FRANKLIN FINANCIAL SERVICES CORP /PA/

Form 10-Q

November 08, 2010

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, DC 20549 FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2010,

OR

"TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission file number 0-12126

FRANKLIN FINANCIAL SERVICES CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

PENNSYLVANIA 25-1440803 (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

20 SOUTH MAIN STREET (P.O. BOX 6010), CHAMBERSBURG, PA 17201-0819 (Address of principal executive offices)

717/264-6116

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Not Applicable

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes x No."

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes "No"

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer " Accelerated filer x Non-accelerated filer " Smaller reporting company "

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act) Yes." No x There were 3,900,881 outstanding shares of the Registrant's common stock as of October 29, 2010.

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Part I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1 Financial Statements

Consolidated Balance Sheets (Amounts in thousands, except share and per share data) (unaudited)

	Sep	2010	De	cember 31 2009
Assets				
Cash and due from banks	\$	16,117	\$	14,336
Interest-bearing deposits in other banks		5,281		18,912
Total cash and cash equivalents		21,398		33,248
Investment securities available for sale		125,172		143,288
Restricted stock		6,482		6,482
Loans		757,803		739,563
Allowance for loan losses		(9,598)		(8,937)
Net Loans		748,205		730,626
Premises and equipment, net		16,771		15,741
Bank owned life insurance		19,422		18,919
Goodwill		9,016		9,159
Other intangible assets		2,118		2,461
Other assets		19,004		19,449
Total assets	\$	967,588	\$	979,373
Liabilities Deposits				
Demand (non-interest bearing)	\$	87,114	\$	77,675
Savings and interest-bearing checking		436,024		388,222
Time		203,661		272,468
Total Deposits		726,799		738,365
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase		54,573		55,855
Long-term debt		91,343		94,688
Other liabilities		12,633		11,699
Total liabilities		885,348		900,607
Shareholders' equity				
Common stock \$1 par value per share, 15,000,000 shares authorized with 4,298,904 shares issued, and 3,900,750 shares and 3,863,066 shares				
outstanding at September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively		4,299		4,299
Capital stock without par value, 5,000,000 shares authorized with no shares issued or outstanding		_		_
Additional paid-in capital		32,799		32,832
Retained earnings		57,363		54,566
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(5,101)		(5,138)
Treasury stock, 398,154 shares and 435,838 shares at cost at		(-,-01)		(2,200)
September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively		(7,120)		(7,793)

Total shareholders' equity	82,240	78,766
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 967,588 \$	979,373

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Income (Amounts in thousands, except per share data) (unaudited)

	For	For the Three Months Ended September 30 2010 2009				For the Nine Months End September 30 2010 2009		
Interest income								
Loans, including fees	\$	9,838	\$	9,559	\$	29,080	\$	28,214
Interest and dividends on investments:								
Taxable interest		739		954		2,368		3,059
Tax exempt interest		385		419		1,253		1,357
Dividend income		12		38		39		134
Federal funds sold		-		5		-		11
Deposits and obligations of other banks		10		9		26		10
Total interest income		10,984		10,984		32,766		32,785
Interest expense								
Deposits		2,048		2,659		6,611		7,677
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase		38		40		116		130
Short-term borrowings		-		2		-		13
Long-term debt		980		1,040		2,930		3,145
Total interest expense		3,066		3,741		9,657		10,965
Net interest income		7,918		7,243		23,109		21,820
Provision for loan losses		625		1,644		1,875		2,663
Net interest income after provision for loan losses		7,293		5,599		21,234		19,157
Noninterest income								
Investment and trust services fees		884		866		2,908		2,622
Loan service charges		288		189		757		844
Mortgage banking activities		(55)		19		25		109
Deposit service charges and fees		622		678		1,793		1,911
Other service charges and fees		353		322		1,029		963
Increase in cash surrender value of life insurance		172		158		503		482
Other		18		17		90		341
Other		10		17		70		541
OTTI losses on securities		(318)		-		(1,007)		(422)
Loss recognized in other comprehensive loss (before								
taxes)		_		_		(434)		_
Net OTTI losses recognized in earnings		(318)		-		(573)		(422)
Č Č								
Securities (losses) gains, net		(56)		(267)		212		(212)
Total noninterest income		1,908		1,982		6,744		6,638
Noninterest Expense								
Salaries and employee benefits		3,384		3,121		10,147		9,400
Net occupancy expense		478		495		1,498		1,451
Furniture and equipment expense		196		216		578		646
Advertising		378		334		1,033		1,068

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Legal and professional fees	418	614	1,163	1,158
Data processing	370	383	1,249	1,219
Pennsylvania bank shares tax	151	143	459	431
Intangible amortization	114	117	343	351
FDIC insurance	302	234	882	1,148
Other	844	808	2,468	2,709
Total noninterest expense	6,635	6,465	19,820	19,581
Income before federal income taxes	2,566	1,116	8,158	6,214
Federal income tax expense	763	33	2,221	1,392
Net income	\$ 1,803	\$ 1,083	\$ 5,937	\$ 4,822
Per share				
Basic earnings per share	\$ 0.46	\$ 0.28	\$ 1.53	\$ 1.26
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.46	\$ 0.28	\$ 1.53	\$ 1.26
Cash dividends declared per share	\$ 0.27	\$ 0.27	\$ 0.81	\$ 0.81

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2010 and 2009 (unaudited)

							Ac	ccumulated			
				dditional				Other			
	Co	ommon	I	Paid-in	R	etained	Cor	nprehensive	Tı	reasury	
(Dollars in thousands, except share and	,	S. 1		G : 1	_			T		O. 1	TD 4 1
per share data)	,	Stock	(Capital	Е	arnings		Loss	,	Stock	Total
Balance at December 31, 2008	\$	4,299	\$	32,883	\$	52,126	\$	(7,757)	\$	(8,492) \$	73,059
Comprehensive income:											
Net income		-		-		4,822		-		-	4,822
Unrealized gain on securities,											
net of reclassification adjustments and								1.740			1.7.10
taxes		-		-		-		1,742		-	1,742
Unrealized gain on hedging activities,											
net of reclassification adjustments and taxes								654			654
Total Comprehensive income		_						034		-	7,218
Total Comprehensive meome											7,210
Cash dividends declared, \$.81 per share		-		-		(3,104))	-		-	(3,104)
Acquisition of 5,640 shares of treasury						, ,					())
stock		-		-		-		-		(142)	(142)
Treasury shares issued to dividend											
reinvestment plan: 23,496 shares		-		(65)		-		-		639	574
Common stock issued under stock option	1									_	_
plans: 98 shares		-		-		-		-		2	2
Stock option compensation	ф	4 200	ф	29	ф	- - 52 044	¢	(5.2(1)	ф	- (7,002)	29
Balance at September 30, 2009	\$	4,299	\$	32,847	\$	53,844	\$	(5,361)	Э	(7,993) \$	77,636
Balance at December 31, 2009	\$	4,299	\$	32,832	\$	54,566	\$	(5,138)	\$	(7,793) \$	78,766
Butunee at December 51, 2009	Ψ	7,277	Ψ	32,032	Ψ	54,500	Ψ	(3,130)	Ψ	(1,173) ψ	70,700
Comprehensive income:											
Net income		-		-		5,937		-		-	5,937
Unrealized gain on securities,											
net of reclassification adjustments and											
taxes		-		-		-		776		-	776
Unrealized loss on hedging activities,											
net of reclassification adjustments and								(610)			(610)
taxes		-		-		-		(613)		-	(613)
Pension adjustment, net of tax								(126)			(126)
Total Comprehensive income											5,974
Cash dividends declared, \$.81 per share		_		_		(3,140))	_		_	(3,140)
Treasury shares issued under stock						(2,110)					(0,110)
option plans: 1,434 shares		_		(2)		_		_		25	23
Treasury shares issued to dividend											
reinvestment plan: 36,250 shares		-		(31)		-		_		648	617

Balance at September 30, 2010

\$ 4,299 \$ 32,799 \$ 57,363 \$

(5,101) \$ (7,120) \$ 82,240

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited)

	For the	e Nine Months 2010	Ended	September 30 2009
(Amounts in thousands)				
Cash flows from operating activities				
Net income	\$	5,937	\$	4,822
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided				
by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization		1,000		1,074
Net amortization of loans and investment securities		262		92
Stock option compensation expense		-		29
Amortization and net change in mortgage servicing rights valuation		187		123
Amortization of intangibles		343		351
Provision for loan losses		1,875		2,663
Net realized (gains) losses on sales of securities		(212)		212
OTTI losses on securities		573		422
Loans originated for sale		(1,299)		(487)
Proceeds from sale of loans		952		495
Gain on sales of loans		(32)		(8)
(Gain) loss on sale or disposal of premises and equipment		(4)		120
Net gain on sale or disposal of other real estate/other repossessed asse	ts	-		(10)
Increase in cash surrender value of life insurance		(503)		(482)
Gain from surrender of life insurance policy		-		(278)
Contribution to pension plan		(525)		(172)
Decrease in interest receivable and other assets		266		563
Decrease in interest payable and other liabilities		(207)		(370)
Other, net		253		66
Net cash provided by operating activities		8,866		9,225
Cash flows from investing activities				
Proceeds from sales of investment securities available for sale		7,608		9,114
Proceeds from maturities and paydowns of investment securities				
available for sale		22,765		21,513
Purchase of investment securities available for sale		(11,560)		(37,295)
Net increase in loans		(19,398)		(59,066)
Proceeds from sale of other real estate/other repossessed assets		517		43
Proceeds from surrender of life insurance policy		-		878
Capital expenditures		(1,955)		(1,219)
Net cash used in investing activities		(2,023)		(66,032)
Cash flows from financing activities				
Net increase in demand deposits, interesting-bearing checking				
and savings accounts		57,241		20,809
Net (decrease) increase in time deposits		(68,807)		61,701
Net decrease in short-term borrowings		(1,282)		(9,935)
Long-term debt payments		(3,345)		(3,394)
Long-term debt advances		-		260
Dividends paid		(3,140)		(3,104)

Common stock issued to dividend reinvestment plan	617	574
Common stock issued under stock option plans	23	2
Purchase of treasury shares	-	(142)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(18,693)	66,771
(Decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(11,850)	9,964
Cash and cash equivalents as of January 1	33,248	16,713
Cash and cash equivalents as of September 30	\$ 21,398	\$ 26,677
Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information		
Cash paid during the year for:		
Interest on deposits and other borrowed funds	\$ 9,889	\$ 10,835
Income taxes	\$ 3,412	\$ 1,944
Noncash Activities		
Loans transferred to Other Real Estate	\$ 79	\$ 504

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

FRANKLIN FINANCIAL SERVICES CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES UNAUDITED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Franklin Financial Services Corporation (the Corporation), and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, Farmers and Merchants Trust Company of Chambersburg (the Bank), Franklin Financial Properties Corp., and Franklin Future Fund Inc. Farmers and Merchants Trust Company of Chambersburg is a commercial bank that has one wholly-owned subsidiary, Franklin Realty Services Corporation. Franklin Realty Services Corporation is an inactive real-estate brokerage company. Franklin Financial Properties Corp. holds real estate assets that are leased by the Bank. Franklin Future Fund Inc. is a non-bank investment company. The activities of non-bank entities are not significant to the consolidated totals. All significant intercompany transactions and account balances have been eliminated.

In the opinion of management, all adjustments (which include only normal recurring adjustments) necessary to present fairly the consolidated financial position, results of operations, and cash flows as of September 30, 2010, and for all other periods presented have been made.

Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") have been condensed or omitted. It is suggested that these consolidated financial statements be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Corporation's 2009 Annual Report on Form 10-K. The consolidated results of operations for the period ended September 30, 2010 are not necessarily indicative of the operating results for the full year. Management has evaluated subsequent events for potential recognition and/or disclosure through the date these consolidated financial statements were issued.

The consolidated balance sheet at December 31, 2009 has been derived from the audited consolidated financial statements at that date, but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete consolidated financial statements.

For purposes of reporting cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include Cash and due from banks, Interest-bearing deposits in other banks and Federal funds sold. Generally, Federal funds are purchased and sold for one-day periods.

Earnings per share is computed based on the weighted average number of shares outstanding during each period end. A reconciliation of the weighted average shares outstanding used to calculate basic earnings per share and diluted earnings per share follows:

	For th	Mon	or the Nine Months Ended					
		Septen	nber (30	September 30			
(In thousands, except per share data)	20	010		2009		2010		2009
Weighted average shares outstanding (basic)		3,893		3,841		3,880		3,835
Impact of common stock equivalents		1		-		1		-
Weighted average shares outstanding (diluted)		3,894		3,841		3,881		3,835
Anti-dilutive options excluded from the calculation		72		104		75		108
Net income	\$	1,803	\$	1,083	\$	5,937	\$	4,822
Basic earnings per share	\$	0.46	\$	0.28	\$	1.53	\$	1.26
Diluted earnings per share	\$	0.46	\$	0.28	\$	1.53	\$	1.26

Note 2 – Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Receivables and the Allowances for Credit Losses. In July 2010, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. (ASU) 2010-20, Receivables (Topic 310): Disclosures about the Credit Quality of Financing Receivables and the Allowances for Credit Losses. This Update requires expanded disclosures to help financial statement users understand the nature of credit risks inherent in a creditor's portfolio of financing receivables; how that risk is analyzed and assessed in arriving at the allowance for credit losses; and the changes, and reasons for those changes, in both the receivables and the allowance for credit losses. The disclosures should be prepared on a disaggregated basis and provide a roll-forward schedule of the allowance for credit losses and detailed information on financing receivables including, among other things, recorded balances, nonaccrual status, impairments, credit quality indicators, details for troubled debt restructurings and an aging of past due financing receivables. Disclosures required as of the end of a reporting period are effective for interim and annual reporting periods ending after December 15, 2010. Disclosures required for activity occurring during a reporting period are effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2010. This Update is not expected to have a material impact on the Corporation's financial position or consolidated financial statements.

Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures. The FASB has issued ASU 2010-06, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (Topic 820): Improving Disclosures about Fair Value Measurements. This ASU requires some new disclosures and clarifies some existing disclosure requirements about fair value measurement as set forth in Codification Subtopic 820-10. The FASB's objective is to improve these disclosures and, thus, increase the transparency in financial reporting. Specifically, ASU 2010-06 amends Codification Subtopic 820-10 to now require a reporting entity to disclose separately the amounts of significant transfers in and out of Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements and describe the reasons for the transfers; and in the reconciliation for fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs, a reporting entity should present separately information about purchases, sales, issuances, and settlements. ASU 2010-06 is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2009, except for the disclosures about purchases, sales, issuances, and settlements in the roll forward of activity in Level 3 fair value measurements. Those disclosures are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2010, and for interim periods within those fiscal years. The Corporation early adopted ASU 2010-06 effective with the quarter end June 30, 2010.

Transfers and Servicing. In October 2009, the FASB issued ASU 2009-16, Transfers and Servicing (Topic 860) - Accounting for Transfers of Financial Assets. This Update amends the Codification for the issuance of FASB Statement No. 166, Accounting for Transfers of Financial Assets-an amendment of FASB Statement No. 140. The amendments in this Update improve financial reporting by eliminating the exceptions for qualifying special-purpose entities from the consolidation guidance and the exception that permitted sale accounting for certain mortgage securitizations when a transferor has not surrendered control over the transferred financial assets. In addition, the amendments require enhanced disclosures about the risks that a transferor continues to be exposed to because of its continuing involvement in transferred financial assets. Comparability and consistency in accounting for transferred financial assets will also be improved through clarifications of the requirements for isolation and limitations on portions of financial assets that are eligible for sale accounting. This Update was effective January 1, 2010 for the Corporation and there was no material affect on its operating results, financial position or consolidated financial statements.

Note 3 – Comprehensive Income

Comprehensive income consists of net income and other comprehensive income. Other comprehensive income includes unrealized gains and losses on available-for-sale securities and derivatives and the change in plan assets and benefit obligations on the Bank's pension plan, net of tax, that are recognized as separate components of shareholders' equity.

The components of comprehensive income and related tax effects are as follows:

	For	the Three	Mon	ths Ended	For the Nine Months Ended				
(Amounts in thousands)		Septem	ıber	30		September 30			
		2010		2009		2010	09		
Net Income	\$	1,803	\$	1,083	\$	5,937	\$	4,822	
Securities:									
Unrealized gains arising during the period		71		2,201		815		2,005	
Reclassification adjustment for losses included in net									
income		374		267		361		634	
Net unrealized gains		445		2,468		1,176		2,639	
Tax effect		(151)		(839)		(400)	\$	(897)	
Net of tax amount		294		1,629		776		1,742	
Derivatives:									
Unrealized (losses) gains arising during the period		(449)		(424)		(1,464)		461	
Reclassification adjustment for losses included in net									
income		181		179		536		530	
Net unrealized (losses) gains		(268)		(245)		(928)		991	
Tax effect		91		84		315		(337)	
Net of tax amount		(177)		(161)		(613)		654	
Pension:									
Change in plan assets and benefit obligations		-		-		(191)		-	
Reclassification adjustment for losses included in net									
income		-		-		-		-	
Net unrealized losses		-		-		(191)		-	
Tax effect		-		-		65		-	
Net of tax amount		-		-		(126)		-	
Total other comprehensive income		117		1,468		37		2,396	
Total Comprehensive Income	\$	1,920	\$	2,551	\$	5,974	\$	7,218	

The components of accumulated other comprehensive loss included in shareholders' equity are as follows:

(Amounts in thousands)	September 30 2010		December 31 2009
Net unrealized losses on securities	\$	(653)	\$ (1,829)
Tax effect		222	622
Net of tax amount		(431)	(1,207)
Net unrealized losses on derivatives		(2,192)	(1,263)
Tax effect		745	429
Net of tax amount		(1,447)	(834)
Accumulated pension adjustment		(4,883)	(4,692)
Tax effect		1,660	1,595

Net of tax amount	(3,223)	(3,097)
Total accumulated other comprehensive loss	\$ (5,101) \$	(5,138)

Note 4 – Guarantees

The Corporation does not issue any guarantees that would require liability recognition or disclosure, other than its standby letters of credit. Standby letters of credit are conditional commitments issued by the Bank to guarantee the performance of a customer to a third party. Generally, all letters of credit, when issued, have expiration dates within one year. The credit risk involved in issuing letters of credit is essentially the same as those that are involved in extending loan facilities to customers. The Bank generally holds collateral and/or personal guarantees supporting these commitments. The Bank had \$28.7 million and \$26.7 million of standby letters of credit as of September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively. Management believes that the proceeds obtained through a liquidation of collateral and the enforcement of guarantees would be sufficient to cover the potential amount of future payments required under the corresponding guarantees. The amount of the liability as of September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009 for guarantees under standby letters of credit issued was not material.

Note 5 - Investments

(Amounts in thousands)

The amortized cost and estimated fair value of investment securities available for sale as of September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009 are:

Gross

Gross

	A	mortized	ur	nrealized	u	nrealized		fair
September 30, 2010		cost		gains		losses		value
Equity securities	\$	4,532	\$	2	\$	(1,725)	\$	2,809
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S.								
Government agencies		20,134		421		(42)		20,513
Obligations of state and political subdivisions		40,869		1,901		(13)		42,757
Corporate debt securities		8,515		58		(1,713)		6,860
Mortgage-backed securities								
Agency		46,905		1,236		(123)		48,018
Non-Agency		4,794		-		(630)		4,164
Asset-backed securities		75		-		(24)		51
	\$	125,824	\$	3,618	\$	(4,270)	\$	125,172
				Gross		Gross	Е	stimated
(Amounts in thousands)	A	mortized		Gross realized	u	Gross nrealized	Е	stimated fair
(Amounts in thousands) December 31, 2009	A	mortized cost			u		Е	
	A \$			nrealized	u:	nrealized		fair
December 31, 2009		cost	ur	nrealized gains		nrealized losses		fair value
December 31, 2009 Equity securities		cost	ur	nrealized gains		nrealized losses		fair value
December 31, 2009 Equity securities U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S.		cost 5,400	ur	nrealized gains 37		nrealized losses (1,462)		fair value 3,975
December 31, 2009 Equity securities U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. Government agencies		cost 5,400 28,258	ur	nrealized gains 37		nrealized losses (1,462) (161)		fair value 3,975 28,715
December 31, 2009 Equity securities U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of state and political subdivisions		cost 5,400 28,258 42,611	ur	nrealized gains 37		nrealized losses (1,462) (161) (62)		fair value 3,975 28,715 43,881
December 31, 2009 Equity securities U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of state and political subdivisions Corporate debt securities		cost 5,400 28,258 42,611	ur	nrealized gains 37		nrealized losses (1,462) (161) (62)		fair value 3,975 28,715 43,881
December 31, 2009 Equity securities U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of state and political subdivisions Corporate debt securities Mortgage-backed securities		cost 5,400 28,258 42,611 9,603	ur	nrealized gains 37 618 1,332		nrealized losses (1,462) (161) (62) (2,343)		fair value 3,975 28,715 43,881 7,260
December 31, 2009 Equity securities U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of state and political subdivisions Corporate debt securities Mortgage-backed securities Agency		cost 5,400 28,258 42,611 9,603 53,214	ur	nrealized gains 37 618 1,332		nrealized losses (1,462) (161) (62) (2,343) (47)		fair value 3,975 28,715 43,881 7,260 54,743

The book value of securities pledged as collateral to secure various funding sources was \$115.2 million at September 30, 2010 and \$134.6 million at December 31, 2009.

Estimated

The amortized cost and estimated fair value of debt securities as of September 30, 2010, by contractual maturity are shown below. Actual maturities may differ from contractual maturities because of prepayment or call options embedded in the securities.

			E	Estimated			
	Amortized						
(Amounts in thousands)		cost		value			
Due in one year or less	\$	2,447	\$	2,491			
Due after one year through five years		14,510		14,926			
Due after five years through ten years		25,864		27,218			
Due after ten years		26,772		25,546			
		69,593		70,181			
Mortgage-backed securities		51,699		52,182			
	\$	121,292	\$	122,363			

The following table reflects temporary impairment in the investment portfolio (excluding restricted stock), aggregated by investment category, length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position and the number of securities in each category as of September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009:

	T 200 4	h a	.41 ₀ 0	•	ember 30, 20 nonths or mo			Total	
	Fair	han 12 mor Unrealized		Fair	onuns or mo Unrealized		Fair	Unrealized	ı
(Amounts in the area and a)			ı Number						
(Amounts in thousands)	Value	Losses	Number	Value	Losses	Number	Value	Losses	Number
Equity securities	\$ 1,033	\$ (1,040)	2	\$ 1,485	\$ (685)	20	\$ 2,518	\$ (1,725)	22
U.S. Treasury securities									
and obligations of U.S.									
Government agencies	27	-	1	6,948	(42)	17	6,975	(42)	18
Obligations of state and									
political subdivisions	1,328	(9)	3	302	(4)	1	1,630	(13)	4
Corporate debt securities	-	-	-	6,172	(1,713)	9	6,172	(1,713)	9
Mortgage-backed									
securities									
Agency	10,016	(122)	11	584	(1)	1	10,600	(123)	12
Non-Agency	-	-	-	4,164	(630)	7	4,164	(630)	7
Asset-backed securities	-	-	-	53	(24)	3	53	(24)	3
Total temporarily									
impaired securities	\$ 12,404	\$ (1,171)	17	\$ 19,708	\$ (3,099)	58	\$ 32,112	\$ (4,270)	75
•		,			,			, , , ,	
				Dece	mber 31, 20	009			
	Less t	han 12 mor	iths	12 m	onths or mo	ore		Total	
	Fair	Unrealized	l	Fair	Unrealized	l	Fair	Unrealized	l
(Amounts in thousands)	Value	Losses	Number	Value	Losses	Number	Value	Losses	Number
Equity securities	\$ 2,343	\$ (395)	7	\$ 1,494	\$ (1,067)	21	\$ 3,837	\$ (1,462)	28
U.S. Treasury securities									
and obligations of U.S.									
Government agencies	63	-	3	13,411	(161)	27	13,474	(161)	30
, and the second	1,843	(41)	6	285	(21)		2,128	(62)	

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Obligations of state and political subdivisions									
Corporate debt securities	622	(1)	5	6,537	(2,342)	10	7,159	(2,343)	15
Mortgage-backed									
securities									
Agency	10,812	(47)	9	-	-	-	10,812	(47)	9
Non-Agency	-	-	-	4,668	(1,279)	7	4,668	(1,279)	7
Asset-backed securities	-	-	-	46	(38)	3	46	(38)	3
Total temporarily									
impaired securities	\$ 15,683	\$ (484)	30	\$ 26,441	\$ (4,908)	69	\$ 42,124	\$ (5,392)	99

The following table provides additional detail about trust preferred securities as of September 30, 2010:

Trust Preferred Securities September 30, 2010

(Dollars in thousands)

										Deferrals	Expected Deferral/
								Lowest	Number of	and Defaults	Defaults as a
	Single					Gr	oss	Credit	Banks	as % of	Percentage of
	Issuer or		Amortiz	e E sti	imated	Unre	alized	Rating	currently	Original	Remaining Performing
Deal Name	Pooled	Class	Cost	Fair	Valu	e ain	(Loss)	Assigned	Performing	Collateral	Collateral
Huntington											
Cap Trust	Single	Preferred Stock	\$ 927	7 \$	592	\$	(335)	Ba1	1	None	None
Huntington											
Cap Trust II	Single	Preferred Stock	87	l	561		(310)	В	1	None	None
BankAmerica											
Cap III	Single	Preferred Stock	955	5	691		(264)	BB	1	None	None
Wachovia											
Cap Trust II	Single	Preferred Stock	272	2	231		(41)	Baa2	1	None	None
Corestates											
Captl Tr II	Single	Preferred Stock	922	2	669		(253)	Baa1	1	None	None
Chase Cap											
VI JPM	Single	Preferred Stock	955	5	756		(199)	BBB	1	None	None
Fleet Cap Tr											
V	Single	Preferred Stock	970)	718		(252)	Baa3	1	None	None
			\$ 5,872	2 \$ 4	4,218	\$(1	,654)				

The following table provides additional detail about private label mortgage-backed securities as of September 30, 2010:

Private Label Mortgage Backed Securities September 30, 2010

			Septemo	1 50, 2010				
(Dollars in thousands)				Gross				
	Orgination	Amortized	Fair	Unrealized	Collateral	Lowest Credit	Credit	OTTI
				Gain			Support	
Decscription	Date	Cost	Value	(Loss)	Type	Rating Assigned	%	Charges
RALI 2003-QS15 A1	8/1/2003	\$ 640	\$ 623	\$ (17)	ALT A	Aa2	11.37	\$ -
RALI 2004-QS4 A7	3/1/2004	620	610	(10)	ALT A	AAA	12.83	-
MALT 2004-6 7A1	6/1/2004	760	648	(112)	ALT A	BBB	10.54	-
RALI 2005-QS2 A1	2/1/2005	703	641	(62)	ALT A	В	7.53	-
RALI 2006-QS4 A2	4/1/2006	1,004	744	(260)	ALT A	D	-	142
GSR 2006-5F 2A1	5/1/2006	494	445	(49)	Prime	CCC	4.29	-
RALI 2006-QS8 A1	7/28/2006	573	453	(120)	ALT A	D	-	113
		\$ 4,794	\$ 4,164	\$ (630)				\$ 255

For more information concerning investments, refer to the Investment Securities discussion in the Financial Condition section.

Note 6 – Pensions

The components of pension expense for the periods presented are as follows:

		Three mor			Nine mont Septem		
(Amounts in thousands)	2010			2009	2010		2009
Components of net periodic (benefit) cost:							
Service cost	\$	91	\$	85	\$ 274	\$	255
Interest cost		185		181	557		545
Expected return on plan assets		(209)		(190)	(628)		(570)
Amortization of prior service cost		-		(31)	-		(93)
Recognized net actuarial loss	43			82	128		246
Net periodic cost	\$	110	\$	127	\$ 331	\$	383

The Bank expects its pension expense to decrease slightly in 2010 compared to 2009. The Bank expects to contribute \$626 thousand to its pension plan in 2010. This amount will meet the minimum funding requirements.

Note 7 – Mortgage Servicing Rights

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Activity pertaining to mortgage servicing rights and the related valuation allowance follows:

	Nine Months Ended										
	September 30										
(Amounts in thousands)	2010		2009								
Cost of mortgage servicing rights:											
Beginning balance	\$ 1,190	\$	1,551								
Originations	10		6								
Amortization	(198)		(292)								
Ending balance	\$ 1,002	\$	1,265								
Valuation allowance:											
Beginning balance	\$ (476)	\$	(689)								
Valuation charges	(49)		-								
Valuation reversals	60		170								
Ending balance	\$ (465)	\$	(519)								
Mortgage servicing rights cost	\$ 1,002	\$	1,265								
Valuation allowance	(465)		(519)								
Carrying value	\$ 537	\$	746								
Fair value	\$ 537	\$	746								

Note 8 – Fair Value Measurements

Management uses its best judgment in estimating the fair value of the Corporation's financial instruments; however, there are inherent weaknesses in any estimation technique. Therefore, for substantially all financial instruments, the fair value estimates herein are not necessarily indicative of the amounts the Corporation could have realized in a sales transaction on the dates indicated. The estimated fair value amounts have been measured as of their respective quarter-ends and have not been re-evaluated or updated for purposes of these financial statements subsequent to those respective dates. As such, the estimated fair values of these financial instruments subsequent to the respective reporting dates may be different than the amounts reported at each quarter-end.

FASB ASC Topic 825, Financial Instruments, requires disclosure of the fair value of financial assets and liabilities, including those financial assets and liabilities that are not measured and reported at fair value on a recurring and non-recurring basis.

The estimated fair value of the Corporation's financial instruments are as follows:

		Septembe	r 30	, 2010		December	31	, 2009
	C	Carrying		Fair	(Carrying		Fair
(Amounts in thousands)	A	Amount		Value	1	Amount		Value
Financial assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	21,398	\$	21,398	\$	33,248	\$	33,248
Investment securities available for sale		125,172		125,172		143,288		143,288
Restricted stock		6,482		6,482		6,482		6,482
Net loans		748,205		762,540		730,626		742,929
Accrued interest receivable		3,848		3,848		3,904		3,904
Mortgage servicing rights		537		537		714		714
Financial liabilities:								
Deposits	\$	726,799	\$	729,493	\$	738,365	\$	742,953
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase		54,573		54,573		55,855		55,855
Long-term debt		91,343		96,367		94,688		99,013
Accrued interest payable		1,056		1,056		1,288		1,288
Interest rate swaps		2,193		2,193		1,263		1,263

The preceding information should not be interpreted as an estimate of the fair value of the entire Corporation since a fair value calculation is only provided for a limited portion of the Corporation's assets and liabilities. Due to a wide range of valuation techniques and the degree of subjectivity used in making the estimates, comparisons between the Corporation's disclosures and those of other companies may not be meaningful. The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values of the Corporation's financial instruments at September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009:

Cash and Cash Equivalents: For these short-term instruments, the carrying amount is a reasonable estimate of fair value.

Investment securities available for sale: The fair value of investment securities is determined in accordance with the methods described under FASB ASC Topic 820 as discussed below.

Restricted stock: The carrying value of restricted stock approximates its fair value based on redemption provisions for the restricted stock.

Net loans: The fair value of fixed-rate loans is estimated for each major type of loan (e.g. real estate, commercial, industrial and agricultural and consumer) by discounting the future cash flows associated with such loans using rates currently offered for loans with similar terms to borrowers of comparable credit quality. The model considers scheduled principal maturities, repricing characteristics, prepayment assumptions and interest cash flows. The discount rates used are estimated based upon consideration of a number of factors including the treasury yield curve, expense and service charge factors. For variable rate loans that reprice frequently and have no significant change in credit quality, carrying values approximate the fair value.

Accrued interest receivable: The carrying amount is a reasonable estimate of fair value.

Mortgage servicing rights: The fair value of mortgage servicing rights, upon initial recognition, is estimated using a valuation model that calculates the present value of estimated future net servicing income. The model incorporates assumptions, such as loan default rates, costs to service, and prepayment speeds. Mortgage servicing rights are carried at the lower of cost or fair value after initial recognition.

Deposits, Securities sold under agreements to repurchase and Long-term debt: The fair value of demand deposits, savings accounts, and money market deposits is the amount payable on demand at the reporting date. The fair value of fixed-rate certificates of deposit and long-term debt is estimated by discounting the future cash flows using rates approximating those currently offered for certificates of deposit and borrowings with similar remaining maturities. For securities sold under agreements to repurchase, the carrying value approximates a reasonable estimate of the fair value.

Accrued interest payable: The carrying amount is a reasonable estimate of fair value.

Interest rate swaps: The fair value of the interest rate swaps is determined in accordance with the methods described under FASB ASC Topic 820 as discussed below.

Off balance sheet financial instruments: Outstanding commitments to extend credit and commitments under standby letters of credit include fixed and variable rate commercial and consumer commitments. The fair value of the commitments is estimated using the fees currently charged to enter into similar agreements.

FASB ASC Topic 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures established a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation methods used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under FASB ASC Topic 820 are as follows:

- Level 1: Valuation is based on unadjusted, quoted prices in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical, unrestricted assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Valuation is based upon quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active, and model-based valuation techniques for which all significant assumptions are observable in the market.
- Level 3: Valuation is generated from model-based techniques that use significant assumptions not observable in the market. These unobservable assumptions reflect the Corporation's assumptions regarding what market participants would assume when pricing a financial instrument.

For financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis, there were no transfers of financial assets or liabilities between Level 1 and Level 2 during the period ending September 30, 2010.

For financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis, the fair value measurements by level within the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

(Dollars in Thousands)		Fa	ir V	alue at Sep	otemb	er 30,	20	10	
Asset Description	L	evel 1		Level 2	L	evel 3			Total
Equity securities	\$	2,809	\$	-	\$		-	\$	2,809
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S.									
Government agencies		-		20,513			-		20,513
Obligations of state and political subdivisions		-		42,757			-		42,757
Corporate debt securities		-		6,860			-		6,860
Mortgage-backed securities									
Agency		-		48,018			-		48,018
Non-Agency		-		4,164			-		4,164
Asset-backed securities		-		51			-		51
Total assets	\$	2,809	\$	122,363	\$		-	\$	125,172
Liability Description									
Interest rate swaps	\$	-	\$	2,193	\$		-	\$	2,193
Total liabilities	\$	-	\$	2,193	\$		-	\$	2,193
(Dollars in Thousands)				alue at De		-	200	09	
Asset Description		evel 1		alue at De Level 2	L	er 31, evel 3	200		Total
Asset Description Equity securities	L \$					-	200 -	4	Total 3,975
Asset Description Equity securities U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S.		evel 1		Level 2	L	-			3,975
Asset Description Equity securities U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. Government agencies		evel 1		Level 2 - 28,715	L	-			3,975 28,715
Asset Description Equity securities U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of state and political subdivisions		evel 1 3,975		28,715 43,881	L	-			3,975
Asset Description Equity securities U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of state and political subdivisions Corporate debt securities		evel 1 3,975		Level 2 - 28,715	L	-			3,975 28,715
Asset Description Equity securities U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of state and political subdivisions Corporate debt securities Mortgage-backed securities		evel 1 3,975		28,715 43,881 7,260	L	-			3,975 28,715 43,881 7,260
Asset Description Equity securities U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of state and political subdivisions Corporate debt securities Mortgage-backed securities Agency		evel 1 3,975		28,715 43,881 7,260 54,743	L	-			3,975 28,715 43,881 7,260 54,743
Asset Description Equity securities U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of state and political subdivisions Corporate debt securities Mortgage-backed securities Agency Non-Agency		evel 1 3,975 - -		28,715 43,881 7,260 54,743 4,668	L	-	- - -		3,975 28,715 43,881 7,260
Asset Description Equity securities U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of state and political subdivisions Corporate debt securities Mortgage-backed securities Agency	\$	evel 1 3,975 - - - -		28,715 43,881 7,260 54,743 4,668 46	\$ *	-	- - - -	\$	3,975 28,715 43,881 7,260 54,743 4,668 46
Asset Description Equity securities U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of state and political subdivisions Corporate debt securities Mortgage-backed securities Agency Non-Agency		evel 1 3,975 - - -		28,715 43,881 7,260 54,743 4,668	L	-	- - - -		3,975 28,715 43,881 7,260 54,743 4,668
Asset Description Equity securities U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of state and political subdivisions Corporate debt securities Mortgage-backed securities Agency Non-Agency Asset-backed securities Total assets	\$	evel 1 3,975 - - - -	\$	28,715 43,881 7,260 54,743 4,668 46	\$ *	-	-	\$	3,975 28,715 43,881 7,260 54,743 4,668 46
Asset Description Equity securities U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of state and political subdivisions Corporate debt securities Mortgage-backed securities Agency Non-Agency Asset-backed securities	\$	evel 1 3,975 - - - -	\$	28,715 43,881 7,260 54,743 4,668 46 139,313	\$ \$	-	-	\$	3,975 28,715 43,881 7,260 54,743 4,668 46 143,288
Asset Description Equity securities U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of state and political subdivisions Corporate debt securities Mortgage-backed securities Agency Non-Agency Asset-backed securities Total assets	\$	evel 1 3,975 - - - -	\$	28,715 43,881 7,260 54,743 4,668 46	\$ *	-	-	\$	3,975 28,715 43,881 7,260 54,743 4,668 46

An asset's or liability's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The Corporation used the following methods and significant assumptions to estimate the fair value for assets and liabilities measured on a recurring basis.

Investment securities: Level 1 securities represent equity securities that are valued using quoted market prices from nationally recognized markets. Level 2 securities represent debt securities that are valued using a mathematical model based upon the specific characteristics of a security in relationship to quoted prices for similar securities.

Interest rate swaps: The interest rate swaps are valued using a discounted cash flow model that uses verifiable market environment inputs to calculate the fair value. This method is not dependent on the input of any significant judgments or assumptions by Management.

For financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis, the fair value measurements by level within the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

(Dollars in Thousands)

	Fair Value at September 30, 2010								
Asset Description	Level 1		Level 2]	Level 3		Total	
Impaired loans	\$	-	\$	-	\$	18,473	\$	18,473	
Other real estate owned		-		-		308		308	
Mortgage servicing rights		-		-		537		537	
Total assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$	19,318	\$	19,318	

(Dollars in Thousands)	Fair Value at December 31, 2009							
Asset Description	Level 1		Level 2]	Level 3		Total
Impaired loans	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,943	\$	7,943
Other real estate owned		-		-		643		643
Mortgage servicing rights		-		-		714		714
Total assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,300	\$	9,300

The Corporation used the following methods and significant assumptions to estimate the fair value of assets and liabilities measured on a nonrecurring basis:

Impaired loans: Impaired loans are reported at the fair value of the underlying collateral if repayment is expected solely from the collateral. Collateral values are estimated using Level 3 inputs based on customized discounting criteria.

Other real estate: The fair value of other real estate, upon initial recognition, is estimated using Level 2 inputs within the fair value hierarchy based on observable market data and Level 3 inputs based on customized discounting criteria. In connection with the measurement and initial recognition of the foregoing assets, the Corporation recognizes charge-offs through the allowance for loan losses.

Mortgage servicing rights: The fair value of mortgage servicing rights, upon initial recognition, is estimated using a valuation model that calculates the present value of estimated future net servicing income. The model incorporates Level 3 assumptions such as cost to service, discount rate, prepayment speeds, default rates and losses. Mortgage servicing rights are carried at the lower of cost or fair value after initial recognition.

The following table presents a reconciliation of impaired loans, foreclosed real estate and mortgage servicing rights measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis, using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) for the nine months ended September 30, 2010:

	Impaired	Foreclose	d	Mortgage
(Dollars in Thousands)	Loans	Real Estat	te	Servicing Rights
Balance - January 1, 2010	\$ 7,943	\$ 6	543	\$ 714
Charged off	(846)		-	-
Settled or otherwise removed	(983)	(4	114)	-
Additions	13,827		79	10
Payments / amortization	(599)		-	(198)
(Increase) decrease in valuation allowance	(869)		-	11
Balance - September 30, 2010	\$ 18,473	\$ 3	308	\$ 537

Note 9 – Financial Derivatives

The Board of Directors has given Management authorization to enter into derivative activity including interest rate swaps, caps and floors, forward-rate agreements, options and futures contracts in order to hedge interest rate risk. The Bank is exposed to credit risk equal to the positive fair value of a derivative instrument, if any, as a positive fair value indicates that the counterparty to the agreement is financially liable to the Bank. To limit this risk, counterparties must have an investment grade long-term debt rating and individual counterparty credit exposure is limited by Board approved parameters. Management anticipates continuing to use derivatives, as permitted by its Board-approved policy, to manage interest rate risk. During 2008, the Bank entered into two interest rate swap transactions in order to hedge the Corporation's exposure to changes in cash flows attributable to the effect of interest rate changes on variable rate liabilities.

Information regarding the interest rate swaps as of September 30, 2010 follows:

(Dol	lars in thousands) Notional Amount	Maturity Date	Fixed	Interest Rate	Variable	Amount Expect be Expensed Earnings within next 12 Mon	into in the
\$	10,000	5/30/2013	(3.60%	0.16%	\$	344
\$	10,000	5/30/2015		3.87%	0.16%	\$	371

The variable rate is indexed to the 91-day Treasury Bill auction (discount) rate and resets weekly.

Derivatives with a positive fair value are reflected as other assets in the consolidated balance sheet while those with a negative fair value are reflected as other liabilities. As short-term interest rates decrease, the net expense of the swap increases. As short-term rates increase, the net expense of the swap decreases.

Fair Value of Derivative Instruments in the Consolidated Balance Sheets as of September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009 are as follows:

Fair Value of Derivative Instruments								
(Dollars in thousands)	Balance Sheet							
Date	Type	Location	Fair	Value				
September 30, 2010	Interest rate contracts		\$	2,193				

		Other liabilities	
December 31, 2009	Interest rate contracts	Other liabilities	\$ 1,263
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The Effect of Derivative Instruments on the Statement of Income for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2010 and 2009 follows:

Derivatives in ASC Topic 815 Cash Flow	Hedging Relationships
--	-----------------------

(Dollars in thousands	, net of tax)				Amount of Gain
				Location of	or (Loss)
				Gain or (Loss)	Recognized in
				Recognized in	Income on
		Location of	Amount of Gain	Income on	Derivatives
	Amount of Gain	Gain or (Loss)	or (Loss)	Derivative (Ineffective)	neffective Portion
	or (Loss)	Reclassified from	Reclassified from	Portion and Amount	and Amount
	Recognized in	Accumulated OCI	Accumulated OC	Excluded from	Excluded from
	OCI on Derivative	into Income	into Income	Effectiveness	Effectiveness
	(Effective		(Effective		
Date / Type	Portion)	(Effective Portion)	Portion)	Testing)	Testing)
September 30, 2010					
Interest rate contracts	\$ (613)	Interest Expense	\$ (536)	Other income (expense)	\$ -
September 30, 2009					
Interest rate contracts	\$ 654	Interest Expense	\$ (530)	Other income (expense)	\$ -

Note 10 – Reclassifications

Certain prior period amounts may have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation. Such reclassifications did not affect reported net income.

Item 2

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results of Operations and Financial Condition For the Three and Nine Month Periods Ended September 30, 2010 and 2009

Forward Looking Statements

Certain statements appearing herein which are not historical in nature are forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such forward-looking statements refer to a future period or periods, reflecting management's current views as to likely future developments, and use words such as "may," "will," "expect," "believe," "estimate," "anticipate," or similar terms. Because forward-looking statements involve certain ris uncertainties and other factors over which the Corporation has no direct control, actual results could differ materially from those contemplated in such statements. These factors include (but are not limited to) the following: general economic conditions, changes in interest rates, changes in the Corporation's cost of funds, changes in government monetary policy, changes in government regulation and taxation of financial institutions, changes in the rate of inflation, changes in technology, the intensification of competition within the Corporation's market area, and other similar factors.

Critical Accounting Policies

Management has identified critical accounting policies for the Corporation to include Allowance for Loan Losses, Mortgage Servicing Rights, Financial Derivatives, Temporary Investment Impairment and Stock-based Compensation. There were no changes to the critical accounting policies disclosed in the 2009 Annual Report on Form 10-K in regards to application or related judgements and estimates used. Please refer to Item 7 of the Corporation's 2009 Annual Report on Form 10-K for a more detailed disclosure of the critical accounting policies.

Results of Operations

Year-to-Date Summary

The Corporation reported net income for the first nine months ended September 30, 2010 of \$5.9 million. This is a 23.1% increase versus net income of \$4.8 million for the same period in 2009. Total revenue (interest income and noninterest income) increased \$87 thousand year-over-year. Interest income remained flat, while noninterest income increased due to an increase in investment and trust services fees. Noninterest expense increased due to increased salary and benefit expense. The provision for loan losses was \$1.9 million for the period, \$788 thousand less than in 2009. Diluted earnings per share increased to \$1.53 in 2010 from \$1.26 in 2009. Net loans grew to \$748.2 million, while total deposits decreased to \$726.8 million. Total assets were \$967.6 million at September 30, 2010, a decrease of \$11.8 million from year-end 2009.

Other key performance ratios as of, or for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009 (on an annualized basis) are listed below:

	2010	2009
Return on average equity (ROE)	9.56%	8.34%
Return on average assets (ROA)	.79%	.66%
Return on average tangible average equity(1)	11.80%	10.79%
Return on average tangible average assets(1)	.85%	.73%
Net interest margin	3.47%	3.44%
Efficiency ratio	64.16%	65.50%

(1) The Corporation supplements its traditional GAAP measurements with Non-GAAP measurements. The Non-GAAP measurements include Return on Average Tangible Assets and Return on Average Tangible Equity. As a result of merger transactions, intangible assets (primarily goodwill and core deposit intangibles) were created. The Non-GAAP disclosures are intended to eliminate the effects of the intangible assets and allow for better comparisons to periods when such assets did not exist. The following table shows the adjustments made between the GAAP and NON-GAAP measurements:

GAAP Measurement Calculation
Return on Average Assets Net Income / Average Assets

Return on Average Equity

Net Income / Average Equity

Non- GAAP Measurement Calculation
Return on Average Tangible Assets Net Income plus Intangible Amortization /

Average Assets less Average Intangible

Assets

Return on Average Tangible Equity Net Income plus Intangible Amortization /

Average Equity less Average Intangible

Assets

Efficiency Ratio Noninterest Expense / Tax Equivalent Net

Interest Income

plus Noninterest Income (excluding Security Gains/Losses and Other Than Temporary

Impairment)

A more detailed discussion of the operating results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010 follows:

Comparison of the three months ended September 30, 2010 to the three months ended September 30, 2009:

Net Interest Income

The most important source of the Corporation's earnings is net interest income, which is defined as the difference between income on interest-earning assets and the expense of interest-bearing liabilities supporting those assets. Principal categories of interest-earning assets are loans and securities, while deposits, securities sold under agreements to repurchase (Repos), short-term borrowings and long-term debt are the principal categories of interest-bearing liabilities. Demand deposits enhance net interest income because they are noninterest-bearing deposits. For the purpose of this discussion, balance sheet items refer to the average balance for the year and net interest income is adjusted to a fully taxable-equivalent basis. This tax-equivalent adjustment facilitates performance comparisons between taxable and tax-free assets by increasing the tax-free income by an amount equivalent to the Federal income taxes that would have been paid if this income were taxable at the Corporation's 34% Federal statutory rate.

Interest income for the third quarter of 2010 remained flat at \$11.2 million compared to the third quarter of 2009. Average interest-earning assets increased by \$617 thousand from the third quarter of 2009 but the yield on these assets decreased by 3 basis points. The average balance on investment securities decreased \$20.7 million quarter over quarter due to pay downs, maturities and sales in the portfolio, net of investment purchases. Total average loans increased \$43.0 million (6.0%) quarter over quarter. Average commercial loans increased \$61.2 million (11.7%), but the increase was partially offset by a decrease in the average balance of mortgage and consumer loans. Average mortgage loans decreased \$6.4 million, as the majority of new mortgage originations are sold in the secondary market and the portfolio continues to runoff. Average consumer loans, including home equity loans, decreased \$11.8 million, as consumers continue to borrow less during the economic recession and the indirect lending portfolio continues to run-off as the Bank exited this business in early 2010 and no new loans have been booked.

Interest expense was \$3.1 million for the third quarter, a decrease of \$675 thousand from the third quarter of 2009 total of \$3.7 million. Average interest-bearing liabilities decreased to \$797.9 million in the third quarter of 2010 from an average balance of \$807.4 million during the same period in 2009, a decrease of \$9.5 million. The average cost of these liabilities decreased from 1.84% for the third quarter of 2009 to 1.52% for the same period in 2010. Average interest-bearing deposits increased \$4.0 million, due to increases in money management accounts (\$60.4 million), but these increases were partially offset by decreases in certificates of deposit (\$57.4 million). The cost of interest-bearing deposits decreased from 1.65% to 1.26%. Securities sold under agreements to repurchase have decreased \$2.6 million on average over the prior year quarter and the average rate has remained constant at .25%. The average balance of long-term debt decreased by \$9.9 million due to scheduled amortization and maturities on Federal Home Loan Bank of Pittsburgh (FHLB) advances.

The changes in the balance sheet and interest rates resulted in an increase in tax equivalent net interest income of \$603 thousand to \$8.1 million for the third quarter of 2010 compared to \$7.5 million for the third quarter of 2009. The Bank's net interest margin increased from 3.27% to 3.53% in 2010. The increase in the net interest margin is the result of a decrease in the rate on interest-earning liabilities of 32 basis points, while the yield on interest-bearing assets only decreased 3 basis points.

The following table shows a comparative analysis of average balances, asset yields and funding costs for the three months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009. These components drive changes in net interest income.

	For the Three Months Ended September 30									
	2010						2	009		
				Tax					Tax	
	1	Average	Eq	uivalent	Average	1	Average	Equ	uivalent	Average
(Dollars in thousands)		balance	I	nterest	yield/rate		balance	Ir	nterest	yield/rate
Interest-earning assets										
Federal funds sold and										
interest-bearing balances	\$	15,402	\$	12	0.31%	\$	37,050	\$	14	0.15%
Investment securities		134,327		1,315	3.92%		155,018		1,601	4.13%
Loans		760,576		9,837	5.10%		717,620		9,621	5.29%
Total interest-earning assets	\$	910,305		11,164	4.87%	\$	909,688		11,236	4.90%
Interest-bearing liabilities										
Interest-bearing deposits	\$	643,094		2,048	1.26%	\$	639,118		2,659	1.65%
Securities sold under agreements										
to repurchase		61,480		38	0.25%		64,112		40	0.25%
Short-term borrowings		-		-	-		954		2	0.83%
Long-term debt		93,278		980	4.17%		103,181		1,040	4.00%
Total interest-bearing										
liabilities	\$	797,852		3,066	1.52%	\$	807,365		3,741	1.84%
Interest spread					3.34%					3.06%
Tax equivalent Net interest										
income/Net interest margin				8,098	3.53%				7,495	3.27%
Tax equivalent adjustment				(180)					(252)	
Net interest income			\$	7,918				\$	7,243	

All amounts have been adjusted to a tax-equivalent basis using a tax rate of 34%. Investments include the average unrealized gains or losses. Dividend income is reported as taxable income, but is adjusted for the dividend received deduction. Loan balances include nonaccruing loans, loans held for sale, and are gross of the allowance for loan losses. Loan categories are based on an internal classification/purpose and do not necessarily reflect a specific type of

collateral, if any.

Provision for Loan Losses

For the third quarter of 2010, the provision expense was \$625 thousand versus \$1.6 million for the same period in 2009. For more information concerning loan quality and the allowance for loan losses, refer to the Loan discussion in the Financial Condition section.

Noninterest Income

For the three months ended September 30, 2010, noninterest income decreased slightly to \$1.9 million compared to \$2.0 million in the third quarter of 2009. Investment and trust service fees increased \$18 thousand due to increases in nonrecurring income from estate fees. Loan service charges increased \$99 thousand from a higher volume of mortgage production fees from refinancing activity in 2010, compared to 2009. Mortgage banking fees decreased quarter over quarter due to an impairment charge of \$48 thousand on mortgage servicing rights in 2010 versus a net impairment reversal of \$26 thousand in 2009. Deposit service charges decreased \$56 thousand in the third quarter of 2010 due to a decrease in account analysis fees and a decrease in fees from the Bank's overdraft protection program. New regulations effective July 1, 2010 require consumers to opt-in to overdraft protection programs for certain ATM and debit card transactions. Fee income from overdraft programs during the quarter appear consistent with the first two quarters of the year and the reduction in overdraft fees does not appear to be directly related to new regulations on overdraft fees imposed by the Dodd-Frank Act. However, the overall affect of this new regulation on future overdraft fees is uncertain at this time. Other service charges and fees, the increase in cash surrender value of life insurance and other income remained fairly flat in the third quarter of 2010. There was \$318 thousand in other than temporary impairment charges on two equity securities recognized in the third quarter of 2010, versus no impairment charges in the same quarter in 2009. The Corporation also had realized losses of \$56 thousand during the quarter ended September 30, 2010 versus losses of \$267 thousand for the same period in 2009.

The following table presents a comparison of noninterest income for the three months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009:

	For the Three Months Ended							
	September 30					Change		
(Dollars in thousands)	2	2010	2	2009	A	mount	%	
Noninterest Income								
Investment and trust services fees	\$	884	\$	866	\$	18	2.1	
Loan service charges		288		189		99	52.4	
Mortgage banking activities		(55)		19		(74)	(389.5)	
Deposit service charges and fees		622		678		(56)	(8.3)	
Other service charges and fees		353		322		31	9.6	
Increase in cash surrender value of life insurance		172		158		14	8.9	
Other		18		17		1	5.9	
OTTI losses on securities		(318)		-		(318)	-	
Less: Loss recognized in other comprehensive								
income (before taxes)		-		-		-	-	
Net OTTI losses recognized in earnings		(318)		-		(318)	-	
Securities (losses) gains, net		(56)		(267)		211	(79.0)	
Total noninterest income	\$	1,908	\$	1,982	\$	(74)	(3.7)	

Noninterest Expense

Noninterest expense for the third quarter of 2010 totaled \$6.6 million compared to \$6.5 million in the third quarter of 2009. The increase in salaries and benefits was primarily due to annual salary adjustments. Net occupancy expense decreased from lower real estate taxes on the Bank's headquarters location, while furniture and equipment expense decreased due to less depreciation on fixed assets. Advertising expense increased \$44 thousand due to the marketing of the Bank's new office that opened in Camp Hill during the quarter. Legal and professional fees decreased over the same period in 2009 due to less attorney's fees in 2010 and a special audit project in the third quarter of 2009. The Pennsylvania bank shares tax expense and intangible amortization expense remained flat quarter over quarter. FDIC insurance increased \$68 thousand, as the FDIC assessment rate was higher in 2010. Other expenses increased slightly in 2010 compared to 2009.

The following table presents a comparison of noninterest expense for the three months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009:

	For the Three Months Ended							
	September 30					Change		
(Dollars in thousands)		2010		2009	Aı	nount	%	
Noninterest Expense								
Salaries and benefits	\$	3,384	\$	3,121	\$	263	8.4	
Net occupancy expense		478		495		(17)	(3.4)	
Furniture and equipment expense		196		216		(20)	(9.3)	
Advertising		378		334		44	13.2	
Legal and professional fees		418		614		(196)	(31.9)	
Data processing		370		383		(13)	(3.4)	
Pennsylvania bank shares tax		151		143		8	5.6	
Intangible amortization		114		117		(3)	(2.6)	
FDIC insurance		302		234		68	29.1	
Other		844		808		36	4.5	
Total noninterest expense	\$	6,635	\$	6,465	\$	170	2.6	

Income taxes

Federal income tax expense was \$763 thousand for the third quarter of 2010 compared to \$33 thousand in 2009. The effective tax rate for the third quarter of 2010 was 29.7% and 3.0% for 2009. The low effective tax rate in the third quarter of 2009 was caused by the provision for loan loss expense of \$1.6 million compared to \$625 thousand in the third quarter of 2010, thereby significantly reducing the pre-tax income for the third quarter of 2009. All taxable income for the Corporation is taxed at a rate of 34%.

Comparison of the nine months ended September 30, 2010 to the nine months ended September 30, 2009:

Net Interest Income

Interest income for the first nine months of 2010 was \$33.5 million, \$134 thousand less than the same period in 2009. Average interest-earning assets increased by \$35.8 million from the first nine of 2009, however; the yield on these assets decreased by 23 basis points. The average balance on investment securities decreased \$12.5 million year over year due to pay downs, maturities and sales in the portfolio, net of investment purchases. Total average loans increased \$53.3 million (7.6%) year over year. Average commercial loans increased \$73.9 million, but the increase was partially offset by a decrease in the average balance of mortgage and consumer loans. Average mortgage loans decreased \$6.7 million, as the majority of new mortgage originations are sold in the secondary market and the

portfolio continues to runoff. Average consumer loans, including home equity loans, decreased \$13.9 million, as consumers continue to borrow less during the economic recession and as the Bank's indirect portfolio continues to run off.

Interest expense was \$9.7 million for the first nine months, a decrease of \$1.3 million from the first nine months of 2009 total of \$11.0 million. Average interest-bearing liabilities increased to \$799.5 million from an average balance of \$772.8 million during the same period in 2009, an increase of \$26.7 million. The average cost of these liabilities decreased from 1.90% to 1.61%. Average interest-bearing deposits increased \$47.3 million, due to increases in money management accounts (\$54.4 million) while certificates of deposit decreased (\$8.3 million). Securities sold under agreements to repurchase have decreased \$7.5 million on average over the prior year and the average rate has remained constant at .25%. The average balance of long-term debt decreased by \$10.6 million due to scheduled amortization and maturities on FHLB advances.

The changes in the balance sheet and interest rates resulted in an increase in tax equivalent net interest income of \$1.2 million to \$23.8 million for the first nine months of 2010 compared to \$22.6 million for the same period in 2009. The Bank's net interest margin increased from 3.25% in 2009 to 3.31% in 2010. The increase in the net interest margin is due to the yield on interest-earning liabilities decreasing 29 basis points, while the yield on interest-bearing liabilities decreased 23 basis points.

The following table shows a comparative analysis of average balances, asset yields and funding costs for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009. These components drive changes in net interest income.

For the Nine Months Ended September 30 2010 2009 Tax Tax

Average Equivalent Average Equivalent Average

(Dollars in thousands)