

BP PLC
Form 6-K
May 04, 2007

Table of Contents

**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549
Form 6-K
Report of Foreign Issuer
Pursuant to Rule 13a-16 or 15d-16 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934
for the period ended 31 March 2007
BP p.l.c.**

(Translation of registrant's name into English)
1 ST JAMES'S SQUARE, LONDON, SW1Y 4PD, ENGLAND
(Address of principal executive offices)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover Form 20-F or Form 40-F.
Form 20-F Form 40-F

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant by furnishing the information contained in this Form is also thereby furnishing the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
Yes No

THIS REPORT ON FORM 6-K SHALL BE DEEMED TO BE INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE IN THE PROSPECTUS INCLUDED IN THE REGISTRATION STATEMENT ON FORM F-3 (FILE NO. 333-110203) OF BP CANADA FINANCE COMPANY, BP CAPITAL MARKETS p.l.c., BP CAPITAL MARKETS AMERICA, INC AND BP p.l.c.; THE PROSPECTUS INCLUDED IN THE REGISTRATION STATEMENT ON FORM F-3 (FILE NO. 333-9790) OF BP p.l.c., THE PROSPECTUS INCLUDED IN THE REGISTRATION STATEMENT ON FORM F-3 (FILE NO. 333-65996), THE PROSPECTUS INCLUDED IN THE REGISTRATION STATEMENT ON FORM F-3 (FILE NO. 333-83180) OF BP AUSTRALIA CAPITAL MARKETS LIMITED, BP CANADA FINANCE COMPANY, BP CAPITAL MARKETS p.l.c., BP CAPITAL MARKETS AMERICA INC. AND BP p.l.c., THE REGISTRATION STATEMENT ON FORM S-8 (FILE NO. 33-21868) OF BP p.l.c., THE REGISTRATION STATEMENT ON FORM S-8 (FILE NO. 333-9020) OF BP p.l.c., THE REGISTRATION STATEMENT ON FORM S-8 (FILE NO. 333-09798) OF BP p.l.c., THE REGISTRATION STATEMENT ON FORM S-8 (FILE NO. 333-79399) OF BP p.l.c., THE REGISTRATION STATEMENT ON FORM S-8 (FILE NO. 333-34968) OF BP p.l.c., THE REGISTRATION STATEMENT ON FORM S-8 (FILE NO. 333-67206) OF BP p.l.c., THE REGISTRATION STATEMENT ON FORM S-8 (FILE NO. 333-74414) OF BP p.l.c., THE REGISTRATION STATEMENT ON FORM S-8 (FILE NO. 333-103924) OF BP p.l.c., THE REGISTRATION STATEMENT ON FORM S-8 (FILE NO. 333-102583) OF BP p.l.c., THE REGISTRATION STATEMENT ON FORM S-8 (FILE NO. 333-103923) OF BP p.l.c., THE REGISTRATION STATEMENT ON FORM S-8 (FILE NO. 333-119934) OF BP p.l.c., THE REGISTRATION STATEMENT ON FORM S-8 (FILE NO. 333-123482) OF BP p.l.c., THE REGISTRATION STATEMENT ON FORM S-8 (FILE NO. 333-123483) OF BP p.l.c., THE REGISTRATION STATEMENT ON FORM S-8 (FILE NO. 333-131583) OF BP p.l.c. AND THE REGISTRATION STATEMENT ON FORM S-8 (FILE NO. 333-131584) OF BP p.l.c., THE REGISTRATION STATEMENT ON FORM S-8 (FILE NO 333-1326190 OF BP P.L.C., AND TO BE A PART THEREOF FROM THE DATE ON WHICH THIS REPORT IS FURNISHED, TO THE EXTENT NOT SUPERSEDED BY DOCUMENTS OR REPORTS SUBSEQUENTLY FILED OR FURNISHED.

BP p.l.c. AND SUBSIDIARIES
FORM 6-K FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

	Page
<u>1.</u> <u>Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations for the period January-March 2007</u>	3
<u>2.</u> <u>Consolidated Financial Statements including Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the period January-March 2007</u>	12
<u>3.</u> <u>Environmental, Operating and Other Information</u>	22
<u>4.</u> <u>Signatures</u>	25
<u>5.</u> Exhibit 99.1: Computation of Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges	26
Exhibit 99.2: Capitalization and Indebtedness	27

Table of Contents

BP p.l.c. AND SUBSIDIARIES
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND
RESULTS OF OPERATIONS
GROUP RESULTS JANUARY MARCH 2007

	Three months ended 31 March (Unaudited)		2007 vs 2006
	2007	2006	(17%)
Profit for the period* (\$ million)	4,664	5,623	(17%)
- per ordinary share (pence)	12.34	15.66	
- per ordinary share (cents)	24.06	27.40	
- per ADS (dollars)	1.44	1.64	(12%)

* Profit attributable to BP shareholders

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and the related notes provided elsewhere in this Form 6-K and with the information, including the consolidated financial statements and related notes, for the year ended 31 December 2006 in BP p.l.c.'s Annual Report on Form 20-F for the year ended 31 December 2006.

BP's first quarter profit was \$4,664 million, compared with \$5,623 million a year ago, a decrease of 17%. This included inventory holding gains of \$303 million in the first quarter of 2007 compared with \$358 million a year ago. Inventory holding gains or losses represent the difference between the cost of sales calculated using the average cost of supplies incurred during the year and the cost of sales calculated using the first-in first-out method.

Net cash provided by operating activities for the quarter was \$8.0 billion compared with \$8.9 billion a year ago.

The effective tax rate on profit of continuing operations for the quarter was 34%; the rate was also 34% a year earlier.

Net debt at the end of the quarter was \$21.8 billion. The ratio of net debt to net debt plus equity was 20% compared with 16% a year ago.

Capital expenditure, excluding acquisitions, was \$3.7 billion for the quarter. Total capital expenditure and acquisitions was \$4.8 billion, which included \$1.1 billion in respect of the acquisition of Chevron's Netherlands manufacturing company. Capital expenditure excluding acquisitions is expected to be around \$18 billion for the year. Disposal proceeds were \$0.9 billion for the quarter.

The quarterly dividend, to be paid in June, is 10.325 cents per share (\$0.6195 per ADS) compared with 9.375 cents per share a year ago, an increase of 10%. In sterling terms, the quarterly dividend is 5.151 pence per share, compared with 5.251 pence per share a year ago, a decrease of 2%. During the quarter, the company repurchased 238 million of its own shares for cancellation at a cost of \$2.5 billion.

The commentaries above and following should be read in conjunction with the cautionary statement on page 11.

Table of Contents

BP p.l.c. AND SUBSIDIARIES
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND
RESULTS OF OPERATIONS continued

Per share amounts

	Three months ended	
	31 March	
	(Unaudited)	
	2007	2006
Results for the period (\$ million)		
Profit ^(a)	4,664	5,623
Shares in issue at period end (thousand) ^(b)	19,290,540	20,341,135
ADS equivalent (thousand) ^(b)	3,215,090	3,390,189
Average number of shares outstanding (thousand) ^(b)	19,384,508	20,521,872
ADS equivalent (thousand) ^(b)	3,230,751	3,420,312
Shares repurchased in the period (thousand)	237,916	349,079
Per ordinary share (cents)		
Profit for the period	24.06	27.40
Per ADS (cents)		
Profit for the period	144.36	164.40

(a) Profit attributable to BP shareholders.

(b) Excludes treasury shares.

Dividends

On 24 April 2007, BP announced a dividend of 10.325 cents per ordinary share to be paid in June. Holders of ordinary shares will receive 5.151 pence per share and holders of American Depository Receipts (ADRs) \$0.6195 per ADS. The dividend is payable on 4 June to shareholders on the register on 11 May. Participants in the Dividend Reinvestment Plan (DRIP) or the DRIP facility in the US Direct Access Plan will receive the dividend in the form of shares, also on 4 June.

	Three months ended	
	31 March	
	(Unaudited)	
	2007	2006
Dividends paid per ordinary share		
cents	10.325	9.375
pence	5.258	5.288
Dividends paid per ADS (cents)	61.95	56.25

Net Debt Ratio Net Debt : Net Debt + Equity

\$ million	At 31 March	
	(Unaudited)	
	2007	2006
Gross debt	23,728	18,679
Cash and cash equivalents	1,956	2,939
Net debt	21,772	15,740
Equity	85,749	80,566
Net debt ratio	20%	16%

- 4 -

Table of Contents

BP p.l.c. AND SUBSIDIARIES
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND
RESULTS OF OPERATIONS continued

DETAILED REVIEW OF BUSINESSES
EXPLORATION AND PRODUCTION

	Three months ended	
	31 March	
	(Unaudited)	
\$ million	2007	2006
Profit before interest and tax^(a)	6,054	6,816
By region:		
UK	1,062	1,165
Rest of Europe	720	303
US	1,663	2,304
Rest of World	2,609	3,044
	6,054	6,816
Exploration expense		
UK	20	7
Rest of Europe		
US	77	66
Rest of World	59	116
	156	189
Liquids^(b)		
Average prices realized by BP ^(c) (\$/bbl)	53.43	55.88
Production for subsidiaries (mb/d) (net of royalties)	1,366	1,398
Production for equity-accounted entities (mb/d) (net of royalties)	1,080	1,135
Natural gas		
Average prices realized by BP ^(c) (\$/mcf)	4.86	5.54
Production for subsidiaries (mmcf/d) (net of royalties)	7,506	7,701
Production for equity-accounted entities (mmcf/d) (net of royalties)	996	1,012
Total hydrocarbons^(d)		
Average prices realized by BP ^(c) (\$/boe)	41.06	44.20
Production for subsidiaries (mboe/d)	2,660	2,726
Production for equity-accounted entities (mboe/d)	1,252	1,309

(a) Profit from continuing operations and includes profit

after interest and
tax of
equity-accounted
entities.

- (b) Crude oil and
natural gas
liquids.
- (c) Based on sales of
consolidated
subsidiaries only
this excludes
equity-accounted
entities.
- (d) Natural gas is
converted to oil
equivalent at
5.8 billion cubic
feet = 1 million
barrels.

- 5 -

Table of Contents

**BP p.l.c. AND SUBSIDIARIES
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND
RESULTS OF OPERATIONS continued**

EXPLORATION AND PRODUCTION (concluded)

The profit before interest and tax for the first quarter was \$6,054 million, a decrease of 11% over the first quarter of 2006. This included inventory holding gains of \$11 million compared with an inventory holding loss of \$7 million in the first quarter of 2006. The result was impacted by lower oil and gas realizations and lower reported volumes, reflecting the impact of the divestment activity in 2006. In addition, it included higher costs, reflecting the impacts of sector-specific inflation, increased integrity spend and higher depreciation charges. BP's share of income from TNK-BP was negatively affected by lower prices and the adverse effect of lagged tax reference prices.

The result included a net disposal gain of \$603 million, with the most significant item being the gain on the sale of our assets in the Netherlands, which completed on 31 January, and fair value gains on embedded derivatives of \$145 million relating to North Sea gas contracts. The corresponding quarter in 2006 was after a net fair value loss of \$395 million on embedded derivatives.

Production for the first quarter of 2007 was 2,660 mboe/d for subsidiaries and 1,252 mboe/d for equity-accounted entities compared with 2,726 mboe/d and 1,309 mboe/d respectively, a year ago. For both subsidiaries and equity-accounted entities, the decrease primarily reflects the impact of divestments.

During the quarter, we had our first lifting from the Dalia field in Angola, with the field ramping up as planned, and the BTC pipeline celebrated the loading of its 100 millionth barrel at the Ceyhan terminal. In Angola, the Greater Plutonio FPSO has been successfully moored.

We continued our strong exploration track record in Angola with Miranda, our 13th successful well in Block 31, and made the Giza North gas discovery in Egypt.

Since the end of the quarter, we have divested our interest in the Entrada field in the deepwater Gulf of Mexico, and acquired an increased interest in the Badin field in Pakistan in exchange for our ownership interest in the West Texas Pipeline System.

Table of Contents

BP p.l.c. AND SUBSIDIARIES
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND
RESULTS OF OPERATIONS continued

REFINING AND MARKETING

	Three months ended	
	31 March	
	(Unaudited)	
\$ million	2007	2006
Profit (loss) before interest and tax^(a)	1,129	2,038
By region:		
UK	(64)	(155)
Rest of Europe	481	686
US	289	828
Rest of World	423	679
	1,129	2,038
Refinery throughputs (mb/d)		
UK	148	111
Rest of Europe	640	639
US	1,152	976
Rest of World	292	296
Total throughput	2,232	2,022
Refining availability (%)^(b)	81.6	79.9
Oil sales volumes (mb/d)		
Refined products		
UK	335	345
Rest of Europe	1,246	1,315
US	1,564	1,599
Rest of World	624	567
Total marketing sales	3,769	3,826
Trading/supply sales	2,026	2,204
Total refined product sales	5,795	6,030
Crude oil	2,017	2,571
Total oil sales	7,812	8,601
Global Indicator Refining Margin (\$/bbl)^(c)		
NWE	4.16	2.88

USGC	10.14	10.86
Midwest	7.62	4.89
USWC	22.21	11.22
Singapore	4.84	3.54
BP Average	9.45	6.28

Chemicals production (kte)

UK	256	303
Rest of Europe	748	842
US	1,076	789
Rest of World	1,520	1,687

Total production	3,600	3,621
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(a) Profit from continuing operations and includes profit after interest and tax of equity-accounted entities.

(b) Refining availability is defined as the ratio of units which are available for processing, regardless of whether they are actually being used, to total capacity. Where there is planned maintenance, such capacity is not regarded as being available. During 2006, there was planned maintenance of a substantial part of the Texas City refinery.

(c) The Global Indicator

Refining Margin (GIM) is the average of regional indicator margins weighted for BP's crude refining capacity in each region. Each regional indicator margin is based on a single representative crude with product yields characteristic of the typical level of upgrading complexity. The regional indicator margins may not be representative of the margins achieved by BP in any period because of BP's particular refinery configurations and crude and product slate.

- 7 -

Table of Contents

BP p.l.c. AND SUBSIDIARIES
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND
RESULTS OF OPERATIONS continued

REFINING AND MARKETING (concluded)

The profit before interest and tax for the first quarter was \$1,129 million compared with \$2,038 million for the same period last year. This included inventory holding gains of \$291 million and \$426 million respectively. Additionally, the quarter's result was after a charge of \$180 million in respect of asset impairments. Last year's result included net disposal gains of \$564 million.

Compared with the first quarter of 2006, our result benefited from a stronger operating environment for both refining and marketing. However, the benefit of higher refining throughput at Texas City during the quarter was more than offset by the impact of operational issues at a number of our other refineries, particularly in the US. In addition, the quarter's result reflects significant IFRS fair value timing effects, lower supply optimization benefits and greater integrity spend.

The refining throughputs for the quarter were 2,232 mb/d compared with 2,022 mb/d for the same quarter last year. The improvement in throughputs was mainly due to the partial resumption of operations at the Texas City refinery. Excluding the Texas City refinery, refining availability for the first quarter of 2007 was 94.6% compared with 96.0% in the first quarter of 2006. Marketing sales were 3,769 mb/d compared with 3,826 mb/d for the corresponding period in 2006, reflecting lower heating oil demand in Europe caused by relatively mild winter weather.

On 31 March 2007, BP completed its acquisition of Chevron's Netherlands manufacturing company, Texaco Raffinaderij Pernis B.V., for \$1.1 billion.

BP agreed to sell, subject to required regulatory approvals, its Coryton Refinery in Essex, UK, to Petroplus Holdings AG for consideration of \$1.4 billion, plus working capital. Furthermore, BP announced its intention to sell its ethyl acetate and vinyl acetate monomer manufacturing units at Saltend, near Hull, UK.

BP announced it had selected the University of California Berkeley, and its partners the University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign and the Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory, to join in the previously announced \$500 million research programme to explore how bioscience can be used to increase energy production and reduce the impact of energy consumption on the environment.

Late in the quarter, operational issues at the Whiting Refinery have reduced throughput to around 200,000 barrels per day, about half its capacity, and limited the crude slate to primarily sweet grades. This will continue until we complete the necessary repairs.

Table of Contents

BP p.l.c. AND SUBSIDIARIES
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND
RESULTS OF OPERATIONS continued
GAS, POWER AND RENEWABLES

\$ million	Three months ended	
	31 March	
	(Unaudited)	
	2007	2006
Profit before interest and tax^(a)	206	238
By region:		
UK	48	(72)
Rest of Europe	7	7
US	24	168
Rest of World	127	135
	206	238

(a) Profit from continuing operations and includes profit after interest and tax of equity-accounted entities.

The profit before interest and tax for the first quarter was \$206 million compared with \$238 million a year ago. This includes inventory holding gains of \$63 million in the first quarter of 2006 (there were no inventory holding gains or losses on the first quarter of 2007). Additionally, the first quarter of 2007 included fair value gains on embedded derivatives of \$7 million and a net gain of \$2 million on the sale of assets. The corresponding quarter in 2006 included a fair value loss of \$55 million on embedded derivatives.

The first quarter's result was significantly lower than the same period in 2006, primarily due to a lower contribution from the marketing and trading business, partially offset by strong operating performance from the NGL's business, particularly in Canada, a positive impact in respect of non-operating items and a benefit due to the absence of last year's IFRS fair value accounting charge.

In March, BP Solar began construction of two mega cell plants, one at its European headquarters in Madrid, Spain and the second at its joint venture facility, Tata BP Solar, in Bangalore, India. Also, we expect to begin construction of a wind power generation project in India and five wind power generation projects in the US, located in California, Colorado, North Dakota and Texas, in 2007. These projects are expected to deliver a combined generation capacity of more than 500 megawatts. During the quarter, China's first LNG terminal at Guangdong (BP 30%) reached the milestone of receiving 1 million tonnes of LNG, which is supplied to power, industrial and residential customers in Southeast China.

Table of Contents

BP p.l.c. AND SUBSIDIARIES
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND
RESULTS OF OPERATIONS continued
OTHER BUSINESSES AND CORPORATE

\$ million	Three months ended 31 March (Unaudited)	
Profit (loss) before interest and tax^(a)	2007	2006
	(115)	(215)

(a) Profit from continuing operations and includes profit after interest and tax of equity-accounted entities.

Other businesses and corporate comprises Finance, the group's aluminium asset, interest income and costs relating to corporate activities. The first quarter's result includes a net disposal gain of \$31 million.

- 10 -

Table of Contents

**BP p.l.c. AND SUBSIDIARIES
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND
RESULTS OF OPERATIONS concluded**

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

In order to utilize the "Safe Harbor" provisions of the United States Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, BP is providing the following cautionary statement. The foregoing discussion contains forward looking statements particularly those regarding capital expenditure and the construction of wind power generation projects and their expected combined generation capacity. By their nature, forward looking statements involve risk and uncertainty and actual results may differ from those expressed in such statements depending on a variety of factors including the following: the timing of bringing new fields on stream; industry product supply; demand and pricing; operational problems; general economic conditions; political stability and economic growth in relevant areas of the world; changes in laws and governmental regulations; exchange rate fluctuations; development and use of new technology; the success or otherwise of partnering; the actions of competitors; natural disasters and adverse weather conditions; changes in public expectations and other changes to business conditions; wars and acts of terrorism or sabotage; and other factors discussed in this Announcement. For more information you should refer to our Annual Report and Accounts 2006 and our 2006 Annual Report on Form 20-F filed with the US Securities and Exchange Commission.

US GAAP

In compliance with Item 8.A of Form 20-F, the group has elected to include a summary of the adjustments to profit for the period and to BP shareholders' equity that would be required if US generally accepted accounting principles (US GAAP) was applied instead of IFRS (a US GAAP reconciliation) in its Annual Report on Form 20-F and in its report on Form 6-K for the period ended 30 June. Previously, a US GAAP reconciliation was also included in the group's reports on Form 6-K for the periods ended 31 March and 30 September.

This change in reporting practice is being made in order to shorten the period of time between the announcement of the group's quarterly results and the filing of the applicable report on Form 6-K. Accelerating the filing of these quarterly reports on Form 6-K provides the group additional flexibility with regard to the issuance of securities under existing Registration Statements on Form F-3.

The consolidated financial statements of the BP group are prepared in accordance with IFRS as adopted for use by the European Union, which differ in certain respects from US GAAP. The material differences between the group's IFRS and US GAAP reporting are set out in the Annual Report on Form 20-F 2006 in note 53. Since 31 December 2006 no new significant IFRS to US GAAP differences have arisen.

The group adopted FASB Interpretation No. 48 "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes" an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109 with effect from 1 January 2007. Under Interpretation 48, a tax benefit relating to an uncertain tax position is recognized only where it is more likely than not that the tax position, based on underlying technical merits, will be sustained upon examination by tax authorities. The tax benefit recognized for such a position is measured based on the largest benefit that has a greater than fifty percent likelihood of being realized on settlement. Under IFRS, the provisions of IAS 37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets" should be considered when accounting for uncertain tax positions. IAS 37 says that uncertainties surrounding the amount to be recognized are dealt with by various means according to the circumstances. The approaches suggested include the use of probabilities to determine expected values and a most likely outcome approach. The adoption of Interpretation 48 did not have a significant effect on the group's profit as adjusted to accord with US GAAP, or on BP shareholders' equity as adjusted to accord with US GAAP.

Table of Contents**BP p.l.c. AND SUBSIDIARIES
GROUP INCOME STATEMENT**

	Three months ended 31 March (Unaudited)	
	2007	2006
	(\$ million, except per share amounts)	
Sales and other operating revenues (Note 4)	61,307	63,288
Earnings from jointly controlled entities after interest and tax	333	573
Earnings from associates after interest and tax	163	115
Interest and other revenues	233	198
Total revenues	62,036	64,174
Gains on sale of businesses and fixed assets	680	597
Total revenues and other income	62,716	64,771
Purchases	42,660	43,819
Production and manufacturing expenses	5,752	5,217
Production and similar taxes (Note 5)	747	932
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	2,519	2,184
Impairment and losses on sale of businesses and fixed assets	223	23
Exploration expense	156	189
Distribution and administration expenses	3,457	3,096
Fair value (gain) loss on embedded derivatives	(155)	442
Profit before interest and taxation from continuing operations	7,357	8,869
Finance costs (Note 6)	264	191
Other finance income (Note 7)	(93)	(48)
Profit before taxation from continuing operations	7,186	8,726
Taxation	2,440	2,929
Profit from continuing operations	4,746	5,797
Profit (loss) from Innovene operations (Note 3)		(103)
Profit for the period	4,746	5,694
Attributable to:		
BP shareholders	4,664	5,623
Minority interest	82	71
	4,746	5,694
Earnings per ordinary share cents		
Profit for the period attributable to BP shareholders		
Basic	24.06	27.40

Diluted	23.94	27.13
Profit from continuing operations attributable to BP shareholders		
Basic	24.06	27.90
Diluted	23.94	27.63
Earnings per American Depositary share cents		
Profit attributable to BP shareholders		
Basic	144.36	164.40
Diluted	143.64	162.78

- 12 -

Table of Contents**BP p.l.c. AND SUBSIDIARIES
GROUP BALANCE SHEET**

	31 March 2007 (Unaudited)	31 December 2006 (Audited)
	(\$ million)	
Non-current assets		
Property, plant and equipment	92,307	90,999
Goodwill	10,991	10,780
Intangible assets	5,667	5,246
Investments in jointly controlled entities	15,159	15,074
Investments in associates	6,064	5,975
Other investments	1,595	1,697
Fixed assets	131,783	129,771
Loans	769	817
Other receivables	931	862
Derivative financial instruments	2,486	3,025
Prepayments and accrued income	1,025	1,034
Defined benefit pension plan surplus	6,950	6,753
	143,944	142,262
Current assets		
Loans	175	141
Inventories	19,812	18,915
Trade and other receivables	38,819	38,692
Derivative financial instruments	7,550	10,373
Prepayments and accrued income	3,392	3,006
Current tax receivable	95	544
Cash and cash equivalents	1,956	2,590
	71,799	74,261
Assets classified as held for sale	1,113	1,078
	72,912	75,339
Total assets	216,856	217,601
Current liabilities		
Trade and other payables	43,681	42,236
Derivative financial instruments	7,508	9,424
Accruals and deferred income	5,467	6,147
Finance debt	11,597	12,924
Current tax payable	3,322	2,635
Provisions	1,934	1,932

