UNIVEST CORP OF PENNSYLVANIA Form 10-Q August 08, 2013 Table of Contents

# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

# Form 10-Q

Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2013.

Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_\_.

# UNIVEST CORPORATION OF PENNSYLVANIA

**Commission File Number: 0-7617** 

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Pennsylvania (State or other jurisdiction of

23-1886144 (IRS Employer

incorporation or organization)

Identification No.)

14 North Main Street, Souderton, Pennsylvania 18964

(Address of principal executive offices)(Zip Code)

Registrant s telephone number, including area code: (215) 721-2400

#### Not applicable

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. x Yes "No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Website, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). x Yes "No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer " Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer " (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). "Yes x No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer s classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Common Stock, \$5 par value (Title of Class) <u>16,678,341</u> (Number of shares outstanding at July 31, 2013)

# UNIVEST CORPORATION OF PENNSYLVANIA AND SUBSIDIARIES

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# PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

# Item 1. Financial Statements

## UNIVEST CORPORATION OF PENNSYLVANIA

# CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)	NAUDITED) June 30, 2013	SEE NOTE) cember 31, 2012
ASSETS		
Cash and due from banks	\$ 45,360	\$ 98,399
Interest-earning deposits with other banks	41,194	47,713
Investment securities held-to-maturity (fair value \$70,029 and \$71,327 at June 30, 2013 and		
December 31, 2012, respectively)	69,425	69,845
Investment securities available-for-sale	416,035	429,734
Loans held for sale	3,609	4,530
Loans and leases held for investment	1,499,993	1,481,862
Less: Reserve for loan and lease losses	(24,718)	(24,746)
Net loans and leases held for investment	1,475,275	1,457,116
Premises and equipment, net	32,493	33,222
Goodwill	57,517	56,238
Other intangibles, net of accumulated amortization and fair value adjustments of \$9,244	,-	, .
and \$10,475 at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively	8,470	6,456
Bank owned life insurance	62,326	61,409
Accrued interest receivable and other assets	43,897	40,179
Total assets	\$ 2,255,601	\$ 2,304,841
LIABILITIES		
Demand deposits, noninterest-bearing	\$ 398,906	\$ 368,948
Demand deposits, interest-bearing	632,563	638,483
Savings deposits	542,566	526,391
Time deposits	299,016	331,511
Total deposits	1,873,051	1,865,333
Customer repurchase agreements	45,388	96,282
Accrued interest payable and other liabilities	36,955	37,955
Subordinated notes	00,500	375
Junior subordinated debt owed to unconsolidated subsidiary trust	20,619	20,619
Total liabilities	1,976,013	2,020,564
SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY		
Common stock, \$5 par value: 48,000,000 shares authorized at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012; 18,266,404 shares issued at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012; 16,683,009 and 16,770,232 shares outstanding at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012,		
respectively	91,332	91,332
Additional paid-in capital	61,702	62,101
Retained earnings	168,233	164,823

Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of taxes	(13,229)	(6,920)
Treasury stock, at cost; 1,583,395 shares and 1,496,172 shares at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively	(28,450)	(27,059)
Total shareholders equity	279,588	284,277
Total liabilities and shareholders equity	\$ 2,255,601	\$ 2,304,841

Note: The consolidated balance sheet at December 31, 2012 has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by U. S. generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

# UNIVEST CORPORATION OF PENNSYLVANIA

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

## (Unaudited)

		nths Ended		ths Ended ne 30,	
(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)	2013	2012	2013	2012	
Interest income					
Interest and fees on loans and leases:					
Taxable	\$ 15,809	\$ 16,413	\$ 31,751	\$ 32,750	
Exempt from federal income taxes	1,130	1,229	2,244	2,422	
Total interest and fees on loans and leases	16,939	17,642	33,995	35,172	
Interest and dividends on investment securities:					
Taxable	1,432	1,481	2,804	3,234	
Exempt from federal income taxes	1,044	1,097	2,070	2,207	
Other interest income	46	38	81	76	
Total interest income	19,461	20,258	38,950	40,689	
Interest expense					
Interest on deposits	1,155	1,654	2,395	3,507	
Interest on short-term borrowings	15	156	32	262	
Interest on long-term borrowings	183	301	472	609	
Total interest expense	1,353	2,111	2,899	4,378	
Net interest income	18,108	18,147	36,051	36,311	
Provision for loan and lease losses	3,446	1,343	5,520	5,443	
Net interest income after provision for loan and lease losses	14,662	16,804	30,531	30,868	
Noninterest income					
Trust fee income	1,779	1,625	3,513	3,250	
Service charges on deposit accounts	1,098	1,079	2,184	2,179	
Investment advisory commission and fee income	1,811	1,350	3,512	2,606	
Insurance commission and fee income	2,598	2,057	5,316	4,324	
Other service fee income	1,827	1,368	3,525	2,890	
Bank owned life insurance income	413	336	917	1,842	
Other-than-temporary impairment on equity securities		(6)		(9)	
Net gain on sales of investment securities	1,339	24	1,524	282	
Net gain on mortgage banking activities	1,416	1,074	3,112	2,346	
Net loss on dispositions of fixed assets	(6)	(10)	(6)	(9)	
Net gain (loss) on sales and write-downs of other real estate owned	252	(1,071)	(1.866)	(1,102)	
Loss on termination of interest rate swap Other	(1,866)	174	(1,866) 483	422	
Total noninterest income	10,991	8,000	22,466	19,021	

# Noninterest expense

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Salaries and benefits	9,359	9,100	19,219	19,241
Commissions	2,388	1,633	4,503	3,055
Net occupancy	1,408	1,402	2,807	2,796
Equipment	1,212	1,111	2,394	2,145
Marketing and advertising	497	584	862	903
Deposit insurance premiums	400	429	792	873
Restructuring charges			539	
Other	4,022	4,377	8,406	8,499
Total noninterest expense	19,286	18,636	39,522	37,512
•	,	·	ĺ	·
Income before income taxes	6,367	6,168	13,475	12,377
Income taxes	1,537	1,405	3,247	2,351
	,	,	,	,
Net income	\$ 4,830	\$ 4,763	\$ 10,228	\$ 10,026
ret meome	Ψ 4,050	Ψ 1,703	ψ 10,220	Ψ 10,020
Net income per share:				
•	\$ .29	\$ .28	\$ .61	\$ .60
Basic				+
Diluted	.29	.28	.61	.60
Dividends declared	.20	.20	.40	.40

Note: See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

# UNIVEST CORPORATION OF PENNSYLVANIA

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

# (Unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands)		Three Months Ended June 30, 2013									
(Dona's in thousands)	Before Tax Amount	Tax Expense (Benefit)	Net of Tax Amount	Before Tax Amount	Tax Expense (Benefit)	Net of Tax Amount					
Income	\$ 6,367	\$ 1,537	\$ 4,830	\$ 6,168	\$ 1,405	\$ 4,763					
Other comprehensive income:											
Net unrealized (losses) gains on available-for-sale											
investment securities:											
Net unrealized holding (losses) gains arising during the											
period	(9,201	) (3,221)	(5,980)	1,417	496	921					
Less: reclassification adjustment for net gains on sales											
realized in net income	(1,339	(468)	(871)	(24)	(9)	(15)					
Less: reclassification adjustment for											
other-than-temporary impairment on equity securities											
realized in net income				6	2	4					
Total net unrealized (losses) gains on available-for-sale											
investment securities	(10,540	(3,689)	(6,851)	1,399	489	910					
Cash flow hedge derivative:											
Net change in fair value of interest rate swap	(119	) (42)	(77)	(563)	(197)	(366)					
Less: reclassification adjustment for loss on termination											
of interest rate swap realized in net income	1,866	653	1,213								
Total cash flow hedge derivative	1,747	611	1,136	(563)	(197)	(366)					
Defined benefit pension plans:	,		,	,	,						
Less: amortization of net loss included in net periodic											
pension costs	349	122	227	292	102	190					
Less: accretion of prior service cost included in net											
periodic pension costs	(63	) (21)	(42)	(64)	(22)	(42)					
	`	, , ,	,	` /	,	,					
Total defined benefit pension plans	286	101	185	228	80	148					
Total defined benefit pension plans	200	101	102	220	00	110					
Other comprehensive (less) income	(0 507	(2.077)	(5,530)	1,064	372	692					
Other comprehensive (loss) income	(8,507	) (2,977)	(5,530)	1,004	3/2	092					
	h /a	\ d\ (4.45)				<b>.</b>					
Total comprehensive (loss) income	\$ (2,140	) \$ (1,440)	\$ (700)	\$ 7,232	\$ 1,777	\$ 5,455					

					Six	x Months E	nded	June 30,				
(Dollars in thousands)				2013						2012		
	Before Tax					Net of Before				Tax	Net of	
	Tax Expense				Tax T			Tax	Expense			Tax
	Amount (Benefit)		Amount		Amount		(Benefit)		Amount			
Income	\$	13,475	\$	3,247	\$	10,228	\$	12,377	\$	2,351	\$	10,026

Other comprehensive income:

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Net unrealized (losses) gains on available-for-sale								
investment securities:								
Net unrealized holding (losses) gains arising during the								
period	(10,	505)	(3,712	)	(6,893)	517	181	336
Less: reclassification adjustment for net gains on sales								
realized in net income	(1,	524)	(533	)	(991)	(282)	(99)	(183)
Less: reclassification adjustment for								
other-than-temporary impairment on equity securities								
realized in net income						9	3	6
Total net unrealized (losses) gains on available-for-sale								
investment securities	(12,	120)	(4,245	)	(7,884)	244	85	159
Cash flow hedge derivative:	(12)	(2)	(7,270	,	(7,004)	277	0.5	139
Net change in fair value of interest rate swap		43	15		28	(389)	(136)	(253)
Less: reclassification adjustment for loss on termination		43	10		20	(309)	(130)	(233)
	1 (	066	653		1 212			
of interest rate swap realized in net income	1,0	366	053		1,213			
Total cash flow hedge derivative	1,9	909	668		1,241	(389)	(136)	(253)
Defined benefit pension plans:								
Less: amortization of net loss included in net periodic								
pension costs	(	541	224		417	589	206	383
Less: accretion of prior service cost included in net								
periodic pension costs	(	<b>127</b> )	(44	)	(83)	(128)	(45)	(83)
Total defined benefit pension plans	4	514	180		334	461	161	300
			100			.01	101	200
Other community (loss) income	(0.7	706)	(2.205	`	(6 200)	316	110	206
Other comprehensive (loss) income	(9,	706)	(3,397	,	(6,309)	310	110	200
Total comprehensive income	\$ 3,	769	\$ (150	) \$	3,919	\$ 12,693	\$ 2,461	\$ 10,232

Note: See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

## UNIVEST CORPORATION OF PENNSYLVANIA

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY

## (Unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)	Common Shares Outstanding	Com	cumulated Other prehensive ss) Income	Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Treasury Stock	Total
Six Months Ended June 30, 2013								
Balance at December 31, 2012	16,770,232	\$	(6,920)	\$ 91,332	\$ 62,101	\$ 164,823	\$ (27,059)	\$ 284,277
Net income						10,228		10,228
Other comprehensive loss, net of income tax benefit			(6,309)					(6,309)
Cash dividends declared (\$0.40 per share)						(6,693)		(6,693)
Stock issued under dividend reinvestment and								
employee stock purchase plans and other employee	70 120				_	(22)	1 201	1 262
benefit programs	79,139				5	(33)	1,391	1,363
Repurchase of cancelled restricted stock awards Stock-based compensation	(29,533)	)			519 262		(519)	262
Net tax deficiency on stock-based compensation					(11)			(11)
Purchases of treasury stock	(206,870	)			(11)		(3,529)	(3,529)
Restricted stock awards granted	70,041	,			(1,174)	(92)	1,266	(3,327)
restricted stock awards granted	70,041				(1,174)	()2)	1,200	
Balance at June 30, 2013	16,683,009	\$	(13,229)	\$ 91,332	\$ 61,702	\$ 168,233	\$ (28,450)	\$ 279,588
(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)	Common Shares Outstanding	Com	umulated Other prehensive s) Income	Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Treasury Stock	Total
(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)  Six Months Ended June 30, 2012	Shares	Com	Other prehensive		Paid-in			Total
Six Months Ended June 30, 2012	Shares Outstanding	Com	Other prehensive s) Income	Stock	Paid-in Capital	Earnings	Stock	<b>Total</b> \$ 272,979
	Shares	Comp (Los	Other prehensive s) Income		Paid-in			
Six Months Ended June 30, 2012  Balance at December 31, 2011	Shares Outstanding	Comp (Los	Other prehensive s) Income	Stock	Paid-in Capital	<b>Earnings</b> \$ 157,566	Stock	\$ 272,979
Six Months Ended June 30, 2012  Balance at December 31, 2011  Net income	Shares Outstanding	Comp (Los	Other prehensive s) Income	Stock	Paid-in Capital	<b>Earnings</b> \$ 157,566	Stock	\$ 272,979 10,026
Six Months Ended June 30, 2012  Balance at December 31, 2011  Net income  Other comprehensive income, net of income tax	Shares Outstanding	Comp (Los	Other prehensive s) Income	Stock	Paid-in Capital	\$ 157,566 10,026	Stock	\$ 272,979 10,026 206
Six Months Ended June 30, 2012  Balance at December 31, 2011  Net income  Other comprehensive income, net of income tax  Cash dividends declared (\$0.40 per share)	Shares Outstanding	Comp (Los	Other prehensive s) Income	Stock	Paid-in Capital	\$ 157,566 10,026	Stock	\$ 272,979 10,026 206
Six Months Ended June 30, 2012  Balance at December 31, 2011  Net income Other comprehensive income, net of income tax Cash dividends declared (\$0.40 per share)  Stock issued under dividend reinvestment and employee stock purchase plans and other employee benefit programs	Shares Outstanding  16,702,376	Comp (Los	Other prehensive s) Income	Stock	Paid-in Capital	\$ 157,566 10,026	\$ (28,313)	\$ 272,979 10,026 206
Six Months Ended June 30, 2012  Balance at December 31, 2011  Net income Other comprehensive income, net of income tax Cash dividends declared (\$0.40 per share)  Stock issued under dividend reinvestment and employee stock purchase plans and other employee benefit programs  Repurchase of cancelled restricted stock awards	Shares Outstanding 16,702,376	Comp (Los	Other prehensive s) Income	Stock	Paid-in Capital \$ 58,495	\$ 157,566 10,026 (6,706)	<b>Stock</b> \$ (28,313)	\$ 272,979 10,026 206 (6,706)
Six Months Ended June 30, 2012  Balance at December 31, 2011  Net income Other comprehensive income, net of income tax Cash dividends declared (\$0.40 per share)  Stock issued under dividend reinvestment and employee stock purchase plans and other employee benefit programs  Repurchase of cancelled restricted stock awards  Stock-based compensation	Shares Outstanding  16,702,376	Comp (Los	Other prehensive s) Income	Stock	Paid-in Capital \$ 58,495	\$ 157,566 10,026 (6,706)	\$ (28,313)	\$ 272,979 10,026 206 (6,706)
Six Months Ended June 30, 2012  Balance at December 31, 2011  Net income Other comprehensive income, net of income tax Cash dividends declared (\$0.40 per share)  Stock issued under dividend reinvestment and employee stock purchase plans and other employee benefit programs  Repurchase of cancelled restricted stock awards  Stock-based compensation  Net tax deficiency on stock-based compensation	Shares Outstanding 16,702,376 90,339 (13,125)	Comp (Los	Other prehensive s) Income	Stock	Paid-in Capital \$ 58,495	\$ 157,566 10,026 (6,706) (65) (87)	\$ (28,313) \$ (28,313) 1,526 (213)	\$ 272,979 10,026 206 (6,706)
Six Months Ended June 30, 2012  Balance at December 31, 2011  Net income Other comprehensive income, net of income tax Cash dividends declared (\$0.40 per share) Stock issued under dividend reinvestment and employee stock purchase plans and other employee benefit programs Repurchase of cancelled restricted stock awards Stock-based compensation Net tax deficiency on stock-based compensation Purchases of treasury stock	Shares Outstanding 16,702,376 90,339 (13,125) (90,854)	Comp (Los	Other prehensive s) Income	Stock	Paid-in Capital  \$ 58,495  300 847 (84)	\$ 157,566 10,026 (6,706) (65) (87) 33	\$(28,313) 1,526 (213) (1,446)	\$ 272,979 10,026 206 (6,706) 1,461 880
Six Months Ended June 30, 2012  Balance at December 31, 2011  Net income Other comprehensive income, net of income tax Cash dividends declared (\$0.40 per share)  Stock issued under dividend reinvestment and employee stock purchase plans and other employee benefit programs  Repurchase of cancelled restricted stock awards  Stock-based compensation  Net tax deficiency on stock-based compensation	Shares Outstanding 16,702,376 90,339 (13,125)	Comp (Los	Other prehensive s) Income	Stock	Paid-in Capital  \$ 58,495  300 847	\$ 157,566 10,026 (6,706) (65) (87)	\$ (28,313) \$ (28,313) 1,526 (213)	\$ 272,979 10,026 206 (6,706) 1,461 880 (84)

Note: See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

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# UNIVEST CORPORATION OF PENNSYLVANIA

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

# (Unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands)	Six Months Er 2013	nded June 30, 2012
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income	\$ 10,228	\$ 10,026
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Provision for loan and lease losses	5,520	5,443
Depreciation of premises and equipment	1,470	1,369
Other-than-temporary impairment on equity securities	·	9
Net gain on sales of investment securities	(1,524)	(282)
Net gain on mortgage banking activities	(3,112)	(2,346)
Net loss on dispositions of fixed assets	6	9
Net (gain) loss on sales and write-downs of other real estate owned	(252)	1,102
Loss on termination of interest rate swap	1,866	
Bank owned life insurance income	(917)	(1,842)
Stock-based compensation	262	774
Other adjustments to reconcile net income to cash provided by operating activities	1,329	3,145
Originations of loans held for sale	(176,114)	(122,521)
Proceeds from the sale of loans held for sale	180,931	125,854
Contributions to pension and other postretirement benefit plans	(60)	(59)
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest receivable and other assets	(3,845)	400
Decrease in accrued interest payable and other liabilities	(2,553)	(2,272)
Net cash provided by operating activities	13,235	18,809
Cash flows from investing activities:	42.424	
Net cash paid due to acquisitions	(2,170)	(3,225)
Net capital expenditures	(747)	(1,337)
Proceeds from maturities and calls of securities available-for-sale	23,467	81,001
Proceeds from sales of securities available-for-sale	35,415	57,162
Purchases of investment securities available-for-sale	(56,860)	(106,536)
Net increase in loans and leases	(25,154)	(23,854)
Net decrease in interest-earning deposits	6,519	8,147
Proceeds from sales of other real estate owned	2,330	1,482
Proceeds from bank owned life insurance		2,415
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(17,200)	15,255
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Net increase (decrease) in deposits	7,718	(5,310)
Net decrease in short-term borrowings	(50,894)	(14,606)
Repayment of subordinated debt	(375)	(750)
Purchases of treasury stock	(3,529)	(1,446)
Stock issued under dividend reinvestment and employee stock purchase plans and other employee benefit programs	1,363	1,461
Cash dividends paid	(3,357)	(6,699)
Net cash used in financing activities	(49,074)	(27,350)

Net (decrease) increase in cash and due from banks	(53,039)	6,714
Cash and due from banks at beginning of year	98,399	39,857
Cash and due from banks at end of period	\$ 45,360	\$ 46,571
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:		
Cash paid for interest	\$ 3,489	\$ 4,759
Cash paid for income taxes, net of refunds received	3,713	1,282
Non cash transactions:		
Noncash transfer of loans to other real estate owned	\$ 1,729	\$
Contingency consideration recorded as goodwill	\$ 454	\$ 842

Note: See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

#### UNIVEST CORPORATION OF PENNSYLVANIA AND SUBSIDIARIES

**Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements** 

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies Principles of Consolidation and Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Univest Corporation of Pennsylvania (the Corporation) and its wholly owned subsidiaries; the Corporation s primary subsidiary is Univest Bank and Trust Co. (the Bank). All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. The unaudited interim consolidated financial statements included herein have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC). Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (U.S. GAAP) have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations for interim financial information. The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments which are of a normal recurring nature and are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of the financial statements for the interim periods presented. Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current-year presentation. Operating results for the six-month period ended June 30, 2013 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ended December 31, 2013. It is suggested that these unaudited consolidated financial statements be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and the notes thereto included in the registrant s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012, which was filed with the SEC on March 4, 2013.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of the unaudited consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Material estimates that are particularly susceptible to significant changes include fair value measurement of investment securities available-for-sale and assessment for impairment of certain investment securities, reserve for loan and lease losses, valuation of goodwill and other intangible assets, mortgage servicing rights, deferred tax assets and liabilities, benefit plans and stock-based compensation expense.

#### Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In February 2013, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued an Accounting Standards Update (ASU) to improve the transparency of reporting reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income. The guidance requires entities to present, either on the face of the statement where net income is presented or in a single footnote, significant amounts that are required under U.S. GAAP to be reclassified to net income in their entirety. For other amounts that are not required under U.S. GAAP to be reclassified in their entirety to net income, an entity is required to provide a cross-reference to other required U.S. GAAP disclosures. The amendment is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2012, or January 1, 2013 for the Corporation. The application of the provisions of this standard did not have a material impact on the Corporation s financial statements although it resulted in additional disclosures which are included in Note 10, Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income.

In December 2011, the FASB issued an ASU regarding disclosures about offsetting assets and liabilities. The scope of this accounting guidance was further clarified by an ASU issued by the FASB in January 2013. This guidance affects entities that have financial instruments and derivative instruments that are either (1) offset in accordance with U.S. GAAP or (2) subject to an enforceable master netting arrangement or similar agreement. This information will enable users of an entity s financial statements to evaluate the effect or potential effect of netting arrangements on an entity s financial position, including the effect or potential effect of rights of setoff associated with certain financial instruments and derivative instruments within the scope of this guidance. The guidance is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013. The provisions of this guidance did not have any impact on the Corporation s financial statements.

#### Note 2. Acquisition

On May 1, 2013, the Corporation and its insurance subsidiary, Univest Insurance, Inc., completed the acquisition of John T. Fretz Insurance Agency, Inc., a full-service property and casualty insurance agency providing solutions to both personal and commercial clients. The acquisition expands the Corporation s insurance business and increases its market share in its core market.

The Corporation paid \$2.2 million in cash at closing with additional contingent consideration to be paid in annual installments over the three-year period ended April 30, 2016 based on the achievement of certain levels of revenue. At the acquisition date, the Corporation recorded the estimated fair value of the contingent consideration of \$454 thousand in other liabilities. The estimated fair value of the contingent consideration liability was calculated using a discounted cash flow model of future contingent payments based on projected revenue related to the acquired business. The potential cash payments that could result from the contingent consideration arrangement range from \$0 thousand to a maximum of \$930 thousand cumulative over the next three years. The fair value of the contingent consideration liability will be reviewed on a quarterly basis and any valuation adjustments resulting from a change in the discount rate or estimated future contingent payments based on projected revenue of the acquired business affecting the contingent consideration liability will be recorded through noninterest expense.

As a result of the John T. Fretz Insurance Agency, Inc. acquisition, the Corporation recorded goodwill of \$1.3 million (inclusive of the contingent consideration) and customer related intangibles of \$1.3 million. The goodwill is expected to be deductible for tax purposes. The customer related intangibles will be amortized over seven years using the sum-of-the-years-digits amortization method. The allocation of the purchase price to goodwill, customer related intangibles and the contingent consideration liability, as of June 30, 2013, are preliminary estimates and are subject to adjustment within the measurement period. The acquisition was accounted for in accordance with accounting standards for business combinations.

#### Note 3. Investment Securities

The following table shows the amortized cost and the estimated fair value of the held-to-maturity securities and available-for-sale securities at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 by contractual maturity within each type:

(Dollars in thousands)	Aı	mortized Cost	Un	At June Gross realized Gains	( Uni	013 Gross realized	Fa	ir Value	An	nortized Cost	Un	Decemb Gross realized Gains	G Unr	, 2012 Fross ealized	Fa	ir Value
,		Cost		Jailis	-	JUSSES	га	ii vaiue		Cost		Jams	L	USSES	га	ii value
Securities Held-to-Maturity																
Corporate bonds:																
Within 1 year	\$	12,313	\$	118	\$		\$	12,431	\$	3,026	\$	7	\$		\$	3,033
After 1 year to 5 years		57,112		969		(483)		57,598		66,819		1,526		(51)		68,294
		69,425		1,087		(483)		70,029		69,845		1,533		(51)		71,327
Total	\$	69,425	\$	1,087	\$	(483)	\$	70,029	\$	69,845	\$	1,533	\$	(51)	\$	71,327
Securities Available-for-Sale																
U.S. treasuries:																
After 5 years to 10 years	\$	4,963	\$		\$	(200)	\$	4,763	\$	4,960	\$		\$	(22)	\$	4,938
		4,963				(200)		4,763		4,960				(22)		4,938
U.S. government corporations and agencies:																
Within 1 year		5,998		51				6,049		1,517		9				1,526
After 1 year to 5 years		153,254		490		(1,649)		152,095	1	148,120		1,509		(70)		149,559
After 5 years to 10 years		15,885				(608)		15,277		20,953		109		(5)		21,057

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	175,137	541	(2,257)	173,421	170,590	1,627	(75)	172,142
State and political subdivisions:								
Within 1 year	5,383	34		5,417	4,607	75		4,682
After 1 year to 5 years	3,925	40	(36)	3,929	4,130	88	(19)	4,199
After 5 years to 10 years	41,966	844	(562)	42,248	36,499	1,245	(7)	37,737
Over 10 years	66,555	2,098	(313)	68,340	70,495	5,055		75,550
	117,829	3,016	(911)	119,934	115,731	6,463	(26)	122,168
Residential mortgage-backed securities:								
After 5 years to 10 years	22,236	468	(73)	22,631	20,140	777		20,917
Over 10 years	44,750	617	(75)	45,292	66,962	2,861		69,823
	66,986	1,085	(148)	67,923	87,102	3,638		90,740

(Dollars in thousands)	Amortized Cost	At June Gross Unrealized Gains	30, 2013 Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Amortized Cost	At Decemb Gross Unrealized Gains	er 31, 2012 Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
Collateralized mortgage obligations:								
After 1 year to 5 years	155	3		158	41			41
After 5 years to 10 years					626	7		633
Over 10 years	10,335	74	(93)	10,316	25,698	645	(5)	26,338
	10,490	77	(93)	10,474	26,365	652	(5)	27,012
Corporate bonds:	ŕ		Ì	ŕ			, ,	
After 1 year to 5 years	10,081	23	(207)	9,897	4,993	21		5,014
After 5 years to 10 years	22,179		(1,068)	21,111				
	32,260	23	(1,275)	31,008	4,993	21		5,014
Money market mutual funds:								
Within 1 year	5,500			5,500	4,878			4,878
	5,500			5,500	4,878			4,878
Equity securities:								
No stated maturity	2,161	867	(16)	3,012	2,279	696	(133)	2,842
	2,161	867	(16)	3,012	2,279	696	(133)	2,842
Total	\$ 415,326	\$ 5,609	\$ (4,900)	\$ 416,035	\$ 416,898	\$ 13,097	\$ (261)	\$ 429,734

Expected maturities may differ from contractual maturities because debt issuers may have the right to call or prepay obligations without call or prepayment penalties. Unrealized losses in investment securities at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 do not represent other-than-temporary impairments.

Securities with a carrying value of \$305.7 million and \$368.2 million at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, were pledged to secure public deposits and for other purposes as required by law.

The following table presents information related to sales of securities available-for-sale during the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012:

	Six Months E	nded June 30,
(Dollars in thousands)	2013	2012
Securities available-for-sale:		
Proceeds from sales	\$ 35,415	\$ 57,162
Gross realized gains on sales	1,524	1,178
Gross realized losses on sales		896
Tax expense related to net realized gains on sales	533	99

The Corporation realized other-than-temporary impairment charges to noninterest income of \$0 thousand and \$9 thousand, respectively, on its equity portfolio during the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012. The Corporation determined that it was probable that the fair value of certain equity securities would not recover to the Corporation s cost basis within a reasonable period of time due to a decline in the financial stability of the underlying companies. The Corporation carefully monitors all of its equity securities and has not taken impairment losses on certain other equity securities in an unrealized loss position, at this time, as the financial performance of the underlying companies is not indicative of the market deterioration of their stock and it is probable that the market value of the equity securities will recover to the Corporation s cost basis in the individual securities in a reasonable amount of time. The equity securities within the following table consist of common stocks of other financial institutions, which have experienced declines in value consistent with the industry as a whole. Management

evaluated the near-term prospects of the issuers in relation to the severity and duration of the impairment. The Corporation has the intent and ability to hold these securities until recovery to the Corporation s cost basis occurs. The Corporation does not consider these investments to be other-than-temporarily impaired at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012.

Management evaluates debt securities, which are comprised of U.S. government, government sponsored agencies, municipalities, corporate bonds and other issuers, for other-than-temporary impairment and considers the current economic conditions, the length of time and the extent to which the fair value has been less than cost, interest rates and the bond rating of each security. All of the debt securities are rated as investment grade and management believes that it will not incur any losses. The unrealized losses on the Corporation s investments in debt securities are temporary in nature since they are primarily related to market interest rates and are not related to the underlying credit quality of the issuers within our investment portfolio. The Corporation does not have the intent

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to sell the debt securities and believes it is more likely than not, that it will not have to sell the securities before recovery of their cost basis. The Corporation has not recognized any other-than-temporary impairment charges on debt securities for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012.

At June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, there were no investments in any single non-federal issuer representing more than 10% of shareholders equity.

The following table shows the amount of securities that were in an unrealized loss position at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012:

			At June	30, 2013		
	Less than Tv	velve Month	Twelve Mon	ths or Long	er To	otal
		Unrealized	l	Unrealized	l	Unrealized
(Dollars in thousands)	Fair Value	Losses	Fair Value	Losses	Fair Value	Losses
U.S. treasuries	\$ 4,763	\$ (200	) \$	\$	\$ 4,763	\$ (200)
U.S. government corporations and agencies	111,718	(2,257	)		111,718	(2,257)
State and political subdivisions	25,144	(911	)		25,144	(911)
Residential mortgage-backed securities	25,535	(148	)		25,535	(148)
Collateralized mortgage obligations	6,602	(93	)		6,602	(93)
Corporate bonds	45,778	(1,758	)		45,778	(1,758)
Equity securities	1,064	(16	)		1,064	(16)
Total	\$ 220,604	\$ (5,383	) \$	\$	\$ 220,604	\$ (5,383)

				At De	emb	er 31, 2012			
	Less than Tw	velve	Month	Twelve 1	Mont	ths or Longe	r To	otal	
		Unr	realized			Unrealized		_	ealized
(Dollars in thousands)	Fair Value	L	osses	Fair V	alue	Losses	Fair Value	L	osses
U.S. treasuries	\$ 4,938	\$	(22)	\$		\$	\$ 4,938	\$	(22)
U.S. government corporations and agencies	36,793		(75)				36,793		(75)
State and political subdivisions	4,574		(14)	4	80	(12)	5,054		(26)
Collateralized mortgage obligations	5,006		(5)				5,006		(5)
Corporate bonds	10,410		(51)				10,410		(51)
Equity securities	976		(133)				976		(133)
Total	\$ 62,697	\$	(300)	\$ 4	80	\$ (12)	\$ 63,177	\$	(312)

Note 4. Loans and Leases Summary of Major Loan and Lease Categories

(Dollars in thousands)	At Ju	me 30, 2013	At Dece	ember 31, 2012
Commercial, financial and agricultural	\$	439,907	\$	468,421
Real estate-commercial		580,400		530,122
Real estate-construction		84,027		91,250
Real estate-residential secured for business purpose		32,329		35,179
Real estate-residential secured for personal purpose		144,002		146,526
Real estate-home equity secured for personal purpose		84,109		82,727

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Loans to individuals	43,598	43,780
Lease financings	91,621	83,857
Total loans and leases held for investment, net of		
deferred income	\$ 1,499,993	\$ 1,481,862
	(10.10=)	(10.075)
Unearned lease income, included in the above table	\$ (13,437)	\$ (12,355)
Net deferred costs (fees), included in the above table	\$ 2,205	\$ 1,432
Overdraft deposits included in the above table	\$ 161	\$ 128

Overdraft deposits are re-classified as loans and are included in the total loans and leases on the balance sheet.

## Age Analysis of Past Due Loans and Leases

The following presents, by class of loans and leases, an aging of past due loans and leases, loans and leases which are current and the recorded investment in loans and leases greater than 90 days past due which are accruing interest at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012:

(Dollars in thousands)	D	0-59 Days t Due*	Da	60-89 ys Past Due*	T 90	eater Than Days t Due*	Total st Due*	(	Current*	a	otal Loans nd Leases Held for nvestment	Inve Grea 90 Pas Acc	corded estment ater than Days st Due and cruing terest*
At June 30, 2013													
Commercial, financial and agricultural	\$	949	\$	274	\$		\$ 1,223	\$	435,538	\$	439,907	\$	
Real estate commercial real estate and							Í		,		ĺ		
construction:													
Commercial real estate		1,391					1,391		560,112		580,400		
Construction									68,453		84,027		
Real estate residential and home equity:													
Residential secured for business purpose		353		37			390		31,770		32,329		
Residential secured for personal purpose		2,176		155		221	2,552		140,720		144,002		221
Home equity secured for personal purpose		459		77		74	610		83,499		84,109		<b>74</b>
Loans to individuals		519		276		190	985		42,575		43,598		190
Lease financings		1,010		324		36	1,370		89,902		91,621		36
Total	\$	6,857	\$	1,143	\$	521	\$ 8,521	<b>\$</b> 1	1,452,569	\$	1,499,993	\$	521

<sup>\*</sup> Excludes impaired loans and leases.

(Dollars in thousands)	30-59 Days Past Due*	60-89 Days Past Due*	Greater Than 90 Days Past Due*	Total Past Due*	Current*	Total Loans and Leases Held for Investment	Recorded Investment Greater than 90 Days Past Due and Accruing Interest*
At December 31, 2012							
Commercial, financial and agricultural	\$ 416	\$ 95	\$	\$ 511	\$ 464,588	\$ 468,421	\$
Real estate commercial real estate and construction:							
Commercial real estate	1,173			1,173	504,086	530,122	
Construction	306			306	74,959	91,250	
Real estate residential and home equity:							
Residential secured for business purpose	1,663			1,663	33,344	35,179	
Residential secured for personal purpose	1,617	152		1,769	143,953	146,526	
Home equity secured for personal purpose	276	64	54	394	82,333	82,727	54
Loans to individuals	551	115	347	1,013	42,729	43,780	347
Lease financings	1,001	273	40	1,314	82,138	83,857	40

Total \$ 7,003 \$ 699 \$ 441 \$ 8,143 \$ 1,428,130 \$ 1,481,862 \$ 441

\* Excludes impaired loans and leases.

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#### Nonaccrual and Troubled Debt Restructured Loans and Lease Modifications

The following presents, by class of loans and leases, nonaccrual loans and leases (including nonaccrual troubled debt restructured loans and lease modifications) and accruing troubled debt restructured loans and lease modifications at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012:

		_	une 30, 2013			A	At Dec	cember 31, 201	12	
(Dollars in thousands)	Nonaccrual Loans and Leases*	Trou Res Lo	ubled Debt structured pans and Lease difications	In Lo	Total npaired ans and Leases	Nonaccrual Loans and Leases*	Tro Re Loai	Accruing publed Debt structured as and Lease odifications	In Lo	Total npaired ans and eases*
Commercial, financial and agricultural	\$ 1,708	\$	1,438	\$	3,146	\$ 2,842	\$	480	\$	3,322
Real estate commercial real estate and construction:										
Commercial real estate	8,726		10,171		18,897	14,340		10,523		24,863
Construction	13,531		2,043		15,574	13,588		2,397		15,985
Real estate residential and home equity:										
Residential secured for business purpose	169				169	172				172
Residential secured for personal purpose	730				730	804				804
Loans to individuals			38		38			38		38
Lease financings	343		6		349	386		19		405
Total	\$ 25,207	\$	13,696	\$	38,903	\$ 32,132	\$	13,457	\$	45,589

# Credit Quality Indicators

The following tables present by class, the recorded investment in loans and leases held for investment by credit quality indicator at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012.

The Corporation employs a ten (10) grade risk rating system related to the credit quality of commercial loans and residential real estate loans secured for a business purpose of which the first six categories are pass categories (credits not adversely rated). The following is a description of the internal risk ratings and the likelihood of loss related to each risk rating. Loans with risk ratings of one through five are reviewed based on the relationship dollar amount with the borrower: loans with a relationship total of \$2.5 million or greater are reviewed quarterly; loans with a relationship balance of less than \$2.5 million but greater than \$500 thousand are reviewed annually based on the borrower s fiscal year; loans with a relationship balance of less than \$500 thousand are reviewed only if the loan becomes 60 days or more past due. Loans with risk ratings of six are also reviewed quarterly; loans with a relationship balance of less than \$2.0 million but greater than \$500 thousand are reviewed annually; loans with a relationship balance of less than \$500 thousand are reviewed only if the loan becomes 60 days or more past due. Loans with risk ratings of seven are reviewed at least quarterly, and as often as monthly, at management s discretion. Loans with risk ratings of eight through ten are reviewed monthly.

- 1. Cash Secured No credit risk
- 2. Fully Secured Negligible credit risk

<sup>\*</sup> Includes non-accrual troubled debt restructured loans and lease modifications of \$503 thousand and \$579 thousand at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively.

- 3. Strong Minimal credit risk
- 4. Satisfactory Nominal credit risk
- 5. Acceptable Moderate credit risk
- 6. Pre-Watch Marginal, but stable credit risk
- 7. Special Mention Potential weakness
- 8. Substandard Well-defined weakness
- 9. Doubtful Collection in-full improbable
- 10. Loss Considered uncollectible

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Commercial Credit Exposure Credit Risk by Internally Assigned Grades

	Co	ommerci and Ag	,	inancial tural	Real Estate	e Commercial	Real Estate	Construction		te Residential usiness Purpose
(Dollars in thousands)	Jur	At ne 30, 013	Dec	At cember 31, 2012	At June 30, 2013	At December 31, 2012	At June 30, 2013	At December 31, 2012	At June 30, 2013	At December 31, 2012
Grade:										
1. Cash secured/ 2. Fully										
secured	\$	851	\$	2,263	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
3. Strong		6,106		5,227	9,502	9,591	6,241	3,907		
4. Satisfactory	3	88,401		40,747	21,123	25,837	1,701	1,783	113	335
5. Acceptable	24	13,168		260,042	353,806	321,194	31,900	26,331	23,593	22,764
6. Pre-watch	10	5,622		106,436	140,034	110,476	27,942	42,190	4,412	8,458
7. Special Mention	2	23,053		31,825	13,415	16,187		548	1,902	288
8. Substandard	2	22,706		21,881	42,520	45,844	16,243	16,491	2,309	3,334
9. Doubtful						993				
10. Loss										
Total	\$ 43	9,907	\$	468,421	\$ 580,400	\$ 530,122	\$ 84,027	\$ 91,250	\$ 32,329	\$ 35,179

The Corporation monitors the credit risk profile by payment activity for the following classifications of loans and leases: residential real estate loans secured for a personal purpose, home equity loans secured for a personal purpose, loans to individuals and lease financings. Nonperforming loans and leases are loans past due 90 days or more, loans and leases on non-accrual of interest and troubled debt restructured loans and lease modifications. Performing loans and leases are reviewed only if the loan becomes 60 days or more past due. Nonperforming loans and leases are reviewed monthly. Performing loans and leases have a nominal to moderate risk of loss. Nonperforming loans and leases are loans or leases with a well-defined weakness and where collection in-full is improbable.

Credit Exposure Real Estate Residential Secured for Personal Purpose, Real Estate Home Equity Secured for Personal Purpose, Loans to individuals, Lease Financing Credit Risk Profile by Payment Activity

		e Residential ersonal Purpose	Secured	e Home Equity for Personal irpose	Loans to	) individuals	Lease	Financing
(Dollars in thousands)	At	At	At	At	At	At	At	At
	June 30,	December 31,	June 30,	December 31,	June 30,	December 31,	June 30,	December 31,
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
Performing	\$ 143,051	\$ 145,722	\$ 84,035	\$ 82,673	\$ 43,370	\$ 43,395	\$ 91,236	\$ 83,412
Nonperforming	951	804	74	54	228	385	385	445
Total	\$ 144,002	\$ 146,526	\$ 84,109	\$ 82,727	\$ 43,598	\$ 43,780	\$ 91,621	\$ 83,857

Risks associated with lending activities include, among other things, the impact of changes in interest rates and economic conditions, which may adversely impact the ability of borrowers to repay outstanding loans, and impact the value of the associated collateral.

Commercial, financial and agricultural loans, commercial real estate loans, construction loans and residential real estate loans with a business purpose are generally perceived as having more risk of default than residential real estate loans with a personal purpose and consumer loans. These types of loans involve larger loan balances to a single borrower or groups of related borrowers. Commercial real estate loans may be affected to a greater extent than residential loans by adverse conditions in real estate markets or the economy because commercial real estate borrowers ability to repay their loans depends on successful development of their properties and factors affecting residential real estate borrowers.

Commercial, financial and agricultural business loans are typically based on the borrowers ability to repay the loans from the cash flow of their businesses. These loans may involve greater risk because the availability of funds to repay each loan depends substantially on the success of the business itself. In addition, the collateral securing the loans often depreciates over time, is difficult to appraise and liquidate and fluctuates in value based on the success of the business.

Risk of loss on a construction loan depends largely upon whether our initial estimate of the property s value at completion of construction equals or exceeds the cost of the property construction (including interest). During the

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construction phase, a number of factors can result in delays and cost overruns. If estimates of value are inaccurate or if actual construction costs exceed estimates, the value of the property securing the loan may be insufficient to ensure full repayment when completed through a permanent loan or by seizure of collateral. Included in real estate-construction is track development financing. Risk factors related to track development financing include the demand for residential housing and the real estate valuation market. When projects move slower than anticipated, the properties may have significantly lower values than when the original underwriting was completed, resulting in lower collateral values to support the loan. Extended time frames also cause the interest carrying cost for a project to be higher than the builder projected, negatively impacting the builder s profit and cash flow and, therefore, their ability to make principal and interest payments.

Commercial real estate loans and residential real estate loans with a business purpose secured by owner-occupied properties are dependent upon the successful operation of the borrower s business. If the operating company suffers difficulties in terms of sales volume and/or profitability, the borrower s ability to repay the loan may be impaired. Loans secured by properties where repayment is dependent upon payment of rent by third party tenants or the sale of the property may be impacted by loss of tenants, lower lease rates needed to attract new tenants or the inability to sell a completed project in a timely fashion and at a profit.

Commercial, financial and agricultural loans, commercial real estate loans, construction loans and residential real estate loans secured for a business purpose are more susceptible to a risk of loss during a downturn in the business cycle. The Corporation has strict underwriting, review, and monitoring procedures in place, however, these procedures cannot eliminate all of the risks related to these loans.

The Corporation focuses on both assessing the borrower's capacity and willingness to repay and on obtaining sufficient collateral. Commercial, financial and agricultural loans are generally secured by the borrower's assets and by personal guarantees. Commercial real estate and residential real estate loans secured for a business purpose are originated primarily within the Southeastern Pennsylvania market area at conservative loan-to-value ratios and often by a guarantee of the borrowers. Management closely monitors the composition and quality of the total commercial loan portfolio to ensure that any credit concentrations by borrower or industry are closely monitored.

The Corporation originates fixed-rate and adjustable-rate real estate-residential mortgage loans that are secured by the underlying 1- to 4-family residential properties for personal purposes. Credit risk exposure in this area of lending is minimized by the evaluation of the credit worthiness of the borrower, including debt-to-equity ratios, credit scores and adherence to underwriting policies that emphasize conservative loan-to-value ratios of generally no more than 80%. Residential mortgage loans granted in excess of the 80% loan-to-value ratio criterion are generally insured by private mortgage insurance.

In the real estate-home equity loan portfolio secured for a personal purpose, credit exposure is minimized by the evaluation of the creditworthiness of the borrower, including debt-to-equity ratios, credit scores and adherence to the Corporation s underwriting policies. Combined loan-to-value ratios are generally limited to 80%, but increased to 85% for the Corporation s strongest profile borrower. Other credit considerations and compensating factors may warrant higher combined loan-to-value ratios.

Credit risk for direct consumer loans is controlled by strict adherence to conservative underwriting standards that consider debt-to-income levels and the creditworthiness of the borrower and, if secured, collateral values. These loans are included within the portfolio of loans to individuals.

The primary risks that are involved with lease financing receivables are credit underwriting and borrower industry concentrations. The Corporation has strict underwriting, review, and monitoring procedures in place to mitigate this risk. Risk also lies in the residual value of the underlying equipment. Residual values are subject to judgments as to the value of the underlying equipment that can be affected by changes in economic and market conditions and the financial viability of the residual guarantors and insurers. To the extent not guaranteed or assumed by a third party, or otherwise insured against, the Corporation bears the risk of ownership of the leased assets. This includes the risk that the actual value of the leased assets at the end of the lease term will be less than the residual value. The Corporation greatly reduces this risk primarily by using \$1.00 buyout leases, in which the entire cost of the leased equipment is included in the contractual payments, leaving no residual payment at the end of the lease terms.

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Six Months Ended June 30, 2012 Reserve for loan and lease losses:

# Reserve for Loan and Lease Losses and Recorded Investment in Loans and Leases

The following presents, by portfolio segment, a summary of the activity in the reserve for loan and lease losses, the balance in the reserve for loan and lease losses disaggregated on the basis of impairment method and the recorded investment in loans and leases disaggregated on the basis of impairment method for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012:

							Rea	al Estate							
					Rea	l Estate	Resid	lential an	d						
				al Estate					7						
		mmercial, ancial and	Co	mmercial and		ıred for ısiness		cured for ersonal	τ.	ans to	,	Lease			
(Dollars in thousands)		anciai anu ricultural	Cor					urpose					Una	allocated	Total
Three Months Ended June 30, 2013						*									
Tiffee Worths Ended June 30, 2013															
Reserve for loan and lease losses:															
Beginning balance	\$	11,883	\$	8,032	\$	570	\$	792	\$	628	\$	1,358	\$	1,959	\$ 25,222
Charge-offs		(90)		(3,691)		(24)		(23)		(224)		(267)		N/A	(4,319)
Recoveries		39		42				1		<b>78</b>		209		N/A	369
(Recovery of provision) provision		(437)		4,279		40		314		211		(88)		(873)	3,446
For the a below as	đ	11 205	Φ	9.663	φ	<b>50</b> (	\$	1 004	ø	(02	φ	1 212	ø	1 007	¢ 24 710
Ending balance	\$	11,395	\$	8,662	\$	586	Þ	1,084	\$	693	Ф	1,212	\$	1,086	\$ 24,718
Three Months Ended June 30, 2012															
Reserve for loan and lease losses:															
Beginning balance	\$	11,701	\$	13,352	\$	948	\$	732	\$	704	\$	1,160	\$	2,000	\$ 30,597
Charge-offs		(1,458)		(133)				(2)		(119)		(310)		N/A	(2,022)
Recoveries		362		44		3		1		26		148		N/A	584
Provision (recovery of provision)		1,416		(947)		(117)		153		108		163		567	1,343
, , ,		·													,
Ending balance	\$	12,021	\$	12,316	\$	834	\$	884	\$	719	\$	1,161	\$	2,567	\$ 30,502
		,-		,-	·						·	, -		,	, ,
							Ros	al Estate							
						F		lential an	d						
					Rea			ne Equity							
				eal Estate				ecured							
		mmercial,						for .	_						
(Dollars in thousands)		ancial and		and		ısiness		ersonal urpose		ans to		Lease	Ume	allocated	Total
(Donars in thousands)	Ag	ricultural	CO.	nstruction	rı	irpose	r	urpose	ma	ividuais	FIII	ancings	Ulla	mocateu	Totai
Six Months Ended June 30, 2013															
Reserve for loan and lease losses:															
Beginning balance	\$	11,594	\$	7,507	\$	639	\$	980	\$	679	\$	1,326	\$	2,021	\$ 24,746
Charge-offs		(1,161)		(4,073)		(74)		(27)		(404)		(426)		N/A	(6,165)
Recoveries		87		48		8		3		112		359		N/A	617
Provision (recovery of provision)		875		5,180		13		128		306		<b>(47)</b>		(935)	5,520
Ending balance	\$	11,395	\$	8,662	\$	586	\$	1,084	\$	693	\$	1,212	\$	1,086	\$ 24,718

Beginning balance	\$ 11,262	\$ 13,317	\$ 823	\$ 735	\$ 730	\$ 1,344	\$ 1,659	\$ 29,870
Charge-offs	(3,165)	(1,675)		(2)	(240)	(646)	N/A	(5,728)
Recoveries	415	140	55	3	57	247	N/A	917
Provision (recovery of provision)	3,509	534	(44)	148	172	216	908	5,443
Ending balance	\$ 12,021	\$ 12,316	\$ 834	\$ 884	\$ 719	\$ 1,161	\$ 2,567	\$ 30,502

N/A Not applicable

(Dollars in thousands)	Fin	mmercial, ancial and ricultural	Co	and	Res Sec B		Resi Ho	eal Estate dential and me Equity Secured for Personal Purpose	Lo	oans to ividuals	Lease nancings	Una	illocated		Total
At June 30, 2013															
Reserve for loan and lease losses:															
Ending balance: individually evaluated															
for impairment	\$	230	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	\$	N/A	\$	230
Ending balance: collectively evaluated															
for impairment		11,165		8,662		586		1,084		693	1,212		1,086		24,488
Total ending balance	\$	11,395	\$	8,662	\$	586	\$	1,084	\$	693	\$ 1,212	\$	1,086	\$	24,718
Loans and leases held for investment:															
Ending balance: individually evaluated															
for impairment	\$	3,146	\$	34,471	\$	169	\$	730	\$	38	\$			\$	38,554
Ending balance: collectively evaluated															
for impairment		436,761		629,956		32,160		227,381	•	43,560	91,621			1	,461,439
Total ending balance	\$	439,907	\$	664,427	\$	32,329	\$	228,111	\$	43,598	\$ 91,621			\$ 1	,499,993

	Co	ommercial,		eal Estate ommercial	R	esidential	Res Ho	eal Estate idential and ome Equity ecured for	l					
(Dollars in thousands)		nancial and gricultural	Co	and nstruction	_	Business Purpose		Personal Purpose		oans to lividuals	Lease nancings	Una	allocated	Total
At June 30, 2012														
Reserve for loan and lease losses:														
Ending balance: individually evaluated														
for impairment	\$	432	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	\$	N/A	\$ 432
Ending balance: collectively evaluated														
for impairment		11,589		12,316		834		884		719	1,161		2,567	30,070
Total ending balance	\$	12,021	\$	12,316	\$	834	\$	884	\$	719	\$ 1,161	\$	2,567	\$ 30,502
Loans and leases held for investment:														
Ending balance: individually evaluated														
for impairment	\$	5,647	\$	37,545	\$	177	\$	312	\$	49	\$			\$ 43,730
Ending balance: collectively evaluated														
for impairment		492,308		559,647		31,920		218,601		43,988	75,255			1,421,719
Total ending balance	\$	497,955	\$	597,192	\$	32,097	\$	218,913	\$	44,037	\$ 75,255			\$ 1,465,449

N/A Not applicable

Impaired Loans

The following presents, by class of loans, the recorded investment and unpaid principal balance of impaired loans, the amounts of the impaired loans for which there is not an allowance for credit losses and the amounts for which there is an allowance for credit losses at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012:

		A		e 30, 201 paid	13			AtΓ		ber 31, paid	2012	
(Dollars in thousands)		orded stment	Pri	ncipal lance		ated vance		orded stment	Pri	ncipal lance		lated wance
Impaired loans with no related allowance recorded:												
Commercial, financial and agricultural	\$ 2	2,504	\$	4,082			\$	2,646	\$	4,504		
Real estate commercial real estate	18	3,897	2	8,269			2	4,863	3	0,991		
Real estate construction	15	5,574	1	7,594			1.	5,985	1	7,959		
Real estate residential secured for business purpose		169		181				172		184		
Real estate residential secured for personal purpose		730		730				804		804		
Loans to individuals		38		55				38		55		
Total impaired loans with no allowance recorded	\$ 37	7,912	\$ 5	0,911			\$ 4	4,508	\$ 5	4,497		
Impaired loans with an allowance recorded:												
Commercial, financial and agricultural	\$	642	\$	702	\$	230	\$	676	\$	717	\$	208
Total impaired loans with an allowance recorded	\$	642	\$	702	\$	230	\$	676	\$	717	\$	208

	A	t June 30, 20: Unpaid	13	At I	December 31, Unpaid	2012	
(Dollars in thousands)	Recorded Investment	Principal Balance	Related Allowance	Recorded Investment	Principal Balance		elated owance
Total impaired loans:							
Commercial, financial and agricultural	\$ 3,146	\$ 4,784	\$ 230	\$ 3,322	\$ 5,221	\$	208
Real estate commercial real estate	18,897	28,269		24,863	30,991		
Real estate construction	15,574	17,594		15,985	17,959		
Real estate residential secured for business purpose	169	181		172	184		
Real estate residential secured for personal purpose	730	730		804	804		
Loans to individuals	38	55		38	55		
Total impaired loans	\$ 38,554	\$ 51,613	\$ 230	\$ 45,184	\$ 55,214	\$	208

The following presents by class of loans, the average recorded investment in impaired loans and an analysis of interest on impaired loans:

(Dollars in thousands)	Average Recorded Investment	Int In	Ended Ju terest come gnized*	Interes That Hav Rece Ui	ot Income t Would we Been ognized nder riginal erms	Average Recorded Investment	Int Inc	Ended Ju terest come gnized*	Interes That Hav Reco Un	of Income Would e Been ognized nder iginal erms
Commercial, financial and agricultural	\$ 2,469	\$	8	\$	23	\$ 6,011	\$	31	\$	60
Real estate commercial real estate	21,434		<b>147</b>		191	19,863		44		257
Real estate construction	15,675		28		185	16,639		35		190
Real estate residential secured for business										
purpose	169				2	161				2
Real estate residential secured for personal										
purpose	751				12	185				3
Real estate home equity secured for personal										
purpose	6									
Loans to individuals	38		1			49		2		
Total	\$ 40,542	\$	184	\$	413	\$ 42,908	\$	112	\$	512

<sup>\*</sup> Includes interest income recognized on accruing troubled debt restructured loans of \$184 thousand and \$109 thousand for the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

(Dollars in thousands)	Six Mo Average Recorded Investment	Int In	nded Jund terest come gnized*	Interes That Hav Reco Un	st Income Would e Been ognized nder iginal erms	Six M Average Recorded Investment	Int Inc	nded Jur erest come gnized*	That Hav Reco Un Or	t Income Would e Been ognized nder iginal erms
Commercial, financial and agricultural	\$ 2,731	\$	16	\$	62	\$ 5,596	\$	33	\$	152
Real estate commercial real estate	22,732		302		416	20,421		87		526
Real estate construction	15,758		56		369	16,250		52		385

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Real estate residential secured for business						
purpose	178		5	140		3
Real estate residential secured for personal						
purpose	773		24	130		4
Real estate home equity secured for personal						
purpose	3			4		
Loans to individuals	42	2		49	3	
Total	\$ 42,217	\$ 376	\$ 876	\$ 42,590	\$ 175	\$ 1,070

<sup>\*</sup> Includes interest income recognized on accruing troubled debt restructured loans of \$370 thousand and \$167 thousand for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

#### Troubled Debt Restructured Loans

The following presents, by class of loans, information regarding accruing and non-accrual loans that were restructured:

		Thr	e Month	s End	led June	30, 201	3 T	hre	e Months	Ende	ed June 3	30, 2012
			Pre-		Post-				Pre-		Post-	
	Num		structuri utstandir				Num		structurin utstanding			
	of		Recorded	_	Recorde	_	ated of		Recorded	_	_	
(Dollars in thousands)	Loa	ns I	nvestmen	t I	nvestme	nt Allov	vanceLoa	ns Iı	ivestment	Inv	estment	Allowance
Accruing Troubled Debt Restructured Loans:												
Commercial, financial and agricultural	1	l \$	1,00	0 \$	1,00	00 \$	1			\$	135	\$
Real estate commercial real estate							1		175		175	
m . 1	4	ı dı	1.00	n d	1.00	<b>ν</b> ο Φ			210	Ф	210	Φ.
Total	1	l \$	1,00	0 \$	1,00	00 \$	2	\$	310	\$	310	\$
Nonaccrual Troubled Debt Restructured Loans:												
m . I		4		Φ.		ф		4		Φ.		Φ.
Total		\$		\$	•	\$		\$	i	\$		\$
	ç	Siv N	Ionths Er	nded '	June 30.	2013	S	lix N	Ionths En	ded 1	Iune 30.	2012
	S		lonths Er Pre-			2013	S	Six M	Ionths En Pre-		,	2012
	]	Rest	Pre- ucturing	I Restr	Post- ructuring	g		Rest	Pre- ructuring	[ Rest:	Post- ructuring	3
	Numbe	Rest Out	Pre- ructuring standing	I Restr Outs	Post- ructuring standing	g	Numbe	Rest rOu	Pre- tructuring tstanding	Resti Out	Post- ructuring standing	9
(Dollars in thousands)	Numbe of	Rest Out Re	Pre- ructuring standing corded	I Restr Outs Rec	Post- ructuring standing corded	g Relate	Numbe d of	Rest rOu R	Pre- tructuring tstanding ecorded	Resti Out	Post- ructuring standing corded	3
(Dollars in thousands)	Numbe of	Rest Out Re	Pre- ructuring standing corded	I Restr Outs Rec	Post- ructuring standing corded	g Relate	Numbe d of	Rest rOu R	Pre- tructuring tstanding ecorded	Resti Out	Post- ructuring standing corded	g Related
Accruing Troubled Debt Restructured Loans:	Numbe of	Restr eOut Re Inv	Pre- ructuring standing corded estment	I Restr Outs Red Invo	Post- ructuring standing corded estment	g Relate Allowar	Numbe d of nceLoans	Rest rOu R In	Pre- tructuring tstanding ecorded vestment	Restr Out Re Inv	Post- ructuring standing corded estment	g Related Allowance
	Numbe of Loans	Rest Out Re	Pre- ructuring standing corded	I Restr Outs Rec	Post- ructuring standing corded	g Relate	Numbe d of	Rest rOu R	Pre- tructuring tstanding ecorded	Resti Out	Post- ructuring standing corded	g Related
Accruing Troubled Debt Restructured Loans: Commercial, financial and agricultural	Numbe of Loans	Restr eOut Re Inv	Pre- ructuring standing corded estment	I Restr Outs Red Invo	Post- ructuring standing corded estment	g Relate Allowar	Numbe d of nceLoans 8	Rest rOu R In	Pre- cructuring tstanding ecorded vestment	Restr Out Re Inv	Post- ructuring standing corded estment	g Related Allowance
Accruing Troubled Debt Restructured Loans: Commercial, financial and agricultural Real estate commercial real estate Real estate construction	Numbe of Loans	RestreeOut Res Inv	Pre- ructuring standing corded estment	I Restr Outs Red Invo	Post- ructuring standing corded estment 1,000	Relate Allowar	Numbe d of nceLoans 8 4 2	Rest rOu R In	Pre- tructuring tstanding ecorded vestment 1,672 1,009 1,330	Restr Out Re Inv	Post- ructuring standing corded estment 1,672 1,009 1,330	Related Allowance
Accruing Troubled Debt Restructured Loans: Commercial, financial and agricultural Real estate commercial real estate	Numbe of Loans	Restr eOut Re Inv	Pre- ructuring standing corded estment	I Restr Outs Red Invo	Post- ructuring standing corded estment	g Relate Allowar	Numbe d of nceLoans 8 4	Rest rOu R In	Pre- cructuring tstanding ecorded vestment 1,672 1,009	Restr Out Re Inv	Post- ructuring standing corded estment 1,672 1,009	g Related Allowance
Accruing Troubled Debt Restructured Loans: Commercial, financial and agricultural Real estate commercial real estate Real estate construction	Number of Loans	RestreeOut Res Inv	Pre- ructuring standing corded estment	I Restr Outs Red Invo	Post- ructuring standing corded estment 1,000	Relate Allowar	Numbe d of nceLoans 8 4 2	Rest rOu R In	Pre- tructuring tstanding ecorded vestment 1,672 1,009 1,330	Restr Out Re Inv	Post- ructuring standing corded estment 1,672 1,009 1,330	Related Allowance
Accruing Troubled Debt Restructured Loans: Commercial, financial and agricultural Real estate commercial real estate Real estate construction	Number of Loans	RestreeOut Res Inv	Pre- ructuring standing corded estment	I Restr Outs Red Invo	Post- ructuring standing corded estment 1,000	Relate Allowar	Numbe d of nceLoans 8 4 2	Rest rOu R In	Pre- tructuring tstanding ecorded vestment 1,672 1,009 1,330	Restr Out Re Inv	Post- ructuring standing corded estment 1,672 1,009 1,330	Related Allowance
Accruing Troubled Debt Restructured Loans:  Commercial, financial and agricultural Real estate commercial real estate Real estate construction  Total  Nonaccrual Troubled Debt Restructured Loans: Commercial, financial and agricultural	Number of Loans	RestreeOut Res Inv	Pre- ructuring standing corded estment	I Restr Outs Red Invo	Post- ructuring standing corded estment 1,000	Relate Allowar	Numbe d of nceLoans 8 4 2	Rest rOu R In	Pre- tructuring tstanding ecorded vestment 1,672 1,009 1,330 4,011	Restr Out Re Inv	Post- ructuring standing coorded estment 1,672 1,009 1,330 4,011	Related Allowance
Accruing Troubled Debt Restructured Loans:  Commercial, financial and agricultural Real estate commercial real estate Real estate construction  Total  Nonaccrual Troubled Debt Restructured Loans:	Number of Loans	Restricted National Control of the C	Pre- ructuring standing corded estment	I Restr Outs Rec Invo	Post- ructuring standing corded estment 1,000	Relate Allowar	Numbe d of nceLoans 8 4 2	Rest rOu R In	Pre- tructuring tstanding ecorded vestment 1,672 1,009 1,330 4,011	Restriction of the control of the co	Post- ructuring standing corded estment 1,672 1,009 1,330 4,011	Related Allowance \$
Accruing Troubled Debt Restructured Loans:  Commercial, financial and agricultural Real estate commercial real estate Real estate construction  Total  Nonaccrual Troubled Debt Restructured Loans: Commercial, financial and agricultural	Number of Loans	Restricted National Control of the C	Pre- ructuring standing corded estment	I Restr Outs Rec Invo	Post- ructuring standing corded estment 1,000	Relate Allowar	Numbe d of nceLoans 8 4 2	Rest rOu R In	Pre- tructuring tstanding ecorded vestment 1,672 1,009 1,330 4,011	Restriction of the control of the co	Post- ructuring standing coorded estment 1,672 1,009 1,330 4,011	Related Allowance \$

The Corporation grants concessions primarily related to extensions of interest-only payment periods and an occasional payment modification. These modifications typically are on a short-term basis up to one year. Our goal when restructuring a credit is to afford the customer a reasonable period of time to provide cash flow relief to customers experiencing cash flow difficulties. Accruing troubled debt restructured loans were primarily comprised of loans on which interest is being accrued under the restructured terms, and the loans were current or less than ninety days past due.

The following presents, by class of loans, information regarding the types of concessions granted on accruing and nonaccrual loans that were restructured during the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2013												
	Interest Only Te	Tremporary Payma	<b>Fet</b> mporary Payme	nMaturity Date	Total (	Concessions							
	Extension	Reduction	Suspension	Extension	G	ranted							
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.								
	of	of	of	of	of								
(Dollars in thousands)	Loans Amount	Loans Amoun	t Loans Amount	t Loans Amount	Loans	Amount							
Accruing Troubled Debt Restructured Loans:													
Commercial, financial and agricultural	1 \$ 1,000	\$	\$	\$	1	\$ 1,000							
Total	1 \$ 1,000	\$	\$	\$	1	\$ 1,000							
Nonaccrual Troubled Debt Restructured Loans:													
Total	\$	\$	\$	\$		\$							

(Dollars in thousands)	Interest Only Tdi Extension No. of LoansAmount	umporary Paym Reduction No. of	Months En Entmporary Suspe No. of nt Loans	y Paymei	ntMatu Ext No. of	rity l tensio	on	G1 No. of	rante	
Accruing Troubled Debt Restructured Loans:										
Commercial, financial and agricultural	\$	\$		\$	1	\$	135	1	\$	135
Real estate commercial real estate					1		175	1		175
Total	\$	\$		\$	2	\$	310	2	\$	310
Nonaccrual Troubled Debt Restructured Loans:										
Total	\$	\$		\$		\$			\$	

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2013 Interest Only Teiffumporary Payméfumporary PaymenMaturity Date Total Concession											
	Extension		Reduction		Suspension		Extension			ranted		
	No.		No.		No.		No.		No.			
	of		of		of		of		of			
(Dollars in thousands)	Loans	Amount	Loans	Amount	Loans	Amount	Loans	Amount	Loans	Amount		
Accruing Troubled Debt Restructured Loans:												
Commercial, financial and agricultural	1	\$ 1,000		\$		\$		\$	1	\$ 1,000		
Total	1	\$ 1,000		\$		\$		\$	1	\$ 1,000		
Nonaccrual Troubled Debt Restructured Loans:												
Total		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		

(Dollars in thousands)	Interest Only Teri Extension No. of Loans Amount		Reduction  No.  of		Suspension No. of		ayme on	,		Gi No. of	Concessions ranted  Amount		
Accruing Troubled Debt Restructured Loans:													
Commercial, financial and agricultural	4	\$ 1,316	3	\$	221		\$		1	\$ 135	8	\$	1,672
Real estate commercial real estate	2	647	1		187				1	175	4		1,009
Real estate construction	2	1,330									2		1,330
Total	8	\$ 3,293	4	\$	408		\$		2	\$ 310	14	\$	4,011
Nonaccrual Troubled Debt Restructured Loans:													
Commercial, financial and agricultural		\$		\$		2	\$	448		\$	2	\$	448
Real estate commercial real estate						1		124			1		124
Total		\$		\$		3	\$	572		\$	3	\$	572

The following presents, by class of loans, information regarding accruing and nonaccrual troubled debt restructured loans, for which there was a payment default during the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 and within twelve months of the restructuring date:

		Three Months 2013	_	ne 30, 2012	Six Months E 2013 Number			nded June 30, 2012 Number		
(Dollars in thousands)	of Loans	Recorded Investment	of Loans	Recorded Investment	of Loans		orded stment	of Loans	Recorded Investment	
Accruing Troubled Debt Restructured Loans:										
Commercial, financial and agricultural		\$		\$	3	\$	230		\$	
Total		\$		\$	3	\$	230		\$	
Nonaccrual Troubled Debt Restructured Loans:		0		•		Ф			0	
Total		\$		\$		\$			\$	

### Note 5. Mortgage Servicing Rights

The Corporation has originated mortgage servicing rights which are included in other intangible assets on the consolidated balance sheets. Mortgage servicing rights are amortized in proportion to, and over the period of, estimated net servicing income on a basis similar to the interest method and an accelerated amortization method for loan payoffs. Mortgage servicing rights are subject to impairment testing on a quarterly basis. The aggregate fair value of these rights was \$6.5 million and \$4.2 million at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively. The fair value of mortgage servicing rights was determined using discount rates ranging from 5.0% to 10.0% at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012.

Changes in the mortgage servicing rights balance are summarized as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months Ended June 30,				
(Dollars in thousands)		2013		2012		2013		2012		
Beginning of period	\$	4,723	\$	3,067	\$	4,152	\$	2,739		
Servicing rights capitalized		871		609		1,639		1,036		
Amortization of servicing rights		(381)		(373)		(812)		(684)		
Changes in valuation allowance		14		(27)		248		185		
End of period	\$	5,227	\$	3,276	\$	5,227	\$	3,276		
Mortgage loans serviced for others	\$ 7	705,999	\$ 4	191,536	\$ '	705,999	\$ 4	191,536		

Activity in the valuation allowance for mortgage servicing rights was as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,			hs Ended
(Dollars in thousands)	2013	2012	2013	2012
Valuation allowance, beginning of period Additions	\$ (263)	\$ (581) (27)	\$ (497)	\$ (793)
Reductions	14		248	185
Direct write-downs				
Valuation allowance, end of period	\$ (249)	\$ (608)	\$ (249)	\$ (608)

The estimated amortization expense of mortgage servicing rights for the remainder of 2013 and the succeeding fiscal years is as follows:

Year (Dollars in thousands)	An	nount
Remainder of 2013	\$	423
2014		769
2015		654
2016		548
2017		445
Thereafter		2,388

### Note 6. Income Taxes

At June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the Corporation had no material unrecognized tax benefits, accrued interest or penalties. Penalties are recorded in non-interest expense in the year they are assessed and are treated as a non-deductible expense for tax purposes. Interest is recorded in non-interest expense in the year it is assessed and is treated as a deductible expense for tax purposes. At June 30, 2013, the Corporation s tax years 2009 through 2012 remain subject to federal examination as well as examination by state taxing jurisdictions.

## Note 7. Retirement Plans and Other Postretirement Benefits

Substantially all employees who were hired before December 8, 2009 are covered by a noncontributory retirement plan. Employees hired on or after December 8, 2009 are not eligible to participate in the noncontributory retirement plan. The Corporation also provides supplemental

executive retirement benefits, a portion of which is in excess of limits imposed on qualified plans by federal tax law. These plans are non-qualified benefit plans. Information on these plans are aggregated and reported under Retirement Plans within this footnote.

The Corporation also provides certain postretirement healthcare and life insurance benefits for retired employees. Information on these benefits is reported under Other Postretirement Benefits within this footnote.

The Corporation sponsors a Supplemental Non-Qualified Pension Plan which was established in 1981 prior to the existence of a 401(k) deferred salary savings plan, employee stock purchase plan and long-term incentive plans and therefore is not actively offered to new participants.

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Information with respect to the Retirement Plans and Other Postretirement Benefits follows:

Components of net periodic benefit cost were as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,									
	2	2013		2012	2	013	2	012		
(Dollars in thousands)	Other Post Re Retirement Plans Benefit									
Service cost	\$	155	\$	155	\$	25	\$	20		
Interest cost		426		432		27		29		
Expected return on plan assets		(709)		(637)						
Amortization of net loss		343		287		6		5		
Accretion of prior service cost		(59)		(59)		(4)		(5)		
Net periodic benefit cost	\$	156	\$	178	\$	54	\$	49		

(Dollars in thousands)	2013 Retireme	2	Months En 2012 lans	2	013 her Post	2	012 ement
Service cost	\$ 311	\$	313	\$	46	\$	41
Interest cost	857		863		56		59
Expected return on plan assets	(1,264)		(1,128)				
Amortization of net loss	629		578		12		11
Accretion of prior service cost	(118)		(118)		(9)		(10)
Net periodic benefit cost	\$ 415	\$	508	\$	105	\$	101

The Corporation expects to make a contribution of \$2.0 million to its qualified retirement plan during the third quarter of 2013 and may make additional contributions during 2013 to maximize tax benefits. The Corporation previously disclosed in its financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2012, that it expected to make contributions of \$40 thousand to its non-qualified retirement plans and \$82 thousand to its other postretirement benefit plans in 2013. During the six months ended June, 2013, the Corporation contributed \$20 thousand to its retirement plans and \$40 thousand to its other postretirement plans. During the six months ended June 30, 2013, \$852 thousand has been paid to participants from the retirement plans and \$40 thousand has been paid to participants from the other postretirement plans. For 2013, the weighted average expected long-term rate of return on plan assets used to determine the net benefit cost was changed to 7.5% from 8.0%. The rate was changed during 2013 based on historical returns, adjusted for expectations of long-term asset returns.

## Note 8. Trust Preferred Securities

On May 14, 2013, the Corporation submitted a redemption notice to the trustee to redeem all of the outstanding capital securities issued by Univest Capital Trust I (Trust Preferred Securities), pursuant to the optional redemption provisions provided in the documents governing the Trust Preferred Securities. At June 30, 2013, the Trust Preferred Securities had an aggregate principal balance of \$20.0 million with an interest rate of three-month U.S. London Interbank Borrowing Rate (LIBOR) plus 3.05% per annum, or 3.33%, and a maturity date of October 7, 2033. The Trust Preferred Securities have a liquidation amount of \$1,000 per trust preferred security plus accrued and unpaid distributions to the redemption date of July 7, 2013 and a settlement date Monday, July 8, 2013. The redemption also included \$619 thousand in common securities issued by Univest Capital Trust I and related to the Trust Preferred Securities. Following the redemption, the Corporation s capital levels are expected to remain well in excess of the regulatory minimum for well capitalized status.

This redemption is consistent with the capital plan the Corporation submitted to the Federal Reserve and funded from the Corporation s existing cash. The Trust Preferred Securities were hedged and the Corporation recognized a loss in May 2013 on the termination of the associated interest rate swap of \$1.9 million. The interest rate swap had a maturity date of January 7, 2019. The Corporation expects to save approximately \$600 thousand in interest expense over the remainder of 2013 and approximately \$1.1 million annually thereafter over what would have been the remaining term of the Trust Preferred Securities and related interest rate swap.

## Note 9. Earnings Per Share

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share:

(Dollars and shares in thousands, except per share data)	Three Months Ended June 30, 2013 2012			hs Ended e 30, 2012
Numerator for basic and diluted earnings per share income available to common shareholders	\$ 4,830	\$ 4,763	\$ 10,228	\$ 10,026
<b>Denominator for basic earnings per share</b> weighted-average shares outstanding Effect of dilutive securities employee stock options and awards	16,696 51	16,770 3	16,742 54	16,760
<b>Denominator for diluted earnings per share</b> adjusted weighted-average shares outstanding	16,747	16,773	16,796	16,763
Basic earnings per share	\$ 0.29	\$ 0.28	\$ 0.61	\$ 0.60
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.29	\$ 0.28	\$ 0.61	\$ 0.60
Average anti-dilutive options and awards excluded from computation of diluted earnings per share	668	603	661	589

# Note 10. Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income

The following table shows the components of accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income, net of taxes, for the periods presented:

(Dollars in thousands)	G Availa Inv	Unrealized ains on ble-for-Sale vestment curities	Re Deriv	t Change elated to vative Used or Cash Flow Hedge	R Defi	Net Change Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plan		oumulated Other prehensive ss) Income
Balance, December 31, 2012	\$	8,344	\$	(1,241)	\$	(14,023)	\$	(6,920)
Net Change		(7,884)		1,241		334		(6,309)
Balance, June 30, 2013	\$	460	\$		\$	(13,689)	\$	(13,229)
Balance, December 31, 2011	\$	7,306	\$	(932)	\$	(12,475)	\$	(6,101)
Net Change		159		(253)		300		206
Balance, June 30, 2012	\$	7,465	\$	(1,185)	\$	(12,175)	\$	(5,895)

The following table illustrates the amounts reclassified out of each component of accumulated comprehensive (loss) income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012:

					Affected Line Item in the
Details about Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income Components			om Accumula e (Loss) Incon	Statement of Income	
		onths Ended ne 30,	Six Month June		
(Dollars in thousands)	2013	2012	2013	2012	
Net unrealized holding (losses) gains on					
available-for-sale investment securities					
	\$ 1,339	\$ 24	\$ 1,524	\$ 282	Net gain on sales of investment securities
		(6)		(9)	Other-than-temporary impairment on equity securities
	1 220	10	1 524	273	Total before tax
	1,339 (468		1,524 (533)	(96)	
	(408	) (7)	(533)	(90)	Tax expense
	\$ 871	\$ 11	\$ 991	\$ 177	Net of tax
Cash flow hedge derivative:					
	\$ (1,866	) \$	\$ (1,866)	\$	Net loss on interest rate swap
	(1,866	)	(1,866)		Total before tax
	653		653		Tax benefit
	\$ (1,213	) \$	\$ (1,213)	\$	Net of tax
Defined benefit pension plans:					
Amortization of net loss included in net periodic					
pension costs*	\$ (349	\$ (292)	\$ (641)	\$ (589)	
Accretion of prior service cost included in net periodic					
pension costs*	63	64	127	128	
	(286	(228)	(514)	(461)	Total before tax
	101		180	161	Tax benefit
		\$ (148)			

<sup>\*</sup> These accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) components are included in the computation of net periodic pension cost. (See Note 7 Retirement Plans and Other Postretirement Benefits for additional details.)

### Note 11. Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

The Corporation may use interest-rate swap agreements to modify interest rate characteristics from variable to fixed or fixed to variable in order to reduce the impact of interest rate changes on future net interest income. Recorded amounts related to interest-rate swaps are included in other assets or liabilities. The Corporation s credit exposure on interest rate swaps includes fair value and any collateral that is held by a third party. Changes in the fair value of derivative instruments designated as hedges of future cash flows are recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income until the underlying forecasted transactions occur, at which time the deferred gains and losses are recognized in earnings. For a qualifying fair value hedge, the gain or loss on the hedging instrument is recognized in earnings, and the change in fair value of the hedge

item, to the extent attributable to the hedged risk, adjusts the carrying amount of the hedge item and is recognized in earnings.

Derivative loan commitments represent agreements for delayed delivery of financial instruments in which the buyer agrees to purchase and the seller agrees to deliver, at a specified future date, a specified instrument at a specified price or yield. The Corporation s derivative loan commitments are commitments to sell loans secured by 1-to-4 family residential properties whose predominant risk characteristic is interest rate risk. The fair values of these derivative loan commitments are based upon the estimated amount the Corporation would receive or pay to terminate the contracts or agreements, taking into account current interest rates and, when appropriate, the current creditworthiness of the counterparties.

On December 23, 2008, the Corporation entered into a cash flow hedge with a notional amount of \$20.0 million that had the effect of converting the variable rates on Trust Preferred Securities to a fixed rate. Under the terms of the swap agreement, the Corporation paid a fixed rate of 2.65% and received a floating rate based on the three-month LIBOR with a maturity date of January 7, 2019. During May 2013, the Corporation terminated the swap in conjunction with the submission of a redemption notice to the trustee to redeem the Trust Preferred Securities on July 7, 2013, pursuant to the optional redemption provisions provided in the documents governing the Trust Preferred Securities. See Note 8 Trust Preferred Securities for additional information.

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The following table presents the notional amounts and fair values of derivatives not designated as hedging instruments recorded on the consolidated balance sheets at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012:

(Dollars in thousands)	Notional Amount	Derivative A Balance Sheet Classification	Assets Fair Value	Derivative Liabi Balance Sheet Classification	F	es 'air alue
At June 30, 2013						
Interest rate locks with customers	\$ 38,348		\$	Other Liabilities	\$	64
Forward loan sale commitments	42,001	Other Assets	772			
Total	\$ 80,349		\$ 772		\$	64
At December 31, 2012						
Interest rate locks with customers	\$ 51,768	Other Assets	\$ 1,547		\$	
Forward loan sale commitments	56,263			Other Liabilities		54
Total	\$ 108,031		\$ 1,547		\$	54

The following table presents the notional amounts and fair values of derivatives designated as hedging instruments recorded on the consolidated balance sheets at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012:

(Dollars in thousands)	Notional Amount	Derivative A Balance Sheet Classification	Fair	Derivative Liab Balance Sheet Classification	oilities Fair Value
At June 30, 2013					
Interest rate swap cash flow hedge	\$		\$	Other Liabilities	\$
Total	\$		\$		\$
At December 31, 2012					
Interest rate swap cash flow hedge	\$ 20,000		\$	Other Liabilities	\$ 1,909
Total	\$ 20,000		\$		\$ 1,909

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, the amounts included in the consolidated statements of income for derivatives not designated as hedging instruments are shown in the table below:

		Three Mont June		Six Month June	
(Dollars in thousands)	Statement of Income Classification	2013	2012	2013	2012
Interest rate locks with customers	Net (loss) gain on mortgage banking activities	<b>\$</b> (1,549)	\$ 725	<b>\$ (1,611)</b>	\$ 947
Forward loan sale commitments	Net gain (loss) on mortgage banking activities	994	(483)	826	(110)
Total		\$ (555)	\$ 242	\$ (785)	\$ 837

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, the amounts included in the consolidated statements of income for derivatives designated as hedging instruments are shown in the table below:

		Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months June 3	
(Dollars in thousands)	Statement of Income Classification	2013	2012	2013	2012
Interest rate swap cash flow hedge loss on					
termination	Net loss on termination of interest rate swap	\$ (1,866)	\$	\$ (1,866)	\$
Interest rate swap cash flow hedge interest					
payments	Interest expense	9	110	124	218
Interest rate swap cash flow hedge ineffectiveness	Interest expense				
	•				
Net loss		\$ (1,857)	\$ 110	\$ (1,742)	\$ 218

At June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the amounts included in accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income for derivatives designated as hedging instruments are shown in the table below:

(Dollars in thousands)	Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income	At June 30,	2013At Decem	nber 31, 2012
Interest rate swap cash flow hedge	Fair value, net of taxes	\$	\$	(1,241)
Total		\$	\$	(1,241)

### Note 12. Fair Value Disclosures

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Corporation determines the fair value of its financial instruments based on the fair value hierarchy. The Corporation maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. Observable inputs are inputs that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the Corporation. Unobservable inputs are inputs that reflect the Corporation s assumptions that the market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on the best information available in the circumstances, including assumptions about risk. Three levels of inputs are used to measure fair value. A financial instrument s level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input significant to the fair value measurement. Transfers between levels are recognized at the end of the reporting period.

Level 1: Valuations are based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Corporation can access at the measurement date. Since valuations are based on quoted prices that are readily and regularly available in an active market, valuation of these products does not entail a significant degree of judgment.

Level 2: Valuations are based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: Valuations are based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement. Assets and liabilities utilizing Level 3 inputs include: financial instruments whose value is determined using pricing models, discounted cash-flow methodologies, or similar techniques, as well as instruments for which the fair value calculation requires significant management judgment or estimation.

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis, as well as the general classification of such instruments pursuant to the valuation hierarchy.

### **Investment Securities**

Where quoted prices are available in an active market for identical instruments, investment securities are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. Level 1 investment securities include highly liquid U.S. Treasury securities, most equity securities and money market mutual funds. Mutual funds are registered investment companies which are valued at net asset value of shares on a market exchange at the close of business at period end. If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are estimated by using pricing models, quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics or discounted cash flows. Examples of instruments, which would generally be classified within Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy, include U.S. Government sponsored enterprises, mortgage-backed securities, collateralized mortgage obligations, corporate and municipal bonds and certain equity securities. In cases where there is limited activity or less transparency around inputs to the valuation, investment securities are classified within Level 3 of the valuation hierarchy.

Fair values for securities are determined using independent pricing services and market-participating brokers. The Corporation s independent pricing service utilizes evaluated pricing models that vary by asset class and incorporate available trade, bid and other market information for structured securities, cash flow and, when available, loan performance data. Because many fixed income securities do not trade on a daily basis, the pricing service s evaluated pricing applications apply information as applicable through processes, such as benchmarking of like securities, sector groupings, and matrix pricing, to prepare evaluations. If at any time, the pricing service determines that it does have not sufficient verifiable information to value a particular security, the Corporation will utilize valuations from another pricing service. Management has a sufficient understanding of the third party service s valuation models, assumptions and inputs used in determining the fair value of securities to enable management to maintain an appropriate system of internal control.

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On a quarterly basis, the Corporation reviews changes, as submitted by the pricing service, in the market value of its security portfolio. Individual changes in valuations are reviewed for consistency with general interest rate movements and any known credit concerns for specific securities. Additionally, on an annual basis, the Corporation has its security portfolio priced by a second pricing service to determine consistency with another market evaluator, except for municipal bonds which are priced by another service provider on a sample basis. If, on the Corporation s review or in comparing with another servicer, a material difference between pricing evaluations were to exist, the Corporation may submit an inquiry to its current pricing service regarding the data used to make the valuation of a particular security. If the Corporation determines it has market information that would support a different valuation than its current pricing service s evaluation it can submit a challenge for a change to that security s valuation. There were no material differences in valuations noted at June 30, 2013.

### Derivative Financial Instruments

The fair values of derivative financial instruments are based upon the estimated amount the Corporation would receive or pay to terminate the contracts or agreements, taking into account current interest rates and, when appropriate, the current creditworthiness of the counterparties. Derivative financial instruments are classified within Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy.

### Contingent Consideration Liability

The Corporation estimates the fair value of the contingent consideration liability by using a discounted cash flow model of future contingent payments based on projected revenue related to the acquired business. The estimated fair value of the contingent consideration liability is reviewed on a quarterly basis and any valuation adjustments resulting from a change in the discount rate or change of estimated future contingent payments based on projected revenue of the acquired business affecting the contingent consideration liability will be recorded through non-interest expense. Due to the significant unobservable input related to the projected revenue, the contingent consideration liability is classified within Level 3 of the valuation hierarchy. An increase in the projected revenue may result in a higher fair value of the contingent consideration liability. Alternatively, a decrease in the projected revenue may result in a lower estimated fair value of the contingent consideration liability.

For the Javers Group acquisition, the Corporation recorded a reduction to the contingent liability during the second quarter of 2013 which resulted in a reduction of other noninterest expense of \$959 thousand. While the acquisition remains accretive, the adjustment reflects that revenue levels necessary for an earn-out payment in the first year post-acquisition were not met and that revenue growth levels necessary to qualify for subsequent years earn-out payments to be made are less than remote. Therefore, as of June 30, 2013, the fair value of this contingent consideration liability is \$0. The Javers original contingent consideration arrangement ranged from \$0 to a maximum of \$1.7 million cumulative over the three-year period ending June 30, 2015.

For the John T. Fretz Insurance Agency, Inc. acquisition, the potential future cash payments that could result from the contingent consideration arrangement range from \$0 to a maximum of \$930 thousand cumulative over the three-year period ending April 30, 2016.

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The following table presents the assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, classified using the fair value hierarchy:

	At June 30, 2013							
					Assets/ Liabilities at			
(Dollars in thousands)	I	Level 1		Level 2	Le	evel 3		abilities at air Value
Assets:								
Available-for-sale securities:								
U.S. treasuries	\$	4,763	\$		\$		\$	4,763
U.S. government corporations and agencies				173,421				173,421
State and political subdivisions				119,934				119,934
Residential mortgage-backed securities				67,923				67,923
Collateralized mortgage obligations				10,474				10,474
Corporate bonds				31,008				31,008
Money market mutual funds		5,500						5,500
Equity securities		3,012						3,012
Total available-for-sale securities		13,275		402,760				416,035
Forward loan sale commitments				772				772
Total assets	\$	13,275	\$	403,532	\$		\$	416,807
Liabilities:								
Interest rate locks with customers	\$		\$	64	\$		\$	64
Contingent consideration liability						465		465
Total liabilities	\$		\$	64	\$	465	\$	529

			At Decemb	Assets/		
(Dollars in thousands)	I	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		abilities at air Value
Assets:						
Available-for-sale securities:						
U.S. treasuries	\$	4,938	\$	\$	\$	4,938
U.S. government corporations and agencies			172,142			172,142
State and political subdivisions			122,168			122,168
Residential mortgage-backed securities			90,740			90,740
Collateralized mortgage obligations			27,012			27,012
Corporate bonds			5,014			5,014
Money market mutual funds		4,878				4,878
Equity securities		2.842				2,842
Total available-for-sale securities		12,658	417,076			429,734
Interest rate locks with customers		ĺ	1,547			1,547
Total assets	\$	12,658	\$ 418,623	\$	\$	431,281

Liabilities:				
Interest rate swap	\$ \$	1,909	\$	\$ 1,909
Forward loan sale commitments		54		54
Contingent consideration liability			903	903
Total liabilities	\$ \$	1,963	\$ 903	\$ 2,866

At June 30, 2013 and 2012, the Corporation had no assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis utilizing Level 3 inputs.

The following table presents the change in the balance of the contingent consideration liability related to acquisitions for which the Corporation utilized Level 3 inputs to determine fair value on a recurring basis for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012:

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2013									
		Contingent	Payment							
(Dollars in thousands)	Balance at December 31, 2012	Consideration from New Acquisition	of Contingent Consideration	Cor	stment of ntingent sideration		nce at 30, 2013			
Javers Group	\$ 903	\$	\$	\$	(903)	\$				
John T. Fretz Insurance Agency, Inc.		454			11		465			
Total contingent consideration liability	\$ 903	\$ 454	\$	\$	(892)	\$	465			

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	Balance at December 31,	Contingent Consideration		Months Ended Jur Payment of Contingent	Adjustment of Contingent	Balance at	
(Dollars in thousands)	2011		isition	Consideration	Consideration		30, 2012
Javers Group	\$	\$	842	\$	\$	\$	842
Total contingent consideration liability	\$	\$	842	\$	\$	\$	842

The following table represents assets measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012:

(Dollars in thousands)	Level 1	Level 1 Level 2				/Liabilities at air Value
Impaired loans held for investment	\$	\$	\$	38,324	\$	38,324
Loans held for sale**		3,609				3,609
Total	\$	\$ 3,609	\$	38,324	\$	41,933

	At December 31, 2012						
(Dollars in thousands)	Level 1	Level	2	Level 3			Liabilities at ir Value
Impaired loans held for investment	\$	\$		\$ 44,9	76	\$	44,976
Mortgage servicing rights*		4,	152				4,152
Other real estate owned*		1,	607				1,607
Total	\$	\$ 5,	759	\$ 44,9	76	\$	50,735

<sup>\*</sup> The fair value was lower than cost, therefore written down to fair value at December 31, 2012. At June 30, 2013, fair value was greater than cost.

The following table presents assets and liabilities and off-balance sheet items not measured at fair value on a recurring or non-recurring basis in the Corporation s consolidated balance sheets but for which the fair value is required to be disclosed at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012. The disclosed fair values are classified using the fair value hierarchy.

			At June 30, 201	3	
(Dollars in thousands)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Fair Value	Carrying Amount
Assets:					
Cash and short-term interest-earning assets	\$ 86,554	\$	\$	\$ 86,554	\$ 86,554
Held-to-maturity securities		70,029		70,029	69,425
Net loans and leases held for investment			1,457,116	1,457,116	1,436,951
Mortgage servicing rights		6,476		6,476	5,227

<sup>\*\*</sup> The fair value was lower than cost, therefore written down to fair value at June 30, 2013. At December 31, 2012, fair value was greater than cost.

Other real estate owned		1,650		1,650	1,650
Total assets	\$ 86,554	\$ 78,155	\$ 1,457,116	\$ 1,621,825	\$ 1,599,807
T. 1992					
Liabilities: Deposits:					
Demand and savings deposits, non-maturity	\$ 1,574,035	\$	\$	\$ 1,574,035	\$ 1,574,035
Time deposits		297,283		297,283	299,016
Total deposits	1,574,035	297,283		1,871,318	1,873,051
Short-term borrowings		43,474		43,474	45,388
Long-term borrowings		20,583		20,583	20,619
Total liabilities	\$ 1,574,035	\$ 361,340	\$	\$ 1,935,375	\$ 1,939,058
Off-Balance-Sheet:					
Commitments to extend credit	\$	\$ (1,318)	\$	\$ (1,318)	\$

	At December 31, 2012						
(Dollars in thousands)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Fair Value	Carrying Amount		
Assets:							
Cash and short-term interest-earning assets	\$ 146,112	\$	\$	\$ 146,112	\$ 146,112		
Held-to-maturity securities		71,327		71,327	69,845		
Loans held for sale		4,653		4,653	4,530		
Net loans and leases held for investment			1,433,990	1,433,990	1,412,140		
Total assets	\$ 146,112	\$ 75,980	\$ 1,433,990	\$ 1,656,082	\$ 1,632,627		
Liabilities:							
Deposits:							
Demand and savings deposits, non-maturity	\$ 1,533,822	\$	\$	\$ 1,533,822	\$ 1,533,822		
Time deposits		334,164		334,164	331,511		
Total deposits	1,533,822	334,164		1,867,986	1,865,333		
Short-term borrowings		94,066		94,066	96,282		
Long-term borrowings		20,965		20,965	20,994		
Total liabilities	\$ 1,533,822	\$ 449,195	\$	\$ 1,983,017	\$ 1,982,609		
Off-Balance-Sheet:							
Commitments to extend credit	\$	\$ (1,286)	\$	\$ (1,286)	\$		

The following valuation methods and assumptions were used by the Corporation in estimating its fair value for financial instruments measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis and financial instruments not measured at fair value on a recurring or non-recurring basis in the Corporation s consolidated balance sheets but for which the fair value is required to be disclosed:

Cash and short-term interest-earning assets: The carrying amounts reported in the balance sheets for cash and due from banks, interest-earning deposits with other banks, and other short-term investments approximates those assets fair values. Cash and short-term interest-earning assets are classified within Level 1 in the fair value hierarchy.

*Held-to-maturity securities:* Fair values for the held-to-maturity investment securities are estimated by using pricing models or quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics and are classified in Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

Loans held for sale: The fair value of the Corporation s loans held for sale are generally determined using a pricing model based on current market information obtained from external sources, including interest rates, bids or indications provided by market participants on specific loans that are actively marketed for sale. The Corporation s loans held for sale are primarily residential mortgage loans and are generally classified in Level 2 due to the observable pricing data. Loans held for sale are carried at the lower of cost or estimated fair value. At June 30, 2013, loans held for sale had a carrying amount of \$3.6 million with a negative valuation allowance \$79 thousand. There were no valuation adjustments for loans held for sale at December 31, 2012.

Loans and leases held for investment: The fair values for loans are estimated using discounted cash flow analyses, using a discount rate based on current interest rates at which similar loans with similar terms would be made to borrowers and include components for credit risk, operating expense and embedded prepayment options. An overall valuation adjustment is made for specific credit risks in addition to general portfolio risk and is significant to the valuation. As permitted, the fair value of the loans and leases are not based on the exit price concept as discussed in the first paragraph of this note. Loans and leases are classified within Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy.

Impaired loans held for investment: Impaired loans held for investment include those collateral-dependent loans for which the practical expedient was applied, resulting in a fair-value adjustment to the loan. Impaired loans are evaluated and valued at the time the loan is identified as impaired, at the lower of cost or fair value. Fair value is measured based on the value of the collateral securing these loans less cost to sell and is classified at a Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value of collateral is based on appraisals performed by qualified licensed appraisers hired by the Corporation. At June 30, 2013, impaired loans held for investment had a carrying amount of \$38.6 million with a valuation allowance of \$230 thousand. At December 31, 2012, impaired loans held for investment had a carrying amount of \$45.2 million with a valuation allowance of \$208 thousand.

Mortgage servicing rights: The Corporation estimates the fair value of mortgage servicing rights using discounted cash flow models that calculate the present value of estimated future net servicing income. The model uses readily available prepayment speed assumptions for the current interest rates of the portfolios serviced. Mortgage servicing rights are classified within Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy. The Corporation reviews the mortgage servicing rights portfolio on a quarterly basis for impairment and the mortgage servicing rights are carried at the lower of amortized cost or estimated fair value. At June 30, 2013, mortgage servicing rights had a carrying amount of \$5.5 million with a valuation allowance of \$249 thousand. At December 31, 2012, mortgage servicing rights had a carrying amount of \$4.6 million with a valuation allowance of \$497 thousand.

Goodwill and other identifiable intangible assets: Certain non-financial assets subject to measurement at fair value on a non-recurring basis include goodwill and other identifiable intangible assets. In conjunction with the reduction in the contingent consideration liability for Javers during the six months ended June 30, 2013, an evaluation of goodwill and other identifiable intangible assets was performed with no indicated impairment.

Other real estate owned: The fair value of other real estate owned is estimated based upon its appraised value less costs to sell. The real estate is stated at an amount equal to the loan balance prior to foreclosure, plus costs incurred for improvements to the property but no more than the fair value of the property, less estimated costs to sell. New appraisals are generally obtained on an annual basis. Other real estate owned is classified within Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy.

Deposit liabilities: The fair values for demand and savings accounts, with no stated maturities, is the amount payable on demand at the reporting date (carrying value) and are classified within Level 1 in the fair value hierarchy. The fair values for time deposits with fixed maturities are estimated by discounting the final maturity using interest rates currently offered for deposits with similar remaining maturities. Time deposits are classified within Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

Short-term borrowings: The fair value of customer repurchase agreements are estimated using current market rates for similar borrowings and are classified within Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy. Short-term FHLB advances are estimated using a discounted cash flow analysis based on current market rates for similar borrowings, and include components for operating expense and embedded prepayment options that are observable. Short-term FHLB advances are classified within Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

Long-term borrowings: The fair values of the Corporation s long-term borrowings are estimated using a discounted cash flow analysis based on current market rates for similar borrowings, and include components for credit risk, operating expense, and embedded prepayment options that are observable. Long-term borrowings are classified within Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

Off-balance-sheet instruments: Fair values for the Corporation s off-balance-sheet instruments are based on the fees currently charged to enter into similar agreements, taking into account the remaining terms of the agreements and the counterparties credit standing and are classified within Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

### Note 13. Restructuring Charges

During the first quarter of 2013, the Corporation implemented a company-wide restructuring plan which reduced staffing levels by 3.4% and included the announced closure and consolidation of its Silverdale financial service center, effective May 3, 2013, into the Hilltown and Perkasie locations,. As a result, the Corporation recorded \$539 thousand in restructuring charges during the three months ended March 31, 2013, which consisted of \$437 thousand in severance and \$102 thousand in fixed asset retirement expenses. These charges are included in restructuring charges, a component of non-interest expense, within the consolidated statement of income. The restructuring involved strategic changes to ensure the Corporation is effectively managing costs, improving efficiencies and evolving the business to meet the need of all its stakeholders.

A roll-forward of the accrued restructuring expense is as follows:

(Dollars in thousands)	Severance
Accrued at January 1, 2013	\$
Restructuring charge	437
Payments	(379)

Accrued at June 30, 2013 \$ 58

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## Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

(All dollar amounts presented within tables are in thousands, except per share data. BP equates to basis points; N/M equates to not meaningful; equates to zero or doesn t round to a reportable number; and N/A equates to not applicable. Certain amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current-year presentation.)

## Forward-Looking Statements

The information contained in this report may contain forward-looking statements. When used or incorporated by reference in disclosure documents, the words believe, anticipate, estimate, expect, project, target, goal and similar expressions are intended to identify forward statements within the meaning of section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933. Such forward-looking statements are subject to certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions, including those set forth below:

Operating, legal and regulatory risks

Economic, political and competitive forces impacting various lines of business

The risk that our analysis of these risks and forces could be incorrect and/or that the strategies developed to address them could be unsuccessful

Volatility in interest rates

Other risks and uncertainties, including those occurring in the U.S. and world financial systems

Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may vary materially from those anticipated, estimated, expected or projected. These forward-looking statements speak only at the date of the report. The Corporation expressly disclaims any obligation to publicly release any updates or revisions to reflect any change in the Corporation s expectations with regard to any change in events, conditions or circumstances on which any such statement is based.

## **Critical Accounting Policies**

Management, in order to prepare the Corporation s financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the Corporation s financial statements. There are uncertainties inherent in making these estimates and assumptions. Certain critical accounting policies, discussed below, could materially affect the results of operations and financial position of the Corporation should changes in circumstances require a change in related estimates or assumptions. The Corporation has identified the fair value measurement of investment securities available-for-sale and assessment for impairment of certain investment securities, reserve for loan and lease losses, valuation of goodwill and other intangible assets, mortgage servicing rights, deferred tax assets and liabilities, benefit plans and stock-based compensation as areas with critical accounting policies. For more information on these critical accounting policies, please refer to the Corporation s 2012 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

## General

Univest Corporation of Pennsylvania, (the Corporation), is a Bank Holding Company. It owns all of the capital stock of Univest Bank and Trust Co. (the Bank). The Corporation s former subsidiary, Univest Delaware, Inc., was dissolved in the second quarter of 2013.

The Bank is engaged in the general commercial banking business and provides a full range of banking and trust services to its customers. The Bank is the parent company of Delview, Inc., which is the parent company of Univest Insurance, Inc., an independent insurance agency, and Univest Investments, Inc., a full-service broker-dealer and investment advisory firm. The Bank is also the parent company of Univest Capital, Inc., an equipment financing business, and TCG Investment Advisory, a registered investment advisor which provides discretionary investment consulting and management services. Through its wholly-owned subsidiaries, the Bank provides a variety of financial services to individuals,

municipalities and businesses throughout its markets of operation.

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#### **Executive Overview**

The Corporation s consolidated net income, earnings per share and returns on average assets and average equity were as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30, Chan		ge	Six Month June	Change			
	2013	2012	Amount	Percent	2013	2012	Amount	Percent
(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)								
Net income	\$ 4,830	\$ 4,763	\$ 67	1%	\$ 10,228	\$ 10,026	\$ 202	2%
Net income per share:								
Basic	\$ 0.29	\$ 0.28	\$ 0.01	4	\$ 0.61	\$ 0.60	\$ 0.01	2
Diluted	0.29	0.28	0.01	4	0.61	0.60	0.01	2
Return on average assets	0.86%	0.88%	(2) BP	(2)	0.92%	0.93%	(1) BP	(1)
Return on average equity	6.81%	6.90%	(9) BP	(1)	7.24%	7.30%	(6) BP	(1)

Net interest income on a tax-equivalent basis for the three months ended June 30, 2013 decreased \$107 thousand, or 1% compared to the same period in 2012. The second quarter 2013 net interest margin on a tax-equivalent basis was 3.84%, a decrease of 13 basis points from 3.97% for the second quarter of 2012. Net interest income on a tax-equivalent basis for the six months ended June 30, 2013 was down \$399 thousand or 1% compared to the same period in 2012. The tax equivalent net interest margin for the first six months of 2013 was 3.83% compared to 3.96% for the first six months of 2012.

The provision for loan and lease losses increased by \$2.1 million and \$77 thousand for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, respectively, compared to the same periods in 2012.

Non-interest income increased \$3.0 million, or 37% and \$3.4 million, or 18% during the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, respectively, compared to the same periods in 2012. Non-interest expense increased \$650 thousand, or 3% and \$2.0 million, or 5% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, respectively, compared to the same periods in 2012.

Gross loans and leases grew \$18.1 million from December 31, 2012 and deposits increased \$7.7 million from December 31, 2012.

Nonaccrual loans and leases, including nonaccrual troubled debt restructured loans and lease modifications decreased to \$25.2 million at June 30, 2013 compared to \$32.1 million at December 31, 2012 and \$36.8 million at June 30, 2012. Nonaccrual loans and leases as a percentage of total loans and leases held for investment were 1.68% at June 30, 2013 compared to 2.17% at December 31, 2012 and 2.51% at June 30, 2012. Net loan and lease charge-offs increased to \$4.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2013 compared to \$1.4 million for the same period in the prior year. Net charge-offs for the six months ended June 30, 2013 increased to \$5.5 million compared to \$4.8 million for the same period in the prior year. Charge-offs occurred primarily in the commercial, financial and agricultural and commercial real estate categories.

On May 1, 2013, the Corporation and its insurance subsidiary, Univest Insurance, Inc., completed the acquisition of John T. Fretz Insurance Agency, Inc., a full-service property and casualty insurance agency providing solutions to both personal and commercial clients. The Corporation paid \$2.2 million in cash at closing with additional contingent consideration to be paid in annual installments over the three-year period ended April 30, 2016 based on the achievement of certain levels of revenue. At the acquisition date, the Corporation recorded the estimated fair value of the contingent consideration of \$454 thousand in other liabilities. The potential cash payments that could result from the contingent consideration arrangement range from \$0 thousand to a maximum of \$930 thousand cumulative over the next three years. As a result of the John T. Fretz Insurance Agency, Inc. acquisition, the Corporation recorded goodwill of \$1.3 million (inclusive of contingent consideration) and customer related intangibles of \$1.3 million.

During the second quarter of 2013, the Corporation repurchased 84 thousand shares of common stock at a cost of \$1.4 million under the board approved stock repurchase program. Shares available for future repurchases under the plan totaled 397 thousand at June 30, 2013. Total shares outstanding at June 30, 2013 were 16,683,009.

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Details of the changes in the various components of net income and the balance sheet are further discussed in the sections that follow.

The Corporation earns its revenues primarily from the margins and fees it generates from the lending and depository services it provides as well as fee-based income from trust, insurance, mortgage banking and investment services to customers. The Corporation seeks to achieve adequate and reliable earnings by growing its business while maintaining adequate levels of capital and liquidity and limiting its exposure to credit and interest rate risk to Board of Directors approved levels. As interest rates increase, fixed-rate assets that banks hold will tend to decrease in value; conversely, as interest rates decline, fixed-rate assets that banks hold will tend to increase in value. The Corporation is in a more asset sensitive position; despite increases during the second quarter of 2013, interest rates remain at historically low levels, however, the Corporation anticipates further increases in interest rates over the longer term, which it expects would benefit its net interest margin.

The Corporation seeks to establish itself as the financial provider of choice in the markets it serves. It plans to achieve this goal by offering a broad range of high quality financial products and services and by increasing market awareness of its brand and the benefits that can be derived from its products. The Corporation operates in an attractive market for financial services but also is in intense competition with domestic and international banking organizations and other insurance and investment providers for the financial services business. The Corporation has taken initiatives to achieve its business objectives by acquiring banks and other financial service providers in strategic markets, through marketing, public relations and advertising, by establishing standards of service excellence for its customers, and by using technology to ensure that the needs of its customers are understood and satisfied.

### **Results of Operations**

#### **Net Interest Income**

Net interest income is the difference between interest earned on loans and leases, investments and other interest-earning assets and interest paid on deposits and other interest-bearing liabilities. Net interest income is the principal source of the Corporation s revenue. Table 1 presents a summary of the Corporation s average balances, the tax-equivalent yields earned on average assets, and the cost of average liabilities, and shareholders equity on a tax-equivalent basis for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012. The tax-equivalent net interest margin is tax-equivalent net interest income as a percentage of average interest-earning assets. The tax-equivalent net interest spread represents the difference between the weighted average tax-equivalent yield on interest-earning assets and the weighted average cost of interest-bearing liabilities. The effect of net interest free funding sources represents the effect on the net interest margin of net funding provided by noninterest-earning assets, noninterest-bearing liabilities and shareholders equity. Table 2 analyzes the changes in the tax-equivalent net interest income for the periods broken down by their rate and volume components. Sensitivities associated with the mix of assets and liabilities are numerous and complex. The Investment Asset/Liability Management Committee works to maintain an adequate and stable net interest margin for the Corporation.

Net interest income on a tax-equivalent basis for the three months ended June 30, 2013 decreased \$107 thousand, or 1% compared to the same period in 2012. The tax-equivalent net interest margin for the three months ended June 30, 2013 decreased 13 basis points to 3.84% from 3.97% for the three months ended June 30, 2012. Net interest income on a tax-equivalent basis for the six months ended June 30, 2013 decreased \$399 thousand, or 1% compared to the same period in 2012. The tax-equivalent net interest margin for the six months ended June 30, 2013 decreased 13 basis points to 3.83% from 3.96% for the six months ended June 30, 2012. The declines in net interest income and net interest margin from the comparable periods in the prior year were primarily due to the re-investment of maturing and called investment securities into lower yielding investments as a result of the lower interest rate environment and lower rates on commercial and residential real estate loans due to re-pricing and the competitive environment. The declines in net interest income and net interest margin were partially offset by favorable re-pricing of savings accounts, customer repurchase agreements and certificates of deposit along with maturities of higher yielding certificates of deposit.

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Table 1 Average Balances and Interest Rates Tax-Equivalent Basis

			hree Months E	Ended June 30,		
(Dollars in thousands)	Average Balance	2013 Income/ Expense	Average Rate	Average Balance	2012 Income/ Expense	Average Rate
Assets:						
Interest-earning deposits with other banks	\$ 41,903	\$ 46	0.44%	\$ 54,443	\$ 38	0.28%
U.S. government obligations	178,110	488	1.10	141,142	492	1.40
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	122,503	1,606	5.26	120,350	1,688	5.64
Other debt and equity securities	194,541	944	1.95	188,990	989	2.10
Total interest-earning deposits and investments	537,057	3,084	2.30	504,925	3,207	2.55
Commercial, financial and agricultural loans	403,490	4,355	4.33	442,385	4,786	4.35
Real estate commercial and construction loans	574,288	6,846	4.78	530,163	6,949	5.27
Real estate residential loans	252,443	2,436	3.87	249,456	2,597	4.19
Loans to individuals	42,295	601	5.70	43,931	624	5.71
Municipal loans and leases	137,382	1,743	5.09	137,165	1,881	5.52
Lease financings	68,411	1,571	9.21	57,175	1,457	10.25
Gross loans and leases	1,478,309	17,552	4.76	1,460,275	18,294	5.04
Total interest-earning assets	2,015,366	20,636	4.11	1,965,200	21,501	4.40
Cash and due from banks	61,669			37,518		
Reserve for loan and lease losses	(26,229)			(31,849)		
Premises and equipment, net	32,611			34,395		
Other assets	167,881			168,434		
Total assets	\$ 2,251,298			\$ 2,173,698		
Liabilities:						
Interest-bearing checking deposits	\$ 264,897	37	0.06	\$ 232,471	41	0.07
Money market savings	322,808	78	0.10	309,712	122	0.16
Regular savings	537,410	78	0.06	503,481	183	0.15
Time deposits	302,896	962	1.27	364,306	1,308	1.44
Total time and interest-bearing deposits	1,428,011	1,155	0.32	1,409,970	1,654	0.47
Short-term borrowings	100,632	15	0.06	108,233	156	0.58
Subordinated notes and capital securities	20,619	183	3.56	22,111	301	5.48
Total borrowings	121,251	198	0.65	130,344	457	1.41
Total interest-bearing liabilities	1,549,262	1,353	0.35	1,540,314	2,111	0.55
Demand deposits, non-interest bearing	384,089			316,471		
Accrued expenses and other liabilities						
Accrued expenses and other habilities	33,456			39,292		
Total liabilities	1,966,807			1,896,077		

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Shareholders Equity:					
Common stock	91,332		91,332		
Additional paid-in capital	64,680		61,328		
Retained earnings and other equity	128,479		124,961		
Total shareholders equity	284,491		277,621		
Total liabilities and shareholders equity	\$ 2,251,298	9	\$ 2,173,698		
Net interest income		\$ 19,283	S	\$ 19,390	
Net interest spread		3.76			3.85
Effect of net interest-free funding sources		0.08			0.12
Net interest margin		3.84%			3.97%
Ratio of average interest-earning assets to average interest-bearing liabilities	130.09%		127.58%		

		2013	Six Months Ended June 30,		2012	
(Dollars in thousands)	Average Balance	Income/ Expense	Average Rate	Average Balance	Income/ Expense	Average Rate
Assets:		*			*	
Interest-earning deposits with other banks	\$ 41,231	\$ 81	0.40%	\$ 56,948	\$ 76	0.27%
U.S. government obligations	176,269	965	1.10	144,144	1,011	1.41
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	122,097	3,185	5.26	118,634	3,396	5.76
Other debt and equity securities	197,722	1,839	1.88	191,219	2,223	2.34
Other debt and equity securities	171,122	1,037	1.00	191,219	2,223	2.54
Total interest-earning deposits and investments	537,319	6,070	2.28	510,945	6,706	2.64
Commercial, financial and agricultural loans	420,865	9,031	4.33	441,646	9,528	4.34
Real estate commercial and construction loans	559,657	13,504	4.87	532,121	13,937	5.27
Real estate residential loans	254,926	4,891	3.87	248,375	5,202	4.21
Loans to individuals	42,537	1,197	5.67	44,214	1,254	5.70
Municipal loans and leases	135,924	3,459	5.13	135,530	3,702	5.49
Lease financings	67,251	3,128	9.38	56,911	2,829	10.00
Lease imancings	07,251	3,120	9.30	30,911	2,829	10.00
Gross loans and leases	1,481,160	35,210	4.79	1,458,797	36,452	5.03
Total interest-earning assets	2,018,479	41,280	4.12	1,969,742	43,158	4.41
Cash and due from banks	50,929			36,237		
Reserve for loan and lease losses	(25,740)			(31,878)		
Premises and equipment, net	32,827			34,347		
Other assets	165,777			168,671		
Other assets	103,777			100,071		
Total assets	\$ 2,242,272			\$ 2,177,119		
Liabilities:						
Interest-bearing checking deposits	\$ 254,550	73	0.06	\$ 226,416	98	0.09
Money market savings	324,235	158	0.10	310,295	270	0.17
Regular savings	536,063	154	0.06	501,026	447	0.18
Time deposits	313,381	2,010	1.29	382,370	2,692	1.42
	•	,			,	
Total time and interest-bearing deposits	1,428,229	2,395	0.34	1,420,107	3,507	0.50
Short-term borrowings	101,533	32	0.06	113,244	262	0.47
Long-term debt	101,333	32	0.00	220	4	3.66
Subordinated notes and capital securities	20,799	472	4.58	22,298	605	5.46
Suborumated notes and capital securities	20,799	4/2	4.30	22,298	003	3.40
Total borrowings	122,332	504	0.83	135,762	871	1.29
Total interest-bearing liabilities	1,550,561	2,899	0.38	1,555,869	4,378	0.57
Demand deposits, non-interest bearing	372,936			305,269		
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	33,754			39,635		
Total liabilities	1,957,251			1,900,773		
Sharahaldare Equity						
Shareholders Equity:	01.222			01.222		
Common stock	91,332			91,332		
Additional paid-in capital	64,700			61,365 123,649		
Retained earnings and other equity	128,989			123,049		

Total shareholders equity	285,021	2	76,346	
Total liabilities and shareholders equity	\$ 2,242,272	\$ 2,1	77,119	
Net interest income		\$ 38,381	\$ 38,780	
Net interest spread		3.74		3.84
Effect of net interest-free funding sources		0.09		0.12
Net interest margin		3.83%		3.96%
Ratio of average interest-earning assets to average interest-bearing liabilities	130.18%		126.60%	

Notes: For rate calculation purposes, average loan and lease categories include unearned discount.

Nonaccrual loans and leases have been included in the average loan and lease balances.

Loans held for sale have been included in the average loan balances.

Tax-equivalent amounts for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 have been calculated using the Corporation s federal applicable rate of 35%.

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## Table 2 Analysis of Changes in Net Interest Income

The rate-volume variance analysis set forth in the table below compares changes in tax-equivalent net interest income for the periods indicated by their rate and volume components. The change in interest income/expense due to both volume and rate has been allocated proportionately.

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2013 Versus 2012			Six Months Ended June 30, 2013 Versus 2012			
(Dollars in thousands)	Volume Change	Rate Change	Total	Volume Change	Rate Change	Total	
Interest income:							
Interest-earning deposits with other banks	\$ (10)	\$ 18	\$ 8	\$ (25)	\$ 30	\$ 5	
U.S. government obligations	114	(118)	(4)	200	(246)	(46)	
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	30	(112)	(82)	95	(306)	(211	