XYRATEX LTD Form 6-K July 15, 2010

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 6-K

REPORT OF FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-16 OR 15d-16 UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

July 15, 2010 Commission File Number:0001284823

XYRATEX LTD

(Translation of registrant s name into English)

Langstone Road,
Havant
PO9 1SA
United Kingdom
(Address of principal executive offices)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover of Form 20-F or 40-F.

Form 20-F x Form 40-F o

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1) o

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7) o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant by furnishing the information contained in this Form is also thereby furnishing the information	ion to
the Commission pursuant to rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Yes o No x	
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If Yes is marked, indicate below the file number assigned to the registrant in connection with Rule 12g3-2(b): 82-	

NEWS RELEASE

Havant, UK July 15, 2010 Xyratex Ltd (Nasdaq: XRTX) today released the following financial information for the second quarter of its 2010 fiscal year, ending May 31, 2010:

- Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations
- Unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements

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MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

This section contains forward-looking statements. These statements relate to future events or our future financial performance and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results, levels of activity, performance or achievements to differ materially from any future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. These risks and other factors include those listed under Risk Factors and elsewhere in our Annual Report on Form 20-F as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as may, will, should, expects, intends, plans, anticipates, believes, estimates, predicts, potential, continue, or the negative of these terms or other completerminology. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot guarantee future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements.

Overview

We are a leading provider of modular enterprise-class data storage subsystems and storage process technology. We design, develop and manufacture enabling technology that provides our customers with data storage products to support high-performance storage and data communication networks. We operate in two business segments: Networked Storage Solutions (NSS) and Storage Infrastructure (SI).

Our NSS products are primarily hard disk drive (HDD) based storage subsystems, which we provide to Original Equipment Manufacturers (OEMs) and our SI products consist of disk drive manufacturing process equipment, which we sell directly to manufacturers of disk drives and disk drive components. We form long-term strategic relationships with our customers and we support them through our operations in the United States, Asia and Europe. In our 2009 fiscal year, sales to our top six customers, NetApp, Dell, IBM, Seagate Technology, Western Digital and Data Domain accounted for 87% of our revenues with sales to NetApp and Dell accounting for 48% and 15% of our revenues respectively. These were also our top six customers in the six months ended May 31, 2010, and accounted for 92% of our revenues with sales to NetApp, Seagate and Dell accounting for 43%, 15% and 14% of our revenues, respectively. We had 33 customers which individually contributed more than \$0.5 million to revenues in our 2009 fiscal year. We enter into joint development projects with our key customers and suppliers in order to research and introduce new technologies and products.

Revenues

We derive revenues primarily from the sale of our NSS products and our SI products. The sales of products in both these segments are impacted by underlying increases in the amount of digitally stored information.

Our NSS products consist primarily of HDD based storage subsystems. Our modular subsystem architecture enables us to support many segments within the networked storage market through our OEM customer base. Our revenues are primarily dependent on the worldwide storage systems market, the market share of our OEM customer base, particularly that of key customers, and changes in that customer base.

Our SI revenues are primarily derived from the sale of disk drive manufacturing process equipment directly to manufacturers of disk drives and disk drive components. We supply four main product lines in this segment: disk drive production test and qualification systems; media write systems; cleaning and contamination control equipment; and automation and factory control technology. Our SI revenues are specifically

affected by changes in shipped volume and increases in the individual storage capacity of disk drives. Revenues from these products are subject to significant fluctuations, particularly from quarter to quarter, as they are dependent on the capital investment decisions and installation schedules of our customers.

In our 2009 fiscal year, our NSS and SI revenues were impacted by the effects of upheaval in the financial markets on the macro-economic environment. This impact was particularly severe for the SI business as the disk drive manufacturers scaled back their production capacity in response to lower demand, particularly for personal computers. We saw customer demand increase in the second half of 2009 as underlying market conditions improved both for enterprise and consumer storage and that trend has continued into the first half of 2010 with a particularly significant increase in revenues and customer orders for SI products.

Over at least the past five years we have seen underlying growth in demand for NSS products from many of our OEM customers, which we believe relates to factors including increases in the amount of digitally stored information, increased IT spending, growth in the specific markets that our customers address and an increased market share of our customers. Commencing in 2009 we enabled our largest customer, NetApp, to source a proportion of the products we supply from an alternative supplier. This proportion is set at a maximum of 25% for our 2010 and 2011 fiscal years, but will increase in later periods. Over the longer term our revenues with our major customers will significantly depend on our ability to develop and manufacture products which compete well with those provided by contract manufacturers and these customers own development efforts.

Cost reduction exercise

We undertook a cost reduction exercise in the first half of 2009, in response to the changed economic environment in the final quarter of 2008. This exercise, which was completed in 2009, included a 13.1% reduction in our worldwide employee headcount, including an 18.2% reduction in our combined U.S. and U.K. employee headcount. The cost reduction activities resulted in restructuring costs of approximately \$6 million. Expenses have increased significantly in 2010 to support a significant increase in customer demand. This increase includes reinstating staff benefits such as the annual profit related bonus as well as an increase in headcount across our locations.

Foreign Exchange Rate Fluctuations

The functional currency for all our operations is U.S. dollars and the majority of our revenues and cost of revenues are denominated in U.S. dollars. A significant proportion (approximately \$64 million in our 2009 fiscal year) of our non-U.S. dollar operating expenses relates to payroll and other expenses of our U.K. operations. To a lesser extent we are also exposed to movements in the Malaysian Ringgit relative to the U.S. dollar. We manage our exchange rate exposures through the use of forward foreign currency exchange contracts and option agreements. By using these derivative instruments, increases or decreases in our U.K. pound operating expenses resulting from changes in the U.S. dollar to U.K. pound exchange rate are partially offset by realized gains and losses on the derivative instruments.

Over our last three fiscal years there has been significant volatility in the exchange rate between the U.K. pound and the U.S. dollar. We have hedged the majority of our exposure to this exchange rate movement for approximately one year ahead and we are particularly impacted by the movement in average annual exchange rates in the prior fiscal year. The average value of the U.K. pound relative to the U.S. dollar declined by 20% from 2008 to 2009. This movement will reduce 2010 operating expenses by approximately \$11 million, subject to the impact of future movement of exchange rates on those expenses which are not hedged.

Gross Profit

Our gross profit margins change primarily as a result of fluctuations in our product mix. Our gross margins also change as a result of changes to product pricing, provisions for obsolescence, manufacturing volumes and costs of components. The margins for our NSS products tend to be lower than the margins of our SI products and therefore our gross profit as a percentage of revenues will continue to vary with the proportions of revenues in each segment.

Research and Development

Due to the level of competition in the markets in which we operate and the rapid changes in technology, our future revenues are heavily dependent on the improvements we make to our products and the introduction of new products. During our 2009 fiscal year our research and development expenses related to over 40 separate projects covering improving existing products, meeting customer specific requirements and entering new markets, such as development of the SBB compliant OneStor platform and a production test system designed specifically for 2.5 inch disk drives.

Over recent fiscal years research and development expenses have changed approximately in line with changes in revenue. Although we reduced expenditure in 2009 as part of the cost reduction exercise, we continued to develop our technology base to support our customers and be able to take advantage of the market improvements that we are now experiencing. We are committed to developing products based on advanced technologies and designs to support the opportunities for growth in both of our segments and have increased our expenditure in 2010 to support our customers—growing demand and to further expand these opportunities.

Provision for Income Taxes

We are subject to taxation primarily in the United Kingdom, the United States and Malaysia. Our Malaysian operations relating to SI and NSS products benefit from a beneficial tax status which has provided us with a zero tax rate on substantially all of our income arising in Malaysia. The beneficial tax status relating to SI products was granted in 2006 and ends in 2012. The beneficial tax status relating to NSS products was granted in February 2009 and will cover a period of ten years from 2007. The beneficial tax status for both SI and NSS products is subject to meeting certain requirements.

We have significant loss carryforwards and other deferred tax assets in the United Kingdom and as a result we have not been required to make any significant U.K. tax payments in recent fiscal years. As of November 30, 2009 we recorded a \$33.9 million valuation allowance against the book value of U.K. deferred tax assets at that date and as a result our tax provision relates primarily to U.S. operations. As a result of the profits we are recording in our 2010 fiscal year we expect to utilize a significant proportion of the deferred tax assets which are subject to the valuation allowance.

In the United Kingdom and the United States we benefit from research and development tax credits although benefitting from these credits in the U.K. is dependent on the reversal of the valuation allowance against the U.K. deferred tax asset.

As of May 31, 2010, we retained a deferred tax asset of \$6.5 million related to loss carryforwards and other timing differences in the United States.

Results from Continuing Operations

The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, selected operating data as a percentage of revenues.

	Three Mont Ended May		Six Months Ended May 31,		
	2010	2009	2010	2009	
Revenues	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	
Cost of revenues	81.9	87.1	81.9	87.8	
Gross profit	18.1	12.9	18.1	12.2	
Operating expenses:					
Research and development	4.8	9.0	5.2	9.6	
Selling, general and administrative	3.4	7.6	3.5	7.6	
Amortization of intangible assets	0.2	0.5	0.3	0.5	
Restructuring costs	0.0	0.6	0.0	1.1	
Operating income (loss)	9.7	(4.8)	9.2	(6.6)	
Net income (loss)	9.6	(5.0)	9.0	(6.8)	
Segment gross profit as a percentage of segment					
revenues:					
Networked Storage Solutions	12.8	12.7	13.9	12.0	
Storage Infrastructure	34.6	18.0	34.6	16.3	

Three Months Ended May 31, 2010 Compared to the three Months Ended May 31, 2009

The following is a tabular presentation of our results of operations for the three months ended May 31, 2010 compared to the three months ended May 31, 2009. Following the table is a discussion and analysis of our business and results of operations for such periods.

	Three months ended				Increase/(Decrease)	
	May 31, 2010	(U.S. dol	May 31, 2009 llars in thousands)		Amount	%
Revenues:		Ì	ĺ			
Networked Storage Solutions	\$ 343,900	\$	184,257	\$	159,643	87
Storage Infrastructure	111,999		10,482		101,517	969
Total revenues	455,899		194,739		261,160	134
Cost of revenues	373,405		169,540		203,865	120
Gross profit:						
Networked Storage Solutions	44,070		23,469		20,601	88
Storage Infrastructure	38,770		1,892		36,878	1,949
Non cash equity compensation	(346)		(162)		(184)	
Total gross profit	82,494		25,199		57,295	227
Operating expenses:						
Research and development	21,890		17,512		4,378	25
Selling, general and administrative	15,305		14,833		472	3
Amortization of intangible assets	979		1,011		(32)	
Restructuring costs			1,099		(1,099)	
Operating income	44,320		(9,256)		53,576	
Interest income, net	5		25			