 3.2 percentage points for the three months ended February 28, 2014, to 67.0%, as compared to 63.8% for the same period in 2013. The selling, general and administrative expenses for the three months ended February 28, 2014 were \$20.9 million, an increase of \$0.6 million, or 3.1%, as compared to selling, general and administrative expenses of \$20.3 million for the same period in 2013. The increase was the result of additional expense for new software, rent and depreciation and the doctoral programs.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Liquidity. At February 28, 2014, and May 31, 2013, cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities were \$31.9 million on both points in time. Consistent with our cash management plan and investment philosophy, a portion of the excess cash was invested in United States securities directly or through money market funds, as well as in bank deposits and certificates of deposit. Of the amounts listed above, the marketable securities for February 28, 2014 and May 31, 2013 were \$15.1 million and \$20.7 million, respectively.

We maintain one line of credit to support ongoing operations. This line of credit is available to support timing differences between inflows and outflows of cash. During the first nine months of fiscal year 2014 ended February 28, 2014 the line of credit was not utilized. We retain this \$3.0 million revolving line of credit with Great Western Bank. Advances under the line bear interest at a variable rate based on prime and are unsecured. There were no advances outstanding against this line at February 28, 2014 and May 31, 2013.

Based on our current operations and anticipated growth, the cash flows from operations and other sources of liquidity are anticipated to provide adequate funds for ongoing operations and planned capital expenditures for the near future. These expenditures include our plans for continued expansion and development of new programming and growth of our affiliate relationships. Our current focus is to fit expenditures with enrollment patterns. Also, we believe that we are positioned to further supplement our liquidity with debt, if needed.

Operating Activities. Net cash provided by operating activities for the nine months ended February 28, 2014 and 2013 were \$6.4 million and \$13.4 million, respectively. This decrease is due to decreases of \$2.2 million of net income and a \$4.1 million increase in cash used for working capital, primarily due to a decrease in accounts payable and accrued liabilities offset by lower accounts receivable balances.

Investing Activities. Net cash provided by investing activities for the nine months ended February 28, 2014 was \$2.6 million and net cash used by investing activities was \$3.9 million in 2013. The increase in the cash provided by investing activities was primarily related to the selling and buying of investments in fiscal year 2014, which resulted in net cash provided of \$5.6 million compared to \$3.9 million in fiscal year 2013. In addition, purchases of property, plant and equipment was reduced by \$3.6 million and a payment was received on the tenant improvement allowance receivable on the Rapid City Central Administration building.

Financing Activities. Net cash used by financing activities was \$3.4 million and \$2.9 million for the nine months ended February 28, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The increase of \$0.5 million is primarily due to the increased dividends paid in fiscal year 2014. There were minimal treasury stock purchases in fiscal year 2014.

Contractual Obligations. As part of our ongoing operations, we entered into an arrangement for additional space that will house the Corporate headquarters, distance learning operations, and the Rapid City campus operations that obligates us to make future payments under a capital lease obligation, which totaled \$23.0 million, or a net present value of \$12.4 million as of February 28, 2014 and was recognized as current and non-current capital lease payable of \$0.2 million and \$12.2 million, respectively, and was included in net property, plant and equipment in our condensed consolidated balance sheet.

The following is a schedule of future minimum commitments for the Company s capital lease as of February 28, 2014:

(\$ in thousands)	Capital Leases
2014	\$ 270
2015	1,092
2016	1,115
2017	1,137
2018	1,159
Thereafter	17,992
Total future minimum lease obligation	\$ 22,765
Less: Imputed interest on capital leases	(10,416)
Net present value of lease obligations	\$ 12,349

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

Other than operating leases, we do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a material current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources.

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Impact of Inflation

The Company believes inflation has had a minimal impact on results of operations for the nine month period ended February 28, 2014. We also increase tuition (usually once a year) to assist offsetting inflationary impacts without creating a hardship for students. Consistent with the Company s operating plan, a yearly salary increase in December (supported by evaluations and recommendations from supervisors) is considered to help alleviate the inflationary effects on staff. There can be no assurance that future inflation will not have an adverse impact on operating results and financial condition.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

Market risk. We have no derivative financial instruments or derivative commodity instruments. Cash in excess of current operating requirements is invested in short-term certificates of deposit and money market instruments.

Interest rate risk. Interest rate risk is managed by investing excess funds in cash equivalents and marketable securities bearing variable interest rates tied to various market indices. As such, future investment income may fall short of expectations due to changes in interest rates or losses in principal may occur if securities are forced to be sold which have declined in market value due to changes in interest rates. At February 28, 2014, a 10% increase or decrease in interest rates would not have a material impact on future earnings, fair values or cash flows.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, we conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures, as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act), as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report on Form 10-Q. Based on our evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective such that the material information required to be included in our SEC reports is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in SEC rules and forms. These disclosure controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports we file or submit is accumulated and communicated to management, including our principal executive officer and principal to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

There were no changes to the Company s internal control over financial reporting during the second fiscal quarter of 2014 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

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PART II OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

From time to time, we may be a party to various lawsuits, claims and other legal proceedings that arise in the ordinary course of our business. We are not at this time, a party, as plaintiff or defendant, to any legal proceedings which, individually or in the aggregate, would be expected to have a material effect on our business, financial condition or results of operation.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

We may lose our eligibility to participate in the federal student financial aid programs if the percentage of our revenues derived from Title IV programs is too high.

A provision of the Higher Education Act commonly referred to as the 90/10 Rule, as amended in August 2008, provides that a for-profit educational institution loses its eligibility to participate in Title IV programs if, under a complex regulatory formula that requires cash basis accounting and other adjustments to the calculation of revenue, the institution derives more than 90% of its revenues from Title IV program funds for any two consecutive fiscal years. An institution that derives more than 90% of its revenue (on a cash basis) from Title IV programs for any single fiscal year will be placed on provisional certification for at least two fiscal years and may be subject to additional conditions or sanctions imposed by the Department of Education. During the period of provisional certification, the institution must comply with any additional conditions included in the institution s program participation agreement with the Department of Education. In addition, the Department of Education may more closely review an institution that is provisionally certified if it applies for recertification or approval to open a new location, add an educational program, acquire another school or make any other significant change. If the Department of Education determines that a provisionally certified institution is unable to meet its responsibilities under its program participation agreement, the Department of Education may seek to revoke the institution s certification to participate in Title IV programs without advance notice or opportunity for the institution to challenge the action. If we were to violate the 90/10 Rule, we would become ineligible to participate in Title IV programs as of the first day of the fiscal year following the second consecutive fiscal year in which we exceeded the 90% threshold and would be unable to regain eligibility for two fiscal years thereafter. Under regulations that were published by the Department of Education in October 2009, a proprietary institution must disclose in a footnote to its annual audited financial statements its 90/10 calculation and the amounts of the federal and non-federal revenues, by source, included in its 90/10 calculation. The certified public accountant that prepares the institution s audited financial statements is required to review that information and test the institution s calculation. For our 2011, 2012 and 2013 fiscal years, we derived approximately 78.9%, 84.7% and 89.7%, respectively, of our revenues (calculated on a cash basis) from Title IV program funds. If we violate the 90/10 Rule and continue to disburse Title IV program funds to students after the effective date of our loss of eligibility to participate in Title IV programs, we would be required to return those funds to the applicable lender or the Department of Education.

Increases in Title IV grant and loan limits currently or in the future may result in an increase in the revenues we receive from Title IV programs. Further, a significant number of states in which we operate have faced budget constraints, which have caused or may cause them to reduce state appropriations in a number of areas, including with respect to the amount of financial assistance provided to postsecondary students, which could further increase our percentage of revenues derived from Title IV program funds. Also, the employment circumstances of our students or their parents could also increase reliance on Title IV program funds. We are exploring the feasibility of various potential measures that would be intended to reduce the percentage of NAU s cash basis revenue attributable under the 90/10 Rule to Title IV Program funds. Certain measures that could be taken to maintain compliance with the 90/10 Rule may reduce our revenues, increase our operating expenses, or both, perhaps significantly. If we become ineligible to participate in Title IV programs as a result of noncompliance with the 90/10 Rule, it can be expected to have a material effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

New rulemaking by the Department of Education could result in regulatory changes that adversely affect our business.

On March 25, 2014, the U.S. Department of Education (the Department) proposed regulations to define whether certain educational programs, including all programs offered NAU, comply with the Higher Education Act s requirement of preparing students for gainful employment in a recognized occupation. The proposed regulations would cause each educational program covered by the rule, which includes all of NAU s educational programs, to fail the requirement of preparing students for gainful employment if its graduates student loan debt payments exceed 12% of their total earnings and 30% of their discretionary earnings, the same ratios as in the Department s proposed draft language that was issued during the negotiated rulemaking committee session in December 2013 and the Department s original rule published in June 2011. Also unchanged from the earlier proposed draft language, programs whose graduates have debt-to-earnings ratios of 8% to 12% or debt-to-discretionary-earnings ratios of 20% to 30% would fall in a zone , and the institution would have to warn students that they might become ineligible for Title IV program funds. Different from the original June 2011 rule but consistent with the proposed draft language from the negotiated rulemaking committee session in December 2013, the March 2014 proposed rule includes a programmatic cohort default rate component whereby programs whose borrower cohort default rates exceed 30% for three consecutive years would be ineligible for three consecutive year

The debt-to-earnings ratios and programmatic cohort default rates are calculated under complex methodologies and definitions outlined in the proposed regulations and, in some cases, are based on data that may not be readily accessible to institutions. The proposed regulations also contain other provisions that, among other things, include disclosure, reporting and certification requirements. We are evaluating the potential impact of proposed regulations, which remain subject to comment by the public through May 27, 2014 and which may or may not reflect the Department s final regulations. We cannot predict the ultimate content or effective date of any new regulations that may emerge from this process or the potential impact on NAU s programs. However, any regulations that reduce or eliminate our students access to Title IV program funds, that require us to change or eliminate programs or that increase our costs of compliance could have an adverse effect on our business.

In February and March 2014, the Department held two negotiated rulemaking sessions related to proposed regulations to address program integrity and improvement issues for the Title IV programs, including but not limited to cash management of Title IV program funds and the use of debit cards and the handling of Title IV credit balances, state authorization for programs offered through distance education or correspondence education, state authorization for foreign locations of institutions, and clock to credit hour conversion requirements. During the March 2014 negotiating session, the Department proposed draft regulatory language regarding state authorization for programs offered through distance education, state authorization for programs offered through distance education, state authorization for programs offered through distance regulatory language regarding state authorization for programs offered through distance education that would impose new requirements for students in such programs to be eligible for Title IV program funds and which, if ultimately promulgated into regulation, could have an adverse effect on our business. The Department has scheduled a third session for this negotiated rulemaking committee on April 23-25, 2014 and has announced that a fourth session in May 2014 is likely.

In January, February and March - April 2014, the Department held three negotiated rulemaking sessions to implement the changes to the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act (20 U.S.C. § 1092(f)), or the Clery Act, required by March 2013 amendments to the Violence Against Women Act, or VAWA. While the final regulations will likely not be implemented prior to July 1, 2015, the Department notified institutions in an Electronic Announcement in May 2013 that until the regulations go into effect, the Department expects institutions to make a good faith effort to comply with the statutory requirements. Among other things, VAWA requires institutions to compile statistics for certain crimes reported to campus security authorities or local police agencies. Under the statute, an institution must include the new required information in its Annual Security Report issued no later than October 1, 2014.

If our student loan default rates rise too high we could lose our eligibility to participate in Title IV programs.

On September 16, 2013, we received notice from the Department of Education that our final, official cohort default rate for students who entered repayment during the federal fiscal year ended September 30, 2011, measured over two federal fiscal years of borrower repayment, was 14.9%. On September 23, 2013, we received notice from the Department of Education that our final, official cohort rate for students who entered repayment during the federal fiscal years of borrower repayment, was 24.6%. The maximum default rate allowed by the Department of Education is 25% and 30% for the two and three year measurements, respectively. We may lose our eligibility to participate in Title IV programs if our student loan default rates are too high.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

In December 2007, we completed our initial public offering, or IPO, pursuant to a registration statement on Form S-1 under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (File No. 333-143098) that was declared effective by the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 26, 2007. In connection with the transaction with Dlorah on November 23, 2009, we used \$3.3 million of the proceeds from our IPO to redeem all of the outstanding warrants that were publicly traded immediately before the consummation of the Dlorah transaction, and \$3.7 million of our proceeds from the IPO to buyout an employment agreement and legal, accounting, filing, and insurance fees associated with being a public entity.

We have used and intend to use the remaining net proceeds from the IPO for general corporate purposes and growth initiatives, including expansion of educational sites.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information.

None.

Item 6. Exhibits.

- 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 32.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 32.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 101 Interactive Data Files

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SIGNATURES

Dated: April 4, 2014

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

National American University Holdings, Inc. (Registrant)

By: /s/ Ronald L. Shape Ronald L. Shape, Ed. D. Chief Executive Officer

> By: /s/ Venessa D. Green Venessa D. Green, MBA, CPA Chief Financial Officer

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Exhibit Index

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