CROWN MEDIA HOLDINGS INC Form 10-Q August 01, 2014 Table of Contents

# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  Washington, D.C. 20549
Form 10-Q
(Mark One)
x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2014
or
o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the transition period from to .

Commission File Number: 000-30700

# Crown Media Holdings, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

84-1524410 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

12700 Ventura Boulevard,

Suite 200

Studio City, California 91604

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(818) 755-2400

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

(Former name, former address, and former fiscal year,

if changed since last report.)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See definition of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer o

Accelerated filer x

Non-accelerated filer (do not check if a smaller reporting company) o

Smaller reporting company o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No x

As of July 28, 2014, the number of shares of Class A Common Stock, \$0.01 par value per share, outstanding was 359,675,936.

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In this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q the terms Crown Media Holdings and the Company, refer to Crown Media Holdings, Inc. and, unless the context requires otherwise, subsidiaries of Crown Media Holdings that operate or have operated our businesses, including Crown Media United States, LLC (Crown Media United States).

The name Hallmark and other product or service names are trademarks or registered trademarks of entities owned by Hallmark Cards, Incorporated (Hallmark Cards).

#### **Certain Terms**

The following is a list of certain terms used throughout this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q:

2011 Refinancing The July 14, 2011 transaction pursuant to which the Company used the proceeds from the Term Loan and

the Notes to repay the Term A Loan and the Term B Loan and redeem all of the outstanding Preferred

Stock.

Amendment No. 1 Amendment No. 1 to the Company s Credit Agreement dated as of July 14, 2011 with the lenders party

thereto and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Administrative Agent, as executed March 29, 2013.

**ADUs** Audience Deficiency Units, or units of advertising inventory that are made available to advertisers as

fulfillment for past advertisements purchased by the advertiser that did not deliver the guaranteed

viewership ratings.

Common Stock Our Class A common stock, unless the context requires otherwise. As part of the Recapitalization, each

outstanding share of Class B common stock was reclassified as a share of Class A common stock and the

Class B common stock was eliminated.

**CPM** Cost per thousand or advertising rate per thousand viewers.

**Federal Tax Deconsolidation** The effect of an agreement dated October 29, 2012, pursuant to which Hallmark Cards caused 40 million

shares of the Company s Common Stock to be transferred from HCC to a German subsidiary of Hallmark Cards, which is not part of Hallmark Cards consolidated federal tax group, thus reducing HCC s ownership of the Company s Common Stock from 90.3% to 79.2%. As a result of such transfer, the Company is no longer part of the Hallmark Cards consolidated federal tax group for federal income tax purposes.

Hallmark Cards or Hallmark Hallmark Cards, Incorporated, the Company s ultimate parent.

**Hallmark Channel** A 24-hour cable television destination for family-friendly programming and a leader in the production of

original movies.

Hallmark Movie Channel A 24-hour cable television destination dedicated to offering viewers a collection of movies and long form

programming appropriate for the entire family, including a mix of Hallmark Channel original movies,

classic theatrical films, and Hallmark Hall of Fame movie presentations.

HCC H C Crown, LLC, formerly H C Crown Corp., a subsidiary of Hallmark Cards; the Company s immediate

parent.

Network or Networks Hallmark Channel or Hallmark Movie Channel, individually or collectively, as the context requires.

Nielsen Media Research or The Nielsen Company, an information and measurement company that provides

television ratings, media measurements and other marketing and consumer information.

**Notes** \$300.0 million of 10.5% senior unsecured notes due in 2019 issued by the Company in connection with the

2011 Refinancing.

**Preferred Stock** Shares of the Company's Series A preferred stock issued in connection with the Recapitalization and

subsequently redeemed in connection with the 2011 Refinancing.

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**Recapitalization** The June 29, 2010 transaction pursuant to which the Company extinguished approximately \$1.2 billion

owed to HCC and Hallmark Cards upon issuance of (i) the Term A Loan, the Term B Loan and Preferred

Stock in the aggregate face amount of \$500 million and (ii) Common Stock.

Scatter Market The period after the close of the Upfront Season during which advertising is sold in close proximity to its air

date.

**subscriber** A household that receives, on a full- or part-time basis, a network as part of a program package or a program

tier of a distributor.

**Term A Loan** The \$200.0 million term loan issued by the Company to HCC in connection with the Recapitalization.

**Term B Loan** The \$115.0 million term loan issued by the Company to HCC in connection with the Recapitalization.

**Term Loan** The \$210.0 million senior secured term loan issued July 14, 2011, as amended March 29, 2013.

**Upfront Season** The period of time (usually during the month of May) when advertisers commit to a certain volume of

advertising for the fourth quarter of the same year and the first three quarters of the following year.

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## PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited)

## CROWN MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

	As of December 31, 2013			As of June 30, 2014		
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	63,750	\$	73,778		
Accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$834 and \$191,						
respectively		104,613		91,436		
Programming rights		71,540		85,593		
Prepaid programming rights		26,839		28,996		
Deferred tax assets, net		39,100		39,100		
Prepaid and other assets		1,960		2,564		
Total current assets		307,802		321,467		
Programming rights		201,936		221,055		
Prepaid programming rights		9,805		6,976		
Property and equipment, net		9,799		10,363		
Deferred tax assets, net		181,164		165,700		
Debt issuance costs, net		10,047		9,229		
Prepaid and other assets		3,644		3,563		
Goodwill		314,033		314,033		
Total assets	\$	1,038,230	\$	1,052,386		

## CROWN MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

(continued)

	As of December 31, 2013	As of June 30, 2014
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY		
LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 22,238	\$ 18,121
Audience deficiency reserve liability	4,888	10,803
Programming rights payable	85,560	77,403
Payables to Hallmark Cards affiliates	466	543
Interest payable	14,455	14,452
Current maturities of long-term debt	25,000	
Total current liabilities	152,607	121,322
Accrued liabilities	13,838	19,731
Programming rights payable	43,314	54,678
Long-term debt, net of current maturities	429,330	429,514
Total liabilities	639,089	625,245
COMMUNICATION AND CONTRINGENCIES		
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES		
STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY:		
Class A Common Stock, \$.01 par value; 500,000,000 shares authorized;		
359,675,936 shares issued and outstanding as of both December 31, 2013 and		
June 30, 2014	3,597	3,597
Paid-in capital	2,062,818	2,062,818
Accumulated deficit	(1,667,274)	(1,639,274)
Total stockholders equity	399,141	427,141
Total liabilities and stockholders equity	\$ 1,038,230	\$ 1,052,386

## CROWN MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

## (In thousands, except per share data)

	Three Mon		nded		Six Months Ended June 30,					
	June 2013	30,	2014	2013	2014					
Revenue:	2010		2011		2010		2011			
Advertising	\$ 67,647	\$	74,956	\$	131,836	\$	143,482			
Advertising by Hallmark Cards	1,059		870		2,112		1,725			
Subscriber fees	20,597		20,957		40,746		41,971			
Other revenue	172		570		341		850			
Total revenue, net	89,475		97,353		175,035		188,028			
Cost of Services:										
Programming costs										
Non-affiliates	31,411		36,553		62,260		75,866			
Hallmark Cards affiliates	918		918		1,761		1,766			
Other costs of services	3,850		4,215		7,172		7,783			
Total cost of services	36,179		41,686		71,193		85,415			
Selling, general and administrative expense										
(exclusive of depreciation and amortization										
expense shown separately below)	15,131		16,111		30,138		32,112			
Marketing expense	1,054		3,693		1,693		4,842			
Depreciation and amortization expense	431		595		844		1,103			
Income from operations before interest and										
income tax expense	36,680		35,268		71,167		64,556			
Interest income			204				204			
Interest expense	(10,450)		(9,995)		(21,798)		(20,306)			
Income from operations before income expense	26,230		25,477		49,369		44,454			
Income tax expense	(9,714)		(9,515)		(18,320)		(16,454)			
Net income attributable to Common										
Stockholders	\$ 16,516	\$	15,962	\$	31,049	\$	28,000			
Weighted average number of common shares										
outstanding, basic and diluted	359,676		359,676		359,676		359,676			
Net income per common share, basic and										
diluted	\$ 0.05	\$	0.04	\$	0.09	\$	0.08			

#### CROWN MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

#### UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

#### (In thousands)

Six Months Ended June 30, 2013 2014 CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: \$ 31,049 28,000 Net income \$ Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: 80,842 Depreciation and amortization 66,817 Provision for allowance for doubtful accounts 290 113 Income tax expense 17,328 15,541 Share-based compensation 124 37 Changes in operating assets and liabilities: Decrease in accounts receivable 6,827 13,065 Additions to programming rights (53,989)(110,803)Increase in prepaid and other assets (14,267)(768)(Decrease) increase in accounts payable, accrued and other liabilities (7,041)7,719 Increase (decrease) in interest payable 27 (4) (Decrease) increase in programming rights payable (24,186)3,207 (Decrease) increase in payables to Hallmark Cards affiliates (1,437)1 Net cash provided by operating activities 36,950 21,542 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Purchases of property and equipment (856)(1,280)Net cash used in investing activities (856)(1,280)CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Principal payments on the Term Loan (17,780)(25,000)Capitalized debt issuance costs (1,116)Discount on issuance of debt (430)Principal payments on capital lease obligations (642)(633)Net cash used in financing activities (19,959)(25,642)Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 727 10,028 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 43,705 63,750 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$ 44,432 \$ 73,778 Supplemental disclosure of cash and non-cash activities: \$ 20,797 \$ 19,186 Interest paid \$ Income taxes paid \$ 1,332 1,279 Asset acquired through capital lease obligation \$ 21

#### CROWN MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

#### NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2013 and 2014

#### 1. Business and Organization

Crown Media Holdings, Inc. ( Crown Media Holdings or the Company ), through its wholly-owned subsidiary Crown Media United States, LLC ( Crown Media United States ) owns and operates pay television networks dedicated to high quality, entertainment programming for adults and families in the United States. Majority ownership of the Company is held by Hallmark Cards, Incorporated ( Hallmark Cards ) through its subsidiaries H C Crown, LLC ( HCC ) and Hallmark Cards GmbH.

The Company s continuing operations are currently organized into one operating segment, the Networks.

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Estimates

## **Interim Financial Statements**

In the opinion of management, the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets and related interim condensed consolidated statements of operations and cash flows include all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring items necessary for their fair presentation in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Interim results are not necessarily indicative of results for a full year. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and the notes to those statements included in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Crown Media Holdings and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles requires the consideration of events or transactions that occur after the balance sheet date but before the financial statements are issued. Depending on the nature of the subsequent event, financial statement recognition or disclosure of the subsequent event may be required.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions about future events. These estimates and the underlying assumptions affect the amounts of assets and liabilities reported, disclosures about contingent assets and liabilities, and reported amounts of revenue and expenses. Such estimates include the collectibility of accounts receivable, the valuation of goodwill, intangible assets and other long-lived assets, the net realizable value of programming rights, legal contingencies, indemnifications, barter transactions, audience deficiency reserve obligations and assumptions used in the calculation of income taxes and related valuation allowance, among others.

All of the estimates that are employed are based on management s best estimates and judgment. Management evaluates its estimates and assumptions on an ongoing basis using historical experience and other factors, including the current economic environment, which management believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. Management adjusts such estimates and assumptions when facts and circumstances dictate. As future events and their effects cannot be determined with precision, actual results could differ significantly from these estimates. Changes, if any, in those estimates resulting from continuing changes in the economic environment will be reflected in the financial statements in future periods.

#### Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The allowance for doubtful accounts is based upon the Company s assessment of probable loss related to uncollectible accounts receivable. The Company uses a number of factors in determining the allowance, including, among other things, collection trends. The Company s bad debt expense was \$245,000 and \$108,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively. The Company s bad debt expense was \$290,000 and \$113,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively.

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#### **Barter Transactions**

The Company enters into transactions that involve the exchange of its on-air advertising spots, in part, for other products and services, such as programming rights. Programming rights and the related deferred advertising revenue that result from such transactions are recognized at the estimated fair value when the programming is available for telecast. Barter programming rights are amortized in the same manner as non-barter programming rights and advertising revenue is recognized when delivered. The Company recognized \$500,000 and \$778,000 of barter advertising revenue during the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively. The Company recognized \$1.2 million and \$1.3 million of barter expense during the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively. The Company recognized \$485,000 and \$887,000 of barter expense during the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively. The Company recognized \$1.1 million and \$1.3 million of barter expense during the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively.

#### Deferred Revenue

Payments received in advance of being earned are recorded as deferred revenue. Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities as of December 31, 2013 and June 30, 2014, is \$699,000 and \$9.7 million, respectively, of deferred revenue.

#### Fair Value of Financial Instruments

ASC Topic 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures*, provides guidance which defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and specifies disclosures about fair value measurements. We determine fair value as an exit price, representing the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants.

The Company does not have balance sheet items measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Significant balance sheet items which are subject to non-recurring fair value measurements consist of impairment valuations of goodwill, promotion and placement fees, property and equipment and owned programming.

#### Net Income per Share

Basic net income per share for each period is computed by dividing net income attributable to Common Stockholders by the weighted average number of Common Shares outstanding during the period. Diluted net income per share for each period is computed by dividing net income attributable to common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares plus potentially dilutive common shares outstanding except whenever any such effect would be antidilutive.

#### Concentration of Risk

Financial instruments, which potentially subject Crown Media Holdings to a concentration of credit risk, consist primarily of cash, cash equivalents and accounts receivable. Generally, Crown Media Holdings does not require collateral to secure receivables. Crown Media Holdings has no significant off-balance sheet financial instruments with risk of accounting losses.

Five of our distributors individually accounted for more than 10% of our consolidated subscriber revenue and collectively accounted for 88% of our consolidated subscriber revenue during both the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively. Two of our distributors individually accounted for approximately 15% or more of our consolidated subscribers and collectively accounted for 43% and 45% of our subscribers during the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively. The loss of one of these distributors could have an adverse impact on the Company s operations.

Five of our distributors individually accounted for more than 10% of our consolidated subscriber revenue and collectively accounted for 88% of our consolidated subscriber revenue during both the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively. Two of our distributors individually accounted for approximately 15% or more of our consolidated subscribers and collectively accounted for 43% and 45% of our subscribers during the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively. The loss of one of these distributors could have an adverse impact on the Company s operations.

Three and four of our programming content providers individually accounted for more than 10% of our total license fee programming and collectively accounted for 64% and 74% of the consolidated programming liability as of June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively. The loss of any one of these programming content providers could have an adverse impact on the Company s operations.

#### Taxes on Income

Income tax expense or benefit comprises (i) amounts estimated to be payable or receivable with respect to the Company s income or loss for the period pursuant to the statutory provisions of the various federal, state and local jurisdictions in which the Company is subject to taxation and (ii) the changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities during the period.

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The Company accounts for income taxes under the asset and liability method which requires the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of events that have been included in the financial statements. Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on the differences between the financial statements and tax bases of assets and liabilities, including related operating loss and tax credit carryforwards, using enacted tax rates in effect for the year in which the differences are expected to reverse. The effect of a change in tax rates on deferred tax assets and liabilities is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date.

Net deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that management believes these assets will more likely than not be realized. In making such determination, management considers all available positive and negative evidence, including future reversals of existing taxable temporary differences, projected future taxable income, tax planning strategies and recent financial operations. In the event management subsequently determines that the Company would likely be able to realize deferred income tax assets in the future in excess of their net recorded amount, an adjustment to the valuation allowance would be recorded with a corresponding reduction in the provision for income taxes.

Management periodically evaluates the sustainability of tax positions taken. Whenever management estimates the probability of sustaining a tax position is at least more likely than not (*i.e.*, greater than 50%), the tax position is deemed warranted and is recognized at the largest amount of benefit that is greater than 50% likely of being realized upon settlement. Interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions are recognized as income tax expense.

#### Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In 2013, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued a new accounting standard that will require the presentation of certain unrecognized tax benefits as reductions to deferred tax assets rather than as liabilities in the consolidated balance sheets when a net operating loss carryforward, a similar tax loss, or a tax credit carryforward exists. The Company adopted this new standard on a prospective basis during the first quarter of 2014. This adoption did not have an impact on our financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

In April 2014, the FASB issued an accounting standard update that changes the definition of a discontinued operation to include only those disposals of components of an entity that represent a strategic shift that has (or will have) a major effect on an entity s operations and financial results. The amendments in this accounting standard update should be applied prospectively and are effective for annual periods, and interim periods within those years, beginning on or after December 15, 2014. Early adoption is permitted for disposals that have not been reported in financial statements previously issued. The Company adopted this new standard during the first quarter of 2014. This adoption did not have an impact on our financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

In May 2014, the FASB issued accounting standards update No. 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*. This ASU supersedes the revenue recognition requirements in Accounting Standards Codification 605 *Revenue Recognition* and most industry-specific guidance throughout the Codification. The standard requires that an entity recognizes revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. This accounting standards update is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, and for interim periods within those fiscal years. The Company is in the process of assessing the impact of the adoption of accounting standards update No. 2014-09 on its financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

# 3. Programming Rights

Programming rights are comprised of the following:

	A	as of December 31, 2013		As of June 30, 2014			
			usands)	2014			
Programming rights non-affiliates							
Acquired programming							
Licensed for less than 12 years	\$	261,654	\$	299,606			
Original programming							
Licensed for less than 12 years		171,024		194,782			
Licensed for 12 years or longer		29,115		32,097			
Owned		18,542		27,528			
Programming rights Hallmark Cards							
affiliates							
Licensed for less than 12 years		25,054		25,694			
Programming rights, at cost		505,389		579,707			
Accumulated amortization		(231,913)		(279,622)			
Programming rights available for broadcast		273,476		300,085			
Owned programming in development				6,563			
Programming rights, net	\$	273,476	\$	306,648			
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In the regular course of evaluating the remaining usefulness of its various program licenses, the Company may determine that certain licenses may be of little future program value to it. In such instances, the Company shortens the estimated remaining lives to zero, thereby accelerating amortization of the remaining net book value. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, such changes in estimates resulted in additional amortization of programming rights of \$2.1 million. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, such changes in estimates resulted in additional amortization of programming rights of \$0 and \$7,000, respectively.

At December 31, 2013 and June 30, 2014, \$36.6 million and \$36.0 million, respectively, of programming rights were included in prepaid programming rights on the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets. The various license periods associated with such amounts had not commenced as of the respective balance sheet dates.

Programming rights payable are comprised of the following:

		As of December 31, 2013		As of June 30, 2014
		(In t		
Programming rights payable	non-affiliates			
Acquired programming		\$ 98,670	\$	104,415
Original programming		15,208		12,746
Programming rights payable	Hallmark			
Cards affiliates		14,996		14,920
Total programming rights pay	able	128,874		132,081
Less current maturities		(85,560)		(77,403)
Long-term programming right	ts payable	\$ 43,314	\$	54,678

Under certain license agreements with Sonar Entertainment, Inc. (Sonar), the Company was obligated to pay \$5.3 million through December 1, 2013. In connection with its reorganization in bankruptcy, Sonar assigned its right to receive these license payments to Hallmark Cards. During the six months ended June 30, 2013, the Company reclassified \$698,000 from programming rights payable (to non-affiliates) to payables to Hallmark Cards affiliates. During the same period the Company remitted payment of \$1.2 million to Hallmark Cards. During the year ended December 31, 2013, the Company reclassified \$1.5 million from programming rights payable (to non-affiliates) to payables to Hallmark Cards affiliates. During the same period the Company remitted payment of \$2.5 million to Hallmark Cards. At December 31, 2013, the payable to Hallmark Cards affiliates includes \$0 related to this assignment.

#### 4. Revolving Credit Facilities, Term Loan, and the Notes

### Credit Facilities and Term Loan

On March 29, 2013, the Company and the related lender syndicate amended the Company's credit agreement dated July 14, 2011. Among other things, the amendment served to (i) reduce the nominal interest rates applicable to principal owed by the Company and (ii) extend the maturity of the \$30.0 million revolving credit facility.

The amendment also served to modify the lender syndicate supporting the Term Loan. For financial reporting purposes, the Company treated the transaction as a modification, as the present value of the cash flows did not substantially change.

In connection with the amendment, the Company incurred costs of approximately \$1.8 million. These costs included (i) a 0.25%, \$430,000 discount paid to all members of the lender syndicate and (ii) \$1.1 million of debt issuance costs paid to creditors, all of which have been capitalized with respect to the Term Loan and are being amortized along with previously unamortized amounts related to syndicate members. Third-party debt issuance costs of \$260,000 were expensed and are included in selling, general and administrative expense in the accompanying condensed consolidated statement of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2013.

The amendment reduced the Company s minimum rate on LIBOR borrowings under the Term Loan from 5.75% to 4.00% (the latter comprising a LIBOR floor of 1.00% plus an applicable rate of 3.00%). The LIBOR floor was reduced by 25 basis points and the applicable rate was reduced by 150 basis points. The July 14, 2018 maturity date for the Term Loan facility remains unchanged.

In both June 2013 and September 2013, the Company made quarterly principal payments of \$430,000. In September 2013, the Company made a voluntary principal payment of \$15.0 million, after which it is no longer required to make quarterly principal payments. The Company continues to be subject to requirements to remit additional principal payments in amounts equal to: (1) 50% of excess cash flow (as defined in the amended credit agreement) as determined annually, which percentage will be reduced to 25% if

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the consolidated leverage ratio (as defined in the amended credit agreement) is equal to or less than 4.25 to 1 but greater than 3.25 to 1, and 0% if the consolidated leverage ratio is equal to or less than 3.25 to 1, respectively; (2) 100% of net cash proceeds resulting from dispositions or casualty events if such proceeds have not been reinvested within one year after the occurrence of the disposition or casualty event; and (3) 100% of net cash proceeds from issuance of debt or preferred stock not otherwise permitted by the amended credit agreement.

Under the amended revolving credit facility, the maturity was extended from July 14, 2016, to January 14, 2018. The interest rate applicable to future borrowings, if any, was also reduced. At December 31, 2013 and June 30, 2014, the Company had no outstanding borrowings under the revolving credit facility.

The covenants in the amended credit agreement continue to limit the ability of Crown Media Holdings and certain of its subsidiaries to (1) incur indebtedness; (2) create or permit liens on assets; (3) make certain dividends, stock repurchases and redemptions and other restricted payments; (4) make certain investments; (5) prepay indebtedness; (6) enter into certain transactions with Crown Media Holdings affiliates; (7) dispose of substantially all of the assets of Crown Media Holdings; (8) merge or consolidate; (9) enter into new unrelated lines of businesses; and (10) enter into sale and leaseback transactions. The amended credit agreement also requires compliance with a maximum total leverage ratio test and a maximum total secured leverage ratio test, but permits, with certain limitations, certain equity contributions to be made to Crown Media Holdings to enhance its ability to comply with such ratio tests.

The amended credit agreement contains a number of affirmative and negative covenants. The Company was in compliance with these covenants as of June 30, 2014.

At December 31, 2013, and June 30, 2014, the outstanding balance under the Term Loan, net of unamortized discount, was \$154.3 million and \$129.5 million, respectively. The Company made principal payments of \$430,000 and \$0 under the Term Loan during the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively. The Company made principal payments of \$17.8 million and \$25.0 million under the Term Loan during the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively.

Interest expense under the Term Loan was \$2.0 million and \$1.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively. The effective interest rate was approximately 4.84% and 5.04% during the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively. The weighted average nominal interest rate was approximately 4.09% and 4.06% during the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively.

Interest expense under the Term Loan was \$4.9 million and \$3.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively. The effective interest rate was approximately 5.64% and 5.00% during the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively. The weighted average nominal interest rate was approximately 4.99% and 4.05% during the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively.

Interest expense under the revolving credit facility for both the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, was \$0. One letter of credit was outstanding in the amount of \$202,000 at both December 31, 2013, and June 30, 2014. Commitment fees on the revolving credit facility are payable on the unused revolving credit commitment at the rate of 0.50% per annum, payable quarterly. Commitment fee expense for each of the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014 was \$37,000. Commitment fee expense for each of the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014 was \$75,000 and \$74,000, respectively.

#### The Notes

On July 14, 2011, the Company issued the Notes in a private placement conducted pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the Securities Act ). The Notes are guaranteed on a senior basis by each of Crown Media Holdings subsidiaries (the Guarantors ).

Commencing January 15, 2012, interest on the Notes became payable each January 15th and July 15th. The Company is not required to make mandatory sinking fund payments with respect to the Notes.

The covenants in the related indenture (the Indenture) limit the ability of the Company to, among other things (1) incur additional debt; (2) pay dividends or make other restricted payments; (3) purchase, redeem or retire capital stock or subordinated debt; (4) make asset sales, including by way of sale leaseback transactions; (5) provide subsidiary guarantees; (6) enter into transactions with affiliates; (7) incur liens; (8) make investments; and (9) merge or consolidate with any other person. The Company was in compliance with these covenants as of June 30, 2014.

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During any period in which the Notes have an investment grade rating from both Moody s and S&P (at least Baa3 by Moody s and BBB- by S&P), and no default has occurred and is continuing under the Indenture, Crown Media Holdings and its restricted subsidiaries will not be required to comply with the covenants in the Indenture that limit their ability to (1) incur additional debt; (2) pay dividends or make other restricted payments; (3) purchase, redeem or retire capital stock or subordinated debt; (4) make asset sales; (5) provide subsidiary guarantees; and (6) enter into transactions with affiliates.

Interest expense under the Notes was \$8.1 million for each of the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively. After giving effect to the amortization of associated debt issuance costs, the effective interest rate of the Notes was approximately 11.0% during the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014.

Interest expense under the Notes was \$16.1 million and \$16.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively. After giving effect to the amortization of associated debt issuance costs, the effective interest rate of the Notes was approximately 11.0% during the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014.

#### Maturities

The aggregate maturities of long-term debt, including estimated future interest for each of the five years subsequent to June 30, 2014, and the period thereafter, are as follows:

	Payments Due by Period												
		Total		Year 1		Year 2	,	Year 3		Year 4	Year 5	T	hereafter
							(In t	thousands)					
Notes, due July 15, 2019	\$	473,250	\$	31,500	\$	31,500	\$	31,500	\$	31,500	\$ 31,500	\$	315,750
Term Loan, due July 14, 2018		152,632		5,319		5,333		5,318		5,318	131,344		
	\$	625,882	\$	36.819	\$	36,833	\$	36,818	\$	36.818	\$ 162,844	\$	315,750

At June 30, 2014, the Company was not contractually obligated to repay any outstanding debt within the next twelve months. However, the Company may use a substantial portion of its free cash over the course of the next year to repurchase outstanding Notes and/or to accelerate the repayment of its Term Loan. There can be no assurance that the Company will accelerate its Term Loan repayment or repurchase any Notes.

#### Guarantees

Because Crown Media Holdings has no independent assets or operations, the guarantees by the subsidiary guarantors are full and unconditional, as well as joint and several. There are no subsidiaries of Crown Media Holdings that are not subsidiary guarantors. With certain exceptions described above, the Indenture and the amended credit agreement impose restrictions on the payment of dividends by Crown Media Holdings and the subsidiary guarantors.

#### 5. Related Party Transactions

#### Tax Sharing Agreements

The Company entered into a federal tax sharing agreement with Hallmark Cards on March 11, 2003, which stopped being applicable on November 1, 2012, when the Company became a separate-company taxpayer for federal income tax reporting purposes.

Since May 9, 2000, the Company has been and continues to be included in certain combined state income tax returns of Hallmark Cards or Hallmark Entertainment Holdings, Inc. (HEH). In connection therewith, HEH and the Company entered into a state tax sharing agreement. Under the state tax sharing agreement, Hallmark Cards (as successor to HEH upon the Recapitalization) and the Company file consolidated, combined or unitary state tax returns in some states. The Company makes tax-sharing payments to (or receives payments from) Hallmark Cards equal to the taxes (or tax refunds) that the Company would pay (or receive) if it filed on a stand-alone basis. Such payments are computed based on the Company s taxable income (loss) and other tax items beginning the day following the May 9, 2000, reorganization.

During 2013, the Company reimbursed Hallmark Cards approximately \$264,000 with respect to the state tax sharing agreement for the 2012 tax year. For the year ended December 31, 2013, it is estimated that the Company will owe Hallmark Cards approximately \$406,000 with respect to the state tax sharing agreement, which will be paid during 2014. This amount will be payable two days prior to the due date of the state tax returns. For the six months ended June 30, 2014, it is estimated that the Company will owe Hallmark Cards approximately \$25,000 with respect to the state tax sharing agreement, which will be paid during 2015.

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#### Services Agreement with Hallmark Cards

Hallmark Cards provides Crown Media Holdings with tax, risk management, health safety, environmental, insurance, legal, treasury, human resources, cash management, real estate consulting services and other services as requested by the Company. In exchange, the Company is obligated to pay Hallmark Cards a fee, plus out-of-pocket expenses and third party fees, in arrears on the last business day of each quarter. Fees for Hallmark Cards services were \$347,000 for 2013 and are expected to be \$342,000 for 2014.

At December 31, 2013 and June 30, 2014, the Company s payables to Hallmark Cards affiliates in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets were \$466,000 and \$543,000, respectively. The December 31, 2013 balance was comprised of \$465,000 of taxes and \$1,000 of invoices paid on the Company s behalf. The June 30, 2014, balance was comprised of \$541,000 of taxes and \$2,000 of invoices paid on the Company s behalf.

#### Hallmark Hall of Fame Programming License Agreement

In 2008, Crown Media United States entered into an agreement with Hallmark Hall of Fame Productions, LLC, a subsidiary of Hallmark Cards, for the exclusive television license of 58 Hallmark Hall of Fame movies, consisting of 16 contemporary Hallmark Hall of Fame titles (*i.e.*, produced from 2003 to 2008) and 42 older titles, for exhibition on Hallmark Channel and Hallmark Movie Channel. These titles are licensed for ten year windows, which commenced at various times between 2007 and 2010. The total license fee for these movies is \$17.2 million and is payable in equal monthly installments over the various ten-year exhibition windows.

In 2011, Crown Media United States entered into an additional agreement with Hallmark Hall of Fame Productions, LLC for the exclusive television license of 16 Hallmark Hall of Fame movies produced from 2009 through 2014, for exhibition on Hallmark Channel and Hallmark Movie Channel. These titles are licensed for ten-year windows, with windows commencing at various times between 2011 and 2014, depending on availability. The total license fee for these movies is \$10.0 million and is payable in equal monthly installments over the various ten-year exhibition windows.

On July 6, 2011, the Company and Hallmark Cards entered into an agreement whereby Hallmark Cards provided the Company one-week, limited play licenses for each of six new Hallmark Hall of Fame two-hour movies produced by Hallmark Cards over the two-year contract term. The Company recognized advertising revenue of approximately \$4.4 million as it fulfilled its advertising obligation to Hallmark Cards. As of December 31, 2013, all of such movies have aired on Hallmark Channel.

Effective July 6, 2013, the Company and Hallmark Cards extended the July 6, 2011 agreement for another year, whereby Hallmark Cards will provide the Company one-week, limited play licenses for each of two new Hallmark Hall of Fame two-hour movies produced by Hallmark Cards and up to two additional Hallmark Hall of Fame movies premiered in a previous year. The Company recognized advertising revenue of approximately \$2.1 million as it fulfilled its advertising obligation to Hallmark Cards. As of June 30, 2014, three movies have aired on Hallmark Channel.

### Northpole

The Company, in collaboration with Hallmark Cards, is producing *Northpole*, a Hallmark Channel original holiday movie. It is the first full-length, two-hour original holiday movie that Hallmark Channel and Hallmark Cards have created together. The Company anticipates similar collaborations in the future.

#### Trademark Agreement with Hallmark Cards

Crown Media United States has a trademark license agreement with Hallmark Licensing, LLC, an affiliate of Hallmark Cards, for use of the Hallmark for Hallmark Channel and for Hallmark Movie Channel. In connection with the 2011 Refinancing, Hallmark Licensing, LLC extended these existing trademark licenses for an additional period terminating the earlier of (i) July 14, 2019 and (ii) the later of (x) the expiration or termination of the Credit Agreement and (y) the redemption of all of the Notes, subject to any earlier termination of such license agreements pursuant to the respective terms of such license agreements.

The Company is not required to pay any royalty fees under the trademark license agreements. Accordingly, no amounts have been reflected in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets or consolidated statements of operations of the Company for these licenses.

Under the license agreement, the Company would be in default if it, in addition to certain other situations which would violate standards and guidelines established by Hallmark Cards, (i) fails to make any payment due under any loan agreement within five days of its due date or (ii) receives an opinion from its auditors that expresses their doubt with respect to its ability to continue as a going concern.

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6. Restricted Stock Units and Long Term Incentive Plan
Restricted Stock Units
The Company recorded \$78,000 and \$6,000 of compensation expense associated with restricted stock units (RSUs) during the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively, which has been included in selling, general and administrative expense on the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations. The Company recorded \$124,000 and \$37,000 of compensation expense associated with restricted stock units (RSUs) during the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively, which has been included in selling, general and administrative expense on the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations. The Company issued cash settlements related to the RSUs of \$0 during the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively.
The closing price of a share of the Company s Common Stock, which is used to calculate the year end RSU liabilities, was \$3.53 and \$3.63 on December 31, 2013, and June 30, 2014, respectively. As of December 31, 2013 and June 30, 2014, there was unrecognized compensation cost, related to non-vested RSUs granted to the Company s directors, in the amount of \$40,000 and \$9,000, respectively, using the aforementioned stock prices. Actual compensation costs recognized in future periods may vary based upon fluctuations in stock price and forfeitures.
Long Term Incentive Plan
Employee
The Company grants incentive awards pursuant to the 2012 Long Term Incentive Plan (the 2012 Plan ). For awards granted in 2012 through 2014 the target amount of an award granted was based on a percentage of each employee s annual base salary ranging from 18% to 85%. Each award is comprised of a Performance Award and an Employment Award. For awards granted in 2010 through 2012, the Performance Award and the Employment Award each constituted half of the award. For awards granted in 2013 and 2014, the Performance Award constituted 60% of the award and the Employment Award constituted 40% of the award. The Performance Award is based on the Company s achievement of a predetermined cash flow goal and an adjusted EBITDA goal over a three year performance period.
In the first quarter of 2010, the Company granted incentive compensation ranging from \$25,000 to \$536,000 per employee. The 50% Employment Awards vested and were settled in cash on August 31, 2012, in the amount of \$1.2 million. A portion of the Performance Awards vested on December 31, 2012, and was settled during the first quarter of 2013 in the amount of \$640,000; the remainder did not vest.

In the second quarter of 2011, the Company granted incentive compensation ranging from \$23,000 to \$550,000 per employee. The 50% Employment Awards vested on August 31, 2013, and were settled in cash on September 6, 2013, in the aggregate amount of \$1.5 million. The

Performance Awards vested on December 31, 2013, and were settled in cash in the amount of \$1.6 million on March 14, 2014.

In the first quarter of 2012, the Company granted incentive compensation ranging from \$22,000 to \$652,000 per employee. Each of the 50% Employment Awards will vest on August 31, 2014, subject to continued employment, and will be settled in cash by September 30, 2014. Each of the 50% Performance Awards will vest on December 31, 2014, subject to the Company s achievement of financial performance criteria, and will be settled in cash by the later of January 30, 2015, or 15 days after the Company issues its audited financials for 2014, but no later than March 15, 2015. Each award is also subject to earlier pro rata settlement as provided in the 2012 Plan.

In the first quarter of 2013, the Company granted incentive compensation ranging from \$20,000 to \$680,000 per employee. Each of the 40% Employment Awards, subject to continued employment, and each of the 60% Performance Awards, subject to the Company s achievement of financial performance criteria, will vest on December 31, 2015, and be settled in cash the later of January 30, 2016, or 15 days after the Company issues its audited financials for 2015, but no later than March 15, 2016. Each award is also subject to earlier pro rata settlement as provided in the 2012 Plan.

In the first quarter of 2014, the Company granted incentive compensation ranging from \$27,000 to \$707,000 per employee. Each of the 40% Employment Awards, subject to continued employment, and each of the 60% Performance Awards, subject to the Company s achievement of financial performance criteria, will vest on December 31, 2016, and be settled in cash the later of January 30, 2017, or 15 days after the Company issues its audited financials for 2016, but no later than March 15, 2017. Each award is also subject to earlier pro rata settlement as provided in the 2012 Plan.

Directors

During the third quarter of 2012, the Company entered into LTI Agreements granting \$20,000 incentive compensation to each director, who is not an employee of the Company or Hallmark Cards or their respective subsidiaries subject to continued membership

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on the board. On December 31, 2012, the performance criteria were achieved and on August 16, 2013, the awards vested. On August 23, 2013, the awards were settled in cash in the aggregate amount of \$132,000.

Additionally, in August 2012, the Company entered into LTI Agreements granting \$50,000 incentive compensation to each director, who is not an employee of the Company or Hallmark Cards or their respective subsidiaries subject to continued membership on the board through December 31, 2014, the vesting date, and achievement of the financial performance criteria. Each of the awards will be settled in cash by the later of January 30, 2015, or 15 days after the Company issues its audited financials for 2014, but no later than March 15, 2015.

In March 2013, the Company entered into LTI agreements granting \$50,000 incentive compensation to each director, who is not an employee of the Company or Hallmark Cards or their respective subsidiaries subject to continued membership on the board through December 31, 2015, the vesting date, and achievement of the financial performance criteria. Each award will be settled in cash by the later of January 30, 2016, or 15 days after the Company issues its audited financials for 2015, but no later than March 15, 2016. Each award is also subject to earlier pro rata settlement as provided in each LTI Agreement.

During the third quarter of 2013, the Company entered into LTI Agreements granting \$35,000 incentive compensation to each director, who is not an employee of the Company or Hallmark Cards or their respective subsidiaries subject to continued membership on the board through August 15, 2014. The related financial performance criteria for 2013 were achieved. As each independent director must continue to perform service through August 15, 2014, the vesting date, the Company has recognized, and will continue to recognize, expense over the service period. Each award is also subject to earlier pro rata settlement as provided in each LTI Agreement. The Performance Awards of \$262,000 will be settled in cash in August 2014.

In March 2014, the Company entered into LTI agreements granting \$50,000 incentive compensation to each director, who is not an employee of the Company or Hallmark Cards or their respective subsidiaries subject to continued membership on the board through December 31, 2016, the vesting date, and achievement of the financial performance criteria. Each award will be settled in cash by the later of January 30, 2017, or 15 days after the Company issues its audited financials for 2016, but no later than March 15, 2017. Each award is also subject to earlier pro rata settlement as provided in each LTI Agreement.

Vesting

Vesting of the 2012, 2013 and 2014 LTI Performance Awards will be determined in accordance with the Company performance criteria concerning adjusted EBITDA and cash flow and subject to earlier pro rata settlement as provided in the 2012 Plan.

In recognition of these LTI Agreements, the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations include \$1.0 million among selling, general and administrative expense for both the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014. In recognition of these LTI Agreements, the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations include \$1.7 million and \$1.9 million in selling, general and administrative expense for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively. Additionally, the \$5.1 million and \$5.4 million liabilities for these agreements were included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets at December 31, 2013, and June 30, 2014, respectively.

#### 7. Fair Value

The following table presents the carrying amounts and estimated fair values of the Company s financial instruments at December 31, 2013 and June 30, 2014.

	Decembe	r 31, 201	3		June 3					
	Carrying Fair Amount Value									
		(In thousands)								
Term Loan and interest payable (Level 3)	\$ 154,347	\$	150,894	\$	129,529	\$	127,333			
The Notes and interest payable (Level 2)	314,438		355,026		314,438		352,737			

ASC Topic 820 Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures defines fair value of a liability as the price that would be paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Company estimated the fair value of the Notes using the trading prices obtained from Bloomberg on December 31, 2013, and June 30, 2014, a Level 2 input, due to the limited amount of trading activity. The Company estimated the fair value of its Term Loan using a yield-to-maturity rate obtained from a pricing service, a Level 3 input.

At December 31, 2013, and June 30, 2014, the fair values of the Level 3 financial instruments were \$150.9 million and \$127.3 million, respectively. No transfers between levels occurred during 2013 and 2014.

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Accounts payable and receivable are carried at reasonable estimates of their fair values because of the short-term nature of these instruments. Interest rates on borrowings under the bank credit facility are for relatively short periods and variable. Therefore, the fair value of this debt is not significantly affected by fluctuations in interest rates. The credit spread on the debt is fixed, but the market rate will fluctuate. Only a significant change in the creditworthiness of the Company would impact the credit spread. The Company believes that there has not been a significant change in this regard since issuance.

#### 8. Commitments and Contingencies

In the normal course of business, the Company has entered into agreements that commit it to make cash payments in future periods with respect to non-cancelable leases and programming contracts.

#### Legal Proceedings

From time to time, the Company and/or various officers and directors may be named as defendants in legal actions involving various claims incident to the conduct of its business. Whenever the Company concludes that an adverse outcome in any such action is probable and a loss amount can reasonably be estimated, the Company records such loss amount. Related legal costs, net of anticipated insurance reimbursements, are expensed as incurred.

#### 9. Income Taxes

The Company files a separate-company federal tax return. In 2013, the Company generated federal and state taxable income for both regular tax and alternative minimum tax ( AMT ) purposes. For regular tax purposes, this income is fully offset by net operating loss carryforwards ( NOLs ). For federal AMT purposes, loss carryforwards used to offset the AMT income are subject to a 90% limitation.

During the three months ended March 31, 2013, the Company recognized AMT of \$453,000 and this amount was included as a component of accrued liabilities on the accompanying consolidated balance sheet. In April 2013, \$475,000 was paid. During the three months ended June 30, 2013, the Company recognized AMT of \$540,000. In June 2013, \$550,000 was paid.

During the three months ended March 31, 2014, the Company recognized AMT of \$385,000 and this amount is included as a component of accrued liabilities on the accompanying consolidated balance sheet. In April 2014, \$540,000 was paid. During the three months ended June 30, 2014, the Company recognized AMT of \$528,000. In June 2014, \$700,000 was paid.

As of December 31, 2013, the Company had federal NOL carry-forwards of \$571.6 million and various state NOL carry-forwards. The determination of the state NOL carry-forwards depends on apportionment percentages and state laws that can change from year to year and

impact the amount of such carry-forwards. If the Company does not generate sufficient taxable income, the federal NOLs will expire between 2019 and 2021 and the state NOLs will expire between 2014 and 2032.

At both December 31, 2013 and June 30, 2014, the total amount of unrecognized tax benefits for uncertain tax positions was \$0. The Company recognized no increase or decrease in the amount of unrecognized tax benefits for uncertain tax positions. Accordingly, at both December 31, 2013 and June 30, 2014, there is no accrued interest related to uncertain tax positions.

By virtue of its previous inclusion in Hallmark Cards consolidated tax group, the Company s NOLs are subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service for periods subsequent to March 10, 2003. Further, the NOL carryforwards are subject to examination in the year they are utilized regardless of whether the tax year in which they were generated has been closed by statute of limitations. The amount subject to disallowance is limited to the NOL utilized. Accordingly, the Company is subject to examination for NOLs generated prior to March 11, 2003.

#### 10. Subsequent Event

On July 22, 2014, the Company executed an amendment to its Chicago, Illinois, office space lease.

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#### ITEM 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis of the Company s financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes included in Part I, Item 1 in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. The following analysis contains forward-looking statements about our future revenue, operating results and expectations. See Risk Factors and Forward Looking Statements in Part I, Item 1A, in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013, and below for a discussion of the risks, assumptions and uncertainties affecting these statements.

#### **Description of Business and Overview**

#### **Current Business**

We own and operate pay television Networks, each of which is dedicated to high-quality entertainment programming for families. Hallmark Channel features popular television series such as *Golden Girls, The Middle* and *Home Improvement* as well as original series such as *Cedar Cove, When Calls the Heart* and *Signed, Sealed, Delivered*, and movies with compelling stories and internationally recognized stars. It also features lifestyle programming currently featuring *Home and Family*. Hallmark Movie Channel is a cable network dedicated to offering movies appropriate for the entire family, consisting primarily of original movies, classic theatrical films, and presentations from the award-winning Hallmark Hall of Fame collection as well as other long form television programming. Consistent with the Hallmark brand, both Networks are preeminent sources of holiday programming, with Hallmark Channel often ranking first among cable networks for movies during the Christmas holiday season.

Reaching 86 million subscribers as of June 30, 2014, Hallmark Channel is one of the most widely distributed independent networks in the United States. Hallmark Movie Channel is one of the fastest-growing cable networks, reaching more than 54 million subscribers as of June 30, 2014.

We believe that we have established these Networks as destinations for viewers seeking outstanding family entertainment and as attractive outlets for advertisers seeking to target these viewers.

Programming acquired from third parties is an important component of our Networks as we continually develop and refine our programming strategy. This programming includes original series and movies and lifestyle programming produced specifically for us by a variety of experienced television production companies and theatrical movies and off network television series licensed to us by major studios and distributors. Our agreements for original series and movies and lifestyle programming typically provide for exclusive rights in the United States in all media for periods ranging from eight years to perpetuity. Our license agreements for theatrical films and off-network programming usually give us more limited rights to exhibit the programming on our Networks and in other media, over a period of five or more years. From time to time, we also exhibit excerpts of certain programming on our website.

Hallmark Channel and Hallmark Movie Channel are currently distributed to approximately 83% and 52%, respectively, of all United States pay television subscribers. We currently distribute (a) Hallmark Channel through approximately 5,286 cable, satellite and other pay television distribution systems and (b) Hallmark Movie Channel through approximately 3,743 such systems.

Five of our distributors each accounted for more than 10%, and together accounted for a total of 88% of our consolidated subscriber revenue for both the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively. Two of our distributors each accounted for approximately 15% or more of our consolidated subscribers at June 30, 2014, and together accounted for 45% of our consolidated subscribers on that date. Four of our programming content providers each accounted for more than 10% of our total license fees payable for the six months ended June 30, 2014, and together accounted for a total of 74% of the consolidated programming liability.

We view a subscriber as a household that receives, on a full or part-time basis, a Network as part of a program package or a program tier of a distributor. We determine our Hallmark Channel and Hallmark Movie Channel subscribers from subscriber numbers reported by Nielsen. Subscribers include both viewers who pay a monthly fee for the tier programming and so-called promotional subscribers who are given free access to the tier by the distributor for a limited time.

We license the trademark Hallmark for use on our Networks pursuant to trademark license agreements with a subsidiary of Hallmark Cards. We believe that the use of this trademark is extremely important for our Networks due to the substantial name recognition and favorable characteristics associated with the name.

#### **Current Challenges**

The Company faces numerous operating challenges. Among such challenges are maintaining and increasing viewership ratings, advertising revenue, and the distribution of the Networks, and controlling costs and expenses.

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Ratings
Ratings success plays a significant role in our ability to achieve our distribution and advertising goals. We believe our ratings are affected by our ability to (i) acquire and produce series and original movies that appeal to our target demographic and (ii) develop a programming schedule that attracts a high number of viewers. Original productions are our most high profile programs and generate Hallmark Channel s highest ratings. To Company has typically incurred additional marketing and promotional expenses to help drive higher ratings for original programming such as for the series <i>Cedar Cove</i> in 2013 and 2014 and <i>When Calls the Heart</i> and <i>Signed, Sealed, Delivered</i> in 2014. We plan to maintain or increase the number of our original productions and develop a programming schedule that attracts a greater number of viewers in our target demographic all while controlling the costs and expenses relating to these actions.
Advertising Revenue
During the three months ended June 30, 2014, CPMs for commitments in the 2013/2014 Scatter Market for Hallmark Channel were 43% greater than the CPMs for commitments during the 2013/2014 Upfront Season and were 17% higher than achieved during the three months ended June 30, 2013 during the 2012/2013 Scatter Market. During the three months ended June 30, 2014, CPMs for commitments in the 2013/2014 Scatter Market for Hallmark Movie Channel were 31% greater than the CPMs for commitments during the 2013/2014 Upfront Season and 19% higher than achieved during the three months ended June 30, 2013 during the 2012/2013 Scatter Market.
Our direct response rates for Hallmark Channel during the three months ended June 30, 2014, were 8% higher than those during the three months ended June 30, 2013. Our direct response rates for Hallmark Movie Channel during the three months ended June 30, 2014, were 27% higher than those during the three months ended June 30, 2013.
During the 2012/2013 and the 2013/2014 Upfront Seasons, we entered into agreements with major advertising firms covering approximately 39% and 44% of our advertising inventory, respectively, for Hallmark Channel. Advertising units committed during the 2013/2014 Upfront Season for Hallmark Channel were at CPMs 4% higher than the CPMs for those committed during the 2012/2013 Upfront Season, reflecting, in part, increases in rates related to our lifestyle programming block. We sold the balance of our 2013/2014 broadcast season inventory in the Scatter Market.
During the 2012/2013 and the 2013/2014 Upfront Seasons, Hallmark Movie Channel entered into advertising commitments for approximately 28% and 32% of its advertising inventory, respectively. Advertising units committed during the 2013/2014 Upfront Season for Hallmark Movie Channel were at CPMs 5% higher than the CPMs for those committed during the 2012/2013 Upfront Season.
Each advertiser with an upfront contract has the option to terminate its contract, as well as an option to expand its commitment. During the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, Hallmark Channel experienced cancellation rates of approximately 7% and 10%, respectively. During the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, Hallmark Movie Channel experienced cancellation rates of approximately 12% and 11%, respectively.

Distribution

Distribution agreements with multiple systems operators are important because they affect our number of subscribers, which in turn has a major impact on our subscriber fees, the number of persons viewing our programming, and the rates charged for advertising. Our long-term distribution challenge will be obtaining favorable renewals of our major distribution agreements as they expire. Our major distribution agreements have terms which expire at various times from December 2015 through December 2032.

The universe of cable and satellite TV subscribers in the United States is approximately 104 million homes. The top 30 cable TV networks in the United States, measured by the number of subscribers, have 95 million or more subscribers. It is a mature market with relatively high penetration. According to Nielsen, at June 30, 2014, Hallmark Channel and Hallmark Movie Channel were distributed to 86 million subscribers and 54.1 million subscribers, respectively.

The emergence of new digital technologies, industry standards, and viewer preferences, require us to update the methods we use to distribute and deliver our programming to viewers, adopting some technologies and discarding others. We are increasingly providing programming to consumers on-demand through the authenticated services of our distributors, our own on-line presence and other electronic resellers. We continue to seek revenue opportunities from the increasing number of persons viewing our content on these platforms while controlling the costs incurred.

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Demographics
Each pay television network attracts a different audience with different viewer demographics ( <i>i.e.</i> , viewers categorized by characteristics such as age, gender and income). As a result, advertisers are able to target the specific groups of viewers who are most likely to purchase their products by advertising on networks which attract the desired viewer demographic.
We believe that the key demographics for Hallmark Channel and Hallmark Movie Channel are the viewers in the groups—adults aged 25 to 54 and women aged 25 to 54. The average viewing age for Hallmark Channel was 56.3 and 59.2 for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively. The average viewing age for Hallmark Movie Channel was 63.5 and 65+ for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively. In order to achieve our revenue goals, we need to draw in our target audience.
Tax Sharing Agreement
The Internal Revenue Service is currently reviewing the Hallmark consolidated federal tax returns for 2010 and 2011. An increase to taxable income attributable to the Company could result in a reimbursement by the Company pursuant to our tax sharing agreement with Hallmark Cards. A Revenue Agent s Report (RAR) has been issued with no liability attributable to the Company. The RAR will be outstanding until it approved by the Joint Committee of Taxation (committee required to approve the refunds identified that generally come from complex returns involving carrybacks of losses or credits, claims for refund, or taxpayer-favorable audit adjustments).
Additionally, a Los Angeles business license tax audit for 2011 and 2012 is currently being conducted. Audits for the state of New York for 2009 through 2011 and New York City for 2011 and 2012 are also in process. These audits could result in additional tax expense to the Company; although no issues have been identified and no liabilities have been currently proposed.
Revenue from Continuing Operations
Our revenue consists of advertising fees and subscriber fees.
Advertising
We earn advertising revenue in the form of spot or general rate advertising and direct response advertising. Spot advertisements and direct response advertisements are generally 30 seconds long and are aired during or between programs. Spot advertisements are priced at a rate per thousand viewers ( <i>i.e.</i> , the CPM) and almost always include the Company s commitment to deliver a specified number of viewers. Our revenue from direct response advertising varies in proportion to the direct sales achieved by the advertiser in response to the advertising. It is sold

without ratings or product sales commitments. Our advertising revenue is affected by the mix of these forms of advertising. Advertising rates

also vary by time of year due to seasonal changes in television viewership.

Advertising revenue is recorded net of ADUs. Whenever spot advertising is aired in programs that do not achieve promised viewership ratings, we issue ADUs which provide the advertiser with additional spots at no additional cost to make up for the shortfall. We defer a pro rata amount of advertising revenue and recognize a like amount as a liability for programs that do not achieve promised viewership ratings. When the make-good spots are subsequently aired, revenue is recognized and the liability is reduced. The level of inventory that is utilized for our ADU liability varies over time and is influenced by prior fluctuations in our under-delivery, if any, of viewers against promised ratings as well as the rate at which we and our customers mutually agree to utilize the ADUs.

We typically commit approximately 40% to 45% of our Networks advertising inventory in the Upfront Season. We hold back a small percentage of our inventory for ADUs and commit the remainder in the spot or Scatter Market and to advertisers that purchase up-front inventory on a calendar year basis.

The volume of advertising inventory that we have available for sale is determined by our chosen commercial load per hour and the number of broadcast hours in which we air licensed program content. Our Networks are broadcast 24 hours per day. Our need to reserve inventory for the use of ADUs reduces the amount of advertising inventory available for cash sales.

We have advertising sales offices in New York, Los Angeles, Chicago, and Atlanta. In addition, we have made significant investments in programming, research, marketing and promotions, all specifically designed to support the sale of advertising time on our Networks.

#### **Subscriber Fees**

Subscriber fees are payable to us on a per subscriber basis by pay television distributors for the right to carry our Networks. The fees we receive per subscriber vary with changes in the following factors, among others:

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• the degree of competition in the market;		

- the relative position in the market of the distributor and the popularity of the Network;
- the packaging arrangements for the Network; and
- length of the contract term and other commercial terms.

We are in continuous negotiations with our existing distributors to have our Networks placed in packages with a greater number of subscribers, thereby increasing our subscriber base and enhancing our opportunities to generate advertising revenue. We have been subject to requests by major distributors to pay promotion and placement fees to help fund the distributors efforts to market our Networks. Fees that we pay to a distributor are capitalized and amortized over the term of the applicable distribution agreement as a reduction in subscriber fee revenue. At the time we sign a distribution agreement, and periodically thereafter, we evaluate the recoverability of the costs we incur against the incremental revenue directly and indirectly associated with each agreement.

Our Networks are usually offered as one of a number of networks on either a basic tier or part of other program packages and are not generally offered on a stand-alone basis. Thus, while cable or satellite customers may subscribe and unsubscribe to the tiers and program packages in which one of our Networks is placed, these customers do not subscribe and unsubscribe to our Networks alone.

Each Network subscriber count depends on the number of distributors carrying the Network, the size of such distributors, and the program tiers on which the Network is carried by these distributors. From time to time, we experience increases or decreases in the number of subscribers as promotional periods end, as distributors reposition the Networks from one tier or package to another, or as a distributor arrangement is amended or terminated by us or the distributor. Management analyzes the estimated effect each new or amended distribution agreement will have on revenue and costs.

#### **Cost of Services**

Our cost of services consists primarily of the amortization of programming rights, the cost of signal distribution and the cost of promotional segments that are aired between programs.

#### Critical Accounting Policies, Judgments and Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires the Company to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

For further information regarding our critical accounting policies, judgments and estimates, please see Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Estimates in Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and Critical Accounting Policies, Judgments and Estimates in Item 7 of the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K as filed with the SEC for the year ended December 31, 2013.

#### **Effects of Transactions with Related and Certain Other Parties**

In 2014 and in prior years, we entered into a number of significant transactions with Hallmark Cards and certain of its subsidiaries. These transactions include, among other things, trademark licenses, program licenses, and an administrative services agreement. A summary of the terms and financial impact of these transactions is described in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K as filed with the SEC for the year ended December 31, 2013 and in the footnotes to the financial statements included in this Current Report.

#### Selected Historical Consolidated Financial Data of Crown Media Holdings

In the table below, we provide selected historical condensed consolidated financial and other data of Crown Media Holdings and its subsidiaries. The following selected condensed consolidated statement of operations data for three and six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, are derived from the unaudited financial statements of Crown Media Holdings and its subsidiaries. Ratings and subscriber information is also unaudited. This data should be read together with the condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

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	1	Three Months I	Ended	June 30, 2014	Percentage Change 2014 vs. 2013	Six Months E 2013	nded .	June 30, 2014	Percentage Change 2014 vs. 2013
Revenue:									
Advertising	\$	68,706	\$	75,826	10% \$	133,948	\$	145,207	8%
Subscriber fees		20,597		20,957	2%	40,746		41,971	3%
Other revenue		172		570	231%	341		850	149%
Total revenue		89,475		97,353	9%	175,035		188,028	7%
Cost of Services:									
Programming costs		32,329		37,471	16%	64,021		77,632	21%
Operating costs		3,850		4,215	9%	7,172		7,783	9%
Total cost of services		36,179		41,686	15%	71,193		85,415	20%
Selling, general and administrative									
expense		15,562		16,706	7%	30,982		33,215	7%
Marketing expense		1,054		3,693	250%	1,693		4,842	186%
Income before interest and income tax									
expense		36,680		35,268	-4%	71,167		64,556	-9%
Interest expense		(10,450)		(9,791)	-6%	(21,798)		(20,102)	-8%
Income before income tax expense and gain from sale of discontinued									
operations		26,230		25,477	-3%	49,369		44,454	-10%
Income tax provision		(9,714)		(9,515)	-2%	(18,320)		(16,454)	-10%
Net income	\$	16,516	\$	15,962	-3% \$	31,049	\$	28,000	-10%
Tet meome	Ψ	10,510	Ψ	13,702	576 Ψ	31,017	Ψ	20,000	1070
Cash Flow Data:									
Net cash provided by operating									
activities	\$	27,518	\$	32,381	18% \$	21,542	\$	36,950	72%
Net cash used in investing activities	\$	(605)	\$	(1,115)	84% \$	(856)	\$	(1,280)	50%
Net cash used in financing activities	\$	(750)	\$	(322)	-57% \$	(19,959)	\$	(25,642)	28%
Other Data (Unaudited):		(111)	•	(- )		( - ) )		( - ) -	
HC day household ratings (1)(3)(4)		0.4		0.4	9%	0.4		0.4	5%
HC primetime household ratings									
(2)(3)(4)		0.5		0.6	18%	0.5		0.6	15%
HMC day household ratings (1)(3)(4)		0.3		0.3	7%	0.3		0.4	18%
HMC primetime household ratings									
(2)(3)(4)		0.4		0.5	14%	0.4		0.5	18%
HC day W25-54 ratings (1)(3)(4)		0.2		0.2	-2%	0.2		0.2	-6%
HC primetime W25-54 ratings									
(2)(3)(4)		0.2		0.3	13%	0.3		0.3	5%
HMC day W25-54 ratings (1)(3)(4)		0.1		0.1	-26%	0.1		0.1	-10%
HMC primetime W25-54 ratings									
(2)(3)(4)		0.1		0.1	-11%	0.1		0.1	-1%
HC subscribers at period end (4)		86,586		86,025	-1%	86,586		86,025	-1%
HMC subscribers at period end (4)		51,570		54,078	5%	51,570		54,078	5%

<sup>(1)</sup> Total day means the time period that Nielsen measures each individual day, 6 a.m. to 6 a.m.

<sup>(2)</sup> Primetime is defined as 8:00 - 11:00 P.M. in the United States.

<sup>(3)</sup> These Nielsen ratings are for the time period April 1 through June 30, 2013 as compared to March 31 through June 29, 2014 and December 30, 2013 through June 29, 2014 as compared to December 31, 2012 through June 30, 2013.

<sup>(4)</sup> HC represents Hallmark Channel and HMC represents Hallmark Movie Channel.

Ratings and subscribers are reported by The Nielsen Company.

Results of Operations
Three Months Ended June 30, 2013 Compared to Three Months Ended June 30, 2014
Revenue. Our revenue from continuing operations comprised primarily of advertising and subscriber fees, increased \$7.9 million or 9% during the second quarter of 2014 as compared to the second quarter of 2013.
The \$7.1 million or 10% increase in advertising revenue is due to rate increases on both channels, offset, in part, by decreases in ratings in our key demographics on Hallmark Movie Channel. Advertising revenue from the Hallmark Movie Channel was \$14.2 million and \$16.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively.

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Our subscriber fee revenue increased \$360,000 or 2% due to rate increases under certain distribution agreements. The amount of promotion and placement fees that was recorded as a reduction of subscriber fee revenue was approximately \$263,000 for both the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively.

Cost of services. Cost of services as a percent of revenue increased to 43% during the three months ended June 30, 2014, as compared to 40% for the three months ended June 30, 2013. This increase results primarily from the effects of the 16% increase in programming costs, discussed below, offset, in part, by the 10% increase in advertising revenue discussed above.

Programming costs increased \$5.1 million or 16% during the three months ended June 30, 2014, compared to the three months ended June 30, 2013, due to the amortization of the costs related to our original series *Signed, Sealed, Delivered*. We believe that our 2014 programming costs will continue to exceed our 2013 programming costs. Operating costs for the three months ended June 30, 2014, increased \$365,000 over the three months ended June 30, 2014, primarily due to increases in employee costs, graphics, playback and uplink, photography and outside services, offset, in part by decreases in residual and bad debt expense. Bad debt expense decreased from \$245,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2013, to \$108,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2014.

Selling, general and administrative expense. Our selling, general and administrative expense for the three months ended June 30, 2014, increased \$1.1 million or 7% from the three months ended June 30, 2013, primarily due to a \$1.0 million or 13% increase in employee costs, including contingent compensation, and increases in amortization, depreciation and rent expenses.

*Marketing expense*. Our marketing expense increased \$2.6 million or 250% during second quarter of 2014 versus the second quarter of 2013 due to marketing expenses surrounding original programming, *Signed, Sealed, Delivered*.

*Interest expense.* Interest expense decreased 6% or \$659,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2014, as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2013. The decrease reflects a \$40.9 million (principal amounts reduced from June 2013 through June 2014) reduction in the principal outstanding under the Term Loan. Interest expense on the Term Loan was \$2.0 million and \$1.6 million for the quarters ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively.

*Income tax provision.* Provision for income tax of \$9.7 million and \$9.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively, reflect corresponding effective tax rates of 37.0% and 37.3% for the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively. A significant portion of each provision consists of a deferred component that represents a non-cash expense.

Six Months Ended June 30, 2013 Compared to Six Months Ended June 30, 2014

*Revenue.* Our revenue from continuing operations comprised primarily of advertising and subscriber fees, increased \$13.0 million or 7% during the six months ended June 30, 2014, as compared to the prior year period primarily as a result of an increase in our advertising revenue.

The \$11.3 million or 8% increase in advertising revenue is due to rate increases on both channels.

Our subscriber fee revenue increased \$1.2 million or 3% due to rate increases under certain distribution agreements. The amount of promotion and placement fees that was recorded as a reduction of subscriber fee revenue was approximately \$525,000 and \$527,000 for six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively.

Cost of services. Cost of services as a percent of revenue increased to 45% during the six months ended June 30, 2014, as compared to 41% for the six months ended June 30, 2013. This increase results primarily from the effects of the 21% increase in programming costs, discussed below, offset, in part, by the 8% increase in advertising revenue discussed above.

Programming costs increased \$13.6 million or 21% during the six months ended June 30, 2014, compared to the six months ended June 30, 2013, due to the amortization of the costs related to our original series *When Calls the Heart* and *Signed, Sealed, Delivered* and our special *Kitten Bowl*. Operating costs increased \$611,000 during the six months ended June 30, 2014, compared to the six months ended June 30, 2013, primarily due to increases in employee costs, graphics, playback and uplink, photography and outside services, offset, in part by decreases in residual and bad debt expense. Bad debt expense decreased from \$290,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2013, to \$113,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2014.

*Selling, general and administrative expense.* Our selling, general and administrative expense for the six months ended June 30, 2014, increased \$2.2 million or 7% from the six months ended June 30, 2013, primarily due to a \$2.1 million or 14% increase in employee costs, including contingent compensation and severance expense, and increases in amortization, depreciation and rent expense.

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Marketing expense. Our marketing expense increased \$3.1 million or 186% during the six months ended June 30, 2014 versus the six months ended June 30, 2013 due to the timing of our marketing expenses surrounding original programming, When Calls the Heart and Signed, Sealed, Delivered

*Interest expense.* Interest expense decreased \$1.7 million or 8% for the six months ended June 30, 2014, as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2013. The decrease reflects (i) a \$58.2 million (principal amounts reduced from March 2013 through June 2014) reduction in the principal outstanding under the Term Loan and (ii) a reduction in the effective interest rate. Interest expense on the Term Loan was \$4.9 million and \$3.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively.

*Income tax provision*. Provision for income tax of \$18.3 million and \$16.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively, reflect corresponding effective tax rates of 37.1% and 37.0% for the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively. A significant portion of each provision consists of a deferred component that represents a non-cash expense.

#### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

Cash Flow from Operating Activities. Cash provided by operating activities was \$21.5 million and \$37.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively. The Company had net income of \$31.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013, as compared to \$28.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014. Our depreciation and amortization expense for the six months ended June 30, 2014 increased \$14.0 million due to the amortization of 100% of the costs related to our original series When Calls the Heart and Signed, Sealed, Delivered. The Company made interest payments of \$4.4 million and \$2.9 million, respectively, under the Term Loan for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014. The Company made programming payments of \$92.6 million and \$96.5 million during the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively. The Company had cash receipts of \$184.1 million and \$206.2 million during the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively.

Cash Flow from Investing Activities. Cash used in investing activities was \$856,000 and \$1.3 million during the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively. The increase is due to the renovation of a new floor in the Studio City, California office.

Cash Flow from Financing Activities. Cash used in financing activities was \$20.0 million and \$25.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively. The increase was primarily due to an increase in principal payments made on the Term Loan of \$7.2 million, partially offset by a \$1.1 million payment of debt issuance costs made in conjunction with Amendment No. 1 and \$430,000 of debt discount in 2013.

Principal Uses of Cash. The Company s management anticipates that the principal uses of cash during the twelve month period ending June 30, 2015 will include the payment of operating expenses, accounts payable and accrued expenses, programming costs, interest of approximately \$36.8 million under the Term Loan and Notes, and such additional principal payments made from excess cash flows as defined, as may become due under the Term Loan. The Company believes that cash on hand, cash generated by operations, and borrowing available under its credit facility, will be sufficient to fund the Company s operations and enable the Company to meet its liquidity needs through June 30, 2015.

We may from time to time seek to retire or purchase our outstanding debt through cash purchases, privately negotiated transactions or otherwise. Such repurchases, if any, will depend on prevailing market conditions, our liquidity requirements, contractual restrictions and other factors. The amounts involved may be material. We may use a substantial portion of our free cash over the course of the next year to repurchase our outstanding Notes and/or to accelerate the repayment of our Term Loan. The amount of Notes we actually repurchase, if any, is dependent on market conditions and the amount of cash permitted for such repurchases under our outstanding credit facility. Among other methods for deleveraging, we may enter into one or more 10b5-1 trading plans, which would enable us to regularly repurchase a certain amount of Notes under pre-determined terms and conditions. There can be no assurance that we will accelerate our Term Loan repayment or repurchase any Notes through such plans or otherwise.

*Credit Facilities and Term Loan.* On March 29, 2013, the Company and the related lender syndicate amended the Company s credit agreement dated July 14, 2011. Among other things, the amendment served to (i) reduce the nominal interest rates applicable to principal owed by the Company and (ii) extend the maturity of the \$30.0 million revolving credit facility.

The amendment also served to modify the lender syndicate supporting the Term Loan. For financial reporting purposes, the Company treated the transaction as a modification, as the present value of the cash flows did not substantially change.

In connection with the amendment, the Company incurred costs of approximately \$1.8 million. These costs included (i) a 0.25%, \$430,000 discount paid to all members of the lender syndicate and (ii) \$1.1 million of debt issuance costs paid to creditors, all of which have been capitalized with respect to the Term Loan and are being amortized along with previously unamortized amounts related to syndicate members. Third-party debt issuance costs of \$260,000 were expensed and are included in selling, general and

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administrative expense in the accompanying condensed consolidated statement of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2013.

The amendment reduced the Company s minimum rate on LIBOR borrowings under the Term Loan from 5.75% to 4.00% (the latter comprising a LIBOR floor of 1.00% plus an applicable rate of 3.00%). The LIBOR floor was reduced by 25 basis points and the applicable rate was reduced by 150 basis points. The July 14, 2018 maturity date for the Term Loan facility remains unchanged.

In both June 2013 and September 2013, the Company made quarterly principal payments of \$430,000. In September 2013, the Company made a voluntary principal payment of \$15.0 million, after which it is no longer required to make quarterly principal payments. The Company continues to be subject to requirements to remit additional principal payments in amounts equal to: (1) 50% of excess cash flow (as defined in the amended credit agreement) as determined annually, which percentage will be reduced to 25% if the consolidated leverage ratio (as defined in the amended credit agreement) is equal to or less than 4.25 to 1 but greater than 3.25 to 1, and 0% if the consolidated leverage ratio is equal to or less than 3.25 to 1, respectively; (2) 100% of net cash proceeds resulting from dispositions or casualty events if such proceeds have not been reinvested within one year after the occurrence of the disposition or casualty event; and (3) 100% of net cash proceeds from issuance of debt or preferred stock not otherwise permitted by the amended credit agreement.

Under the amended revolving credit facility, the maturity was extended from July 14, 2016, to January 14, 2018. The interest rate applicable to future borrowings, if any, was also reduced. At December 31, 2013, and June 30, 2014, the Company had no outstanding borrowings under the revolving credit facility.

The covenants in the amended credit agreement continue to limit the ability of Crown Media Holdings and certain of its subsidiaries to (1) incur indebtedness; (2) create or permit liens on assets; (3) make certain dividends, stock repurchases and redemptions and other restricted payments; (4) make certain investments; (5) prepay indebtedness; (6) enter into certain transactions with Crown Media Holdings affiliates; (7) dispose of substantially all of the assets of Crown Media Holdings; (8) merge or consolidate; (9) enter into new unrelated lines of businesses; and (10) enter into sale and leaseback transactions. The amended credit agreement also requires compliance with a maximum total leverage ratio test and a maximum total secured leverage ratio test, but permits, with certain limitations, certain equity contributions to be made to Crown Media Holdings to enhance its ability to comply with such ratio tests.

The amended credit agreement contains a number of affirmative and negative covenants. The Company was in compliance with these covenants as of June 30, 2014.

At December 31, 2013, and June 30, 2014, the outstanding balance under the Term Loan, net of unamortized discount, was \$154.3 million and \$129.5 million, respectively. The Company made principal payments of \$430,000 and \$0 under the Term Loan during the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively. The Company made principal payments of \$17.8 million and \$25.0 million under the Term Loan during the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively.

Interest expense under the Term Loan was \$2.0 million and \$1.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively. The effective interest rate was approximately 4.84% and 5.04% during the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively. The weighted average nominal interest rate was approximately 4.09% and 4.06% during the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively.

Interest expense under the Term Loan was \$4.9 million and \$3.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively. The effective interest rate was approximately 5.64% and 5.00% during the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively. The weighted average nominal interest rate was approximately 4.99% and 4.05% during the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively.

Interest expense under the revolving credit facility for both the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, was \$0. One letter of credit was outstanding in the amount of \$202,000 at both December 31, 2013, and June 30, 2014. Commitment fees on the revolving credit facility are payable on the unused revolving credit commitment at the rate of 0.50% per annum, payable quarterly. Commitment fee expense for each of the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014 was \$37,000. Commitment fee expense for each of the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014 was \$75,000 and \$74,000, respectively.

*The Notes*. On July 14, 2011, the Company issued the Notes in a private placement conducted pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the Securities Act ). The Notes are guaranteed on a senior basis by each of Crown Media Holdings subsidiaries (the Guarantors ).

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Commencing January 15, 2012, interest on the Notes became payable each January 15th and July 15th. The Company is not required to make mandatory sinking fund payments with respect to the Notes.

The covenants in the related indenture (the Indenture) limit the ability of the Company to, among other things (1) incur additional debt; (2) pay dividends or make other restricted payments; (3) purchase, redeem or retire capital stock or subordinated debt; (4) make asset sales, including by way of sale leaseback transactions; (5) provide subsidiary guarantees; (6) enter into transactions with affiliates; (7) incur liens; (8) make investments; and (9) merge or consolidate with any other person. The Company was in compliance with these covenants as of June 30, 2014.

During any period in which the Notes have an investment grade rating from both Moody s and S&P (at least Baa3 by Moody s and BBB- by S&P), and no default has occurred and is continuing under the Indenture, Crown Media Holdings and its restricted subsidiaries will not be required to comply with the covenants in the Indenture that limit their ability to (1) incur additional debt; (2) pay dividends or make other restricted payments; (3) purchase, redeem or retire capital stock or subordinated debt; (4) make asset sales; (5) provide subsidiary guarantees; and (6) enter into transactions with affiliates.

Interest expense under the Notes was \$8.1 million for each of the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively. After giving effect to the amortization of associated debt issuance costs, the effective interest rate of the Notes was approximately 11.0% during the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014.

Interest expense under the Notes was \$16.1 million and \$16.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively. After giving effect to the amortization of associated debt issuance costs, the effective interest rate of the Notes was approximately 11.0% during the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2014.

Guarantees. Because Crown Media Holdings has no independent assets or operations, the guarantees by the subsidiary guarantors are full and unconditional, as well as joint and several. There are no subsidiaries of Crown Media Holdings that are not subsidiary guarantors. With certain exceptions described above, the Indenture and the Amended Credit Agreement impose restrictions on the payment of dividends by Crown Media Holdings and the subsidiary guarantors.

#### **Risk Factors and Forward-Looking Statements**

The discussion set forth in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains statements concerning potential future events. Such forward-looking statements are based on assumptions by Crown Media Holdings management, as of the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, including assumptions about risks and uncertainties faced by Crown Media Holdings. Readers can identify these forward-looking statements by their use of such verbs as expects, anticipates, believes, plans or similar verbs or conjugations of such verbs. If any of management s assumptions prove incorrect or should unanticipated circumstances arise, Crown Media Holdings actual results, levels of activity, performance, or achievements could differ materially from those anticipated by such forward-looking statements.

Among the factors that could cause actual results to differ materially are those discussed in the Company s filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC), including the Risk Factors stated in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013. Such Risk Factors include, but are not limited to, the following: competition for distribution of networks, viewers, advertisers and the acquisition of programming; fluctuations in the availability of programming; fluctuations in demand for programming which we air on our Networks; our ability to address our liquidity needs; and our substantial indebtedness affecting our financial condition and results.

Industry consolidation could adversely affect subscriber revenue.

Consolidation among cable television system operators has given the largest cable and satellite television systems considerable leverage in their relationships with programmers. Continued consolidation within the industry could reduce the number of distributors available to carry our programming, subject our subscriber fee revenue to greater volume discounts, and further increase the negotiating leverage of the cable and satellite television system operators which could have an adverse effect on our financial condition or results of operations.

#### **Available Information**

We will make available free of charge through our website, www.hallmarkchannel.com, the 2013 Annual Report on Form 10-K, our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, our Current Reports on Form 8-K, and amendments to such reports, as soon as reasonably practicable after we electronically file or furnish such material with the SEC.

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The filings are also available through the SEC at the SEC s Public Reference Room at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549 or by calling 1-800-SEC-0330. Also, these filings are available on the internet at www.sec.gov.

Additionally, we will make available, free of charge upon request, a copy of our Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, which is applicable to all of our employees, including our senior financial officers. Requests for a copy of this code should be addressed to the General Counsel at 12700 Ventura Boulevard, Studio City, California 91604.

#### Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

As of June 30, 2014, our cash had a fair value of \$73.8 million. The primary purpose of our investing activities has been to preserve principal until the cash is required to fund operations. Consequently, the size of this portfolio fluctuated significantly as cash was provided by and used in our business.

We have not used derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes. As of June 30, 2014, we are not hedged or otherwise protected against risks associated with any of our investing or financing activities.

#### We are exposed to market risk.

We are exposed to market risk, including changes to interest rates. To reduce the volatility relating to these exposures, we may enter into various derivative investment transactions in the near term pursuant to our investment and risk management policies and procedures in areas such as hedging and counterparty exposure practices. We have not used derivatives for speculative purposes.

If we use risk management control policies, there will be inherent risks that may only be partially offset by our hedging programs should there be any unfavorable movements in interest rates or equity investment prices.

The estimated exposure discussed below is intended to measure the maximum amount we could lose from adverse market movements in interest rates and equity investment prices, given a specified confidence level, over a given period of time. Loss is defined in the value at risk estimation as fair market value loss.

Our interest income and expense is subject to fluctuations in interest rates.

Our material interest bearing assets consisted of cash. The balance of our interest bearing assets was \$73.8 million, or 7% of total assets, as of June 30, 2014. Our material liability subject to interest rate risk consisted of our Term Loan. The balance of this liability was \$429.5 million, or 69% of total liabilities, as of June 30, 2014. Total net interest expense for the six months ended June 30, 2014, was \$20.1 million, 11%, of our total revenue. Our net interest expense for the Term Loan is sensitive to changes in the general level of interest rates, primarily U.S. and LIBOR interest rates. In this regard, changes in U.S. and LIBOR ( Eurodollar ) interest rates affect the fair value of interest bearing liabilities.

Our variable rate Term Loan is subject to an interest rate floor of 1.0% and a margin of 3.0%. Accordingly, if the relevant market interest rate had been 1% greater or lower, the effect on the Term Loan s effective interest rate and resulting interest expense for the period would have been negligible.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

#### a. Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management evaluated, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Based on this evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

### b. Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There was no change in the Company s internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended June 30, 2014, that materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company s internal control over financial reporting.

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#### PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

#### Item 1A. Risk Factors

You should carefully consider the risk factors discussed in Part I, Item 1A, Risk Factors and Forward-Looking Statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013, as we have updated such risk factors by the filing with the SEC of subsequent periodic and current reports from time to time, which factors could materially affect our business, financial condition, or future results. Such risks, however, are not the only risks facing our Company. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial also may materially adversely affect our business, financial condition, and/or reporting results.

#### Item 6. Exhibits

#### INDEX TO EXHIBITS

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Title
3.1	Amended and Restated By-Laws (previously filed as Exhibit 3.2 to our Registration Statement on Form S-1/A (Amendment No. 3) filed on April 5, 2000, Commission File No. 333-95573, and incorporated herein by reference).
3.2	Second Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Crown Media Holdings, Inc. (previously filed as Exhibit 3.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 1, 2010 and incorporated herein by reference).
3.3	Certificate of Designation, Powers, Preferences, Qualifications, Limitations, Restrictions and Relative Rights of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock of Crown Media Holdings, Inc. (previously filed as Exhibit 3.2 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 1, 2010 and incorporated herein by reference).
3.4	Third Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Crown Media Holdings, Inc. (previously filed as Exhibit 3.3 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 1, 2010 and incorporated herein by reference).
10.1	Severance Agreement, effective March 25, 2014, between Crown Media United States, LLC and Annie Howell (previously filed as Exhibit 10.1 to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on May 2, 2014 and incorporated herein by reference).*
31.1	Rule 13a-14(a) Certification executed by the Company s Chief Executive Officer.
31.2	Rule 13a-14(a) Certification executed by the Company s Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer.
32	Section 1350 Certification.
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101. DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

<sup>\*</sup> Management contract or compensating plan or arrangement.

Furnished, not filed.

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### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

# CROWN MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.

	Signature	Title	Date
By:	/s/ WILLIAM J. ABBOTT William J. Abbott	Principal Executive Officer	August 1, 2014
By:	/s/ ANDREW ROOKE Andrew Rooke	Principal Financial and Accounting Officer	August 1, 2014

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