

inContact, Inc.
Form 10-Q
May 09, 2013
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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, DC 20549

FORM 10-Q

Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the

Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the Quarterly Period Ended March 31, 2013

Commission File No. 1-33762

inContact, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

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Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of

87-0528557
(IRS Employer

incorporation or organization)

Identification No.)

7730 S. Union Park Avenue, Suite 500, Salt Lake City, UT 84047

(Address of principal executive offices and Zip Code)

(801) 320-3200

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date:

| Class | Outstanding as of April 29, 2013 |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Common Stock, \$0.0001 par value | 53,362,588 shares |

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Table of Contents**INCONTACT, INC.****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS - (Unaudited)***(in thousands, except per share data)*

| | March 31, 2013 | December 31, 2012 |
|---|-------------------|----------------------|
| ASSETS | | |
| Current assets: | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 44,771 | \$ 48,836 |
| Restricted cash | 81 | 81 |
| Accounts and other receivables, net of allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$1,038 and \$831, respectively | 17,350 | 18,043 |
| Other current assets | 3,398 | 3,278 |
| Total current assets | 65,600 | 70,238 |
| Property and equipment, net | 21,475 | 19,862 |
| Intangible assets, net | 1,103 | 1,156 |
| Goodwill | 4,086 | 4,086 |
| Other assets | 1,211 | 1,005 |
| Total assets | \$ 93,475 | \$ 96,347 |
| LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY | | |
| Current liabilities: | | |
| Trade accounts payable | \$ 8,260 | \$ 7,247 |
| Accrued liabilities | 4,451 | 5,638 |
| Accrued commissions | 1,961 | 1,610 |
| Current portion of deferred revenue | 1,622 | 1,973 |
| Current portion of long-term debt and capital lease obligations | 2,489 | 2,691 |
| Total current liabilities | 18,783 | 19,159 |
| Long-term debt and capital lease obligations | 1,387 | 2,859 |
| Deferred rent | 396 | 383 |
| Deferred revenue | 2,785 | 1,958 |
| Total liabilities | 23,351 | 24,359 |
| Commitments and contingencies | | |
| Stockholders' equity: | | |
| Common stock, \$0.0001 par value; 100,000 shares authorized; 53,222 and 52,886 shares issued and 52,782 and 52,886 outstanding as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively | 5 | 5 |
| Treasury stock, at cost; 440 and zero shares at March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively | (2,441) | |
| Additional paid-in capital | 156,052 | 154,184 |
| Accumulated deficit | (83,492) | (82,201) |
| Total stockholders' equity | 70,124 | 71,988 |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | \$ 93,475 | \$ 96,347 |

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**INCONTACT, INC.****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS and COMPREHENSIVE LOSS - (Unaudited)***(in thousands, except per share data)*

| | Three months ended March 31, | |
|---|---|-------------|
| | 2013 | 2012 |
| Net revenue: | | |
| Software | \$ 16,172 | \$ 12,302 |
| Telecom | 15,473 | 13,254 |
| Total net revenue | 31,645 | 25,556 |
| Costs of revenue: | | |
| Software | 6,435 | 5,090 |
| Telecom | 10,033 | 9,227 |
| Total costs of revenue | 16,468 | 14,317 |
| Gross profit | 15,177 | 11,239 |
| Operating expenses: | | |
| Selling and marketing | 8,422 | 7,020 |
| Research and development | 2,771 | 1,837 |
| General and administrative | 5,045 | 4,094 |
| Total operating expenses | 16,238 | 12,951 |
| Loss from operations | (1,061) | (1,712) |
| Other income (expense): | | |
| Interest expense | (60) | (94) |
| Other expense | (25) | (47) |
| Total other expense | (85) | (141) |
| Loss before income taxes | (1,146) | (1,853) |
| Income tax expense | (17) | (15) |
| Net loss and comprehensive loss | \$ (1,163) | \$ (1,868) |
| Net loss per common share: | | |
| Basic and diluted | \$ (0.02) | \$ (0.04) |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding: | | |
| Basic and diluted | 53,594 | 44,188 |

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**INCONTACT, INC.****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY - (Unaudited)***(in thousands)*

| | Common Stock | | Additional | Treasury Stock | | Accumulated | Total |
|--|--------------|--------|--------------------|----------------|------------|-------------|-----------|
| | Shares | Amount | Paid-in Capital | Shares | Amount | Deficit | |
| Balance at December 31, 2012 | 52,886 | \$ 5 | \$ 154,184 | | \$ | \$ (82,201) | \$ 71,988 |
| Common stock issued for options exercised | 336 | | 1,093 | 33 | 182 | (111) | 1,164 |
| Common stock issued under the employee stock purchase plan | | | | 19 | 108 | (17) | 91 |
| Common stock received for payment of receivables | | | | (492) | (2,731) | | (2,731) |
| Stock-based compensation | | | 775 | | | | 775 |
| Net loss | | | | | | (1,163) | (1,163) |
| Balance at March 31, 2013 | 53,222 | \$ 5 | \$ 156,052 | (440) | \$ (2,441) | \$ (83,492) | \$ 70,124 |

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**INCONTACT, INC.****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS - (Unaudited)***(in thousands)*

| | Three months ended March 31, | |
|--|-------------------------------------|------------------|
| | 2013 | 2012 |
| Cash flows from operating activities: | | |
| Net loss | \$ (1,163) | \$ (1,868) |
| Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities: | | |
| Depreciation of property and equipment | 1,392 | 1,087 |
| Amortization of software development costs | 1,079 | 899 |
| Amortization of intangible assets | 53 | 80 |
| Amortization of note financing costs | 4 | 8 |
| Interest accretion | 2 | 4 |
| Stock-based compensation | 775 | 509 |
| Loss on disposal of property and equipment | 25 | 46 |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities: | | |
| Accounts and other receivables, net | (2,038) | 141 |
| Other current assets | (120) | (639) |
| Other non-current assets | (195) | (65) |
| Trade accounts payable | 998 | (183) |
| Accrued liabilities | (1,190) | (542) |
| Accrued commissions | 351 | 238 |
| Deferred rent | 16 | 19 |
| Deferred revenue | 476 | 447 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 465 | 181 |
| Cash flows from investing activities: | | |
| Purchases of intangible assets | | (93) |
| Payments made for deposits | (11) | |
| Acquisition of assets | (1,923) | |
| Capitalized software development costs | (1,476) | (1,361) |
| Purchases of property and equipment | (695) | (704) |
| Net cash used in investing activities | (4,105) | (2,158) |
| Cash flows from financing activities: | | |
| Proceeds from exercise of options | 1,164 | 580 |
| Proceeds from sale of stock under employee stock purchase plan | 91 | 45 |
| Principal payments on long-term debt and capital leases | (680) | (690) |
| Borrowings under the revolving credit notes | | 3,000 |
| Payments under the revolving credit notes | (1,000) | (2,500) |
| Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities | (425) | 435 |
| Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents | (4,065) | (1,542) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period | 48,836 | 17,724 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period | \$ 44,771 | \$ 16,182 |

Supplemental schedule of non-cash investing and financing activities:

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| | | | | |
|--|----|-------|----|-------|
| Payments due for property and equipment included in trade accounts payable | \$ | 87 | \$ | 237 |
| Property and equipment and other assets financed through capital leases | \$ | | \$ | 1,284 |
| Common stock received for payment of accounts receivable | \$ | 2,731 | \$ | |

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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INCONTACT, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

NOTE 1. ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization

inContact, Inc. (inContact, we, us, our, or the Company) is incorporated in the state of Delaware. We provide cloud contact center software solutions through our inContact® portfolio, an advanced contact handling and performance management software application. Our services provide a variety of connectivity options for carrying inbound calls to our inContact portfolio or linking agents to our inContact applications. We provide customers the ability to monitor agent effectiveness through our user survey tools and the ability to efficiently monitor their agent needs. We are also an aggregator and provider of telecommunications services. We contract with a number of third party providers for the right to resell the various telecommunication services and products they provide, and then offer all of these services to the customers. These services and products allow customers to buy only the telecommunications services they need, combine those services in a customized enhanced contact center package, receive one bill for those services, and call a single point of contact if a service problem or billing issue arises.

Basis of Presentation

These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of inContact and its subsidiaries have been prepared in accordance with the rules and regulations of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Such rules and regulations allow the omission of certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, so long as the statements are not misleading. In the opinion of management, these financial statements and accompanying notes contain all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) necessary to present fairly the financial position and results of operations for the periods presented herein. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated audited financial statements and notes thereto contained in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012, filed with the SEC on March 18, 2013. The results of operations for the three month period ended March 31, 2013 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the year ending December 31, 2013. Our significant accounting policies are set forth in Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements in the 2012 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized when all of the following four criteria are met: (1) persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, (2) the fee is fixed or determinable, (3) collection is reasonably assured, and (4) delivery has occurred or services have been rendered.

Revenue is determined and recognized based on the type of service provided for the customer as follows:

inContact portfolio of services. Revenue is derived from the delivery of any of our software services within the inContact portfolio which are provided on a monthly recurring subscription basis. Because customers do not have the right to take possession of the software, these arrangements are considered service contracts and are not within the scope of Industry Topic 985, *Software*. Monthly recurring subscription charges are generally billed in arrears and recognized for the period in which they are earned. For subscription contracts with multiple elements (hosted software, training, installation and long distance services), we follow the guidance provided in Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 605-25, *Revenue Recognition for Multiple-Element Arrangement*. In addition to the monthly recurring subscription revenue, revenue is also derived on a non-recurring basis for professional services included in implementing or improving a customer s inContact portfolio experience. Because our professional services, such as training and installation, are not considered to have standalone value, we defer revenue for upfront fees received for professional services in multiple element arrangements and recognize such fees as revenue over the estimated life of the customer. Professional services sold separately (i.e. not sold contemporaneously with the negotiation of a subscription contract) are recognized as revenue over the period that services are provided. Fees for telecommunications services in multiple element arrangements within the inContact portfolio are based on usage and are recognized as revenue in the same manner as fees for telecommunications services discussed in the following paragraph. Also included is revenue related to the quarterly minimum purchase commitments from a related party reseller (Note 12).

Telecommunications services. Revenue is derived from telecommunications services, such as dedicated transport, switched long distance and data services. These services are provided over our network or through third party telecommunications providers. Our network is the backbone of our inContact portfolio and allows us to provide the all-

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in-one inContact solution. Revenue for the telecommunications usage is derived based on customer specific rate plans and the customer's call usage and is recognized in the period the call is initiated. Customers are also billed monthly charges in arrears and revenue is recognized for such charges over the billing period. If the billing period spans more than one month, earned but unbilled revenues are recognized as revenue for incurred usage to date.

Fair Value Measurement

The fair value of assets and liabilities, if any, is determined using a fair value hierarchy that distinguishes between market participant assumptions based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity, and the reporting entity's own assumptions about market participant assumptions based on the best information available in the circumstances. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Financial assets are marked to bid prices and financial liabilities are marked to offer prices. Fair value measurements do not include transaction costs. The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the quality and reliability of the information used to determine fair values. Categorization within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The fair value hierarchy is defined into the following three categories:

Level 1: Quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Observable market based inputs or unobservable inputs that are corroborated by market data.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs that are not corroborated by market data.

NOTE 2. RESTATEMENT OF PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Subsequent to the issuance of the Company's third quarter 2012 Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, we determined that errors existed in the Company's previously issued Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. As a result, the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations and Comprehensive Loss and Cash Flows for the three months ended March 31, 2012, included in this Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, have been restated to correct for such errors, as described below.

Management's decision to restate the aforementioned financial statements was made as a result of the identification of billing errors related to the accounting for amounts of Federal Universal Service Fund (USF) surcharges recovered in excess of amounts allowed under Federal Communications Commission (FCC) rules.

The principal effect of the restatement adjustment increased our net loss by \$119,000 (including reducing Telecom segment revenue by the same amount) and increased accrued liabilities by the corresponding amount for the quarter ended March 31, 2012. Management has concluded that these corrections are immaterial.

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The impact of the restatement adjustments on specific line items on the Company's previously issued Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss and Cash Flows for the three months ended March 31, 2013, are presented below (*in thousands, except per share amounts*):

| | Three Months Ended March 31, 2012 | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------|
| | As Previously Reported | Restatement Adjustments | As Restated |
| Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss Items: | | | |
| Telecom net revenue | \$ 13,373 | \$ (119) | \$ 13,254 |
| Total net revenue | 25,675 | (119) | 25,556 |
| Gross profit | 11,358 | (119) | 11,239 |
| Loss from operations | (1,593) | (119) | (1,712) |
| Loss before income taxes | (1,734) | (119) | (1,853) |
| Net loss and comprehensive loss | \$ (1,749) | \$ (119) | \$ (1,868) |
| Net loss per common share: | | | |
| Basic and diluted | \$ (0.04) | \$ | \$ (0.04) |

| | Three Months Ended March 31, 2012 | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------|
| | As Previously Reported | Restatement Adjustments | As Restated |
| Statements of Cash Flows Items: | | | |
| Net loss | \$ (1,749) | \$ (119) | \$ (1,868) |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities: | | | |
| Accrued liabilities | \$ (661) | \$ 119 | \$ (542) |

NOTE 3. ASSET ACQUISITION

In March 2013, the Company acquired technology for \$1.9 million in cash, which the Company plans to incorporate into its existing applications. The value of the assets acquired was recorded as in process technology and is included in capitalized software.

NOTE 4. BASIC AND DILUTED NET (LOSS) INCOME PER COMMON SHARE

Basic earnings per common share is computed by dividing the net income or loss applicable to common shareholders by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per common share is computed by dividing the net income or loss by the sum of the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding plus the weighted average common stock equivalents, which would have been outstanding if the potentially dilutive securities had been issued. Potentially dilutive securities include outstanding options, warrants and restricted stock units. The dilutive effect of potentially dilutive securities is reflected in diluted earnings per common share by application of the treasury method.

As a result of incurring a net loss for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, no potentially dilutive securities are included in the calculation of diluted earnings per share because such effect would be anti-dilutive. We had potentially dilutive securities representing approximately 5.0 million and 5.1 million shares of common stock at March 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

NOTE 5. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The fair values of the revolving credit note and promissory notes payable were computed using a discounted cash flow model and approximated the carrying amount as the individual notes bear interest at market interest rates and are considered to be classified within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

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Intangible assets consisted of the following (*in thousands*):

| | March 31, 2013 | | | December 31, 2012 | | |
|--------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|
| | Gross assets | Accumulated amortization | Intangible assets, net | Gross assets | Accumulated amortization | Intangible assets, net |
| Customer lists acquired | \$ 16,495 | \$ 16,289 | \$ 206 | \$ 16,495 | \$ 16,276 | \$ 219 |
| Technology and patents | 10,231 | 10,090 | 141 | 10,231 | 10,070 | 161 |
| Tradenames and trademarks | 1,194 | 492 | 702 | 1,194 | 472 | 722 |
| Domain name | 54 | | 54 | 54 | | 54 |
| Total intangible assets | \$ 27,974 | \$ 26,871 | \$ 1,103 | \$ 27,974 | \$ 26,818 | \$ 1,156 |

Amortization expense was \$53,000 and \$80,000 during the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Based on the recorded intangibles at March 31, 2013, estimated amortization expense is expected to be \$158,000 during the remainder of 2013, \$210,000 in 2014, \$140,000 in 2015, \$133,000 in 2016, \$84,000 in 2017 and \$324,000 thereafter.

NOTE 7. ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accrued liabilities consisted of the following (*in thousands*):

| | March 31, 2013 | December 31, 2012 |
|--|-----------------|-------------------|
| Accrued payroll and other compensation | \$ 1,991 | \$ 3,061 |
| Excess recovery reserve | 1,631 | 1,818 |
| Accrued vendor charges | 382 | 259 |
| Other | 447 | 500 |
| Total accrued liabilities | \$ 4,451 | \$ 5,638 |

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT AND CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS

During the three months ended March 31, 2013, we paid \$1.0 million on our revolving credit loan agreement of \$8.5 million (Revolving Credit Agreement) with Zions First National Bank (Zions) and did not draw from the Revolving Credit Agreement. We had no outstanding balance on our Revolving Credit Agreement at March 31, 2013. The interest rate under the Revolving Credit Agreement is 4.5% per annum above the ninety day London InterBank Offered Rate (LIBOR), from time to time in effect, adjusted as of the date of any change in the ninety day LIBOR. Interest under the Revolving Credit Agreement is paid monthly in arrears, and all principal is due in July 2014.

The Zions Revolving Credit Agreement contains certain covenants, which were established by amendment to the Revolving Credit Agreement in April 2012. As of March 31, 2013, the most significant covenants require that the aggregate value of cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities shall not be less than the outstanding balance on the Revolving Credit Agreement plus \$2.5 million, and if at any time the aggregate value is less than the minimum liquidity position, a minimum quarterly EBITDA of \$1.8 million, calculated as of the last day of each calendar quarter, is required. We are in compliance with the covenants at March 31, 2013.

During the three months ended March 31, 2013, we paid \$208,000 of the promissory note payable (Promissory Note) to Zions. The Promissory Note balance was \$1.3 million at March 31, 2013.

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In April 2012, we entered into a term loan agreement (Term Loan) with Zions for \$4.0 million, which matures on May 1, 2016. We are allowed to draw up to the total of \$4.0 million through April 30, 2013. We have not drawn from the Term Loan as of March 31, 2013. Interest, if any, will be paid monthly in arrears, commencing the month following a draw, and the principal will be paid in 36 equal monthly installments commencing on September 1, 2013. The interest rate under the Term Loan is 4.5% per annum above the ninety day LIBOR rate, adjusted as of the date of any change in the ninety day LIBOR. The financial covenants are the same as the Revolving Credit Agreement

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We paid \$472,000 of capital lease obligations during the three months ended March 31, 2013. The balance of the capital lease obligations was \$2.6 million at March 31, 2013.

NOTE 9. CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS

We received proceeds of \$1.2 million from the exercise of 369,000 options, of which 33,000 were issued from treasury stock, during the three months ended March 31, 2013. We issued 19,000 shares of common stock, which were issued from treasury stock, for proceeds of \$91,000 under the employee stock purchase plan during the three month period ended March 31, 2013.

We received 492,000 shares of our common stock for payment of \$2.7 million in receivables from a related party reseller (Note 12), which is included in treasury stock at cost.

NOTE 10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

In May 2009, the Company was served in a lawsuit titled *California College, Inc., et al., v. UCN, Inc., et al.* In the lawsuit, California College alleges that (1) the Company made intentional and/or negligent misrepresentations in connection with the sale of the Company's services from Insidesales.com, Inc., another defendant in the lawsuit, (2) that the Company breached its service contract with California College and the contract between California College and Insidesales.com by failing to deliver contracted services and product and failing to abide by implied covenants of good faith and fair dealing, and (3) the conduct of the Company interfered with prospective economic business relations of California College with respect to enrolling students. California College is seeking damages, in an amount to be proven at trial, in excess of \$20 million. Pursuant to a motion filed by Insidesales.com, California College filed an amended complaint that has been answered by Insidesales.com and us. Furthermore, Insidesales.com and inContact filed cross-claims against one another, which they subsequently agreed to dismiss with prejudice. In October 2011, California College reached a settlement with Insidesales.com, the terms of which have not been disclosed and remain confidential. The Company has denied all of the substantive allegations of the complaint and cross-claim and intends to defend the claims vigorously. Management believes the claims against inContact are without merit and no liability has been recorded.

We are the subject of certain other legal matters considered incidental to our business activities. It is the opinion of management that the ultimate disposition of these matters will not have a material impact on our financial position, liquidity or results of operations.

NOTE 11. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

Stock-based compensation cost is measured at the grant date based on the fair value of the award granted and recognized as expense using the graded-vesting method over the period in which the award is expected to vest. Stock-based compensation expense recognized during a period is based on the value of the portion of stock-based awards that is ultimately expected to vest during the period. As stock-based compensation expense recognized in the results for the year is based on awards ultimately expected to vest, it has been reduced for estimated forfeitures.

We recorded stock-based compensation expense (including stock options, warrants, restricted stock, restricted stock units and employee stock purchase plan) to the same departments where cash compensation was recorded as follows (*in thousands*):

| | Three months ended March 31, | |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------|
| | 2013 | 2012 |
| Costs of revenue | \$ 149 | \$ 130 |
| Selling and marketing | 216 | 82 |
| Research and development | 131 | 123 |
| General and administrative | 279 | 174 |
| Total | \$ 775 | \$ 509 |

We utilize the Black-Scholes model to determine the estimated fair value for grants of stock options and warrants. The Black-Scholes model requires the use of highly subjective and complex assumptions to determine the fair value of stock-based awards, including the option's expected term, expected dividend yield, the risk-free interest rate and the price volatility of the underlying stock. The expected dividend yield is based on our historical dividend rates. Risk-free interest rates are based on U.S. treasury rates. Volatility is based on historical stock prices over a period equal to the estimated life of the option.

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The grant date fair value of the restricted stock and restricted stock unit awards was calculated using the closing market price of the Company's common stock on the grant date, with the compensation expense amortized over the vesting period of the restricted stock awards, net of estimated forfeitures.

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We estimated the fair value of options granted under our employee stock-based compensation arrangements at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes model using the following weighted-average assumptions for the quarters ended March 31, 2013 and 2012:

| | Three months ended March 31, | |
|--------------------------|------------------------------|-------|
| | 2013 | 2012 |
| Dividend yield | 0% | 0% |
| Volatility | 54% | 72% |
| Risk-free interest rate | 0.60% | 0.48% |
| Expected life (in years) | 4.0 | 4.1 |

During the three months ended March 31, 2013, we granted 94,000 stock options with exercise prices ranging from \$4.83 to \$7.49 and a weighted-average fair value of \$2.62 and 67,000 restricted stock awards with a weighted-average fair value of \$7.49. During the three months ended March 31, 2012, we granted 100,250 stock options with exercise prices ranging from \$4.44 to \$5.85 and a weighted-average fair value of \$2.64.

As of March 31, 2013, there was \$3.1 million of unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested stock-based compensation awards granted under our stock-based compensation plans. The compensation cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 1.3 years.

NOTE 12. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

On February 13, 2013, we amended the Siemens Enterprise Network (SEN) reseller agreement which modified SEN s minimum purchase commitments to be \$4.5 million for 2012, \$7.0 million for 2013 and extended the minimum purchase commitment obligation into 2014 in the amount of up to \$5.0 million, which may be credited up to \$1.0 million in 2014 in consideration for up to a \$1.0 million investment by SEN in sales and marketing of our cloud contact center software solutions, and relinquished exclusivity in Europe, the Middle East and Asia (EMEA). Additionally, sales made by other resellers in EMEA will go toward satisfying SEN s minimum purchase commitment obligation. Further, we agreed that through 2013, SEN can make payment of its obligations with shares of our common stock at a price per share, discounted nine percent from the volume weighted average price, averaged over a specified period of five trading days. \$2.7 million in revenue earned from SEN during 2012 was paid by the delivery of 492,000 shares of our common stock by SEN in 2013. We recognized \$1.7 million and \$750,000 of software revenue under this arrangement during the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively, which included revenue from resold software services and amounts up to the quarterly minimum revenue purchase commitments. Under the arrangement, revenue from resold software services reduces the reseller s obligation up to the amount of the quarterly minimum purchase commitments.

We paid the Chairman of the Board of Directors (the Chairman) \$7,000 per month during the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012 for consulting, marketing and capital raising activities. We owed the Chairman \$7,000 at March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012.

NOTE 13. SEGMENTS

We operate under two business segments: Software and Telecom. The Software segment includes all monthly recurring revenue related to the delivery of our software applications, plus the associated professional services and setup fees, and revenue related to quarterly minimum purchase commitments through July 2014, from a related party reseller (Note 12). The Telecom segment includes all voice and data long distance services provided to customers.

Management evaluates segment performance based on operating data (revenue, costs of revenue, and other operating expenses). Management does not evaluate and manage segment performance based on assets.

For segment reporting, we classify operating expenses as either direct or indirect. Direct expense refers to costs attributable solely to either selling and marketing efforts or research and development efforts. Indirect expense refers to costs that management considers to be overhead in running the business. In evaluating segment performance, management evaluates expenditures for both selling and marketing and research and development efforts at the segment level without the allocation of overhead expenses, such as rent, utilities and depreciation on property and equipment.

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Operating segment revenues and profitability for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012 were as follows (*in thousands*):

| | Three months ended March 31, 2013 | | | Three months ended March 31, 2012 | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------|--------------|-----------------------------------|-----------|--------------|
| | Software | Telecom | Consolidated | Software | Telecom | Consolidated |
| Net revenue | \$ 16,172 | \$ 15,473 | \$ 31,645 | \$ 12,302 | \$ 13,254 | \$ 25,556 |
| Costs of revenue | 6,435 | 10,033 | 16,468 | 5,090 | 9,227 | 14,317 |
| Gross profit | 9,737 | 5,440 | 15,177 | 7,212 | 4,027 | 11,239 |
| Gross margin | 60% | 35% | 48% | 59% | 30% | 44% |
| Operating expenses: | | | | | | |
| Direct selling and marketing | 6,963 | 992 | 7,955 | 5,805 | 843 | 6,648 |
| Direct research and development | 2,539 | | 2,539 | 1,654 | | 1,654 |
| Indirect | 4,745 | 999 | 5,744 | 3,833 | 816 | 4,649 |
| (Loss) income from operations | \$ (4,510) | \$ 3,449 | \$ (1,061) | \$ (4,080) | \$ 2,368 | \$ (1,712) |

NOTE 14. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In April 2013, we drew \$4.0 million on our Term Loan with Zions.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the December 31, 2012 consolidated financial statements and notes thereto, along with the Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations included in our 2012 Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed separately with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission.

OVERVIEW

inContact began in 1997 as a reseller of telecommunications services and has evolved to become a leading provider of cloud contact center software solutions. We help contact centers around the world create effective customer experiences through our powerful portfolio of cloud contact center contact routing, self-service and agent optimization software solutions. Our services and software solutions enable contact centers to operate more efficiently, optimize the cost and quality of every customer interaction, create new pathways to profit and ensure ongoing customer-centric business improvement and growth.

We began offering cloud solutions to the contact center market in 2005. Our dynamic technology platform provides our customers a pay-as-you-go solution without the costs and complexities of premise-based systems. Our proven cloud delivery model provides compelling total cost of ownership savings over premise-based technology by reducing upfront capital expenditures, eliminating the expense of system management and maintenance fees, while providing agility that enables businesses to scale their technology as they grow.

DEVELOPMENTS

In 2011, we entered into a reseller agreement for our cloud contact center software solutions with Siemens Enterprise Communications (SEN). During 2012, SEN resold substantially fewer software services than it had originally anticipated. In February 2013, we amended certain provisions of our reseller agreement with SEN, allowing SEN more time to implement a revised go to market sales plan, with the objective of increasing contract revenue progressively to a level commensurate with the amount of the quarterly minimum purchase commitments. No assurances can be given that the plan will be fully implemented or be successful. The revised minimum purchase commitments total \$4.5 million of net software revenue in 2012, \$7.0 million in 2013 and up to \$5.0 million in 2014, which may be credited up to \$1.0 million in 2014, in consideration for up to a \$1.0 million investment by SEN in sales and marketing of our cloud contact center software solutions, and relinquished exclusivity in Europe, the Middle East and Asia (EMEA). Additionally, sales made by other resellers in EMEA will go toward satisfying SEN's minimum purchase commitment obligation. Further, we agreed that through 2013, SEN can make payment of its minimum purchase commitments with shares of our common stock at a price per share, discounted nine percent from the volume weighted average price, averaged over a specified period of five trading days. Of the \$4.5 million in revenue earned from SEN in 2012, \$2.7 million was paid by the delivery of 492,000 shares of our common stock by SEN in February 2013.

Our primary financial objective is to generate recurring cloud software revenue from sustainable sources by investing in various cloud software growth initiatives, as we believe we are in the early stages of a large, long-term market. We continue to invest in sales and marketing initiatives, which resulted in our largest quarterly sales and marketing expenditures during the first of quarter of 2013.

SOURCES OF REVENUE

We derive our revenues from two major business activities: (1) delivery and support of our inContact portfolio of software solutions and associated professional services and (2) reselling telecommunication services. Our primary business focus is marketing and selling our inContact portfolio.

Software

Software delivery and support of our inContact portfolio is provided on a monthly recurring subscription basis. Monthly recurring charges are billed in arrears and recognized for the period in which they are earned. In addition to the monthly recurring revenue, revenue is also received on a non-recurring basis for professional implementation services or on a recurring basis related to improving a customer's contact center efficiency and effectiveness metrics, as it relates to utilization of the inContact portfolio. Customers access cloud software and data through a secure Internet connection. Support services include technical assistance for our software products and product upgrades and enhancements on a when and if available basis. Our telecommunications and data network is fundamental to our inContact portfolio and allows us to provide the all-in-one inContact solution. Software service revenue also includes revenue related to minimum purchase commitments through July 2014, from a related party reseller.

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Telecom

We derive revenue from telecommunications services such as dedicated transport, switched long distance and data services. These services are provided over our network or through third party telecommunications providers. Revenue for transactional long distance usage is derived based on customer specific rate plans and the customer's call usage and is recognized in the period the call is initiated. Customers are also billed monthly charges in arrears and revenue is recognized for such charges over the billing period. If the billing period spans more than one month, earned but unbilled revenues are recognized as revenue for incurred usage to date.

COSTS OF REVENUE AND OPERATING EXPENSES

Costs of Revenue

Costs of revenue consist primarily of payments to third party long distance service providers for resold telecommunication services to our customers. Costs of revenue also include salaries (including stock-based compensation) and related expenses for our software services delivery, support and professional services organizations, equipment depreciation relating to our services, amortization of acquired intangible assets, amortization of capitalized internal use software development costs, and allocated overhead, such as rent, utilities and depreciation on property and equipment. As a result, overhead expenses are included in costs of revenue and each operating expense category. The cost associated with providing professional services is significantly higher as a percentage of revenue than the cost associated with delivering our software services due to the labor costs associated with providing professional services. We anticipate that we will incur additional costs for long distance service providers, hosting, support, employee salaries and related expenses, to support delivery of our software solutions in the future.

Selling and Marketing

Selling and marketing expenses consist primarily of salaries (including stock-based compensation) and related expenses for employees in sales and marketing, including commissions and bonuses, advertising, marketing events, corporate communications, expenses, travel costs and allocated overhead. Since our Software segment revenue is delivered and therefore recognized over time, we have experienced a delay between increasing sales and marketing expenses and the recognition of the corresponding revenue. We believe it is important to continue investing in selling and marketing to create brand awareness and lead generation opportunities, to increase market share and to support the resellers. Accordingly, we expect selling and marketing expenses to increase in absolute dollars as we continue to support growth initiatives.

Research and Development

Research and development expenses consist primarily of the non-capitalized portion of salary (including stock-based compensation) and related expenses for development personnel and costs related to the development of new products, enhancement of existing products, quality assurance, market research, testing, product management and allocated overhead. We expect research and development expenses to increase in absolute dollars in the future as we intend to release new features and functionality on a frequent basis, expand our content offerings, upgrade and extend our service offerings and develop new technologies.

General and Administrative

General and administrative expenses consist primarily of salary (including stock-based compensation) and related expenses for management, finance and accounting, legal, information systems and human resources personnel, professional fees, other corporate expenses and allocated overhead. We anticipate that we will incur additional employee salaries and related expenses, professional service fees and other corporate expenses related to the growth of our business and operations in the future. As such, we expect general and administrative expenses to increase in absolute dollars.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The MD&A gives effect to the restatement of prior period Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements referred to in Note 2 Restatement of Prior Year Financial Statements to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements contained in Part I, Item 1.

Table of Contents**Three Months Ended March 31, 2013 and 2012**

The following is a tabular presentation of our condensed consolidated operating results for the three months ended March 31, 2013 compared to our condensed consolidated operating results for the three months ended March 31, 2012 (*in thousands*):

| | 2013 | 2012 | \$ Change | % Change |
|----------------------------|------------|------------|-----------|----------|
| Net revenue | \$ 31,645 | \$ 25,556 | \$ 6,089 | 24% |
| Costs of revenue | 16,468 | 14,317 | 2,151 | 15% |
| Gross profit | 15,177 | 11,239 | 3,938 | |
| Gross margin | 48% | 44% | | |
| Operating expenses: | | | | |
| Selling and marketing | 8,422 | 7,020 | 1,402 | 20% |
| Research and development | 2,771 | 1,837 | 934 | 51% |
| General and administrative | 5,045 | 4,094 | 951 | 23% |
| Total operating expenses | 16,238 | 12,951 | 3,287 | |
| Loss from operations | (1,061) | (1,712) | 651 | |
| Other expense | (85) | (141) | 56 | 40% |
| Loss before income taxes | (1,146) | (1,853) | 707 | |
| Income tax expense | (17) | (15) | (2) | |
| Net loss | \$ (1,163) | \$ (1,868) | \$ 705 | |

Revenue

Total revenues increased \$6.0 million or 24% to \$31.6 million during the three months ended March 31, 2013 compared to revenues of \$25.6 million during the same period in 2012. The increase relates to an increase of \$3.9 million in Software segment revenue due primarily to our continued focus and investment in sales and marketing efforts of our all-in-one inContact portfolio of cloud software solutions and revenue related to minimum purchase commitments from a reseller. Telecom segment revenue increased \$2.2 million as the increase of Telecom revenue associated with our inContact portfolio customers exceeded the attrition of our Telecom only customers.

We recognized \$1.7 million of software revenue during the three months ended March 31, 2013 compared to \$750,000 during the same period in 2012, under our reseller agreement with SEN, which principally represent revenue from SEN's minimum purchase commitments. Under the arrangement, revenue from resold software services reduces SEN's obligation up to the amount of the quarterly minimum purchase commitments. These minimum purchase commitments were negotiated, in part to mitigate the risks associated with the investment in infrastructure to support our expanded reseller sales and marketing efforts initiated in 2011 and expire at the end of July 2014. If revenue from resold software services does not meet the minimum purchase commitment at the end of July 2014, there will be a reduction in software revenue from that reseller beginning in August 2014 to the extent the revenue from resold software services is less than the minimum purchase commitment at the end of July 2014.

During 2012 and the first quarter of 2013, the amount of software services resold in EMEA was substantially less than SEN's minimum purchase commitment. In February 2013, we amended certain provisions of our reseller agreement with SEN, allowing SEN more time to implement a revised go to market sales plan, with the objective of increasing contract revenue progressively to a level commensurate with the amount of the quarterly minimum purchase commitments. No assurances can be given that the plan will be fully implemented or be successful. The revised minimum purchase commitments total \$4.5 million of net software revenue in 2012, \$7.0 million in 2013 and up to \$5.0 million in 2014, which may be credited up to \$1.0 million in 2014, in consideration for up to a \$1.0 million investment by SEN in sales and marketing of our cloud contact center software solutions, and relinquished exclusivity in EMEA. Additionally, sales made by other resellers in EMEA will go toward satisfying SEN's minimum purchase commitment obligation.

Costs of revenue and gross margin

Costs of revenue increased \$2.2 million or 15% to \$16.5 million during the three months ended March 31, 2013 compared to \$14.3 million during the same period of 2012. Our gross margin increased four percentage points to 48% during the three months ended March 31, 2013 from 44% during the three months ended March 31, 2012. The increase in revenue from our inContact portfolio and the minimum purchase commitment offset increased costs attributable to greater professional service and customer service personnel costs incurred to service larger mid-market and enterprise customers and to support resellers, international infrastructure investments initiated in 2011 and increased amortization of previously capitalized software development costs. In addition, lower Telecom costs due to increased efficiencies in call routing related to an investment in technology and lower negotiated direct costs contributed to the gross margin increase.

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Selling and marketing

Selling and marketing expense increased \$1.4 million or 20% to \$8.4 million during the three months ended March 31, 2013 from \$7.0 million during the same period in 2012. This increase is primarily a result of headcount additions for direct and channel sales employees, increased commissions as a result of increased revenue, and to a lesser extent, higher levels of investment in marketing efforts to create increased awareness of our services as well as increased lead generation efforts for our Software segment.

Research and development

Research and development expense increased \$934,000 or 51% to \$2.8 million during the three months ended March 31, 2013 from \$1.8 million during the same period in 2012. The increase relates to our efforts to expand our content offerings, upgrade and extend our service offerings and develop new technologies.

General and administrative

General and administrative expense increased \$951,000 or 23% to \$5.0 million during the three months ended March 31, 2013 compared to \$4.1 million during the same period in 2012. The increase is primarily due to increased costs incurred to support our domestic and international business expansion.

Other expense

Other expense decreased \$56,000 to a net other expense of \$85,000 during the three months ended March 31, 2013 from a net other expense of \$141,000 during the same period in 2012. The difference is primarily due to a decrease of net interest expense for the first quarter of 2013 compared to the comparable period in 2012 due to lower outstanding balances on our notes payable and capital lease obligations in the first quarter of 2013 as compared to the same period in 2012.

Income taxes

Income taxes consist of various state income taxes and foreign taxes and remained relatively flat for the quarter ended March 31, 2013 as compared to comparable period of 2012.

SEGMENT REPORTING

We operate under two business segments: Software and Telecom. The Software segment includes all monthly recurring revenue related to the delivery of our software solutions, plus the associated professional services and setup fees and revenue related to quarterly minimum purchase commitments through July 2014, from a related party reseller. The Telecom segment includes all voice and data long distance services provided to customers.

Management evaluates segment performance based on operating data (revenue, costs of revenue, and other operating expenses). Management does not evaluate and manage segment performance based on assets.

For segment reporting, we classify operating expenses as either direct or indirect. Direct expense refers to costs attributable solely to either selling and marketing efforts or research and development efforts. Indirect expense refers to costs that management considers to be overhead in running the business. Management evaluates expenditures for both selling and marketing and research and development efforts at the segment level without the allocation of overhead expenses, such as compensation, rent, utilities and depreciation on property and equipment.

Table of Contents**Software Segment Results**

The following is a tabular presentation and comparison of our Software segment unaudited condensed consolidated operating results for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012 (*in thousands*):

| | 2013 | 2012 | \$ Change | % Change |
|---------------------------------|------------|------------|-----------|----------|
| Net revenue | \$ 16,172 | \$ 12,302 | \$ 3,870 | 31% |
| Costs of revenue | 6,435 | 5,090 | 1,345 | 26% |
| Gross profit | 9,737 | 7,212 | 2,525 | |
| Gross margin | 60% | 59% | | |
| Operating expenses: | | | | |
| Direct selling and marketing | 6,963 | 5,805 | 1,158 | 20% |
| Direct research and development | 2,539 | 1,654 | 885 | 54% |
| Indirect | 4,745 | 3,833 | 912 | 24% |
| Loss from operations | \$ (4,510) | \$ (4,080) | \$ (430) | |

The Software segment revenue increased by \$3.9 million or 31% to \$16.2 million during the three months ended March 31, 2013 from \$12.3 million during the same period in 2012. The increase is primarily a result of the selling and marketing efforts we have undertaken to expand the inContact portfolio of software services in the market and revenue related to minimum purchase commitments from a reseller. We recognized \$1.7 million of software revenue during the three months ended March 31, 2013 compared to \$750,000 during the same period in 2012, under our reseller agreement with SEN, which principally represent revenue from SEN's minimum purchase commitments. Under the arrangement, revenue from resold software services reduces SEN's obligation up to the amount of the quarterly minimum purchase commitments. These minimum purchase commitments were negotiated, in part to mitigate the risks associated with the investment in infrastructure to support our expanded reseller sales and marketing efforts initiated in 2011 and expire at the end of July 2014. If revenue from resold software services does not meet the minimum purchase commitment at the end of July 2014, there will be a reduction in software revenue from that reseller beginning in August 2014 to the extent the revenue from resold software services is less than the minimum purchase commitment at the end of July 2014.

During 2012 and the first quarter of 2013, the amount of software services resold in EMEA was substantially less than SEN's minimum purchase commitment. In February 2013, we amended certain provisions of our reseller agreement with SEN, allowing SEN more time to implement a revised go to market sales plan, with the objective of increasing contract revenue progressively to a level commensurate with the amount of the quarterly minimum purchase commitments. No assurances can be given that the plan will be fully implemented or be successful. The revised minimum purchase commitments total \$4.5 million of net software revenue in 2012, \$7.0 million in 2013 and up to \$5.0 million in 2014, which may be credited up to \$1.0 million in 2014, in consideration for up to a \$1.0 million investment by SEN in sales and marketing of our cloud contact center software solutions, and relinquished exclusivity in EMEA. Additionally, sales made by other resellers in EMEA will go toward satisfying SEN's minimum purchase commitment obligation.

Software segment revenue also includes revenue from customer and professional services of \$1.1 million for the first quarter of 2013 compared to \$559,000 for the first quarter of 2012.

Gross margin increased one percentage point to 60% in the first quarter of 2013 compared to 59% in the same period in 2012. The increase in revenue from our inContact portfolio and the minimum purchase commitment offset increased costs attributable to greater professional and customer service personnel costs incurred to service larger mid-market and enterprise customers and to support resellers, international infrastructure investments initiated in 2011 and increased amortization of previously capitalized software development costs.

Direct selling and marketing expenses in the Software segment increased \$1.2 million or 20% to \$7.0 million during the three months ended March 31, 2013 compared to \$5.8 million during the same period in 2012. This increase is a result of headcount additions for sales employees and employees focused on managing and enhancing our partner relationships. Sales commission expense also increased with the increase in revenue.

We also continue to develop the services provided in the Software segment by investing in research and development. During the three months ended March 31, 2013 we incurred \$2.5 million in direct research and development costs compared to \$1.7 million during the same period in

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2012 and have capitalized an additional \$1.5 million of costs incurred during the three months ended March 31, 2013 related to our internally developed software compared to \$1.4 million during the three months ended March 31, 2012.

Indirect expenses, which consist of overhead, such as compensation, rent, utilities and depreciation on property and equipment, increased \$912,000 or 24% to \$4.7 million during the three months ended March 31, 2013 from \$3.8 million for the same period in 2012 due to more indirect costs being allocated to the Software segment with the continued shift in revenue mix from the Telecom segment to the Software segment and the overall increase in indirect expenses due to our overall growth.

Table of Contents**Telecom Segment Results**

The following is a tabular presentation and comparison of our Telecom segment condensed consolidated operating results for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012 (*in thousands*):

| | 2013 | 2012 | \$ Change | % Change |
|------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------|
| Net revenue | \$ 15,473 | \$ 13,254 | \$ 2,219 | 17% |
| Costs of revenue | 10,033 | 9,227 | 806 | 9% |
| Gross profit | 5,440 | 4,027 | 1,413 | |
| Gross margin | 35% | 30% | | |
| Operating expenses: | | | | |
| Direct selling and marketing | 992 | 843 | 149 | 18% |
| Indirect | 999 | 816 | 183 | 22% |
| Income from operations | \$ 3,449 | \$ 2,368 | \$ 1,081 | |

Telecom segment revenue increased \$2.2 million or 17% to \$15.5 million during three months ended March 31, 2013 from \$13.3 million for the same period in 2012. This increase is associated with the Telecom revenue from our inContact portfolio customers exceeding the attrition of our Telecom only customers. Our costs of revenue increased 9% due to the increase in revenue, but the Telecom gross margin increased 5% due to increased efficiencies in call routing related to an investment in technology and lower negotiated direct costs, which resulted in lower Telecom costs. Selling and marketing expenses increased \$149,000 or 18% during the three months ended March 31, 2013 as compared to the same period in 2012, due to increased commissions as a result of increased revenue. Indirect expenses, which consist of overhead, such as compensation, rent, utilities and depreciation on property and equipment, increased \$183,000 or 22% during the three months ended March 31, 2013 compared to the same period in 2012 as a result of an overall increase in indirect expenses due to our overall growth.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Our principal sources of liquidity are cash and cash equivalents, cash available to draw under a term loan agreement (Term Loan) and available borrowings under our Revolving Credit Agreement, which expires in July 2014. At March 31, 2013, we had \$44.8 million of cash and cash equivalents. In addition to our \$44.8 million of cash and cash equivalents, we have access to additional available borrowings under our Revolving Credit Agreement with Zions, subject to meeting our covenant requirements, and our Term Loan with Zions. The available borrowings under the Revolving Credit Agreement were \$8.5 million at March 31, 2013, based on the maximum available advance amount calculated on the March 20, 2013 borrowing base certificate. The available borrowings under the Term Loan at March 31, 2013 were \$4.0 million. Total cash and additional availability under the Revolving Credit Agreement and Term Loan was \$57.3 million at March 31, 2013. We paid the December 31, 2012 outstanding balance of our Revolving Credit Agreement of \$1.0 million in January 2013 and did not draw from the Revolving Credit Agreement during the first quarter of 2013. As such, we had no outstanding balance at March 31, 2013.

The Zion s Revolving Credit Agreement contains certain covenants, with the most significant covenant being a requirement that the aggregate value of cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities shall not be less than the outstanding balance on the Revolving Credit Agreement plus \$2.5 million, and if at any time the aggregate value is less than the minimum liquidity position, a minimum quarterly EBITDA of \$1.8 million, calculated as of the last day of each calendar quarter, is required. We were in compliance with all financial covenants related to the Revolving Credit Agreement for the period ended March 31, 2013.

In April 2012, we entered into a Term Loan with Zions for \$4.0 million to help finance the acquisition of capital assets and the continued development of our international infrastructure. We are allowed to draw up to the total of \$4.0 million through April 30, 2013. Interest, if any, will be paid monthly in arrears, commencing on May 1, 2012, and the principal will be paid in 36 equal monthly installments commencing on June 1, 2013. The interest rate under the Term Loan is 4.5% per annum above the ninety day LIBOR rate, adjusted as of the date of any change in the ninety day LIBOR. The financial covenants are the same as the Revolving Credit Agreement. In April 2013, we drew \$4.0 million on the Term Loan.

We experienced a net loss of \$1.2 million during the three months ended March 31, 2013. Significant non-cash expenses affecting operations during the three months ended March 31, 2013 were \$2.5 million of depreciation and amortization and \$775,000 of stock-based compensation.

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The non-cash expenses were partially offset by an increase in receivables and a decrease in accrued liabilities resulting in cash operating activities providing \$465,000 of cash during the three months ended March 31, 2013.

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In March 2013, we acquired technology for \$1.9 million in cash consideration, which the Company plans to incorporate into its applications. The value of the assets acquired was recorded as in process technology and is included in capitalized software. The asset acquisition was not material to our financial position or results of operations.

We paid \$208,000 of the promissory note to Zions during the three months ended March 31, 2013. The balance of our promissory note was \$1.3 million at March 31, 2013, of which \$833,000 is current. We paid \$472,000 of capital lease obligations during the three months ended March 31, 2013. The balance of capital lease obligations was \$2.6 million at March 31, 2013, of which \$1.7 million is current.

In February 2013, we amended certain terms of our reseller agreement with SEN. Under the amended agreement, SEN has the right to pay in shares of inContact Common Stock, discounted from the market price by nine percent, the following: i) outstanding amounts totaling \$2.7 million as of December 31, 2012, ii) minimum purchase commitments in 2013, and iii) the difference between actual sold through revenue and minimum purchase commitments in 2014. In the event i) and ii) above are settled in stock in a timely manner, inContact will receive approximately \$8 million less in cash during 2013 under the amended agreement. In February 2013, we received 492,000 shares of our common stock from SEN to pay the \$2.7 million of outstanding receivables at December 31, 2012.

We continue to take a proactive approach in managing our operating expenditures and cash flow from operations. We expect to rely on internally generated cash, our Revolving Credit Agreement and our Term Loan to finance operations and capital requirements. We believe that existing cash and cash equivalents, cash from operations, available borrowings under our Revolving Credit Agreement and available borrowings under our Term Loan will be sufficient to meet our cash requirements during at least the next twelve months.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

A summary of our significant accounting policies and estimates is discussed in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and in Note 1 of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012. The preparation of the financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires us to make judgments, estimates and assumptions regarding uncertainties that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities. Significant areas of uncertainty that require judgments, estimates and assumptions include the accounting for income taxes and other contingencies as well as asset impairment and collectability of accounts receivable. We use historical and other information that we consider to be relevant to make these judgments and estimates. However, actual results may differ from those estimates and assumptions that are used to prepare our financial statements.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Our cash and cash equivalents are invested with high-quality issuers and limit the amount of credit exposure to any one issuer. Due to the short-term nature of the cash equivalents, we believe that we are not subject to any material interest rate risk as it relates to interest income.

Interest rates on our Term Loan and Revolving Credit Agreement are variable so market fluctuations in interest rates may increase our interest expense.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

This Report includes the certifications of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer required by Rule 13a-14 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the Exchange Act). See Exhibits 31.1 and 31.2. This Item 4 includes information concerning the controls and control evaluations referred to in those certifications.

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Exchange Act) are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in rules and forms adopted by the Securities and Exchange Commission, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures.

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In connection with the preparation of this report, our management, under the supervision and with the participation of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, reassessed the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures. Based on that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of March 31, 2013.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the first quarter of 2013 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are the subject of certain legal matters, which we consider incidental to our business activities. It is the opinion of management that the ultimate disposition of these other matters will not have a material impact on our financial position, liquidity or results of operations.

During the quarter ended March 31, 2013, there were no material developments in any pending legal proceedings previously reported. Please see the discussion of legal proceedings under Part I, Item 3 of our 2012 Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 18, 2013.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 provides a safe harbor for forward-looking statements made by us, except where such statements are made in connection with an initial public offering. All statements, other than statements of historical fact, which address activities, actions, goals, prospects, or new developments that we expect or anticipate will or may occur in the future, including such things as expansion and growth of our operations and other such matters are forward-looking statements. Any one or a combination of factors could materially affect our operations and financial condition. These factors include competitive pressures, success or failure of marketing programs, changes in pricing and availability of services and products offered to customers, legal and regulatory initiatives affecting software or long distance service, and conditions in the capital markets. Forward-looking statements made by us are based on knowledge of our business and the environment in which we operate as of the date of this report. Because of the factors discussed below and in the 2012 Annual Report on Form 10-K under Item 1A Risk Factors, actual results may differ from those in the forward-looking statements.

There is a pending dispute regarding coverage under our insurance for the claims asserted in the California College litigation that could adversely affect our capital resources if a determination is made we do not have coverage and we are found liable for damages in the California College litigation.

As described in Footnote 10 to the Financial Statements, above, and Part I, Item 3 of our 2012 Annual Report on Form 10-K, we are the defendant in a lawsuit brought in May 2009 titled *California College, Inc., et al., v. UCN, Inc., et al.* In the lawsuit, California College alleges that that (1) we made intentional and/or negligent misrepresentations in connection with the sale of our services from another defendant in the lawsuit, (2) we breached our service contract with California College and the contract between California College and the other defendant by failing to deliver contracted services and product and failing to abide by implied covenants of good faith and fair dealing, and (3) our conduct interfered with prospective economic business relations of California College with respect to enrolling students. California College is seeking damages, in an amount to be proven at trial, in excess of \$20 million. We made a claim for coverage of any potential liability to California College under the technology liability insurance policy issued to us by the Hartford Fire Insurance Company (Hartford) in 2008, which was a renewal of a policy effective June 30, 2007. Hartford agreed in 2010 to pay expenses of defense in the California College litigation, but asserts that it reserved the right to deny coverage and withdraw from paying for the defense and to recoup defense fees paid on the Company's behalf in the event a determination was made that Hartford had no coverage obligation. On April 5, 2013, we were served with a summons to answer a complaint filed by Hartford in the Superior Court for the state of Delaware, New Castel County, entitled *Hartford Insurance Company v. inContact, Inc.*, Case No. N13C-01-060 JRJ CCLD. In the complaint, Hartford seeks a declaratory judgment from the court that there is no coverage under the policy for the California College litigation. We have not filed an answer, but intend defend the matter vigorously. An adverse determination on coverage under the policy coupled with a judgment against us in the California College litigation could result in a substantial payout that would adversely affect our cash position and our results of operations.

Table of Contents**ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS****Repurchases of Securities**

Stock repurchases for the three months ended March 31, 2013, were as follows (*in thousands, except per share data*):

| Period | Total number of shares purchased | Average price per share | Total number of shares purchased as part of publicly announced plans or programs | Maximum number of shares that may yet be purchased under the plans or programs |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| January 1 - 31, 2013 | | \$ | | |
| February 1 - 28, 2013 (1) | 492 | 5.55 | | |
| March 1 - 31, 2013 | | | | |
| Total shares repurchased | 492 | 5.55 | | |

- (1) In February 2013, we amended certain terms of our reseller agreement with SEN. Under the amended agreement, SEN has the right to pay in shares of inContact Common Stock, discounted from the market price by nine percent, the following: i) outstanding amounts totaling \$2.7 million as of December 31, 2012, ii) minimum purchase commitments in 2013, and iii) the difference between actual sold through revenue and minimum purchase commitments in 2014. In February 2013, we received 492,000 shares of our common stock from SEN to pay the \$2.7 million of outstanding receivables at December 31, 2012.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

| Exhibit No. | Title of Document |
|-------------|---|
| 31.1 | Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 |
| 31.2 | Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 |
| 32.1 | Certifications of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 |
| 101 | The following financial statements, formatted in XBRL: (i) Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, (ii) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, (iii) Condensed Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity, (iv) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, and (v) Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. The information in Exhibit 101 is furnished and not filed, as provided in Rule 402 of Regulation S-T. |

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

inContact, INC.

Date: May 9, 2013

By: /s/ Paul Jarman
Paul Jarman
Chief Executive Officer

Date: May 9, 2013

By: /s/ Gregory S. Ayers
Gregory S. Ayers

Principal Financial and Accounting Officer