

VALIDIAN CORP
Form 10-Q
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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2018

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission File No. 000-28423

VALIDIAN CORPORATION

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

NEVADA
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

58-2541997
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

6 Gurdwara Rd., Suite 205, Ottawa, Ontario, Canada K2E 8A3

(Address of principal executive offices)

Registrant's telephone number: 613-230-7211

Check whether the issuer (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act:

Large Accelerated Filer

Accelerated Filer

Non-Accelerated Filer

Small Reporting Company

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Emerging Growth Company

Indicated by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act):

Yes No

APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS:

At July 31, 2018, 688,287,060 shares of the registrant's common stock were outstanding.

SEC 1296 (1-12)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION**Item 1. Financial Statements****VALIDIAN CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****Unaudited Interim Consolidated, Condensed Balance Sheets****(In United States dollars)****June 30,****2018****December 31, 2017****Assets**

Current assets:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 116	\$ --
Value added taxes recoverable	1,741	5,995
Prepaid expenses	--	25,974
Total Current assets	1,857	31,969
 Total assets	 \$ 1,857	 \$ 31,969

Liabilities and Stockholders Deficiency

Current liabilities:

Bank indebtedness	\$ --	\$ 103
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 8)	3,031,305	3,084,850
Accrued interest on 10% senior convertible notes payable to related parties (note 8)	4,022	4,187
Promissory notes payable to a related party (notes 2, 8)	973	4,500
Deferred revenue	320,000	320,000
Promissory notes payable (notes 2, 8)	200,750	61,250
10% Senior convertible notes (notes 3, 8)	1,168,974	1,168,974
Convertible promissory notes (note 4)	--	29,166
Total current liabilities	4,726,024	4,673,030
 Total liabilities	 4,726,024	 4,673,030

Stockholders deficiency (note 5):

Preferred stock (\$0.001 par value. Authorized 50,000,000 shares; issued

and outstanding Nil shares at June 30, 2018 and at December 31,

2017)	-	-
Series A Convertible Preferred stock (\$0.001 par value, \$1,000 stated value.	2	2

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Authorized 10,000 shares; issued and outstanding
2,230 shares at

June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017)
Series B Convertible Preferred stock (\$0.001 par
value, \$1,000 stated value.

Authorized 5,000 shares; issued and outstanding
3,900 shares at

June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017) 4 4
Series C Convertible Preferred stock (\$0.001 par
value, \$1,000 stated value.

Authorized 5,000 shares; issued and outstanding
3,409 shares at

June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017) 3 3
Common stock, (\$0.001 par value. Authorized
700,000,000 shares;

issued and outstanding 688,287,060 and 600,520,343
shares at

June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.)

Additional paid in capital	688,287	600,520
Deficit	49,729,993	49,567,976
	(55,092,718)	(54,759,828)

Treasury stock (7,000 shares at June 30, 2018 and
December 31, 2017,

at cost)	(49,738)	(49,738)
Total stockholders deficiency	(4,724,167)	(4,641,061)

Basis of presentation (note 1)

Subsequent events (note 12)

Total liabilities and stockholders deficiency	\$ 1,857	\$ 31,969
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See accompanying notes to unaudited interim consolidated financial statements.

VALIDIAN CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Unaudited Interim Consolidated, Condensed Statements of Operations

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

	(In United States dollars)		Six Months Ended	
	Three Months Ended			
	2018	June 30, 2017	2018	June 30, 2017
Expenses:				
Selling, general and administrative	\$ 69,731	\$ 63,026	\$ 140,980	\$ 242,435
Research and development	22,089	183,921	22,089	467,817
Total expenses	91,820	246,947	163,069	710,252
Loss before the undernoted	(91,820)	(246,947)	(163,069)	(710,252)
Other income (expenses):				
Interest and financing costs (notes 6 and 8)	(153,285)	(329,121)	(272,167)	(554,841)
Foreign exchange gain (loss)	39,089	(33,434)	102,346	(62,119)
Total other income (expenses)	(114,196)	(362,555)	(169,821)	(616,960)
Net loss	\$ (206,016)	\$ (609,502)	\$ (332,890)	\$ (1,327,212)
Loss per common share basic and diluted (note 7)	\$(0.00)	\$(0.00)	\$(0.00)	\$(0.00)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding during period	666,887,766	456,975,542	639,120,814	450,394,184

See accompanying notes to unaudited interim consolidated financial statements.

VALIDIAN CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Unaudited Interim Consolidated, Condensed Statements of Cash Flow

For the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

(In United States dollars)

	Six months Ended	
	2018	June 30, 2017
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net loss	\$ (332,890)	\$ (1,327,212)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in <i>operating activities:</i>		
Stock-based compensation	22,910	53,472
Non-cash interest and financing expense	271,843	551,315
Loss on extinguishment of debt	--	--
<i>Increase (decrease) in cash resulting from changes in:</i>		
Value added taxes recoverable	4,254	(20,191)
Prepaid expenses	3,064	--
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(104,935)	338,345
Net cash used in operating activities	(135,754)	(404,271)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Net cash used in investing activities	--	--
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Bank indebtedness	(103)	--
Issuance of 10% senior convertible notes	--	50,000
Issuance of convertible promissory notes	--	261,000
Issuance of promissory notes	139,500	25,000
Debt issuance costs	--	(12,500)
Original issue discount	--	(9,000)
Repayment of promissory notes	(3,527)	(82,500)
Repayment of 10% senior convertible notes	--	(5,000)
<i>Net cash provided by financing activities</i>	135,870	227,000
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	116	(177,271)
Cash and cash equivalents:		
Beginning of period	--	191,764
End of period	\$ 116	\$ 14,493

Supplementary information (note 9)

See accompanying notes to unaudited interim consolidated financial statements.

VALIDIAN CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Interim Consolidated, Condensed Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

(In United States dollars)

Validian Corporation (the Company) was incorporated in the State of Nevada on April 12, 1989 as CCC Funding Corp. The Company underwent several name changes before being renamed to Validian Corporation on January 28, 2003.

Since August 3, 1999, the efforts of the Company have been devoted primarily to the development of a high speed, highly secure method of transacting business using the Internet, and to the sale and marketing of the Company's products.

1. Basis of presentation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Validian Corporation and its wholly owned subsidiaries (collectively, the "Company") after elimination of all significant intercompany balances and transactions. The financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America which require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. While management has based its assumptions and estimates on the facts and circumstances currently known, final amounts may differ from such estimates.

The interim financial statements are unaudited but, in the opinion of management, include all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring entries) necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position and results of operations of the Company for the periods presented. The results of operations for the six months ended June 30, 2018 are not necessarily indicative of the operating results for the full fiscal year ending December 31, 2018. These unaudited interim financial statements have been prepared following accounting principles consistent with those used in the annual audited financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the annual audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Going concern

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. The Company has no revenues, has negative working capital of \$4,724,167, and stockholders' deficiency of \$4,724,167 as at June 30, 2018, and has incurred a loss of \$332,890 and negative cash flow from operations of \$135,754 for the six months then ended. Furthermore, the Company failed to settle certain 10% senior convertible notes and promissory notes plus accrued interest when they matured on various dates between October 2008 and December 2017. As a result of these non-payment defaults, all of the 10% senior convertible notes, as well as the promissory notes were in default at June 30, 2018, in accordance with the default provisions of the respective notes, and consequently are due and payable on demand. In addition, the Company expects to continue to incur operating losses for the foreseeable future, and has no lines of credit or other financing facilities in place.

The Company expects to incur operating expenses of approximately \$1,472,000 for the year ending December 31, 2018, subject to the availability of adequate funding. In the event the Company cannot raise the additional funds necessary to finance its research and development and sales and marketing activities, it may have to cease operations.

All of the factors above raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plan to address these issues includes raising capital through the private placement of equity, the exercise of previously-issued equity instruments and through the issuance of additional promissory notes. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is subject to management's ability to successfully implement these plans. Failure to do so could have a material adverse effect on the Company's position and or results of operations and could also result in the Company ceasing operations. The consolidated financial statements do not include adjustments that would be required if the assets are not realized and the liabilities settled in the normal course of operations.

Even if successful in obtaining financing in the near term, the Company cannot be certain that cash generated from its future operations will be sufficient to satisfy its liquidity requirements in the longer term, and it may need to continue to raise capital by issuing additional equity or by obtaining credit facilities. The Company's future capital requirements will depend on many factors, including, but not limited to, the market acceptance of its products and the level of its promotional activities and advertising required to generate product sales. No assurance can be given that any such additional funding will be available or that, if available, it can be obtained on terms favorable to the Company.

VALIDIAN CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Interim Consolidated, Condensed Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

(In United States dollars)

2. Promissory notes payable

The following table sets forth the financial statement presentation of the promissory note proceeds on issuance, and the changes in the financial statement presentation of the balance allocated to the notes as at and for the periods ended June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

	Six months ended June 30,	Year ended December 31,
	2018 (unaudited)	2017
Balance beginning of period	\$ 65,750	\$ 112,784
Note proceeds on issuance	139,500	35,000
Allocated to common stock and additional paid-in capital for the relative fair value of stock issued to holders of the notes:		
Allocated to common stock par value	--	(75)
Allocated to additional paid-in capital	--	(1,506)
	--	(1,581)
Proceeds allocated to promissory notes on issuance	139,500	33,419
Accretion recorded as a charge to interest and financing costs	--	7,547
Principal repaid	(3,527)	(88,000)
Balance end of period	201,723	65,750
Payable to a related party	(973)	(4,500)
Balance end of period, net of related party	\$ 200,750	\$ 61,250

During the six months ended June 30, 2018, the Company repaid \$3,527 of the promissory notes, and \$323 in accrued interest charges thereon.

The notes outstanding at June 30, 2018 bear interest at the rate of 12% per annum.

Included in interest and financing costs for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 is \$5,024 (2017: \$1,750) and \$7,305 (2017: \$2,823), respectively, of interest on the promissory notes. Interest on the promissory notes paid in cash during the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 is \$44 (2017: \$nil) and \$323 (2017: \$3,526), respectively.

VALIDIAN CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Interim Consolidated, Condensed Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

(In United States dollars)

3. 10% Senior convertible notes

The following table sets forth the financial statement presentation of the note proceeds on issuance, and the changes in financial statement presentation of the balance allocated to the 10% senior convertible notes for the periods ended June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

	Six months Ended June 30, 2018 (unaudited)	Year Ended December 31, 2017
Balance beginning of period	\$ 1,168,974	\$ 962,739
Note proceeds on issuance	--	211,235
Allocated to common stock and additional paid-in capital for the relative fair value of stock issued to holders of the notes:		
Allocated to common stock par value	--	(10,499)
Allocated to additional paid-in capital	--	(57,236)
	--	(67,735)
Proceeds allocated to 10% senior convertible notes on issuance	--	143,500
Accretion recorded as a charge to interest and financing costs	--	67,735
Principal repaid in cash	--	(5,000)
Balance end of period	\$ 1,168,974	\$ 1,168,974

Holders are permitted, at any time, to convert all or a portion of the outstanding principal plus accrued interest into common stock of the company, at a rates ranging from one common share for each \$0.03 of debt converted, to one common share for each \$0.10 of debt converted. The Company has the option of pre-paying all or any portion of the balance outstanding on the notes at any time, without penalty or bonus, with the permission of the holders. Interest on the notes is accrued until the notes are either repaid by the Company or converted by the holder. At the Company's option, interest may be paid either in cash or in common shares of the Company. If interest is paid in common shares, the number of shares required for settlement will be calculated at the rate of conversion in effect for the conversion of the note principal.

Notwithstanding the stated maturity dates, all of the senior convertible notes are payable on demand, pursuant to the default provisions of the notes, as described below.

The Company failed to settle certain of its 10% senior convertible notes plus accrued interest thereon when they matured on various dates between October 1, 2008 and December 31, 2017. At June 30, 2018, a significant portion of these notes remained in default for non-payment. As a result of these non-payment defaults, all of the 10% senior convertible notes are in default at June 30, 2018, in accordance with the default provisions of the notes, and consequently are payable on demand. Interest is accrued at the coupon rate on all notes outstanding past the maturity date.

The notes are unsecured, and are convertible as follows:

Note	Conversion
Principal	Rate
\$ 662,468	\$0.03
6,506	0.038
500,000	0.10
\$ 1,168,974	

VALIDIAN CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Interim Consolidated, Condensed Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

(In United States dollars)

3. 10% Senior convertible notes (continued)

Included in interest and financing costs for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 is \$29,144 (2017: \$24,719) and \$57,968 (2017: \$48,458), respectively, in coupon rate interest accrued on the 10% senior convertible notes, and \$nil (2017: \$16,387) and \$nil (2017: \$16,387), respectively, in accretion related to the relative fair value of the equity components of the 10% senior convertible notes at issuance.

At June 30, 2018, the fair value of the stock issuable to fully convert the 10% senior convertible note principal, was \$218,027, which is \$950,946 less than the principal outstanding on that date.

4. Convertible promissory notes

During the six months ended June 30, 2018, holders of the convertible promissory notes exercised the conversion feature of the notes, and converted \$219,563 of note principal and \$29,222 of accrued interest thereon plus \$1,000 in fees, into 87,766,717 shares of the Company's common stock.

The convertible promissory notes contain penalty provisions relating to events of default, pursuant to which the Company could be required not only to pay interest at the rate of 22% following such an event, but also to pay immediately 150% of the principal outstanding plus accrued interest and penalty interest; alternatively, the Company could be required, at the discretion of the holder, to issue stock in satisfaction of the value determined under such penalty provisions, at the rate of conversion in effect at such time as the holder so elects. In addition to non-payment of the note principal and interest at maturity or failure to transfer stock on receipt of a notice of conversion from the holder, events of default include making an assignment or appointment of a receiver or trustee, ceasing operations, liquidating assets or entering into bankruptcy proceedings; certain money judgments filed against the Company; breach of covenants, representations or warranties under the note; delisting of the Company's stock or failure to comply with the exchange act; failure to maintain property or rights which are necessary to the Company's business; certain restatements of the Company's financial statements as filed with the SEC during the preceding two years;

effectuating a reverse stock split without first providing the holder with 20 days' notice of such occurrence; replacing the Company's transfer agent without first providing to the successor transfer agent, the necessary instructions to effect a transfer of stock to the holder pursuant to the terms of the note.

The convertible promissory notes are being accreted to their face value over the term of the notes through periodic charges to interest expense. During the six months ended June 30, 2018, accretion of \$170,982 (2017: \$438,437) was included in interest and financing costs.

Also included in interest and financing costs for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 is \$6,974 (2017: \$12,232) and \$15,495 (2017: \$25,407), respectively, relating to accrued coupon-rate and bonus interest on the convertible promissory notes; and \$15,648 (2017: \$11,241) and \$20,416 (2017: \$15,488), respectively, relating to the amortization of deferred finance fees and original issue discount incurred in connection with the placement of the convertible promissory notes.

5. Stockholders' deficiency

(a) Common stock transactions

During the six months ended June 30, 2018, holders of the convertible promissory notes exercised the conversion feature of the notes and converted an aggregate of \$219,563 of note principal and \$29,222 in accrued interest thereon plus \$1,000 in fees, into 87,766,717 shares of the Company's common stock.

VALIDIAN CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**Notes to Unaudited Interim Consolidated, Condensed Financial Statements**

June 30, 2018

(In United States dollars)

5. Stockholders' deficiency (continued)

(b)

Stock-based compensation

The following table presents the total of stock-based compensation included in the expenses of the Company for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017:

	Three months ended		Six months ended	
	June 30, 2018	2017	June 30, 2018	2017
Selling, general and administrative	\$ 2,810	\$ 504	\$ 22,910	\$ 53,472
Research and development	--	--	--	--
Total stock-based compensation included in expenses	\$ 2,810	\$ 504	\$ 22,910	\$ 53,472

6. Interest and financing costs

Interest and financing costs include accrued and paid coupon rate interest and accretion and financing costs relating to the 10% senior convertible notes, promissory notes and convertible promissory notes.

7. Loss per share

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As the Company incurred a net loss during the six months ended June 30, 2018, and during the three months ended June 30, 2018, the loss and diluted loss per common share are based on the weighted-average common shares outstanding during the period. The following outstanding instruments could have a dilutive effect in the future:

	June 30, 2018 (unaudited)	June 30, 2017 (unaudited)
Shares issuable on conversion of 10% senior convertible notes	27,253,434	21,878,934
Shares issuable on conversion of convertible promissory notes and accrued interest thereon	--	60,102,211
Common shares issuable on conversion of the Series A convertible preferred stock	22,300,000	22,300,000
Common shares issuable on conversion of the Series B convertible preferred stock	130,000,000	130,000,000
Common shares issuable on conversion of the Series C convertible preferred stock	113,633,333	105,033,333
Stock options	7,500,000	7,500,000
Total	300,686,767	346,814,478

8. Related party transactions

\$4,022 (December 31, 2017: \$4,187) in accrued interest charges relating to the 10% senior convertible notes and 12% promissory notes previously issued to a director and a company controlled by a director is included in accrued liabilities at June 30, 2018.

An officer and director of a company who holds \$973 (December 31, 2017: \$4,500) of the promissory notes is also an officer and director of the Company.

VALIDIAN CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**Notes to Unaudited Interim Consolidated, Condensed Financial Statements**

June 30, 2018

(In United States dollars)

9. Supplementary cash flow information

The Company paid no income taxes during the six months ended June 30, 2018, nor during the six months ended June 30, 2017. Interest paid in cash during the six months ended June 30, 2018 was \$323 (2017: \$3,526).

Non-cash financing activities are excluded from the consolidated statements of cash flows. The following is a summary of such activities for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017:

	2018	2017
Issuance of the Company's common stock on conversion of convertible promissory notes plus accrued interest thereon	\$ 248,784	\$ 268,551
Total	\$ 248,784	\$ 268,551

10. Fair value measurements

The carrying value of cash and cash equivalents, amounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximates fair value due to the short term to maturity of these instruments. The carrying value of the 10% senior convertible notes, the convertible promissory notes, and the promissory notes approximate fair value, due to the issuance of certain of these debt instruments during the six months prior and/or subsequent to the period ended June 30, 2018, under conditions substantially identical to those existing at June 30, 2018.

11. Recent accounting pronouncements

Management does not believe that any recently issued but not yet effective accounting pronouncements, if adopted, would have a material effect on the accompanying financial statements.

12. Subsequent events

On July 26, 2018, the Company issued \$20,000 of its promissory notes for cash. The notes are payable on demand, and bear interest at the rate of 12% per annum.

Except for the foregoing, we have evaluated subsequent events through the date the financial statements were issued. All material events have been disclosed.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis or Plan of Operations

FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

We caution readers that certain important factors may affect our actual results and could cause such results to differ materially from any forward-looking statements that we make in this report. For this purpose, any statements that are not statements of historical fact may be deemed to be forward-looking statements. This report contains statements that constitute forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of predictive, future-tense or forward-looking terminology, such as believes, anticipates, expects, estimates, plans, or similar terms. These statements appear in a number of places in this report and include statements regarding our intent, belief or current expectations with respect to many things, some of which are:

- .
trends affecting our financial condition or results of operations for our limited history;
- .
our business and growth strategies;
- .
our technology;
- .
the Internet; and
- .
our financing plans.

We caution readers that any such forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve significant risks and uncertainties. In fact, actual results most likely will differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements as a result of various factors. Some factors that could adversely affect actual results and performance include:

·
our limited operating history;

·
our lack of sales to date;

·
our requirements for additional capital and operational funding;

·
the failure of our technology and products to perform as specified;

·
the discontinuance of growth in the use of the Internet;

·
the enactment of new adverse government regulations; and

·
the development of better technology and products by others.

You should carefully consider and evaluate all of these factors. In addition, we do not undertake to update forward-looking statements after we file this report with the SEC, even if new information, future events or other circumstances have made them incorrect or misleading.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

We prepare our financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and related disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Significant accounting policies and methods used in preparation of the financial statements are described in note 2 to our 2017 Consolidated Financial Statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017. We evaluate our estimates and assumptions on a regular basis, based on historical experience and other relevant factors. Actual results could differ materially from these estimates and assumptions. The following critical accounting policies are impacted by

judgments, assumptions and estimates used in preparation of our June 30, 2018 Interim Consolidated Financial Statements.

Research and development expenses:

We expense all of our research and development expenses in the period in which they are incurred. At such time as our product is determined to be commercially available, we will capitalize those development expenditures that are related to the maintenance of the commercial products, and amortize these capitalized expenditures over the estimated life of the commercial product. The estimated life of the commercial product will be based on management's estimates, including estimates of current and future industry conditions. A significant change to these assumptions could impact the estimated useful life of our commercial product resulting in a change to amortization expense and impairment charges.

Stock based compensation:

The Company accounts for its stock-based payments in accordance with FASB Accounting Standards Codification Topic 718 Compensation Stock Compensation, which requires all share-based payments, including stock options granted by the Company to its employees, to be recognized as expenses, based on the fair value of the share-based payments at the date of grant. For purposes of estimating the grant date fair value of stock-based compensation, the Company uses the Black Scholes option-pricing model, and has elected to treat awards with graded vesting as a single award. The fair value of awards granted is recognized as compensation expense on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period, which in the Company's circumstances is the stated vesting period of the award.

Financial instruments

We have issued convertible notes and convertible notes with common shares. The fair value of the convertible notes is required to be estimated as well as the fair value of the convertible notes issued with common shares. There are significant assumptions and management estimates used in determining these amounts. A significant change to these assumptions could result in a significant change to the fair value of the convertible notes.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The three months ended June 30, 2018 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2017

Revenue: We had no revenue during the three months ended June 30, 2018, nor during the three months ended June 30, 2017. Since August 1999 we have directed all of our attention towards the completion, and sales and marketing of our software applications. We believe that if we are successful in our development and sales and marketing efforts, we will generate a source of revenue in the future from sales and/or licensing of our software applications.

Selling, general and administrative expenses: Selling, general and administrative expenses consist primarily of personnel costs, professional fees, communication expenses, travel and other miscellaneous costs associated with supporting our research and development, sales and marketing and investor relations activities. During the three months ended June 30, 2018, we incurred a total of \$69,731, as compared to \$63,026 during the three months ended June 30, 2017. There was an overall increase in selling, general and administrative expenses of \$6,705 (11%) during

the three months ended June 30, 2018 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2017.

This increase occurred primarily as a result of an increase in the fair value of stock-based compensation recognized as expense during the three months ended June 30, 2018 as compared with the three months ended June 30, 2017, relating to the amortization of prepaid balances for service contracts.

We have made efforts to minimize selling, general and administrative expenses wherever possible, through measures such as reducing the number of personnel, postponing our Annual General Meeting, reducing the number of trade shows in which we participate, reducing travel costs, delaying production of new promotional material, and reducing our occupancy costs. We will continue to carefully monitor our selling, general and administrative expenses as we work within current budgetary limits leading up to the full commercial release of our products.

Research and development expenses: Research and development expenses consist primarily of personnel costs directly associated with the research and development of our technology and of the use of our technology in the proposed software applications of our prospective customers. During the three months ended June 30, 2018, we incurred a total of \$22,089, as compared to \$183,921 during the three months ended June 30, 2017 on research and development activities. There was an overall decrease in research and development expenses of \$161,832 (88%) during the three months ended June 30, 2018 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2017.

The decrease in research and development expenses occurred as a result of a decrease in fees paid to consultants during the three months ended June 30, 2018 as compared with the three months ended June 30, 2017.

During the three months ended June 30, 2018, the primary focus of our development activity was research on securing web applications and browsers including design, architecture and testing.

During the three months ended June 30, 2017, the primary focus of our development activity was completing the development of the migration to the Red Hat Enterprise Linux operating system, including SDK's for C++ and Java and testing; completing the development of the migration to the Apple iOS operating system including SDK's for Objective-C and Swift and testing; and supporting the trial release of a customer's Validian-enabled application.

Interest and financing costs: Interest and financing costs during the three months ended June 30, 2018 and during the three months ended June 30, 2017 consisted of costs associated with our 10% senior convertible notes, our promissory notes, and our convertible promissory notes. During the three months ended June 30, 2018, we incurred \$153,285 in interest and financing costs, a decrease of \$175,836 (53%) from the \$329,121 in interest and financing costs incurred during the three months ended June 30, 2017.

The \$153,285 in interest and financing costs we incurred during the three months ended June 30, 2018 is comprised of \$41,144 of interest paid and payable to the holders of our debt; \$nil of accretion of our promissory notes; \$96,493 of accretion of our convertible promissory notes; and \$15,648 of amortized deferred finance fees and original issue discount relating to the promissory notes and convertible promissory notes. The \$329,121 in interest and financing costs we incurred during the three months ended June 30, 2017 is comprised of \$38,701 of interest paid and payable to the holders of our debt; \$1,581 of accretion of our promissory notes; \$16,387 of accretion of our 10% senior convertible notes; \$261,211 of accretion of our convertible promissory notes; and \$11,241 of amortized deferred finance fees and original issue discount relating to the promissory notes and convertible promissory notes.

We failed to settle certain of our promissory notes and 10% senior convertible notes, and accrued interest thereon, when they became due on various dates between October 1, 2008, and June 30, 2018; a significant portion of these notes remain in default as at June 30, 2018. In accordance with the default provision of the 10% senior convertible notes, and of the promissory notes outstanding at June 30, 2018, this has resulted in all of these notes becoming due and payable on demand as of the date of the default, or in the case of notes issued subsequent to the default, on the date of issuance, notwithstanding any other stated maturity date. Consequently, the accretion relating to the equity components of these notes issued since the initial event of default, and the amortization of any finance charges incurred thereon, has occurred in the period of issuance.

As a result of the above, the accretion components of interest and financing costs relating to the 10% senior convertible notes for the three months ended June 30, 2018, and for the three months ended June 30, 2017 relate only to notes issued during these periods. We did not issue any of these notes during the three months ended June 30, 2018, so consequently, the accretion related to this class of notes for the three months ended June 30, 2018 was \$nil, compared to \$16,387 during the three months ended June 30, 2017.

Accretion relating to the promissory notes was \$nil for the three months ended June 30, 2018, compared to \$1,581 during the three months ended June 30, 2017. Promissory notes outstanding at June 30, 2018 had no unamortized equity component and therefore no accretion charge for that period.

Accretion of our convertible promissory notes decreased by \$164,718 (63%) as a result of conversions made in the second quarter of 2018 in excess of the value of convertible promissory notes historically issued.

Foreign exchange gain (loss): Foreign exchange gain (loss) is comprised of realized gains and losses on foreign currency conversions, the majority of which relate to accounts payable and accrued liabilities denominated in Canadian dollars. During the three months ended June 30, 2018, the United States dollar gained strength relative to the Canadian dollar, resulting in an overall gain on foreign currency transactions of \$39,089. During the three months ended June 30, 2017 the Canadian dollar gained strength relative to the United States dollar, resulting in an overall loss on foreign currency transactions of \$33,434.

Net loss: We incurred a loss of \$206,016 (rounded to \$0.00 per share) for the three months ended June 30, 2018, compared to a loss of \$609,502 (rounded to \$0.00 per share) for the three months ended June 30, 2017. Our revenues and future profitability are substantially dependent on our ability to:

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raise additional capital to fund operations;

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license software applications to a sufficient number of clients;

.
be cash-flow positive on an ongoing basis;

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modify the successful software applications, over time, to provide enhanced benefits to then-existing users; and

.
successfully develop related software applications.

The six months ended June 30, 2018 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2017

Revenue: We had no revenue during the six months ended June 30, 2018, nor during the three months ended June 30, 2017. Since August 1999 we have directed all of our attention towards the completion, and sales and marketing of our software applications. We believe that if we are successful in our development and sales and marketing efforts, we

will generate a source of revenue in the future from sales and/or licensing of our software applications.

Selling, general and administrative expenses: Selling, general and administrative expenses consist primarily of personnel costs, professional fees, communication expenses, travel and other miscellaneous costs associated with supporting our research and development, sales and marketing and investor relations activities. During the six months ended June 30, 2018, we incurred a total of

\$140,980, as compared to \$242,435 during the six months ended June 30, 2017. There was an overall decrease in selling, general and administrative expenses of \$101,455 (42%) during the six months ended June 30, 2018 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2017.

This decrease occurred primarily as a result of a decrease in the fair value of stock-based compensation recognized as expense during the six months ended June 30, 2018 as compared with the six months ended June 30, 2017, relating to the amortization of prepaid balances for service contracts.

We have made efforts to minimize selling, general and administrative expenses wherever possible, through measures such as reducing the number of personnel, postponing our Annual General Meeting, reducing the number of trade shows in which we participate, reducing travel costs, delaying production of new promotional material, and reducing our occupancy costs. We will continue to carefully monitor our selling, general and administrative expenses as we work within current budgetary limits leading up to the full commercial release of our products.

Research and development expenses: Research and development expenses consist primarily of personnel costs directly associated with the research and development of our technology and of the use of our technology in the proposed software applications of our prospective customers. During the six months ended June 30, 2018, we incurred a total of \$22,089, as compared to \$467,817 during the six months ended June 30, 2017 on research and development activities. There was an overall decrease in research and development expenses of \$445,728 (95%) during the six months ended June 30, 2018 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2017.

The decrease in research and development expenses occurred as a result of a decrease in fees paid to consultants during the six months ended June 30, 2018 as compared with the six months ended June 30, 2017.

During the six months ended June 30, 2018, the primary focus of our development activity was supporting analysis by our prospective customers of what cyber security risks that Validian's core technology could protect against in our prospective customers' technical environments; and research on securing web applications and browsers including design, architecture and testing.

During the six months ended June 30, 2017, the primary focus of our development activity was completing the development of the migration to the Red Hat Enterprise Linux operating system, including SDK's for C++ and Java and testing; completing the development of the migration to the Apple iOS operating system including SDK's for Objective-C and Swift and testing; and supporting the installation and application of Validian's core technology into a customer's environment for testing and evaluation.

Interest and financing costs: Interest and financing costs during the six months ended June 30, 2018 and during the six months ended June 30, 2017 consisted of costs associated with our 10% senior convertible notes, our promissory notes, and our convertible promissory notes. During the six months ended June 30, 2018, we incurred \$272,167 in interest and financing costs, a decrease of \$282,674 (51%) from the \$554,841 in interest and financing costs incurred during the six months ended June 30, 2017.

The \$272,167 in interest and financing costs we incurred during the six months ended June 30, 2018 is comprised of \$80,770 of interest paid and payable to the holders of our debt; \$nil of accretion of our promissory notes; \$nil of accretion of our 10% senior convertible notes; \$170,981 of accretion of our convertible promissory notes; and \$20,416 of amortized deferred finance fees and original issue discount relating to the promissory notes and convertible promissory notes. The \$554,841 in interest and financing costs we incurred during the six months ended June 30, 2017 is comprised of \$76,981 of interest paid and payable to the holders of our debt; \$3,679 of accretion of our promissory notes; \$16,387 of accretion of our 10% senior convertible notes; \$438,437 of accretion of our convertible promissory notes; and \$19,357 of amortized deferred finance fees and original issue discount relating to the promissory notes and convertible promissory notes.

We failed to settle certain of our promissory notes and 10% senior convertible notes, and accrued interest thereon, when they became due on various dates between October 1, 2008, and December 31, 2017; a significant portion of these notes remain in default as at June 30, 2018. In accordance with the default provision of the 10% senior convertible notes, and of the promissory notes outstanding at June 30, 2018, this has resulted in all of these notes becoming due and payable on demand as of the date of the default, or in the case of notes issued subsequent to the default, on the date of issuance, notwithstanding any other stated maturity date. Consequently, the accretion relating to the equity components of these notes issued since the initial event of default, and the amortization of any finance charges incurred thereon, has occurred in the period of issuance.

As a result of the above, the accretion components of interest and financing costs relating to the 10% senior convertible notes for the six months ended June 30, 2018, and for the six months ended June 30, 2017 relate only to notes issued during these periods. We did not issue any of these notes during the six months ended June 30, 2018, so consequently, the accretion related to this class of notes for the six months ended June 30, 2018 was \$nil, compared to \$16,387 during the six months ended June 30, 2017.

Accretion relating to the promissory notes was \$nil for the six months ended June 30, 2018, compared to \$3,679 during the six months ended June 30, 2017. Promissory notes outstanding at June 30, 2018 had no unamortized equity component and therefore no accretion charge for that period.

Accretion of our convertible promissory notes decreased by \$267,456 (61%) primarily as a result of the equity component of this class of notes outstanding during the six months ended June 30, 2018 being less than the equity component of these notes outstanding during the six months ended June 30, 2017. In addition, as a result of conversions made during the six months ended June 30, 2018 in excess of the value of convertible promissory notes historically issued.

Interest paid and payable to the holders of our debt increased by \$3,789 (5%), primarily as a result of a slight increase in the principal balance of our interest-bearing debt during the period from June 30, 2017 to June 30, 2018.

Foreign exchange gain: Foreign exchange gain (loss) is comprised of realized gains and losses on foreign currency conversions, the majority of which relate to accounts payable and accrued liabilities denominated in Canadian dollars. During the six months ended June 30, 2018, the United States dollar gained strength relative to the Canadian dollar, resulting in an overall gain on foreign currency transactions of \$102,346. During the six months ended June 30, 2017 the Canadian dollar gained strength relative to the United States dollar, resulting in an overall loss on foreign currency transactions of \$62,119.

Net loss: We incurred a loss of \$332,890 (rounded to \$0.00 per share) for the six months ended June 30, 2018, compared to a loss of \$1,327,212 (rounded to \$0.00 per share) for the six months ended June 30, 2017. Our revenues and future profitability are substantially dependent on our ability to:

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raise additional capital to fund operations;

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license software applications to a sufficient number of clients;

.
be cash-flow positive on an ongoing basis;

modify the successful software applications, over time, to provide enhanced benefits to then-existing users; and

successfully develop related software applications.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

General: Since inception, we have funded our operations from private placements of debt and equity securities. In addition, until September 1999 we derived revenues from consulting contracts with affiliated parties, the proceeds of which were used to fund operations. We have also received an aggregate of \$791,650 in proceeds relating to VAR licensing agreements. Until such time as we are able to generate adequate revenues from the licensing of our software applications, we cannot assure that we will be successful in raising additional capital, or that cash from the issuance of debt securities, the exercise of existing warrants and options, and the placements of additional equity securities, if any, will be sufficient to fund our long-term research and development and selling, general and administrative expenses.

Our cash and cash equivalents increased by \$219 during the six months ended June 30, 2018, from a bank indebtedness balance of \$103 at December 31, 2017, to a cash balance of \$116 at June 30, 2018. This increase in cash occurred due to a reduction in the net loss from \$1,327,212 as at June 30, 2017 to a net loss of \$332,890 as at June 30, 2018. Additionally, this resulted from net cash used in operations of \$135,754 during the period, fully offset by the \$135,870 in net proceeds from financing activities and a reduction in the amount spent on research and development activities.

We added an explanatory paragraph to our interim consolidated financial statements for the six months ended June 30, 2018. It states that our economic viability is dependent on our ability to finalize the development of our principal products, generate sales and finance operational expenses, and that these factors, together with our lack of revenues to date; our negative working capital; our loss for the year, as well as negative cash flow from operating activities in the same period; and our accumulated deficit, raise substantial doubt regarding our ability to continue as a going concern. At June 30, 2018, we had negative working capital of \$4,724,167 and an accumulated deficit of \$55,092,718; for the six months then ended we had a net loss of \$332,890, and negative cash flow from operations of \$135,754. Furthermore, the Company failed to settle certain of its 10% senior convertible notes and promissory notes, plus accrued interest thereon when they matured on various dates from October 1, 2008 to December 31, 2017. A substantial amount of these notes remain unpaid as of June 30, 2018. All of the 10% senior convertible notes, as well as the promissory notes, were in default at June 30, 2018 in accordance with the default provisions of the respective notes, and as a result are due and payable on demand.

We anticipate commercial sales during the third quarter of 2018, however we cannot be assured that this will be the case. During the next three months we do not expect to hire additional personnel unless we are successful in raising significant funds through the issuance of our debt or equity securities. We do not expect to make any material

commitments for capital equipment expenditures during the next twelve months.

We have an immediate requirement for additional working capital in order to proceed with our business plan. We review our cash needs and sources on a month-to-month basis and we are currently pursuing appropriate opportunities to raise additional capital to fund operations. Additional sources of capital could involve issuing equity or debt securities. We have engaged consultants to provide advice to us with respect to the raising of capital. However, additional funding may not be available to us on reasonable terms, if at all. The perceived risk associated with the possible sale of a large number of shares of our common stock could cause some of our stockholders to sell their stock, thus causing the price of our stock to decline. In addition, actual or anticipated downward pressure on our stock price due to actual or anticipated issuance of stock could cause some institutions or individuals to engage in short sales of our common stock, which may itself cause the price of our stock to decline. We may be unable to raise additional capital if our stock price is too low. A sustained inability to raise capital could force us to limit or curtail our operations.

We expect the level of our future operating expenses to be driven by the needs of our research and development and marketing programs, offset by the availability of funds. In addition, we have since inception taken steps to keep our expenses relatively low and conserve available cash until we begin generating sufficient operating cash flow.

Sources of Capital: Our principal sources of capital for funding our business activities have been the private placements of debt and equity securities. During the six months ended June 30, 2018, we issued an aggregate of 87,766,717 shares of our common stock in settlement of \$219,563 of our convertible promissory notes and \$29,222 in accrued interest thereon plus \$1,000 in fees, which reduced the amount of cash that would otherwise have been required to settle these liabilities.

Uses of Capital: Over the past several years, we have scaled our development activities to the level of available cash resources. Our plans with respect to future staffing will be dependent upon our ability to raise additional capital. We have not entered into any off-balance sheet arrangements which would have resulted in our use of capital.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

N/A

ITEMS 4 AND 4T. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

An evaluation was carried out under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act)) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on the evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer has concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective to ensure that the information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act was recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms and that such information required to be disclosed is accumulated and communicated to management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the three months ended June 30, 2018 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Management's Report on Internal Controls over Financial Reporting

At December 31, 2017, management of the Company provided a report on internal controls over financial reporting. Reference should be made to our annual report on Form 10-K for that report, wherein we reported that management's assessment at December 31, 2017 was that the Company's internal control over financial reporting was not effective to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

In connection with the preparation of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017, our management identified the existence of certain significant internal control deficiencies that they considered to be material weaknesses. In particular, the following weaknesses in our internal control system were identified at December 31, 2017: (1) a lack of segregation of duties; (2) the lack of timely preparation of certain back up schedules; (3) finance staff's lack of sufficient technical accounting knowledge; (4) a lack of independent Board oversight; and (5) signing authority with respect to corporate bank accounts. A material weakness is a significant deficiency in one or more of the internal control components that alone or in the aggregate precludes our internal controls

from reducing to an appropriately low level of risk that material misstatements in our financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis. We considered these matters in connection with the period-end closing of accounts and preparation of the related consolidated financial statements and determined that no prior period financial statements were materially affected by such matters.

Our size has prevented us from being able to employ sufficient resources at this time to enable us to have an adequate level of supervision and segregation of duties within our internal control system. We will continue to monitor and assess the costs and benefits of additional staffing within the Company.

We were unable to eliminate the identified weaknesses with respect to the period covered by this report. Set forth below is a discussion of the significant internal control deficiencies which have not been remediated.

Lack of segregation of duties. Since commencing the development phase of our operations in August 1999, our size has prevented us from being able to employ sufficient resources to enable us to have an adequate level of supervision and segregation of duties within our internal control system. Our accountant is the only person involved in the data entry function, and since the departure of our chief financial officer in 2008, our chief executive officer has assumed the role of chief financial officer. We are inadequately staffed at this time to ensure a sufficient level of segregation of duties. As a result, this significant internal control deficiency had not been remediated as of the end of the period covered by this report, nor do we know if we will be able to remediate this weakness in the foreseeable future. However, we will continue to monitor and assess the costs and benefits of additional staffing.

Lack of timely preparation of back up schedules. Throughout 2017, we were able to complete most of our back up schedules in a timely manner, however, during this time we consistently experienced a lack of complete preparedness at the time our external independent accountants commenced their field work on a quarterly basis. As such, we believe that this material weakness had not been remediated as of the end of the period covered by this report. Inasmuch as this deficiency is related to our lack of adequate staffing, which is a condition which our size prohibits us from remediating, we do not know if we will be able to remediate this weakness in the foreseeable future. We will continue to review our interim procedures, and to make changes wherever practicable to assist in remediating this deficiency.

Finance staff's lack of sufficient technical accounting knowledge. Due to the limited number of personnel, our finance staff does not have sufficient technical accounting knowledge to address all complex and non-routine accounting transactions that may arise. These transactions are sometimes extremely technical in nature and require an in-depth understanding of generally accepted accounting principles. As a result of this pervasive deficiency, these types of transactions may not be recorded correctly, potentially resulting in material misstatements of the financial

statements of the Company. To address this risk, the Company has a control whereby it consults with its auditors and advisors, as needed, in conjunction with the recording and reporting of complex and non-routine accounting transactions. Management has concluded that this control was operating effectively during the preceding year, as the Company consulted with external advisors on certain complex and non-routine transactions resulting in no material misstatements being identified during the year end audit. Although management has determined that this control was operating effectively during the year ended December 31, 2017, the finance staff's lack of sufficient technical accounting knowledge nonetheless remains a continued weakness in our internal control system. Any changes in the staff complement will be dependant upon the growth of our operations and the number of our staff to allow further technical accounting knowledge to address all complex and non-routine accounting transactions. Management will continue to review existing consultation controls and, if appropriate, implement changes to its current internal control processes whereby more effective consultation will be performed.

Lack of independent Board oversight. Our Board of Directors consists of only one individual who is also the Company's sole signing officer. We have experienced difficulties in identifying suitable candidates to serve as independent Board members because of our size, the perceived additional liability to the public by prospective candidates and the excessive additional costs associated with the selection of a candidate including director fees and director liability insurance. As such, our Board lacks the controls, depth of knowledge and perspective that such independence would provide.

Signing authority with respect to corporate bank accounts. Since the departure of our Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer in July 2008, the positions of Director, President, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Executive Vice President, Secretary and Treasurer have been held by one person. This individual has sole signing authority for the Company's bank accounts. Our Accountant monitors our bank accounts on a regular basis, however there can be no assurance that unauthorized or unsupported transactions will not occur.

If we are unable to remediate the identified material weakness, there is a more than remote likelihood that a material misstatement to our SEC reports will not be prevented or detected, in which case investors could lose confidence in the accuracy and completeness of our financial reports, which could have an adverse effect on our ability to raise additional capital and could also have an adverse effect on our stock price.

PART II OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

During Q1 2018, the Company entered into legal proceedings with a provider of services regarding the amount of the balance owed by the Company for services rendered by the provider of services to the Company during 2017.

Item 1a. Risk Factors

In addition to other information set forth in this Report, you should carefully consider the risk factors previously disclosed in Item 1A. to Part 1 of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017. There were no material changes to these risk factors during the six months ended June 30, 2018.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

None

Item 3. Defaults upon Senior Securities

We failed to settle certain of our 10% senior convertible notes and our promissory notes, plus accrued interest thereon when they matured on various dates between October 1, 2008 and December 31, 2017. A significant amount of these notes remained unpaid as of June 30, 2018, and were therefore in default and due and payable on demand. Additionally, in accordance with the default provisions of the notes, this failure to settle the matured notes resulted in the remaining 10% senior convertible notes and accrued interest thereon becoming also due and payable on demand. Notwithstanding our obligation to repay these amounts immediately, the note holders have verbally communicated to management their willingness to continue holding the notes until new terms are negotiated. We will accrue interest on these unpaid balances at the coupon rate until a settlement is reached.

Until such time as the matured notes plus accrued interest thereon are settled, all of the 10% senior convertible notes and the promissory notes will remain in default.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

Not applicable.

Item 6. Exhibits

(a) Exhibits.

- 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 32.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 32.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 101 The following financial information from our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2018 formatted in Extensible Business Reporting Language (XBRL): (i) the Balance Sheets, (ii) the Statements of Operations, (iii) the Statements of Cash Flows, and (iv) Notes to Financial Statements

SIGNATURES

In accordance with requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

VALIDIAN CORPORATION

By: /s/ Bruce Benn

Bruce Benn

President, Chief Executive Officer

and Chief Financial officer

(principal executive officer)

Dated: August 8, 2018

In accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this Report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

By: /s/ Bruce Benn

Bruce Benn

President, Chief Executive Officer

and Chief Financial officer

(principal financial and accounting officer)

Dated: August 8, 2018

