

SHOSHONE SILVER MINING CO INC  
Form 10-K  
January 13, 2009

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**UNITED STATES**  
**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**  
**WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549**

**FORM 10-K**

X ANNUAL REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2008

[ ] TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission file number 000-31184

**SHOSHONE SILVER MINING COMPANY**

(Name of registrant in its charter)

**Idaho**

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or  
organization)

**82-0304993**

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

**403 7<sup>th</sup> Street, Suite 207, Wallace, Idaho**

(Address of principal executive offices)

**83873**

(Zip Code)

Issuer's telephone number (208) 752-1070

Securities registered under Section 12(b) of the Exchange Act:

Title of each class

None

Name of each exchange on which registered

Securities registered under Section 12(g) of the Exchange Act: Common Stock, par value \$0.10 (Title of Class)

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act.

YES[ ] NO[X]

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. YES[ ] NO[X]

Check whether the issuer: (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES[X] NO[ ]

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Check if there is no disclosure of delinquent filers in response to Item 405 of Regulation S-B is not contained in this form, and no disclosure will be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large Accelerated Filer ☐ Accelerated Filer ☐ Non-accelerated Filer ☐ Smaller reporting company  
[X]

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). YES ☐ NO ☒

The aggregate market value of the voting and non-voting common equity held by non-affiliates of the registrant on June 30, 2008, the last business day of the registrant's most recently completed second quarter, based on the last reported trading price of the registrant's common stock on the Over the Counter Bulletin Board was approximately \$3,718,000.

There were 22,063,179 shares of the registrant's \$0.10 par value common stock outstanding on December 18, 2008.

**FORM 10-K**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2008**

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**PART I****ITEM 1. BUSINESS**

As used in this registration statement, "Shoshone Mining," "Shoshone," "our Company," "the Company," "we," and "our" refer to Shoshone Silver Mining Company.

**Overview**

Shoshone Silver Mining Company is an Idaho corporation founded as Sunrise Mining Company on August 4, 1969, and subsequently changed its name to Shoshone Silver Mining Company on January 22, 1970. The Company was formed to explore, develop and produce precious metals with a focus on northern Idaho and Canada. In the late 1990's, the Company was unable to productively utilize its Lakeview (Idaho) property and elected to concentrate its exploration activities throughout Idaho and also increasingly in other western states and Mexico.

In 2004, we formed a wholly owned subsidiary in Mexico, Shoshone Mexico, S.A. de C.V, for the purposes of facilitating our Mexico property explorations and future operations. On August 11, 2008, we sold 100% of the common stock of our wholly owned subsidiary to Xtierra Resources, Ltd. Our four exploration mineral concessions covering 1,345 hectares located in Zacatecas, Mexico were included in this sale.

We are an exploration stage company, and our activities have been limited to exploring and acquiring rights to explore properties which we believe are prospective for silver, gold, platinum group and base metals along with uranium. We have identified and commenced prospecting efforts in several areas in Idaho, Montana and Arizona. There can be no assurance that any of our properties contain a commercially viable ore body or reserves. None of our properties are in production, and consequently we have no operating income.

**EXPLORATION PROPERTIES**

Project	Location	Acres	Claims	
			Patented	Unpatented
<b>Idaho Lakeview District</b>	<b>Bonner County, Idaho</b>			
Conjecture		380	6	13
Idaho Lakeview & Keep Cool		640	15	17
Idaho Lakeview Millsite		13		
Auxer		40	-	2
Talache		40	-	2
<b>Subtotal</b>		<b>1,113</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>34</b>
<b>Silver Valley</b>	<b>Shoshone County, Idaho</b>			
Shoshone		96	5	-
Bullion		138	7	-
North Osburn		300	-	15
<b>Subtotal</b>		<b>534</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>15</b>
<b>North Idaho</b>	<b>Boundary County, Idaho</b>			
Montgomery		500	-	25

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Regal		80	-	4
		<b>580</b>	-	<b>29</b>
<b>Montana</b>	<b>Montana</b>			
Stillwater Extension Claims	Stillwater County	200	-	10
Princeton Gulch Group	Granite County	120	-	6
<b>Subtotal</b>		<b>320</b>	-	<b>16</b>
<b>Arizona Gold</b>	<b>Arizona</b>			
Arizona Goldfield	Mohave County	240	-	13
Western Gold	Mohave County	320	-	16
Cerro Colorado	Pima County	60	-	3
<b>Subtotal</b>		<b>620</b>	-	<b>32</b>
<b>Mexico Properties</b>	<b>Mexico</b>			
Other Mexican Properties	State of Sonora, Mexico	N/A	N/A	N/A

### **Idaho Lakeview District Holdings**

The Company has a group of patented and unpatented properties located in Bonner County near the Shoshone milling facility commonly referred to as the Idaho Lakeview District Properties. This group includes the Conjecture, Idaho Lakeview, Weber, Keep Cool, Auxer and Talache properties.

#### **Conjecture (formerly known as Confed Claims Lease)**

The Company has leased from Chester Mining a group of patented and unpatented properties commonly referred to as the Conjecture Group that surround the Conjecture Mine located in Bonner County, Idaho near the Shoshone milling facility. The 25 year lease, with a 25 year extension option, was obtained on March 25, 2004, for consideration of 1,000,000 shares of Shoshone stock.

Effective March 1, 2008, the terms of the Conjecture Lease were renegotiated to obtain more favorable terms for the Company. Beginning March 1, 2008 the Company will be required to:

- annually deliver 50,000 shares of Shoshone restricted common shares to Chester Mining;
- pay to Chester Mining an advance royalty of \$125.00 per month until such time as net smelter returns ( NSR ) are payable; and
- pay net smelter returns to Chester Mining equal to a sliding percentage of total NSR received during that calendar quarter from the operations on the property, subject to minimum royalty provisions.
  - ◆ The rate of NSR shall be (all at Handy & Harman, NY spot price):
    - ◇ 1.5% with silver under \$8.00 per ounce;
    - ◇ 2.4% with silver between \$8.00 and \$9.99 per ounce; and
    - ◇ 2.5% with silver \$10.00 and above.

Details of the original lease agreement may be found in the exhibit 10.2 which was filed as an exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB filed with the Commission on August 3, 2006. An additional seven unpatented lode mining claims were staked by the Company in 2007.

#### **Location and Access:**

The claims are in Section 15 of Township 53 North, Range 1 West. From the city of Coeur d'Alene, Idaho, the claims can be reached via 36 miles of paved and well-graded gravel roads. Approximately 16 miles north of Coeur d'Alene near the town of Athol on U.S. Highway 95 is the intersection with Bunco Road, which becomes U.S. Forest Service Road #332. Bunco Road traverses the Lakeview Mining District 18-22 miles from the highway. Many secondary roads lead from Bunco Road to the mines and prospects of the Lakeview Mining District. Commercial electrical power is available on the property. Water supply is unknown.

A map showing the Conjecture Mine Claims may be found in Exhibit 99.1 which was filed as an exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB/A filed with the Commission on December 3, 2007, File No.000-31184.



Land Status:

The Conjecture Group consists of 6 patented and 13 unpatented lode claims totaling 380 acres. The bulk of the holding (240 acres including all patented lode claims) were obtained under a lease with Chester Mining Company. Rights to the property are maintained by making payments as stipulated in the lease. In 2007, the Company added an additional seven unpatented lode claims totaling 140 acres to the Conjecture Group.

Improvements to the property include the Conjecture Mine's hoist house, a concrete structure that has not been updated by Shoshone. Both the primary shaft and secondary shaft, usable as a secondary escape way, are open as far as may be seen from the surface. The status of underground workings is not known.

During 2007, reclamation work conducted under the direction of the EPA led to the destruction of the hoist house, and the filling of both the primary and secondary shafts. The Company is currently assessing the economic damage arising from the loss of improvements to the property. The Company believes that, as a lessee of the property, it will not be liable for any possible future costs associated with the reclamation work.

In order to retain title to the unpatented claims added to the Conjecture Group in 2007, the company must pay annual Bureau of Land Management Maintenance Fees totaling \$875 (\$125 per claim, for the 7 unpatented claims).

Geology:

The Conjecture Group lies within the Lakeview Mining District. The Lakeview mining district is predominantly underlain by Precambrian metasedimentary rocks of the Belt Super-group represented by the Wallace Formation. The Wallace formation consists of black or grey, very thinly laminated argillites and siltites containing interbedded blue-grey dolomite or limestone horizons. Total thickness of the Wallace formation is in excess of 5,000 ft. The Conjecture Mine is hosted by the Calcareous member of the PreCambrian Lower Wallace Formation. Exploration work during the mid to late 1950's revealed that rocks of the St. Regis Formation were also found. Lead-zinc-silver mineralization occurs, in shoots, along the Conjecture Shear Zone, the main structural feature in the mine. It is a zone of variable width trending approximately N30°E and dips about 65°NW. Mineralization consists of galena, tetrahedrite, rhodochrosite, pyrite, arsenopyrite and quartz that fill fractures in the brecciated, host rocks. The North-South trending Spider Fault offsets the Conjecture Shear Zone and Lamprophyre dikes were seen during exploration of the lowest level.

The property currently is without known reserves and the proposed program, as described below, is exploratory in nature.

Exploration History:

In the late 1950's and early 1960's, Federal Resources, a previous owner, extended the Conjecture Mine's incline shaft to the 700-foot level, added a 200 foot vertical shaft, and developed the 700, 1000, 1600 and 2000-foot levels along 2500 feet of strike, totaling over 13,000 feet of workings. The Sunshine Mining Company unitized the Lakeview District during the 1970's and conducted further exploratory drilling and development work within the Conjecture Mine and associated Confed property currently under Shoshone's control.

Exploration Plans:

The company intends to conduct geophysics followed by exploration drilling from the surface in 2009.

Impairment:

The acquisition costs of the property of \$350,000 were included in exploration expenses in a prior year.



## **Idaho Lakeview, Keep Cool and Weber**

The Idaho Lakeview, Weber and Keep Cool groups are located contiguously around an area of Bonner County near Shoshone's Idaho Lakeview Mill.

### Location and Access:

The claims are in Sections 15, 22, 26, 27, 28, 29, 32, 33, 34, and 35 of Township 53 North, Range 1 West. From the city of Coeur d'Alene, Idaho, the claims can be reached via 36 miles of paved and well-graded gravel roads. Approximately 16 miles north of Coeur d'Alene near the town of Athol on U.S. Highway 95 is the intersection with Bunco Road, which becomes U.S. Forest Service Road #332. Bunco Road traverses the Lakeview Mining District 18-22 miles from the highway. Many secondary roads lead from Bunco Road to the mines and prospects of the Lakeview Mining District. Commercial electricity is available on the property. Water is supplied via wells and through water rights to a nearby creek.

A map of the Idaho Lakeview, Keep Cool and Weber properties is contained in Exhibit 99.1 which was filed as an exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB/A filed with the Commission on December 3, 2007, File No.000-31184.

### Land Status:

The Idaho Lakeview and Keep Cool Groups comprise 9 patented and 7 unpatented lode mining claims. The Weber Group is comprised of 6 patented and 10 unpatented lode mining claims. The Idaho Lakeview Millsite consists of a mill and water treatment facility on 12.5 patented acres.

In order to retain title to the Idaho Lakeview, Weber and Keep Cool, the company must pay annually assessed property taxes to Bonner County, Idaho on the 4 patented claims within the group and annual Bureau of Land Management Maintenance Fees totaling \$2,125 (\$125 per claim, for the 17 unpatented claims).

### Geology:

These properties lie within the Lakeview Mining District. The Lakeview mining district is predominantly underlain by Precambrian metasedimentary rocks of the Belt Super-group represented by the Wallace Formation. The Wallace formation consists of black or grey, very thinly laminated argillites and siltites containing interbedded blue-grey dolomite or limestone horizons. Total thickness of the Wallace formation is in excess of 5,000 ft.

The property currently is without known reserves.

### Exploration History:

Initial discoveries of mineralization in the Lakeview District were made in 1888 near the site of the Weber Mine. Additional discoveries were made throughout the Pend Oreille Lake region and the Lakeview District was at that time included in the Pend Oreille Mining district, and so early production records are unknown.

In 1924, the Venezwela Group of claims was taken over by the Hewer Mining Company and became what is now known as the Lakeview Mine. An internal shaft was eventually sunk to the 1,400 ft level and between 1923 and 1943 the Lakeview mine produced 24,500 tons of ore.

In 1962, Sunshine Mining Company became interested in the district, and signed an agreement with Idaho Lakeview Mines, the successor to Hewer Mining Company, and acquired a 50% interest in the Keep Cool and Idaho Lakeview mines. The combined properties became the Lakeview Consolidated Silver Mines, Inc.

Sunshine, in order to maintain its interest, conducted assessment work on the properties, including surface excavations, drill holes and underground work.

In 1978, a bulldozer trenching discovered another surface zone of mineralization 2,000 ft northeast of the Weber Pit. It exposed a vein 10-12 ft wide and 135 ft long. This vein was mined during the early 1980 s.

In 1987, Shoshone rehabilitated the Keep Cool Mine, and drove 200 ft of new workings towards a vein drilled by Sunshine Mining Company in 1970.

A limited amount of material was removed from the Weber Pit in the late 1970 s, early 1980 s. Exact quantities are unknown.

Development Activities:

Effective September 30, 2008, the Company completed the refurbishment of the Lakeview Mill. The mill is processing previously mined and stockpiled mineralized material. Concentrates from milling activities are being stored at the mill facility. This refurbishment included repairs and updates to the existing equipment and electrical infrastructure and installation of a new water management system.

Exploration and Development Plans:

During 2008, the Company conducted trenching and sampling on a portion of the Weber Shear between the Weber and Keep Cool Mines. Also, during 2008, the Company conducted exploration drilling from the surface over a portion of the properties. During 2009, the Company plans to perform renewed exploration activities on its Idaho Lakeview, Keep Cool and Weber properties.

Production Plans:

The Company will continue milling previously mined and stockpiled mineralized materials in 2009 when snow no longer makes the roads impassable. Additionally, Shoshone plans to engage in limited surface mining in the Weber shear as it extends from the Weber to the Keep Cool on its patented ground provided initial drilling substantiates the continued mineralization of the shear at or near the surface.

Mineralized material that may be obtained from this mining activity will be processed at the Lakeview Mill. The company will be stockpiling concentrates from milling at its facilities until a sufficient quantity of concentrates are held to make shipping and smelting economically advantageous. Planned production activities will continue while roads are passable by heavy equipment.

Impairment:

During 2006, the Company paid fees to make improvements to the land to be more accessible as well as usable. The total amount of \$68,472 was capitalized.

The Company believes that, when compared to the market value of the property, the deferred costs of \$334,690 have not suffered impairment. Accordingly, at September 30, 2008, the Company did not consider a write-down to the carrying cost necessary.

**Auxer Group**

The Auxer Mine is a formerly producing precious metal mine located in Bonner County, Idaho.

Location and Access:

The Auxer Mine property is located in Bonner County, Idaho, about 3.5 miles northeast of East Hope, Idaho and about 10 miles north of Clark Fork, Idaho within Sections 20, 29, Township 57 North, Range 02 East.

The property can be accessed by logging roads leading north from Clark Fork, Idaho along Lightning Creek for 11 miles; then by four miles of logging roads and mine access road to the headwaters of Wellington Creek. The property can also be accessed by five miles of gravel roads leading north from East Hope, Idaho along Strong Creek. The current electrical and water supply to the land are unknown.

A map showing the Auxer Property may be found in Exhibit 99.3 which was filed as an exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB/A filed with the Commission on December 3, 2007, File No.000-31184.

Land Status:

The area covered by the Auxer claims is under Bureau of Land Management (BLM) jurisdiction. The Auxer property consists of two contiguous unpatented mining claims covering 40 acres. Title to the property is maintained by annual payment of BLM Maintenance Fees of \$250. The Company has not made improvements to the property.

Geology:

The Auxer Mines area is located on the north slope of the Auxer Basin, a glacial cirque, at elevations that range from 5,200 to 6,000 feet above sea-level. Vegetation consists of dense stands of conifers, with areas of talus cover on the northwesterly portions of the claim area. Soil depth on the property ranges from bedrock exposure to roughly ten inches deep.

Argillaceous quartzites of the Pre-Cambrian Belt Series intruded by granodiorite underlie the claims. The Prichard formation is exposed in talus material along the northwesterly boundary of the claims.

There are two main gold bearing quartz veins, the Boston and Chicago Veins. The Boston Vein can be traced for several thousand feet on the surface. It is a 14-15 foot wide shear zone at the surface, but widens to 25 feet at a depth of 200 feet. The quartz vein contains gold, associated with the pyrite.

The Chicago Vein is located 500 feet south of the Boston Shaft and occurs within a shear zone parallel to the Boston Vein. The vein is of the same character as the Boston Vein, but has not been explored on the surface. A 40 inch wide channel sample was taken on the surface by John Platts in 1936, assaying 0.60 oz/t gold.

The property is currently without known reserves and the proposed program, as defined below, is exploratory in nature.

Exploration History:

E.U. Philbrick staked the main Auxer claims in 1905. In 1925, Auxer Gold Mines was organized, and by 1933 most of the Auxer claims were deeded to Auxer Gold Mines.

In 1968, Auxer Gold Mines was purchased by Spokane National Mines, Inc. In 1972, the property was sold to Idora Silver Mines, Inc. and later relinquished its interest. Ashington Mining Company staked two claims in 1999.

In September 2003, the Company acquired the property from Ashington Mining Company for \$7,500.

Exploration Plans:

The following are recommended for the exploration of the Auxer claims:

- Surface geological mapping of surface exposure of veins;
- Geochemical sampling of surface and underground vein exposures;
- Underground geological mapping of mine workings (if accessible);
- Systematic sampling of underground vein exposures (if accessible); and
- Location of surface and underground drill sites.

No timetable for exploration has been set and costs for the recommended exploration have not been determined.

Impairment:

The Company believes that, when compared to the market value of the property, the deferred costs of \$7,500 have not suffered impairment. Accordingly, at September 30, 2008, the Company did not consider a write-down to the carrying cost necessary.



**Talache Group (formerly known as the Lucky Joe)**

Location and Access:

The Talache silver-gold property is located in Bonner County, in Sections 1 and 6, Township 55 North, Range 1 West. These holdings are located approximately 1 mile northwest of Talache Landing, and 12 miles southeast of Sandpoint, via U.S. Highway 95 and Mirror Lake Road. The current status of electric and water supply to the property are unknown.

A map showing the Talache Group may be found in Exhibit 99.4 which was filed as an exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB/A filed with the Commission on December 3, 2007, File No.000-31184.

Land Status:

The property consists of 2 unpatented mining claims covering 40 acres of Bureau of Land Management (BLM) land. Title to the property is maintained by annual payment of BLM Maintenance Fees of \$250. The Company has not improved the property.

Geology:

Steep slopes that are heavily timbered characterize the topography of the area. Altitudes vary from 2,060 feet on the shore of Pend Oreille Lake to more than 4,100 feet in the northwestern portion of the property. The property is dominated by coniferous forest, with large areas of open meadow grassland in areas where soil cover is too thin to support conifer trees.

The rocks exposed in the vicinity of the property consist of argillites, silites, and quartzites of the Precambrian Belt Super-group. In the vicinity of the Talache Group property, the rocks display an overall tendency to become less calcareous and more clastic with depth. The property is situated on the west limb of a syncline whose axis strikes nearly due north. Two prominent fracture directions are observed within the property boundaries. These include a set that strikes nearly north-south and dips from 80 degrees west to 45 degrees east and a set which strikes approximately east-west and dips from 45 degrees south to 45 degrees north. Most of the prominent mineralization in the area follows north-striking fractures.

Mineralization of economic significance occurs as veins contained in numerous faults and shear zones within the area. The veins occur as lenses and pipes that shoot within the faults and vary considerably in size, grade, and continuity. They improve in width and grade where they are cut and offset by east-west striking cross faults.

Exploration History:

The first claims were staked in the area in the early 1890's. In 1922, the Talache Mine was developed and production was initiated and continued until late 1926. Although no accurate record exists of total production, it has been estimated that the Talache Mine produced approximately two million ounces of silver and some gold, lead, and copper. Zinc, although present, was not recovered. The operation may have ceased due to the decreasing silver price and the fact that the mineralized zone was found to extend off of the Talache property along strike.

In 1964, the Silver Butte Mining Co. was formed to explore the Talache area, and approximately 2,300 feet of drifting and cross-cutting and 2,400 feet of diamond drilling were carried out approximately 1 mile to the north of the current Talache Group Claims.

In 1969, Silver Butte and Imperial Silver leased the property to Cominco American, Inc. Cominco held the properties through 1971 and completed approximately 5,000 feet of diamond drilling. Subsequently all claims were dropped.

In 1999, two claims covering 40 acres were staked for Ashington Mining Corporation.

In 2003, the Company acquired the property from Ashington for \$22,500.

The property is currently without known reserves and the proposed program is exploratory in nature.

**Exploration Plans:**

The following are recommended actions for the Talache Property:

- Rehabilitate the Talache 400 level portal;
- Conduct systematic channel sampling of vein exposures on the Talache 400 level;
- Underground geological mapping of the Talache 400 level;
- Surface geological mapping to identify surface expression of faults and veins;
- Surface sampling of vein and fault exposures to extend laterally the mineralization; and
- Locate potential reverse circulation and diamond drill hole locations for surface drilling.

No timetable for exploration has been set and costs for the recommended exploration have not been determined.

**Impairment:**

The Company believes that, when compared to the market value of the property, the deferred costs of \$22,500 have not suffered impairment. Accordingly, at September 30, 2008, the Company did not consider a write-down to the carrying cost necessary.

**Silver Valley Holdings**

Shoshone has three holdings in Idaho's Silver Valley: the Shoshone, Bullion and North Osburn Groups.

**Shoshone Group**

The Company has a group of patented lode claims commonly referred to as the Shoshone Group located contiguously around an area within the St. Joe Mining District in Shoshone County, Idaho.

**Location and Access:**

The claims are in Sections 13, 14, and 15 of Township 47 North, Range 5 East. From the city of Coeur d'Alene, Idaho, travel approximately 45 miles East on Interstate 90, to Exit # 63. Turn south onto Willow Creek Road. Travel south of Willow Creek Road for 1 mile. Several secondary roads access this property. Commercial power is available on Willow Creek Road. The current status of the water supply is unknown.

A map showing the Shoshone Group may be found in Exhibit 99.2 which was filed as an exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB/A filed with the Commission on December 3, 2007, File No.000-31184.

**Land Status:**

The Shoshone Group consists of 5 patented lode claims totaling 96.9 acres in the St. Joe Mining District. Title to the property is maintained by payment of annually assessed property taxes to Shoshone County, Idaho. During 2007, the Company paid \$93 in property taxes on this property. The Company has not made improvements to the property.

**Geology:**

The rocks in the claim group belong to the Precambrian lower Wallace formation, consisting of light-grey dolomitic quartzite inter-bedded with greenish-grey argillites. Ripple marks and mud cracks are visible on bedding surfaces. The rocks are intruded by Tertiary aged diabase dikes.

The claim group is located within a fault block bounded by the Osburn Fault to the north and the Placer Creek Fault to the south, and covers three vein structures known as the Champion, Helena and Link Veins.

The Champion Vein extends from the Springfield Mine to the Bullion Mine six miles to the east, passing through both the Shoshone and Bullion properties.

Exploration History:

The Shoshone Group is located in the St. Joe Mining District of eastern Shoshone County, along the Montana border. This property covers several prospect pits and other historic mine workings.

The Shoshone Group was the subject of considerable interest and speculation in the early 1980's as Anaconda Minerals drilled the property. Surface outcrop, including a vein structure 7,000 feet long and up to 80 feet wide, along with enormous geological anomalies shown in soil and vegetation sampling by the USGS, led geologists to believe that substantial silver mineralization might be found at depth.

Anaconda drilled four exploratory holes near the property boundary shared with Stevens Peak Mining, in an effort to locate a site for deeper drilling. One of the holes was sufficiently encouraging to justify its continuation and was planned to extend to depths reaching 6,000 feet, targeting the Champion Vein, deep in the Revett formation. However, the planned hole was collared at just over 3,000 feet and although core samples confirmed earlier projections about geology and structure at depth, the program was never completed.

Bear Creek Mining Company leased the Shoshone Group in 1981. The Company conducted surface geological and geo-chemical surveying.

The property is currently without known reserves and the proposed program is exploratory in nature.

Exploration Plans:

There are currently no plans to conduct exploration on the Company's Shoshone properties.

Impairment:

The deferred costs of this property totaled \$17,500, which was written-off in prior years as an exploration expense.

**Bullion Group**

The Company has a group of patented properties commonly referred to as the Bullion Group located contiguously within the St. Joe Mining District in eastern Shoshone County, Idaho.

Location and Access:

The claims are in Sections 20 and 21 of Township 47 North, Range 6 East. From the city of Coeur d'Alene, Idaho, travel approximately 50 miles east on Interstate 90, to Exit # 1 (TAFT Exit). Turn onto USFS Road 507, following it for 7 miles. The Bullion Group is accessed by newly cut logging roads from USFS Road 507. Current electrical and water supplies are unknown. A map showing the Bullion Group may be found in Exhibit 99.2 which was filed as an exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB/A filed with the Commission on December 3, 2007, File No.000-31184.

Land Status:

The Bullion Group consists of 7 patented lode claims totaling 132.5 acres. Title to the property is maintained by payment of annually assessed property taxes to Shoshone County, Idaho. During 2008, the Company paid \$93 in property taxes on this property. The Company has not made improvements to the property.



Geology:

The rocks in the Bullion Group are the same geologic setting as for the Shoshone Group of claims belonging to the Precambrian lower Wallace formation.

The Bullion Group, as is the case of the Shoshone Group, is located within a fault block bounded by the Osburn Fault to the north and the Placer Creek Fault to the south, and covers three vein structures known as the Champion, Helena and Link Veins.

The Bullion Group covers the Bullion Mine workings located on the Champion Vein.

Exploration History:

The Bullion Group is located in the St. Joe Mining District of eastern Shoshone County, along the Montana Border. The two unpatented Bullion Group claims totaling 40 acres have been leased to Sterling Mining Company. Lease terms stipulate a 4 year exploration program commencing within five years of the lease date. Shoshone will receive 10% net profit from any mined minerals.

This lease agreement may be found in Exhibit 10.4 which was filed as an exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB filed with the Commission on December 4, 2006.

Bear Creek Mining Company leased the Bullion Group in 1981. The company conducted surface geological and geochemical surveying.

The property is currently without known reserves and the proposed program is exploratory in nature.

Exploration Plans:

There are no plans to conduct exploration on the Shoshone's Bullion Group until a due diligence study is completed.

Impairment:

This property was acquired as part of a settlement of a promissory note owed to the Company. The value of the property was included as an exploration expense in a prior year.

**North Osburn Group**

The Company has a group of unpatented properties known as the North Osburn Group located within the Silver Valley in Shoshone County, Idaho.

Location and Access:

The claims are in Sections 28, 48, 30, 31, 32 and 36 of Township 49 North, Range 3 and 4 East. From the city of Coeur d'Alene, Idaho, travel approximately 40 miles east on Interstate 90, to Exit # 54 (Big Creek Exit). Turn north from I-90, then turn west on the access road and travel half a mile. Turn north on Forest Road 1599 then travel northeast for 3 miles. The road ends at the north end of the North Osburn Group.

A map showing the North Osburn Group is contained in Exhibit 99.13 which was filed as an exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Commission on April 14, 2008, File No.000-31184.

Land Status:

The North Osburn Group consists of 15 unpatented lode claims totaling approximately 300 acres. Title to the property is maintained by annual payment of BLM fees in the amount of \$1,875.00. The Company has not made improvements to the property. The current electrical and water supply to the property is unknown.



Geology:

The claims are located on rocks of the Belt metasediments, which includes the Revett, Burke and Prichard Formations. The Revett Formation consists of vitreous pure quartzite beds ranging from one to six feet in thickness. Fine dark laminae are common in some of the quartzite beds. The Burke Formation consists of interbedded impure to pure quartzite, siliceous argillite and minor amounts of argillite. The most prevalent variety is a greenish-grey quartzite that is generally formed in beds less than six inches thick. The Prichard Formation consists of a succession of medium to dark-gray quartzose argillite that grade into similar appearing impure quartzite. Pyrite is found concentrated within the darker laminae or along bedding planes or argillitic rocks and irregular grains about one millimeter in size.

Exploration History:

Although the property is located in the heart of the Silver Valley, this area has seen only modest exploration. The Burke-Prichard Transition Zone is a favorable host for silver-bearing base metal ores elsewhere in the district, and should be thoroughly tested in the North Osburn area.

The property is currently without known reserves and the proposed program is exploratory in nature.

Exploration Plans:

There are no current plans to conduct exploration on the Shoshone's North Osburn Group.

Impairment:

The cost to acquire this property of \$1,875 was expensed during 2007.

**North Idaho Holdings**

The Company has two holdings in Boundary County, Idaho: the Regal and Montgomery Mines.

**Regal Mine**

The Regal Mine is a formerly producing base and precious metal mine located in the Moyie-Yaak Mining District, Boundary County, Idaho.

Location and Access:

The Regal Mine property is located 10 miles north of Bonners Ferry, Idaho, and 0.5 miles northeast of Camp Nine on Meadow Creek, Section 31, 64N, R2E, Boise Meridian.

The property can be accessed by traveling 7.5 miles north on Highway 95 from Bonners Ferry, then taking USFS Road 397 six miles to an access road that leads to the mine. The property is accessible year round. The current electrical and water supply to the property is unknown.

A map showing the Regal Mine may be found in Exhibit 99.5 which was filed as an exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB/A filed with the Commission on December 3, 2007, File No.000-31184.

Land Status:

The Regal property consists of four contiguous unpatented mining claims that cover 80 acres of BLM property in the Moyie-Yaak Mining District, Boundary County, Idaho. Title to the property is maintained by annual payment of BLM Maintenance Fees of \$500. The company has made no improvements to the property, and the state of historic underground workings is unknown.

### Geology:

The Regal Mine is located on the west slope of Wall Mountain (elevation 5,160 feet). The topography is mountainous with steep sided valleys. Elevations within the property range from 3,500 to 4,400 feet above sea-level. The property is largely covered by coniferous forest, with large areas of meadow grassland. Soil depth on the property ranges from bedrock exposure to roughly ten inches deep.

The Regal property is underlain by the Pre-cambrian Belt Group, which is intruded by a series of dioritic sills. Both the sills and the Belt rocks have been folded and faulted and subsequently intruded by granites of the Nelson Batholith of British Columbia. The Regal gold-silver-lead-zinc veins are exposed in granite rocks of the Nelson Batholith, which is locally fractured by regional structures.

There are two parallel N 60-70 degrees E striking veins on the Regal property, the North Vein and the South Vein. Both veins dip between 50-60 degrees southeasterly. Vein minerals are galena, sphalerite, pyrite, arsenopyrite, siderite and quartz. The gold mineralization appears to be associated with pyrite and arsenopyrite. The mineralization resembles lead-zinc-siderite veins of the Coeur d'Alene Mining District; the main difference is that the Regal Mine veins also contain considerable arsenopyrite with important gold values introduced during the later stages of mineralization. The Regal Mine is developed on 3 main levels connected by a vertical shaft. The upper most levels (No. 1 and No. 2) are accessible from the surface. Total development exceeds 3,800 feet. There is no indication of mining below the lowermost (No. 3) level. However, old mine maps indicate that both the north and south mineral zones continue to depth.

The property is currently without known reserves and the proposed program is exploratory in nature.

### Exploration History:

The Regal Mine was known as the Commercial Mine until 1935 when it was leased to Silver Crescent Mining Company. Silver Crescent performed exploration and development work on the property through 1945, including construction of a 100 ton per day flotation mill that was subsequently sold in 1948.

In 1968, an unknown amount of ore was sent to the Bunker Hill Smelter. The assay results indicated 0.47 oz/t gold, 15.51 oz/t silver, 32.5% lead, 29.8% zinc, and 0.42% copper.

In 1971, Silver Dollar Mining Company submitted a 39.8 - ton (wet weight) shipment to the East Helena Smelter, Montana. The concentrate sample assayed 0.41 oz/t gold, 4.8 oz/t silver, 6.6% lead, and 6.7% zinc. The property has been largely inactive since that time except for a widening of the Number 2 adit level and re-timbering of the portal in the early 1990's.

Shoshone Silver Mining Company acquired the claims in 2003 from Ashington Mining Company for \$15,000.

### Exploration Plans:

The Regal Mine has the potential to host economically extractable ore containing gold, silver, lead and zinc on a modest scale. Historical mine maps indicate high-grade mineralization continuing below the Number 3 level. Surface geological mapping will identify any lateral extent of the mineralization, and if there are any parallel mineralized structures.

The following are recommended actions for the rehabilitation of the Regal Mine:

- Rehabilitate the surface shaft opening and cover all open workings to prevent water access;
- Rehabilitate Number 2 level portal to drain the number 2 level workings;

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- Stabilize mine workings with rock bolting and roof support in essential areas;
- Conduct systematic channel sampling of vein exposures on the Number 1 and 2 levels (if accessible);
- Perform underground geological mapping of the Number 2 level;
- Perform surface geological mapping to identify surface expression of faults and veins;
- Conduct surface stream sediment sampling program to identify additional areas of mineralization;
- Conduct ground magnetic survey to identify possible veins and structures;

- Stake additional claims to cover lateral extensions of mineralized structures;
- Locate potential RC and diamond drill-hole locations for surface drilling; and
- Reconnaissance work on prospects located along strike of the structures controlling mineralization in the Regal Mine.

No timetable for exploration has been set and costs for the recommended exploration have not been determined.

Impairment:

The Company believes that when compared to the market value of the property, the deferred costs of \$15,000 have not suffered impairment. Accordingly, at September 30, 2008, the Company did not consider a write-down to the carrying cost necessary.

**Montgomery Mine Group**

The company controls unpatented claims that cover and surround the Montgomery Mine near Copeland in Boundary County, Idaho.

Location and Access:

The claims are in Section 30, Township 65 North, Range 1 East. A geographic reference point for the claims is 48°57' 19" North and 116° 23' 02" West.

The property is reached via 2 miles of access road from County Road 49 3.7 miles north on State Highway 1 from the intersection of State Highway 1 and U.S. Highway 95, approximately 12 miles north of Bonners Ferry, Idaho. The Montgomery Mine is accessible year round.

A map showing the Montgomery Mine may be found in Exhibit 99.7 which was filed as an exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB/A filed with the Commission on December 3, 2007, File No.000-31184.

Land Status:

Montgomery Mine claim group consists of 25 unpatented lode claims covering 500 acres of BLM land. The claims are located on the southwest slope of Hall Mountain with approximately 1,800 feet of relief in the claim group. No additional claims are staked in the area. The claims are maintained by annual payment of BLM Maintenance Fees of \$3,125. The Company has not made improvements to the property. Commercial power is available on County Road 49. Water access is unknown.

Geology:

The area is underlain by the Prichard and Allrich formations of the lower Belt series. The quartzites and impure quartzites of the Prichard and Allrich formations have been locally intruded by diorite sills. These sills strike northwest across the property and dip gently to the northeast.

The Diorite sills exhibit anomalous Platinum Group Metals (PGM) values that may have economic potential. The sills also host prominent quartz veins that exhibit significant copper, lead, silver, and gold values that provide an additional economic potential to the property.

The property is currently without known reserves and the proposed program is exploratory in nature.

Exploration History:

The property has been explored by means of approximately 3,500 feet of drift development in 3 primary tunnels and 4 smaller tunnels. This development appears to establish lateral continuity of the sills and veins. In addition to drifting there have been several diamond drill holes completed and at least one surface geophysics survey has been run on the property.

Records from this historic work are incomplete or unavailable, therefore results from this work are considered unreliable for resource analysis or interpretation.

**Exploration Plans:**

These claims require the rehabilitation of the 3 primary tunnels. The current condition of these tunnels is unknown. Once access is available the sills and veins will be mapped and sampled underground. In addition the property should have a new surface geophysics survey performed.

Results from these efforts will be analyzed and used to develop a comprehensive drill program. Completion of these activities could produce a mineralized material resource that can then be subjected to a feasibility study prior to production development.

No timetable for exploration has been set and costs of the recommended exploration have not been determined.

**Impairment:**

The deferred costs of \$43,557 were included in exploration expenses in a prior year.

**Montana Holdings**

Shoshone has two property groups in Montana: the Stillwater Extension Claims and the Princeton Gulch Group.

**Stillwater Extension Claims**

The Stillwater Extension property consists of 10 unpatented lode claims covering 200 acres of the Stillwater Complex of south central Montana. The Stillwater Complex is a mafic-ultramafic layered intrusive that includes the 28-mile long J-M Reef, which hosts Platinum Group Metals (PGM).

**Location and Access:**

The Stillwater Extension claims are located approximately five miles southeast of the Stillwater Mine and cover a projected eastern extension of J-M Reef. The claims are located in Sections 2, 3, 11, T6S, R16E.

A map showing the Stillwater Extension Claims may be found in Exhibit 99.6 which was filed as an exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB/A filed with the Commission on December 3, 2007, File No.000-31184.

**Land Status:**

In 2003, Shoshone Silver Mining Company purchased the Stillwater Claims for \$15,000. The Company controls 10 unpatented lode claims covering 200 acres. The claims are maintained by annual payment of BLM Maintenance Fees of \$1,250. The company has made no improvements to the property. Power and water status are unknown.

**Geology:**

The Stillwater Extension Claims are located within the Stillwater mafic-ultramafic layered intrusive complex. The uniquely PGM-enriched J-M Reef and its characteristic host rock package represent one such layer in the sequence. The PGM in the J-M Reef consist primarily of palladium, platinum and a minor amount of rhodium. The reef also contains approximately 3 percent iron, copper and nickel sulfides, plus trace amounts of gold and silver.

The property currently is without known reserves and the proposed program is exploratory in nature.





Exploration History:

The Johns Manville Corporation discovered palladium and platinum along the J-M Reef of the Stillwater Complex in the early 1970 s. In 1979, a Manville subsidiary partnered with Chevron to develop the property. Underground operations at the Stillwater Mine commenced in 1986.

Exploration Plans:

The Company plans an evaluation program including geologic mapping, rock chip and soil geochemical surveys, and interpretation of public domain geophysical data. The program will be conducted to determine the suitability of a joint venture partner. No timetable for exploration has been set and costs for the recommended evaluation program have not been determined.

Impairment:

The deferred costs of \$15,000 were included in exploration expenses in a prior year.

**Princeton Gulch Group**

The Company controls unpatented claims that cover and surround the Princeton Gulch placer in Granite County in south central Montana.

Location and Access:

The Princeton Gulch claims are located in Sections 20 & 21 of Township 8 North, Range 12 West, 7 miles northeast of the town of Maxville, Montana. Access is provided by county roads east of State Highway 10A at Maxville, Montana. Turn east on the Maxville/Princeton Road at Maxville for 4.5 miles. Turn northeast on County Road 1500 for 2.5 miles. The claim group occupies the mountain valley running to the east from this point.

A map showing the Princeton Gulch Group may be found in Exhibit 99.10 which was filed as an exhibit to the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-KSB/A filed with the Commission on December 3, 2007, File No.000-31184.

Land Status:

This claim group consists of 4 unpatented placer claims covering 80 acres and 2 unpatented load claims covering 40 acres, for a total of 120 acres. The claims are maintained by annual payment of BLM Maintenance Fees of \$750.00. The company has not improved the property. Electrical status is unknown. Water is available via streams running through the property. Three holding/settling ponds, approved by the State of Montana as harmless to Bull Trout found in the area, have been constructed.

Geology:

This claim group lies in mountainous terrain on the east slope of the Deerlodge Range. The country rocks are folded and faulted marbles, phyllites and quartzites of Jurassic/Cretaceous age. The Royal stock outcrops less than 1 mile east of this claim group. The metamorphism is a result of the emplacement of the Royal stock and other nearby stocks and batholiths.

The claims host placer deposits within 18 of bedrock along the floor of the gulch. The load claims could potentially host fissure veins found and exploited on adjacent claims and properties; however, there are no reports of veining on this property.

The property is currently without known reserves and the proposed program is exploratory in nature.

Exploration History:

The claims have been worked sporadically by small scale owner/operators for a number of years. The claims have only been placer mined in the valley bottom. No additional exploration work has been done. The Princeton Mining District has had several past producers, both lode and placer in the late 1800 s and first half of the 1900 s.

**Exploration Plans:**

The claim group will benefit from detailed geologic mapping, sampling and trenching. Beyond this basic exploration, modern geophysics and remote sensing should be applied to the claim group. No timetable for exploration has been set and costs of the recommended exploration have not been determined.

**Impairment:**

The deferred purchase cost of \$20,000 was included in the exploration expenses for the year ending December 31, 2006.

**Arizona Gold Holdings**

The Company holds two claim groups in the Oatman Mining District: the Western Gold and Gold Road Claims along with the Cerro Colorado Group in Pima County, AZ.

**Western Gold (formerly Arizona Goldfield) Claims**

The Western Gold property consists of thirteen unpatented lode claims covering 240 acres within the Oatman Mining District of Mohave County, Arizona.

**Location and Access:**

The Western Gold claims are located approximately 1 mile West of Gold Road Mine & 1 mile North of United Western Mine.

A map showing the Western Gold Claims may be found in Exhibit 99.8 which was filed as an exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB/A filed with the Commission on December 3, 2007, File No.000-31184.

**Land Status:**

The Oatman District lies on the western flank of the Black Mountains, a fault-bounded tertiary volcanic series. In 2003, the Company acquired the Western Gold Claims for \$15,000. The claims are maintained by annual payment of BLM Maintenance Fees of \$1,625. The Company has made no improvements to the property. Power and water sources are unknown.

**Geology:**

Gold deposition appears to be a late feature associated with the Moss porphyry intrusion. The gold bearing ore bodies of the Oatman District are located along northwest trending veins and faults. The main mineralized structures within the property are the United and Middle veins. These veins were mined at the United Western and United Eastern Mines.

Electrum is the predominant ore mineral. Gangue minerals include quartz, calcite, adularia, minor fluorite, and trace amounts of pyrite, marcasite, and chalcopyrite.

The property is currently without known reserves and the proposed program is exploratory in nature.

**Exploration History:**

Gold was first discovered in the Oatman District in 1863. Between 1897 and 1942, the Oatman District produced 2.2 million ounces of gold and 800,000 ounces of silver at an average grade of 0.58 opt gold and 0.17 opt silver.

From 1979 to 1982, Hecla Mining Company and Canadian Natural Resources conducted exploration. Extensive geological mapping and diamond drilling was conducted on the Tom Reed Vein System before the project was terminated in 1982.

**Exploration Plans:**

The exploration plans for the Arizona Project are to conduct surface geological mapping, surface soil and rock sampling programs and conduct IP and magnetic surveys of the claim areas to identify orientation of the sub-surface United Western Vein.

No timetable for exploration has been set and costs of the recommended exploration have not been determined.

**Impairment:**

The deferred costs of \$15,000 were included in exploration expenses in a prior year.

**Gold Road Claims**

The Arizona property consists of 16 unpatented lode claims located in Mohave County, Arizona covering 320 acres of the Oatman mining district of northwest Arizona.

**Location and Access:**

The Gold Road claims are divided into two groups. The KO group of 7 claims is located in S14 T19N R20W approximately 3000 ft southwest of the Western Gold claims, approximately 0.9 miles west of the Gold Road Mine and 0.8 miles north of the United Western Mine. The TS group of 9 claims is located in S12 T19N R20W approximately 6000 ft east of the Arizona Gold field claims and 5000 feet east northeast of the KO group of claims. County Hwy 10 travels through the TS group.

A map showing the Western Gold Claims may be found in Exhibit 99.8 which was filed as an exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB/A filed with the Commission on December 3, 2007, File No.000-31184.

**Land Status:**

In 2003, Shoshone Silver Mining Company acquired the Arizona Claims for \$1,500. The claims are maintained by annual payment of BLM Maintenance Fees of \$2,000. The company has not improved the property. Power and water sources are unknown.

**Geology:**

The KO group follows the easterly trend of the Mallory Fault line and covers the down dip extension of the Kokomo vein. The TS group follows the southeasterly extension of the Gold Ore Vein.

The property is currently without known reserves and the proposed program is exploratory in nature.

**Exploration Plans:**

The Company anticipates developing exploration plans in fiscal 2009.

**Impairment:**

The deferred costs of \$1,500 were included in exploration expenses in a prior year.

**Cerro Colorado Group**

The company controls 3 unpatented claims in the Cerro Colorado Mining District 35 miles southwest of Tucson, Arizona.

Location and Access:

From Tucson take I-19 south towards Nogales approximately 33 miles to Exit 48. The claim group is 15 miles west on Arivaca Rd from Exit 48. The claims are in Section 22, Township 20S, Range 10E. A geographic reference point for the claims is 31°39'32"North, 111°16'19"West.

A map of the property may be found in Exhibit 99.11 which was filed as an exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB/A filed with the Commission on December 3, 2007, File No.000-31184.

Land Status:

Cerro Colorado claim group consists of 3 unpatented lode claims covering 60 acres. The claim group is located in the Cerro Colorado mining district in the Cerro Colorado Mountains of Southwest Arizona. The claims are maintained by annual payment of BLM Maintenance Fees of \$375. The Company has not improved the property. Power and water sources are unknown.

Geology:

Mineralization in the district is epithermal quartz-fissure veins with minor base metal sulfides and mercury-bearing tetrahedrite. Silver and gold enrichment occur in oxidized zones. Host rocks are a complex of Cretaceous quartz latite and andesite porphyry flows and tuff with some interbedded sedimentary beds, invaded by Laramide andesite porphyry, rhyolite and dioritic plugs and dikes.

The property is currently without known reserves and the proposed program is exploratory in nature.

Exploration History:

This mining district is one of the oldest producing areas in Arizona with scattered small, and relatively shallow, mines and prospects active intermittently from at least the 1770's to about 1950. Total estimated and recorded production has been some 4,500 tons of ore containing approximately 376,000 ounces silver, 460 ounces gold and small amounts of copper and lead.

Exploration Plans:

These claims and the area around them will be geologically mapped. This mapping will emphasize vein intensity, rock type, and alteration. In addition to the mapping, limited ground magnetic surveys should be run to help identify any geophysical anomalies. The results of this initial work will guide follow up geophysics and/or drilling.

No timetable for exploration has been set and costs of the recommended exploration have not been determined.

Impairment:

The deferred costs of \$1,500 were included in exploration expenses in a prior year.

California Creek Uranium

On July 24, 2008, we entered into an agreement to acquire 200,000 shares of common stock of Bayswater Uranium Corporation, a Canadian company ( Bayswater ), in exchange for our 43 unpatented mining claims in Elko County, Nevada. This exchange was valued at \$60,000 based on the market price of Bayswater's common stock on July 24, 2008.





## **Mexico Properties**

### **Bilbao**

On August 11, 2008, we sold 100% of the common stock of our wholly owned subsidiary in Mexico, Shoshone Mexico, S.A. de C.V, to Xtierra Resources, Ltd ( Xtierra ). Shoshone's interest in the Bilbao concessions in Zacatecas, Mexico was included in this sale. In exchange for our interest in the Bilbao concessions we received net proceeds of \$2,497,990 and a note receivable (net of discount) for \$1,865,363.

The note does not bear interest and stipulates that a payment of \$500,000 is due on August 11, 2009. The remaining balance of \$2,000,000 is to be paid in four consecutive equal installments to begin at the time of the commencement of construction of any mine developed on the Bilbao concessions but in any event will be due and payable no later than August 11, 2019. Since the note does not bear interest, the Company imputed interest at a rate of 5%. Accordingly the Company recorded a note discount of \$634,637. During fiscal 2008, \$7,773 of interest income was realized through the amortization of this note discount.

### **Other Mexican Exploration Properties**

Shoshone has an interest in several other Mexican exploration projects which the Company does not currently consider to be material.

#### **La Vibora**

La Vibora is a gold-silver prospect in which Shoshone acquired a 25% interest in the property in the year 2000. No exploration has been conducted on the property since the Company's acquisition. The property is located seven miles west of Mexican Highway 17, approximately 22 miles south of the city of Esquida. The Company has made no improvements to the property. Power and water status is unknown.

#### **Geology:**

The project area is underlain by granodiorites and quartz monzonites of upper Cretaceous age. Mineralization is associated with the granites.

The property covers three sub-parallel veins that have an apparent length of approximately 1,000 ft. The veins are fracture-filling, dipping approximately 70 degrees to the SW and are characterized by the presence of sulfides (dominantly pyrite) that have been locally oxidized. Gangue is dominated by quartz and calcite.

Sampling conducted in 1994 reported a 75 foot wide bulk sample that had an average grade of 0.20 oz/t gold. Four samples that were taken on the No. 1 vein, over a 5 foot (adjusted) width averaged 0.29 oz/t gold.

The property is currently without known reserves and the proposed program is exploratory in nature.

#### **Exploration Plans:**

The Company currently has no exploration plans for La Vibora.

#### **The La Morena Placer**

The property is located adjacent to the La Vibora prospect south of the city of Esquida in the State of Sonora. The property is a gold silver placer deposit. There has been no systematic exploration of the La Morena Placer. Shoshone acquired a 25% interest in the property in 2000. The Company has not made improvements to the property. Power and

water supplies are unknown.

Exploration History:

Distal from the La Vibora property is the La Morena Placer. This property has had limited auger and assaying returning average grades of 0.03 oz/t gold. No resource estimate has been completed and the property is currently without known reserves.

Exploration Plans:

The Company currently has no exploration plans for La Morena Placer.

**OUR EXPLORATION PROCESS**

Our exploration program is designed to acquire, explore and evaluate exploration properties in an economically efficient manner. We have not at this time identified or delineated any metals reserves on any of our properties.

Our current focus is primarily on the acquisition of additional exploration properties. Subject to our ability to raise the necessary funds, we intend to implement an exploration program that may cover some or all of our other properties at various times as we deem prudent.

We expect our exploration work on a given property to proceed generally in three phases.

The first phase is intended to determine whether a prospect warrants further exploration and involves:

- researching the available geologic literature;
- interviewing geologists, mining engineers and others familiar with the prospect sites;
- conducting geologic mapping, geophysical testing and geochemical testing;
- examining any existing workings, such as trenches, prospect pits, shafts or tunnels;
- digging 150 foot long and 10-to-20 foot wide trenches that allow for an examination of surface vein structure as well as for efficient reclamation, re-contouring and re-seeding of disturbed areas; and
- analyzing samples for minerals that are known to have occurred in the test area.

Subject to obtaining the necessary permits in a timely manner, the first phase can typically be completed on an individual property in several months at a cost of less than \$200,000. We have completed research on and examination of each of our properties, and have commenced geophysical work and sampling on some of our properties.

The second phase is intended to identify any mineral deposits of potential economic importance and would involve:

- examining underground characteristics of mineralization that were previously identified;
- conducting more detailed geologic mapping;
- conducting more advanced geochemical and geophysical surveys;
- conducting more extensive trenching; and
- conducting exploratory drilling.

Subject to obtaining the necessary permits in a timely manner, the second phase can typically be completed on an individual property in six to nine months at a cost of less than \$1 million. None of our properties has reached the second phase.

The third phase is intended to precisely define depth, width, length, tonnage and value per ton of any deposit that has been identified and would involve:

- drilling to develop the mining site;
- conducting metallurgical testing; and
- obtaining other pertinent technical information required to define an ore reserve and complete a feasibility study.

Depending upon the nature of the particular deposit, the third phase on any one property could take one to five years or more and cost up to \$20,000,000 or more. None of our properties has reached the third phase.



We intend to explore and develop our properties ourselves, although our plans could change depending on the terms and availability of financing and the terms or merits of any joint venture proposals.

## **ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLIANCE**

Our primary cost of complying with applicable environmental laws during exploration is likely to arise in connection with the reclamation of drill holes and access roads. Drill holes typically can be reclaimed for nominal costs, although the BLM recently promulgated new surface management regulations which may significantly increase those costs on BLM lands. Access road reclamation may cost up to \$50,000 to \$100,000 if road building has been done, and those costs, too, are likely to increase as the result of the new BLM regulations. As we are currently in the exploration stage on all of our properties, reclamation costs have not yet been incurred.

## **EMPLOYEES**

The Company currently has 12 employees, 3 of whom are both officers and directors and one of which is a director.

## **GLOSSARY OF TERMS**

**AMPHIBOLITE:** granular metamorphic rocks.

**ANOMALY:** a deviation from uniformity or regularity in geophysical or geochemical quantities.

**ANTICLINE:** layered rock formations structurally folded into a convex structure with a core that hosts the oldest rocks.

**ARCHEAN:** geologic age older than 2,500,000 years.

**BATHOLITH:** a large emplacement of igneous intrusive or plutonic rock that forms from cooled magma within the Earth's crust.

**BLEBS:** a vesicle, blister or bubble.

**BRECCIA:** rock in which angular fragments are surrounded by a mass of fine-grained minerals.

**CHALCOPYRITE:** the main copper ore, which is widely occurring and found mainly in veins.

**CIRCULATION DRILL:** a rotary drill or rotary percussion drill in which the drilling fluid and cuttings return to the surface through the drill pipe, minimizing contamination.

**CRETACEOUS AGE:** the geologic age period dating from approximately 68 million years to 142 million years.

**CROSS CUTS:** a horizontal opening driven from a shaft and (or near) right angles to the strike of a vein or other ore body.

**DIAMOND DRILL:** a type of rotary drill in which the cutting is done by abrasion rather than by percussion. The hollow bit of the drill cuts a core of rock, which is recovered in long cylindrical sections.

**DISSEMINATED:** fine particles of mineral dispensed through the enclosing rock.

**DEVELOPMENT:** work carried out for the purpose of opening up a mineral deposit and making the actual extraction possible.

DIKES: a tabular igneous intrusion that cuts across the structures of surrounding rock.

**DIP:** the angle at which a vein, structure or rock bed is inclined from the horizontal as measured at right angles to the strike.

**DRIFTS:** a horizontal passage underground that follows along the length of a vein or mineralized rock formation.

**EXPLORATION:** work involved in searching for ore by geological mapping, geochemistry, geophysics, drilling and other methods.

**GABBRO:** Dark colored basic intrusive rocks. Intrusive equivalent of volcanic basalt.

**GEOCHEMISTRY:** study of variation of chemical elements in rocks or soils.

**GEOPHYSICS:** study of the earth by quantitative physical methods.

**GNEISS:** a layered or banded crystalline metamorphic rock the grains of which are aligned or elongated into a roughly parallel arrangement.

**HYDROTHERMAL:** pertaining to hot water, especially with respect to its action in dissolving, re-depositing, and otherwise producing mineral changes within the earth's crust.

**INTRUSION/INTRUSIVE:** a volume of igneous rock that was injected, while still molten, into the earth's crust or other rocks.

**LITHOLOGY:** The character of a rock described in terms of its structure, color, mineral composition, grain size and arrangement of its component parts.

**MAFIC:** Pertaining to or composed dominantly of the ferromagnesian rock-forming silicates; used to describe some igneous rocks and their constituent minerals.

**METAMORPHISM:** The mineralogical and structural changes in solid rock that have been caused by heat and pressure at depth over time.

**MINERALIZATION:** the concentration of metals and their compounds in rocks, and the processes involved therein.

**NORITE:** a coarse grained igneous rock formed at great depth.

**ORE:** material that can be economically mined and processed.

**ORE BODY:** a continuous, well-defined mass of material of sufficient ore content to make extraction economically feasible.

**OUTCROP:** the part of a rock formation that appears at the earth's surface, often protruding above the surrounding ground.

**PYRITE:** the most widespread sulfide mineral.

**PYROXENITE:** any group of minerals.

**QUARTZITE:** a sedimentary rock consisting mostly of silica sand grains that have been welded together by heat and compaction.

RECLAMATION: the restoration of a site after exploration activity or mining is completed.

SCHIST: a foliated metamorphic rock the grains of which have a roughly parallel arrangement.



**SEDIMENTARY ROCKS/SEDIMENTS:** rocks resulting from the consolidation of loose sediments of older rock transported from its source and deposited.

**SHEAR OR SHEARING:** The deformation of rocks by lateral movement along numerous parallel planes, generally resulting from pressure and producing such metamorphic structures as cleavage and schistosity.

**SILLS:** a near horizontal flat-bedded stratum of intrusive rock.

**SKARN:** the formation resulting from the reaction of two adjacent rock types exchanging elements and fluids during regional and/or contact metamorphosis.

**SULFIDE:** a metallic mineral containing reduced sulphur.

**STRIKE:** the course or bearing of a vein or a layer of rock.

**ULTRAMAFIC:** said of an igneous rock composed chiefly of mafic materials.

**UNPATENTED MINING CLAIM:** a parcel of property located on federal lands pursuant to the U.S. General Mining Law of 1872 and the requirements of the state in which the unpatented claim is located, the paramount title of which remains with the federal government. The holder of a valid, unpatented lode mining claim is granted certain rights including the right to explore and mine such claim.

**VEIN:** an epigenetic mineral filling the fault or other fracture, in tabular or sheet like form, often with associated replacement of the host rock, or a mineral deposit of this form or origin.

## **ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS**

Not Applicable.

## **ITEM 1B. UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS**

Not Applicable.

## **ITEM 2. PROPERTIES**

The Company's interests in its exploration properties are described in Item 1.

On September 10, 2008, the Company acquired for \$150,000 a 50% interest in a commercial office building in Coeur d'Alene, Idaho. The Company paid \$100,000 at the signing of the purchase agreement and paid the remaining \$50,000 in October 2008.

Effective September 30, 2008, the Company's refurbished Lakeview Mill with a cost of \$499,681 was placed into service and will begin to be depreciated over 31.5 years starting on October 1, 2008.

The Company's executive offices are located at 403 Seventh Street, Wallace, Idaho, 83873, and its telephone number is (208) 752-1070. The Company leases its office space under a year-to-year lease for monthly rent payments of \$550.00.

## **ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS**

We are, from time to time, involved in various legal proceedings incidental to the conduct of business. In the opinion of management, our gross liability, if any, and without any consideration given to the availability of insurance or other

indemnification, under any pending litigation or administrative proceedings, including that discussed below, would not materially affect our consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

On November 17, 2008, the United States Environmental Protection Agency ( EPA ) filed a civil action against us in the United States District Court for the District of Idaho. The civil action seeks recovery of funds paid by the EPA in response to alleged releases of hazardous substances at our Idaho Lakeview mine and mill site in Bonner County, Idaho. Currently, we do not believe that the resolution of this civil action will materially affect our consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

#### ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

None.

#### EXECUTIVE OFFICERS OF THE REGISTRANT

The following table sets forth information concerning the Company's directors and executive officers.

NAME	AGE	POSITION
Lex Smith	56	President and Director
Carol Stephan	67	Secretary and Director
Melanie Farrand	53	Treasurer and Director
Sharon Jacobs	51	Director

Set forth below is certain additional information with respect to the directors and executive officers.

**Lex Smith** holds a BA in political science from Drake University, an associate degree in business systems management and an associate degree in paralegal studies. Additionally, for the last 13 years, he has been a business consultant and project manager in the United States for the Lehman, Lee & Xu Law Firm in Beijing, China, and has served as a consultant to the Firm's Mining Law Department for the past 2 years. Mr. Smith entered the mining business in 1993 as the field manager and owner of multiple mining claims in Montana and has subsequently been closely involved with several mining companies and mining projects in the Pacific Northwest. Further, Mr. Smith has served as the President of the Silver Valley Mining Association since 2003, and currently also serves as President of Natural Resources Education Outreach, an Idaho non-profit corporation.

**Carol Stephan** has over 30 years of experience in the mining and timber industries. Additionally, she is currently serving as a Director of Sterling Mining Company, an Officer of Merger Mines Corporation, a Director and Secretary of Shoshone Silver Mining Company and as a Director and Officer of Gold Crest Mines. Her extensive experience in the administration and management of mining companies has been gleaned from the many years she has worked with and managed mining and timber companies in the western United States. In addition, Ms. Stephan currently owns and operates several successful businesses in Idaho.

**Melanie Farrand** has been working in the mining industry for the past six years as an administrative secretary and bookkeeper. She also serves on the Board of Directors of several mining companies. Previously she was the office manager for a Land Surveying company for ten years, responsible for payroll, bookkeeping and research. Ms. Farrand is currently serving as a Director and Officer of Shoshone Silver Mining Company.

**Sharon Jacobs** was elected to the Board of Directors in 2006. She has been the Office Manager for Silver Valley Capital, a Wallace, Idaho real estate development firm, since 2004. Prior to her employment with Silver Valley



Capital, Sharon was an Appraiser for the Shoshone County Assessor for 18 years. Sharon retired from Shoshone County in 2003 as the Chief Deputy Treasurer after 25 years of combined employment.

## PART II

### ITEM 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

The Company's shares are traded on the OTC Pink Sheets operated by the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. (NASD) under the trading symbol SHSH.OB. Summary trading by quarter for fiscal 2008 and 2007 are as follows:

Fiscal Quarter	High (b)	Low (b)
<b>2007</b>		
Fourth Quarter (a)	\$ -	\$ -
Third Quarter	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.10
Second Quarter	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.13
First Quarter	\$ 0.32	\$ 0.19
<b>2007</b>		
Fourth Quarter	\$ 0.43	\$ 0.21
Third Quarter	\$ 0.31	\$ 0.21
Second Quarter	\$ 0.35	\$ 0.24
First Quarter	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.23

(a) On September 29, 2008, the Company's board of directors approved a change in the Company's fiscal year end from December 31<sup>st</sup> to September 30<sup>th</sup>, effective on September 30, 2008. This report covers the nine-month transition period of January 1, 2008 through September 30, 2008.

(b) These quotations reflect inter-dealer prices, without retail mark-up, mark-down or commissions and may not represent actual transactions.

As of September 30, 2008, the Company had approximately 1,589 holders of record of our common stock.

The Company has not paid any dividends since our inception and do not anticipate paying any dividends on its common stock in the foreseeable future. There are no restrictions which preclude the payment of dividends.

The Company has no equity compensation plan or plans.

#### Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities

During the three-month period ended September 30, 2008, the Company sold 500,000 shares of common stock at a price per share of \$0.20 to two accredited investors for gross proceeds of \$100,000. For every two shares purchased, the investor received one warrant to purchase one share of common stock. The warrants are exercisable at \$0.40 per share and expire on June 9, 2009. This sale was made under the exemption from registration provided by Regulation D, Rule 506. The Company paid commissions totaling \$4,016 for this equity transaction.

#### Purchases of Equity Securities by the Issuer

On September 17, 2008, the Company acquired 126,000 shares of its common stock at a price of \$0.12 per share.



On September 18, 2008, the Company acquired 6,100 shares of its common stock at a price of \$0.12 per share.

## **ITEM 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA**

Not Applicable.

## **ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

### ***This report contains forward-looking statements***

From time to time, Shoshone and its senior managers have made and will make forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such statements are contained in this report and may be contained in other documents that Shoshone files with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Such statements may also be made by Shoshone and its senior managers in oral or written presentations to analysts, investors, the media and others. Forward-looking statements can be identified by the fact that they do not relate strictly to historical or current facts. Also, forward-looking statements can generally be identified by words such as may, could, should, would, believe, anticipate, estimate, seek, expect, intend, plan and similar expressions.

Forward-looking statements provide our expectations or predictions of future conditions, events or results. They are not guarantees of future performance. By their nature, forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties. As such, our actual future results, performance or achievements may differ materially from the results expressed in, or implied by, our forward-looking statements.

Our forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made. We do not undertake to update forward-looking statements to reflect the impact of circumstances or events that arise after the date the forward-looking statements were made.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes presented elsewhere in this report.

### ***Fiscal Year End Change***

References to a fiscal year refer to the calendar year in which such fiscal year commences. Historically, our fiscal year ended on December 31<sup>st</sup>. However, on September 29, 2008, our board of directors approved a change in our fiscal year end from December 31<sup>st</sup> to September 30<sup>th</sup>, effective on September 30, 2008. This report covers the nine-month transition period of January 1, 2008 through September 30, 2008.

### ***Plan of Operation***

On August 11, 2008, we sold 100% of the common stock of our wholly owned subsidiary in Mexico, Shoshone Mexico, S.A. de C.V, to Xtierra Resources, Ltd ( Xtierra ). Our interest in the Bilbao concessions in Zacatecas, Mexico was included in this sale. In exchange for our interest in the Bilbao concessions we received net proceeds of 2,498,490 and a note receivable for \$2,500,000.

The note does not bear interest and stipulates that a payment of \$500,000 is due on August 11, 2009. The remaining balance of \$2,000,000 is to be paid in four consecutive equal installments to begin at the time of the commencement of construction of any mine developed on the Bilbao concessions but in any event will be due and payable no later than August 11, 2019. Since the note does not bear interest, we imputed interest at a rate of 5%. Accordingly we recorded a note discount of \$634,637. During fiscal 2008, \$7,773 of interest income was realized through the amortization of this note discount.





Effective September 30, 2008, we completed the refurbishment of the mill at our Lakeview property. The total capitalized cost of this refurbishment was \$499,681 which began depreciating on October 1, 2008. During 2009, we plan to conduct geologic assessments of our Lakeview Property. We began the milling of previously stockpiled material in the fall of 2007 and we plan to continue this into 2009. After that, we anticipate conducting surface mining at the Weber property and the milling of ores obtained from those efforts at the Lakeview Mill. We intend to use the proceeds from the sale of our Bilbao concessions to finance these plans.

**Comparison of the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2008 and the Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2007:**

**Results of Operations**

Please note that the following discussions compare a nine-month fiscal year 2008 with a twelve-month fiscal year 2007. Fiscal year 2008 is a nine-month transition period attributable to the change in our fiscal year end. On September 29, 2008, our board of directors approved a change in our fiscal year end from December 31st to September 30th, effective on September 30, 2008.

The following table sets forth certain information regarding the components of our Consolidated Statements of Operations for the year ended September 30, 2008 compared with the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007. This table is provided to assist in assessing differences in our overall performance:

	<b>Fiscal Year Ended</b>			
	<b>2008</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>\$ Change</b>	<b>% Change</b>
REVENUES	\$ 240	\$ 941	\$ (701)	-74.5%
COST OF REVENUES	127	562	(435)	-77.4%
GROSS PROFIT	113	379	(266)	-70.2%
General and administrative	490,770	368,230	122,540	33.3%
Professional fees	189,342	144,488	44,854	31.0%
Depreciation	44,392	43,612	780	1.8%
Mining and exploration expenses	68,404	136,695	(68,291)	-50.0%
Net gain on sale of load claim	(60,000)	-	(60,000)	0.0%
Total Operating Expenses	732,908	693,025	39,883	5.8%
LOSS FROM OPERATIONS	(732,795)	(692,646)	(40,149)	5.8%
Lease income	-	2,514	(2,514)	-100.0%
Net gain on sale of securities	(7,840)	385,913	(393,753)	-102.0%
Dividend and interest income	22,637	29,807	(7,170)	-24.1%
Net gain on the sale of Mexican mining concession	4,363,353	-	4,363,353	0.0%
Interest expense	(3,250)	(1,170)	(2,080)	177.8%
Other income	3,253	2,728	525	19.2%
Total Other Income	4,378,153	419,792	3,958,361	942.9%
NET (LOSS) INCOME	\$ 3,645,358	\$ (272,854)	\$ 3,918,212	-1436.0%

The following table, which sets forth our unaudited results of operations for the three-months ended December 31, 2007, is provided to assist the reader in assessing the differences in our overall fiscal 2008 and 2007 performance.

**Three-Month  
Period Ended  
December 31, 2007  
(unaudited)**

Revenues	\$ 180
Cost of Revenue	96
Gross Profit	84
<b>Operating Expenses</b>	
General and administrative	91,661
Professional fees	54,775
Depreciation	12,642
Mining and exploration expenses	19,307
Total Operating Expenses	178,385
Loss From Operations	(178,301)
<b>Other Income (Expenses)</b>	
Net gain on sale of securities	41,424
Lease income	2,514
Other income	1,407
Dividend and interest income	6,005
Interest expense	(479)
Total Other Income	50,871
Net Loss Before Income Taxes	\$ (127,430)
Net Loss Per Common Share, Basic and Diluted	\$ (0.01)

**Overview of Operating Results**

The increase in net income during fiscal 2008 from fiscal 2007 was primarily the result of a net gain on the sale of our interest in the Bilbao concessions in Zacatecas, Mexico. In exchange for our interest in the Bilbao concessions we received net proceeds of \$2,497,990 and a non-interest bearing note receivable (net of discount) for \$1,865,363. The deferred costs of \$80,000 related to these concessions were included in exploration expenses in a prior year.

Since the note does not bear interest, the Company imputed interest at a rate of 5%. Accordingly the Company recorded a note discount of \$634,637. During fiscal 2008, \$7,773 of interest income was realized through the amortization of this note discount.

This positive impact was partially offset primarily by a net loss on the sale of available-for-sale securities of \$7,840 realized during the nine-month fiscal 2008 compared with a net gain of \$385,913 realized during the twelve-month fiscal 2007.

**Operating Expenses**

Operating expenses increased during nine-month fiscal 2008 compared with twelve-month fiscal 2007. The increase between these two periods is larger than it appears also due to the \$178,301 loss from operations incurred during the three-month period ended December 31, 2007.

The increase in operating expenses during fiscal 2008 was primarily attributable to \$78,500 in compensation expense associated with a settlement agreement entered into by the Company with its former Chief Executive Officer. Also contributing to the increase, although to a lesser extent, in were incremental salary expenses related to the hiring of six new employees during fiscal 2008 and increased legal and accounting fees associated with the sale of our Mexican mining concession. See Note 12. Accounts Payable - *Settlement Agreement with Former Chief Executive Officer* to our consolidated financial statements for further details.

Partially offsetting these negative impacts was a net gain on the sale of a lode claim of \$60,000 realized during fiscal 2008. On July 24, 2008, we acquired 200,000 shares of common stock of Bayswater Uranium Corporation, a Canadian company ( Bayswater ), in exchange for our 43 unpatented mining claims in Elko County, Nevada. This exchange was valued at \$60,000 based on the market price of Bayswater's common stock on July 24, 2008. The Company did not realize a gain on the sale of a lode claim during fiscal 2007.

### **Other Income (Expenses)**

The increase in other income during fiscal 2008 from fiscal 2007 was primarily due to a net gain of \$4,997,990 on the sale of our interest in the Bilbao concessions in Zacatecas, Mexico. In exchange for our interest in the Bilbao concessions we received net proceeds of 2,497,990 and a non-interest bearing note receivable, net of discount, for \$1,865,363. The deferred costs of \$80,000 related to these concessions were included in exploration expenses in a prior year.

Since the note does not bear interest, the Company imputed interest at a rate of 5%. Accordingly the Company recorded a note discount of \$634,637. During fiscal 2008, \$7,773 of interest income was realized through the amortization of this note discount.

This positive impact was partially offset primarily by a net loss on the sale of available-for-sale securities of \$7,840 realized during the nine-month fiscal 2008 compared with a net gain of \$385,913 realized during the twelve-month fiscal 2007. A net gain from the sale of available-for-sale securities of \$41,424 was realized during the three-month period ended December 31, 2007 accounts for a portion of the decrease in this account. The remaining decrease is due to fewer available-for-sale securities being sold at reduced market values.

### **Overview of Financial Position**

At September 30, 2008, we had cash of \$1,507,066 and total liabilities of \$211,199. During 2008, we received net proceeds of \$2,497,990 from the sale of our interest in the Bilbao concessions in Zacatecas, Mexico, \$295,984 from the issuance of 1,550,000 shares of common stock to ten investors, and \$13,450 from the sale of available-for-sale securities. These proceeds were utilized to complete the refurbishment of the Company's Lakeview mining property and will be used to finance our expanding operations.

### **Property, Plant and Equipment**

At September 30, 2008, property, plant and equipment before accumulated depreciation totaled \$2,585,095, an increase of \$431,879 from \$2,153,216 from the balance at December 31, 2007. The following contributed to this increase:

1. We expended \$114,511 during fiscal 2008 to complete the refurbishment of the mill at our Lakeview property;
2. We expended \$167,368 during fiscal 2008 to acquire equipment primarily related to the operations at our Lakeview property;
3. We issued 454,000 shares of common stock on June 6, 2008, in exchange for three pieces of heavy equipment. The transaction was valued at \$95,340 based on a stock price of \$0.21 per common share on June 6, 2008.
4. We acquired for \$150,000 on September 10, 2008, a 50% interest in a commercial office building in Coeur d'Alene, Idaho.

See Note 7. Property, Plant and Equipment to our consolidated financial statements for further details.

### **Notes Receivable**

On September 30, 2008, we had current and long-term notes receivable, net of discount, of \$2,194,307 compared with \$118,363 at December 31, 2008.

This increase is primarily due the sale of our interest in the Bilbao concessions in Zacatecas, Mexico. In exchange for this we received net proceeds of 2,497,990 and a non-interest bearing note receivable, net of discount, for \$1,865,363. The note does not bear interest and stipulates that a payment of \$500,000 is due on August 11, 2009. The remaining balance of \$2,000,000 is to be paid in four consecutive equal installments to begin at the time of the commencement of construction of any mine developed on the Bilbao concessions but in any event will be due and payable no later than August 11, 2019.

Since the note does not bear interest, the Company imputed interest at a rate of 5%. Accordingly the Company recorded a note discount of \$634,637. During fiscal 2008, \$7,773 of interest income was realized through the amortization of this note discount.

Additionally, in connection with a letter-of-intent entered into with Kimberly Gold Mines, Inc. ( Kimberly), on August 29, 2008, we advanced Kimberly \$200,000 in exchange for a promissory note to reduce their outstanding obligations. The note bears interest at 6.0% per annum and is payable on demand at any time. Further, until the principal and accrued interest are paid, the note is secured by sufficient shares of Kimberly common stock at an agreed value of \$0.06 per share.

See Note 10. Notes Receivable to our consolidated financial statements for further details.

### **Investments**

Shoshone's investment portfolio at September 30, 2008 was \$356,823, an increase of \$98,619 from the December 31, 2007 balance of \$258,204. This increase was primarily a result of the acquisition of 1,266,013 shares of common stock in various companies. Partially offsetting this positive impact was decreased per share values. See Note 11: Investments to our consolidated financial statements for further details.

### **Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses**

Our accounts payable were \$195,507 at September 30, 2008, which included \$48,500 in compensation expense associated with a settlement agreement entered into by the Company with its former Chief Executive Officer, and included \$50,000 associated with our acquisition of a 50% interest in a commercial office building in Coeur d'Alene, Idaho. Our accounts payable were \$54,106 at December 31, 2007, which included \$37,874 in legal expenses and \$9,597 in expenditures associated with the Company's Lakeview mining property.

### **Notes Payable**

During 2006, we acquired a vehicle for \$19,782 by paying \$9,000 cash and signing a note for the remaining \$10,781. The note has a term of 30 months, bears interest at 8.99% annually and stipulates that payments of \$499 be made monthly. The outstanding balance on this note payable was \$1,136 at September 30, 2008 and is payable within twelve months.

During the third quarter of 2007, we acquired equipment for \$55,000 by paying \$27,500 cash and signing a note for the remaining \$27,500. The note has a term of 24 months, bears interest at 8.50% annually and stipulates that payments of \$1,250 be made monthly. The outstanding balance on this note payable was \$13,183 at June 30, 2008. Of this amount \$14,032 is payable within twelve months.

In December 2007, we purchased for \$21,335 a one-year liability insurance policy covering its Lakeview mill (the Policy ). The Policy was purchased with a cash payment of \$5,709 with the balance of \$15,626 was settled with a promissory note. We recorded prepaid insurance of \$19,557 and a related entry to record a \$15,626 note payable. The note has a term of nine months, bears interest at 11.4% annually and stipulates that payments of \$1,820 be made monthly. The outstanding balance on this note payable was \$0 at September 30, 2008.

In December 2007, we purchased equipment for \$15,377 in exchange for a note. The note has a term of 43 months, bears interest at 3.90% annually and stipulates that payments of \$384 be made monthly. The lender has the right to increase the interest rate to 19.8% in the event of a violation of the terms of the loan agreement. The outstanding balance on this note payable was \$12,328 at September, 2008. Of this amount \$4,207 is payable within twelve months.

See Note 13. Notes Payable to our consolidated financial statements for further details.

### **Stockholders' Equity**

Shoshone's total stockholders' equity was \$5,641,020 at September 30, 2008, an increase of \$3,976,885 from \$1,781,271 at December 31, 2007. The increase in total stockholders' equity was primarily due to net income of \$3,645,358 realized during fiscal 2008. Also contributing to this increase was the issuance of 1,550,000 shares of common stock for net proceeds of \$295,985, as well as the issuance of 454,000 shares of common stock in exchange for three pieces of heavy equipment. See Note 7: Property, Plant and Equipment and Note 14: Common Stock to our consolidated financial statements for further details.

Partially offsetting this increase in total stockholders' equity was a decrease of \$200,113 in accumulated other comprehensive income. Fluctuations in prevailing market values continue to cause volatility in the Company's accumulated comprehensive income or loss in stockholders' equity and may continue to do so in future periods. See Note 11: Investments to our consolidated financial statements for further details.

### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

#### **Operating Activities**

During fiscal 2008 and fiscal 2007, our operating activities used \$605,015 and used \$552,117, respectively. This increase was primarily the result of a \$4,363,353 net gain on the sale of our Mexican mining concession. Partially offsetting this impact was a gain on the sale of investments of \$385,913 included in the prior fiscal year results compared with a non-cash loss on the sales of investments of \$7,840 during the current fiscal year.

#### **Investing Activities**

Our investing activities provided \$1,989,426 and \$37,511 during fiscal 2008 and fiscal 2007, respectively, on increase of \$1,951,915. This increase was primarily the result of net proceeds of \$2,497,990 received in connection with the sale of our Mexican mining concession. Partially offsetting this were proceeds from the sale of investments of \$481,285 received during fiscal 2007 compared with only \$13,450 during fiscal 2008. Also partially offsetting this was the purchase of \$260,023 of investments during fiscal 2008 compared with \$31,121 during fiscal 2007.

#### **Financing Activities**

Our financing activities contributed \$171,623 and \$334,999 during fiscal 2008 and fiscal 2007, respectively, a decrease of \$163,376. This decrease is primarily due our advancing Kimberly \$200,000 in exchange for a promissory note to reduce their outstanding obligations. Partially offsetting this was a payment of \$120,000 received from Silver Valley Capital on a note receivable. Also partially offsetting this were net proceeds of \$295,985 from the issuance of 1,550,000 shares of common stock during fiscal 2008 compared with the net proceeds of \$252,000 from issuance of \$1,450,000 shares of common stock during fiscal 2007.

### **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

The Company is not currently a party to any off-balance sheet arrangements as they are defined in the regulations promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission.





**ITEM 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK**

Not applicable

**ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA**

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of  
Shoshone Silver Mining Company

**REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM**

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of Shoshone Silver Mining Company as of September 30, 2008, and December 31, 2007, and the related statements of operations, stockholders' equity and cash flows for the period and year then ended, and for the period from January 1, 2000 (inception of exploration stage) to September 30, 2008. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audit included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Shoshone Silver Mining Company as of September 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007 and the results of its operations, stockholders' equity and its cash flows for the period and the year then ended, and for the period from January 1, 2000 (inception of exploration stage) to September 30, 2008, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Williams & Webster, P.S.  
*Certified Public Accountants*  
Spokane, Washington  
January 12, 2009

**SHOSHONE SILVER MINING COMPANY**  
**(an Exploration Stage Company)**  
**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

	September 30, 2008	December 31, 2007
<b>ASSETS</b>		
<b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,570,066	\$ 14,032
Note receivable (net of discount) - current portion	422,277	-
Receivables from related parties	9,624	9,624
Deposits and prepaids	4,806	19,886
Supplies inventory	2,821	2,948
Total Current Assets	2,009,594	46,490
<b>PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT</b>		
Property, plant and equipment	2,585,095	2,153,216
Accumulated depreciation	(1,244,225)	(1,199,833)
Total Property Plant and Equipment	1,340,870	953,383
<b>MINERAL AND MINING PROPERTIES</b>	379,690	379,690
<b>OTHER ASSETS</b>		
Notes receivable from related parties	3,716	136,180
Notes receivable (net of discount)	1,772,030	118,363
Accrued interest receivable	10,739	4,267
Investments	356,823	258,204
Total Other Assets	2,143,308	517,014
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>\$ 5,873,462</b>	<b>\$ 1,896,577</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
<b>CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>		
Accounts payable	\$ 195,507	\$ 54,106
Accrued expenses	10,288	1,755
Notes payable - current portion	18,526	37,292
Total Current Liabilities	224,321	93,153
Note payable - noncurrent portion	8,121	22,153
Total Liabilities	232,442	115,306
<b>COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES</b>	-	-
<b>STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
Common stock, 80,000,000 shares authorized, \$0.10 par value; 22,063,179 and 19,847,179 shares issued and outstanding	2,206,318	1,984,718

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Additional paid-in capital	3,522,385	3,308,261
Treasury stock	(309,853)	(288,633)
Stock options	-	-
Subscriptions receivable	-	-
Accumulated deficit in exploration stage	1,906,423	(1,738,935)
Accumulated deficit prior to exploration stage	(1,667,482)	(1,667,482)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	(16,771)	183,342
Total Stockholders' Equity	5,641,020	1,781,271
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS'</b>		
<b>EQUITY</b>	\$ 5,873,462	\$ 1,896,577

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**SHOSHONE SILVER MINING COMPANY**  
**(an Exploration Stage Company)**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**

	<b>Fiscal Year Ended</b>		<b>Period from January 1, 2000 (beginning of development stage) to September 30, 2008</b>
	<b>September 30, 2008 (a)</b>	<b>December 31, 2007</b>	
REVENUES	\$ 240	\$ 941	\$ 377,638
COST OF REVENUES	127	562	230,260
GROSS PROFIT	113	379	147,378
OPERATING EXPENSES			
General and administrative	490,770	362,190	1,471,194
Professional fees	189,342	144,488	640,482
Consulting fees	-	-	135,140
Depreciation	44,392	43,612	333,296
Mining and exploration expenses	68,404	142,735	1,560,307
Net gain on sale of load claim	(60,000)	-	(193,907)
Total Operating Expenses	732,908	693,025	3,946,512
LOSS FROM OPERATIONS	(732,795)	(692,646)	(3,799,134)
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES)			
Lease income	-	2,514	444,044
Net gain on sale of securities	(7,840)	385,913	1,130,208
Dividend and interest income	22,637	29,807	91,300
Loss on abandonment of asset	-	-	(20,000)
Gain on sale of fixed asset	-	-	12,200
Unrealized holding loss on marketable securities	-	-	(380,827)
Gain on settlement of note receivable	-	-	64,206
Gain on sale of Mexican mining concession	4,363,353		4,363,353
Interest expense	(3,250)	(1,170)	(4,908)
Other income	3,253	2,728	5,981
Total Other Income (Expenses)	4,378,153	419,792	5,705,557
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAXES	3,645,358	(272,854)	1,906,423
INCOME TAXES	-	-	124,826
DEFERRED TAX GAIN	-	-	(124,826)
NET INCOME (LOSS)	3,645,358	(272,854)	1,906,423

OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME  
(LOSS)

Unrealized holding gain (loss) on investments	(207,954)	(33,570)	502,451
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NET COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)	\$ 3,437,404	\$ (306,424)	\$ 2,408,874
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NET INCOME (LOSS) PER COMMON SHARE, BASIC	\$ 0.17	\$ (0.01)
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NET INCOME (LOSS) PER COMMON SHARE, DILUTED	\$ 0.17	\$ (0.01)
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WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF COMMON STOCK SHARES OUTSTANDING, BASIC	20,935,677	18,733,009
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WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF COMMON STOCK SHARES OUTSTANDING, DILUTED	20,935,677	18,733,009
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**SHOSHONE SILVER MINING COMPANY**  
**(an Exploration Stage Company)**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY**

	Common Stock		Additional	Treasury	Stock	Subscriptions	Accumulated	Accumulated
	Number	Amount	Paid-in	Stock	Options	Receivable	Deficit	Other
	of Shares		Capital					Comprehensive
								Income
Balance, December 31, 2006	18,243,797	\$ 1,824,380	\$ 3,151,143	\$ (270,696)	\$ 12,221	\$ (18,844)	\$ (3,133,563)	\$ 602,825
Expiration of stock options	-	-	12,221	-	(12,221)	-	-	-
Stock issued for cash at \$0.18 per share, net of costs								
of \$18,000	1,000,000	100,000	62,000	-	-	-	-	-
Stock issued for cash at \$0.20 per share	200,000	20,000	20,000	-	-	-	-	-
Stock issued for cash at \$0.20 per share	250,000	25,000	25,000	-	-	-	-	-
Issuance of stock for exploration expenses at a price								
of \$0.27 per share	100,000	10,000	17,000	-	-	-	-	-
Issuance of stock in exchange for services	6,000	600	1,320	-	-	-	-	-
Adjustments to common stock and treasury stock to								
adjust to actual. See Note 2.	47,382	4,739	16,388	(21,127)	-	-	-	-
Receipt of subscription receivable	-	-	-	-	-	18,844	-	-

Issuance of treasury stock for expenses incurred in the prior year	-	-	3,190	3,190	-	-	-	-
Unrealized holding gain on investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(419,483)
Net income for the year ending December 31, 2007	-	-	-	-	-	-	(272,854)	-
Balance, December 31, 2007	19,847,179	\$ 1,984,719	\$ 3,308,262	\$ (288,633)	\$ -	\$ -	(3,406,417)	\$ 183,342
Issuance of stock in exchange for services	12,000	1,200	1,200	-	-	-	-	-
Stock issued for cash at \$0.20 per share, net of costs of \$10,000	350,000	35,000	25,000	-	-	-	-	-
Unrealized holding gain on investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stock issued for cash at \$0.20 per share, net of costs of \$4,016	450,000	45,000	40,984	-	-	-	-	-
Stock issued for cash at \$0.20 per share	250,000	25,000	25,000	-	-	-	-	-
Issuance of stock for exploration expenses at a price of \$0.22 per share	100,000	10,000	12,000	-	-	-	-	-
	454,000	45,400	49,940	-	-	-	-	-



Stock issued in exchange for heavy equipment									
Stock issued for cash at \$0.20 per share	250,000	25,000	25,000						
Stock issued for cash at \$0.20 per share	250,000	25,000	25,000						
Stock issued in settlement of an agreement with the Company's former CEO	100,000	10,000	10,000						
Acquisition of 50,000 shares of treasury stock at \$0.12 per share				(6,100)					
Acquisition of 126,000 shares of treasury stock at \$0.12 per share				(15,120)					
Unrealized holding gain on investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(200,114)	
Net income for nine-month period ended September 30, 2008	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,645,358	-	
	22,063,179	2,206,319	3,522,386	(309,853)	-	-	238,941	(16,772)	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**SHOSHONE SILVER MINING COMPANY**  
**(an Exploration Stage Company)**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2008	Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2007	Period from January 1, 2000 (beginning of development stage) to September 30, 2008
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>			
Net income (loss)	\$ 3,645,358	\$ (272,854)	\$ 1,906,423
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net			
cash used by operations:			
Depreciation and amortization expense	44,392	43,612	333,296
Amortization of note receivable discount	(7,773)	-	(7,773)
Common stock issued for services	2,400	1,919	193,686
Common stock issued for mining and exploration expenses	22,000	27,000	285,500
Common stock issued in settlement of agreement with former CEO	20,000	-	20,000
Treasury stock issued for services	-	-	20,320
Net gain on sale of lode claim	(60,000)	-	(193,907)
Net gain on sale of Mexican mining concession	(4,363,353)	-	(4,363,353)
Net loss (gain) on sale of investments	7,840	(385,913)	(1,130,208)
Available for sale securities issued in exchange for services	-	-	135,140
Unrealized holding loss on marketable securities	-	-	380,827
Gain on settlement of note receivable	-	-	(64,206)
Gain on sale of fixed asset	-	-	(12,200)
Impairment of mining expenses	-	-	413,000
Loss on abandonment of investment	-	-	20,000
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Change in receivable from related party	-	1,000	(9,624)
Change in other current assets	-	-	(4,819)
Change in deposits and prepaids	15,080	3,389	10,639
Change in supplies inventory	127	1,040	9,911
Change in accrued interest receivable	(6,472)	5,256	(10,739)
Change in accrued liabilities	8,533	(599)	6,304
Change in accounts payable	66,853	24,033	106,915
Change in stock to issue	-	-	230,680
Net cash used in operating activities	(605,015)	(552,117)	(1,724,188)
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>			
Purchases of investments	(260,023)	(31,121)	(4,007,170)

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Proceeds from sale of investments	13,450	481,285	4,572,218
Purchase of mineral and mining properties	-	-	(68,472)
Proceeds from sale of lode claim	-	-	13,907
Proceeds from sale of Mexican mining concession	2,497,990	-	2,497,990
Purchase of fixed assets	(261,991)	(412,653)	(713,958)
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	-	-	12,200
Net cash provided by investing activities	1,989,426	37,511	2,306,715

# CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Net proceeds from sale of common stock	295,985	252,000	1,242,570
Common shares repurchased for treasury	(21,220)	-	(21,220)
Advances on notes receivable	(202,808)	-	(296,022)
Advances to related party	-	-	(195,000)
Issuance of note receivable from related party	-	-	(243,000)
Payments received on notes receivable from related party	132,464	71,125	332,498
Payments received on notes receivable	-	1,001	130,038
Payment of common stock subscriptions	-	18,844	20,225
Payment made on long-term note payable	(32,798)	(7,971)	(203,299)
Proceeds from short-term loans	-	-	160,760
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	171,623	334,999	927,550

Net increase (decrease) in cash	1,556,034	(179,607)	1,510,077
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Cash, beginning of period	14,032	193,639	59,989
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Cash, end of period	\$ 1,570,066	\$ 14,032	\$ 1,570,066
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# SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW DISCLOSURES:

Interest expense paid	\$ 3,250	\$ 1,170	\$ 4,908
Income taxes paid	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

# NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:

Deposit utilized to purchase fixed asset	\$ -	\$ 5,000	\$ 5,000
Note payable issued in exchange for prepaid asset	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,626
Accounts payable issued in exchange for partial payment on office building	\$ 50,000	\$ -	\$ 50,000
Common stock issued for accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 227,500
Stock received in exchange for lode claim	\$ 60,000	\$ -	\$ 60,000
Note receivable in connection with sale of lode claim	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 120,000
Note receivable (net of discount) in connection with sale of lode claim	\$ 1,865,363	\$ -	\$ 1,865,363

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Note issued in exchanged for vehicle	\$	-	\$	-	\$	53,658
Treasury stock acquired through sale of investment	\$	-	\$	-	\$	296,296
Common stock issued for purchase of equipment	\$	95,340	\$	-	\$	95,340
Common stock issued for purchase of mining properties	\$	-	\$	-	\$	45,000
Common stock issued for mining and exploration expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	222,500
Common Stock issued for services	\$	-	\$	-	\$	88,333
Common stock issued for finders' fee	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,000
Marketable securities received in lieu of note receivable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	104,273

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## **NOTE 1: ORGANIZATION AND DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS**

Shoshone Silver Mining Company (an Exploration Stage Company) ( the Company or Shoshone ) was incorporated under the laws of the State of Idaho on August 4, 1969, under the name of Sunrise Mining Company and is engaged in the business of mining. On January 22, 1970, the Company's name was changed to Shoshone Silver Mining Company. During 2003, the Company's focus was broadened to include resource management and sales of mineral and timber interests.

Beginning in fiscal 2000, the Company entered an exploration stage. The Company has acquired several mining properties since entering the exploration stage. During 2008, the Company completed the refurbishment of the mill at our Lakeview property. During 2009, the Company plans to conduct geologic assessments of its Lakeview Property. The Company began the milling of previously stockpiled material in the fall of 2007 and it plans to continue this into 2009. After that, the Company anticipates conducting surface mining at the Weber property and the milling of ores obtained from those efforts at the Lakeview Mill.

In 2004, the Company incorporated a wholly owned subsidiary in Mexico, Shoshone Mexico, S.A. de C.V, for the purposes of facilitating its Mexico property explorations and future operations. On August 11, 2008, the Company sold 100% of the common stock of its wholly owned subsidiary to Xtierra Resources, Ltd. The Company's four exploration mineral concessions covering 1,345 hectares located in Zacatecas, Mexico were included in this sale. See Note 11 and Note 19.

## **NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

This summary of significant accounting policies is presented to assist in understanding the financial statements. The financial statements and notes are representations of the Company's management, which is responsible for their integrity and objectivity. These accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and have been consistently applied in the preparation of the financial statements.

### Accounting Methods

The Company's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### Fiscal Periods

References to a fiscal year refer to the calendar year in which such fiscal year commences. Historically, the Company's fiscal year ended on December 31<sup>st</sup>. However, on September 29, 2008, the Company's board of directors approved a change in the Company's fiscal year end from December 31<sup>st</sup> to September 30<sup>th</sup>, effective on September 30, 2008. This report covers the nine-month transition period of January 1, 2008 through September 30, 2008.

### Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

Effective January 1, 2008, the Company adopted SFAS No. 157 ( SFAS 157 ), *Fair Value Measurements*. SFAS 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS 157 applies whenever other standards require (or permit) assets or liabilities to be measured at fair value but does not expand the use of fair value in any new circumstances. In this standard, the FASB clarifies the principle that fair value should be based on the assumptions market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability. In support of this principle, SFAS 157 establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the information used to develop those assumptions. The fair value hierarchy is as follows:

Level 1 inputs    Unadjusted quoted process in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity has the ability to access at the measurement date.

**Level 2 inputs** Inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. These might include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, such as interest rates and yield curves that are observable at commonly quoted intervals.

**Level 3 inputs** Unobservable inputs for determining the fair values of assets or liabilities that reflect an entity's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the assets or liabilities.

Securities classified as available for sale are reported at fair value utilizing Level 1 inputs. For these securities, the Company obtains fair value from active markets.

The Company's Note Receivable (net of discount) is reported at fair value utilizing Level 2 inputs. The discounting of this note receivable utilized interest rates.

The following table presents information about the Company's assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of September 30, 2008, and indicates the fair value hierarchy of the valuation techniques utilized by the Company to determine such fair value.

Description	Fair Value Measurements At September 30, 2008, Using			
	Fair Value September 30, 2008	Quoted Prices		
		In Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Available-for-Sale Securities	\$ 356,823	\$ 356,823	\$ -	\$ -
Note Receivable (net of discount)	1,873,135	-	1,873,135	-
<b>Total Assets Measured at Fair Value</b>	<b>\$ 2,229,958</b>	<b>\$ 356,823</b>	<b>\$ 1,873,135</b>	<b>\$ -</b>

In February 2007, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 159, "The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities Including an Amendment of FASB Statement No. 115" (SFAS 159). SFAS 159 permits entities to measure many financial instruments and certain other assets and liabilities at fair value on an instrument-by-instrument basis under a fair value option. SFAS 159 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. Accordingly, the Company adopted SFAS No. 159 effective January 1, 2008, with no significant effect on its financial position or results of operation.

#### New Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2008, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 162, "The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" (SFAS 162). SFAS 162 identifies a consistent framework, or hierarchy, for selecting accounting principles to be used in preparing financial statements that are presented in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for non-governmental entities. SFAS 162 is effective 60 days following the Securities and Exchange Commission's approval of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board amendments to AU Section 411, "The Meaning of Presenting Fairly in Conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles." The Company is assessing the impact of the adoption of SFAS 162 and believes there will be no material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of its statements of cash flows, the Company considers all highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents also include money market accounts.



### Concentration of Credit Risk

The Company maintains its cash in several commercial accounts at major financial institutions and brokerage houses. The brokerage accounts contain cash and securities. Balances are insured up to \$500,000 (with a limit of \$100,000 for cash) by the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC). Although the financial institutions are considered creditworthy and have not experienced any losses on their deposits, at September 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007, the Company's cash balance exceeded Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and SIPC limits by \$1,296,921 and \$0, respectively.

### Earnings Per Share

On January 1, 1998, the Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 128, which provides for calculation of "basic" and "diluted" earnings per share. Basic earnings per share includes no dilution and is computed by dividing net income (loss) available to common shareholders by the weighted average common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted earnings per share reflect the potential dilution of securities that could share in the earnings of an entity similar to fully diluted earnings per share.

At September 30, 2008, there were 1,500,000 common stock warrants outstanding which were not included in the calculation of earnings (loss) per share at September 30, 2008, because they would have been anti-dilutive.

At December 31, 2007, there were 725,000 common stock warrants outstanding which were not included in the calculation of earnings (loss) per share at December 31, 2007 because they would have been anti-dilutive.

### Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company's financial instruments as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 107, "Disclosures about Fair Value of Financial Instruments," include cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, deposits and prepaids, inventory, investment in available-for-sale securities, accounts payable and short-term borrowings. All instruments other than the investment in available-for-sale securities are accounted for on an historical cost basis, which, due to the short maturity of these financial instruments, approximates fair value at the reporting dates. Investments in available-for-sale securities are recorded at fair value at the reporting dates in accordance with SFAS 115.

### Marketable Securities

The Company accounts for marketable securities in accordance with the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 115, "Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities" (SFAS No. 115). Under SFAS No. 115, debt securities and equity securities that have readily determinable fair values are to be classified in three categories:

**Held to Maturity** the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity. Amounts are reported at amortized cost, adjusted for amortization of premiums and accretion of discounts.

**Trading Securities** bought principally for purpose of selling them in the near term. Amounts are reported at fair value, with unrealized gains and losses included in earnings.

**Available for Sale** not classified in one of the above categories. Amounts are reported at fair value, with unrealized gains and losses excluded from earnings and reported separately as a component of stockholders' equity.

At this time, the Company holds securities classified as available for sale. See Note 10: Investments for further details.



### Mining Properties, Land and Water Rights

Costs of acquiring and developing mining properties, land and water rights are capitalized as appropriate by project area. Exploration and related costs and costs to maintain mining properties, land and water rights are expensed as incurred while the property is in the exploration and evaluation stage. Development and related costs and costs to maintain mining properties, land and water rights are capitalized as incurred while the property is in the development. When a property reaches the production stage, the related capitalized costs are amortized using the units-of-production basis over proven and probable reserves. Mining properties, land and water rights are periodically assessed for impairment of value, and any subsequent losses are charged to operations at the time of impairment. If a property is abandoned or sold, a gain or loss is recognized and included in the consolidated statement of operations. See Note 7.

### Mineral Exploration and Development Costs

All exploration expenditures are expensed as incurred. Significant property acquisition payments for active exploration properties are capitalized. If no economic ore body is discovered, previously capitalized costs are expensed in the period the property is abandoned. Expenditures to develop new mines, to define further mineralization in existing ore bodies, and to expand the capacity of operating mines, are capitalized and amortized on a units-of-production basis over proven and probable reserves.

Should a property be abandoned, its capitalized costs are charged to operations. The Company charges to the consolidated statement of operations the allocable portion of capitalized costs attributable to properties sold. Capitalized costs are allocated to properties sold based on the proportion of claims sold to the claims remaining within the project area. See Note 7.

### Notes Receivable

The Company's policy for notes receivable is to continue accruing interest income until it becomes likely that the note is uncollectible. At that time, an allowance for bad debt would be established and interest would stop accruing.

### Principles of Consolidation

Historically, the Company's consolidated financial statements have included the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiary, Shoshone Mexico, S.A. de C.V. The inter-company accounts and transactions were eliminated upon consolidation. However, on September 2, 2008, the Company sold all of the common stock of its wholly owned subsidiary to Xtierra Resources, Ltd. See Note 11 and 19.

### Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost. Depreciation of property and equipment begins on the date the asset is placed in service and is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which range from three to thirty-one and one half years. See Note 7.

### Provision for Taxes

In June 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued FASB Interpretation No. 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes—an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109 (FIN 48), which prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. FIN 48 also provides guidance on de-recognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure and transition. FIN 48 became effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006 and was adopted in 2007 with no impact.

Income taxes are provided for based upon the liability method of accounting pursuant to Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 109 Accounting for Income Taxes ( SFAS No. 109 ). Under this approach, deferred income taxes are recorded to reflect the tax consequences on future years of differences between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and their financial reporting amounts at each year-end. A valuation allowance is recorded against deferred tax assets if management does not believe the Company has met the more likely than not standard imposed by SFAS No. 109 to allow recognition of such an asset.

The significant components of the deferred tax assets at September 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007 were as follows:

	September 30, 2008	December 31, 2007
<b><u>Deferred Tax Assets</u></b>		
Net operating loss carryforward	\$ 47,924	\$ 643,000
Imputed interest	107,322	-
Deferred tax assets	155,246	643,000
<b><u>Deferred Tax Liabilities</u></b>		
Installment income	(744,188)	-
Depreciation	(7,611)	-
Deferred tax liabilities	(751,799)	-
Net deferred tax (liabilities) assets	\$ (596,553)	\$ 643,000
Valuation Allowance	\$ 596,553	\$ (643,000)
Net deferred tax (liabilities) assets	\$ -	\$ -

As management of the Company cannot determine that it is more likely than not that the Company will realize the cost of the deferred tax liability, valuation allowances equal to both the deferred tax liability and deferred tax asset have been established at September 30, 2008. At September 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007, the Company had net operating loss carry-forwards of approximately \$141,000 and \$1,890,000, respectively, which expire in the years 2022 through 2028.

The Company has a total deferred tax liability of \$751,799. Of this amount \$744,188 represents the total estimated taxes payable on the income from the note receivable on the sale of Bilbao concessions (see note 10) that is recognized under the full accrual method for financial statement purposes and the installment sale method for income tax purposes.

The Company has a total deferred tax asset of \$155,246. Of this amount \$107,322 represents the imputed interest that will be recognized for financial statement purposes while income will be recognized under the installment method for tax purposes. The remaining \$47,924 relates to the Company's net operating loss carryforward of \$141,000.

#### **Reclamation and Remediation**

Expenditures for ongoing compliance with environmental regulations that relate to current operations are expensed or capitalized as appropriate. Expenditures resulting from the remediation of existing conditions caused by past operations that do not contribute to future revenue generations are expensed. Liabilities are recognized when environmental assessments indicate that remediation efforts are probable and the costs can be reasonably estimated.

Estimates of such liabilities are based upon currently available facts, existing technology and presently enacted laws and regulations taking into consideration the likely effects of inflation and other societal and economic factors, and include estimates of associated legal costs. These amounts also reflect prior experience in remediating contaminated sites, other companies' clean-up experience and data released by The Environmental Protection Agency or other organizations. Such estimates are by their nature imprecise and can be expected to be revised over time because of changes in government regulations, operations, technology and inflation. Recoveries are evaluated separately from the liability and, when recovery is assured, the Company records and reports an asset separately from the associated liability.



Revenue Recognition and Cost of Sales

The Company generates revenue from two sources: timber sales and sales of silver medallions. The Company recognizes revenue from sales at the time payment for the timber is received. Sales in both fiscal 2007 and 2008 are primarily from the sale of medallions which are recorded when the coins are shipped to the customer. The Company has no revenues from its mineral exploration activities.

Treasury Stock

The Company accounts for its treasury stock under the cost method. Under the cost method, the gross cost of the shares reacquired is charged to a contra equity account (i.e., treasury stock). The equity accounts that were credited for the original share issuance (i.e., common stock, additional paid-in capital, etc.) remain intact. When the treasury shares are reissued, proceeds in excess of cost are credited to a paid-in capital account. See Note 15.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities known to exist as of the date the financial statements are published, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Uncertainties with respect to such estimates and assumptions are inherent in the preparation of the Company's financial statements; accordingly, it is possible that the actual results could differ from these estimates and assumptions, which could have a material effect on the reported amounts of Shoshone's financial position and results of operations.

**NOTE 3: FISCAL YEAR CHANGE**

On September 29, 2008, the Company's board of directors approved a change in the Company's fiscal year end from December 31<sup>st</sup> to September 30<sup>th</sup>, effective on September 30, 2008. The table below summarizes selected unaudited financial data for the three-month period ended December 31, 2007.

	<b>Three-Month Period Ended December 31, 2007 (unaudited)</b>
Revenues	\$ 180
Cost of Revenue	96
Gross Profit	84
Operating Expenses	
General and administrative	91,661
Professional fees	54,775
Depreciation	12,642
Mining and exploration expenses	19,307
Total Operating Expenses	178,385
Loss From Operations	(178,301)
Other Income (Expenses)	
Net gain on sale of securities	41,424
Lease income	2,514
Other income	1,407

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Dividend and interest income	6,005
Interest expense	(479)
Total Other Income	50,871
Net Loss Before Income Taxes	\$ (127,430)
Net Loss Per Common Share, Basic and Diluted	\$ (0.01)

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#### **NOTE 4: ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE FROM RELATED PARTY**

During the year ended December 31, 2005, the Company prepaid \$11,624 to a related party for certain administrative services. During fiscal 2005, the Company ceased its business relationship with the related party and has requested a refund of the entire prepaid amount. As of September 30, 2008, a total of \$2,000 had been received. The Company has evaluated the credit risk associated with this related party receivable to determine if a reserve is necessary. At September 30, 2008, no reserve was deemed necessary.

#### **NOTE 5: DEPOSITS AND PREPAID EXPENSES**

In December 2007, the Company purchased for \$21,335 a one-year liability insurance policy covering its Lakeview mill (the Policy). The Policy was purchased with a cash payment of \$5,709 with the balance of \$15,626 settled with a promissory note. The Company recorded prepaid insurance of \$21,335 and a related entry to record a \$15,626 note payable. During fiscal 2008, \$16,001 of the prepaid insurance was amortized into General & Administrative Expenses. See Note 13.

On August 27, 2008, the Company amended a lease agreement with Chester Mining Company originally entered into on March 25, 2004 (the Amended Lease). The Amended Lease includes a provision that requires the Company to pay a royalty of \$125 per month until net smelter returns (as defined in the Amended Lease) are payable. The Company paid Chester Mining Company \$1,500 as an advance royalty payment. At September 30, 2008, the unamortized balance of this advance royalty payment was \$1,250.

#### **NOTE 6: SUPPLIES INVENTORY**

During 2004, the Company purchased 500 one troy ounce silver medallions with the Company's logo for \$5,303. This purchase was recorded as supplies inventory and the medallions are expected to be used substantially for marketing purposes.

During fiscal 2008, the Company sold 12 medallions at a total cost of \$127 and revenue of \$240. At September 30, 2008, the Company had 266 coins remaining in inventory with an historical cost basis of \$2,821.

#### **NOTE 7: PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT**

On June 6, 2008, the Company issued 454,000 shares of common stock in exchange for three pieces of heavy equipment. The transaction was valued at \$95,340 based on a stock price of \$0.21 per common share on June 6, 2008. See Note 14.

On September 10, 2008, the Company acquired for \$150,000 a 50% interest in a commercial office building in Coeur d'Alene, Idaho. The Company paid \$100,000 at the signing of the purchase agreement and paid the remaining \$50,000 in October 2008. See Note 21.

Effective September 30, 2008, the Company's Refurbished Lakeview Mill was placed into service and will begin to be depreciated over 31.5 years starting on October 1, 2008.

Property and equipment are stated at cost. Depreciation begins on the date an asset is placed in service using the straight-line method over the asset's estimated useful life.

The useful lives of property, plant and equipment for purposes of computing depreciation are three to thirty-one and one-half years. The following is a summary of property, equipment, and accumulated depreciation at September 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007:

	September 30, 2008	December 31, 2007
Equipment	\$ 882,638	\$ 715,270
Construction in Progress	-	385,170
Refurbished Lakeview Mill	499,681	-
Office Building	150,000	-
Property & Mill	1,052,776	1,052,776
	2,585,095	2,153,216
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,244,225)	(1,199,833)
Property, Plant & Equipment, net	\$ 1,340,870	\$ 953,383

Depreciation expense was \$44,392 for the nine-month fiscal year ended September 30, 2008, and \$43,612 for the twelve-month fiscal year ended December 31, 2007.

The Company evaluates the recoverability of property and equipment when events and circumstances indicate that such assets might be impaired. The Company determines impairment by comparing the undiscounted future cash flows estimated to be generated by these assets to their respective carrying amounts.

Maintenance and repairs are expensed as incurred. Replacements and betterments are capitalized. The cost and related reserves of assets sold or retired are removed from the accounts, and any resulting gain or loss is reflected in results of operations.

## NOTE 8: MINERAL AND MINING PROPERTIES

### Northwestern United States

#### Silver Valley, Idaho

#### **Shoshone Group**

This mineral property grouping owned by the Company consists of five patented lode mining claims situated in the St. Joe Mining District, Shoshone County, Idaho. The five patented claims were acquired in 1970 from an outside party for \$2,500 in cash and 100,000 shares of common stock. The cost of the property, \$17,500, was expensed in prior years as an exploration expense.

### **Bullion Group**

This mineral property group owned by the Company consists of seven patented mining claims were acquired in 1998. The cost of the property was included as an exploration expense in a prior year.

### **North Osburn**

The Company has a group of 15 unpatented properties known as the North Osburn Group located within the Silver Valley in Shoshone County, Idaho.

### **Lakeview District, Idaho**

#### **Idaho Lakeview, Keep Cool Group and Weber Group**

The Company acquired the Lakeview and Keep Cool mining properties consisting of 9 patented and 17 unpatented lode claims through the issuance of 3,126,700 shares of its common stock during 1985. The total cost of the properties, \$334,690, is included in the financial statements under mining properties.

During 2006, the Company made make improvements to the land to be more accessible as well as usable. The total cost of the \$68,472 was capitalized. This amount is a component of the total cost of the properties of \$334,690 discussed above.

The Company acquired, for 100,000 shares of its common stock, 6 patented and 5 unpatented lode mining claims located in the Lakeview Mining District, Bonner County, Idaho in 1999. In addition, \$125 cash was paid and 100 shares of common stock were issued to acquire a pit fraction within the same location. The cost of the property, \$125,000, was expensed in prior years as an exploration expense. The Company acquired an additional seven unpatented claims during 2007.

### **Auxer Mine**

The Auxer Mine, consisting of 2 unpatented claims covering 40 acres, was acquired by the Company in 2003 for 50,000 shares of common stock. The cost of the property, \$7,500, is included in the financial statements under mining properties until such time as the Company's outside study on the property's reserves, if any, is completed.

### **Talache Group (formerly known as Lucky Joe)**

The Company acquired, for 150,000 shares of its common stock, two unpatented lode mining claim during 2003. The cost of the former mining property, \$22,500, is included in the financial statements under Mining Properties until such time as the Company's outside study on the related property's reserves, if any, is completed.

### **Regal Mine**

The Company acquired, for 100,000 shares of its common stock, four contiguous unpatented lode mining claims covering 80 acres located in the Moyie-Yaak Mining District of Boundary County, Idaho during 2003. The cost of the former mining property, \$15,000, is included in the financial statements under Mining Properties until such time as the Company's outside study on the related property's reserves, if any, is completed.

### **Conjecture (formerly known as Confed Claims Lease)**

The Company leased, for 1,000,000 shares of its common stock, 13 unpatented lode mining claims and six patented lode mining claims located in Shoshone County, Idaho during 2004. The lease allows the Company exclusive rights to explore, develop and mine the property; to extract, mill, and market ore or concentrates.

During fiscal 2008, the Company issued 100,000 shares valued at \$22,000 (\$0.22 per share) for the 2008 lease payment.

During fiscal 2007, the Company issued 100,000 shares valued at \$27,000 (\$0.27 per share) for the 2007 lease payment. See Note 12 and Note 14.

Effective March 1, 2008, the terms of the Conjecture Lease were renegotiated to obtain more favorable terms for the Company. Beginning March 1, 2008 the Company will be required to:

- annually deliver 50,000 shares of Shoshone restricted common shares to Chester Mining;
- pay to Chester Mining an advance royalty of \$125.00 per month until such time as net smelter returns ( NSR ) are payable; and

- pay net smelter returns to Chester Mining equal to a sliding percentage of total NSR received during that calendar quarter from the operations on the property, subject to minimum royalty provisions.
  - ◆ The rate of NSR shall be (all at Handy & Harman, NY spot price):
    - ◇ 1.5% with silver under \$8.00 per ounce;
    - ◇ 2.4% with silver between \$8.00 and \$9.99 per ounce; and
    - ◇ 2.5% with silver \$10.00 and above.

#### Other North Idaho and Montana

##### **Montgomery Mine Group**

During the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005, the Company acquired, for \$43,557 in cash, 25 unpatented lode mining claims located in Boundary County, Idaho. The cost of the properties was expensed in prior years as an exploration expense.

##### **Stillwater Extension Claims**

The Company acquired, for 100,000 shares of its common stock, ten unpatented lode mining claims located along the J-M Reef of the Stillwater Complex of south central Montana during 2003. The cost of the properties, \$15,000, has been expensed in prior years as an exploration expense.

##### **Princeton Gulch Claims**

During 2006, the Company made a partial payment of \$13,000 toward the purchase of four unpatented placer claims and two unpatented lode claims. These claims in aggregate cover 120 acres and are located in Granite County, Montana. The payment of \$13,000 was included in exploration expenses during 2006.

##### **Drumheller Group**

The Company owned six patented claims consisting of 110.82 acres which are adjoining and lying south of the Idaho Lakeview claims on an extension of the Hower vein. The Company issued 109,141 shares of its common stock to acquire these claims in February 1984.

During 2006, the Company sold the Drumheller Group of claims for \$150,000 to an unrelated party. The cost of the property, \$218,282, was expensed in prior years as an exploration expense. Consequently, the Company had no basis in the property but did incur selling expenses of \$16,093 in connection with this sale. See Note 9 and 21.

#### Southwestern United States

##### **Western Gold (formerly known as Arizona Gold Field)**

The Company acquired, for 100,000 shares of stock, thirteen unpatented lode mining claims located in the Oatman Mining District of Mojave County, Arizona during 2003. The cost of the properties, \$15,000, has been expensed in prior years as an exploration expense.

##### **Gold Road Claims**

The Company acquired, for 10,000 shares of stock, 16 unpatented lode mining claims located in Mohave County, Arizona during 2003. The cost of the properties, \$1,500, has been expensed in prior years as an exploration expense.

##### **Cerro Colorado Group**

During 2004, the Company acquired three unpatented lode claims covering 60 acres located in the Cerro Colorado Mining District of Pima County, Arizona. The cost of the properties, \$1,500, has been expensed in prior years as an exploration expense.

##### **California Creek Properties**

During 2005, the Company acquired, for \$2,970, 18 unpatented lode claims located near Elko, Nevada. The cost of

the properties was expensed in 2005 as an exploration expense. During 2007, the Company acquired an additional 25 unpatented lode claims.

In 2005, the Company entered into a Letter of Intent with International Arimex Resources, Inc. ( Arimex ) that would allow Arimex to earn up to 100% interest in these properties. During 2007, the California Creek Option Agreement terminated due to lack of performance by the unrelated party. See Note 19.

On July 24, 2008, the Company entered into an agreement to sell these 43 unpatented lode claims to Bayswater Uranium Corporation, a Canadian Company ( Bayswater ). In exchange for these claims, the Company received 200,000 shares of Bayswater common stock which is traded on the Toronto Stock Exchange. July 24, 2008, this transaction was valued at \$60,000 based on the then market value of Bayswater stock of \$0.30 per share.

### **Mexico Properties**

#### **Bilbao-Mexico Property**

The Company acquired, for \$80,000 cash, four exploration mineral concessions covering 1,345 hectares located in Zacatecas, Mexico during 2004. The cost of the former mining property was included in exploration expense in the financial statements for 2004. Additional expenses of \$13,000 and \$25,220 were included in exploration expense in the financial statements for 2006 and 2005, respectively. No exploration expenses were incurred in 2007 related to this property.

On February 22, 2006, the Company entered into an option agreement with Minco, PLC, under which the unrelated party may earn up to a 75% interest in the Company's Bilbao-Mexico Property. In connection with this agreement, the Company received \$100,000 on March 17, 2006 and \$300,000 on August 17, 2006, as consideration for allowing Minco, PLC, to conduct exploration activities on the property. The Company received \$0 during 2007 related to this option agreement.

On August 11, 2008, the Company sold 100% of the common stock of its wholly owned subsidiary in Mexico, Shoshone Mexico, S.A. de C.V, to Xtierra Resources, Ltd ( Xtierra ). The Company's interest in the Bilbao concessions in Zacatecas, Mexico was included in this sale. In exchange for its interest in the Bilbao concessions the Company received net proceeds of 2,497,990 and a non-interest bearing note receivable, net of discount, for \$1,865,363.

The note does not bear interest and stipulates that a payment of \$500,000 is due on August 11, 2009. The remaining balance of \$2,000,000 is to be paid in four consecutive equal installments to begin at the time of the commencement of construction of any mine developed on the Bilbao concessions but in any event will be due and payable no later than August 11, 2019.

Since the note does not bear interest, the Company imputed interest at a rate of 5%. Accordingly the Company recorded a note discount of \$634,637. During fiscal 2008, \$7,773 of interest income was realized through the amortization of this note discount.

#### **Sonora Mexico Mining Properties**

Shoshone has an interest in several other Mexican exploration projects which the Company does not currently consider to be material.

### **NOTE 9: NOTES RECEIVABLE FROM RELATED PARTIES**

#### **Silver Valley Capital**

On September 1, 2006, the Company loaned Silver Valley Capital, LLC \$168,000 in exchange for a promissory note. The Company's President and its Secretary are both members of Silver Valley Capital, LLC. Both these individuals abstained from voting on the respective companies' Board of Directors' Resolutions approving this loan. The note bore interest at 10.0% per annum and stipulated that monthly payments of \$822 were to be made until February 1, 2007. On February 1, 2007, the remaining principal plus accrued interest was to become due and payable.





On July 26, 2007, the Company entered into a new loan agreement with Silver Valley Capital, LLC. The note bears interest at 10.0% per annum and stipulates that monthly payments of \$822 are to be made until the due date. The due date was changed to February 1, 2008 from February 1, 2007. The Company is currently working with Silver Valley Capital, LLC to renegotiate a revised due date.

During fiscal 2008, payments totaling \$140,000 were received on this note of which \$132,464 was applied to principal and \$7,536 was applied to accrued interest receivable. Interest income of \$6,432 was accrued during fiscal 2008. The balance remaining on this note at September 30, 2008, was \$3,716.

#### **NOTE 10: NOTES RECEIVABLE**

##### *Sale of Lode Claim*

During the first quarter of fiscal 2006, the Company accepted cash of \$30,000 and a promissory note for \$120,000 from an unrelated party related to the sale of a lode claim for \$150,000. The promissory note bears interest at 7.0% per annum and stipulates that payments of \$5,089 are to be paid semi-annually until January 23, 2011. On January 11, 2011, the remaining principal plus accrued interest becomes due and payable in full.

During fiscal 2008, the Company received no payments on this note receivable. During fiscal 2008, interest income of \$6,517 was accrued. On December 17, 2008, the terms of this note were modified. Based on these modifications, no reserve was deemed necessary at September 30, 2008. See Note 21.

##### *Mexican Concessions*

On August 11, 2008, the Company sold 100% of the common stock of its wholly owned subsidiary in Mexico, Shoshone Mexico, S.A. de C.V, to Xtierra Resources, Ltd ( Xtierra ). The Company's interest in the Bilbao concessions in Zacatecas, Mexico was included in this sale. In exchange for its interest in the Bilbao concessions the Company received net proceeds of 2,497,990 and a non-interest bearing note receivable, net of discount, for \$1,865,363.

The note does not bear interest and stipulates that a payment of \$500,000 is due on August 11, 2009. The remaining balance of \$2,000,000 is to be paid in four consecutive equal installments to begin at the time of the commencement of construction of any mine developed on the Bilbao concessions but in any event will be due and payable no later than August 11, 2019.

Since the note does not bear interest, the Company imputed interest at a rate of 5%. Accordingly the Company recorded a note discount of \$634,637. During fiscal 2008, \$7,773 of interest income was realized through the amortization of this note discount.

##### *Kimberly Gold Mines*

On August 29, 2008, the Company entered into a letter-of-intent with Kimberly Gold Mines, Inc. ( Kimberly ). The letter-of-intent concerns the acquisition by the Company of 100% of Kimberly's issued and outstanding common shares. Under the terms of this letter-of-intent, the Company has offered one share of its common stock for every two shares of Kimberly's common stock.

In connection with this letter-of-intent, the Company advanced Kimberly \$200,000 in exchange for a promissory note to reduce their outstanding obligations. The note bears interest at 6.0% per annum and is payable on demand at any time. Further, until the principal and accrued interest are paid, the note is secured by sufficient shares of Kimberly common stock at an agreed value of \$0.06 per share. Interest income of \$1,000 was accrued during fiscal 2008.

##### *Signal Silver-Gold, Inc.*

On August 27, 2008, the Company advanced Signal Silver-Gold, Inc. ( Signal ) \$2,808 in exchange for a promissory note. The note bears interest at 6% per annum and is payable on demand at any time. Interest income of \$59 was accrued during fiscal 2008.



**NOTE 11: INVESTMENTS**

The Company has invested in various privately and publicly held companies. At this time, the Company holds securities classified as available for sale. Amounts are reported at fair value, with unrealized gains and losses excluded from earnings and reported separately as a component of stockholders' equity.

Unrealized gains and losses are recorded on the income statement as other comprehensive income (loss) and also on the balance sheet as other accumulated comprehensive income.

The following summarizes the securities available for sale at September 30, 2008:

Security	# of Shares	Cost	Market Value
Chester Mining Company	2,500	\$ 12,567	\$ 550
Bayswater Uranium Corporation	200,000	60,000	28,000
Gold Crest Mines	617,600	3,900	21,516
Kimberly Gold Mines	321,500	38,035	23,275
Lucky Friday Extension	5,000	1,100	1,200
Merger Mines	840,138	202,233	226,837
Metropolitan Mines Limited	6,000	2,008	1,200
New Jersey Mining	142,875	34,290	51,435
Sterling Mining	5,000	2,000	1,050
Vindicator Mines	88,000	17,600	1,760

Balance, September 30, 2008	2,228,613	\$ 373,733	\$ 356,823
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The Company had an unrealized holding loss during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2008 \$(207,954). This is recorded on the income statement as other comprehensive income (loss) and included on the balance sheet in other accumulated comprehensive income.

The Company recognized \$7,840 of loss previously included in accumulated other comprehensive income on the sale of investments in 2008.

On July 24, 2008, the Company entered into an agreement to acquire 200,000 shares of common stock of Bayswater Uranium Corporation, a Canadian company ( Bayswater ), in exchange for the Company's 43 unpatented mining claims in Elko County, Nevada. This exchange was valued at \$60,000 based on the market price of Bayswater's common stock on July 24, 2008.

The following summarizes the securities available for sale at December 31, 2007:

Security	# of Shares	Cost	Market Value
Chester Mining Company	2,500	\$ 12,567	\$ 5,000
Gold Crest Mines	642,600	3,900	154,124
Kimberly Gold Mines	301,500	49,504	90,450
Merger Mines Corp	5,000	3,153	4,500
Metropolitan Mines Limited	6,000	2,008	2,880
Mineral Mountain Mining & Milling	5,000	3,866	1,250

Balance, December 31, 2007	962,600	\$ 74,998	\$ 258,204
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The Company had an unrealized holding loss during the year ended December 31, 2007 of \$(33,570). This is recorded on the income statement as other comprehensive income (loss) and included on the balance sheet in other accumulated comprehensive income.

The Company recognized \$385,913 of income previously included in accumulated other comprehensive income on the sale of investments in 2008.

#### **NOTE 12: ACCOUNTS PAYABLE**

##### *Settlement Agreement with Former Chief Executive Officer*

On June 12, 2008, the Company entered into a settlement agreement with its former Chief Executive Officer, Conrad Houser. The terms of the agreement required the Company to pay Mr. Houser \$10,000 on June 12, 2008, the date of the agreement. The agreement also requires the Company to pay an additional \$48,500 on or before December 31, 2008. The \$48,500 is included under the caption Accounts Payable on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets. Further, the agreement requires the Company to issue 100,000 shares of common stock to Mr. Houser by July 12, 2008. These shares were issued to Mr. Houser on July 3, 2008. See Note 14.

##### *Commercial Office Building*

On September 10, 2008, the Company acquired for \$150,000 a 50% interest in a commercial office building in Coeur d'Alene, Idaho. The Company paid \$100,000 at the signing of the purchase agreement and agreed to pay the remaining \$50,000 in October 2008. At September 30, 2008, the \$50,000 is included under the caption Accounts Payable on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets. See Note 21.

#### **NOTE 13: NOTES PAYABLE**

During 2006, the Company acquired a vehicle for \$19,782 by paying \$9,000 cash and signing a note for the remaining \$10,781. The note has a term of 30 months, bears interest at 8.99% annually and stipulates that payments of \$499 be made monthly. The outstanding balance on this note payable was \$1,136 at September 30, 2008 and is payable within twelve months.

During the third quarter of 2007, the Company acquired equipment for \$55,000 by paying \$27,500 cash and signing a note for the remaining \$27,500. The note has a term of 24 months, bears interest at 8.50% annually and stipulates that payments of \$1,250 be made monthly. The outstanding balance on this note payable was \$13,183 at June 30, 2008. Of this amount \$14,032 is payable within twelve months.

In December 2007, the Company purchased for \$21,335 a one-year liability insurance policy covering its Lakeview mill (the Policy). The Policy was purchased with a cash payment of \$5,709 with the balance of \$15,626 was settled with a promissory note. The Company recorded prepaid insurance of \$19,557 and a related entry to record a \$15,626 note payable. The note has a term of nine months, bears interest at 11.4% annually and stipulates that payments of \$1,820 be made monthly. The outstanding balance on this note payable was \$0 at September 30, 2008. See Note 5.

In December 2007, the Company purchased equipment for \$15,377 in exchange for a note. The note has a term of 43 months, bears interest at 3.90% annually and stipulates that payments of \$384 be made monthly. The lender has the right to increase the interest rate to 19.8% in the event of a violation of the terms of the loan agreement. The outstanding balance on this note payable was \$12,328 at September, 2008. Of this amount \$4,207 is payable within twelve months.

#### **NOTE 14: COMMON STOCK**

On August 29, 2007, the shareholders of the Company approved an amendment to the Company's Articles of Incorporation to increase the number of authorized shares from 20,000,000 to 80,000,000.



The Company is authorized to issue 80,000,000 shares of \$0.10 par value common stock. All shares have equal voting rights, are non-assessable and have one vote per share. Voting rights are not cumulative and, therefore, the holders of more than 50% of the common stock could, if they choose to do so, elect all of the directors of the Company.

*Fiscal 2007 Issuances*

During fiscal 2007, the Company issued 100,000 shares of common stock for the leasing of a mining property valued at \$27,000.

During fiscal 2007, the Company issued 6,000 shares in exchange for the services of its Board of Directors.

During fiscal 2007, the Company made certain adjustments to its common stock and treasury stock balances with corresponding adjustments to additional paid in capital. These adjustments were made to reconcile the Company's balances to the subsidiary records maintained by the transfer agent. The adjustment was considered immaterial to the period and, therefore, the treatment of this correction as a prior period adjustment was not required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

During fiscal 2007, the Company issued 1,450,000 shares of common stock to three investors for a total of \$270,000 in cash. For every two shares purchased the investor received one warrant to purchase one share of common stock. The warrants are exercisable at \$0.50 per share and expire on December 31, 2009. The Company incurred \$18,000 in issuance costs in connection with these private placements. These costs were recorded as a reduction to additional-paid-in-capital.

*Fiscal 2008 Issuances*

During fiscal 2008, the Company issued 8,000 common shares in exchange for the services of its Board of Directors. These services were valued at \$0.20 per share, or \$1,600.

During fiscal 2008, the Company issued 4,000 common shares in exchange for consulting services. These services were valued at \$0.20 per share, or \$800.

During fiscal 2008, the Company issued 100,000 shares of the common stock in settlement of the \$22,000 the Company had accrued during the 2008 first quarter for the leasing of a mining property.

During fiscal 2008, the Company issued 454,000 shares of common stock in exchange for three pieces of heavy equipment. The transaction was valued at \$95,340 based on a stock price of \$0.21 per common share on June 6, 2008. See Note 7.

During fiscal 2008, the Company entered into a settlement agreement with its former Chief Executive Officer, Conrad Houser. The terms of the agreement included the requirement that the Company issue to Mr. Houser 100,000 shares of common stock by July 12, 2008. On July 3, 2008, the Company issued 100,000 to Mr. Houser in satisfaction of its obligation under the settlement agreement. The Company may be required to repurchase the stock at a price of \$0.20 per share from Mr. Houser at Mr. Houser's sole discretion if the common stock is tendered for sale between December 15, 2008 and December 31, 2008. See Note 12.

During fiscal 2008, the Company issued 1,050,000 shares of common stock to eight investors for a total of \$210,000. For every two shares purchased the investor received one warrant to purchase one share of common stock. The warrants are exercisable at \$0.40 per share and expire on January 26, 2009. The Company incurred \$14,016 in issuance costs in connection with these private placements. These costs were recorded as a reduction to additional-paid-in-capital.





During fiscal 2008, the Company issued 500,000 shares of common stock to two investors for a total of \$100,000. For every two shares purchased the investor received one warrant to purchase one share of common stock. The warrants are exercisable at \$0.40 per share and expire on June 9, 2009. The Company did not incur issuance costs in connection with these private placements.

#### **NOTE 15: TREASURY STOCK**

The Company held 1,058,986 and 1,008,986 shares of treasury stock at September 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007, respectively.

During 2007, the Company issued 29,000 shares of treasury stock for the payment of services incurred during fiscal 2006 totaling \$6,380.

During 2008, the Company repurchased for treasury 176,000 shares of treasury stock at a price of \$0.12 per share for a total cost of \$21, 220.

#### **NOTE 16: STOCK OPTIONS AND WARRANTS**

On September 29, 1999, the Company granted stock options to its attorney enabling him to purchase up to 100,000 shares of common stock at a price of \$0.01 per share. During fiscal 2001, the Company recorded \$12,221 for these options. These options expired on December 31, 2007. No stock options were issued during the fiscal years ended September 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007.

During fiscal 2007, the Company issued 725,000 warrants in connection with the issuance of 1,450,000 shares in private placements. The warrants are exercisable at \$0.50 per share and expire on December 31, 2009. See Note 14.

During fiscal 2008, the Company issued 775,000 warrants in connection with the issuance of 1,550,000 shares in private placements. The warrants are exercisable at \$0.40 per share. 525,000 of these warrants expire on January 26, 2009, and 250,000 expire on June 9, 2009. See Note 14.

#### **NOTE 17: SUBSCRIPTIONS RECEIVABLE**

In fiscal 2004, the Company issued 101,123 shares of treasury stock for subscriptions of \$20,225. These subscriptions bore interest of 7% per year until their due date in 2009. On April 30, 2007, the Company received a final payment of \$21,102 in full satisfaction of its subscription receivable. The payment consisted of principal of \$18,844 and accrued interest income of \$2,259.

#### **NOTE 18 REVENUES**

Sales in both fiscal 2008 and fiscal 2007 were primarily from the sale of medallions which are recorded when the coins are shipped to the customer. The Company has no revenues from its mineral exploration activities. The revenues for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007 were \$240 and \$941, respectively.

#### **NOTE 19: OPTION AGREEMENTS**

##### Minco PLC

On February 22, 2006, the Company entered into an option agreement with Minco, PLC, under which the unrelated party may earn up to a 75% interest in the Company's Bilbao-Mexico Property.

On August 11, 2008, the Company sold 100% of the common stock of its wholly owned subsidiary in Mexico, Shoshone Mexico, S.A. de C.V, to Xtierra Resources, Ltd ( Xtierra ). The Company's interest in the Bilbao concessions

in Zacatecas, Mexico was included in this sale. In exchange for its interest in the Bilbao concessions the Company received net proceeds of 2,497,990 and a non-interest bearing note receivable, net of discount for \$1,865,633. See Note 8.

California Creek Properties

On November 9, 2005, the Company entered into an option agreement with an unrelated party under which the unrelated party may earn a 100% interest in the Company's California Creek Property (the California Creek Option Agreement). During 2007, the California Creek Option Agreement terminated due to lack of performance by the unrelated party.

On July 24, 2008, the Company acquired 200,000 shares of common stock of Bayswater Uranium Corporation, a Canadian company (Bayswater), in exchange for the Company's 43 unpatented mining claims in Elko County, Nevada. This exchange was valued at \$60,000 based on the market price of Bayswater's common stock on July 24, 2008. See Note 11.

**NOTE 20 COMMITMENTS & CONTINGENCIES**

Environmental Issues

The Company is engaged in mineral mining and may become subject to certain liabilities as they relate to environmental cleanup of mining sites or other environmental restoration.

Although the minerals exploration and mining industries are inherently speculative and subject to complex environmental regulations, the Company is unaware of any pending litigation or of any specific past or prospective matters which could impair the value of its mining claims.

Office Building Lease

On November 1, 2006, the Company entered into a one-year lease for office space located in Wallace, Idaho at the rate of \$550 per month. The Company has the option to renew the lease for one additional year.

Chester Mining Company Lease

During 2004, the Company entered into a 25-year lease agreement for a mining property in Shoshone County. The lease's terms call for a first year payment of 1,000,000 shares of common stock, which the Company valued at the fair market value of \$350,000.

Yearly lease payments on the property were 100,000 shares of common stock valued at the current market value of the Company's common stock, would be approximately \$30,000 per year. The valuation of these payments may fluctuate each year with the change in the fair market value of the Company's trading stock. The amounts expensed in fiscal 2008 and fiscal 2007 under this agreement were \$22,000 and \$27,000, respectively.

On August 27, 2008, the Company amended a lease agreement with Chester Mining Company originally entered into on March 25, 2004 (the Amended Lease). The Amended Lease includes a provision that changes the number of shares to be payable each year to 50,000 from 100,000.

Bullion Group Claims Lease

Additionally, the two unpatented Bullion Group claims totaling 40 acres have been leased to Sterling Mining Company. Lease terms stipulate a 4 year exploration program commencing within 5 years of the lease date. Shoshone will receive 10% net profit from any mined minerals. This lease agreement may be found in Exhibit 10.4 which was filed as an exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB filed with the Commission on December 4, 2006.

Certain Annual Fees

The Company incurs certain annual fees, which may vary, associated with maintaining its various claims and properties as follows:



Property	Claim Fees	Property Taxes	Lease Payments
Conjecture	\$ 1,625	\$ -	\$ 22,000 (1 )
Idaho Lakeview, Weber & Keep Cool	2,125	6,387	-
Auxer	250	-	-
Talache	250	-	-
Shoshone	-	56	-
Bullion	-	93	-
North Osburn	1,875	-	-
Montgomery	3,125	-	-
Regal	500	-	-
Stillwater Extension Claims	1,250	-	-
Princeton Gulch Group	750	-	-
Western Gold	1,625	-	-
Gold Road	2,000	-	-
Cerro Colorado	375	-	-
California Creek Uranium	5,375	-	-
	\$ 21,125	\$ 6,536	\$ 22,000

- (1) - The Company has historically issued 100,000 each year for the leasing of a mining property. The \$22,000 represents the issuance of the shares at the stock price at March 31, 2008 of \$0.22 Effective March 1, 2008, the terms of the lease were renegotiated to require Shoshone to annually deliver 50,000 shares of Shoshone shares to Chester Mining.

## NOTE 21 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

### Modification of Note Receivable

During the first quarter of fiscal 2006, the Company accepted cash of \$30,000 and a promissory note for \$120,000 from an unrelated party for the sale of a lode claim in the amount of \$150,000. On December 17, 2008, the terms of this note were modified. The modifications, among other items, stipulated that:

- a third party would become a guarantor of the obligation to the Company; and
- a sum of \$5,089 will be paid on or before February 10, 2009; and
- annual payments in the amount of \$5,089 will be made beginning in July 2009. See Note 10.

### Commercial Office Building

On October 3, 2008, the Company made the final payment of \$50,000 towards its purchase of a 50% interest in a commercial office building in Coeur d'Alene, Idaho. See Note 12.

### Civil Action Filed

On November 17, 2008, the United States Environmental Protection Agency ( EPA ) filed a civil action against the Company in the United States District Court for the District of Idaho. The civil action seeks recovery of funds paid by the EPA in response to alleged releases of hazardous substances at the Company's Idaho Lakeview mine and mill site in Bonner County, Idaho. Currently, the Company does not believe that the resolution of this civil action will materially affect its consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

## ITEM 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

None

### ITEM 9A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

#### Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

In connection with the preparation of this annual report on Form 10-K, an evaluation was carried out by the Company's management, with the participation of the Principal Executive Officer and the Principal Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (Exchange Act)) as of September 30, 2008. Disclosure controls and procedures are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC rules and forms and that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including the Principal Executive Officer and the Principal Financial Officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures.

Based on that evaluation, the Company's management concluded, as of the end of the period covered by this report, that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective in recording, processing, summarizing, and reporting information required to be disclosed, within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms.

#### Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting. The Company's internal control over financial reporting is a process, under the supervision of the Principal Executive Officer and the Principal Financial Officer, designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of the Company's financial statements for external purposes in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that:

- Pertain to the maintenance of records that in reasonable detail accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the Company's assets;
- Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of the financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and the Board of Directors; and
- Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

The Company's management conducted an assessment of the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of September 30, 2008, based on criteria established in Internal Control – Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). As a result of this assessment, management identified a material weakness in internal control over financial reporting.



A material weakness is a control deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Company's annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

The material weakness is identified as:

Lack of Rigor in Application of Accounting Principles to Material, Unusual Transactions. During the year ended September 30, 2008, the Company executed a material, unusual transaction related to the sale of property and a foreign subsidiary to a third party. The Company's management failed to appropriately identify and evaluate the technical accounting implications of the transaction, resulting in a required material adjustment to the financial statements identified by the auditors.

As a result of the material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting described above, the Company's management has concluded that, as of September 30, 2008,, the Company's internal control over financial reporting was not effective based on the criteria in Internal Control – Integrated Framework issued by the COSO.

This annual report does not include an attestation report of our independent registered public accounting firm regarding internal control over financial reporting. We were not required to have, nor have we, engaged our independent registered public accounting firm to perform an audit of internal control over financial reporting pursuant to the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission that permit us to provide only management's report in this annual report.

*Remediation of Material Weakness in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting*

The Company is actively remediating the material weakness identified above by instituting additional review procedures over the financial reporting function.

*Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting*

As of the end of the period covered by this report, there have been no changes in internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) of the Exchange Act) during the quarter ended September 30, 2008, that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

**ITEM 9B. OTHER INFORMATION**

None.



**PART III****ITEM 10. DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS OF THE REGISTRANT**

For information with respect to the executive officers and directors of the Registrant, See Item 4 Directors and Executive Officers at the end of Part I of this report.

**ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION**

During the nine-month fiscal 2008, we paid our principal executive officer \$24,400. No other executive officers were paid in excess of \$100,000.

During the nine-month fiscal 2008, our four directors each received 2,000 shares of our common stock as compensation for their service. These shares were valued at the market price of \$0.20 per share on March 31, 2008, the date of issuance.

The Company has no stock option plans and has not issued any options or warrants to any of its employees or directors. The Company has no employment agreements with any of its officers.

**ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS**

The following table sets forth as of September 30, 2008, the common stock ownership of the directors, executive officers and each person known by us to be the beneficial owner of five percent or more of our common stock. The percentage of ownership is based on 22,063,179 shares of our common stock outstanding as of September 30, 2008.

<b>Name and Address of Beneficial Owner</b>	<b>Number of Shares of Common Stock Beneficially Owned</b>	<b>Percentage of Shares</b>
Lex Smith C/o Shoshone Silver Mining Company P.O. Box 2011 Coeur d'Alene, ID 83816	80,000	0.36%
Carol Stephan C/o Shoshone Silver Mining Company P.O. Box 2011 Coeur d'Alene, ID 83816	663,856	3.01%
Melanie Farrand C/o Shoshone Silver Mining Company P.O. Box 2011 Coeur d'Alene, ID 83816	59,000	0.27%

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Sharon Jacobs	6,000	0.03%
C/o Shoshone Silver Mining Company		
P.O. Box 2011		
Coeur d'Alene, ID 83816		
All officers and directors as a group (4 persons)	808,856	3.67%
	62	

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**ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS**

During the previous two fiscal years there have been no transactions between us, or the Company's subsidiary on the one hand, and any officer, director or principal shareholder on the other.

**ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING FEES AND SERVICES**

The Company paid \$48,435 and \$11,000 in audit and review fees to Williams & Webster for fiscal 2008 and 2007, respectively.

## PART IV

### ITEM 15. EXHIBITS, FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES

(A) Documents filed as part of this report are as follows:

#### 1. Financial Statements.

See listing of financial statements included as part of this Form 10-K in Item 8 of Part II.

#### 2. Financial Statement Schedules:

Financial statement schedules are omitted because they are not applicable or the required information is shown in the consolidated financial statements or notes thereto.

#### 3. Exhibits:

The following list of exhibits includes exhibits submitted with this Form 10-K as filed with the SEC and those incorporated by reference to other filings.

2.1.1 Articles of Incorporation. (\*)

2.1.2 Certificate of Amendment of Articles of Incorporation dated January 21, 1970 (\*)

2.1.3 Certificate of Amendment of Articles of Incorporation dated November 17, 1969 (\*)

2.1.4 Articles of Amendment to the Articles of Incorporation dated August 28, 1983 (\*)

2.1.5 Articles of Amendment to the Articles of Incorporation dated May 15, 1998 (\*)

2.2 Bylaws. (\*)

10.1 Office Lease between the Company and Shoshone Business Center, Inc. dated November 1, 2004. (\$)

10.2 Mining Lease and Agreement between the Company and Chester Mining Company, Inc. dated March 25, 2004. (\$)

10.3 Martin Sutti declaration of conditional transfer of certain mining concessions dated May 12, 2004. (\$)

10.4 Mining Lease and Agreement between the Company and Sterling Mining Company dated January 19, 2004 #

10.5 Bilbao Indemnity and Guarantee Agreement+

10.6 Bilbao Stock Purchase Agreement+

31.1 Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. (+)

31.2 Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. (+)

32.1 Certification of the Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350. (+)

32.2 Certification of the Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350. (+)

99.1 Map of Lakeview Group ^

99.2 Map of Shoshone Group and Bullion Group ^

99.3 Map of Auxer Property ^

99.4 Map of Lucky Joe Property ^

99.5 Map of Regal Mine ^

99.6 Map of Stillwater Extension Claims ^

99.7 Map of Montgomery Mine ^

99.8 Map of Arizona Gold Fields Claims ^

99.9 Map of California Creek Property ^

99.10 Map of Princeton Gulch Group ^

99.11 Map of Cerro Colorado Group ^

99.12 Map of Bilbao-Mexico Property ^

99.13 Map of North Osburn Property >

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- \* Incorporated by reference to the Company's Registration Statement on Form 10-SB, filed with the Commission on February 15, 2001, File No. 000-31965.
- \$ Incorporated by reference to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB, filed with the Commission on August 3, 2006, File No. 000-31184
- + Filed herewith.
- # Incorporated by reference to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB, filed with the Commission on December 4, 2006, File No.000-31184
- ^ Incorporated by reference to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB/A Amendment 1,filed with the Commission on December 3, 2007, File No. 000-31184
- > Incorporated by reference to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed with the Commission on April 14, 2008, File No.000-31184.

SIGNATURES

In accordance with Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Exchange Act, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

**SHOSHONE SILVER MINING COMPANY**

Dated: January 13, 2009 By: /s/ Lex Smith  
Lex Smith  
President and Principal Executive Officer

In accordance with the Exchange Act, this report has been signed by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

By: /s/ Lex Smith  
Lex Smith  
President and Principal Executive Officer

By: /s/ Melanie Farrand  
Melanie Farrand  
Treasurer and Principal Financial Officer