UNITED NATURAL FOODS INC
Form DEF 14A
November 02, 2011

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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

SCHEDULE 14A

Proxy Statement Pursuant to Section 14(a) of
the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (Amendment No.)

Filed by the Registrant ý

Filed by a Party other than the Registrant o

Check the appropriate box:

o Preliminary Proxy Statement

ý Definitive Proxy Statement

o Definitive Additional Materials

o Soliciting Material Pursuant to Rule 14a-11(c) or Rule 14a-12

o Confidential, for Use of the Commission Only (as permitted by Rule 14a-6(e)(2))

United Natural Foods, Inc.

(Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

(Name of Person(s) Filing Proxy Statement, if other than the Registrant)

Payment of Filing Fee (Check the appropriate box):

ý No fee required.

o Fee computed on table below per Exchange Act Rules 14a-6(i)(1) and 0-11.

(1) Title of each class of securities to which transaction applies:

(2) Aggregate number of securities to which transaction applies:

(3) Per unit price or other underlying value of transaction computed pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 0-11 (Set forth the amount on which the filing fee is calculated and state how it was determined):

(4) Proposed maximum aggregate value of transaction:

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o Fee paid previously with preliminary materials.

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UNITED NATURAL FOODS, INC.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS
TO BE HELD ON DECEMBER 13, 2011

Dear Stockholder:

You are cordially invited to attend the Annual Meeting of Stockholders of United Natural Foods, Inc., which will be held on Tuesday, December 13, 2011 at 4:00 p.m. eastern standard time on the Internet through a virtual web conference at *www.virtualshareholdermeeting.com/unfi2011*, and any adjournments or postponements of the annual meeting.

We are holding the annual meeting for the following purposes:

1. To elect three nominees as directors to serve until the 2014 annual meeting of stockholders.

2. To ratify the selection of KPMG LLP as our independent registered public accounting firm for the fiscal year ending July 28, 2012.

3. To conduct an advisory vote on executive compensation.

4. To conduct an advisory vote on the frequency of advisory votes on executive compensation.

5. To consider a stockholder proposal if properly presented at the annual meeting.

6. To transact such other business as may properly come before the annual meeting or any adjournments or postponements of the annual meeting.

These matters are more fully described in the accompanying proxy statement, which is made a part of this notice. We are not aware of any other business to be transacted at the annual meeting.

Only stockholders of record on our books at the close of business on Tuesday, October 18, 2011 will be entitled to vote at the annual meeting and any adjournments or postponements of the annual meeting. For 10 days prior to the annual meeting, a list of stockholders entitled to vote will be available for inspection at our principal executive offices located at 313 Iron Horse Way, Providence, RI 02908. If you would like to view the stockholder list, please call our Investor Relations Department at (401) 528-8634 to schedule an appointment. The stockholder list will also be available on the Internet through the virtual web conference during the meeting.

In accordance with rules approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission, this year we are again furnishing proxy materials to our stockholders over the Internet. On or about November 2, 2011, we mailed to all stockholders of record as of the close of business on October 18, 2011 a notice containing instructions on how to access our Annual Report to Stockholders, which contains our audited consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year ended July 30, 2011, our proxy statement, proxy card and other items of interest to stockholders on the Internet website indicated in our notice, as well as instructions on how to vote. The November 2nd notice also provides instructions on how you can request a paper copy of our proxy materials and Annual Report to Stockholders if you desire.

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You may vote your shares via the Internet, by telephone or by completing, dating, signing and promptly returning your proxy card to us in the envelope provided, if you received a paper copy of the proxy card by mail. The proxy materials provide you with details on how to vote by these three methods. **We encourage you to vote in the method that suits you best so that your shares will be voted at the annual meeting.** If you decide to attend the virtual annual meeting through the Internet, you may revoke your proxy and cast your vote electronically over the Internet during the meeting.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

Michael S. Funk,
Chair of the Board

November 2, 2011

PLEASE VOTE. STOCKHOLDERS MAY VOTE BY THE INTERNET, TELEPHONE OR MAIL. PLEASE REFER TO YOUR PROXY CARD OR THE NOTICE OF PROXY AVAILABILITY DISTRIBUTED TO YOU ON NOVEMBER 2, 2011 FOR INFORMATION ON HOW TO VOTE BY THE INTERNET, TELEPHONE OR MAIL.

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UNITED NATURAL FOODS, INC.
313 Iron Horse Way
Providence, Rhode Island 02908

PROXY STATEMENT

FOR THE ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS TO BE HELD ON DECEMBER 13, 2011

This proxy statement is being furnished in connection with the solicitation of proxies by the Board of Directors of United Natural Foods, Inc., for use at the Annual Meeting of Stockholders to be held on Tuesday, December 13, 2011 at 4:00 p.m. eastern standard time on the Internet through a virtual web conference at *www.virtualshareholdermeeting.com/unfi2011*, and any adjournments or postponements of the annual meeting. The Board of Directors (which we sometimes refer to as the Board in this proxy statement) is soliciting proxies for the purposes set forth in the accompanying *Notice of Annual Meeting of Stockholders*. We will bear the cost of soliciting the proxies.

Important Notice Regarding the Availability of Proxy Materials for the Annual Meeting of Stockholders to be Held on December 13, 2011:

As outlined on the notice we mailed to you on November 2, 2011 (the "*Notice of Proxy Availability*"), the proxy statement, proxy card and Annual Report to Stockholders for the fiscal year ended July 30, 2011 are available on the Internet at *http://www.proxyvote.com*.

INFORMATION ABOUT THE MEETING

Record Date and Share Ownership

Only stockholders of record on our books at the close of business on Monday, October 18, 2011 (the "*Record Date*") will be entitled to vote at the annual meeting and any adjournments or postponements of the annual meeting. As of the close of business on October 18, 2011, we had 48,743,131 shares of common stock outstanding. Each share of common stock entitles the record holder to one vote on each matter to be voted upon at the annual meeting. Copies of the Notice of Annual Meeting of Stockholders, this proxy statement, the proxy card and our Annual Report to Stockholders for the fiscal year ended July 30, 2011, are being first made available to stockholders of record on or about November 2, 2011. The Board is making these materials available to you on the Internet or, upon your request, is delivering printed versions of these materials to you without charge by mail. On or about November 2, 2011, we mailed to all stockholders of record as of the Record Date the Notice of Proxy Availability, which contains instructions on how to access these materials and vote.

We will, upon written request of any stockholder, furnish without charge a copy of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended July 30, 2011, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "*SEC*"), without exhibits. Please address all such requests to the attention of Carrie Walker, Corporate Assistant Secretary, United Natural Foods, Inc., 313 Iron Horse Way, Providence, Rhode Island 02908. Exhibits will be provided upon written request to Ms. Walker and payment of an appropriate processing fee.

Submitting and Revoking Your Proxy

If you complete and submit a proxy, the persons named as proxies will vote the shares represented by your proxy in accordance with your instructions. If you submit a proxy but do not complete the voting instructions, the persons named as proxies will vote the shares represented by your proxy as follows:

FOR the election of Michael S. Funk, James P. Heffernan and Steven L. Spinner as directors to serve until our 2014 annual meeting of stockholders (Proposal 1);

FOR the ratification of the selection of KPMG LLP as our independent registered public accounting firm for fiscal 2012 (Proposal 2);

FOR the advisory vote on executive compensation (Proposal 3);

For the frequency of every **ONE YEAR** for the advisory vote on the frequency of advisory votes on executive compensation (Proposal 4); and

AGAINST the stockholder proposal (Proposal 5).

If other matters come before the annual meeting, the persons named as proxies will vote on such matters in accordance with their best judgment. We have not received notice of other matters that may properly be presented at the annual meeting.

You may revoke or revise your proxy at any time before it is exercised by (1) delivering to us a signed proxy card with a date later than your previously delivered proxy, (2) voting via the Internet while attending the virtual annual meeting, (3) granting a subsequent proxy through the Internet or telephone, or (4) sending a written revocation to our corporate secretary at 313 Iron Horse Way, Providence, Rhode Island 02908. Attendance at the virtual annual meeting through the Internet will not itself be deemed to revoke your proxy unless you vote via the Internet while attending the virtual annual meeting. Your most current proxy card or telephone or Internet proxy is the one that is counted.

If you hold shares of common stock in a stock brokerage account or through a bank or other nominee, you are considered to be the beneficial owner of shares held in "*street name*" and these proxy materials are being forwarded to you by your broker, bank or nominee. You may not vote directly any shares held in street name; however, as the beneficial owner of the shares, you have the right to direct your broker, bank or nominee on how to vote your shares. If you do not provide your broker, bank or nominee instructions on how to vote your shares on non-discretionary items, a "broker non-vote" will occur. Proposal 1 (election of three nominees as directors), Proposal 3 (advisory vote on executive compensation), Proposal 4 (advisory vote on the frequency of advisory votes on executive compensation), and Proposal 5 (the stockholder proposal) are non-discretionary items for which your broker, bank or nominee will not be able to vote your shares without your instructions. Proposal 2 (ratification of the selection of KPMG LLP) is a discretionary item, and your broker, bank or nominee may vote your shares in their discretion even without voting instructions from you. Accordingly, it is possible for there to be broker non-votes for Proposals 1 and 3 through 5, but not for Proposal 2. In the case of a broker non-vote, your shares would be included in the number of shares considered present at the meeting for the purpose of determining whether there is a quorum. A broker non-vote, being shares not entitled to vote, would not have any effect on the outcome of the vote on Proposal 1 or Proposals 3 through 5.

If you participate in our Employee Stock Ownership Plan (the "*ESOP*"), you will receive a separate voting instructions card which will serve as a voting instruction for Mr. Robert Huckins, the trustee of the ESOP. If Mr. Huckins does not receive voting instructions for your ESOP shares, he will vote your ESOP shares in the same proportion as other ESOP participants' shares for which voting instructions have been received. Mr. Huckins will vote unallocated shares of common stock in the ESOP in the same proportion as participants have directed the trustee to vote their allocated shares of common stock.

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If you participate in the United Natural Foods, Inc. Stock Fund (the "*Stock Fund*") through the United Natural Foods, Inc. Retirement Plan (the "*401(k) Plan*"), you will receive a separate voting instructions card which will serve as a voting instruction for Fidelity Management Trust Company ("*Fidelity*"), the trustee of the plan. If Fidelity does not receive voting instructions for your shares, it will vote your shares in the same proportion as other plan participants' shares for which voting instructions have been received.

In addition to solicitations by mail and the Internet, our directors, officers and employees may, without additional remuneration, solicit proxies by telephone, facsimile and personal interviews. We will request brokerage houses, banks, and nominees to forward copies of the proxy materials to those persons for whom they hold shares and request instructions for voting the proxies. We will reimburse such brokerage houses, banks and other nominees for their reasonable expenses in connection with this distribution.

How to Vote

For Proposal 1 (election of three nominees as directors), you may vote "FOR" or "AGAINST" each of the nominees to the Board. You may also abstain from voting "FOR" or "AGAINST" any nominee. For Proposal 4 (advisory vote on the frequency of advisory votes on executive compensation), you may vote for every "ONE YEAR", "TWO YEARS", or "THREE YEARS", or abstain from voting. For Proposal 2 (ratification of the selection of KPMG LLP), Proposal 3 (advisory vote on executive compensation) and Proposal 5 (the stockholder proposal), you may vote "FOR" or "AGAINST" or abstain from voting.

Stockholders of Record: If you are a stockholder of record, there are three ways to vote:

- by completing, signing, dating and returning your proxy card by mail, if you request a paper copy of the proxy materials;
- by making a toll-free telephone call within the United States or Canada using a touch-tone telephone to the toll-free number provided on your Notice of Proxy Availability; or
- by voting on the Internet. To vote on the Internet, go to the website address indicated on your Notice of Proxy Availability to complete an electronic proxy card. You will be asked to provide the control number from the Notice of Proxy Availability. You may also vote on the Internet while attending the meeting virtually through the Internet.

If you plan to vote by telephone or Internet in advance of the meeting, your vote must be received by 7:00 p.m., eastern standard time, on December 12, 2011 to be counted. Internet voting during the annual meeting is also permissible through the virtual web meeting hosted at *www.virtualshareholdermeeting.com/unfi2011*.

Street Name Holders: If you hold your shares in street name, the Notice of Proxy Availability was forwarded to you by your brokerage firm, bank or other nominee and you should follow the voting instructions provided by your broker, bank or nominee. You may complete and return a voting instruction card to your broker, bank or nominee. Please check your Notice of Proxy Availability for more information. If you hold your shares in street name and wish to vote at the annual meeting, you must have your 12 digit control number from your Notice of Proxy Availability.

Holders Through the ESOP: If you hold your shares through the ESOP, a voting instructions card was forwarded to you, which will serve as a voting instruction for Mr. Robert Huckins, the trustee of the ESOP. You must submit your voting instructions to Mr. Huckins by the close of business on December 8, 2011 to allow him time to receive your voting instructions. If Mr. Huckins does not receive voting instructions for your ESOP shares, he will vote your ESOP shares in the same proportion as other ESOP participants' shares for which voting instructions have been received.

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Holders Through the 401(k) Plan: If you hold your shares through the 401(k) Plan's Stock Fund, you will receive a separate voting instructions card which will serve as a voting instruction for Fidelity, the trustee of the 401(k) Plan. You must submit your voting instructions to Fidelity by 5:00 p.m. eastern standard time on December 8, 2011 to allow it time to receive your voting instructions. If Fidelity does not receive voting instructions for your shares, it will vote your shares in the same proportion as other plan participants' shares for which voting instructions have been received.

We provide Internet proxy voting to allow you to vote your shares online both before and during the meeting, with procedures designed to ensure the authenticity and correctness of your proxy vote instructions. However, please be aware that you must bear any costs associated with your Internet access, such as usage charges from Internet access providers and telephone companies.

Quorum

Presence by attendance through the virtual meeting or by proxy of a majority of the shares of common stock outstanding at the close of business on the Record Date and entitled to vote at the annual meeting will be required for a quorum. Shares of common stock present by attendance through the virtual meeting or represented by proxy (including shares that abstain or do not vote with respect to one or more of the matters presented for stockholder approval) will be counted for purposes of determining whether a quorum exists at the annual meeting.

Votes Required

Proposal 1 (election of three nominees as directors) is an uncontested director election. In uncontested elections, our Bylaws require that each nominee be elected by a majority of votes cast with respect to such nominee. Therefore, a director will be elected if the number of shares voted "FOR" the director exceed the number of shares voted "AGAINST" the director. Since each nominee is already a director, our Bylaws require any nominee who does not receive the affirmative vote of at least a majority of the votes cast to offer to tender his or her resignation to the Board. The Nominating and Governance Committee will make a recommendation to the Board on whether to accept or reject the director's resignation, or whether other action should be taken. The Board will act on such recommendation within 90 days from the date of the certification of the election results. Abstentions and broker non-votes will have no effect on these items because they are not considered votes cast.

For Proposal 4 (advisory vote on the frequency of advisory votes on executive compensation) the option of every one year, two years, or three years that receives the highest number of votes cast by stockholders will be considered by the Board as the stockholders' recommendation as to the frequency of future advisory votes on executive compensation. Abstentions and broker non-votes will have no effect on these items because they are not considered votes cast.

For Proposal 2 (ratification of the selection of KPMG LLP), Proposal 3 (advisory vote on executive compensation) and Proposal 5 (the stockholder proposal), the affirmative vote of a majority of votes cast on the proposal is necessary for approval. Abstentions and broker non-votes will have no effect on the results of Proposal 2, Proposal 3 or Proposal 5 because they are not considered votes cast.

Attending the Annual Meeting

We will be hosting the 2011 Annual Meeting of Stockholders live via the Internet. A summary of the information you need to attend the annual meeting online is provided below:

- Any stockholder can attend the annual meeting live via the Internet at *www.virtualshareholdermeeting.com/unfi2011*

- Webcast starts at 4:00 p.m. eastern standard time

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Please have your 12-digit control number to enter the annual meeting

Stockholders may vote and submit questions while attending the annual meeting on the Internet

Instructions on how to attend and participate via the Internet, including how to demonstrate proof of stock ownership, are posted at *www.virtualshareholdermeeting/unfi2011*

Webcast replay of the annual meeting will be available at *www.virtualshareholdermeeting/unfi2011* until December 13, 2012.

Householding

We have adopted a procedure for stockholders whose shares are held in street name called "*householding,*" pursuant to which stockholders of record who have the same address and the same last name will receive only one Notice of Proxy Availability each and, as applicable, one set of any additional proxy materials that are delivered, unless one or more of these stockholders notifies us that they wish to continue receiving multiple copies. This procedure provides extra convenience for stockholders and a cost savings for us. Currently, we are not providing householding to stockholders whose shares are registered in their name.

If at any time you no longer wish to participate in householding and would prefer to receive a separate Notice of Proxy Availability and, as applicable, any additional proxy materials that are delivered, or if your shares are held in street name and you are receiving multiple copies of our Notice of Proxy Availability and, as applicable, any additional proxy materials that are delivered and wish to receive only one, please notify your bank, broker, trust or other holder of record. For more information, please contact our corporate secretary at 313 Iron Horse Way, Providence, Rhode Island 02908.

Stockholders who participate in householding will continue to receive separate control numbers for use in voting their shares, and, if requested, separate proxy cards.

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STOCK OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT

This table includes information regarding the amount of our common stock beneficially owned as of October 18, 2011 by (i) each of our directors, (ii) each of our executive officers named in the *EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION TABLES Summary Compensation Table Fiscal Years 2009-2011*, (iii) all of our directors and current executive officers as a group, (iv) our Employee Stock Ownership Trust ("*ESOT*"), and (v) each person or entity known to us to own more than 5% of our outstanding common stock.

Name and Address of Beneficial Owner(1)	Number of Shares Beneficially Owned(2)(3)	Percentage Ownership
Directors and Named Executive Officers:		
Michael S. Funk	100,398	**
Gordon D. Barker	33,233	**
Steven L. Spinner(4)	106,090	**
Mary Elizabeth Burton	5,098	**
Joseph M. Cianciolo(5)	36,359	**
Gail A. Graham	22,414	**
James P. Heffernan	64,733	**
Peter A. Roy	41,247	**
Sean F. Griffin	7,090	**
David A. Matthews	9,660	**
Mark E. Shamber	74,990	**
Joseph J. Traficanti	11,443	**
All directors and executive officers, as a group (18 persons)	597,544	1.2%
Other Stockholders:		
Employee Stock Ownership Trust(6)	2,160,558	4.4%
FMR, LLC(7)	5,703,342	11.7%
BlackRock, Inc.(8)	3,452,572	7.1%

** Less than 1%

(1) The address for each listed director and executive officer is c/o United Natural Foods, Inc., 313 Iron Horse Way, Providence, Rhode Island 02908. The address for the ESOT is c/o Robert G. Huckins, Trustee, 19404 Camino Del Aguila, Escondido, California 92025. The address for FMR, LLC is 82 Devonshire Street, Boston, Massachusetts 02109. The address for BlackRock, Inc. is 40 East 52nd Street, New York, New York, 10022.

(2) The number of shares of common stock beneficially owned by each stockholder is determined under SEC rules, and the information is not necessarily indicative of beneficial ownership for any other purpose. Under such rules, beneficial ownership includes any shares as to which a person has sole or shared voting power or investment power and also any shares which a person has the right to acquire within 60 days after October 18, 2011 through the vesting and/or exercise of any equity award or other right. The inclusion herein of such shares, however, does not constitute an admission that the named stockholder is a direct or indirect beneficial owner of such shares. Unless otherwise indicated, each person named in the table has sole voting power and investment power (or shares such power with his or her spouse) with respect to all shares of common stock listed as owned by such person.

(3) The shares of common stock shown in the table include the following numbers of shares that are issuable upon the exercise of stock options: Mr. Funk 55,208; Mr. Barker 8,073; Mr. Spinner 4,440; Ms. Burton 1,773; Mr. Cianciolo 16,403; Ms. Graham 5,320; Mr. Heffernan 49,703;

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Mr. Roy 15,083; Mr. Griffin 3,507; Mr. Matthews 4,850; Mr. Shamber 43,946; Mr. Traficanti 6,685; all directors and executive officers as a group 245,325.

The shares of common stock shown in the table include the following numbers of shares issuable pursuant to restricted stock units: Mr. Funk 4,500; Mr. Shamber 1,800; all directors and executive officers as a group 10,748.

The shares of common stock shown in the table include the following numbers of shares issuable pursuant to performance stock awards: Mr. Spinner 25,000; all directors and executive officers as a group 25,000.

The shares of common stock shown in the table include the following numbers of shares that are issuable pursuant to phantom stock in the Company's Deferred Compensation and Deferred Stock Plans (the "*Deferral Plans*"): Mr. Barker 25,160; Mr. Spinner 4,062; Mr. Cianciolo 17,956; Ms. Graham 6,384; Mr. Heffernan 15,030; Mr. Shamber 10,732; Mr. Traficanti 2,415; all directors and executive officers as a group 108,616.

The shares of common stock shown in the table include the following numbers of shares held in trust by the ESOT and allocated to the individuals under the ESOP: Mr. Funk 1,747; Mr. Spinner 466; Mr. Griffin 132; Mr. Matthews 208; Mr. Shamber 2,210; Mr. Traficanti 208; all directors and executive officers as a group 9,120.

The shares of common stock shown in the table include the following numbers of shares that are allocated to the individual's account under our 401(k) Plan's Stock Fund: Mr. Griffin 319; Mr. Matthews 107; Mr. Shamber 1,652; Mr. Traficanti 181; all directors and executive officers as a group 2,406.

(4) Includes 5,260 shares of common stock held by, or by a custodian for, his minor children.

(5) Includes 2,000 shares of common stock held for the benefit of Mr. Cianciolo in an individual retirement account.

(6) The ESOT disclaims beneficial ownership of allocated shares of common stock in the ESOP to the extent that the beneficial ownership of such shares is attributable to participants in the ESOP.

(7) Beneficial ownership information based on information contained in a Schedule 13G/A filed with the SEC on February 14, 2011 by FMR, LLC. In its role as an investment adviser to various investment companies, FMR, LLC has the sole voting power with respect to 12,100 shares and the sole dispositive power with respect to 5,703,342 shares.

(8) Beneficial ownership information based on information contained in a Schedule 13G/A filed with the SEC on February 9, 2011 by BlackRock, Inc.

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CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Summary

We are committed to maintaining strong corporate governance practices and principles. The Board actively monitors developments relating to the corporate governance of public corporations, and the Board has consulted with our legal counsel and independent registered public accounting firm to evaluate our current corporate governance and other practices in light of these developments. Our policies and practices reflect corporate governance best practices and are compliant with the requirements of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, SEC rules and regulations and the listing standards of the NASDAQ Stock Market ("*NASDAQ*"). For example:

- The Board has adopted clear corporate governance principles, which were most recently revised in September 2011, that outline the roles and responsibilities of the Board and its committees and establish policies regarding governance matters such as Board meetings and communications, performance evaluations of the Board and our Chief Executive Officer, stock ownership guidelines, and director orientation and continuing education;

- A majority of the members of the Board are independent within the NASDAQ listing standards' definition, and the Board makes an affirmative determination regarding the independence of each director annually;

- All members of the Board's standing committees the Audit Committee, the Compensation Committee and the Nominating and Governance Committee are independent within the NASDAQ listing standards' definition;

- The independent members of the Board meet regularly without the presence of management;

- We have designated an independent director to serve as our "Vice Chair and Lead Independent Director" to coordinate the activities of the other independent members of the Board;

- We have a clear code of business conduct and ethics that applies to our principal executive officers and all members of our finance department, including our principal financial officer and principal accounting officer;

- The charters of the Board's committees clearly establish their respective roles and responsibilities; and

- The Audit Committee has procedures in place for the anonymous submission of employee complaints on accounting, internal controls or auditing matters.

In addition, our corporate governance principles limit our independent directors to serving on no more than a total of four public company boards and limit our executive officers to serving on no more than a total of two public company boards, in each case, including our Board. Directors and executive officers must notify the Nominating and Governance Committee in advance of accepting an invitation to serve on another corporate board. Directors are also required to notify the Nominating and Governance Committee when their principal occupation or business association changes, at which point the committee will evaluate the propriety of continued Board service.

As discussed under *PROPOSAL 1 ELECTION OF DIRECTORS Majority Vote Standard for Election of Directors*, in September 2007, we amended our Bylaws to provide for a majority voting standard for uncontested elections of directors and the Board approved amendments to the Nominating and Governance Committee's charter to implement the majority voting standard for directors. The amendments to the Nominating and Governance Committee's charter establish the procedures for the Nominating and Governance Committee's deliberations regarding whether to accept an offer by a nominee for director to resign from the Board if that nominee does not receive more votes cast "FOR" his or her election than votes cast "AGAINST" his or her election.

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We maintain a corporate governance page on our website that includes key information about our corporate governance initiatives. The corporate governance page can be found at *www.unfi.com*, by clicking on "Investors" and then on "Corporate Governance." Copies of our corporate governance principles, our code of business conduct and ethics, the charters for each of our Board committees and the charter of the Lead Independent Director can be found on the corporate governance page of our website. Information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference in this proxy statement or considered to be part of this document.

Director Independence

Our corporate governance principles require a majority of the members of the Board to be independent directors as such term is defined in the NASDAQ listing standards. The Board, upon the recommendation of the Nominating and Governance Committee, has determined that six of its eight members are independent. Our six independent directors are Gordon D. Barker, Mary Elizabeth Burton, Joseph M. Cianciolo, Gail A. Graham, James P. Heffernan and Peter A. Roy. Michael S. Funk and Steven L. Spinner are our employees and therefore are not independent directors. Our former director, Thomas B. Simone, served as an independent director as defined in the NASDAQ listing standards during fiscal 2011 until his retirement on December 16, 2010.

Our corporate governance principles and the charter for each of the Boards' standing committees the Audit Committee, the Compensation Committee, and the Nominating and Governance Committee require all members of the Board's standing committees to be independent. The charter of the Audit Committee also requires each of its members to meet the definition of independence under Section 10A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "*Exchange Act*"), and the SEC's rules thereunder. The charter of the Compensation Committee requires each of its members to be a non-employee director within the meaning of Rule 16b-3 under the Exchange Act and an outside director within the meaning of Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended (the "*Code"*).

Vice Chair and Lead Independent Director

The Board has created the position of Vice Chair and Lead Independent Director. Mr. Barker, Chair of the Nominating and Governance Committee, currently serves as the Vice Chair and Lead Independent Director. In accordance with our corporate governance principles and the charter of the Lead Independent Director, the Vice Chair and Lead Independent Director must be independent, and unless the Board determines otherwise, the Chair of the Nominating and Governance Committee shall serve as the Vice Chair and Lead Independent Director. The Vice Chair and Lead Independent Director is responsible for coordinating the activities of the other independent directors and for performing such other duties and responsibilities as the Board may determine from time to time, including:

Serving as a liaison between the Chair of the Board, independent directors, and the President and Chief Executive Officer;

Leading the annual performance reviews of the Chair of the Board and the President and Chief Executive Officer, and leading the full Board in an annual review of the performance and effectiveness of the Board and its committees;

Recommending to the Board the membership of the Board's committees, and recommending to the Chair of the Board the retention of advisers and consultants who report directly to the Board;

Advising the Chair of the Board as to an appropriate schedule of and agenda for the Board's meetings and ensuring the Board's input into the agenda for the Board's meetings;

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Advising the President and Chief Executive Officer as to the quality, quantity, and timeliness of the information submitted by the Company's management that is necessary or appropriate for the independent directors to effectively and responsibly perform their duties;

Assisting the Board, the Nominating and Governance Committee, and our officers in better ensuring compliance with and implementation of our corporate governance principles; and

Serving as the Chair for executive sessions of the Board's independent directors and acting as Chair of the Board's regular and special meetings when the Chair is unable to preside.

A complete description of the duties of the Lead Independent Director is included in the charter of the Lead Independent Director, a copy of which can be found in the corporate governance section of our website at *www.unfi.com*.

Board Leadership Structure

The Board is currently led by the Chair of the Board, Mr. Funk, and by the Vice Chair and Lead Independent Director, Mr. Barker. The Board believes that it is in our best interests for two separate members of the Board to lead the Board. This dual leadership role combines the benefits of Mr. Barker's guidance as an independent director and Mr. Funk's prior executive management experience with the Company, and its predecessor company, from 1976 to 2008. Our corporate governance principles do not require the Chair of the Board to be independent and do not specify whether the positions of Chair of the Board and Chief Executive Officer must be separated.

The Chair and Vice Chair and Lead Independent Director provide overall leadership to the Board in its oversight function, whereas the Board believes that the Chief Executive Officer, Mr. Spinner, provides leadership with respect to the day-to-day management and operation of our business. We believe the separation of the offices of the Board's leadership from our day-to-day management and operations allows Mr. Funk and Mr. Barker to focus on managing the Board's matters and allows Mr. Spinner to focus on managing our business. The Board believes this leadership structure has enhanced the Board's oversight of, and independence from, management, the ability of the Board to carry out its roles and responsibilities on behalf of our stockholders, and our overall corporate governance. Furthermore, the Board believes that having a Lead Independent Director vested with key duties and responsibilities (as discussed above) and the Board's standing committees comprised of and chaired by independent directors (as discussed below) provides a formal structure for strong independent oversight of our management team.

Risk Oversight

The Board has overall responsibility for risk oversight. The Board exercises its oversight responsibilities with respect to strategic, operational and competitive risks, as well as risks related to the planning for succession of our Chief Executive Officer and other members of senior management. The Board has delegated responsibility for the oversight of specific risks to the Board's committees as follows: the Audit Committee discusses with management and the independent auditor significant financial risk exposures and the steps management has taken to monitor, control, and report such exposures; and the Compensation Committee is responsible for ensuring that compensation policies and programs do not encourage our executives to take unnecessary and excessive risks that could threaten our value. All committees report to the full Board as appropriate, including when a matter rises to the level of a material or enterprise level risk. We believe the division of risk management responsibilities described above is an effective approach for addressing the risks facing our company.

Compensation Risk

In fiscal 2011, we performed a comprehensive assessment for the Compensation and Audit Committees of our Board to determine whether the risks arising from any of our compensation policies

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or practices are reasonably likely to have a material adverse effect on us. Our assessment covered each material element of executive and non-executive employee compensation and any risk mitigating factors as discussed below. We believe that our policies and practices do not create risks that are reasonably likely to have a material adverse effect on us. In addition, the structure of our compensation program for executive officers does not incentivize unnecessary or excessive risk taking. The base salary component of compensation does not encourage risk-taking because it is a fixed amount. The current incentive plan awards have the following risk-limiting characteristics for our cash and equity incentive compensation for fiscal 2011:

- Equity awards to each executive officer are limited to a total of the sum of 100% of base salary and 50% of the prior fiscal year cash incentive earned.

- Equity awards are limited in the form of stock options to approximately 20% of the total award value, which reduces the incentive to take unnecessary or excessive risks to increase our stock price. The remaining 80% of the total award value is delivered in the form of restricted stock units, which aligns the interests of our executive officers to long-term stockholder interests.

- Equity awards to employees generally have graded vesting with 25% of the grant vesting on each anniversary of the grant date.

- Executive officers are subject to our executive stock ownership guidelines as described in *EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION Compensation Discussion and Analysis Other Programs, Policies and Considerations* and all non-employee directors are subject to stock ownership requirements as described in *DIRECTOR COMPENSATION Stock Ownership Requirement*.

- Members of the Compensation Committee approve the final incentive compensation plan awards in their discretion, after reviewing executive and corporate performance.

- Equity awards and cash-based incentive plan awards are subject to our Recoupment Policy as described in *EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION Compensation Discussion and Analysis Other Programs, Policies and Considerations*.

Committees of the Board of Directors

The Board currently has three standing committees: the Compensation Committee, the Audit Committee and the Nominating and Governance Committee. Upon recommendation of the Nominating and Governance Committee, the full Board appoints members of each committee. Each committee is responsible for appointing its chair. In addition to the individuals identified as committee members below, the Vice Chair and Lead Independent Director is an ex-officio member of each of the committees described below.

Compensation Committee. The Compensation Committee establishes or approves all policies and procedures related to our human resources function, including employee compensation, incentive programs, our 401(k) plan, and administers our stock incentive plans, including the 2002 Stock Incentive Plan, the 2004 Equity Incentive Plan, and 1996 Stock Option Plan. Additionally, this committee evaluates and establishes the compensation of our executive officers whose compensation is described below in *EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION TABLES Summary Compensation Table Fiscal Years 2009-2011*, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer. The Compensation Committee also reviews the compensation of the other members of our senior management team and recommends to the Board the compensation for our non-employee directors. For a description of the role of the Compensation Committee, its consultants and management in setting executive compensation, please see *EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION Compensation Discussion and Analysis How We Make Decisions Regarding Executive Pay*. The Compensation Committee also approves our annual compensation discussion and analysis included in our annual proxy statements.

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The agenda for meetings of the Compensation Committee is determined by its Chair with the assistance of our Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Human Resources and Sustainability Officer and Secretary and General Counsel. Compensation Committee meetings are regularly attended by the Chair of the Board, the Chief Executive Officer, the Chief Financial Officer, the General Counsel and the Chief Human Resources and Sustainability Officer. At certain meetings during fiscal 2011, the Compensation Committee met in executive session. The Compensation Committee's Chair reports the committee's recommendations on executive compensation to the Board. Independent advisors and the Company's finance, human resources, benefits and legal departments support the Compensation Committee in its duties and may be delegated authority to fulfill certain administrative duties regarding the compensation programs. The Compensation Committee has authority under its charter to retain, approve fees for and terminate advisors, consultants and agents as it deems necessary to assist in the fulfillment of its responsibilities.

The Compensation Committee's charter is available on our website, *www.unfi.com*. The Compensation Committee held seven meetings during fiscal 2011. The current members of the Compensation Committee are Mr. Heffernan (chair), Ms. Graham and Messrs. Cianciolo and Roy, each of whom is an independent director.

Audit Committee. The Board has an Audit Committee that is a separately designated standing audit committee established in accordance with Section 3(a)(58)(A) of the Exchange Act. The Audit Committee is responsible for monitoring the integrity of our financial reporting process and systems of internal controls regarding finance, accounting, and legal compliance; monitoring the independence of our independent registered public accounting firm; and monitoring the performance of our independent registered public accounting firm, management and our internal audit department. Among the Audit Committee's duties are to review the results and scope of the audit and other services provided by our independent registered public accounting firm.

The Audit Committee's charter is available on our website, *www.unfi.com*. The Audit Committee held eight meetings during fiscal 2011. The current members of the Audit Committee are Ms. Burton (chair) and Messrs. Barker, Cianciolo and Heffernan, each of whom is an independent director. The Board has determined that Ms. Burton and Messrs. Barker, Cianciolo and Heffernan are audit committee financial experts, as defined by the rules and regulations of the SEC.

Nominating and Governance Committee. The Nominating and Governance Committee is responsible for developing, reviewing and recommending to the Board for adoption our corporate governance principles; identifying and nominating candidates for election to the Board; assessing and making recommendations to the Board regarding the size and composition of the Board and the size, composition, scope of authority, responsibilities and reporting obligations of each of the Board's committees; and assisting the Board in conducting performance reviews of the Board and its committees and members. For additional information regarding the director nomination process undertaken by the Nominating and Governance Committee, please refer to *PROPOSAL 1 ELECTION OF DIRECTORS Nomination of Directors*.

The Nominating and Governance Committee's charter is available on our website, *www.unfi.com*. The Nominating and Governance Committee held three meetings during fiscal 2011. The current members of the Nominating and Governance Committee are Mr. Barker (chair), Ms. Burton and Mr. Roy, each of whom is an independent director.

Board Meetings

During the fiscal year ended July 30, 2011, the Board met ten times and following each of the Board's meetings, the independent directors met in executive session without the presence of management (in each case, including by telephone conference). All directors attended at least 75% of the meetings of the Board and of the committees on which they served. We encourage each member of the Board to attend our annual meetings of stockholders. All of our directors attended last year's annual meeting either in person or by webcast, with the exception of Mr. Roy.

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PROPOSAL 1 ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

Directors and Nominees for Director

Currently, the Board is comprised of eight directors. The directors are divided into three classes, each serving until the date of the third annual meeting following the annual meeting at which such director was elected. The Board consists of two Class I directors (Messrs. Cianciolo and Roy), three Class II directors (Mses. Burton and Graham and Mr. Barker) and three Class III director (Messrs. Funk, Heffernan and Spinner).

The term of each Class III director will expire at the 2011 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, unless elected to a new term by our stockholders. Each of our current Class III directors has been nominated to stand for re-election as a director at the 2011 Annual Meeting of Stockholders to hold office until the annual meeting of stockholders to be held in 2014 and until their successors are elected and qualified. Each nominee has indicated his or her willingness to serve, if elected. If any nominee should be unable to serve, the person acting under the proxy may vote the proxy for a substitute nominee. We have no reason to believe any of the nominees will be unable to serve if elected.

We have described below information concerning the business experience and qualification of each of our Class III directors and incumbent directors.

The Board unanimously recommends that stockholders vote "FOR" each of the director nominees. Proxies received by the Board will be voted "FOR" each of the nominees unless a contrary choice is specified in the proxy.

NOMINEES FOR ELECTION TO TERM EXPIRING 2014 (CLASS III)

Michael S. Funk, age 57, has served as Chair of the Board since September 2008, a position which he also held from January 2003 to December 2003, and has been a member of the Board since February 1996. Mr. Funk served as our President and Chief Executive Officer from October 2005 to September 2008. Mr. Funk also served as Vice Chair of the Board from February 1996 until December 2002, as our Chief Executive Officer from December 1999 until December 2002 and as our President from October 1996 until December 1999. From its inception in July 1976 until April 2001, Mr. Funk served as President of Mountain People's Warehouse, Inc., one of our wholly-owned subsidiaries.

Mr. Funk's extensive knowledge of our industry and our historical operations as well as his past service as our Chief Executive Officer brings to the Board valuable insight into the day-to-day operations of our company and a deep understanding of the natural and organic products distribution business. His institutional knowledge of all operational aspects of our business resulting from his long-time involvement with the Company is also valuable to the Board.

James P. Heffernan, age 65, has served as a member of the Board since March 2000. Mr. Heffernan serves as Chair of our Compensation Committee and as a member of our Audit Committee. Mr. Heffernan has served as a Director for the New York Racing Association since November 1998. Mr. Heffernan has served as a Director of Solutia, Inc. since February 2008 and as a Director of Command Security Corp. since October 2010. Mr. Heffernan has previously served as a member of the Board of Directors of Columbia Gas System, Inc. from January 1993 until November 2000.

The totality of Mr. Heffernan's professional experience, together with his other board service has provided him with the background and experience of board processes, function, compensation practices and oversight of management which is valuable to the Board.

Steven L. Spinner, age 51, has served as our President and Chief Executive Officer and as a member of the Board since September 2008. Mr. Spinner also served as our Interim President of the Eastern Region from September 2010 to December 2010. Prior to joining the Company in September 2008, Mr. Spinner served as a director and as Chief Executive Officer of Performance Food Group Company ("*PFG*") from October 2006 to May 2008, when PFG was acquired by affiliates of The Blackstone Group and Wellspring Capital Management. Mr. Spinner previously had served as PFG's President and Chief Operating Officer beginning in May 2005. Mr. Spinner served as PFG's Senior Vice President and Chief Executive Officer Broadline Division from February 2002 to May 2005 and as PFG's Broadline Division President from August 2001 to February 2002. Mr. Spinner has served as a Director of Arkansas Best Corporation since July 2011.

Mr. Spinner's extensive experience in the wholesale food distribution business, including most recently having served as the president and chief executive officer of one of the largest publicly traded foodservice distribution businesses in the United States, brings valuable insight to the Board beyond the knowledge and insight he brings from being our president and chief executive officer.

INCUMBENT DIRECTORS TERMS EXPIRING 2012 (CLASS I)

Joseph M. Cianciolo, age 72, has served as a member of the Board since September 1999. Mr. Cianciolo serves as a member of the Audit Committee and Compensation Committee. Mr. Cianciolo served as the Managing Partner of KPMG LLP's, Providence, Rhode Island office, from June 1990 until June 1999. Mr. Cianciolo also serves on the Board of Nortek, Inc. and Eagle Bulk Shipping, Inc.

Mr. Cianciolo brings valuable management, financial and corporate governance experience to the Board. Mr. Cianciolo's extensive experience in the accounting profession, including his 38 years with an international public accounting firm, during 29 of which he served as an audit engagement partner, is valuable to the Board.

Peter Roy, 55, has served as a member of the Board since June 2007. Mr. Roy is a member of our Nominating and Governance Committee and our Compensation Committee. Mr. Roy is an entrepreneur and since 1999 has been a strategic advisor to North Castle Partners. In connection with his role as a strategic advisor to North Castle Partners, Mr. Roy served on the boards of Avalon Natural Products, Inc. and Naked Juice Company. Additionally, Mr. Roy currently serves on the board of directors of West Marine, Inc. From 1993 to 1998, Mr. Roy served as President of Whole Foods Market, Inc. and, for five years prior to that, served as President of that company's West Coast Region.

Mr. Roy's experience as the President of Whole Foods Market allows him to provide the Board essential insight and guidance into the day-to-day operations of natural and organic products retailers, including a key customer of ours. In addition, his experience in the healthy lifestyle industry helps the Board maintain its focus on our core values, including our sustainability goals.

INCUMBENT DIRECTORS TERMS EXPIRING 2013 (CLASS II)

Gordon D. Barker, age 65, has served as Vice Chair of the Board and Lead Independent Director since January 2010 and as a member of the Board since September 1999. Mr. Barker serves as Chair of the Nominating and Governance Committee and as a member of the Audit Committee. Mr. Barker served on the Board of Directors of The Sports Authority, Inc. from April 1998 to May 2006.

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Mr. Barker served as a contract Chief Executive Officer for QVL Pharmacy Holdings, Inc., a privately-held entity, from October 2004 until February 2007. Mr. Barker served as Chief Executive Officer of Snyder's Drug Stores, Inc. from October 1999 to March 2004. Snyder's Drug Stores, Inc. filed for Chapter 11 bankruptcy in September 2003 and emerged from this filing in March 2004. Mr. Barker has served as President of Barker Holdings, LLC since January 2004. Mr. Barker has served as the principal of Barker Enterprises, an investment and consultant firm, since January 1997.

Mr. Barker's extensive business experience within the retail sector, including his having served as a chief executive officer of three retail drug store chains, coupled with his past experience as a public company director and deep understanding of corporate governance matters contribute to his qualifications to serve on the Board.

Mary E. Burton, age 59, has served as a member of the Board since August 2010. Ms. Burton serves as Chair of the Audit Committee and as a member of the Nominating and Governance Committee. Ms. Burton served as Interim Chief Executive Officer of Zale Corporation, a specialty jewelry retailer, from January 2006 to July 2006 and as President and Chief Executive Officer from July 2006 to December 2007. Ms. Burton also has been the Chief Executive Officer of BB Capital, Inc., a retail advisory and management services company, since 1992. Prior directorships include The Sports Authority, Inc. from 1999 to 2006, Aeropostale, Inc. from 2000 to 2006, Rent-a-Center, Inc from 2002 to 2007 and Zale Corporation from 2003 to 2007. Ms. Burton currently serves on the board of directors of Staples, Inc., a board that she has served on since 1993.

Ms. Burton is an experienced business leader whose extensive executive level experience within the retail industry, including insight into marketing, merchandising and operational management adds experience to the Board in these important areas. Her past experience as the chief executive officer of large retailers like Zale Corporation and ToysRUs.com add to her qualifications.

Gail A. Graham, 60, has served as a member of the Board since October 2002. Ms. Graham serves as a member of our Compensation Committee. Ms. Graham has served as the General Manager of Mississippi Market Natural Foods Cooperative, a consumer owned and controlled cooperative in St. Paul, Minnesota, since October 1999. Ms. Graham served as Vice Chair of the Board of Directors of Blooming Prairie Cooperative Warehouse from November 1994 until October 1998 and from November 2000 until October 2002. Ms. Graham served as the Chair of the Board of Directors of Blooming Prairie Cooperative Warehouse from November 1998 until October 2000. Ms. Graham resigned from the Board of Directors of Blooming Prairie Cooperative Warehouse in October 2002, concurrent with our purchase of the cooperative and her appointment to the Board.

Ms. Graham's active involvement in the natural products industry for over 30 years, including her experience in managing natural food cooperatives and her deep understanding of the issues facing our industry bring to the Board a unique perspective on the issues facing our company and industry generally.

Majority Vote Standard for Election of Directors

We adopted a majority voting standard for the election of directors as an amendment to our bylaws in 2007. If the number of nominees exceeds the number of directors to be elected in an election (a contested election), directors will be elected by a plurality standard. However, when the number of nominees does not exceed the number of directors to be elected (an uncontested election) as is the case at this year's annual meeting, our bylaws require each of the directors to be elected by a majority of the votes cast (that is, the number of shares voted "for" a director must exceed the number of shares voted "against" that director). If a nominee who is serving as a director is not elected at the annual meeting, under Delaware law the director would continue to serve on the Board as a "holdover director." However, under our bylaws, any director who fails to be elected must offer to tender his or her resignation to the Board. The Nominating and Governance Committee would then make a recommendation to the Board whether to accept or reject the resignation, or whether other action should be taken. The Board will act on the Nominating and Governance Committee's recommendation and publicly disclose its decision and the rationale behind it within 90 days from the date the election results are certified. The director who offers to tender his or her resignation will not participate in the Board's decision or the Nominating and Governance Committee's deliberations (if the director is a member of that committee). If a nominee who was not already serving as a director is not elected at the annual meeting, under Delaware law that nominee would not become a director and would not serve on the Board as a "holdover director." All nominees for election as directors at the Annual Meeting of Stockholders are currently serving on the Board.

Nomination of Directors

The Nominating and Governance Committee reviews the qualifications of every person recommended as a nominee to the Board to determine whether the recommended nominees are qualified to serve on the Board. The Nominating and Governance Committee has adopted qualitative standards by which it determines if nominees are qualified to serve on the Board. The Nominating and Governance Committee evaluates recommended nominees in accordance with the following criteria:

Personal characteristics. The Nominating and Governance Committee considers the personal characteristics of each nominee, including the nominee's integrity, accountability, ability to make informed judgments, financial literacy, professionalism and willingness to meaningfully contribute to the Board (including by possessing the ability to communicate persuasively and address difficult issues). In addition, the Committee evaluates whether the nominee's previous experience reflects a willingness to establish and meet high standards of performance, both for him or herself and for others.

Core Competencies. The Nominating and Governance Committee considers whether the nominee's knowledge and experience would contribute to the Board's achievement of certain core competencies. The Committee believes that the Board, as a whole, should possess competencies in accounting and finance, business judgment, management best practices, crisis response, industry knowledge, leadership, strategy and vision.

Board Independence. The Nominating and Governance Committee considers whether the nominee would qualify as "independent" under SEC rules and NASDAQ listing standards.

Director Commitment. The Nominating and Governance Committee expects that each of our directors will prepare for and actively participate in meetings of the Board and its committees, provide advice and counsel to our management, develop a broad knowledge of our business and industry and, with respect to an incumbent director, maintain the expertise that led the Committee to initially select the director as a nominee. The Committee evaluates each nominee on his or her ability to provide this level of commitment if elected to the Board.

Additional Considerations. Each nominee also is evaluated based on the overall needs of the Board and the diversity of experience he or she can bring to the Board, whether in terms of specialized knowledge, skills or expertise. Although we do not have a formal policy with regard to the consideration of diversity in identifying director nominees, the Nominating and Governance Committee strives to nominate directors with a variety of complementary skills so that, as a group, the Board will possess the appropriate talent, skills and expertise to oversee the Company's businesses.

Following this evaluation, the Nominating and Governance Committee will make recommendations for membership on the Board and review such recommendations with the Board, which will decide whether to invite the candidate to be a nominee for election to the Board.

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Director Nominees Recommended by Stockholders

The Nominating and Governance Committee evaluates nominees recommended by stockholders on the same basis as nominees recommended by any other sources, including making a determination whether the candidate is qualified to serve on the Board based on the qualitative standards described above. To be considered by the Nominating and Governance Committee, a stockholder who wishes to recommend a director nominee must deliver or send by first class U.S. mail a written notice addressed to Joseph J. Traficanti, Corporate Secretary, United Natural Foods, Inc., 313 Iron Horse Way, Providence, RI 02908. The written notice must be received by our Corporate Secretary not less than 60 days nor more than 90 days prior to the date of the annual meeting; provided that in the event that less than 70 days notice or prior public disclosure of the date of the annual meeting is given or made, notice by the stockholder must be received not later than the close of business on the 10th day following the date on which such notice of the date of the meeting was mailed or such public disclosure was made, whichever occurs first. The notice to our Corporate Secretary must include the information specified in our bylaws, including the following: (a) as to each proposed nominee (i) the name, age, business address and, if known, residence address of each such nominee, (ii) the principal occupation or employment of each such nominee, (iii) the number of our shares which are beneficially owned by each such nominee, and (iv) any other information concerning the nominee that must be disclosed as to nominees in proxy solicitations pursuant to Regulation 14A under the Exchange Act (including such person's written consent to be named as a nominee and to serve as a director if elected); and (b) as to the stockholder giving the notice (i) the name and address, as they appear on our books, of such stockholder and (ii) the class and number of our shares which are beneficially owned by such stockholder. We may require any proposed nominee to furnish such other information as may be reasonably required by the Nominating and Governance Committee to determine the eligibility of such proposed nominee to serve as a member of the Board.

Communication with the Board of Directors

Our stockholders may communicate directly with the Board. All communications should be in written form and directed to Joseph J. Traficanti, Corporate Secretary, United Natural Foods, Inc., 313 Iron Horse Way, Providence, RI 02908. Communications should be enclosed in a sealed envelope that prominently indicates that it is intended for the Board. Each communication intended for the Board and received by the corporate secretary that is related to our operation and is relevant to a specific director's service on the Board will be forwarded to the specified party following its clearance through normal review and appropriate security procedures.

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DIRECTOR COMPENSATION

The Board and the Compensation Committee review and determine compensation for our non-employee directors, in part, based on a review of the annual Director Compensation Survey prepared by the National Association of Corporate Directors. The Compensation Committee and the Board believe that we should fairly compensate non-employee directors for work required in a company of our size and scope and that compensation should align the non-employee directors' interests with the long-term interest of our stockholders. Our non-employee director stock ownership guidelines, which are discussed in greater detail below, are also designed to align the interests of our non-employee directors with those of our stockholders. Mr. Spinner, our President and Chief Executive Officer, does not receive compensation for his service on the Board. Mr. Funk does not receive cash compensation for his service as a director and our Chair of the Board. He receives equity-based compensation for his service as Chair of the Board and cash compensation for his service as an executive advisor.

Compensation of our Non-Employee Directors

The components of our non-employee director compensation are cash fees and awards of stock options and restricted stock units. Each non-employee director is also reimbursed for direct expenses incurred in connection with his or her attendance at meetings of the Board and its committees.

During fiscal 2011, each non-employee director received the following compensation (as applicable):

- Annual cash retainer of:
  - $75,000 for serving as the Vice Chair and Lead Independent Director;
  - $30,000 for serving as a director;
  - $15,000 for serving as the chair of the Audit Committee; and
  - $8,000 for serving as chair of the Compensation Committee or Nominating and Governance Committee.
- Meeting attendance fees of:
  - $2,200 for each in-person meeting of the Board of Directors;
  - $1,100 for each telephonic meeting of the Board of Directors;
  - $1,700 for each meeting of the Audit Committee; and
  - $1,100 for each meeting of the Compensation Committee and Nominating and Governance Committee
- Annual equity grants consisting of:

Options to purchase 2,660 shares of common stock and 3,192 restricted stock units for serving as a director;

Options to purchase 2,660 shares of common stock and 3,592 restricted stock units for serving as chair of the Compensation Committee; and

Options to purchase 3,500 shares of common stock and 6,000 restricted stock units for serving as Vice Chair and Lead Independent Director (and therefore chair of the Nominating and Governance Committee).

With respect to all equity awards to non-employee directors in fiscal 2011, one-third of the annual grants vested immediately, and the remaining two-thirds vest in equal annual installments over a two-year period from the date of grant. The stock options have an exercise price equal to the closing price of our common stock on the NASDAQ Global Select Market on the grant date.

Compensation of Mr. Funk

Mr. Funk, our current Chair of the Board and our former President and Chief Executive Officer, serves as an executive advisor to us and makes himself generally available to our executive officers. We pay him a base salary and provide him with the health and welfare benefits and other employee benefits generally available to our executives. Mr. Funk's base salary during fiscal 2011 was $125,000. Mr. Funk does not receive fees for attending meetings of the Board or its committees. During fiscal 2011, Mr. Funk received an award of 3,500 stock options and 6,000 restricted stock units, each of which vested immediately with respect to one-third of the awards and the remainder of which will vest in two equal annual installments beginning on the first anniversary of the date of grant.

We are currently a party to a severance agreement with Mr. Funk. The severance agreement includes confidentiality, non-competition and intellectual property assignment provisions. For a period of one year following either his termination for a reason other than Cause, death or disability, or his resignation for Good Reason, the agreement requires us to pay to Mr. Funk his base salary in effect as of the termination date of his employment and provide certain medical benefits. In the event of either Mr. Funk's termination for a reason other than Cause, death or disability or his resignation for Good Reason within one year of a Change in Control, then he shall be entitled to the severance payments and medical benefits provided in the previous sentence, acceleration and full vesting of all unvested stock options, restricted stock and restricted stock unit grants made to Mr. Funk, and the full vesting of his account under our ESOP. When used in regard to Mr. Funk's severance arrangement, the terms "Cause", "Good Reason" and "Change in Control" shall have the meanings described below in *EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION Compensation Discussion and Analysis Other Programs, Policies and Considerations Change in Control Agreements.*

Deferred Compensation

Our non-employee directors are eligible to participate in our Deferred Compensation Plan and Deferred Stock Plan. For a description of these plans, please see *EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION TABLES Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Fiscal 2011*.

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Director Compensation Table Fiscal 2011

The following table summarizes compensation provided to our Chair of the Board and all persons who served as non-employee directors during fiscal 2011.

DIRECTOR COMPENSATION

Name	Fees Earned or Paid in Cash ($)(1)	Stock Awards ($)(2)	Option Awards ($)(3)	Change in Pension Value and Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Earnings ($)(4)	All Other Compensation ($)(5)	Total ($)
Gordon D. Barker	115,800	203,400	36,927			356,127
Mary E. Burton	85,000	108,209	28,065			221,274
Joseph M. Cianciolo	67,200	108,209	28,065			203,474
Michael Funk		203,400	36,927		125,000	365,327
Gail A. Graham	55,300	108,209	28,065			191,574
James P. Heffernan	64,500	121,769	28,065			214,334
Peter Roy	55,300	108,209	28,065			191,574
Thomas B. Simone(6)	19,500					19,500

(1) This column reports the amount of cash compensation earned in fiscal 2011 for service on the Board and its committees.

(2) The amounts contained in this column represent the grant date fair value for the restricted stock units granted in fiscal 2011 calculated in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification 718, *Stock Compensation* ("*ASC 718*"). The grant date fair value for restricted stock units is calculated using the intrinsic value method based on the closing price of our common stock on the NASDAQ Global Select Market on the date of grant. At July 30, 2011, the directors had restricted stock units representing the right to acquire the following number of shares of common stock: Mr. Barker 5,599 shares; Ms. Burton 2,128 shares; Mr. Cianciolo 3,326 shares; Mr. Funk 24,400 shares; Ms. Graham 3,192 shares; Mr. Heffernan 3,593 shares; and Mr. Roy 3,192 shares. At July 30, 2011, Mr. Simone held no stock awards.

(3) The amounts contained in this column represent the grant date fair value of awards of stock options granted in fiscal 2011 calculated in accordance with ASC 718. Refer to footnote 3 to the consolidated financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended July 30, 2011 for a discussion of the relevant assumptions used to determine the grant date fair value of these awards. At July 30, 2011, the directors had options to purchase the following number of shares of shares of common stock: Mr. Barker 9,240 shares; Ms. Burton 2,660 shares; Mr. Cianciolo 17,290 shares; Mr. Funk 62,000 shares; Ms. Graham 6,207 shares; Mr. Heffernan 50,590 shares; and Mr. Roy 15,970 shares. At July 30, 2011, Mr. Simone held no option awards.

(4) As of July 30, 2011, four of our non-employee directors have elected to defer restricted stock or restricted stock units under the Deferred Stock Plan or Deferred Compensation Plan, respectively. These shares are valued at the current market price of our common stock, and therefore have no above market or preferential earnings. As of July 30, 2011, there are no directors who defer a portion of their director fees paid in cash under the Deferred Compensation Plan.

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(5) The amount in this column represents the amount of cash compensation that Mr. Funk earned in fiscal 2011 in his capacity as our executive advisor. Mr. Funk does not receive fees for attending meetings of the Board or its committees.

(6) Mr. Simone did not stand for reelection and retired from the Board at the conclusion of his term on December 16, 2010.

Stock Ownership Requirement

All non-employee directors are required to hold shares of our stock in an amount that is determined in accordance with a formula based upon the compensation expense recorded by us in connection with annual equity grants to our non-employee directors. The minimum share ownership level for each non-employee director is equal to 50% of the number of shares that would have been covered by a stock option grant having an equal compensation expense to that of the director's combined equity grants for the prior fiscal year. Non-employee directors who are elected or appointed to the Board are required to attain this level of stock ownership within five years following their election or appointment to the Board. Once attained, each non-employee director is required to maintain this level of stock ownership for as long as the director serves on the Board. All our directors with more than one full year of service own our stock.

Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation

The current members of our Compensation Committee are Ms. Graham and Messrs. Cianciolo, Heffernan and Roy. All members of the Compensation Committee are independent within the meaning of the NASDAQ listing standards and no member is an employee or former employee of the Company. During fiscal 2011, no member of the Compensation Committee had any relationship requiring disclosure under *Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions*. None of our executive officers served during fiscal 2011 as a member of the compensation committee (or other committee serving an equivalent function) of any other entity, one of whose executive officers served as a director on the Board or as a member of the Compensation Committee. None of our executive officers served during fiscal 2011 as a director of any other entity, one of whose executive officers served as a director on the Board or as a member of the Compensation Committee.

Certain Relationships and Related Transactions

Review and Approval of Related Person Transactions

We review all relationships and transactions in which the Company and our directors, nominees for director, executive officers, greater than 5% beneficial owners or any of their immediate family members are participants (or any entity in which they have an interest is a participant), in order to determine whether such persons have a direct or indirect material interest in the relationships or transactions. Our legal department, in conjunction with the corporate finance department and outside legal counsel, is primarily responsible for the development and implementation of processes and controls to obtain information from these "*related persons*" regarding such transactions and relationships and for determining, based on the facts and circumstances and SEC regulations, whether we or a related person has a direct or indirect material interest in the transaction. The Nominating and Governance Committee also reviews this information. Our policies and procedures for the review, approval or ratification of transactions that are required by SEC rules to be reported under *Transactions with Related Persons* are not in writing, rather, they fall under the general responsibilities of our corporate finance department and Nominating and Governance Committee. The Company requires that any related party transactions must be on terms no less favorable to the Company than could be obtained from unaffiliated third parties. As required under SEC regulations, transactions between us

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and any related person in which the amount involved exceeds $120,000 and a related person has a direct or indirect material interest are disclosed in our proxy statement.

Each of our executive officers, directors and nominees for director is required to complete and deliver to us an annual questionnaire that includes, among other things, a request for information relating to any transactions in which both the executive officer, director, nominee, beneficial owner or any of their respective immediate family members, on the one hand, and the Company, on the other hand, participates, and in which the executive officer, director, nominee, beneficial owner or immediate family member, has a material interest. We review the responses to these questionnaires as part of our process for determining whether disclosure is required to be made under the SEC's related person disclosure rules.

Transactions with Related Persons

One of our non-employee directors, Ms. Graham, has been the General Manager of Mississippi Market Natural Foods Cooperative, a consumer owned and controlled cooperative in St. Paul, Minnesota since October 1999. Mississippi Market Natural Foods Cooperative is a customer of the Company that purchased approximately $6.6 million of products from us during fiscal 2011. Ms. Graham had no financial interest in those transactions. Terms provided to this customer are the same as other customers with similar volumes and purchasing patterns.

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AUDIT COMMITTEE REPORT

The Audit Committee of the Board of Directors is comprised solely of independent directors, as defined by NASDAQ listing standards and Section 10A of the Exchange Act and SEC rules thereunder, and it operates under a written charter adopted by the Board of Directors. The composition of the Audit Committee, the attributes of its members and its responsibilities, as reflected in its charter, are intended to be in accordance with applicable requirements for corporate audit committees. The Audit Committee reviews and assesses the adequacy of its charter on an annual basis. A copy of the Audit Committee's current charter can be found in the Investors section of our website, *www.unfi.com*. The Board has made a determination that the Audit Committee has at least one member, Ms. Burton, the Chair of the Audit Committee, who qualifies as an "audit committee financial expert" within the meaning of SEC regulations, and that she has accounting and related financial management expertise in accordance with NASDAQ listing standards. All committee members are financially literate.

The Audit Committee has prepared the following report on its activities with respect to the audited consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year ended July 30, 2011 (for purposes of this report, the "*audited financial statements*"). The following report of the Audit Committee does not constitute soliciting material and should not be deemed filed or incorporated by reference into any other of our filings under the Securities Act or the Exchange Act, except to the extent we specifically incorporate this report by reference in the specified filing.

As part of its specific duties, the Audit Committee reviews the Company's financial reporting process on behalf of the Board of Directors; reviews the financial information issued to stockholders and others, including a discussion of the quality, and not only the acceptability, of our accounting principles, the reasonableness of significant judgments, and the clarity of discussions in the financial statements; and monitors our systems of internal control and the audit process. Management is responsible for the preparation, presentation and integrity of our financial statements, accounting and financial reporting principles, and disclosure controls and procedures designed to ensure compliance with accounting standards and applicable laws and regulations. Management also is responsible for objectively reviewing and evaluating the adequacy, effectiveness and quality of our own system of internal control. Our independent registered public accounting firm, KPMG LLP, is responsible for performing an independent integrated audit of the consolidated financial statements and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting and expressing an opinion as to whether the consolidated financial statements conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and as to whether the Company maintained effective internal control over financial reporting.

The Audit Committee has met and held discussions with management and our independent registered public accounting firm. In our discussions, management has represented to the Audit Committee that the Company's consolidated financial statements were prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The Audit Committee has reviewed and discussed the audited financial statements with management and KPMG LLP, our independent registered public accounting firm. The Audit Committee meets with our internal auditors and independent registered public accounting firm, with and without management present, to discuss the results of their examinations, the evaluations of the Company's internal controls and the overall quality of the Company's financial reporting.

The Audit Committee held eight formal meetings in fiscal 2011. These meetings included quarterly pre-earnings release telephone conference calls. The Audit Committee discussed with the independent registered public accounting firm all matters required to be discussed in accordance with auditing standards.

The Company's independent registered public accounting firm has also provided to the Committee the written disclosures and the letter required by the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board, and

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the Audit Committee has considered and discussed with KPMG LLP the firm's independence and the compatibility of any non-audit services provided by the firm with its independence.

Based on the Audit Committee's review of the audited financial statements and the review and discussions noted above, the Audit Committee recommended that the Board of Directors include the audited financial statements in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended July 30, 2011, for filing with the SEC. The Board has approved this recommendation.

Mary E. Burton, Chair
Gordon D. Barker
Joseph M. Cianciolo
James P. Heffernan

The foregoing Report of the Audit Committee shall not be deemed "filed" for any purpose, including for the purposes of Section 18 of the Exchange Act or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that Section. The Report of the Compensation Committee shall not be deemed incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "*Securities Act*"), or under the Exchange Act, regardless of any general incorporation language in such filing.

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EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

Compensation Discussion and Analysis

Overview

In this section, we describe the principles, policies and practices that formed the basis for our executive compensation program in fiscal 2011 and explain how they were applied to the named executive officers of the Company. This Compensation Discussion and Analysis presents historical and current information and analysis related to the compensation programs for our named executive officers and is not necessarily indicative of the compensation that these officers will receive from us in the future. For purposes of this Compensation Discussion and Analysis, our Named Executive Officers for fiscal 2011 were the following individuals:

- President and Chief Executive Officer (Steven L. Spinner);
- Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Mark E. Shamber);
- Senior Vice President, General Counsel and Chief Compliance Officer (Joseph J. Traficanti);
- President of UNFI International (David A. Matthews); and
- Senior Vice President, National Distribution (Sean F. Griffin).

Compensation Program Highlights

Our executive compensation program incorporates the following best practices:

- Approximately 50% of total target compensation for our executives is performance-based and can be earned only upon the achievement of challenging corporate, divisional and individual goals selected to motivate executives to achieve our corporate objectives and enhance stockholder value.
- The compensation of our executives differs based on individual experience, role and responsibility and performance.
- Portions of our incentive compensation are earned over different and overlapping time periods, ensuring that performance is not maximized during one period at the expense of other periods.
- Significant amounts of each Named Executive Officer's compensation are at risk of forfeiture in the event of conduct detrimental to us, termination of employment prior to vesting or a material negative restatement of our financial condition or operating results.
- We have a recoupment (clawback) policy applicable to our executive officers, including our Named Executive Officers, which provides that if we restate all or a portion of our financial statements within two years of filing the financial statements all or a portion of any bonus or incentive compensation paid or granted after May 28, 2009 may be recouped by us in the sole discretion of the Board.

We have stock ownership guidelines for directors, Named Executive Officers and our other executive officers.

Our executives participate in the same retirement, health, welfare and other benefits programs as all of our other corporate executives. There are no supplemental executive retirement plans or other special benefits or material perquisites established exclusively for the benefit of the Named Executive Officers.

We conduct an annual review and assessment of potential compensation-related risks in our programs. Based on this assessment, we have concluded that our compensation programs do not

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encourage behaviors that would create risks reasonably likely to have a material adverse effect on the Company.

We have not repriced equity awards.

The Compensation Committee is solely comprised of independent directors.

Our Compensation Committee is advised by Steven Hall & Partners, an independent compensation consultant. The consultant is retained by the Committee directly and performs no other consulting or other services for the Company.

2011 Developments

Our executive compensation program for fiscal 2011 was substantially similar to the program for fiscal 2010, with the addition of a performance share and performance unit award made to Mr. Spinner, as further described under *Components of our Executive Compensation Program Long-Term Equity-Based Incentive Program*.

Executive Compensation Program Philosophy

Our executive compensation program is designed to:

Attract individuals with the skills necessary for us to achieve our business plan;

Motivate our executive talent;

Reward our executives fairly over time for performance that enhances stockholder value; and

Retain those individuals who continue to perform at or above the levels that are deemed necessary to ensure our success.

Our compensation program is also designed to reinforce a sense of ownership in the Company, urgency with respect to meeting deadlines and overall entrepreneurial spirit. The program links rewards, including both short-term and long-term awards, as well as cash and non-cash awards, to measurable corporate and individual performance metrics established by our Compensation Committee.

In applying these principles, we seek to integrate compensation with our short- and long-term strategic plans and to align the interests of our executives with the long-term interests of our stockholders through equity-based opportunities.

The program is designed to provide executives with economic and personal goals which seek to drive performance in specific areas of concentration. These goals meet the requirements of our short-term and long-term business strategies and are aligned with the interests of our stockholders. In addition, our program is designed to balance our growth strategies with a managed approach to risk tolerance.

How We Make Decisions Regarding Executive Pay

The Compensation Committee, management and the Compensation Committee's independent compensation consultant each play a role in designing the compensation program and determining performance levels and associated payouts. The role of the Compensation Committee, management and the independent compensation consultant are carefully determined to reflect best corporate governance practices.

Role of the Compensation Committee

The Compensation Committee is responsible for establishing, implementing and monitoring our executive compensation program and its adherence to the compensation philosophy. The Compensation

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Committee establishes company-wide, division-level and individual performance goals for the Named Executive Officers. The Compensation Committee also evaluates corporate and individual performance and determines appropriate levels of compensation for our executives. The Compensation Committee makes all decisions with respect to the compensation of our Chief Executive Officer and other executive officers.

As part of the compensation approval process for our executive officers, other than our Chief Executive Officer, the Compensation Committee considers the views and recommendations of management and its independent compensation consultant as described in greater detail below.

Role of the Management

Our President and Chief Executive Officer along with our Chief Human Resources and Sustainability Officer and Chief Financial Officer provide the Compensation Committee with an assessment of our corporate performance and of other executive officers performance, and make recommendations for the compensation of other executive officers based on our corporate performance. Additionally, our President and Chief Executive Officer, our Chief Human Resources and Sustainability Officer, and our Chief Financial Officer discuss with the Compensation Committee management's internal projections with respect to a variety of performance metrics and operations goals for the next fiscal year. Other members of management assist the Compensation Committee on an as needed basis.

No executive officer makes any decision on any element of his or her own compensation.

Role of Independent Compensation Consultant

The Compensation Committee has retained Steven Hall & Partners ("*Consultant*"), a nationally recognized executive compensation consultant, as its compensation consultant to provide independent, third-party advice and expertise on all aspects of executive compensation and related corporate governance matters.

The Consultant provided the Compensation Committee with an overview of comparative market data and also provided the Compensation Committee with advice throughout the 2011 fiscal year on new issues and developments regarding executive compensation and related disclosures. The Compensation Committee has retained the Consultant to assist in designing and establishing our executive compensation program for fiscal 2012. In the future, the Compensation Committee may retain the Consultant or other similar consultants.

The Consultant does not provide any other services to the Company.

Competitive Marketplace Assessment

In making compensation decisions, the Compensation Committee periodically reviews the compensation packages for officers in like positions with similar responsibilities at organizations similar to ours. In setting the Named Executive Officers' compensation for fiscal 2011, at the request of the Compensation Committee, the Consultant conducted a review of the comparator group referenced by the Compensation Committee when evaluating pay levels. In selecting appropriate comparators, the Compensation Committee considered a number of factors, including similarities in industry, size, and operating margins.

Following an extensive review, the following twelve companies were selected by the Compensation Committee as appropriate comparators: Core-Mark Holding Company, Inc., Dean Foods Company, Del Monte Foods Company, Green Mountain Coffee Roasters, Inc., The Hain Celestial Group, Inc., Nash Finch Company, Perrigo Company, Ruddick Corporation, The J.M. Smucker Company, Spartan Stores, Inc., United Stationers, Inc. and Whole Foods Market, Inc. In addition to compensation levels,

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the Compensation Committee also reviewed program designs for these companies, including an assessment of pay vehicles and performance metrics.

We do not benchmark compensation in the traditional manner. In general, the Compensation Committee references the median of the competitive compensation marketplace, but market data is only one factor among many considered by the Compensation Committee when making determinations regarding executive compensation. Other factors considered include individual performance, scope of responsibilities, tenure, criticality of the position, retention concerns and the need to recruit new officers.

Components of our Executive Compensation Program

Our executive compensation philosophy is reflected in the principal elements of our executive compensation program. The four key components of our compensation program in fiscal 2011 were:

- Base salary;
- Performance-based annual cash incentives;
- Long-term equity-based incentive awards in the form of stock options, restricted stock units and, in certain instances, performance-based share and unit awards; and
- Other compensation and benefits including minimal perquisites and participation in the Deferral Plans (as described below) as well as participation in benefit plans generally available to all of our employees, such as participation in the Company's 401(k) plan and ESOP.

Pay Mix

When setting targeted total compensation for fiscal 2011, our Compensation Committee determined that target cash compensation should comprise approximately 50% of our Named Executive Officer's total target compensation, with base salary contributing approximately 67% and performance-based cash incentives contributing approximately 33% to targeted cash compensation. The Compensation Committee believes that equity should also comprise a significant portion of the Named Executive Officers' compensation to more closely align our Named Executive Officers' interests with those of our stockholders.

Base Salary

As described above, our Compensation Committee is responsible for setting base salaries for our Named Executive Officers. Base salaries provide a fixed rate of pay designed to compensate executives for day-to-day responsibilities and are established based on the scope of their respective responsibilities, competitive market conditions, individual performance and tenure.

Base salaries are generally reviewed annually in the first quarter of each fiscal year, but may be adjusted from time to time to realign salaries with market levels, taking into account the Named Executive Officer's responsibilities, performance, experience and proven capability.

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The table below reflects the fiscal 2010 and fiscal 2011 base salaries for the Named Executive Officers, and the percentage change in base salaries between those two periods:

Named Executive Officer	Fiscal 2010 Base Salary(1)	Fiscal 2011 Base Salary(2)	Percentage Change
Steven L. Spinner	$ 775,000	$ 798,250	3.0%
Mark E. Shamber	$ 350,000	$ 360,500	3.0%
Joseph J. Traficanti	$ 315,000	$ 336,000	6.7%
David A. Matthews	$ 275,000	$ 250,000	(9.1%)
Sean F. Griffin	$ 335,000	$ 345,050	3.0%

(1) For each Named Executive Officer, fiscal 2010 base salaries were effective as of August 2, 2009.

(2) For each Named Executive Officer other than David A. Matthews, fiscal 2011 Base Salaries were effective as of August 1, 2010. Joseph J. Traficanti's annual salary was increased from $315,000 to $336,000 in recognition of additional duties assumed related to risk management and safety. David A. Matthews' annual salary was decreased from $275,000 to $250,000 concurrent with his transfer from Eastern Region President to President of UNFI International in September 2010.

Performance-Based Annual Cash Incentive Compensation

Our Compensation Committee is responsible for setting performance-based annual cash incentive compensation. Receipt of this compensation is contingent upon satisfaction of individual and division-level or Company-wide financial and operational performance metrics established by our Compensation Committee together with specific goals tied to individual performance. The factors considered by the Compensation Committee in setting this compensation vary depending on the individual executive, but generally relate to strategic projects or financial factors such as net sales, gross margin, operating income and other measures of our profitability.

Minimum Performance Hurdle. For the 2011 fiscal year, the performance goals for the Named Executive Officers required that at a minimum, we achieve earnings before interest and taxes of $126.1 million. If this threshold was not achieved, the Named Executive Officers, as well as all other executive officers and employees, would not have been eligible to receive an annual performance-based cash incentive, regardless of performance or achievement of other performance objectives.

Annual Incentive Targets. As discussed in more detail below, for the Named Executive Officers, the targeted annual cash award for the 2011 fiscal year ranged from 30% of the officer's base salary for "standard" performance to 50% of the officer's base salary for "superior" performance and 100% of the officer's base salary for "outstanding" performance.

In setting the performance targets, the Compensation Committee considered historic levels of performance for those categories and based the performance metric on results that were improvements over the prior year's results. Furthermore, in establishing the intended degree of difficulty of the payout levels for each performance metric, the Compensation Committee set the performance targets at levels that required successful implementation of corporate operating objectives in order for meaningful payouts to occur. The Compensation Committee believed that the targets related to "standard" performance were highly achievable in light of budgeted expectations, but the payouts for "superior" performance and "outstanding" performance each required significant improvement over the prior year's comparable performance. We believe that one of the best indicators of how difficult a particular performance metric was to achieve is reflected in what level of payout the executive actually received

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with respect to the metric. The performance targets selected by the Committee for fiscal 2011 included, among others, the following:

	Applicable Targets			
Performance Measures	**Standard**	**Superior**	**Outstanding**	**Actual Performance**
Consolidated earnings before interest and taxes	$ 126,100,000	$ 137,200,000	$ 144,000,000	$ 136,063,000
Return on invested capital	10.69%	10.74%	10.79%	10.65%
Consolidated earnings per diluted share	$ 1.66	$ 1.70	$ 1.74	$ 1.68
Free cash flow from operations	$ 35,000,000	$ 50,000,000	$ 60,000,000	$ 9,065,000
Manage legal expenses	$ 1,900,000	$ 1,800,000	$ 1,700,000	$ 2,587,000
Reduction in workers compensation expense	1.24%	1.17%	1.10%	1.17%
Service to inventory metric, which is a combined measurement of inventory levels as measured in days on hand and out-of-stock levels	0.00	5.00	10.00	5.69
Reduction in distribution expense as a percentage of net sales	0.18%	0.23%	0.28%	0.00%

In addition to the above-listed performance targets, certain of the Named Executive Officers had other performance goals that were specific to the individual for fiscal 2011 that are described in more detail below.

Determination of Annual Incentive Plan Payouts. The Compensation Committee reviews the performance of each Named Executive Officer during the performance period and determines the level of performance-based compensation, if any, to be awarded to each Named Executive Officer. This amount may not exceed the target for "outstanding" performance. However, the Compensation Committee may, in its discretion, award an amount less than an amount attributable to a certain level of performance that was attained.

The actual amount to be earned by the Named Executive Officer is determined and paid in a single lump sum in the first quarter of the fiscal year following the fiscal year in which the award is earned by the Named Executive Officer, unless the executive has previously elected to defer such compensation into the Deferral Compensation Plan.

While no targets were modified for the fiscal 2011 performance-based cash incentive payments, the Compensation Committee did approve the adjustment of our actual results for certain significant events including non-recurring expenses and restructuring efforts during fiscal 2011. As a result, our earnings before interest and taxes of $130.2 million and earnings per diluted share of $1.60 based on our fiscal 2011 consolidated financial statements were adjusted to $136.1 million and $1.68 per diluted share, respectively.

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The total performance-based annual incentive award targeted for and earned by each of the Named Executive Officers for 2011 fiscal year performance, and the percentage of that amount to the Named Executive Officer's fiscal 2011 base salary and targeted award is set forth in the following table:

	Performance-Based Annual Incentive Payment		Actual Performance-Based Annual Incentive Payment	
Named Executive Officer	**Target**	**Actual**	**As a Percentage of Base Salary**	**As a Percentage of Target**
Steven L. Spinner	$ 798,250	$ 283,219	35.48%	35.48%
Mark E. Shamber	$ 360,500	$ 100,868	27.98%	27.98%
Joseph J. Traficanti	$ 336,000	$ 80,908	24.08%	24.08%
David A. Matthews	$ 254,167	$ 189,939	74.73%	74.73%
Sean F. Griffin	$ 345,050	$ 81,466	23.61%	23.61%

Details regarding the performance targets, the associated levels of performance and actual payout percentage for fiscal 2011 for each of our Named Executive Officers are included below.

Steven L. Spinner

	Annual Incentive Payout as % of Base Salary		
Individual Goals	**Standard**	**Superior**	**Outstanding**
Consolidated earnings before interest and taxes	6.0%	15.0%	30.0%
Return on invested capital	4.0%	10.0%	20.0%
Consolidated earnings per diluted share	6.0%	15.0%	30.0%
UNFI Canada projects including expansion by acquisition and increases in	2.0%	5.0%	10.0%

operating income			
Development of national platform for supply chain and operations units	2.0%	5.0%	10.0%
Total:	20%	50%	100%

Mark E. Shamber

	Annual Incentive Payout as % of Base Salary		
Individual Goals	**Standard**	**Superior**	**Outstanding**
Consolidated earnings before interest and taxes	6.0%	15.0%	30.0%
Return on invested capital	4.0%	10.0%	20.0%
Consolidated earnings per diluted share	6.0%	15.0%	30.0%
Free cash flow from operations	2.0%	5.0%	10.0%
Implementation of nationalized payroll platform and conversion of a division's primary financial reporting package	2.0%	5.0%	10.0%
Total:	20%	50%	100%

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Joseph J. Traficanti

	Annual Incentive Payout as % of Base Salary		
Individual Goals	**Standard**	**Superior**	**Outstanding**
Consolidated earnings before interest and taxes	6.0%	15.0%	30.0%
Return on invested capital	6.0%	15.0%	30.0%
Manage legal expenses	4.0%	10.0%	20.0%
Reduction in workers compensation expense	2.0%	5.0%	10.0%
Development of policies and procedures related to our national food safety and quality assurance platform	2.0%	5.0%	10.0%
Total:	20%	50%	100%

David A. Matthews

	Annual Incentive Payout as % of Base Salary		
Individual Goals	**Standard**	**Superior**	**Outstanding**
Consolidated earnings before interest and taxes	4.0%	10.0%	20.0%
Return on invested capital	1.0%	2.5%	5.0%

UNFI Canada's earnings before interest and taxes(1)	12.0%	30.0%	60.0%
United States net sales for export(1)	3.0%	7.5%	15.0%
Total:	20%	50%	100%

(1) In setting the performance metrics applicable to Mr. Matthews based on the performance of our UNFI Canada division and our United States-based international sales, the Compensation Committee considered historic levels of performance for those categories and based the performance metric on results that were improvements over the prior year's results (extrapolated for a full fiscal year for UNFI Canada earnings before interest and taxes). We believe that one of the best indicators of how difficult a particular performance metric was to achieve is reflected in what level of payout the executive actually received with respect to the metric. Of the two performance metrics that we have not disclosed targets for with respect to Mr. Matthews, he achieved the "outstanding" performance level for the metric tied to our Canadian division's earnings before interest and taxes and achieved the "standard" performance level for the metric tied to net sales for export.

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Sean F. Griffin

	Annual Incentive Payout as % of Base Salary		
Individual Goals	**Standard**	**Superior**	**Outstanding**
Consolidated earnings before interest and taxes	6.0%	15.0%	30.0%
Return on invested capital	6.0%	15.0%	30.0%
Service to inventory metric, which is a combined measurement of inventory levels as measured in days on hand and out-of-stock levels	3.0%	7.5%	15.0%
Reduction in distribution expense as a percentage of net sales	3.0%	7.5%	15.0%
Improving gross margin to 18.7%, implementing program to improve gross margin reporting, and generating $5 million in Clearvue marketing revenues	2.0%	5.0%	10.0%
Total:	20%	50%	100%

Long-term Equity-Based Incentive Program

Our core long-term incentive program in fiscal 2011 consisted of two elements: restricted stock units and stock options. In fiscal 2011, these long-term equity-based incentives were generally delivered to our Named Executive Officers as follows:

- 20% of the value of their long-term equity-based incentive awards in stock options; and

- 80% of the value of their long-term equity-based incentive awards in restricted stock units.

We believe that stock options and restricted stock units provide the Named Executive Officers with an incentive to improve our stock price performance and a direct alignment with stockholders' interests, as well as a continuing stake in our long-term success. In addition, because these equity awards vest ratably over time, we believe these awards provide strong incentives for the executives to remain employees of ours.

All of our equity awards are made pursuant to plans that have been approved by stockholders.

Timing of Awards. The Compensation Committee generally makes equity-based grants in September of each year when the Compensation Committee also approves changes to our executive officers' annual base salaries, if any, but after we have publicly released our preliminary results of operations for the recently completed fiscal year.

Determinations of Awards. The Compensation Committee reviews and approves annual equity-based awards for all of our eligible employees, including our Named Executive Officers. The Compensation Committee has previously adopted a method of determining award calculations based on percentages of base salary and performance-based compensation during the prior fiscal year dependent on the eligible employee's position within the company. The Compensation Committee may disregard these guideline ranges for an employee, including a Named Executive Officer, upon a determination that other factors should result in an equity award that exceeds or is less than the specified range based on the executive's position with us, although it has never done so. These factors may include consideration of competitive compensation data, a recent change in assigned duties, retention considerations or the historical performance of the executive. The Compensation Committee also considers the recommendations of members of senior management with respect to the mix of stock options and restricted stock units.

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Similar to fiscal 2010, the Compensation Committee approved a total equity incentive award with a value equal to the sum of the Named Executive Officer's base salary and 50% of the performance-based annual incentive award earned by the executive for the previous fiscal year's performance.

Options. For the 2011 fiscal year, the Compensation Committee awarded stock option grants to our Named Executive Officers pursuant to the Company's 2002 Stock Incentive Plan. The grants were approved on September 10, 2010, following the September 8, 2010 release of our 2010 fiscal year results of operations. These stock options have exercise prices equal to the closing price of our common stock on the NASDAQ Global Select Market on the date of grant. The stock options vest in four equal annual installments beginning on the first anniversary of the date of grant and are shown in the table in *EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION TABLES Grants of Plan-Based Awards in 2011*.

Restricted Stock Units. We also awarded restricted stock units to our Named Executive Officers pursuant to the Company's 2004 Equity Incentive Plan on September 10, 2010. The restricted stock units vest in four equal annual installments beginning on the first anniversary of the date of grant and are shown in the table in *EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION TABLES Grants of Plan-Based Awards in 2011*.

Performance Shares and Performance Units. On March 14, 2011, the Compensation Committee granted Mr. Spinner a target award of 25,000 performance shares and 12,500 performance units, which would vest upon the Company achieving certain levels of earnings before interest and taxes and return on invested capital for the final six fiscal monthly periods of our fiscal year. To the extent that our performance exceeded the targets presented for the performance period ending July 30, 2011, up to an additional 25,000 performance shares and an additional 12,500 performance units with immediate vesting could be awarded. The targets to achieve vesting on 25,000 of the performance shares and 12,500 performance units were earnings before interest and taxes of $75.8 million and return on invested capital of 11.38%. For Mr. Spinner to achieve vesting on 50,000 performance shares and 25,000 performance units, the maximum possible under the grant, the Company needed to earn at least $82.6 million in earnings before interest and taxes with a return on invested capital of at least 11.72%. In the event that our earnings before interest and taxes or return on invested capital for the performance period were less than the targeted amounts of $75.8 million and 11.38%, respectively, Mr. Spinner could earn a lesser percentage of the award than the targeted amounts. The minimum earnings before interest and taxes required for the performance period in order for Mr. Spinner to have the opportunity to earn a portion of the award was $64.7 million. The minimum return on invested capital required for Mr. Spinner to have an opportunity to earn a portion of the award was 11.84%.

On September 6, 2011, the Compensation Committee determined that the Company's earnings before interest and taxes for the final six fiscal months of fiscal 2011 was $68.3 million and return on invested capital for the same period was 8.95%. These results were adjusted to exclude $5.8 million of the expenses associated with the restructuring of our conventional non-food and general merchandise lines of business, to include $0.7 million which was received through vendor discounts in previous fiscal years but was converted to interest income in the current year and to exclude the impact of our secondary public offering on our current liabilities. As adjusted, the Company's earnings before interest and taxes and return on invested capital for the six fiscal month period ended July 30, 2011 was $74.8 million and 11.25%, respectively. Upon comparing actual performance, adjusted as noted above, against the performance targets previously established by the Compensation Committee as discussed above, the Compensation Committee approved the vesting of 18,924 of the performance shares for Mr. Spinner, and forfeiture of the remaining target performance shares and all the target performance units, both effective as of the last day of the performance period.

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Other Compensation and Benefits

Our Named Executive Officers are eligible for the same level and offering of benefits that we make available to other employees, including our ESOP, 401(k) plan, health care plan, life insurance plans, and other welfare benefit programs. In addition to the standard benefits offered to all employees, our Named Executive Officers are eligible to participate in the Deferral Plans. We provide our Named Executive Officers with the ability to defer compensation as a competitive pay practice so they may save in a non-qualified retirement plan in amounts greater than the amount permitted to be deferred under our 401(k) Plan. For a description of the Deferral Plans, see *EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION TABLES Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Fiscal 2011* below. We do not have any defined benefit pension plans available to our Named Executive Officers.

Perquisites and Other Benefits. We provide certain Named Executive Officers with perquisites and other benefits that we believe are reasonable and consistent with our overall executive compensation program. The costs of these benefits constitute only a small portion of each Named Executive Officer's total compensation and includes, for certain Named Executive Officers, contributions to our defined contribution plan, automobile allowances, corporate housing and commuting air travel reimbursement. We offer perquisites and other benefits that we believe to be competitive with benefits offered by companies with whom we compete for talent for purposes of recruitment and retention.

Fiscal 2012 Compensation Changes

For fiscal 2012, the Compensation Committee has made modifications to the Company's compensation program in an effort to even more closely align the Named Executive Officers' compensation with the interests of the Company's stockholders. While the components of the Company's compensation program remain base salary, performance-based annual cash incentive compensation, long-term equity-based incentive compensation and other compensation and benefits, some of the elements of these broader components have been changed for fiscal 2012.

Base salary. Base salary remains an important component of a Named Executive Officer's total compensation and for fiscal 2012, base salaries are generally targeted in the second quartile (25^{th} to 50^{th} percentiles) of the Company's comparator group identified above. Fiscal 2012 base salaries for each of the Company's Named Executive Officers, other than Sean Griffin, have been increased 3% over fiscal 2011 levels. Mr. Griffin's base salary for fiscal 2012 is up 20% over his fiscal 2011 base salary in response to findings from the Compensation Committee's compensation consultant that his unique role was determined to be below our targeted second quartile levels. Set out below are the fiscal 2011 and fiscal 2012 base salaries for the Named Executive Officers and the percentage change between the periods:

Named Executive Officer	Fiscal 2011 Base Salary	Fiscal 2012 Base Salary	Percentage Change
Steven L. Spinner	$ 798,250	$ 822,200	3%
Mark E. Shamber	$ 360,500	$ 371,315	3%
Joseph J. Traficanti	$ 336,000	$ 346,080	3%
David A. Matthews	$ 275,000	$ 283,250	3%
Sean F. Griffin	$ 345,050	$ 415,000	20%

Performance-based Annual Cash Incentive Compensation. For fiscal 2012, annual performance-based cash incentive awards for the Company's Named Executive Officers will be determined using a two-step process. First, an annual incentive plan pool will be established if (i) the Company's ratio of total debt to earnings before interest, taxes and depreciation does not exceed 3.0 and the Company is

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in compliance with its debt covenants and (ii) one or more of the Company's revenue, earnings per diluted share or working capital levels exceed certain targeted amounts. If these threshold conditions are met, the annual incentive pool will be funded and thereafter distributed among the participants, including the Named Executive Officers, based upon the individuals' respective achievements with respect to their annual incentive goals. These individual annual incentive goals differ for each participant based on their respective areas of responsibility, but generally include one or more company-level financial goals including earnings per diluted share, earnings before interest and taxes, free cash flow from operations, return on invested capital and revenue (the "Financial Goals") and one or more strategic goals tailored for each executive and his or her responsibilities (the "Strategic Goals"). For the Named Executive Officers, the Financial Goals make up 80% of each officer's targeted performance-based annual incentive compensation and the Strategic Goals make up the remaining 20%. Set forth below is the amount of annual incentive compensation, expressed as a percentage of base salary, that each Named Executive Officer could earn based on "threshold," "target," and "maximum" fiscal 2012 performance:

	Annual Incentive Payout as a % of Base Salary		
Named Executive Officer	**Threshold**	**Target**	**Maximum**
Steven L. Spinner	35%	75%	150%
Mark E. Shamber	35%	75%	150%
Joseph J. Traficanti	25%	50%	100%
David A. Matthews	25%	50%	100%
Sean F. Griffin	35%	75%	150%

Long-Term, Equity-Based Incentive Compensation. For fiscal 2012, the Compensation Committee has determined to add a performance-based restricted stock unit component to the Company's long-term, equity-based compensation. Accordingly, for fiscal 2012, the Company's Named Executive Officers have been awarded a mixture of time-vested stock options and restricted stock units and performance-based vesting restricted stock units. Each Named Executive Officer will be able to earn a targeted award equal to the sum of 125% of the executive's base salary for fiscal 2012 and 50% of the actual performance-based annual cash incentive paid to the executive for fiscal 2011 performance. The time-vested stock options will account for 30.33% of the total targeted dollar value of the award, the time-vested restricted stock units will account for 36.33% of the total targeted dollar value of the award and the performance-vested restricted stock units will account for 33.34% of the total targeted dollar value of the award. The time-vested stock options and time-vested restricted stock units will vest 25% per year over four years, and in the case of the stock options, have an exercise price equal to the fair market value of the Company's common stock on the date of grant. The performance-vested restricted stock units have a performance period of two years, and will only vest upon the achievement of an equally weighted predetermined level of return on capital for the Company's fiscal year ended August 3, 2012 and relative total stockholder return versus the Company's comparator group. The actual number of shares of common stock that a Named Executive Officer may receive on account of the performance-vested restricted stock units ranges from 0% of the targeted award to 200% of the targeted award.

In addition to the above-described, long-term, equity-based compensation, Mr. Spinner also has been awarded an additional performance-based restricted share and stock unit award for fiscal 2012. Effective September 12, 2011, the Compensation Committee granted Mr. Spinner an award of 25,000 performance shares and 12,500 performance units. The vesting of these performance shares and performance units are subject to the Company' attainment of certain levels of earnings before interest and taxes and return on invested capital for the performance period from July 31, 2011 through July 28, 2012. The actual number of performance shares and performance units that vest can range from 0% to 200% of the 37,500 granted.

Benefits and Other Compensation. There have been no material changes to the benefits and other compensation for the Named Executive Officers for fiscal 2012.

Other Programs, Policies and Considerations

Potential Impact on Compensation from Executive Misconduct

If the Board determines that a Named Executive Officer has engaged in fraudulent or intentional misconduct, the Board will take action to remedy the misconduct, prevent its recurrence, and impose such discipline on the wrongdoers as appropriate. Discipline would vary depending on the facts and circumstances, and may include, without limitation, (1) termination of employment, (2) initiating an action for breach of fiduciary duty, and (3) if the misconduct resulted in a significant restatement of the our financial results, seeking reimbursement of any portion of performance-based or incentive compensation paid or awarded to the Named Executive Officer that is greater than would have been paid or awarded if calculated based on the restated financial results. These remedies would be in addition to, and not in lieu of, any actions imposed by law enforcement agencies, regulators or other authorities.

Recoupment (Clawback) Policy

We have adopted a recoupment policy applicable to our executive officers, including our Named Executive Officers, which provides that if we restate all or a portion of our financial statements within two years of filing the financial statements with the SEC, our Board or the Compensation Committee will, to the extent permitted by law, as it deems appropriate in its sole discretion require reimbursement of all or a portion of any bonus or incentive compensation paid or granted after May 28, 2009 to any executive officer or other officer covered by this policy. Our Board, or the Compensation Committee, also has the right in the event of such a restatement to cause the cancellation of equity-based incentive or bonus awards that had been granted to these individuals and to, in certain circumstances, seek reimbursement of any gains realized on the exercise of stock options or sales of shares of stock or payments received on account of restricted stock units or other awards payable in cash, in either case attributable to any awards that formed all or a portion of such bonus or incentive award.

Policy on Gross Up Payments in Connection with a Change in Control

On December 8, 2010, the Compensation Committee adopted a formal policy under which we may not enter into new or amended agreements which provide for "gross ups" for excise tax obligations payable by our executives upon termination of employment following a change in control. On the same date, we entered into amendments to the change in control agreement with each of Messrs. Spinner, Traficanti and Shamber to eliminate such "gross up" payments. As a result, none of our executives is a party to an agreement providing for "gross up" payments for excise taxes imposed upon termination following a change in control.

Stock Ownership Guidelines

The Compensation Committee believes stock ownership guidelines are a key vehicle for aligning the interests of management and our stockholders. A meaningful ownership stake by our Named Executive Officers demonstrated to our stockholders a strong commitment to the Company's success. Accordingly, the Compensation Committee established a policy that requires our Named Executive Officers and other senior officers to hold shares of stock in the Company in an amount that is determined in accordance with the same formula described above under *DIRECTOR COMPENSATION Stock Ownership Requirement*, except that each Named Executive Officer's minimum share ownership level is based on equity grants made to such Named Executive Officer. The executive officers must maintain the minimum share holdings for as long as they are employed by the Company and serving as an Executive Officer. Executive officers, including Named Executive Officers, who served as executive officers in or prior to fiscal year 2004, when this requirement was instituted, were required to attain this level of stock ownership within three years. Executive officers, including Named Executive Officers, who were hired after fiscal year 2004, are required to attain this level of stock ownership within five years following their appointment as an executive officer.

Tax Deductibility of Compensation

When it reviews compensation matters, the Compensation Committee considers the anticipated tax and accounting treatment of various payments and benefits to the Company and, when relevant, to the executive. Internal Revenue Code Section 162(m) limits to $1 million the annual tax dedication for compensation paid to each of the chief executive officer and the three other highest paid executive officers employed at the end of the year (other than the chief financial officer). However, compensation that does not exceed $1 million during any fiscal year or that qualifies as "performance-based compensation" (as defined in Internal Revenue Code Section 162(m)) is deductible. The Compensation Committee considers these requirements and attempts to ensure that both cash and equity components of the Named Executive Officers' total compensation are tax deductible for the Company, to the maximum extent possible, by the use of stockholder-approved plans that are intended to comply, to the extent practicable, with Section 162(m) of the Code. However, our performance-based cash incentive plans have not historically been considered stockholder approved and therefore an award made under those plans to our Chief Executive Officer or any of our other three highest paid executive officers has not in the past been deducted by the Company to the extent that the officer's total compensation not exempt from the Section 162(m) limitation for the fiscal year in which the award was made exceeded $1,000,000. The Compensation Committee will continue to review and evaluate, as necessary, the impact of Section 162(m) on our executive compensation programs and the possibility of structuring a cash-based incentive program that would qualify as performance-based for purposes of Section 162(m) of the Code.

Employment Agreements

We are not a party to any currently effective employment agreement with any of our Named Executive Officers. We believe that, generally, employment agreements are not currently necessary in order to attract and retain talented personnel. However, due to the ever-changing marketplace in which we compete for talent, this practice is regularly reviewed by the Compensation Committee to help ensure that we remain competitive in our industry. We did, however, enter into an offer letter with Steven L. Spinner, our current President and Chief Executive Officer, that sets forth certain terms of Mr. Spinner's employment with us, and the Compensation Committee and our Board have approved our entering into severance agreements and change in control agreements with our executive officers. We may enter into employment agreements with executive officers in the future if the Compensation Committee determines that such arrangements are in our best interest at that time.

Severance Agreements

We are currently a party to severance agreements with all of our Named Executive Officers except Mr. Griffin. Each of the currently effective severance agreements includes confidentiality, non-competition and intellectual property assignment provisions. Outside the context of a Change in Control, if we terminate any of our Named Executive Officers for any reason other than Cause, death, or disability or such Named Executive Officer resigns for Good Reason, we would be required to pay

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to the executive (i) his base salary, as in effect as of the termination date of his employment, and (ii) provide certain medical benefits in each case for a period of one year following such termination. If we terminate Mr. Spinner without Cause, his agreement also requires us to pay (i) a pro rata portion of the bonus to which he would have been entitled for the year in which he was terminated, and (ii) an amount equal to the pro rata portion of his unvested balance in the ESOP, which would vest on the first anniversary of the date of Mr. Spinner's termination. If we terminate Mr. Spinner without Cause, a pro rata portion of the stock options awarded to Mr. Spinner and not vested and exercisable on or prior to the date of Mr. Spinner's termination that would otherwise become vested and exercisable on or prior to the first anniversary of the date of Mr. Spinner's termination, and any shares of restricted stock or restricted stock units granted to Mr. Spinner that would have had any restrictions thereon removed or vested on or prior to the first anniversary of the date of Mr. Spinner's termination, will, in either case, have any restrictions thereon removed or become vested, as the case may be. All such payments and vesting will be prorated based on the number of full calendar months that Mr. Spinner was employed as our President and Chief Executive Officer during the fiscal year in which he resigned or was terminated. In addition, if any of these severance payments cause Mr. Spinner to be subject to an excise tax under Section 4999 of the Code, we would be required under the terms of our severance agreement with him to reimburse to Mr. Spinner an amount equal to such excise taxes.

Change in Control Agreements

We are a party to change in control agreements with all of our Named Executive Officers and certain other executive officers. Given the fact that we do not have employment agreements with our Named Executive Officers, the Compensation Committee believes that the protections afforded in the severance agreements and change in control agreements, as applicable, are reasonable and are an important element in retaining executive officers. Under the terms of the change in control agreements, benefits to be paid upon a change in control are "double trigger," which requires both a Change in Control and a termination of the Named Executive Officer by us for a reason other than Cause, death or disability or a resignation by the Named Executive Officer for Good Reason within one year of the date of the Change in Control.

In the event of either a termination of a Named Executive Officer for a reason other than Cause, death or disability or his resignation for Good Reason within one year of the date of a Change in Control, the Named Executive Officer would be entitled to receive a lump sum payment equal to (i) a multiple of his base salary (multiple of 3, 2.99, 2.99, 1.5 and 1.5 for Messrs. Spinner, Shamber, Traficanti, Matthews and Griffin, respectively), as in effect at that time of his termination of employment, (ii) the average annual bonus paid to the executive for the three fiscal years prior to the date of his termination or resignation (or the average of the bonuses he has received if he will not have been employed by us for three years as of such date, or, if he has not yet been awarded an annual bonus for the previously completed year as of such termination date, then his target bonus for such year shall be included in the average), (iii) the pro rata portion of the target bonus for the fiscal year in which such termination or resignation occurred, and (iv) an amount equal to his unvested account balance in the ESOP. In addition, all of the executive's then outstanding but unvested equity awards will vest and, if applicable, become exercisable as of the date of termination or resignation. We will also be required to continue to provide each executive with medical benefits in effect as of the date of such termination or resignation for a period of three years following the termination or resignation. The provision of all such benefits will be subject to any restrictions under applicable law, including under Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). In establishing the multiples of base salary and bonus that a terminated Named Executive Officer would be entitled to receive following his or her termination without Cause or for Good Reason, either before or within one year following a Change in Control, the Compensation Committee considered the need to be able to competitively recruit and retain talented executive officers who often-times seek protection against the

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possibility that they might be terminated without cause or be forced to resign for Good Reason following a Change in Control.

For purposes of the severance agreements and change in control agreements described above, the terms "Cause", "Good Reason" and "Change in Control" shall have the meanings set forth below.

"Cause" means (1) conviction of the executive under applicable law of any felony or any misdemeanor involving moral turpitude, (2) unauthorized acts intended to result in the executive's personal enrichment at the material expense of the Company or its reputation, or (3) any violation of the executive's duties or responsibilities to the Company which constitutes willful misconduct or dereliction of duty, or material breach of the confidentiality and non-competition restrictions contained in the severance agreements and change in control agreements.

"Good Reason" means, without the executive's express written consent, the occurrence of any one or more of the following: (1) the assignment of the executive to duties materially adversely inconsistent with his current duties, and failure to rescind such assignment within thirty (30) days of receipt of notice from the executive; (2) a material reduction in the executive's title, executive authority or reporting status; (3) a relocation more than 50 miles from the Company's offices in Providence, Rhode Island; (4) a reduction by the Company in the executive's base salary, or the failure of the Company to pay or cause to be paid any compensation or benefits under the severance or change in control agreement when due or under the terms of any plan established by the Company, and failure to restore such base salary or make such payments within five days of receipt of notice from the executive; (5) failure to include the Named Executive Officer in any new employee benefit plans proposed by the Company or a material reduction in the executive's level of participation in any existing plans of any type; provided that a Company-wide reduction or elimination of such plans shall not give rise to a "Good Reason" termination; or (6) the failure of the Company to obtain a satisfactory agreement from any successor to the Company with respect to the ownership of substantially all the stock or assets of the Company to assume and agree to perform the severance agreement or change in control agreement, as the case may be.

"Change in Control" means the happening of any of the following:

- any "person", including a "group" (as such terms are used in Sections 13(d) and 14(d) of the Exchange Act, but excluding the Company, any of its affiliates, or any employee benefit plan of the Company or any of its affiliates) is or becomes the "beneficial owner" (as defined in Rule 13(d)(3) under the Exchange Act), directly or indirectly, of securities of the Company representing the greater of 30% or more of the combined voting power of the Company's then outstanding securities;

- approval by the stockholders of the Company of a definitive agreement (1) for the merger or other business combination of the Company with or into another corporation if (A) a majority of the directors of the surviving corporation were not directors of the Company immediately prior to the effective date of such merger or (B) the stockholders of the Company immediately prior to the effective date of such merger own less than 60% of the combined voting power in the then outstanding securities in such surviving corporation or (2) for the sale or other disposition of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company; or

- the purchase of 30% or more of the Company's stock pursuant to any tender or exchange offer made by any "person", including a "group" (as such terms are used in Sections 13(d) and 14(d) of the Exchange Act), other than the Company, any of its affiliates, or any employee benefit plan of the Company or any of its affiliates.

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COMPENSATION COMMITTEE REPORT

We have reviewed and discussed the foregoing Compensation Discussion and Analysis with management. Based on our review and discussion with management, we have recommended to the Board that the Compensation Discussion and Analysis be included in this proxy statement and the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended July 30, 2011.

James P. Heffernan, Chair
Joseph M. Cianciolo
Gail A. Graham
Peter Roy

The foregoing Report of the Compensation Committee shall not be deemed "filed" for any purpose, including for the purposes of Section 18 of the Exchange Act or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that Section. The Report of the Compensation Committee shall not be deemed incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "*Securities Act*"), or under the Exchange Act, regardless of any general incorporation language in such filing.

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EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION TABLES

Summary Compensation Table Fiscal Years 2009-2011

The following table sets forth for each of the Named Executive Officers: (i) the dollar value of base salary and non-equity incentive compensation earned during the fiscal year indicated; (ii) the aggregate grant date fair value related to all equity-based awards made to the Named Executive Officer for the fiscal year; (iii) the change in pension value and non-qualified deferred compensation earnings during the fiscal year; (iv) all other compensation for the year; and (v) the dollar value of total compensation for the fiscal year.

SUMMARY COMPENSATION TABLE

Name and Principal Position	Year	Salary	Bonus	Stock Awards(1)	Option Awards(1)	Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation(2)	Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Earnings(3)	All Other Compensation	Total
Steven L. Spinner *President and Chief Executive Officer*	2011	$ 797,803	$	$ 2,378,538	$ 187,380	$ 283,219	$ 1,526	$ 86,634(4)	$ 3,735,100
	2010	775,000		789,774	189,634	456,320	211	80,095	2,291,034
	2009	682,596		1,882,940	207,996	424,390		41,987	3,239,909
Mark E. Shamber *Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer*	2011	360,298		363,069	84,722	100,868	698	16,739(5)	926,394
	2010	343,885		300,810	72,227	207,305	247	9,014	933,488
	2009	297,000		265,032	62,399	157,974	391	6,950	789,746
Joseph J. Traficanti *Senior Vice President, General Counsel, Chief Compliance Officer and Corporate Secretary*	2011	335,096		327,474	76,387	80,909		24,363(6)	844,229
David A. Matthews *President of UNFI International*	2011	254,327		289,167	67,524	189,939		21,600(7)	822,557
Sean F. Griffin *Senior Vice President, National Distribution*	2011	344,857		300,015	70,057	81,466	769	12,863(8)	810,027

(1) Represents the full grant date fair value of awards of restricted stock units and stock options, and, with respect to Mr. Spinner, performance shares and performance share units, computed under ASC 718 granted to the Named Executive Officers during the fiscal year indicated. Generally, the grant date fair value is the amount that the Company would record as compensation expense in its financial statements over the award's vesting schedule, excluding the impact of service-based forfeiture assumptions. These amounts do not reflect the actual amounts that were paid to, or may be realized by, the Named Executive Officer for any of the fiscal years reflected. Refer to footnote 3 to the consolidated financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended July 30, 2011 for a discussion of the relevant assumptions used to determine the grant date fair value of these awards. The maximum potential grant date value of Mr. Spinner's award of performance shares and performance share units for fiscal 2011, 2010 and 2009 was $3,152,250, $0 and $1,999,000, respectively.

(2) Amounts shown for fiscal 2011 reflect payments under our 2011 Senior Management Cash Incentive Plan. For a discussion regarding the 2011 Senior Management Cash Incentive Plan, see *EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION Compensation Discussion and Analysis Components of our Executive Compensation Program Performance-Based Cash Incentive Compensation*.

(3) Amounts reported in this column represent earnings on deferred compensation that exceed 120% of the federal applicable long-term rate, which was 3.86%. These amounts as well as all other earnings on deferred compensation of the Named Executive Officers in fiscal 2011 are included in the table included under *Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Fiscal 2011* under the column "Aggregate Earnings in Last Fiscal Year".

(4) Represents our contributions to a 401(k) account ($8,674), an automobile allowance ($4,800), an allowance for living expenses while in the area of our Corporate Headquarters in Providence, Rhode Island ($37,200), an amount received to "gross up" the two preceding benefits to offset the related tax obligations ($20,534), an allocation of shares under our ESOP ($8,674), our contributions to a 401(k) account ($8,086) and the provision of air travel from Mr. Spinner's home in Virginia to our Corporate Headquarters ($7,340).

(5) Represents an allocation of shares under our ESOP ($8,674) and our contributions to a 401(k) account ($8,065).

(6) Represents an allocation of shares under our ESOP ($8,674), our contributions to a 401(k) account ($8,520) and the provision of air travel from Mr. Traficanti's home in Virginia to our Corporate Headquarters ($7,169).

(7) Represents an allocation of shares under our ESOP ($8,674), our contributions to a 401(k) account ($7,731) and the provision of air travel from Mr. Matthew's home in Virginia to our Canadian facilities ($5,195).

(8) Represents an allocation of shares under our ESOP ($5,497) and our contributions to a 401(k) account ($7,366).

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Grants of Plan-Based Awards in Fiscal 2011

The following table provides information about plan-based awards granted to the Named Executive Officers during the fiscal year ended July 30, 2011. Grants of stock options were made under the 2002 Stock Incentive Plan. Grants of restricted stock units, performance shares and performance share units were made under the 2004 Plan.

GRANTS OF PLAN-BASED AWARDS

Name	Grant Date	Estimated Possible Payouts Under Non-Equity Incentive Plan Awards(1) Threshold ($)	Target ($)	Maximum ($)	Estimated Future Payouts Under Equity Incentive Plan Awards(2) Threshold (#)	Target (#)	Maximum (#)	All Other Stock Awards: Number of Shares of Stock or Units ($)(3)	All Other Option Awards: Number of Securities Underlying Options (#)(4)	Exercise or Base Price of Option Awards ($/sh)(5)	Grant Date Fair Value of Stock and Option Awards ($)(6)
Steven L. Spinner	9/10/2010								17,760	$ 33.90	187,380
	9/10/2010							23,670			802,413
	3/14/2011					37,500	75,000				3,152,250(7)
	N/A	159,650	399,125	798,250							
Mark E. Shamber	9/10/2010								8,030	$ 33.90	84,772
	9/10/2010							10,710			363,069
	N/A	72,100	180,250	360,500							
Joseph J. Traficanti	9/10/2010								7,240	$ 33.90	76,387
	9/10/2010							9,660			327,474
	N/A	67,200	168,000	336,000							
David A. Matthews	9/10/2010								6,400	$ 33.90	67,524
	9/10/2010							8,530			289,167
	N/A	50,833	127,083	254,167							
Sean F. Griffin	9/10/2010								6,640	$ 33.90	70,057
	9/10/2010							8,850			300,015
	N/A	69,010	172,525	345,050							

(1) This column shows separately the possible payouts to the Named Executive Officers under the Company's 2011 Senior Management Cash Incentive Plan for the fiscal year ended July 30, 2011 for "standard", "superior" and "outstanding" performance. Actual amounts paid in September 2011 for these incentives are reflected in the table included under *Summary Compensation Table Fiscal Years 2009-2011* under the column "Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation".

(2) This column shows the number of performance shares and performance units granted in fiscal 2011 to our President and Chief Executive Officer. Vesting of the performance shares and performance units was linked to our attaining certain levels of earnings before interest and taxes (dollars) and return on invested capital for the performance period beginning on January 30, 2011 and ending on July 30, 2011. At the conclusion of the performance period, and based on our actual results measured against the performance measures, 18,924 performance shares vested. The remaining performance shares and all of the performance units were forfeited.

(3)

This column shows the number of restricted stock unit awards granted in fiscal 2011 to the Named Executive Officers. All of the restricted stock unit awards vest in four equal annual installments beginning on the first anniversary of the date of grant.

(4)

This column shows the number of stock options granted in fiscal 2011 to the Named Executive Officers. These options expire ten years from the date of grant and vest and become exercisable in four equal annual installments beginning on the first anniversary of the date of grant.

(5)

This column shows the exercise price of stock option awards, which was the closing price of the Company's common stock on the grant date.

(6)

This column shows the full grant date fair value of restricted stock unit awards and stock options under ASC Topic 718 granted to the Named Executive Officers in fiscal 2011. Generally, the grant date fair value is the amount that the Company would record as compensation expense in its financial statements over the award's vesting schedule, excluding the impact of service based forfeiture assumptions.

(7)

This amount represents the grant date fair value of awards of performance shares and performance share units calculated as 75,000 shares, the maximum payable under the awards, multiplied by the closing stock price on the date of grant, which was $42.03 per share.

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Outstanding Equity Awards at 2011 Fiscal Year-End

The following table summarizes information with respect to holdings of stock options and stock awards by the Named Executive Officers as of July 30, 2011. This table includes unexercised and unvested stock options and unvested restricted stock units. Each equity grant is shown separately for each Named Executive Officer, except that incentive stock options and non-qualified stock options granted on the same date with the same material terms, including exercise price, vesting period and expiration date, are combined.

OUTSTANDING EQUITY AWARDS AT FISCAL YEAR-END

		Option Awards				Stock Awards	
Name	**Grant Date(1)**	**Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#) Exercisable**	**Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#) Unexercisable**	**Option Exercise Price ($)**	**Option Expiration Date**	**Number of Shares or Units of Stock That Have Not Vested (#)**	**Market Value of Shares or Units of Stock That Have Not Vested ($)(2)**
Steven L. Spinner	9/16/2008					18,000	751,500
	9/16/2008	15,000	15,000	24.54	9/16/2018		
	9/11/2009					24,376	1,017,698
	9/11/2009	6,155	18,467	24.30	9/11/2019		
	9/10/2010					23,670	988,223
	9/10/2010		17,760	33.90	9/10/2020		
Mark E. Shamber	6/23/2003	3,750		13.73	6/23/2013		
	12/3/2003	3,750		18.66	12/3/2013		
	12/1/2004	5,000		28.14	12/1/2014		
	12/8/2005	3,000		25.37	12/8/2015		
	1/27/2006	3,000		31.67	1/27/2016		
	12/7/2006	6,000		36.60	12/7/2016		
	12/6/2007					1,800	75,150
	12/6/2007	4,500	1,500	28.32	12/6/2017		
	9/16/2008					5,400	225,450
	9/16/2008	4,500	4,500	24.54	9/16/2018		
	9/11/2009					9,285	387,649
	9/11/2009	2,344	7,034	24.30	9/11/2019		
	9/10/2010		8,030	33.90	9/10/2020	10,710	447,143
	9/10/2010						
Joseph J. Traficanti	4/20/2009					5,775	241,106
	6/19/2009	4,875	4,875	25.45	6/19/2019		
	9/10/2010					9,660	403,305
	9/10/2010		7,240	33.90	9/10/2020		
David A. Matthews	6/22/2009					4,500	187,875
	6/22/2009	3,250	3,250	25.14	6/22/2019		
	9/10/2010					8,530	356,128
	9/10/2010		6,400	33.90	9/10/2020		
Sean F. Griffin	1/4/2010					7,388	308,449
	1/4/2010	1,847	5,543	27.20	1/4/2020		
	9/10/2010					8,850	369,488
	9/10/2010		6,640	33.90	9/10/2020		

(1) All awards included in the table above vested or will vest in four equal annual installments beginning on the first anniversary of the date of grant, except awards granted to Mr. Shamber on December 1, 2004, which vested in full on December 1, 2004.

(2) Market value reflects the number of unvested shares of restricted stock or restricted stock units multiplied by $41.75 per share, the closing price of our common stock on the NASDAQ Global Select Market on July 29, 2011, the last business day of fiscal 2011.

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Option Exercises and Stock Vested Fiscal 2011

The following table summarizes information for the Named Executive Officers concerning exercise of stock options and vesting of restricted stock, restricted stock units, performance shares, and performance share units during the fiscal year ended July 30, 2011, including (i) the number of shares of stock underlying options exercised in fiscal 2011; (ii) the aggregate dollar value realized upon such exercises of stock options; (iii) the number of shares of stock received from the vesting of restricted stock, restricted stock units, performance shares and performance share units during fiscal 2011; and (iv) the aggregate dollar value realized upon the vesting of such restricted stock, restricted stock units, performance shares and performance share units.

OPTION EXERCISES AND STOCK VESTED

	Option Awards		Stock Awards	
Name	**Number of Shares Acquired on Exercise (#)**	**Value Realized on Exercise ($)**	**Number of Shares Acquired on Vesting (#)(1)**	**Value Realized on Vesting ($)(2)**
Steven L. Spinner			36,049	$ 1,308,775(3)
Mark E. Shamber			9,394	$ 229,046(4)
Joseph J. Traficanti			2,888	$ 125,195
David A. Matthews			2,250	$ 94,230
Sean F. Griffin			2,462	$ 90,429

(1) In connection with the vesting of restricted stock and restricted stock units (including Mr. Spinner's vested performance shares), our Named Executive Officers surrendered shares of stock to cover withholding taxes, which reduced the actual value received upon vesting. The number of shares surrendered during fiscal 2011 were: Mr. Spinner 12,877; Mr. Shamber 2,384; Mr. Griffin 824; Mr. Matthews 725; and Mr. Traficanti 934.

(2) Represents the product of the number of shares or shares underlying units vested and the closing price of our common stock on the NASDAQ Global Select Market on the vesting date.

(3) Mr. Spinner was awarded performance shares and performance units during the 2011 fiscal year, and 18,924 of the shares and none of the units vested effective July 30, 2011. Mr. Spinner has elected to defer 25% of his September 11, 2009 restricted stock unit award. One-quarter of that grant vested during fiscal 2011, and the value herein excludes the impact of that deferral. For each portion of these stock awards that vests but is deferred, the proportionate number of shares are allocated to Mr. Spinner's balance in the Deferred Stock Plan. See the *Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Table*.

(4) Mr. Shamber has elected to defer 25% of his December 7, 2006 stock award, and to defer 50% of his December 6, 2007 and September 11, 2009 restricted stock unit awards. One-quarter of each of these grants vested during fiscal 2011, and the value herein excludes the impact of these deferrals. For each portion of these stock awards that vests but is deferred, the proportionate number of shares are allocated to Mr. Shamber's balance in the Deferred Stock Plan. See the *Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Table*.

Pension Benefits

We do not maintain any defined benefit pension plans.

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Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Fiscal 2011

Our executive officers and directors are eligible to participate in the United Natural Foods Deferred Compensation Plan (the "*Deferred Compensation Plan*") and the United Natural Foods Deferred Stock Plan (the "*Deferred Stock Plan*," collectively with the Deferred Compensation Plan, the "*Deferral Plans*").

The Deferral Plans were established to provide participants with the opportunity to defer the receipt of all or a portion of their compensation. The purpose of the Deferral Plans is to allow executives and non-employee directors to defer compensation to a non-qualified retirement plan in amounts greater than the amount permitted to be deferred under our 401(k) Plan. Under the Deferral Plans, only the payment of the compensation earned by the participant is deferred and there is no deferral of the expense in our financial statements related to the participants' earnings. We record the related compensation expense in the year in which the compensation is earned by the participants.

Under the Deferred Compensation Plan, participants may elect to defer a minimum of $1,000 and a maximum of 90% of base salary and 100% of bonuses, commissions, and effective January 1, 2007, share unit award, earned by the participants for the calendar year. Under the Deferred Stock Plan, which was frozen effective January 1, 2007, participants could elect to defer between 0% and 100% of their restricted stock awards. From January 1, 2009 to December 31, 2010, participants' cash-derived deferrals under the Deferred Compensation Plan earned interest at the 5-year certificate of deposit annual yield taken from the Wall Street Journal Market Data Center (as captured on the first and last business date of each calendar quarter and averaged) plus 3% credited and compounded quarterly. Effective January 1, 2011, participants may elect to allocate their cash-derived deferrals to certain measurement funds which track the performance of actual mutual funds and are treated as deemed investments. The earnings that would have been received if such actual investment had been made are credited to the participants' accounts in proportion to their hypothetical investments. The value of equity-based awards deferred under the Deferred Compensation and Deferred Stock Plans are based upon the performance of our common stock.

A participant in our Deferral Plans who terminates his or her employment with us due to retirement will be paid his or her Deferral Plan balances in a lump sum or in installments over a pre-determined period of time. A participant who terminates his or her employment with us due to disability (as defined in each of the Deferral Plans) will be paid his or her balances in a lump sum within 60 days after such participant is determined to have become disabled. Beneficiaries of a participant who dies before a complete payout of his or her Deferral Plan balances will receive a lump sum payment within 60 days after the Compensation Committee is provided with proof of death of such participant. A participants who terminates his or her employment with us for any other reason will receive payment of his or her Deferral Plan balances in a lump sum, within 60 days after either (a) the six-month anniversary of the date on which such participant's employment with us terminates, if such participant is a "key employee" under the Deferral Plans or (b) the date on which such participant's employment with us terminates, for all other participants.

The following table summarizes information regarding the non-qualified deferred compensation of the Named Executive Officers in fiscal 2011, including deferrals of salaries, performance-based cash incentive compensation, and restricted stock award and restricted stock unit compensation earned.

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NONQUALIFIED DEFERRED COMPENSATION

Name	Plan	Executive Contributions in Last Fiscal Year (1)	Registrant Contributions in Last Fiscal Year	Aggregate Earnings in Last Fiscal Year (2)(3)	Aggregate Withdrawals/ Distributions	Aggregate Balance at Last Fiscal Year End (4)
Steven L. Spinner	Deferred Compensation	$ 171,044		$ 11,882		$ 315,036
	Deferred Stock	68,851		15,943		84,794
Mark E. Shamber	Deferred Compensation	78,917		4,581		125,595
	Deferred Stock	102,299		58,350		327,612
Joseph J. Traficanti	Deferred Compensation	53,018		216		92,948
	Deferred Stock					
David A. Matthews	Deferred Compensation					
	Deferred Stock					
Sean F. Griffin	Deferred Compensation	34,486		2,406		53,791
	Deferred Stock					

(1) Amounts reported in this column are reported as compensation in the "Salary" and "Non-Equity Incentive Compensation" columns for fiscal 2011 of the table under *Summary Compensation Table Fiscal Years 2009-2011*.

(2) Participants' non-equity deferrals under the Deferred Compensation Plan earned interest at the 5-year certificate of deposit annual yield taken from the Wall Street Journal Market Data Center (as captured on the first and last business date of each calendar quarter and averaged) plus 3% credited and compounded quarterly from August 1, 2010 through December 31, 2010. From January 1, 2011 through July 30, 2011, participants' non-equity deferrals earned returns based on the performance of certain measurement funds as allocated by the participants. Any amounts reflected in the "Aggregate Earnings in Last Fiscal Year" column for non-equity awards that had preferential earnings (in excess of 120% of the July 2011 "compounded annually" federal long-term rate) have been reported as compensation in the "Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Earnings" column in the *Summary Compensable Table Fiscal Years 2009-2011*.

(3) The value of equity-based awards deferred under the Deferral Plans is based upon the performance of our common stock. For restricted stock and restricted stock units, earnings are calculated as follows: (i) number of vested shares deferred in fiscal 2011 valued at the change in the closing stock price from the date of vesting to the end of fiscal 2011 plus, (ii) the number of vested shares that were deferred prior to fiscal 2011, valued by the change in the closing stock price on the first day of fiscal 2011 to the last day of fiscal 2011. None of the amounts reflected in the "Aggregate Earnings in Last Fiscal Year" column for equity awards have been reported as compensation in table under *Summary Compensable Table Fiscal Years 2009-2011* as a result of the fact that above-market or preferential earnings are not possible in connection with these items.

(4) This column includes the following amounts that previously have been reported as compensation in the table under *Summary Compensation Table Fiscal Years 2009-2011* combined: Mr. Spinner $215,756; Mr. Shamber $91,342 Mr. Traficanti $53,018; and Mr. Griffin $34,486.

Potential Payments Upon Termination or Change-in-Control

The information below describes and quantifies the compensation that would become payable to each of our Named Executive Officers under existing plans and arrangements if the Named Executive Officer's employment had terminated on July 30, 2011, given the Named Executive Officer's compensation and service levels as of such date and, if applicable, based on our closing stock price on that date. These benefits are in addition to benefits generally available to salaried employees. Due to the number of factors that affect the nature and amount of any benefits provided upon the events

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discussed below, any actual amounts paid or distributed may be different. Factors that could affect these amounts include the timing during the year of any such event and our stock price at the time of such event.

As discussed under *EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION Compensation Discussion and Analysis*, we have entered into severance agreements and change in control agreements with each of our Named Executive Officers.

If one of the Named Executive Officers were to die or become disabled, any nonvested shares of restricted stock and restricted stock units would become immediately vested, and any unexercisable stock options would be cancelled and forfeited. Any vested stock options exercisable at the time of death or disability would be exercisable for a period of time which ranges between one and three years, depending on the date of the grant, or until the grants' expiration date, if earlier.

For a description of termination provisions in the severance and change in control agreements, see *EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION Compensation Discussion and Analysis Other Programs, Policies and Considerations Change in Control Agreements*. In addition, the award agreements for long-term equity-based incentives also address some of these circumstances. The following table describes the potential payments as of July 30, 2011 upon termination of the Named Executive Officers. This table excludes potential payments related to our Deferral Plans, which are described in more detail in *Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Fiscal 2011*.

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BENEFITS UPON TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT

Payments Upon Termination	Employee Resignation for Good Reason	Termination Without Cause	Termination Without Cause, or Employee Resignation for Good Reason and Change in Control	Termination as a result of Death or Disability	Termination for Cause or Resignation for Other Than Good Reason
Steven L. Spinner					
Cash Severance Pay	$ 798,250(1)	$ 798,250(1)	$ 2,835,105(2)	$	$
Medical Benefits	11,060(3)	11,060(3)	33,181(3)		
Unvested ESOP			19,438(4)		
Acceleration of Stock Options		271,345(5)	719,815(5)		
Acceleration of Stock Awards		962,038(5)	2,757,421(5)	2,757,421(6)	
Total	809,310	2,042,693	6,364,960	2,757,421	
Mark E. Shamber					
Cash Severance Pay	$ 360,500(1)	$ 360,500(1)	$ 1,199,655(7)	$	$
Medical Benefits	8,728(3)	8,728(3)	26,184(3)		
Unvested ESOP			(8)		
Acceleration of Stock Options		115,541(5)	283,369(5)		
Acceleration of Stock Awards		428,887(5)	1,135,391(5)	1,135,391(6)	
Total	369,228	913,646	2,644,599	1,135,191	
Joseph J. Traficanti					
Cash Severance Pay	$ 336,000(1)	$ 336,000(1)	$ 1,193,262(7)	$	$
Medical Benefits	688(3)	688(3)	2,063(3)		
Unvested ESOP			8,674(4)		
Acceleration of Stock Options		53,940(5)	136,297(5)		
Acceleration of Stock Awards		221,379(5)	644,411(5)	644,411(6)	
Total	336,688	612,007	1,984,707	644,411	
David A. Matthews					
Cash Severance Pay	$ 250,000(1)	250,000(1)	$ 547,673(9)	$	$
Medical Benefits	11,119(3)	11,119(3)	33,356(3)		
Unvested ESOP			8,674(4)		
Acceleration of Stock Options		39,551(5)	104,223(5)		
Acceleration of Stock Awards		182,969(5)	544,003(5)	544,003(6)	
Total	261,119	483,639	1,237,929	544,003	
Sean F. Griffin					
Cash Severance Pay	$	$	$ 617,575(9)	$	$
Medical Benefits			33,356(3)		
Unvested ESOP			5,497(4)		
Acceleration of Stock Options			132,775(5)		
Acceleration of Stock Awards			677,937(5)	677,937(6)	

Total	1,467,140	677,937

(1) Amount represents continuation of the Named Executive Officer's base salary for one year following the assumed date of termination, but does not include any earned but unpaid cash incentive payment as of the assumed termination date.

(2) Amount represents the sum of (i) three times Mr. Spinner's base salary and (ii) the average of Mr. Spinner's cash incentive payments paid in up to the three years prior to the year in which his employment was assumed terminated, but does not include any earned but unpaid cash incentive payment as of the assumed termination date.

(3) Amount represents the value of continuing medical benefits for the Named Executive Officer and his dependents for a period of twelve months following a termination by the Company without Cause or a resignation by the Named Executive Officer for Good Reason, or in the case of termination by the Company without Cause or his resignation for Good Reason in either event within one year following a Change in Control, continuation of those benefits for three years following the termination date.

(4) Amount represents the value of the Named Executive Officer's ESOP account balance as of July 30, 2011, which would become 100% vested as of the termination date.

(5) Amount represents the intrinsic value of each unvested stock option, share of restricted stock or restricted stock unit outstanding on July 30, 2011, and which vests on an accelerated basis following the relevant termination event. These amounts are calculated by multiplying (i) the aggregate number of equity awards which vest on an accelerated basis by (ii) the amount by which $41.75 (the closing price of our common stock on July 29, 2011, the last business day prior to the end of fiscal 2011) exceeds the exercise price payable per award, if any.

(6) Amount represents the intrinsic value of each restricted stock unit outstanding on July 30, 2011, which vests on an accelerated basis following the death or disability (as defined in the 2004 Plan) of the Named Executive Officer. These amounts are calculated by multiplying (i) the aggregate number of equity awards which vest on an accelerated basis by (ii) the amount by which $41.75 (the closing price of our common stock on July 29, 2011, the last business day prior to the end of fiscal 2011) exceeds the exercise price payable per award, if any.

(7) Amount represents the sum of (i) 2.99 times the Named Executive Officer's base salary at the assumed termination date; and (ii) the average of the Named Executive Officer's cash incentive payments paid in up to the three years prior to the year in which his employment was assumed terminated, but does not include any bonus earned but not paid as of the assumed termination date.

(8) The Named Executive Officer is already fully vested in his or her ESOP account balance as of July 30, 2011. Therefore no incremental benefit would be realized as a result of a change in control.

(9) Amount represents the sum of (i) 1.5 times the Named Executive Officer's base salary at the assumed termination date; and (ii) the average of the officer's cash incentive payments paid in up to the three years prior to the year in which his employment was assumed terminated, but does not include any bonus earned but not paid as of the assumed termination date.

Equity Compensation Plan Information

Vesting requirements for equity compensation awards made under the 2004 Equity Incentive Plan and the 2002 Stock Incentive Plan are at the discretion of our Board of Directors and are typically four years with graded vesting for employees and two years with graded vesting for non-employee directors. The maximum term of all incentive stock options granted under the 2002 Stock Incentive Plan and non-statutory stock options granted under the 2002 Stock Incentive Plan is ten years from the date of grant. The maximum term for options under the 1996 Stock Option Plan is determinable by the Compensation Committee, and all options granted had a term of ten years. We typically issue new shares of common stock to satisfy equity award transactions, however during fiscal 2010 we did issue shares from treasury for certain transactions. Shares that were covered by forfeited awards are returned to the pool of shares available for granting within that plan.

2004 Equity Incentive Plan

The 2004 Equity Incentive Plan, as amended in 2009 and again in 2010 with the approval of the Company stockholders, provides for the issuance of up to 2,500,000 equity-based compensation shares.

2002 Stock Incentive Plan and 1996 Stock Option Plan

The 2002 Stock Incentive Plan was adopted by the Board of Directors in October 2002 and approved by stockholders in December 2002. Under the 2002 Stock Incentive Plan, 2,800,000 shares of

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common stock were authorized for issuance. The 1996 Stock Option Plan was originally adopted by the Board of Directors and approved by stockholders in July 1996. Under the 1996 Stock Option Plan as amended and restated, a total of 5,000,000 shares of common stock were authorized for issuance.

Employee Stock Ownership Plan

The ESOP was adopted by the Board of Directors and approved by stockholders in November 1988. This plan enables the Company to acquire shares of outstanding common stock of the Company for the benefit of eligible employees. In connection with the ESOP, we established the ESOT to hold the acquired shares of our common stock. As discussed under "Certain Relationships and Related Transactions," we originally acquired 4,400,000 shares of our outstanding common stock from certain stockholders in exchange for a promissory note, for which we guarantee payment. As this promissory note is repaid, the shares of common stock held by the ESOT are released in proportion to the amount of principal and interest paid on the promissory note. These released shares are allocated among the accounts of eligible employees. The shares of common stock in an employee's account generally vest after five years of qualified employment (as defined in the ESOP) or upon death or disability.

As of July 30, 2011, approximately 3,858,000 shares of common stock have been allocated or released for allocation to employees.

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PROPOSAL 2 RATIFICATION OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board, upon the recommendation of the Audit Committee, has selected KPMG LLP as our independent registered public accounting firm for the fiscal year ending July 28, 2012, subject to ratification by stockholders at the annual meeting. Stockholder ratification of the selection of KPMG LLP as our independent registered public accounting firm is not required by law or otherwise. However, the Board is submitting the selection of KPMG LLP to stockholders for ratification as a matter of good corporate governance. If stockholders do not ratify the selection of KPMG LLP, the Board will reconsider the matter.

Representatives of KPMG LLP, which served as our independent registered public accounting firm for the fiscal year ended July 30, 2011, will be present at the annual meeting to respond to appropriate questions and to make such statements as they may desire.

The Board unanimously recommends that stockholders vote "FOR" ratification of the selection of KPMG LLP as our independent registered public accounting firm for fiscal 2012. Proxies received by the Board will be voted "FOR" ratification unless a contrary choice is specified in the proxy.

Fees Paid to KPMG LLP

In addition to retaining KPMG LLP to audit our financial statements for fiscal 2011, we engaged the firm from time to time during the year to perform other services. The following table sets forth the aggregate fees billed by KPMG LLP in connection with services rendered during the last two fiscal years.

Fee Category	Fiscal 2011	Fiscal 2010
Audit Fees	$ 1,225,150	$ 961,400
Audit-Related Fees	37,000	77,000
Tax Fees	121,500	81,000
All Other Fees		35,000
	$ 1,383,650	$ 1,154,400

Audit Fees consists of fees billed for professional services rendered in connection with the audit of our annual financial statements, including fees related to KPMG LLP's assessment of internal control over financial reporting, the review of the interim financial statements included in quarterly reports and services that are normally provided by KPMG LLP in connection with statutory and regulatory filings or engagements. Fees for audit services in fiscal 2011 include fees billed for professional services related to our secondary public offering of our common stock during the fiscal year. Fees for audit services in fiscal 2010 includes fees billed for professional services related to review of responses to our SEC comment letter as well as our filing registration statements on Forms S-3 and S-8 during fiscal 2010.

Audit-Related Fees consists of fees billed for assurance and related services that are reasonably related to the performance of the audit or review of our financial statements and are not reported under "Audit Fees." These services include employee benefit plan audits, accounting consultations in connection with acquisitions, attest services that are not required by statute or regulation and consultations concerning financial accounting and reporting standards.

Tax Fees consists of fees billed for professional services for tax compliance, tax advice and tax planning. These services include assistance regarding federal and state tax compliance, tax audit defense and mergers and acquisitions.

All Other Fees consists of fees for services other than the services reported above. In fiscal 2011, no services other than those discussed above were provided by KPMG LLP. In fiscal 2010, we utilized

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KPMG LLP for certain due diligence manners related to our purchase of certain assets from SunOpta, Inc.

The Audit Committee has considered whether the provision of the non-audit services described above by KPMG LLP is compatible with maintaining auditor independence and determined that KPMG LLP's provision of non-audit services did not compromise its independence as our independent registered public accounting firm.

Policy on Audit Committee Pre-Approval of Audit and Permissible Non-Audit Services

In accordance with its charter, the Audit Committee's policy is to pre-approve all audit and permissible non-audit services provided by KPMG LLP. These services may include audit services, audit-related services, tax services and other related services. Pre-approval is generally provided for up to one year and any pre-approval is detailed as to the particular service or category of services and is generally subject to a specific budget. KPMG LLP and management are required to periodically report to the Audit Committee regarding the extent of services provided by KPMG LLP in accordance with this pre-approval, and the fees for the services performed to date. The Audit Committee may also pre-approve particular services on a case-by-case basis. During fiscal 2011, all services provided by KPMG LLP were pre-approved by the Audit Committee in accordance with this policy.

PROPOSAL 3 ADVISORY VOTE ON EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

As described in *EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION Compensation Discussion and Analysis*, the Compensation Committee's goal in setting executive compensation is to provide a compensation program that attracts individuals with the skills necessary for us to achieve our business plan, motivates our executive talent, rewards those individuals fairly over time for performance that enhances stockholder value and retains those individuals who continue to perform at or above the levels that are deemed necessary to ensure our success. Our compensation program is also designed to reinforce a sense of ownership in our company, urgency with respect to meeting deadlines and overall entrepreneurial spirit and to link rewards, including both short-term and longer term awards, as well as cash and non-cash awards, to measurable corporate and individual performance metrics established by our Compensation Committee. In applying these principles, we seek to integrate compensation with our short- and long-term strategic plans and to align the interests of our executives with the long-term interests of our stockholders.

Our compensation programs are designed so that they maintain a pay-for-performance incentive program but do not include compensation mix overly weighted toward annual incentives, highly leveraged short-term incentives, uncapped or "all or nothing" bonus payouts or unreasonable performance goals. Our cash and equity incentive programs include several design features that reduce the likelihood of excessive risk-taking, including the use of reasonably obtainable and balanced performance metrics, maximum payouts at levels deemed appropriate, a carefully considered "peer group" to assure our compensation practices are measured and appropriately competitive, and significant weighting towards long-term incentives that promote longer-term goals and reward sustainable stock, financial and operating performance, especially when combined with our executive stock ownership guidelines. Additionally, our executive compensation recoupment policy allows us to recover bonus payments and certain equity awards under certain circumstances, and compliance and ethical behaviors are factors considered in all performance and bonus assessments.

Stockholders are urged to read the Compensation Discussion and Analysis, which discusses how our compensation policies and procedures implement our compensation objectives and philosophies, as well as the table under *EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION TABLES Summary Compensation Table Fiscal Years 2009-2011* and other related compensation tables and narrative disclosure which describe the compensation of our Named Executive Officers in fiscal 2011.

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The Compensation Committee and the Board believe that the policies and procedures articulated in the Compensation Discussion and Analysis are effective in aligning the interests of our executives with those of our stockholders and in incentivizing performance that supports our short- and long-term strategic objectives, and that the compensation of our Named Executive Officers in fiscal 2011 reflects and supports these compensation policies and procedures.

As required by Section 14A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended and as a matter of good corporate governance, stockholders will be asked at the annual meeting to approve the following advisory resolution:

> RESOLVED, that the compensation paid to the Company's named executive officers, as disclosed pursuant to Item 402 of Regulation S-K, including the Compensation Discussion and Analysis, compensation tables and narrative discussion is hereby APPROVED.

This advisory vote, commonly referred to as a "say-on-pay" advisory vote, is non-binding on the Board. Although non-binding, the Board and the Compensation Committee will review the voting results and take them into consideration when making future decisions regarding our executive compensation programs.

The Board unanimously recommends that stockholders vote "FOR" the advisory vote on executive compensation. Proxies received by the Board will be voted "FOR" the advisory vote on executive compensation unless a contrary choice is specified in the proxy.

PROPOSAL 4 ADVISORY VOTE ON THE FREQUENCY OF ADVISORY VOTES ON EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

In Proposal 4, the Board is asking stockholders to cast a non-binding advisory vote on how frequently say-on-pay votes should be held in the future. Stockholders will be able to cast their votes on whether to hold say-on-pay votes every one, two or three years. Alternatively, you may abstain from casting a vote.

You may cast your vote on your preferred voting frequency by voting on the resolution set forth below of once every one year, two years or three years, or you may abstain from voting.

> RESOLVED, that the option of once every one year, two years, or three years that receives the highest number of votes cast for this resolution will be determined to be the preferred frequency with which the Company is to hold an advisory stockholder vote to approve the compensation paid to the Company's named executive officers, as disclosed pursuant to Item 402 of Regulation S-K, including the Compensation Discussion and Analysis, compensation tables and narrative discussion.

Although this advisory vote is not binding on the Board, the Board will carefully consider and expects to be guided by the alternative that receives the most stockholder support in determining the frequency of future say-on-pay votes. Notwithstanding the outcome of the stockholder vote, the Board may in the future decide to conduct advisory votes on a more or less frequent basis and may vary its practice based on factors such as discussions with stockholders and the adoption of material changes to compensation programs.

While our executive compensation programs are designed to promote a long-term connection between pay and performance, after careful consideration of the frequency alternatives, the Board believes that conducting advisory votes on executive compensation every one year is appropriate for us and our stockholders at this time.

The Board unanimously recommends that stockholders vote for the frequency of "ONE YEAR" on the advisory vote on the frequency of advisory votes on executive compensation. Proxies received by the Board will be voted for "ONE YEAR" unless a contrary choice is specified in the proxy.

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PROPOSAL 5 SHAREHOLDER PROPOSAL: SUCCESSION PLANNING

We have been advised that International Brotherhood of Teamsters General Fund, 25 Louisiana Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20001, beneficial owner of 185 shares of our common stock, intends to present the following proposal for consideration at the annual meeting. The proponent's resolution and supporting statement are quoted verbatim below. We are not responsible for the content of the proponent's proposal or supporting statement.

Proponent's Proposal and Supporting Statement

RESOLVED: That the shareholders of United Natural Foods, Inc., (or "Company") hereby request that the Board of Directors initiate the appropriate process to amend the Company's Corporate Governance Principles ("Principles") to adopt and disclose a written and detailed succession planning policy, including the following specific features:

- The Board of Directors will review the plan annually;
- The Board will develop criteria for the CEO position which will reflect the Company's business strategy and will use a formal assessment process to evaluate candidates;
- The Board will identify and develop internal candidates;
- The Board will begin non-emergency CEO succession planning at least 3 years before an expected transition and will maintain an emergency succession plan that is reviewed annually; and,
- The Board will annually produce a report on its succession plan to shareholders.

SUPPORTING STATEMENT: CEO succession is one of the primary responsibilities of the Board of Directors. A recent study published by the National Association of Corporate Directors (NACD) quoted a director of a large technology firm: "A board's biggest responsibility is succession planning. It's the one area where the board is completely accountable, and the choice has significant consequences, good and bad, for the corporation's future." (*The Role of the Board in CEO Succession: A Best Practices Study, 2006*).

The NACD report identified several best practices and innovations in CEO succession planning. The report found that boards of companies with successful CEO transitions are more likely to have well-developed succession plans that are put in place well before a transition, are focused on developing internal candidates and include clear candidate criteria and a formal assessment process.

We are concerned that the Company's current Principles lack a well-developed succession plan that includes specific best practices and appear to delegate to the CEO sole responsibility for identifying potential successors, effectively limiting the Board's role to that of reviewing the CEO's recommendations. The current Principles state:

> "The CEO reports to the Board periodically on succession planning and leadership development, and provides the Board with recommendations of potential successors. The CEO also makes available to the Board, on a continuing basis, recommendations regarding who should assume the position of CEO in the event that he/she becomes unable or unwilling to perform the duties of this position."

While we believe it is important for the CEO to have input in succession planning, we believe the Board should be responsible for identifying and developing internal candidates, including developing criteria that reflects the Company's business strategy and using a formal assessment process to evaluate candidates.

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Our proposal is intended to have the Board take ownership of succession planning and adopt a written policy containing several specific best practices in order to ensure a smooth transition in the even [sic] of the CEO's departure.

We urge shareholders to vote FOR our proposal.

The Company's Statement in Opposition to Proposal 5

Our Board of Directors opposes Proposal 5 because it is unnecessary, could expose us to competitive harm, and is not in the best interests of our stockholders. Our Board of Directors understands that managing the succession of our senior leadership is one of its essential roles, and it believes that it has an effective succession planning process in place. Therefore, our Board of Directors recommends that stockholders vote "**AGAINST**" the adoption of Proposal 5.

Our formal leadership succession planning process is set forth in our Corporate Governance Principles and requires our Board of Directors to review and monitor leadership succession plans for the position of CEO and other senior leadership positions. Our Corporate Governance Principles require our CEO to report to our Board of Directors periodically on succession planning and leadership development and to provide recommendations of potential successors to senior leadership positions, including CEO. Using these processes, our Board of Directors has developed a senior leadership succession methodology to ensure continuity and maintain the superior quality of our leadership team in the event of a planned or unplanned departure of our CEO or other senior leadership. Our Board of Directors periodically reviews its leadership succession plan in light of our business strategy, market trends and the competitive landscape for recruiting talent.

Our Board of Directors believes that it is in our best interest to maintain flexibility when planning for leadership succession and making executive employment decisions. Our Board of Directors believes that the flexibility offered by its current succession planning process allows our Board of Directors to act in our best interest without the constraints of arbitrary rules such as the three-year non-emergency CEO succession planning contained in Proposal 5.

Proposal 5 would require us to report to our stockholders annually on our Board of Directors' succession plan. For such a report to be meaningful to our stockholders, we would have to publicly disclose confidential and sensitive information such as our business strategy and outlook, our most promising internal candidates, any desirable external candidates and other factors that our Board of Directors currently considers in the succession planning process. Our Board of Directors believes that revealing such confidential and sensitive information would be competitively harmful to us and not in the best interest of our stockholders. For instance, if we are required to publicly identify potential successors to our CEO we would aid our competitors in identifying our high-value executives. Furthermore, executives that are not identified as potential successors may choose voluntarily to terminate their employment with us causing us to lose the services of employees whose service we value even though our Board of Directors may not believe they are a candidate to succeed our CEO.

For the reasons set forth above, our Board of Directors recommends that stockholders vote "**AGAINST**" the adoption of Proposal 5.

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OTHER MATTERS

Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance

Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act requires our directors, executive officers and holders of more than 10% of our common stock ("Reporting Persons") to file with the SEC initial reports of ownership and reports of changes in ownership of common stock and other equity securities. To the Company's knowledge, based solely on review of copies of such reports furnished to the Company during the fiscal year ended July 30, 2011, all Section 16(a) filing requirements applicable to the Reporting Persons were complied with, except that Peter A. Roy inadvertently was late filing a report on Form 4 for the acquisition of stock options and restricted stock units and the vesting of restricted stock units that occurred on September 10, 2010

Stockholder Proposals for the 2012 Annual Meeting of Stockholders

Any proposal that a stockholder wishes to be considered for inclusion in our proxy statement for the 2012 Annual Meeting of Stockholders must be submitted to our corporate secretary, Joseph J. Traficanti, at 313 Iron Horse Way, Providence, Rhode Island 02908, no later than the close of business on July 5, 2012. We strongly encourage stockholders interested in submitting a proposal to contact legal counsel with regard to the detailed requirements of applicable securities laws. Submitting a stockholder proposal does not guarantee that we will include it in our proxy statement.

Our bylaws establish an advance notice procedure with regard to stockholder proposals and director nominations. If a stockholder wishes to present a proposal before the 2012 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, but does not wish to have the proposal considered for inclusion in our proxy statement, such stockholder must give written notice to our corporate secretary at the address noted above. Our corporate secretary must receive such notice not less than 60 days nor more than 90 days prior to the 2012 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, provided that in the event that less than 70 days' notice or prior public disclosure of the date of the 2012 Annual Meeting of Stockholders is given or made, notice by the stockholder must be received not later than the close of business on the 10th day following the date on which such notice of the date of the meeting was mailed or such public disclosure was made, whichever occurs first. The stockholder's submission must include certain specified information concerning the proposal and the stockholder, including such stockholder's ownership of our common stock. As we will not entertain any proposals at the annual meeting that do not meet these requirements, we strongly encourage stockholders to seek advice from legal counsel before submitting a proposal.

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THE BOARD HOPES THAT STOCKHOLDERS WILL ATTEND THE ANNUAL MEETING ON THE INTERNET THROUGH A VIRTUAL WEB CONFERENCE. REGARDLESS OF WHETHER YOU PLAN TO ATTEND THE ANNUAL MEETING, YOU ARE URGED TO VOTE VIA THE INTERNET, BY TELEPHONE, OR BY COMPLETING, SIGNING, DATING AND RETURNING THE ENCLOSED PROXY CARD AS SOON AS POSSIBLE TO ENSURE THAT YOUR SHARES ARE REPRESENTED AT THE MEETING. STOCKHOLDERS OF RECORD, OR BENEFICIAL STOCKHOLDERS NAMED AS PROXIES BY THEIR STOCKHOLDERS OF RECORD, WHO ATTEND THE MEETING MAY REVOKE THEIR PROXIES AND CAST THEIR VOTES ELECTRONICALLY OVER THE INTERNET DURING THE MEETING.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

Michael S. Funk,
Chair of the Board

November 2, 2011

COLSPAN="1" VALIGN="bottom" WIDTH="1%">1.1%

Total	**53**	**$1,053,500,964**	**100%**	**7,951,248**	**100%**	**$110,025,835***	**100%**

* Does not include $4,225,860 annual rent from the Nissan Project, located in Irving, Texas, which is not yet completed.

Lease Expiration Table

The following table shows lease expirations during each of the next ten years for all our leases as of July 1, 2002, assuming no exercise of renewal options or termination rights:

Year of Lease Expiration	Square Feet Expiring	Percentage of Total Square Feet Expiring	Annualized Base Base Rent Expiring(1)	Percentage of Total Annualized Base Rent	Wells REIT Share of Annualized Base Rent Expiring(1)	Percentage of Wells REIT Share of Total Annualized Base Rent
2002	8,074	0.10%	$ 104,408	$ 0.09%	$ 3,874	0.00%
2003	64,223	0.81%	1,040,723	0.95%	372,232	0.37%
2004	123,430	1.55%	2,207,263	2.01%	916,348	0.92%
2005	280,537	3.53%	3,768,626	3.43%	2,069,308	2.08%
2006	52,587	0.66%	1,354,184	1.23%	1,354,184	1.36%
2007	742,700	9.34%	11,108,693	10.10%	9,197,835	9.26%
2008	837,973	10.54%	10,490,790	9.53%	9,244,256	9.30%
2009	513,359	6.46%	7,235,244	6.58%	6,599,857	6.64%
2010	1,329,000	16.71%	19,026,036	17.29%	17,847,500	17.96%
2011	2,868,456	36.08%	39,494,347	35.90%	38,680,622	38.92%
2012-2021	1,130,909	14.22%	14,195,521	12.89%	13,088,150	13.17%
Total	7,951,248	100%	$ 110,025,835	100%	$ 99,374,066	100%

(1) Average monthly gross rent over the life of the lease, annualized.

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Joint Ventures with Affiliates

Wells OP owns some of its properties through ownership interests in the seven joint ventures listed below. Wells OP does not have control over the operations of the joint ventures; however, it does exercise significant influence. Accordingly, investments in joint ventures are recorded for accounting purposes using the equity method.

Joint Venture	Joint Venture Partners	Properties Held by Joint Venture
Fund XIII-REIT Joint Venture	Wells Operating Partnership, L.P. Wells Real Estate Fund XIII, L.P.	AmeriCredit Building ADIC Buildings
Fund XII-REIT Joint Venture	Wells Operating Partnership, L.P. Wells Real Estate Fund XII, L.P.	Siemens Building AT&T Oklahoma Buildings Comdata Building
Fund XI-XII-REIT Joint Venture	Wells Operating Partnership, L.P. Wells Real Estate Fund XI, L.P. Wells Real Estate Fund XII, L.P.	EYBL CarTex Building Sprint Building Johnson Matthey Building Gartner Building
Fund IX-X-XI-REIT Joint Venture	Wells Operating Partnership, L.P. Wells Real Estate Fund IX, L.P. Wells Real Estate Fund X, L.P. Wells Real Estate Fund XI, L.P.	Alstom Power Knoxville Building Ohmeda Building Interlocken Building Avaya Building Iomega Building
Wells/Freemont Associates Joint Venture (Freemont Joint Venture)	Wells Operating Partnership, L.P. Fund X-XI Joint Venture	Fairchild Building
Wells/Orange County Associates Joint Venture (Orange County Joint Venture)	Wells Operating Partnership, L.P. Fund X-XI Joint Venture	Cort Furniture Building
Fund VIII-IX-REIT Joint Venture	Wells Operating Partnership, L.P. Fund VIII-IX Joint Venture	Quest Building

The Wells Fund XIII REIT Joint Venture

Wells OP and Wells Fund XIII entered into a joint venture partnership known as the Wells Fund XIII-REIT Joint Venture Partnership (XIII-REIT Joint Venture). The investment objectives of Wells Fund XIII are substantially identical to our investment objectives. As of December 31, 2001, the joint venture partners of the XIII-REIT Joint Venture had made the following contributions and held the following equity percentage interests:

Joint Venture Partner	Capital Contributions	Equity Interest
Wells OP	$ 17,359,875	68.2%
Wells Fund XIII	$ 8,491,069	31.8%

The Wells Fund XII-REIT Joint Venture

Wells OP and Wells Fund XII entered into a joint venture partnership known as the Wells Fund XII-REIT Joint Venture Partnership (XII-REIT Joint Venture). The investment objectives of Wells Fund XII are substantially identical to our investment objectives. As of December 31, 2001, the joint venture partners of the XII-REIT Joint Venture had made the following contributions and held the following equity percentage interests:

Joint Venture Partner	Capital Contributions	Equity Interest
Wells OP	$ 29,950,668	55.0%
Wells Fund XII	$ 24,613,401	45.0%

The Wells Fund XI-Fund XII-REIT Joint Venture

Wells OP entered into a joint venture partnership with Wells Fund XI and Wells Fund XII known as The Wells Fund XI-Fund XII-REIT Joint Venture (XI-XII-REIT Joint Venture). The XI-XII-REIT Joint Venture was originally formed on May 1, 1999 between Wells OP and Wells Fund XI. On June 21, 1999, Wells Fund XII was admitted to the XI-XII-REIT Joint Venture as a joint venture partner. The investment objectives of Wells Fund XI and Wells Fund XII are substantially identical to our investment objectives. As of December 31, 2001, the joint venture partners of the XI-XII-REIT Joint Venture had made the following contributions and held the following equity percentage interests:

Joint Venture Partner	Capital Contributions	Equity Interest
Wells OP	$ 17,641,211	56.8%
Wells Fund XI	$ 8,131,351	26.1%
Wells Fund XII	$ 5,300,000	17.1%

The Fund IX, Fund X, Fund XI and REIT Joint Venture

Wells OP entered into a joint venture partnership with Wells Fund IX, Wells Fund X and Wells Fund XI, known as The Fund IX, Fund X, Fund XI and REIT Joint Venture (IX-X-XI-REIT Joint Venture). The IX-X-XI-REIT Joint Venture was originally formed on March 20, 1997 between Wells Fund IX and Wells Fund X. On June 11, 1998, Wells OP and Wells Fund XI were admitted as joint venture partners to the IX-X-XI-REIT Joint Venture. The investment objectives of Wells Fund IX, Wells Fund X and Wells Fund XI are substantially identical to our investment objectives. As of December 31, 2001, the joint venture partners of the IX-X-XI-REIT Joint Venture had made the following contributions and held the following equity percentage interests:

Joint Venture Partner	Capital Contributions	Equity Interest
Wells OP	$ 1,421,466	3.7%
Wells Fund IX	$ 14,982,435	39.1%
Wells Fund X	$ 18,501,185	48.4%
Wells Fund XI	$ 3,357,436	8.8%

The Fremont Joint Venture

Wells OP entered into a joint venture partnership known as Wells/Fremont Associates (Fremont Joint Venture) with Fund X and Fund XI Associates (X-XI Joint Venture), a joint venture between Wells Fund X and Wells Fund XI. The purpose of the Fremont Joint Venture is the acquisition, ownership, leasing, operation, sale and management of the Fairchild Building. As of December 31, 2001, the joint venture partners of the Fremont Joint Venture had made the following contributions and held the following equity percentage interests:

Joint Venture Partner	Capital Contributions	Equity Interest
Wells OP	$ 6,983,111	77.5%
X-XI Joint Venture	$ 2,000,000	22.5%

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The Cort Joint Venture

Wells OP entered into a joint venture partnership with the X-XI Joint Venture known as Wells/Orange County Associates (Cort Joint Venture) for the purpose of the acquisition, ownership, leasing, operation, sale and management of the Cort Furniture Building. As of December 31, 2001, the joint venture partners of the Cort Joint Venture had made the following contributions and held the following equity percentage interests:

Joint Venture Partner	Capital Contributions	Equity Interest
Wells OP	$ 2,871,430	43.7%
X-XI Joint Venture	$ 3,695,000	56.3%

The Wells Fund VIII-Fund IX-REIT Joint Venture

Wells OP entered into a joint venture partnership with the Fund VIII-IX Joint Venture known as the Wells Fund VIII-Fund IX-REIT Joint Venture (VIII-IX-REIT Joint Venture) for the purpose of the ownership, leasing, operation, sale and management of the Quest Building. The investment objectives of Wells Fund VIII and Wells Fund IX are substantially identical to our investment objectives. As of December 31, 2001, the joint venture partners of the VIII-IX-REIT Joint Venture had made the following contributions and held the following equity percentage interests:

Joint Venture Partner	Capital Contributions	Equity Interest
Wells OP	$ 1,282,111	15.8%
Wells Fund VIII	$ 3,608,109	46.1%
Wells Fund IX	$ 3,620,316	38.1%

General Provisions of Joint Venture Agreements

Wells OP is acting as the initial Administrative Venturer of each of the joint ventures described above and, as such, is responsible for establishing policies and operating procedures with respect to the business and affairs of each of these joint ventures. However, approval of the other joint venture partners will be required for any major decision or any action that materially affects these joint ventures or their real property investments.

The XIII-REIT Joint Venture Agreement, the XII-REIT Joint Venture Agreement, the XI-XII-REIT Joint Venture Agreement and the IX-X-XI-REIT Joint Venture Agreement each allow any joint venture partner to make a buy/sell election upon receipt by any other joint venture partner of a bona fide third-party offer to purchase all or substantially all of the properties or the last remaining property of the respective joint venture. Upon receipt of notice of such third-party offer, each joint venture partner must elect within 30 days after receipt of the notice to either (1) purchase the entire interest of each venture partner that wishes to accept the offer on the same terms and conditions as the third-party offer to purchase, or (2) consent to the sale of the properties or last remaining property pursuant to such third-party offer.

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Description of Properties

ISS Atlanta Buildings

Wells OP acquired the ISS Atlanta Buildings on July 1, 2002 for a purchase price of $40,500,000. The ISS Atlanta Buildings, which were built in 2001, consist of two five-story buildings containing a total of 238,600 rentable square feet located in Atlanta, Georgia and were acquired by assigning to Wells OP an existing ground lease with the Development Authority of Fulton County (Development Authority). Fee simple title to the land upon which the ISS Atlanta Buildings are located is held by the Development Authority, which issued Development Authority of Fulton County Taxable Revenue Bonds (Bonds) totaling $32,500,000 in connection with the construction of these buildings. The Bonds, which entitle Wells OP to certain real property tax abatement benefits, were also assigned to Wells OP at the closing. Fee title interest to the land will be transferred to Wells OP upon payment of the outstanding balance on the Bonds, either upon a prepayment by Wells OP or at the expiration of the ground lease on December 1, 2015.

The entire rentable area of the ISS Atlanta Buildings is leased to Internet Security Systems, Inc., a Georgia corporation (ISS). The ISS Atlanta lease is guaranteed by the parent of ISS, Internet Security Systems, Inc., a Delaware corporation (ISS, Inc.), whose shares are traded on NASDAQ. ISS, Inc. has operations throughout America, Asia, Australia, Europe and the Middle East. ISS, Inc. provides computer security solutions to networks, servers and desktop computers for organizational customers, including corporate customers and governmental units. ISS, Inc. reported a net worth, as of March 31, 2002, of approximately $435 million.

The ISS Atlanta lease is a net lease that commenced in November 2000 and expires in May 2013. The current annual base rent payable under the ISS Atlanta lease is $4,623,445. ISS, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for three additional five-year periods at 95% of the then-current market rental rate. In addition, ISS has obtained an $8,000,000 letter of credit from First Union National Bank to guarantee payments under the lease.

MFS Phoenix Building

Wells OP purchased the MFS Phoenix Building on June 5, 2002 for a purchase price of $25,800,000. The MFS Phoenix Building, which was built in 2000, is a three-story office building containing 148,605 rentable square feet located in Phoenix, Arizona.

The entire MFS Phoenix Building is leased to Massachusetts Financial Services Company (MFS). MFS is a Massachusetts corporation having its corporate headquarters in Boston, Massachusetts with offices in London, Tokyo and Singapore. MFS is an investment management firm which offers annuities, institutional products, insurance services, mutual funds and retirement products. MFS reported a net worth, as of December 31, 2001, of approximately $440 million.

The MFS Phoenix lease is a net lease that commenced in April 2001 and expires in July 2011. The current annual base rent payable under the MFS Phoenix lease is $2,347,959. MFS, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for two additional five-year periods at 95% of the then-current market rental rate.

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TRW Denver Building

Wells OP purchased the TRW Denver Building on May 29, 2002 for a purchase price of $21,060,000. The TRW Denver Building, which was built in 1997, is a three-story office building containing 108,240 rentable square feet located in Aurora, Colorado.

The entire TRW Denver Building is leased to TRW, Inc. (TRW), a global technology, manufacturing and service company that provides advanced technology, systems and services to customers worldwide. TRW reported a net worth, as of March 31, 2002, of approximately $2.24 billion.

The TRW Denver lease is a net lease that commenced in October 1997 and expires in September 2007. The current annual base rent payable under the TRW Denver lease is $2,870,709. TRW, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for two additional five-year periods at 95% of the then-current market rental rate.

Agilent Boston Building

Wells OP purchased the Agilent Boston Building on May 3, 2002 for a purchase price of $31,742,274. The Agilent Boston Building, which was built in 2002, is a three-story office building containing 174,585 rentable square feet located in Boxborough, Massachusetts. Wells OP assumed the obligation, as the landlord under the Agilent Boston lease described below, to provide Agilent $3,407,496 for tenant improvements.

The entire Agilent Boston Building is leased to Agilent Technologies, Inc. (Agilent). Agilent is a major producer of measuring and monitoring devices, semiconductor products and chemical analysis tools for communications and life sciences companies, such as Internet service providers and biopharmaceutical companies. Agilent reported a net worth, as of January 31, 2002, of approximately $5.4 billion.

The Agilent Boston lease is a net lease that commenced in September 2001 and expires in September 2011. The current annual base rent payable under the Agilent Boston lease is $3,578,993. Agilent, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for one additional five-year period at a rate equal to the greater of (1) the then-current market rental rate, or (2) 75% of the annual base rent in the final year of the initial term of the Agilent Boston lease. In addition, Agilent may terminate the lease at the end of the seventh lease year by paying a $4,190,000 termination fee.

Experian/TRW Buildings

Wells OP purchased the Experian/TRW Buildings on May 1, 2002 for a purchase price of $35,150,000. The Experian/TRW Buildings, which were built in 1982 and 1993, respectively, are two two-story office buildings containing a total of 292,700 rentable square feet located in Allen, Texas.

The Experian/TRW Buildings are both leased to Experian Information Solutions, Inc. (Experian). Experian is an information services company that uses decision-making software and comprehensive databases of information on consumers, businesses, motor vehicles and property to provide companies with information about their customers. TRW, the original tenant on the Experian/TRW lease, assigned its interest in the Experian/TRW lease to Experian in 1996 but remains as an obligor of the Experian/TRW lease.

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The Experian/TRW lease is a net lease that commenced in April 1993 and expires in October 2010. The current annual base rent payable under the Experian lease is $3,438,277. Experian, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for four additional five-year periods at 95% of the then-current market rental rate.

BellSouth Ft. Lauderdale Building

Wells OP purchased the BellSouth Ft. Lauderdale Building on April 18, 2002 for a purchase price of $6,850,000. The BellSouth Ft. Lauderdale Building, which was built in 2001, is a one-story office building containing 47,400 rentable square feet located in Ft. Lauderdale, Florida.

The entire BellSouth Ft. Lauderdale Building is leased to BellSouth Advertising and Publishing Corporation (BellSouth Advertising). BellSouth Advertising is a major provider of print directories throughout the southeastern states and markets served by BellSouth Corporation, which is the parent company of BellSouth Advertising.

The BellSouth Advertising lease is a net lease that commenced in July 2001 and expires in July 2008. The current annual base rent payable under the BellSouth Advertising lease is $747,033. BellSouth Advertising, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for three additional five-year periods at 95% of the then-current market rental rate.

Agilent Atlanta Building

Wells OP purchased the Agilent Atlanta Building on April 18, 2002 for a purchase price of $15,100,000. The Agilent Atlanta Building, which was built in 2001, is a two-story office building containing 101,207 rentable square feet located in Alpharetta, Georgia.

Agilent leases 66,811 rentable square feet of the Agilent Atlanta Building (66%). The Agilent Atlanta lease commenced in September 2001 and expires in September 2011. The initial annual base rent payable under the Agilent Atlanta lease is $1,344,905. Agilent, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for either (1) one additional three-year period, or (2) one additional five-year period, at the then-current market rental rate. In addition, Agilent may terminate the lease at the end of the seventh lease year by paying a $763,650 termination fee.

Koninklijke Philips Electronics N.V. (Philips) leases the remaining 34,396 rentable square feet of the Agilent Atlanta Building (34%). Philips is one of the world s largest electronics companies and is a global leader in color television sets, lighting, electric shavers, medical diagnostic imaging, patient monitoring and one-chip TV products. Philips reported a net worth, as of March 31, 2002, of approximately $16.47 billion.

The Philips lease commenced in September 2001 and expires in September 2011. The current annual base rent payable under the Philips lease is $692,391. Philips, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for either (1) one additional three-year period, or (2) one additional five-year period, at the then-current market rental rate. In addition, Philips may terminate the lease at the end of the seventh lease year by paying a $393,146 termination fee.

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Travelers Express Denver Buildings

Wells OP purchased the Travelers Express Denver Buildings on April 10, 2002 for a purchase price of $10,395,845. The Travelers Express Denver Buildings, which were built in 2002, are two connected one-story office buildings containing 68,165 rentable square feet located in Lakewood, Colorado.

The Travelers Express Denver Buildings are leased to Travelers Express Company, Inc. (Travelers). Travelers is the largest money order processor and second largest money-wire transfer company in the nation, processing more than 775 million transactions per year, including official checks and share drafts for financial institutions. Travelers is a wholly owned subsidiary of Viad Corporation, a public company whose shares are traded on the NYSE.

The Travelers lease commenced in April 2002 and expires in March 2012. The current annual base rent payable under the Travelers lease is $1,012,250. Travelers, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for two additional five-year periods. The annual base rent for the first three years of the first renewal term shall be $19 per rentable square foot and the annual base rent for the last two years shall be $20.50 per rentable square foot. The annual base rent for the second renewal term shall be at the then-current market rental rate for each year of the renewal term. In addition, Travelers may terminate the Travelers lease at the end of the seventh lease year by paying a termination fee of $1,040,880. Travelers also has the right to expand the Travelers Express Denver Buildings between 10% and 20% by providing notice on or before May 1, 2004, subject to certain limitations and potential acceleration.

Dana Corporation Buildings

Wells OP purchased the Dana Corporation Buildings on March 29, 2001 for a purchase price of $41,950,000. The Dana Kalamazoo Building, which was built in 1999, is a two-story office and industrial building containing 147,004 rentable square feet located in Kalamazoo, Michigan. The Dana Detroit Building, which was built in 1999, is a three-story office and research and development building containing 112,480 rentable square feet located in Farmington Hills, Michigan. Wells OP purchased the Dana Corporation Buildings by purchasing all of the membership interests in two Delaware limited liability companies each of which owned title to one of the buildings.

The Dana Corporation Buildings are leased to Dana Corporation (Dana). Dana is one of the world s largest suppliers of components, modules and complete systems to global vehicle manufacturers and their related aftermarkets. Dana operates approximately 300 major facilities in 34 countries and employs approximately 70,000 people. Dana reported a net worth, as of December 31, 2001, of approximately $1.9 billion.

The Dana Kalamazoo lease commenced in October 2001 and expires in October 2021. The current annual base rent payable under the Dana Kalamazoo lease is $1,842,800. Dana, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for six additional five-year periods at the then-current market rental rate. Dana may terminate the lease at any time during the initial lease term after the sixth lease year and before the 19th lease year, subject to certain conditions.

The Dana Detroit lease commenced in October 2001 and expires in October 2021. The current annual base rent payable under the Dana Detroit lease is $2,330,600. Dana, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for six additional five-year periods at the then-current market rental rate. Dana may terminate the lease at any time during the initial lease term after the 11th lease year, subject to certain conditions.

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Novartis Atlanta Building

Wells OP purchased the Novartis Atlanta Building on March 28, 2002 for a purchase price of $15,000,000. The Novartis Atlanta Building, which was built in 2001, is a four-story office building containing 100,087 rentable square feet located in Duluth, Georgia.

The Novartis Atlanta Building is leased to Novartis Opthalmics, Inc. (Novartis). The Novartis lease is guaranteed by Novartis parent company, Novartis Corporation. Novartis Corporation, a public company whose shares are traded on the NYSE, is a world leader in healthcare with core businesses in pharmaceuticals, consumer health, generics, eye-care and animal health. Novartis Corporation reported a net worth, as of December 31, 2001, of approximately $28.1 billion.

The Novartis lease commenced in August 2001 and expires in July 2011. The current annual base rent payable under the Novartis lease is $1,426,240. Novartis, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for three additional five-year periods at the then-current market rental rate. In addition, Novartis may terminate the lease at the end of the fifth lease year by paying a $1,500,000 termination fee.

Transocean Houston Building

Wells OP purchased the Transocean Houston Building on March 15, 2002 for a purchase price of $22,000,000. The Transocean Houston Building, which was built in 1999, is a six-story office building containing 155,991 rentable square feet located in Houston, Texas.

Transocean Deepwater Offshore Drilling, Inc. (Transocean) leases 103,260 rentable square feet (67%) of the Transocean Houston Building. Transocean is an offshore drilling company specializing in technically demanding segments of the offshore drilling industry. The Transocean lease is guaranteed by Transocean Sedco Forex, Inc., one of the world s largest offshore drilling companies whose shares are traded on the NASDAQ. Transocean Sedco Forex, Inc. reported a net worth, as of September 30, 2001, of approximately $10.86 billion.

The Transocean lease commenced in December 2001 and expires in March 2011. Transocean, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for either (1) two additional five-year periods, or (2) one additional ten-year period, at the then-current market rental rate. In addition, Transocean has an expansion option and a right of first refusal for up to an additional 52,731 rentable square feet. The current annual base rent payable under the Transocean lease is $2,110,035.

Newpark Drilling Fluids, Inc. (Newpark) leases the remaining 52,731 rentable square feet (33%) of the Transocean Houston Building. Newpark is a full service drilling fluids processing, management and waste disposal company. The Newpark lease is guaranteed by Newpark Resources, Inc., which provides drilling fluids services to the oil and gas production industry, primarily in North America. Newpark Resources, Inc. reported a net worth, as of December 31, 2001, of approximately $294 million.

The Newpark lease commenced in August 1999 and expires in October 2009. The current annual base rent payable for the Newpark lease is $1,153,227.

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Arthur Andersen Building

Wells OP purchased the Arthur Andersen Building on January 11, 2002 for a purchase price of $21,400,000. The Arthur Andersen Building, which was built in 1999, is a three-story office building containing 157,700 rentable square feet located in Sarasota, Florida. Wells OP purchased the Arthur Andersen Building from Sarasota Haskell, LLC, which is not in any way affiliated with the Wells REIT, our advisor, Wells Capital, or Arthur Andersen, LLP, the tenant at the property.

The Arthur Andersen Building is leased to Arthur Andersen LLP (Andersen). In June 2002, Andersen was tried and convicted of federal obstruction of justice charges arising from its involvement as auditors for Enron Corporation. There may be a substantial risk that events arising out of this conviction or other events relating to the financial condition of Andersen could adversely affect the ability of Andersen to fulfill its obligations as tenant under the Andersen lease. The Andersen lease commenced in November 1998 and expires in October 2009. Andersen has the right to extend the initial 10-year term of this lease for two additional five-year periods at 90% of the then-current market rental rate. The current annual base rent payable under the Andersen lease is $1,988,454.

Andersen has the option to purchase the Arthur Andersen Building for a purchase price of $23,250,000 prior to the end of the fifth lease year. In addition, Andersen has the option to purchase the Arthur Andersen Building for a purchase price of $25,148,000 after the fifth lease year and prior to the expiration of the current lease term.

Windy Point Buildings

Wells OP purchased the Windy Point Buildings on December 31, 2001 for a purchase price of $89,275,000. The Windy Point Buildings, which were built in 1999 and 2001, respectively, consist of a seven-story office building containing 188,391 rentable square feet (Windy Point I) and an eleven-story office building containing 300,034 rentable square feet (Windy Point II) located in Schaumburg, Illinois.

The Windy Point Buildings are subject to a 20-year annexation agreement originally executed on December 12, 1995 with the Village of Schaumburg, Illinois (Annexation Agreement). The Annexation Agreement covers a 235-acre tract of land that includes a portion of the site of the Windy Point Buildings parking facilities relating to the potential construction of a new eastbound on-ramp interchange for I-90. Wells OP issued a $382,556 letter of credit pursuant to the request of the Village of Schaumburg, Illinois, representing the estimated costs of demolition and restoration of constructed parking and landscaped areas and protecting pipelines in connection with the potential construction. The obligation to maintain the letter of credit will continue until the costs of demolition and restoration are paid if the project proceeds or until the Annexation Agreement expires in December 2015. If Wells OP is unable to restore the parking spaces due to structural issues related to the utilities underground, Wells OP would then be required to construct a new parking garage on the site to accommodate the parking needs of its tenants. The cost for this construction is currently estimated at approximately $3,581,000. In addition, if the interchange is constructed, Wells OP will be required to pay for its share of the costs for widening Meacham Road as part of the project, which potential obligation is currently estimated to be approximately $288,300.

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Windy Point I building

The Windy Point I building is currently leased as follows:

Tenant	Rentable Sq. Ft.	Percentage of Building
TCI Great Lakes, Inc.	129,157	69%
The Apollo Group, Inc.	28,322	15%
Global Knowledge Network, Inc.	22,028	12%
Multiple Tenants	8,884	4%

TCI Great Lakes, Inc. (TCI) occupies 129,157 rentable square feet (69%) of the Windy Point I building. The TCI lease commenced in December 1999 and expires in November 2009. TCI has the right to extend the initial 10-year term of its lease for two additional five-year periods at 95% of the then-current market rental rate. TCI may terminate certain portions of the TCI lease on the last day of the seventh lease year by providing 12 months prior written notice and paying Wells OP a termination fee of approximately $4,119,500. The current annual base rent payable under the TCI lease is $2,067,204.

TCI is a wholly-owned subsidiary of AT&T Broadband. AT&T Broadband provides basic cable and digital television services, as well as high-speed Internet access and cable telephony, with video-on-demand and other advanced services.

The Apollo Group, Inc. (Apollo) leases28,322 rentable square feet (15%) of the Windy Point I building. The Apollo lease commenced in April 2002 and expires in June 2008. Apollo has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for one additional five-year period at 95% of the then-current market rental rate. The current annual base rent payable under the Apollo lease is $477,226.

Apollo is an Arizona corporation having its corporate headquarters in Phoenix, Arizona. Apollo provides higher education programs to working adults through its subsidiaries, the University of Phoenix, Inc., the Institute for Professional Development, the College for Financial Planning Institutes Corporation and Western International University, Inc. Apollo offers educational programs and services at 58 campuses and 102 learning centers in 36 states, Puerto Rico, and Vancouver, British Columbia. Apollo reported a net worth, as of February 28, 2002, of approximately $559 million.

Global Knowledge Network, Inc. (Global) leases 22,028 rentable square feet (12%) of the Windy Point I building. The Global lease commenced in May 2000 and expires in April 2010. Global has the right to extend the initial 10-year term of its lease for one additional five-year period at the then-current market rental rate. Wells OP has the right to terminate the Global lease on December 31, 2005 by giving Global written notice on or before April 30, 2005. The current annual base rent payable under the Global lease is $393,776.

Global is a privately held corporation with its corporate headquarters in Cary, North Carolina and international offices in Tokyo, London and Singapore. Global is owned by New York-based investment firm Welsh, Carson, Anderson and Stowe, a New York limited partnership which acts as a private equity investor in information services, telecommunications and healthcare. Global provides information technology education solutions and certification programs, offering more than 700 courses in more than 60 international locations and in 15 languages. Global has posted a $100,000 letter of credit as security for the Global lease.

Windy Point II building

Zurich American Insurance Company, Inc. (Zurich) leases the entire 300,034 rentable square feet of the Windy Point II building. The Zurich lease commenced in September 2001 and expires in August 2011. Zurich has the right to extend the initial 10-year term of its lease for two additional five-year

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periods at 95% of the then-current market rental rate. The current annual base rent payable under the Zurich lease is $5,091,577.

Zurich is headquartered in Schaumburg, Illinois and is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Zurich Financial Services Group (ZFSG). ZFSG, which has its corporate headquarters in Zurich, Switzerland, is a leading provider of financial protection and wealth accumulation solutions for some 35 million customers in over 60 countries. Zurich provides commercial property-casualty insurance and serves the multinational, middle market and small business sectors in the United States and Canada.

Zurich has the right to terminate the Zurich lease for up to 25% of the rentable square feet leased by Zurich at the end of the fifth lease year. If Zurich terminates a portion of the Zurich lease, it will be required to pay a termination fee to Wells OP equal to three months of the current monthly rent for the terminated space plus additional costs related to the space leased by Zurich. In addition, Zurich may terminate the entire Zurich lease at the end of the seventh lease year by providing Wells OP 18 months prior written notice and paying Wells OP a termination fee of approximately $8,625,000.

Convergys Building

Wells OP purchased the Convergys Building on December 21, 2001 for a purchase price of $13,255,000. The Convergys Building, which was built in 2001, is a two-story office building containing 100,000 rentable square feet located in Tamarac, Florida.

The Convergys Building is leased to Convergys Customer Management Group, Inc. (Convergys). The Convergys lease is guaranteed by Convergys parent company, Convergys Corporation, which is an Ohio corporation whose shares are traded on the NYSE having its corporate headquarters in Cincinnati, Ohio. Convergys Corporation provides outsourced billing and customer care services in the United States, Canada, Latin America, Israel and Europe. Convergys Corporation reported a net worth, as of December 31, 2001, of approximately $1.23 billion.

The Convergys lease commenced in September 2001 and expires in September 2011. Convergys has the right to extend the initial 10-year term of this lease for three additional five-year periods at 95% of the then-current market rental rate. Convergys may terminate the Convergys lease at the end of the seventh lease year (September 30, 2008) by providing 12 months prior written notice and paying Wells OP a termination fee of approximately $1,341,000. The current annual base rent payable under the Convergys lease is $1,248,192.

ADIC Buildings

Wells Fund XIII-REIT Joint Venture purchased the ADIC Buildings and an undeveloped 3.43 acre tract of land adjacent to the ADIC Buildings (Additional ADIC Land) on December 21, 2001 for a purchase price of $12,954,213. The ADIC Buildings, which were built in 2001, consist of two connected one-story office and assembly buildings containing a total of 148,204 rentable square feet located in Parker, Colorado.

The ADIC Buildings are currently leased to Advanced Digital Information Corporation (ADIC), which lease does not include the Additional ADIC Land. ADIC is a Washington corporation whose shares are traded on NASDAQ having its corporate headquarters in Redmond, Washington and regional management centers in Englewood, Colorado; Böhmenkirch, Germany; and Paris, France. ADIC manufactures data storage systems and specialized storage management software and distributes these products through its relationships with original equipment manufacturers such as IBM, Sony, Fujitsu,

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Siemens and Hewlett-Packard. ADIC reported a net worth, as of January 31, 2002, of approximately $335 million.

The ADIC lease commenced in December 2001 and expires in December 2011. ADIC has the right to extend the term of its lease for two additional five-year periods at the then-current fair market rental rate for the first year of each five-year extension. The annual base rent will increase 2.5% for each subsequent year of each five-year extension. The current annual base rent payable under the ADIC lease is $1,222,683.

Lucent Building

Wells OP purchased the Lucent Building from Lucent Technologies, Inc. (Lucent Technologies) in a sale-lease back transaction on September 28, 2001 for a purchase price of $17,650,000. The Lucent Building, which was built in 1999, is a four-story office building with 120,000 rentable square feet, which includes a 17.34 acre undeveloped tract of land, located in Cary, North Carolina.

The Lucent Building is leased to Lucent Technologies, whose shares are traded on the NYSE and has its corporate headquarters in Murray Hill, New Jersey. Lucent Technologies designs, develops and manufactures communications systems, software and other products. Lucent Technologies reported a net worth, as of December 31, 2001, of approximately $10.6 billion.

The Lucent lease commenced in September 2001 and expires in September 2011. Lucent Technologies has the right to extend the term of this lease for three additional five-year periods at the then-current fair market rental rate. The current annual base rent payable under the Lucent lease is $1,800,000.

Ingram Micro Building

On September 27, 2001, Wells OP acquired a ground leasehold interest in a 701,819 square foot distribution facility located in Millington, Tennessee, pursuant to a Bond Real Property Lease dated as of December 20, 1995 (Bond Lease). The ground leasehold interest under the Bond Lease, along with the Bond and the Bond Deed of Trust, were purchased from Ingram Micro L.P. (Ingram) in a sale-lease back transaction for a purchase price of $21,050,000. The Bond Lease expires in December 2026. Construction of the Ingram Micro Building was completed in 1997.

Fee simple title to the land upon which the Ingram Micro Building is located is held by the Industrial Development Board of the City of Millington, Tennessee (Industrial Development Board), which originally entered into the Bond Lease with Lease Plan North America, Inc. (Lease Plan). The Industrial Development Board issued an Industrial Development Revenue Note Ingram Micro L.P. Series 1995 (Bond) in a principal amount of $22,000,000 to Lease Plan in order to finance the construction of the Ingram Micro Building. The Bond is secured by a Fee Construction Mortgage Deed of Trust and Assignment of Rents and Leases (Bond Deed of Trust) executed by the Industrial Development Board for the benefit of Lease Plan. Lease Plan assigned to Ingram its ground leasehold interest in the Ingram Micro Building under the Bond Lease. Lease Plan also assigned all of its rights and interest in the Bond and the Bond Deed of Trust to Ingram.

Wells OP also acquired the Bond and the Bond Deed of Trust from Ingram at closing. Beginning in 2006, Wells OP has the option under the Bond Lease to purchase the land underlying the Ingram Micro Building from the Industrial Development Board for $100 plus satisfaction of the indebtedness evidenced by the Bond which, as set forth above, was acquired and is currently held by Wells OP.

Ingram Micro, Inc. (Micro) is the general partner of Ingram and a guarantor on the Ingram lease. Micro, whose shares are traded on the NYSE, has its corporate headquarters in Santa Ana, California.

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Micro provides technology products and supply chain management services through wholesale distribution. It targets three different market segments, including corporate resellers, direct and consumer marketers, and value-added resellers. Micro s worldwide business consists of approximately 14,000 associates and operations in 36 countries. Micro reported a net worth, as of December 29, 2001, of approximately $1.87 billion.

The Ingram lease has a current term of 10 years with two successive options to extend for 10 years each at an annual rate equal to the greater of (1) 95% of the then-current fair market rental rate, or (2) the annual rental payment effective for the final year of the term immediately prior to such extension. Annual rent, as determined for each extended term, is also increased by 15% beginning in the 61st month of each extended term. The current annual base rent payable for the Ingram lease is $2,035,275.

Nissan Property

Purchase of the Nissan Property. The Nissan Property is a build-to-suit property located in Irving, Texas which we purchased on September 19, 2001 for a purchase price of $5,545,700. We commenced construction on a three-story office building containing approximately 268,000 rentable square feet (Nissan Project) in January 2002. Wells OP obtained a construction loan in the amount of $32,400,000 from Bank of America, N.A. (BOA), which is more particularly described in the Real Estate Loans section of the prospectus, to fund the construction of a building on the Nissan Project.

Wells OP entered into a development agreement, an architect agreement and a design and build agreement to construct the Nissan Project on the Nissan Property.

Development Agreement. Wells OP entered into a development agreement (Development Agreement) with Champion Partners, Ltd., a Texas limited partnership (Developer), as the exclusive development manager to supervise, manage and coordinate the planning, design, construction and completion of the Nissan Project. As compensation for the services to be rendered by the Developer under the Development Agreement, Wells OP is paying a development fee of $1,250,000. The fee is due and payable ratably as the construction and development of the Nissan Project is completed.

We anticipate that the aggregate of all costs and expenses to be incurred by Wells OP with respect to the acquisition of the Nissan Property and the planning, design, development, construction and completion of the Nissan Project will total approximately $42,259,000. Under the terms of the Development Agreement, the Developer has agreed that in the event that the total of all such costs and expenses exceeds $42,258,600, subject to certain adjustments, the amount of fees payable to the Developer shall be reduced by the amount of any such excess.

Construction Agreement. Wells OP entered into a design and build construction agreement (Construction Agreement) with Thos. S. Byrne, Inc. (Contractor) for the construction of the Nissan Project. The Contractor is based in Ft. Worth, Texas and specializes in commercial, industrial and high-end residential buildings. The Contractor commenced operations in 1923 and has completed over 200 projects for a total of approximately 60 clients. The Contractor is presently engaged in the construction of over 20 projects with a total construction value of in excess of $235 million.

The Construction Agreement provides that Wells OP will pay the Contractor a maximum of $25,326,017 for the construction of the Nissan Project that includes all estimated fees and costs including the architect fees. The Contractor will be responsible for all costs of labor, materials, construction equipment and machinery necessary for completion of the Nissan Project. In addition, the Contractor will be required to secure and pay for any additional business licenses, tap fees and building permits which may be necessary for construction of the Nissan Project.

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Nissan Lease. The Nissan Property is leased to Nissan Motor Acceptance Corporation (Nissan), a California corporation with its corporate headquarters in Torrance, California. Nissan is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Nissan North America, Inc. (NNA), a guarantor of Nissan s lease. NNA is a California corporation, with headquarters in Gardenia, California. NNA handles the North American business sector of its Japanese parent, Nissan Motor Company, Ltd. NNA s business activities include design, development, manufacturing and marketing of Nissan vehicles in North America. As a subsidiary of NNA, Nissan purchases retail and lease contracts from, and provides wholesale inventory and mortgage loan financing to, Nissan and Infiniti retailers.

The Nissan lease will extend 10 years beyond the rent commencement date. Construction on the building began in January 2002 and is expected to be completed by December 2003. The rent commencement date will occur shortly after completion. Nissan has the right to extend the initial 10-year term of this lease for an additional two years, upon written notice. Nissan also has the right to extend the lease for two additional five-year periods at 95% of the then-current market rental rate, upon written notice. The annual base rent payable for the Nissan lease beginning on the rent commencement date is expected to be $4,225,860.

IKON Buildings

Wells OP purchased the IKON Buildings on September 7, 2001 for a purchase price of $20,650,000. The IKON Buildings, which were built in 2000, consist of two one-story office buildings aggregating 157,790 rentable square feet located in Houston, Texas.

The IKON Buildings are leased to IKON Office Solutions, Inc. (IKON). IKON provides business communication products such as copiers and printers, as well as services such as distributed printing, facilities management, network design, e-business development and technology training. IKON s customers include various sized businesses, professional firms and government agencies. IKON distributes products manufactured by companies such as Microsoft, IBM, Canon, Novell and Hewlett-Packard. IKON reported a net worth, as of December 31, 2001, of approximately $1.43 billion.

The IKON lease commenced in May 2000 and expires in April 2010. IKON has the right to extend the term of this lease for two additional five-year periods at the then-current fair market rental rate. The current annual base rent payable for the IKON lease is $2,015,767.

State Street Building

Wells OP purchased the State Street Building on July 30, 2001 for a purchase price of $49,563,000. The State Street Building, which was built in 1990, is a seven-story office building with 234,668 rentable square feet located in Quincy, Massachusetts.

The State Street Building is leased to SSB Realty, LLC (SSB Realty). SSB Realty is a wholly-owned subsidiary of State Street Corporation, a Massachusetts corporation (State Street). State Street, a guarantor of the SSB Realty lease, is a world leader in providing financial services to investment managers, corporations, public pension funds, unions, not-for-profit organizations and individuals. State Street s services range from investment research and professional investment management to trading and brokerage services to fund accounting and administration. State Street reported a net worth, as of December 31, 2001, of approximately $3.8 billion.

The SSB Realty lease commenced in February 2001 and expires in March 2011. SSB has the right to extend the term of this lease for one additional five-year period at the then-current fair market rental rate. Pursuant to the SSB Realty lease, Wells OP is obligated to provide SSB Realty an allowance of up to approximately $2,112,000 for tenant, building and architectural improvements. The current annual base rent payable for the SSB Realty lease is $6,922,706.

AmeriCredit Building

The XIII-REIT Joint Venture purchased the AmeriCredit Building on July 16, 2001 for a purchase price of $12,500,000. The AmeriCredit Building, which was built in 2001, is a two-story office building containing 85,000 rentable square feet located in Orange Park, Florida.

The AmeriCredit Building is leased to AmeriCredit Financial Services Corporation (AmeriCredit). AmeriCredit is wholly-owned by, and serves as the primary operating subsidiary for, AmeriCredit Corp., a Texas corporation whose common stock is publicly traded on the NYSE. AmeriCredit Corp. is the guarantor of the lease. AmeriCredit is the world s largest independent middle-market automobile finance company. AmeriCredit purchases loans made by franchised and select independent dealers to consumers buying late model used and, to a lesser extent, new automobiles. AmeriCredit Corp. reported a net worth, as of December 31, 2001, of approximately $1.2 billion.

The AmeriCredit lease commenced in June 2001 and expires in May 2011. AmeriCredit has the right to extend the AmeriCredit lease for two additional five-year periods of time. Each extension option must be exercised by giving written notice to the landlord at least 12 months prior to the expiration date of the then-current lease term. The monthly base rent payable for each extended term of the AmeriCredit lease will be equal to 95% of the then-current market rate. The AmeriCredit lease contains a termination option that may be exercised by AmeriCredit effective as of the end of the seventh lease year and requires AmeriCredit to pay the joint venture a termination payment estimated at approximately $1.9 million. AmeriCredit also has an expansion option for an additional 15,000 square feet of office space and 120 parking spaces. AmeriCredit may exercise this expansion option at any time during the first seven lease years. The current annual base rent payable under the AmeriCredit lease is $1,336,200.

Comdata Building

The XII-REIT Joint Venture purchased the Comdata Building on May 15, 2001 for a purchase price of $24,950,000. The Comdata Building, which was built in 1989 and expanded in 1997, is a three-story office building containing 201,237 rentable square feet located in Brentwood, Tennessee.

The Comdata Building is leased to Comdata Network, Inc. (Comdata). Comdata is a leading provider of transaction processing and information services to the transportation and other industries. Comdata provides trucking companies with fuel cards, electronic cash access, permit and licensing services, routing software, driver relationship services and vehicle escorts, among other services. Comdata provides these services to over 400,000 drivers, 7,000 truck stop service centers and 500 terminal fueling locations. Ceridian Corporation, the lease guarantor, is one of North America s leading information services companies that serves the human resources and transportation markets. Ceridian and its subsidiaries generate, process and distribute data for customers and help customers develop systems plans and software to perform these functions internally. Ceridian Corporation reported a net worth, as of September 30, 2001, of approximately $1.1 billion.

The Comdata lease commenced in April 1997 and expires in May 2016. Comdata has the right to extend the Comdata lease for one additional five-year period of time at a rate equal to the greater of the base rent of the final year of the initial term or 90% of the then-current fair market rental rate. The current annual base rent payable for the Comdata lease is $2,458,638.

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AT&T Oklahoma Buildings

The XII-REIT Joint Venture purchased the AT&T Oklahoma Buildings on December 28, 2000 for a purchase price of $15,300,000. The AT&T Oklahoma Buildings, which were built in 1998 and 2000, respectively, consist of a one-story office building and a two-story office building, connected by a mutual hallway, containing an aggregate of 128,500 rentable square feet located in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma.

AT&T Corp. (AT&T) leases the entire 78,500 rentable square feet of the two-story office building and 25,000 rentable square feet of the one-story office building. AT&T is among the world s leading voice and data communications companies, serving consumers, businesses and governments worldwide. AT&T has one of the largest digital wireless networks in North America and is one of the leading suppliers of data and Internet services for businesses. In addition, AT&T offers outsourcing, consulting and networking-integration to large businesses and is one of the largest direct internet access service providers for consumers in the United States. AT&T reported a net worth, as of December 31, 2001, of approximately $51.7 billion.

The AT&T lease commenced in April 2000 and expires in August 2010. AT&T has the right to extend the AT&T lease for two additional five-year periods of time at the then-current fair market rental rate. AT&T has a right of first offer to lease the remainder of the space in the one-story office building currently occupied by Jordan Associates, Inc. (Jordan), if Jordan vacates the premises. The current annual base rent payable for the AT&T lease is $1,242,000.

Jordan leases the remaining 25,000 rentable square feet contained in the one-story office building. Jordan provides businesses with advertising and related services including public relations, research, direct marketing and sales promotion. Through this corporate office and other offices in Tulsa, St. Louis, Indianapolis and Wausau, Wisconsin, Jordan provides services to major clients such as Bank One, Oklahoma, N.A., BlueCross & BlueShield of Oklahoma, Kraft Food Services, Inc., Logix Communications and the American Dental Association.

The Jordan lease commenced in December 1998 and expires in December 2008. Jordan has the right to extend the Jordan lease for one additional five-year period of time at the then-current fair market rental rate. The current annual base rent payable for the Jordan lease is $294,500.

Metris Minnesota Building

Wells OP purchased the Metris Minnesota Building on December 21, 2000 for a purchase price of $52,800,000. The Metris Minnesota Building, which was built in 2000, is a nine-story office building containing 300,633 rentable square feet located in Minnetonka, Minnesota.

The Metris Minnesota Building is Phase II of a two-phase office complex known as Crescent Ridge Corporate Center in Minnetonka, Minnesota, which is a western suburb of Minneapolis. Phase I of Crescent Ridge Corporate Center is an eight-story multi-tenant building which is connected to the Metris Minnesota Building by a single-story restaurant link building. Neither Phase I of Crescent Ridge Corporate Center nor the connecting restaurant are owned by Wells OP.

The Metris Minnesota Building is leased to Metris Direct, Inc. (Metris) as its corporate headquarters. Metris is a principal subsidiary of Metris Companies, Inc. (Metris Companies), a publicly traded company whose shares are listed on the NYSE (symbol MXT) which has guaranteed the Metris lease. Metris Companies is an information-based direct marketer of consumer credit products and fee-based services primarily to moderate income consumers. Metris Companies consumer credit products are primarily unsecured credit cards issued by its subsidiary, Direct Merchants Credit Card Bank. Metris Companies reported a net worth, as of December 31, 2001, of approximately $1.14 billion.

The Metris Minnesota lease commenced in September 2000 and expires in December 2011. Metris has the right to renew the Metris Minnesota lease for an additional five-year term at fair market rent, but in no event less than the basic rent payable in the immediately preceding period. In addition, Metris is required to pay annual parking and storage fees of $87,948 through December 2006 and $114,062 payable on a monthly basis for the remainder of the lease term. The current annual base rent payable for the Metris Minnesota lease is $4,960,445.

Stone & Webster Building

Wells OP purchased the Stone & Webster Building on December 21, 2000 for a purchase price of $44,970,000. The Stone & Webster Building, which was built in 1994, is a six-story office building with 312,564 rentable square feet located in Houston, Texas. In addition, the site includes 4.34 acres of unencumbered land available for expansion.

Stone & Webster is a full-service global engineering and construction company offering managerial and technical resources for solving complex energy, environmental, infrastructure and industrial challenges. The Stone & Webster lease is guaranteed by The Shaw Group, Inc., the parent company of Stone & Webster. Shaw Group is the largest supplier of fabricated piping systems and services in the world. The Shaw Group reported a net worth, as of February 28, 2002, of approximately $612 million.

The Stone & Webster lease commenced in December 2000 and expires in December 2010. Stone & Webster has the right to extend the Stone & Webster lease for two additional five-year periods of time for a base rent equal to the greater of (1) the last year s rent, or (2) the then-current market rental rate. The current annual base rent payable for the Stone & Webster lease is $4,533,056.

SYSCO is the largest marketer and distributor of foodservice products in North America. SYSCO operates from approximately 100 distribution facilities and provides its products and services to about 356,000 restaurants and other users across the United States and portions of Canada. SYSCO reported a net worth, as of December 29, 2001, of approximately $2.2 billion.

The SYSCO lease commenced in October 1998 and expires in September 2008. The current annual base rent payable for the SYSCO lease is $2,130,320.

Motorola Plainfield Building

Wells OP purchased the Motorola Plainfield Building on November 1, 2000 for a purchase price of $33,648,156. The Motorola Plainfield Building, which was built in 1976, is a three-story office building containing 236,710 rentable square feet located in South Plainfield, New Jersey.

The Motorola Plainfield Building is leased to Motorola, Inc. (Motorola). Motorola is a global leader in providing integrated communications solutions and embedded electronic solutions, including software-enhanced wireless telephones, two-way radios and digital and analog systems and set-top terminals for broadband cable television operators. Motorola reported a net worth, as of December 31, 2001 , of approximately $13.7 billion.

The Motorola Plainfield lease commenced in November 2000 and expires in October 2010. Motorola has the right to extend the Motorola Plainfield lease for two additional five-year periods of time for a base rent equal to the greater of (1) base rent for the immediately preceding lease year, or (2) 95%

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of the then-current fair market rental rate. The current annual base rent payable for the Motorola Plainfield lease is $3,324,428.

The Motorola Plainfield lease grants Motorola a right of first refusal to purchase the Motorola Plainfield Building if Wells OP attempts to sell the property during the term of the lease. Additionally, Motorola has an expansion right for an additional 143,000 rentable square feet. If Motorola exercises its expansion option, upon completion of the expansion, the term of the Motorola Plainfield lease shall be extended an additional 10 years after Motorola occupies the expansion space. The base rent for the expansion space shall be determined by the construction costs and fees for the expansion. The base rent for the original building for the extended 10-year period shall be the greater of (1) the then-current base rent, or (2) 95% of the then-current fair market rental rate.

Quest Building

The VIII-IX Joint Venture purchased the Quest Building on January 10, 1997 for a purchase price of $7,193,000. On July 1, 2000, the VIII-IX Joint Venture contributed the Quest Building to the VIII-IX-REIT Joint Venture. The Quest Building, which was built in 1984 and refurbished in 1996, is a two-story office building containing 65,006 rentable square feet located in Irvine, California.

The Quest Building is currently leased to Quest Software, Inc. (Quest). Quest, whose shares are publicly traded, is a corporation that provides software database management and disaster recovery services for its clients. Quest was established in April 1987 to develop and market software products to help insure uninterrupted, high performance access to enterprise and custom computing applications and databases. Quest reported a net worth, as of December 31, 2001, of approximately $441 million.

The Quest lease commenced in June 2000 and expires in January 2004. The annual base rent payable for the remaining portion of the initial lease term is $1,287,119. Quest has the right to extend the lease for two additional one-year periods of time at an annual base rent of $1,365,126.

Delphi Building

Wells OP purchased the Delphi Building on June 29, 2000 for a purchase price of $19,800,000. The Delphi Building, which was built in 2000, is a three-story office building containing 107,193 rentable square feet located in Troy, Michigan.

The Delphi Building is leased to Delphi Automotive Systems LLC (Delphi LLC). Delphi LLC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Delphi Automotive Systems Corporation (Delphi), formerly the Automotive Components Group of General Motors, which was spun off from General Motors in May 1999. Delphi is the world s largest automotive components supplier and sells its products to almost every major manufacturer of light vehicles in the world. Delphi reported a net worth, as of December 31, 2001, of approximately $2.22 billion.

The Delphi lease commenced in May 2000 and expires in April 2007. Delphi LLC has the right to extend the Delphi lease for two additional five-year periods of time at 95% of the then-current fair market rental rate. The current annual base rent payable for the Delphi lease is $1,955,524.

Avnet Building

Wells OP purchased the Avnet Building on June 12, 2000 for a purchase price of $13,250,000. The Avnet Building, which was built in 2000, is a two-story office building containing 132,070 rentable square feet located in Tempe, Arizona. The Avnet Building is subject to a first priority mortgage in favor of

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SouthTrust Bank, N.A. (SouthTrust) securing a SouthTrust Line of Credit, which is more particularly described in the Real Estate Loans section of this prospectus.

The Avnet Building is leased to Avnet, Inc. (Avnet). Avnet is a Fortune 300 company and one of the world s largest industrial distributors of electronic components and computer products, including microprocessors, semi-conductors and electromechanical devices, serving customers in 60 countries. Additionally, Avnet sells products of more than 100 of the world s leading component manufacturers to customers around the world. Avnet reported a net worth, as of December 28, 2001, of approximately $1.77 billion.

The Avnet lease commenced in May 2000 and expires in April 2010. Avnet has the right to extend the Avnet lease for two additional five-year periods of time. The annual rent payable for the first three years of each extension period will be at the current fair market rental rate at the end of the preceding term. The annual rent payable for the fourth and fifth years of each extension period will be the then-current fair market rental rate at the end of the preceding term multiplied by a factor of 1.093. The current annual base rent payable for the Avnet lease is $1,516,164.

Avnet has a right of first refusal to purchase the Avnet Building if Wells OP attempts to sell the Avnet Building. Avnet also has an expansion option. Wells OP has the option to undertake the expansion or allow Avnet to undertake the expansion at its own expense, subject to certain terms and conditions.

The Avnet ground lease commenced in April 1999 and expires in September 2083. Wells OP has the right to terminate the Avnet ground lease prior to the expiration of the 30th year. The current annual ground lease payment pursuant to the Avnet ground lease is $230,777.

Siemens Building

The XII-REIT Joint Venture purchased the Siemens Building on May 10, 2000 for a purchase price of $14,265,000. The Siemens Building, which was built in 2000, is a three-story office building containing 77,054 rentable square feet located in Troy, Michigan.

The Siemens Building is leased to Siemens Automotive Corporation (Siemens). Siemens is a subsidiary of Siemens Corporation USA, a domestic corporation which conducts the American operations of Siemens AG, the world s second largest manufacturer of electronic capital goods. Siemens, part of the worldwide Automotive Systems Group of Siemens AG, is a supplier of advanced electronic and electrical products and systems to automobile manufacturers.

The Siemens lease commenced in January 2000 and expires in August 2010. Siemens has the right to extend the Siemens lease for two additional five-year periods at 95% of the then-current fair market rental rate. The current annual base rent payable for the Siemens lease is $1,374,643.

Siemens has a one-time right to cancel the Siemens lease effective after the 90th month of the lease term if Siemens pays a cancellation fee to the XII-REIT Joint Venture currently calculated to be approximately $1,234,160.

Motorola Tempe Building

Wells OP purchased the Motorola Tempe Building on March 29, 2000 for a purchase price of $16,000,000. The Motorola Tempe Building, which was built in 1998, is a two-story office building containing 133,225 rentable square feet in Tempe, Arizona. The Motorola Tempe Building is subject to a

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first priority mortgage in favor of SouthTrust securing a SouthTrust line of credit, which is more particularly described in the Real Estate Loans section of this prospectus.

The Motorola Tempe Building is leased to Motorola, Inc. (Motorola) and is occupied by Motorola s Satellite Communications Division (SATCOM). SATCOM is a worldwide developer and manufacturer of space and ground communications equipment and systems. SATCOM is the prime contractor for the Iridium System and is primarily engaged in computer design and development functions.

The Motorola Tempe lease commenced in August 1998 and expires in August 2005. Motorola has the right to extend the Motorola Tempe lease for four additional five-year periods of time at the then-prevailing market rental rate. The current annual rent payable under the Motorola Tempe lease is $1,843,834.

The Motorola Tempe Building is subject to a ground lease that commenced in November 1997 and expires in December 2082. Wells OP has the right to terminate the Motorola Tempe ground lease prior to the expiration of the 30th year and prior to the expiration of each subsequent 10-year period thereafter. The current annual ground lease payment pursuant to the Motorola Tempe ground lease is $243,825.

ASML Building

Wells OP purchased the ASML Building on March 29, 2000 for a purchase price of $17,355,000. The ASML Building, which was built in 2000, is a two-story office and warehouse building containing 95,133 rentable square feet located in Tempe, Arizona. The ASML Building is subject to a first priority mortgage in favor of SouthTrust securing a SouthTrust line of credit, which is more particularly described in the Real Estate Loans section of this prospectus.

The ASML Building is leased to ASM Lithography, Inc. (ASML). ASML is a wholly-owned subsidiary of ASM Lithography Holdings NV (ASML Holdings), a Dutch multi-national corporation that supplies lithography systems used for printing integrated circuit designs onto very thin disks of silicon, commonly referred to as wafers. These systems are supplied to integrated circuit manufacturers throughout the United States, Asia and Western Europe. ASML Holdings, a guarantor of the ASML lease, reported a net worth, as of December 31, 2001, of approximately $1.1 billion.

The ASML lease commenced in June 1998 and expires in June 2013. The current annual base rent payable under the ASML lease is $1,927,788. ASML has an expansion option which allows ASML the ability to expand the building into at least an additional 30,000 rentable square feet, to be constructed by Wells OP. If the expansion option exercised is for less than 30,000 square feet, Wells OP may reject the exercise at its sole discretion. In the event that ASML exercises its expansion option after the first five years of the initial lease term, such lease term will be extended to 10 years from the date of such expansion.

The ASML Building is subject to a ground lease that commenced in August 1997 and expires in December 2082. Wells OP has the right to terminate the ASML ground lease prior to the expiration of the 30th year, and prior to the expiration of each subsequent 10-year period thereafter. The current annual ground lease payment pursuant to the ASML ground lease is $186,368.

Dial Building

Wells OP purchased the Dial Building on March 29, 2000 for a purchase price of $14,250,000. The Dial Building, which was built in 1997, is a two-story office building containing 129,689 rentable square feet located in Scottsdale, Arizona. The Dial Building is subject to a first priority mortgage in favor of SouthTrust securing a SouthTrust line of credit, which is more particularly described in the Real Estate Loans section of this prospectus.

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The Dial Building is leased to Dial Corporation (Dial). Dial currently has its headquarters in the Dial Building and is one of the leading consumer product manufacturers in the United States. Dial s brands include Dial soap, Purex detergents, Renuzit air fresheners, Armour canned meats, and a variety of other leading consumer products. Dial reported a net worth, as of December 31, 2001, of approximately $81.8 million.

The Dial lease commenced in August 1997 and expires in August 2008. Dial has the right to extend the Dial lease for two additional five-year periods of time at 95% of the then-current fair market rental rate. The annual rent payable for the initial term of the Dial lease is $1,387,672.

Metris Tulsa Building

Wells OP purchased the Metris Tulsa Building on February 11, 2000 for a purchase price of $12,700,000. The Metris Tulsa Building, which was built in 2000, is a three-story office building containing 101,100 rentable square feet located in Tulsa, Oklahoma.

The Metris Tulsa Building is leased to Metris Direct, Inc. (Metris). Metris Companies, Inc., the parent company of Metris, has guaranteed the Metris Tulsa lease. The Metris Tulsa lease commenced in February 2000 and expires in January 2010. Metris has the right to extend the Metris Tulsa lease for two additional five-year periods of time. The monthly base rent payable for the renewal terms of the Metris Tulsa lease shall be equal to the then-current market rate. The current annual base rent payable for the Metris Tulsa lease is $1,187,925.

Cinemark Building

Wells OP purchased the Cinemark Building on December 21, 1999 for a purchase price of $21,800,000. The Cinemark Building, which was built in 1999, is a five-story office building containing 118,108 rentable square feet located in Plano, Texas. The Cinemark Building is subject to a first priority mortgage in favor of SouthTrust securing a SouthTrust line of credit, which is more particularly described in the Real Estate Loans section of this prospectus.

The entire 118,108 rentable square feet of the Cinemark Building is currently leased to two tenants. Cinemark USA, Inc. (Cinemark) occupies 65,521 rentable square feet (56%) of the Cinemark Building, and The Coca-Cola Company (Coca-Cola) occupies the remaining 52,587 (44%) rentable square feet of the Cinemark Building.

Cinemark, a privately owned company, is one of the largest motion picture exhibitors in North and South America. Cinemark currently operates in excess of 2,575 screens in 32 states within the United States and internationally in countries such as Argentina, Brazil, Canada, Chile, Costa Rica, Ecuador, El Salvador, Honduras, Nicaragua, Mexico and Peru. Cinemark reported a net worth, as of December 31, 2001, of approximately $25.3 million.

The Cinemark lease commenced in December 1999 and expires in December 2009. Cinemark has the right to extend the Cinemark lease for one additional five-year period of time and a subsequent additional 10-year period of time. The monthly base rent payable for the second renewal term of the Cinemark lease shall be equal to 95% of the then-current market rate. Cinemark has a right of first refusal to lease any of the remaining rentable area of the Cinemark Building that subsequently becomes vacant. The current annual base rent payable for the Cinemark lease is $1,366,491.

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Coca-Cola is the global soft-drink industry leader with world headquarters in Atlanta, Georgia. Coca-Cola manufactures and sells syrups, concentrates and beverage bases for Coca-Cola, the company s flagship brand, and over 160 other soft drink brands in nearly 200 countries around the world. Coca-Cola reported a net worth, as of December 31, 2001, of approximately $11.4 billion.

The Coca-Cola lease commenced in December 1999 and expires in November 2006. Coca-Cola has the right to extend the lease for two additional five-year periods of time. The current annual base rent payable for the Coca-Cola lease is $1,354,184.

Gartner Building

The XI-XII-REIT Joint Venture purchased the Gartner Building on September 20, 1999 for a purchase price of $8,320,000. The Gartner Building, which was built in 1998, is a two-story office building containing 62,400 rentable square feet located in Fort Myers, Florida.

The Gartner Building is currently leased to The Gartner Group, Inc. (Gartner). The Gartner Building is occupied by Gartner s Financial Services Division. Gartner is one of the world s leading independent providers of research and analysis related to information and technology solutions. Gartner has over 80 locations worldwide and over 12,000 clients.

The Gartner lease commenced in February 1998 and expires in January 2008. Gartner has the right to extend the lease for two additional five-year periods of time at a rate equal to the lesser of (1) the prior rate increased by 2.5%, or (2) 95% of the then-current market rate. The current annual base rent payable for the Gartner lease is $830,656.

Videojet Technologies Chicago Building

Wells OP purchased the Videojet Technologies Chicago Building on September 10, 1999 for a purchase price of $32,630,940. The Videojet Technologies Chicago Building, which was built in 1991, is a two-story office, assembly and manufacturing building containing 250,354 rentable square located in Wood Dale, Illinois. The Videojet Technologies Chicago Building is subject to a first priority mortgage in favor of Bank of America, N.A. (BOA) securing the BOA loan, which is more particularly described in the Real Estate Loans section of this prospectus.

The Videojet Technologies Chicago Building is leased to Videojet Technologies, Inc. (Videojet). Videojet is one of the largest manufacturers of digital imaging, process control, and asset management systems worldwide. In February 2002, Videojet was acquired by Danaher Corporation (Danaher), a company whose shares are traded on the NYSE. Danaher is a leading manufacturer of process and environmental controls and tools and components.

The Videojet lease commenced in November 1991 and expires in November 2011. Videojet has the right to extend the Videojet lease for one additional five-year period of time. The current annual base rent payable for the Videojet lease is $3,376,746.

Johnson Matthey Building

The XI-XII-REIT Joint Venture purchased the Johnson Matthey Building on August 17, 1999 for a purchase price of $8,000,000. The Johnson Matthey Building, which was built in 1973 and refurbished in 1998, is a 130,000 square foot research and development, office and warehouse building located in Wayne, Pennsylvania.

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The Johnson Matthey Building is currently leased to Johnson Matthey, Inc. (Johnson Matthey). Johnson Matthey is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Johnson Matthey, PLC of the United Kingdom, a world leader in advanced materials technology. Johnson Matthey, PLC, a company whose shares are publicly traded, is over 175 years old, has operations in 38 countries and employs 12,000 people. Johnson Matthey reported a net worth, as of September 30, 2001, of approximately $1.16 billion.

The Johnson Matthey lease commenced in July 1998 and expires in June 2007. Johnson Matthey has the right to extend the lease for two additional three-year periods of time at the then-current fair market rent. Johnson Matthey has a right of first refusal to purchase the Johnson Matthey Building in the event that the XI-XII-REIT Joint Venture desires to sell the building to an unrelated third-party. The current annual base rent payable under the Johnson Matthey lease is $854,748.

Alstom Power Richmond Building

Wells OP purchased a 7.49 acre tract of land on July 22, 1999 for a purchase price of $936,250 and completed construction of the Alstom Power Richmond Building at an aggregate cost of approximately $11,400,000, including the cost of the land. The Alstom Power Richmond Building, which was built in 2000, is a four-story brick office building containing 99,057 gross square feet located in Midlothian, Virginia.

Wells OP originally obtained a construction loan from SouthTrust in the maximum principal amount of $9,280,000 to fund the development and construction of the Alstom Power Richmond Building. This loan, which is more specifically detailed in the Real Estate Loans section of this prospectus, was converted to a line of credit and is secured by a first priority mortgage against the Alstom Power Richmond Building, an assignment of the landlord s interest in the Alstom Power Richmond lease and a $4,000,000 letter of credit issued by Unibank.

The Alstom Power Richmond Building is leased to Alstom Power, Inc. (Alstom Power). Alstom Power is the result of the December 30, 1999 merger between ABB Power Generation, Inc. and ABB Alstom Power, Inc. Alstom Power reported a net worth, as of September 30, 2001, of approximately $1.8 billion.

The Alstom Power Richmond lease commenced in July 2000 and expires in July 2007. Alstom Power has the right to extend the lease for two additional five-year periods of time at the then-current market rental rate. The current annual base rent payable for the Alstom Power lease is $1,213,324.

Alstom Power has a one-time option to terminate the Alstom Power lease as to a portion of the premises containing between 24,500 and 25,500 rentable square feet as of the fifth anniversary of the rental commencement date and Alstom Power will be required to pay a termination fee equal to six times the sum of the next due installments of rent plus the unamortized portions of the base improvement allowance, additional allowance and broker commission, each being amortized in equal monthly installments of principal and interest over the initial term of the lease at an annual rate of 10%.

Sprint Building

The XI-XII-REIT Joint Venture purchased the Sprint Building on July 2, 1999 for a purchase price of $9,500,000. The Sprint Building, which was built in 1992, is a three-story office building containing 68,900 rentable square feet located in Leawood, Kansas.

The Sprint Building is leased to Sprint Communications Company L.P. (Sprint). Sprint is the nation s third largest long distance phone company, which operates on an all-digital long distance

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telecommunications network using state-of-the-art fiber optic and electronic technology. Sprint reported a net worth, as of December 31, 2001, of approximately $12.6 billion.

The Sprint lease commenced in May 1997 and expires in May 2007, subject to Sprint s right to extend the lease for two additional five-year periods of time. The annual base rent payable under the Sprint lease is $1,102,404 for the remainder of the lease term. The monthly base rent payable for each extended term of the Sprint lease will be equal to 95% of the then-current market rental rate.

The Sprint lease contains a termination option which may be exercised by Sprint effective as of May 18, 2004 provided that Sprint has not exercised either expansion option, as described below. Sprint must provide notice to the XI-XII-REIT Joint Venture of its intent to exercise its termination option on or before August 21, 2003. If Sprint exercises its termination option, it will be required to pay the joint venture a termination payment equal to $6.53 per square foot, or $450,199.

Sprint also has an expansion option for an additional 20,000 square feet of office space. If Sprint exercises an expansion option, the XI-XII-REIT Joint Venture will be required to construct the expansion improvements in accordance with the specific drawings and plans attached as an exhibit to the Sprint lease. The joint venture will be required to fund the expansion improvements and to fund to Sprint a tenant finish allowance of $10 per square foot for the expansion space.

EYBL CarTex Building

The XI-XII-REIT Joint Venture purchased the EYBL CarTex Building on May 18, 1999 for a purchase price of $5,085,000. The EYBL CarTex Building, which was built in 1989, is a manufacturing and office building consisting of a total of 169,510 square feet located in Fountain Inn, South Carolina.

The EYBL CarTex Building is leased to EYBL CarTex, Inc. (EYBL CarTex). EYBL CarTex produces automotive textiles for BMW, Mercedes, GM Bali, VW Mexico and Golf A4. EYBL CarTex is a wholly-owned subsidiary of EYBL International, AG, Krems/Austria. EYBL International is the world s largest producer of circular knit textile products and loop pile plushes for the automotive industry. EYBL International reported a net worth, as of September 30, 2001, of approximately $41.5 billion.

The EYBL CarTex lease commenced in March 1998 and expires in February 2008, subject to EYBL CarTex s right to extend the lease for two additional five-year periods of time. The monthly base rent payable for each extended term of the lease will be equal to the fair market rent. In addition, EYBL CarTex has an option to purchase the EYBL CarTex Building at the expiration of the initial lease term by giving notice to the landlord by March 1, 2007. The current annual base rent payable under the EYBL CarTex lease is $550,908.

Matsushita Building

Wells OP purchased an 8.8 acre tract of land on March 15, 1999, for a purchase price of $4,450,230. Wells OP completed construction of the Matsushita Building in 2000 at an aggregate cost of $18,431,206, including the cost of the land. The Matsushita Building is a two-story office building containing 144,906 rentable square feet located in Lake Forest, California.

The Matsushita Building is leased to Matsushita Avionics Systems Corporation (Matsushita Avionics). Matsushita Avionics is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Matsushita Electric Corporation of America (Matsushita Electric). Matsushita Electric, a guarantor of the Matsushita lease, is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd. (Matsushita Industrial), a Japanese company which is the world s largest consumer electronics manufacturer.

The Matsushita lease commenced in January 2000 and expires in January 2007. Matsushita Avionics has the option to extend the initial term of the Matsushita lease for two successive five-year periods at a rate of 95% of the stated rental rate. The monthly base rent during the option term shall be adjusted upward at the beginning of the 24th and 48th month of each option term by an amount equal to 6% of the monthly base rent payable immediately preceding such period. The current annual base rent payable for the Matsushita lease is $2,005,464.

AT&T Pennsylvania Building

Wells OP purchased the AT&T Pennsylvania Building on February 4, 1999 for a purchase price of $12,291,200. The AT&T Pennsylvania Building, which was built in 1998, is a four-story office building containing 81,859 rentable square feet located in Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

The AT&T Pennsylvania Building is leased to Pennsylvania Cellular Telephone Corp. (Pennsylvania Telephone), a subsidiary of AT&T Corp. (AT&T), and the obligations of Pennsylvania Telephone under the Pennsylvania Telephone lease are guaranteed by AT&T.

The Pennsylvania Telephone lease commenced in November 1998 and expires in November 2008. Pennsylvania Telephone has the option to extend the initial term of the Pennsylvania Telephone lease for three additional five-year periods and one additional four year and 11-month period. The annual base rent for each extended term under the lease will be equal to 93% of the fair market rent. The fair market rent shall be multiplied by the fair market escalator (which represents the yearly rate of increases in the fair market rent for the entire renewal term), if any. The current annual base rent payable for the Pennsylvania Telephone lease is $1,442,116.

In addition, the Pennsylvania Telephone lease contains an option to expand the premises to create additional office space of not less than 40,000 gross square feet and not more than 90,000 gross square feet, as well as additional parking to accommodate such office space. If Pennsylvania Telephone exercises its option for the expansion improvements, Wells OP will be obligated to expend the funds necessary to construct the expansion improvements. Pennsylvania Telephone may exercise its expansion option by delivering written notice to Wells OP at any time before the last business day of the 96th month of the initial term of the Pennsylvania Telephone lease.

PwC Building

Wells OP purchased the PwC Building on December 31, 1998 for a purchase price of $21,127,854. The PwC Building, which was built in 1998, is a four-story office building containing 130,091 rentable square feet located in Tampa, Florida. Wells OP purchased the PwC Building subject to a loan from SouthTrust. The SouthTrust loan, which is more particularly described in the Real Estate Loans section of this prospectus, is secured by a first priority mortgage against the PwC Building.

The PwC Building is leased to PricewaterhouseCoopers (PwC). PwC provides a full range of business advisory services to leading global, national and local companies and to public institutions.

The PwC lease commenced in December 1998 and expires in December 2008, subject to PwC s right to extend the lease for two additional five-year periods of time. The current annual base rent payable under the PwC lease is $2,093,382. The base rent escalates at the rate of 3% per year throughout the 10-year lease term. In addition, PwC is required to pay a reserve of $13,009 ($0.10 per square foot) as additional rent.

The annual base rent for each renewal term under the lease will be equal to the greater of (1) 90% of the then-current market rent rate for such space multiplied by the rentable area of the leased premises, or (2) 100% of the base rent paid during the last lease year of the initial term, or the then-current renewal term.

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In addition, the PwC lease contains an option to expand the premises to include an additional three or four-story building with an amount of square feet up to a total of 132,000 square feet which, if exercised by PwC, will require Wells OP to expend funds necessary to construct the expansion building. PwC may exercise its expansion option at any time prior to the expiration of the initial term of the PwC lease.

If PwC elects to exercise its expansion option, Wells OP will be required to expand the parking garage such that a sufficient number of parking spaces, at least equal to four parking spaces per 1,000 square feet of rentable area, is maintained. In the event that PwC elects to exercise its expansion option and Wells OP determines not to proceed with the construction of the expansion building as described above, or if Wells OP is otherwise required to construct the expansion building and fails to do so in a timely basis pursuant to the PwC lease, PwC may exercise its purchase option by giving Wells OP written notice of such exercise within 30 days after either such event. If PwC properly exercises its purchase option, PwC must simultaneously deliver a deposit in the amount of $50,000.

Cort Furniture Building

The Cort Joint Venture purchased the Cort Furniture Building on July 31, 1998 for a purchase price of $6,400,000. The Cort Furniture Building, which was built in 1975, is a one-story office, showroom and warehouse building containing 52,000 rentable square feet located in Fountain Valley, California.

The Cort Furniture Building is leased to Cort Furniture Rental Corporation (Cort). Cort uses the Cort Furniture Building as its regional corporate headquarters with an attached clearance showroom and warehouse storage areas. Cort is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Cort Business Services Corporation, the largest and only national provider of high-quality office and residential rental furniture and related accessories. The obligations of Cort under the Cort Furniture lease are guaranteed by Cort Business Services Corporation.

The Cort lease commenced in November 1988 and expires in October 2003. Cort has an option to extend the Cort lease for an additional five-year period of time at 90% of the then-fair market rental value, but will be no less than the rent in the 15th year of the Cort lease. The current annual base rent payable under the Cort lease is $834,888 for the remainder of the lease term.

Fairchild Building

The Fremont Joint Venture purchased the Fairchild Building on July 21, 1998 for a purchase price of $8,900,000. The Fairchild Building, which was built in 1985, is a two-story manufacturing and office building containing 58,424 rentable square feet located in Fremont, Alameda County, California.

The Fairchild Building is leased to Fairchild Technologies U.S.A., Inc. (Fairchild). Fairchild is a global leader in the design and manufacture of production equipment for semiconductor and compact disk manufacturing. Fairchild is a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Fairchild Corporation (Fairchild Corp), the largest aerospace fastener and fastening system manufacturer and one of the largest independent aerospace parts distributors in the world. The obligations of Fairchild under the Fairchild lease are guaranteed by Fairchild Corp. Fairchild Corp. reported a net worth, as of December 30, 2001, of approximately $403 million.

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The Fairchild lease commenced in December 1997 and expires in November 2004, subject to Fairchild s right to extend the Fairchild lease for an additional five-year period. The base rent during the first year of the extended term of the Fairchild lease, if exercised by Fairchild, shall be 95% of the then-fair market rental value of the Fairchild Building subject to the annual 3% increase adjustments. The current annual base rent payable under the Fairchild lease is $920,144.

Avaya Building

The Avaya Building was purchased by the IX-X-XI-REIT Joint Venture on June 24, 1998 for a purchase price of $5,504,276. The Avaya Building, which was built in 1998, is a one-story office building containing 57,186 rentable square feet located in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma.

The Avaya Building is leased to Avaya, Inc. (Avaya), the former Enterprise Networks Group of Lucent Technologies Inc. (Lucent Technologies). Lucent Technologies, the former tenant, assigned the lease to Avaya on September 30, 2000. Lucent Technologies, which has not been released from its obligations as tenant to pay rent under the lease, is a telecommunications company which was spun off by AT&T in April 1996. Avaya reported a net worth, as of December 31, 2001, of approximately $452 million. Lucent Technologies reported a net worth, as of December 31, 2001, of approximately $10.63 billion.

The Avaya lease commenced in January 1998 and expires in January 2008. The current annual base rent payable under the Avaya lease is $536,977. Under the Avaya lease, Avaya also has an option to terminate the Avaya lease on the seventh anniversary of the rental commencement date. If Avaya elects to exercise its option to terminate the Avaya lease, Avaya would be required to pay a termination payment anticipated to be approximately $1,339,000.

Iomega Building

Wells Fund X originally purchased the Iomega Building on April 1, 1998 for a purchase price of $5,025,000 and, on July 1, 1998, contributed the Iomega Building to the IX-X-XI-REIT Joint Venture. The Iomega Building is a warehouse and office building with 108,250 rentable square feet located in Ogden, Utah.

The Iomega Building is leased to Iomega Corporation (Iomega). Iomega, a company whose shares are traded on the NYSE, is a manufacturer of computer storage devices used by individuals, businesses, government and educational institutions, including Zip drives and disks, Jaz one gigabyte drives and disks, and tape backup drives and cartridges. Iomega reported a net worth, as of December 31, 2001, of approximately $378.9 million.

The Iomega lease commenced in August 1996 and expires in April 2009. On March 1, 2003 and July 1, 2006, the monthly base rent payable under the Iomega lease will be increased to reflect an amount equal to 100% of the increase in the Consumer Price Index during the preceding 40 months; provided however, that in no event shall the base rent be increased with respect to any one year by more than 6% or by less than 3% per year, compounded annually, on a cumulative basis from the beginning of the lease term. The current annual base rent payable under the Iomega lease is $659,868.

Interlocken Building

The IX-X-XI-REIT Joint Venture purchased the Interlocken Building on March 20, 1998 for a purchase price of $8,275,000. The Interlocken Building, which was built in 1996, is a three-story multi-tenant office building containing 51,975 rentable square feet located in Broomfield, Colorado. The aggregate current annual base rent payable for all tenants of the Interlocken Building is $1,070,515.

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Ohmeda Building

The IX-X-XI-REIT Joint Venture purchased the Ohmeda Building on February 13, 1998 for a purchase price of $10,325,000. The Ohmeda Building, which was built in 1988, is a two-story office building containing 106,750 rentable square feet located in Louisville, Colorado.

The Ohmeda Building is leased to Ohmeda, Inc. (Ohmeda). Ohmeda is a medical supply firm based in Boulder, Colorado and is a worldwide leader in vascular access and hemodynamic monitoring for hospital patients. On April 13, 1998, Instrumentarium Corporation (Instrumentarium), a Finnish company, acquired the division of Ohmeda that occupies the Ohmeda Building. Instrumentarium, a guarantor on the Ohmeda lease, is an international health care company concentrating on selected fields of medical technology manufacturing, marketing and distribution. Instrumentarium reported a net worth, as of December 31, 2001, of approximately $480 million.

The Ohmeda lease expires in January 2005, subject to Ohmeda s right to extend the Ohmeda lease for two additional five-year periods of time. The current annual base rent payable under the Ohmeda lease is $1,004,520.

The Ohmeda lease contains an option to expand the premises by an amount of square feet up to a total of 200,000 square feet which, if exercised by Ohmeda, will require the IX-X-XI-REIT Joint Venture to expend funds necessary to acquire additional land, if necessary, and to construct the expansion space.

Alstom Power Knoxville Building

Wells Fund IX purchased the land and constructed the Alstom Power Knoxville Building. The Alstom Power Knoxville Building, which was built in 1997, is a three-story multi-tenant steel-framed office building containing 84,404 square feet located in Knoxville, Tennessee. Wells Fund IX contributed the Alstom Power Knoxville Building to the IX-X-XI-REIT Joint Venture on March 26, 1997 and was credited with making a $7,900,000 capital contribution to the IX-X-XI-REIT Joint Venture.

The Alstom Power Knoxville Building is currently leased to Alstom Power, Inc. (Alstom Power). Alstom Power is the result of the December 30, 1999 merger between ABB Power Generation, Inc. and ABB Alstom Power, Inc. Alstom Power reported a net worth, as of September 30, 2001, of approximately $1.8 billion.

As security for Alstom Power s obligations under its lease, Alstom Power has provided to the IX-X-XI-REIT Joint Venture an irrevocable standby letter of credit in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth in the Alstom Power Knoxville lease. The letter of credit maintained by Alstom Power is required to be in the amount of $4,000,000 until the seventh anniversary of the rental commencement date (January 2005), at which time it will be reduced by $1,000,000 each year until the end of the lease term.

The Alstom Power Knoxville lease commenced in January 1998 and expires in November 2007. The current annual base rent for the Alstom Power Knoxville lease is $1,106,520.

Alstom Power has an option to terminate the Alstom Power Knoxville lease as of the seventh anniversary of the rental commencement date. If Alstom Power elects to exercise this termination option, Alstom Power is required to pay to the IX-X-XI-REIT Joint Venture a termination payment currently estimated to be approximately $1,800,000 based upon certain assumptions.

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Property Management Fees

Wells Management, our Property Manager, has been retained to manage and lease substantially all of our properties. Except as set forth below, we pay management and leasing fees to Wells Management in an amount equal to the lesser of: (A) 4.5% of gross revenues, or (B) 0.6% of the net asset value of the properties (excluding vacant properties) owned by the Wells REIT, calculated on an annual basis. For purposes of this calculation, net asset value shall be defined as the excess of (1) the aggregate of the fair market value of all properties owned by the Wells REIT (excluding vacant properties), over (2) the aggregate outstanding debt of the Wells REIT (excluding debts having maturities of one year or less). In addition, we may pay Wells Management a separate fee for the one-time initial rent-up or leasing-up of newly constructed properties in an amount not to exceed the fee customarily charged in arm s length transactions by others rendering similar services in the same geographic area for similar properties as determined by a survey of brokers and agents in such area (customarily equal to the first month s rent).

Wells Management has also been retained to manage and lease all of the properties currently owned by the IX-X-XI-REIT Joint Venture and the VIII-IX-REIT Joint Venture. While both Wells Fund XI and the Wells REIT are authorized to pay management and leasing fees to Wells Management in the amount of 4.5% of gross revenues, Wells Fund VIII, Wells Fund IX and Wells Fund X are authorized to pay aggregate management and leasing fees to Wells Management in the amount of 6% of gross revenues. Accordingly, a portion of the gross revenues of these joint ventures will be subject to a 6% management and leasing fee and a portion of gross revenues will be subject to a 4.5% management and leasing fee based upon the respective ownership percentages of the joint venture partners in each of these two joint ventures.

Wells Management also received or will receive a one-time initial lease-up fee equal to the first month s rent for the leasing of the Alstom Power Knoxville Building, the Avaya Building, the Matsushita Building, the Alstom Power Richmond Building and the Nissan Project.

Real Estate Loans

SouthTrust Loans

Wells OP has established various secured lines of credit with SouthTrust Bank, N.A. (SouthTrust) whereby SouthTrust has agreed to lend an aggregate amount of up to $72,140,000 in connection with its purchase of real properties. The interest rate on each of these separate lines of credit is an annual variable rate equal to the London InterBank Offered Rate (LIBOR) for a 30-day period plus 175 basis points. Wells OP will be charged an advance fee of 0.125% of the amount of each advance. As of June 30, 2002, the interest rate on each of the SouthTrust lines of credit was 3.625% per annum.

The $32,393,000 SouthTrust Line of Credit

The $32,393,000 SouthTrust line of credit requires monthly payments of interest only and matures on September 10, 2002. This SouthTrust line of credit is secured by first priority mortgages against the Cinemark Building, the Dial Building and the ASML Building. As of June 30, 2002, there was no outstanding principal balance due on the $32,393,000 SouthTrust line of credit.

The $12,844,000 SouthTrust Line of Credit

The $12,844,000 SouthTrust line of credit requires monthly payments of interest only and matures on September 10, 2002. This SouthTrust line of credit is secured by a first priority mortgage against the PwC Building. As of June 30, 2002, there was no outstanding principal balance due on the $12,844,000 SouthTrust line of credit.

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The $19,003,000 SouthTrust Line of Credit

The $19,003,000 SouthTrust line of credit requires monthly payments of interest only and matures on September 10, 2002. This SouthTrust line of credit is secured by first priority mortgages against the Avnet Building and the Motorola Tempe Building. As of June 30, 2002, there was no outstanding principal balance due on the $19,003,000 SouthTrust line of credit.

The $7,900,000 SouthTrust Line of Credit

Wells OP originally obtained a loan from SouthTrust Bank, N.A. in connection with the acquisition, development and construction of the Alstom Power Richmond Building. After completion of construction, SouthTrust converted the construction loan into a separate line of credit in the maximum principal amount of up to $7,900,000. This SouthTrust line of credit requires payments of interest only and matures on September 10, 2002. The $7,900,000 SouthTrust line of credit is secured by a first priority mortgage against the Alstom Power Richmond Building, the Alstom Power Richmond lease and a $4,000,000 letter of credit issued by Unibank. As of June 30, 2002, the outstanding principal balance on the $7,900,000 SouthTrust line of credit was $7,655,600.

BOA Line of Credit

Wells OP established a secured line of credit in the amount of $85,000,000 with Bank of America, N.A. (BOA Line of Credit) in connection with its purchase of real properties. In addition, Wells OP may increase the BOA Line of Credit up to an amount of $110,000,000 with the lender s approval. The interest rate on the BOA Line of Credit is an annual variable rate equal to LIBOR for a 30-day period plus 180 basis points. The BOA Line of Credit requires monthly payments of interest only and matures on May 11, 2004. As of June 30, 2002, the interest rate on the BOA Line of Credit was 3.63% per annum. The BOA Line of Credit is secured by first priority mortgages against the Videojet Technologies Chicago Building, the AT&T Pennsylvania Building, the Motorola Tempe Building, the Matsushita Building, the Metris Tulsa Building and the Delphi Building. As of June 30, 2002, there was no outstanding principal balance due on the BOA Line of Credit.

BOA Construction Loan

Wells OP obtained a construction loan in the amount of $34,200,000 from Bank of America, N.A. (BOA Loan), to fund the construction of a building on the Nissan Property located in Irving, Texas. The loan requires monthly payments of interest only and matures on July 30, 2003. The interest rate on the loan is fixed at 5.91%. As of June 30, 2002, the outstanding principal balance on the BOA Loan was $8,002,541. The BOA Loan is secured by a first priority mortgage on the Nissan Property.

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SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

The Wells REIT commenced active operations when it received and accepted subscriptions for a minimum of 125,000 shares on June 5, 1998. The following sets forth a summary of the selected financial data for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999:

	2001	2000	1999
Total assets	$ 753,224,519	$ 398,550,346	$ 143,852,290
Total revenues	49,308,802	23,373,206	6,495,395
Net income	21,723,967	8,552,967	3,884,649
Net income allocated to Stockholders	21,723,967	8,552,967	3,884,649
Earning per share:			
Basic and diluted	$0.43	$0.40	$0.50
Cash distributions	0.76	0.73	0.70

MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with our accompanying financial statements and the notes thereto.

General

Forward Looking Statements

This section and other sections in the prospectus contain forward-looking statements, within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, including discussion and analysis of the financial condition of the Wells REIT, anticipated capital expenditures required to complete certain projects, amounts of anticipated cash distributions to stockholders in the future and certain other matters. Readers of this prospectus should be aware that there are various factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from any forward-looking statements made in this prospectus, which include changes in general economic conditions, changes in real estate conditions, construction costs which may exceed estimates, construction delays, increases in interest rates, lease-up risks, inability to obtain new tenants upon the expiration of existing leases, and the potential need to fund tenant improvements or other capital expenditures out of operating cash flow. (See generally Risk Factors.)

REIT Qualification

We have made an election under Section 856 (c) of the Internal Revenue Code to be taxed as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code beginning with its taxable year ended December 31, 1999. As a REIT for federal income tax purposes, we generally will not be subject to Federal income tax on income that we distribute to our stockholders. If we fail to qualify as a REIT in any taxable year, we will be subject to federal income tax on our taxable income at regular corporate rates and will not be permitted to qualify for treatment as a REIT for federal income tax purposes for four years following the year in which our qualification is lost. Such an event could materially, adversely affect our net income. However, we believe that we are organized and operate in a manner, which has enabled us to qualify for treatment as a REIT for federal income tax purposes during the year ended December 31, 2001. In addition, we intend to continue to operate the Wells REIT so as to remain qualified as a REIT for federal income tax purposes.

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Liquidity and Capital Resources

During the fiscal year ended December 31, 2001, we received aggregate gross offering proceeds of $522,516,620 from the sale of 52,251,662 shares of our common stock. After payment of $18,143,307 in acquisition and advisory fees and acquisition expenses, payment of $58,387,809 in selling commissions and organization and offering expenses, and common stock redemptions of $4,137,427 pursuant to our share redemption program, we raised net offering proceeds available for investment in properties of $441,848,077 during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2001.

During the three months ended March 31, 2002, we received aggregate gross offering proceeds of $255,702,943 from the sale of 25,570,294 shares of our common stock. After payment of $8,843,134 in acquisition and advisory fees and acquisition expenses, payment of $27,106,265 in selling commissions and organization and offering expenses, and common stock redemptions of $3,041,981 pursuant to our share redemption program, we raised net offering proceeds of $216,711,563 during the first quarter of 2002, of which $185,290,197 remained available for investment in properties at quarter end.

During the three months ended March 31, 2001, we received aggregate gross offering proceeds of $66,174,704 from the sale of 6,617,470 shares of our common stock. After payment of $2,288,933 in acquisition and advisory fees and acquisition expenses, payment of $8,175,768 in selling commissions and organizational and offering expenses, and common stock redemptions of $776,555 pursuant to our share redemption program, we raised net offering proceeds of $54,933,448, of which $5,952,930 was available for investment in properties at quarter end.

The net increase in cash and cash equivalents during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2001, as compared to the fiscal year ended December 31, 2000, and for the three months ended March 31, 2002, as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2001, is primarily the result of raising increased amounts of capital from the sale of shares of common stock, offset by the acquisition of properties during 2001 and the first quarter of 2002, and the payment of acquisition and advisory fees and acquisition expenses, commissions and, organization and offering costs.

As of March 31, 2002, we owned interests in 44 real estate properties either directly or through interests in joint ventures. These properties are generating operating cash flow sufficient to cover our operating expenses and pay dividends to our stockholders. We pay dividends on a quarterly basis regardless of the frequency with which such distributions are declared. Dividends will be paid to investors who are stockholders as of the record dates selected by our board of directors. We currently calculate quarterly dividends based on the daily record and dividend declaration dates; thus, stockholders are entitled to receive dividends immediately upon the purchase of shares. Dividends declared during 2001 and 2000 totaled $0.76 per share and $0.73 per share, respectively. Dividends declared for the first quarter of 2002 and the first quarter of 2001 were approximately $0.194 and $0.188 per share, respectively.

Dividends to be distributed to the stockholders are determined by our board of directors and are dependent on a number of factors, including funds available for payment of dividends, financial condition, capital expenditure requirements and annual distribution requirements in order to maintain our status as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code. Operating cash flows are expected to increase as additional properties are added to our investment portfolio.

Cash Flows From Operating Activities

Our net cash provided by operating activities was $42,349,342 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2001, $7,319,639 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2000 and $4,008,275 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1999. The increase in net cash provided by operating activities was due primarily to the net income generated by properties acquired during 2000 and 2001.

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Our net cash provided by operating activities was $13,117,549 and $8,235,314 for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively. The increase in net cash provided by operating activities was due primarily to the net income generated by additional properties acquired during 2002 and 2001.

Cash Flows From Investing Activities

Our net cash used in investing activities was $274,605,735 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2001, $249,316,460 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2000 and $105,394,956 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1999. The increase in net cash used in investing activities was due primarily to investments in properties, directly and through contributions to joint ventures, and the payment of related deferred project costs.

Our net cash used in investing activities was $111,821,692 and $4,264,257 for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively. The increase in net cash used in investing activities was due primarily to investments in properties and the payment of related deferred project costs, partially offset by distributions received from joint ventures.

Cash Flows From Financing Activities

Our net cash provided by financing activities was $303,544,260 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2001, $243,365,318 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2000, and $96,337,082 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1999. The increase in net cash provided by financing activities was due primarily to the raising of additional capital offset by the repayment of notes payable. We raised $522,516,620 in offering proceeds for fiscal year ended December 31, 2001, as compared to $180,387,220 for fiscal year ended December 31, 2000, and $103,169,490 for fiscal year ended December 31, 1999. In addition, we received loan proceeds from financing secured by properties of $110,243,145 and repaid notes payable in the amount of $229,781,888 for fiscal year ended December 31, 2001.

Our net cash provided by financing activities was $210,144,548 for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and net cash used in financing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2001 was $113,042. The increase in net cash provided by financing activities was due primarily to the raising of additional capital and the related repayment of notes payable. We raised $255,702,943 in offering proceeds for the three months ended March 31, 2002, as compared to $66,174,705 for the same period in 2001.

Results of Operations

Comparison of Fiscal Years Ended December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999

Gross revenues were $49,308,802 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2001, $23,373,206 for fiscal year ended December 31, 2000 and $6,495,395 for fiscal year ended December 31, 1999. Gross revenues for the year ended December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999 were attributable to rental income, interest income earned on funds we held prior to the investment in properties, and income earned from joint ventures. The increase in revenues for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2001 was primarily attributable to the purchase of additional properties during 2000 and 2001. The purchase of additional properties also resulted in an increase in expenses which totaled $27,584,835 for the fiscal year ended

December 31, 2001, $14,820,239 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2000 and $2,610,746 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1999. Expenses in 2001, 2000 and 1999 consisted primarily of depreciation, interest expense and management and leasing fees. Our net income also increased from

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$3,884,649 for fiscal year ended December 31, 1999 to $8,552,967 for fiscal year ended December 31, 2000 to $21,723,967 for the year ended December 31, 2001.

Comparison of First Quarter 2002 and 2001

As of March 31, 2002, our real estate properties were 100% leased to tenants. Gross revenues were $19,192,803 and $10,669,713 for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively. Gross revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001 were attributable to rental income, interest income earned on funds we held prior to the investment in properties, and income earned from joint ventures. The increase in revenues in 2002 was primarily attributable to the purchase of additional properties for $104,051,998 during 2002 and the purchase of additional properties for $227,933,858 in the last three quarters of 2001. The purchase of additional properties also resulted in an increase in expenses which totaled $8,413,139 for the three months ended March 31, 2002, as compared to $7,394,368 for the three months ended March 31, 2001. Expenses in 2002 and 2001 consisted primarily of depreciation, interest expense, management and leasing fees and general and administrative costs. As a result, our net income also increased from $3,275,345 for the three months ended March 31, 2001 to $10,779,664 for the three months ended March 31, 2002.

Property Operations

The following table summarizes the operations of the joint ventures in which we owned an interest as of December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999:

	Total Revenue For Years Ended December 31			Net Income For Years Ended December 31			Well REIT s Share of Net Income For Years Ended December 31		
	2001	**2000**	**1999**	**2001**	**2000**	**1999**	**2001**	**2000**	**1999**
Fund IX-X-XI-REIT Joint Venture	$ 4,344,209	$ 4,388,193	$ 4,053,042	$ 2,684,837	$ 2,669,143	$ 2,172,244	$ 99,649	$ 99,177	$ 81,501
Orange County Joint Venture	797,937	795,545	795,545	546,171	568,961	550,952	238,542	248,449	240,585
Fremont Joint Venture	907,673	902,946	902,946	562,893	563,133	559,174	436,265	436,452	433,383
Fund XI-XII-REIT Joint Venture	3,371,067	3,349,186	1,443,503	2,064,911	2,078,556	853,073	1,172,103	1,179,848	488,500
Fund XII-REIT Joint Venture	4,708,467	976,865	N/A	2,611,522	614,250	N/A	1,386,877	305,060	N/A
Fund VIII-IX-REIT Joint Venture	1,208,724	563,049	N/A	566,840	309,893	N/A	89,779	24,887	N/A
Fund XIII- REIT Joint Venture	706,373	N/A	N/A	356,355	N/A	N/A	297,745	N/A	N/A
	$ 16,044,450	$ 10,975,784	$ 7,195,036	$ 8,977,529	$ 6,803,936	$ 4,135,443	$ 3,720,960	$ 2,293,873	$ 1,243,969

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Funds From Operations

Funds From Operations (FFO), as defined by the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts (NAREIT), generally means net income, computed in accordance with GAAP excluding extraordinary items (as defined by GAAP) and gains (or losses) from sales of property, plus depreciation and amortization on real estate assets, and after adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships, joint ventures and subsidiaries. We believe that FFO is helpful to investors as a measure of the performance of an equity REIT. However, our calculation of FFO, while consistent with NAREIT s definition, may not be comparable to similarly titled measures presented by other REITs. Adjusted Funds From Operations (AFFO) is defined as FFO adjusted to exclude the effects of straight-line rent adjustments, deferred loan cost amortization and other non-cash and/or unusual items. Neither FFO nor AFFO represent cash generated from operating activities in accordance with GAAP and should not be considered as alternatives to net income as an indication of our performance or to cash flows as a measure of liquidity or ability to make distributions.

The following table reflects the calculation of FFO and AFFO for the three years ended December 31, 2001, 2000, and 1999, respectively:

	December 31, 2001	December 31, 2000	December 31, 1999
FUNDS FROM OPERATIONS:			
Net income	$ 21,723,967	$ 8,552,967	$ 3,884,649
Add:			
Depreciation of real assets	15,344,801	7,743,550	1,726,103
Amortization of deferred leasing costs	303,347	350,991	0
Depreciation and amortization unconsolidated partnerships	3,211,828	852,968	652,167
Funds from operations (FFO)	40,583,943	17,500,476	6,262,919
Adjustments:			
Loan cost amortization	770,192	232,559	8,921
Straight line rent	(2,754,877)	(1,650,791)	(847,814)
Straight line rent unconsolidated partnerships	(543,039)	(245,288)	(140,076)
Lease acquisition fees paid	0	(152,500)	0
Lease acquisition fees paid Unconsolidated partnerships	0	(8,002)	(512)
Adjusted funds from operations	$ 38,056,219	$ 15,676,454	$ 5,283,438
WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES:			
BASIC AND DILUTED	51,081,867	21,616,051	7,769,298

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The following table reflects the calculation of FFO and AFFO for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively:

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2002	Three Months Ended March 31, 2001
FUNDS FROM OPERATIONS:		
Net income	$ 10,779,664	$ 3,275,345
Add:		
Depreciation of real assets	5,744,452	3,187,179
Amortization of deferred leasing costs	72,749	75,837
Depreciation and amortization unconsolidated partnerships	706,176	299,116
Funds from operations (FFO)	17,303,041	6,837,477
Adjustments:		
Loan cost amortization	175,462	214,757
Straight line rent	(1,038,378)	(616,465)
Straight line rent unconsolidated partnerships	(99,315)	(39,739)
Lease acquisition fees paid unconsolidated partnerships	0	(2,356)
Adjusted funds from operations (AFFO)	$ 16,340,810	$ 6,393,674
WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES:		
BASIC AND DILUTED	95,130,210	34,359,444

Inflation

The real estate market has not been affected significantly by inflation in the past three years due to the relatively low inflation rate. However, there are provisions in the majority of tenant leases which would protect us from the impact of inflation. These provisions include reimbursement billings for common area maintenance charges (CAM), real estate tax and insurance reimbursements on a per square foot basis, or in some cases, annual reimbursement of operating expenses above a certain per square foot allowance.

Critical Accounting Policies

Our accounting policies have been established and conform with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States (GAAP). The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to use judgment in the application of accounting policies, including making estimates and assumptions. These judgments affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting periods. If our judgment or interpretation of the facts and circumstances relating to various transactions had been different, it is possible that different accounting policies would have been applied; thus, resulting in a different presentation of our financial statements. Below is a discussion of the accounting policies that we consider to be critical in that they may require complex judgment in their application or require estimates about matters which are inherently uncertain.

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Straight-Lined Rental Revenues

We recognize rental income generated from all leases on real estate assets in which we have an ownership interest, either directly or through investments in joint ventures, on a straight-line basis over the terms of the respective leases. If a tenant was to encounter financial difficulties in future periods, the amount recorded as a receivable may not be realized.

Operating Cost Reimbursements

We generally bill tenants for operating cost reimbursements, either directly or through investments in joint ventures, on a monthly basis at amounts estimated largely based on actual prior period activity and the respective lease terms. Such billings are generally adjusted on an annual basis to reflect reimbursements owed to the landlord based on the actual costs incurred during the period and the respective lease terms. Financial difficulties encountered by tenants may result in receivables not being realized.

Real Estate

We continually monitor events and changes in circumstances indicating that the carrying amounts of the real estate assets in which we have an ownership interest, either directly or through investments in joint ventures, may not be recoverable. When such events or changes in circumstances are present, we assess the potential impairment by comparing the fair market value of the asset, estimated at an amount equal to the future undiscounted operating cash flows expected to be generated from tenants over the life of the asset and from its eventual disposition, to the carrying value of the asset. In the event that the carrying amount exceeds the estimated fair market value, we would recognize an impairment loss in the amount required to adjust the carrying amount of the asset to its estimated fair market value. Neither the Wells REIT nor our joint ventures have recognized impairment losses on real estate assets in 2001, 2000 or 1999.

Deferred Project Costs

We record acquisition and advisory fees and acquisition expenses payable to Wells Capital, Inc., our advisor, by capitalizing deferred project costs and reimbursing our advisor in an amount equal to 3.5% of cumulative capital raised to date. As we invest our capital proceeds, deferred project costs are applied to real estate assets, either directly or through contributions to joint ventures, at an amount equal to 3.5% of each investment and depreciated over the useful lives of the respective real estate assets.

Deferred Offering Costs

Our advisor expects to continue to fund 100% of the organization and offering costs and recognize related expenses, to the extent that such costs exceed 3% of cumulative capital raised, on our behalf. Organization and offering costs include items such as legal and accounting fees, marketing and promotional costs, and printing costs, and specifically exclude sales costs and underwriting commissions. We record offering costs by accruing deferred offering costs, with an offsetting liability included in due to affiliates, at an amount equal to the lesser of 3% of cumulative capital raised to date or actual costs incurred from third-parties less reimbursements paid to our advisor. As the actual equity is raised, we reverse the deferred offering costs accrual and recognize a charge to stockholders equity upon reimbursing our advisor.

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PRIOR PERFORMANCE SUMMARY

The information presented in this section represents the historical experience of real estate programs managed by Wells Capital, our advisor, and its affiliates. Investors in the Wells REIT should not assume that they will experience returns, if any, comparable to those experienced by investors in such prior Wells real estate programs.

Of the 14 publicly offered real estate limited partnerships in which Leo F. Wells, III has served as a general partner, 13 of such limited partnerships have completed their respective offerings. These 13 limited partnerships and the year in which each of their offerings was completed are:

1. Wells Real Estate Fund I (1986),
2. Wells Real Estate Fund II (1988),
3. Wells Real Estate Fund II-OW (1988),
4. Wells Real Estate Fund III, L.P. (1990),
5. Wells Real Estate Fund IV, L.P. (1992),
6. Wells Real Estate Fund V, L.P. (1993),
7. Wells Real Estate Fund VI, L.P. (1994),
8. Wells Real Estate Fund VII, L.P. (1995),
9. Wells Real Estate Fund VIII, L.P. (1996),
10. Wells Real Estate Fund IX, L.P. (1996),

11. Wells Real Estate Fund X, L.P. (1997),

12. Wells Real Estate Fund XI, L.P. (1998), and

13. Wells Real Estate Fund XII, L.P. (2001).

In addition to the foregoing real estate limited partnerships, Wells Capital and its affiliates have sponsored three prior public offerings of shares of common stock of the Wells REIT. The initial public offering of the Wells REIT began on January 30, 1998 and was terminated on December 19, 1999. We received gross proceeds of approximately $132,181,919 from the sale of approximately 13,218,192 shares in our initial public offering. We commenced our second public offering of shares of common stock of the Wells REIT on December 20, 1999 and terminated the second offering on December 19, 2000. We received gross proceeds of approximately $175,229,193 from the sale of approximately 17,522,919 shares in our second public offering. We commenced our third public offering of shares of common stock of the Wells REIT on December 20, 2000. As of June 30, 2002, we had received gross proceeds of approximately $1,148,480,414 from the sale of approximately 114,848,041 shares in our third public offering. Accordingly, as of June 30, 2002, we had received aggregate gross offering proceeds of approximately $1,455,891,526 from the sale of approximately 145,589,153 shares in our three prior public offerings. After payment of $50,528,371 in acquisition and advisory fees and acquisition expenses, payment of $163,576,134 in selling commissions and organization and offering expenses, and common stock redemptions of $12,223,808 pursuant to our share redemption program, as of June 30, 2002, we had raised aggregate net offering proceeds available for investment in properties of $1,229,563,213, out of which $885,294,095 had been invested in real estate properties, and $344,269,118 remained available for investment in real estate properties.

Wells Capital and its affiliates are also currently sponsoring a public offering of 4,500,000 units on behalf of Wells Real Estate Fund XIII, L.P. (Wells Fund XIII), a public limited partnership. Wells Fund XIII began its offering on March 29, 2001 and, as of June 30, 2002, Wells Fund XIII had raised gross offering proceeds of $18,634,296 from 926 investors.

The Prior Performance Tables included in the back of this prospectus set forth information as of the dates indicated regarding certain of these Wells programs as to (1) experience in raising and investing funds (Table I); (2) compensation to sponsor (Table II); (3) annual operating results of prior programs (Table III); and (4) sales or disposals of properties (Table V).

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In addition to the real estate programs sponsored by Wells Capital and its affiliates discussed above, they are also sponsoring an index mutual fund that invests in various REIT stocks known as the Wells S&P REIT Index Fund (REIT Index Fund). The REIT Index Fund is a mutual fund that seeks to provide investment results corresponding to the performance of the S&P REIT Index by investing in the REIT stocks included in the S&P REIT Index. The REIT Index Fund began its offering on January 12, 1998 and, as of June 30, 2002, had raised offering proceeds net of redemptions of $136,709,717 from 6,719 investors.

Publicly Offered Unspecified Real Estate Programs

Wells Capital and its affiliates have previously sponsored the above listed 13 publicly offered real estate limited partnerships and are currently sponsoring Wells Fund XIII offered on an unspecified property or blind pool basis. The total amount of funds raised from investors in the offerings of these 14 publicly offered limited partnerships, as of December 31, 2001, was $331,193,410, and the total number of investors in such programs was 27,103.

The investment objectives of each of the other Wells programs are substantially identical to the investment objectives of the Wells REIT. Substantially all of the proceeds of the offerings of Wells Fund I, Wells Fund II, Wells Fund II-OW, Wells Fund III, Wells Fund IV, Wells Fund V, Wells Fund VI, Wells Fund VII, Wells Fund VIII, Wells Fund IX, Wells Fund X, Wells Fund XI and Wells Fund XII available for investment in real properties have been invested in properties.

Because of the cyclical nature of the real estate market, decreases in net income of the public partnerships could occur at any time in the future when economic conditions decline. No assurance can be made that the Wells programs will ultimately be successful in meeting their investment objectives. (See Risk Factors.)

The aggregate dollar amount of the acquisition and development costs of the properties purchased by the 14 publicly offered limited partnerships, as of December 31, 2001, was $275,358,446. Of this amount, approximately 90.2% was spent on acquiring or developing office buildings, and approximately 9.8% was spent on acquiring or developing shopping centers. Of this amount, approximately 22.6% was or will be spent on new properties, 57.1% on existing or used properties and 20.3% on construction properties. Following is a table showing a breakdown of the aggregate amount of the acquisition and development costs of the properties purchased by the Wells REIT, Wells Fund XIII and the 13 Wells programs listed above as of December 31, 2001:

Type of Property	New	Used	Construction
Office and Industrial Buildings	22.59%	53.88%	13.74%
Shopping Centers	0%	3.21%	6.58%

Wells Fund I terminated its offering on September 5, 1986, and received gross proceeds of $35,321,000 representing subscriptions from 4,895 limited partners ($24,679,000 of the gross proceeds were attributable to sales of Class A Units, and $10,642,000 of the gross proceeds were attributable to sales of Class B Units). Limited partners in Wells Fund I have no right to change the status of their units from Class A to Class B or vice versa. Wells Fund I owns interests in the following properties:

a condominium interest in a three-story medical office building in Atlanta, Georgia;

a commercial office building in Atlanta, Georgia;

a shopping center in Knoxville, Tennessee; and

a project consisting of seven office buildings and a shopping center in Tucker, Georgia.

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The prospectus of Wells Fund I provided that the properties purchased by Wells Fund I would typically be held for a period of eight to 12 years, but that the general partners may exercise their discretion on as to whether and when to sell the properties owned by Wells Fund I and that the general partners were under no obligation to sell the properties at any particular time.

Wells Fund I has sold the following properties from its portfolio:

Date of Sale	Property Name	% Ownership	Net Sale Proceeds	Taxable Gain
Aug. 31, 2000	One of two buildings at Peachtree Place	90%	$ 633,694	$ 205,019
Jan. 11, 2001	Crowe s Crossing	100%	$ 6,569,000	$ 11,496
Oct. 1, 2001	Cherokee Commons	24%	$ 2,037,315	$ 52,461

Wells Fund I is in the process of marketing its remaining properties for sale.

Wells Fund II and Wells Fund II-OW terminated their offerings on September 7, 1988, and received aggregate gross proceeds of $36,870,250 representing subscriptions from 4,659 limited partners ($28,829,000 of the gross proceeds were attributable to sales of Class A Units, and $8,041,250 of the gross proceeds were attributable to sales of Class B Units). Limited partners in Wells Fund II and Wells Fund II-OW have no right to change the status of their units from Class A to Class B or vice versa. Wells Fund II and Wells Fund II-OW own all of their properties through a joint venture, which owns interests in the following properties:

a project consisting of seven office buildings and a shopping center in Tucker, Georgia;

a two-story office building in Charlotte, North Carolina which is currently unoccupied;

a four-story office building in Houston, Texas, three floors of which are leased to Boeing;

a restaurant property in Roswell, Georgia leased to Brookwood Grill of Roswell, Inc.; and

a combined retail center and office development in Roswell, Georgia.

The prospectus of Wells Fund II and Wells Fund II-OW provided that the properties purchased by Wells Fund II and Wells Fund II-OW would typically be held for a period of eight to 12 years, but that the general partners may exercise their discretion as to whether and when to sell the properties owned by Wells Fund II and Wells Fund II-OW and that the partnerships were under no obligation to sell their properties at any particular time.

Wells Fund II and Wells Fund II-OW sold the following property from its portfolio in 2001:

Date of Sale	Property Name	% Ownership	Net Sale Proceeds	Taxable Gain
Oct. 1, 2001	Cherokee Commons	54%	$ 4,601,723	$ 111,419

Wells Fund II and Wells Fund II-OW are in the process of marketing their remaining properties for sale.

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Wells Fund III terminated its offering on October 23, 1990, and received gross proceeds of $22,206,310 representing subscriptions from 2,700 limited partners ($19,661,770 of the gross proceeds were attributable to sales of Class A Units, and $2,544,540 of the gross proceeds were attributable to sales of Class B Units). Limited partners in Wells Fund III have no right to change the status of their units from Class A to Class B or vice versa. Wells Fund III owns interests in the following properties:

a four-story office building in Houston, Texas, three floors of which are leased to Boeing;

a restaurant property in Roswell, Georgia leased to Brookwood Grill of Roswell, Inc.;

a combined retail center and office development in Roswell, Georgia;

a two-story office building in Greenville, North Carolina;

a shopping center in Stockbridge, Georgia having Kroger as the anchor tenant; and

a two-story office building in Richmond, Virginia leased to Reciprocal Group.

The prospectus of Wells Fund III provided that the properties purchased by Wells Fund III would typically be held for a period of eight to 12 years, but that the general partners may exercise their discretion as to whether and when to sell the properties owned by Wells Fund III and that they were under no obligation to sell the properties at any particular time. The general partners of Wells Fund III have decided to begin the process of positioning the properties for sale over the next several years.

Wells Fund IV terminated its offering on February 29, 1992, and received gross proceeds of $13,614,655 representing subscriptions from 1,286 limited partners ($13,229,150 of the gross proceeds were attributable to sales of Class A Units, and $385,505 of the gross proceeds were attributable to sales of Class B Units). Limited partners in Wells Fund IV have no right to change the status of their units from Class A to Class B or vice versa. Wells Fund IV owns interests in the following properties:

a shopping center in Stockbridge, Georgia having Kroger as the anchor tenant;

a four-story office building in Jacksonville, Florida leased to IBM and Customized Transportation Inc. (CTI);

a two-story office building in Richmond, Virginia leased to Reciprocal Group; and

two substantially identical two-story office buildings in Stockbridge, Georgia.

Wells Fund V terminated its offering on March 3, 1993, and received gross proceeds of $17,006,020 representing subscriptions from 1,667 limited partners ($15,209,666 of the gross proceeds were attributable to sales of Class A Units, and $1,796,354 of the gross proceeds were attributable to sales of Class B Units). Limited partners in Wells Fund V who purchased Class B Units are entitled to change the status of their units to Class A, but limited partners who purchased Class A Units are not entitled to change the status of their units to Class B. After taking into effect conversion elections made by limited partners subsequent to their subscription for units, as of December 31, 2001, $15,664,160 of units of Wells Fund V were treated as Class A Units, and $1,341,860 of units were treated as Class B Units. Wells Fund V owns interests in the following properties:

- a four-story office building in Jacksonville, Florida leased to IBM and CTI;
- two substantially identical two-story office buildings in Stockbridge, Georgia;

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a four-story office building in Hartford, Connecticut leased to Hartford Fire Insurance Company;

restaurant properties in Stockbridge, Georgia leased to Apple Restaurants, Inc., Taco Mac, Dependable Ins and Tokyo Japanese Steak; and

a three-story office building in Appleton, Wisconsin leased to Jaako Poyry Fluor Daniel.

Wells Fund VI terminated its offering on April 4, 1994, and received gross proceeds of $25,000,000 representing subscriptions from 1,793 limited partners ($19,332,176 of the gross proceeds were attributable to sales of Class A Units, and $5,667,824 of the gross proceeds were attributable to sales of Class B Units). Limited partners in Wells Fund VI are entitled to change the status of their units from Class A to Class B and vice versa. After taking into effect conversion elections made by limited partners subsequent to their subscription for units, as of December 31, 2001, $22,363,610 of units of Wells Fund VI were treated as Class A Units, and $2,636,390 of units were treated as Class B Units. Wells Fund VI owns interests in the following properties:

a four-story office building in Hartford, Connecticut leased to Hartford Fire Insurance Company;

restaurant properties in Stockbridge, Georgia leased to Apple Restaurants, Inc., Taco Mac, Dependable Insurance and Tokyo Japanese Steak;

a restaurant and retail building in Stockbridge, Georgia;

a shopping center in Stockbridge, Georgia;

a three-story office building in Appleton, Wisconsin leased to Jaako Poyry Fluor Daniel;

a combined retail and office development in Roswell, Georgia;

a four-story office building in Jacksonville, Florida leased to Bellsouth Advertising and Publishing Corporation and American Express Travel Related Services Company, Inc.; and

a shopping center in Clemmons, North Carolina having Harris Teeter, Inc. as the anchor tenant.

Wells Fund VI sold its interest in the following property in 2001:

Date of Sale	Property Name	% Ownership	Net Sale Proceeds	Taxable Gain
Oct. 1, 2001	Cherokee Commons	11%	$ 903,122	$ 21,867

Wells Fund VII terminated its offering on January 5, 1995, and received gross proceeds of $24,180,174 representing subscriptions from 1,910 limited partners ($16,788,095 of the gross proceeds were attributable to sales of Class A Units, and $7,392,079 of the gross proceeds were attributable to sales of Class B Units). Limited partners in Wells Fund VII are entitled to change the status of their units from Class A to Class B and vice versa. After taking into effect conversion elections made by limited partners subsequent to their subscriptions for units, as of December 31, 2001, $20,670,201 of units in Wells Fund VII were treated as Class A Units, and $3,509,973 of units were treated as Class B Units. Wells Fund VII owns interests in the following properties:

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a three-story office building in Appleton, Wisconsin leased to Jaako Poyry Fluor Daniel;

a restaurant and retail building in Stockbridge, Georgia;

a shopping center in Stockbridge, Georgia;

a combined retail and office development in Roswell, Georgia;

a two-story office building in Alachua County, Florida near Gainesville leased to CH2M Hill, Engineers, Planners, Economists, Scientists;

a four-story office building in Jacksonville, Florida leased to Bellsouth Advertising and Publishing Corporation and American Express Travel Related Services Company, Inc.;

a shopping center in Clemmons, North Carolina having Harris Teeter, Inc. as the anchor tenant; and

a retail development in Clayton County, Georgia.

Wells Fund VII sold its interest in the following property in 2001:

Date of Sale	Property Name	% Ownership	Net Sale Proceeds	Taxable Gain
Oct. 1, 2001	Cherokee Commons	11%	$ 903,122	$ 21,867

Wells Fund VIII terminated its offering on January 4, 1996, and received gross proceeds of $32,042,689 representing subscriptions from 2,241 limited partners ($26,135,339 of the gross proceeds were attributable to sales of Class A Units, and $5,907,350 were attributable to sales of Class B Units). Limited partners in Wells Fund VIII are entitled to change the status of their units from Class A to Class B and vice versa. After taking into effect conversion elections made by limited partners subsequent to their subscriptions for units and certain repurchases made by Wells Fund VIII, as of December 31, 2001, $28,065,187 of units in Wells Fund VIII were treated as Class A Units, and $3,967,502 of units were treated as Class B Units. Wells Fund VIII owns interests in the following properties:

a two-story office building in Alachua County, Florida near Gainsville leased to CH2M Hill, Engineers, Planners, Economists, Scientists;

a four-story office building in Jacksonville, Florida leased to Bellsouth Advertising and Publishing Corporation and American Express Travel Related Services Company, Inc.;

a shopping center in Clemmons, North Carolina having Harris Teeter, Inc. as the anchor tenant;

a retail development in Clayton County, Georgia;

a four-story office building in Madison, Wisconsin leased to US Cellular, a subsidiary of Bellsouth Corporation;

a one-story office building in Farmers Branch, Texas leased to TCI Valwood Limited Partnership I;

a two-story office building in Orange County, California leased to Quest Software, Inc.; and

a two-story office building in Boulder County, Colorado leased to Cirrus Logic, Inc.

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Wells Fund IX terminated its offering on December 30, 1996, and received gross proceeds of $35,000,000 representing subscriptions from 2,098 limited partners ($29,359,310 of the gross proceeds were attributable to sales of Class A Units, and $5,640,690 were attributable to sales of Class B Units). After taking into effect conversion elections made by limited partners subsequent to their subscriptions for units, as of December 31, 2001, $31,364,290 of units in Wells Fund IX were treated as Class A Units, and $3,635,710 of units were treated as Class B Units. Wells Fund IX owns interests in the following properties:

a one-story office building in Farmers Branch, Texas leased to TCI Valwood Limited Partnership I;

a four-story office building in Madison, Wisconsin leased to US Cellular, a subsidiary of Bellsouth Corporation;

a two-story office building in Orange County, California leased to Quest Software, Inc.;

a two-story office building in Boulder County, Colorado leased to Cirrus Logic, Inc.;

a two-story office building in Boulder County, Colorado leased to Ohmeda, Inc.;

a three-story office building in Knox County, Tennessee leased to Alstom Power, Inc.;

a one-story office and warehouse building in Weber County, Utah leased to Iomega Corporation;

a three-story office multi-tenant building in Boulder County, Colorado; and

a one-story office building in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma leased to Avaya, Inc.

Certain financial information for Wells Fund IX is summarized below:

	2001	2000	1999	1998	1997
Gross Revenues	$ 1,874,290	$ 1,836,768	$ 1,593,734	$ 1,561,456	$ 1,199,300
Net Income	$ 1,768,474	$ 1,758,676	$ 1,490,331	$ 1,449,955	$ 1,091,766

Wells Fund X terminated its offering on December 30, 1997, and received gross proceeds of $27,128,912 representing subscriptions from 1,812 limited partners ($21,160,992 of the gross proceeds were contributable to sales of Class A Units, and $5,967,920 were attributable to sales of Class B Units). After taking into effect conversion elections made by limited partners subsequent to their subscriptions for units, as of December 31, 2001, $23,166,181 of units in Wells Fund X were treated as Class A Units and $3,962,731 of units were treated as Class B Units. Wells Fund X owns interests in the following properties:

a three-story office building in Knox County, Tennessee leased to Alstom Power, Inc.;

a two-story office building in Boulder County, Colorado leased to Ohmeda, Inc.;

a one-story office and warehouse building in Weber County, Utah leased to Iomega Corporation;

a three-story multi-tenant office building in Boulder County, Colorado;

a one-story office building in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma leased to Avaya, Inc.;

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a one-story office and warehouse building in Orange County, California leased to Cort Furniture Rental Corporation; and

a two-story office and manufacturing building in Alameda County, California leased to Fairchild Technologies U.S.A., Inc.

Certain financial information for Wells Fund X is summarized below:

	2001	2000	1999	1998	1997
Gross Revenues	$ 1,559,026	$ 1,557,518	$ 1,309,281	$ 1,204,597	$ 372,507
Net Income	$ 1,449,849	$ 1,476,180	$ 1,192,318	$ 1,050,329	$ 278,025

Wells Fund XI terminated its offering on December 30, 1998, and received gross proceeds of $16,532,802 representing subscriptions from 1,345 limited partners ($13,029,424 of the gross proceeds were attributable to sales of Class A Units and $3,503,378 were attributable to sales of Class B Units). After taking into effect conversion elections made by limited partners subsequent to their subscriptions for units, as of December 31, 2001, $13,462,560 of units in Wells Fund XI were treated as Class A Units and $3,070,242 of units were treated as Class B Units. Wells Fund XI owns interests in the following properties:

a three-story office building in Knox County, Tennessee leased to Alstom Power, Inc.;

a one-story office building in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma leased to Avaya, Inc.;

a two-story office building in Boulder County, Colorado leased to Ohmeda, Inc.;

a three-story multi-tenant office building in Boulder County, Colorado;

a one-story office and warehouse building in Weber County, Utah leased to Iomega Corporation;

a one-story office and warehouse building in Orange County, California leased to Cort Furniture Rental Corporation;

a two-story office and manufacturing building in Alameda County, California leased to Fairchild Technologies U.S.A., Inc.;

a two-story manufacturing and office building in Greenville County, South Carolina leased to EYBL CarTex, Inc.;

a three-story office building in Johnson County, Kansas leased to Sprint Communications Company L.P.;

a two-story research and development office and warehouse building in Chester County, Pennsylvania leased to Johnson Matthey, Inc.; and a two-story office building in Fort Myers, Florida leased to Gartner Group, Inc.

Certain financial information for Wells Fund XI is summarized below:

	2001	2000	1999	1998
Gross Revenues	$ 960,676	$ 975,850	$ 766,586	$ 262,729
Net Income	$ 870,350	$ 895,989	$ 630,528	$ 143,295

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Wells Fund XII terminated its offering on March 21, 2001, and received gross proceeds of $35,611,192 representing subscriptions from 1,333 limited partners ($26,888,609 of the gross proceeds were attributable to sales of cash preferred units and $8,722,583 were attributable to sales of tax preferred units). After taking into effect conversion elections made by limited partners subsequent to their subscriptions for units, as of December 31, 2001, $27,786,067 of units in Wells Fund XII were treated as cash preferred units and $7,825,125 of units were treated as tax preferred units. Wells Fund XII owns interests in the following properties:

a two-story manufacturing and office building in Greenville County, South Carolina leased to EYBL CarTex, Inc.;

a three-story office building in Johnson County, Kansas leased to Sprint Communications Company L.P.;

a two-story research and development office and warehouse building in Chester County, Pennsylvania leased to Johnson Matthey, Inc.;

a two-story office building in Fort Myers, Florida leased to Gartner Group, Inc.;

a three-story office building in Troy, Michigan leased to Siemens Automotive Corporation;

a one-story office building and a connecting two-story office building in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma leased to AT&T Corp. and Jordan Associates, Inc.; and

a three-story office building in Brentwood, Tennessee leased to Comdata Network, Inc.

Certain financial information for Wells Fund XII is summarized below:

	2001	2000	1999
Gross Revenues	$ 1,661,194	$ 929,868	$ 160,379
Net Income	$ 1,555,418	$ 856,228	$ 122,817

Wells Fund XIII began its offering on March 29, 2001. As of June 30, 2002, Wells Fund XIII had received gross proceeds of $18,634,296 representing subscriptions from 926 limited partners ($15,743,298 of the gross proceeds were attributable to sales of cash preferred units and $2,890,998 were attributable to sales of tax preferred units). Wells Fund XIII owns interests in the following properties:

a two-story office building in Orange Park, Florida leased to AmeriCredit Financial Services Corporation; and

two connected one-story office and assembly buildings in Parker, Colorado leased to Advanced Digital Information Corporation.

The information set forth above should not be considered indicative of results to be expected from the Wells REIT.

The foregoing properties in which the above 14 limited partnerships have invested have all been acquired on an all cash basis.

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Leo F. Wells, III and Wells Partners, L.P. are the general partners of Wells Fund IV, Wells Fund V, Wells Fund VI, Wells Fund VII, Wells Fund VIII, Wells Fund IX, Wells Fund X, Wells Fund XI and Wells Fund XII. Wells Capital, which is the general partner of Wells Partners, L.P., and Leo F. Wells, III are the general partners of Wells Fund I, Wells Fund II, Wells Fund II-OW, Wells Fund III and Wells Fund XIII.

Potential investors are encouraged to examine the Prior Performance Tables included in the back of the prospectus for more detailed information regarding the prior experience of Wells Capital and its affiliates. In addition, upon request, prospective investors may obtain from us without charge copies of offering materials and any reports prepared in connection with any of the Wells programs, including a copy of the most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. For a reasonable fee, we will also furnish upon request copies of the exhibits to any such Form 10-K. Any such request should be directed to our secretary. Additionally, Table VI contained in Part II of the registration statement, which is not part of this prospectus, gives certain additional information relating to properties acquired by the Wells programs. We will furnish, without charge, copies of such table upon request.

FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS

General

The following is a summary of material federal income tax considerations associated with an investment in the shares. This summary does not address all possible tax considerations that may be material to an investor and does not constitute tax advice. Moreover, this summary does not deal with all tax aspects that might be relevant to you, as a prospective stockholder, in light of your personal circumstances; nor does it deal with particular types of stockholders that are subject to special treatment under the Internal Revenue Code, such as insurance companies, tax-exempt organizations, financial institutions or broker-dealers, or foreign corporations or persons who are not citizens or residents of the United States (Non-U.S. stockholders). The Internal Revenue Code provisions governing the federal income tax treatment of REITs are highly technical and complex, and this summary is qualified in its entirety by the express language of applicable Internal Revenue Code provisions, Treasury Regulations promulgated thereunder and administrative and judicial interpretations thereof.

We urge you, as a prospective investor, to consult your own tax advisor regarding the specific tax consequences to you of a purchase of shares, ownership and sale of the shares and of our election to be taxed as a REIT, including the federal, state, local, foreign and other tax consequences of such purchase, ownership, sale and election.

Opinion of Counsel

Holland & Knight LLP (Holland & Knight) has acted as our counsel, has reviewed this summary and is of the opinion that it fairly summarizes the federal income tax considerations addressed that are material to stockholders. It is also the opinion of our counsel that it is more likely than not that we qualified to be taxed as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code for our taxable year ended December 31, 2001, provided that we have operated and will continue to operate in accordance with various assumptions and the factual representations we made to counsel concerning our business, properties and operations. We must emphasize that all opinions issued by Holland & Knight are based on various assumptions and are conditioned upon the assumptions and representations we made concerning our business and properties. Moreover, our qualification for taxation as a REIT depends on our ability to meet the various qualification tests imposed under the Internal Revenue Code discussed below, the results

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of which will not be reviewed by Holland & Knight. Accordingly, we cannot assure you that the actual results of our operations for any one taxable year will satisfy these requirements. (See Risk Factors Failure to Qualify as a REIT.)

The statements made in this section of the prospectus and in the opinion of Holland & Knight are based upon existing law and Treasury Regulations, as currently applicable, currently published administrative positions of the Internal Revenue Service and judicial decisions, all of which are subject to change, either prospectively or retroactively. We cannot assure you that any changes will not modify the conclusions expressed in our counsel s opinion. Moreover, an opinion of counsel is not binding on the Internal Revenue Service and we cannot assure you that the Internal Revenue Service will not successfully challenge our status as a REIT.

Taxation of the Company

If we qualify for taxation as a REIT, we generally will not be subject to federal corporate income taxes on that portion of our ordinary income or capital gain that we distribute currently to our stockholders, because the REIT provisions of the Internal Revenue Code generally allow a REIT to deduct distributions paid to its stockholders. This substantially eliminates the federal double taxation on earnings (taxation at both the corporate level and stockholder level) that usually results from an investment in a corporation.

Even if we qualify for taxation as a REIT, however, we will be subject to federal income taxation as follows:

- we will be taxed at regular corporate rates on our undistributed REIT taxable income, including undistributed net capital gains;
- under some circumstances, we will be subject to alternative minimum tax ;
- if we have net income from the sale or other disposition of foreclosure property that is held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of business or other non-qualifying income from foreclosure property, we will be subject to tax at the highest corporate rate on that income;
- if we have net income from prohibited transactions (which are, in general, sales or other dispositions of property other than foreclosure property held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of business), the income will be subject to a 100% tax;
- if we fail to satisfy either of the 75% or 95% gross income tests (discussed below) but have nonetheless maintained our qualification as a REIT because certain conditions have been met, we will be subject to a 100% tax on an amount equal to the greater of the amount by which we fail the 75% or 95% test multiplied by a fraction calculated to reflect our profitability;
- if we fail to distribute during each year at least the sum of (1) 85% of our REIT ordinary income for the year, (2) 95% of our REIT capital gain net income for such year, and (3) any undistributed taxable income from prior periods, we will be subject to a 4% excise tax on the excess of the required distribution over the amounts actually distributed; and
- if we acquire any asset from a C corporation (i.e., a corporation generally subject to corporate-level tax) in a carryover-basis transaction and we subsequently recognize gain on the disposition of the asset during the 10-year period beginning on the date on which

we acquired the asset, then a portion of the gains may be subject to tax at the highest regular corporate rate, pursuant to guidelines issued by the Internal Revenue Service (Built-In-Gain Rules).

Requirements for Qualification as a REIT

We elected to be taxable as a REIT for our taxable year ended December 31, 1998. In order for us to qualify as a REIT, however, we had to meet and we must continue to meet the requirements discussed below relating to our organization, sources of income, nature of assets and distributions of income to our stockholders.

Organizational Requirements

In order to qualify for taxation as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code, we must:

- be a domestic corporation;
- elect to be taxed as a REIT and satisfy relevant filing and other administrative requirements;
- be managed by one or more trustees or directors;
- have transferable shares;
- not be a financial institution or an insurance company;
- use a calendar year for federal income tax purposes;
- have at least 100 stockholders for at least 335 days of each taxable year of 12 months; and
- not be closely held.

As a Maryland corporation, we satisfy the first requirement, and we have filed an election to be taxed as a REIT with the IRS. In addition, we are managed by a board of directors, we have transferable shares, and we do not intend to operate as a financial institution or insurance company. We utilize the calendar year for federal income tax purposes, and we have more than 100 stockholders. We would be treated as closely held only if five or fewer individuals or certain tax-exempt entities own, directly or indirectly, more than 50% (by value) of our shares at any time during the last half of our taxable year. For purposes of the closely-held test, the Internal Revenue Code generally permits a look-through for pension funds and certain other tax-exempt entities to the beneficiaries of the entity to determine if the REIT is closely held. Five or fewer individuals or tax-exempt entities have never owned more than 50% of our outstanding shares during the last half of any taxable year.

We are authorized to refuse to transfer our shares to any person if the sale or transfer would jeopardize our ability to satisfy the REIT ownership requirements. There can be no assurance that a refusal to transfer will be effective. However, based on the foregoing, we should currently satisfy the organizational requirements, including the share ownership requirements. Notwithstanding compliance with the share ownership requirements outlined above, tax-exempt stockholders may be required to treat all or a portion of their distributions from us as unrelated business taxable income if tax-exempt stockholders, in the aggregate, exceed certain ownership thresholds set forth in the Internal Revenue Code. (See Taxation of Tax-Exempt Stockholders.)

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Ownership of Interests in Partnerships and Qualified REIT Subsidiaries

In the case of a REIT that is a partner in a partnership, Treasury Regulations provide that the REIT is deemed to own its proportionate share, based on its interest in partnership capital, of the assets of the partnership and is deemed to have earned its allocable share of partnership income. Also, if a REIT owns a qualified REIT subsidiary, which is defined as a corporation wholly-owned by a REIT, the REIT will be deemed to own all of the subsidiary s assets and liabilities and it will be deemed to be entitled to treat the income of that subsidiary as its own. In addition, the character of the assets and gross income of the partnership or qualified REIT subsidiary shall retain the same character in the hands of the REIT for purposes of satisfying the gross income tests and asset tests set forth in the Internal Revenue Code.

Operational Requirements Gross Income Tests

To maintain our qualification as a REIT, we must satisfy annually two gross income requirements.

At least 75% of our gross income, excluding gross income from prohibited transactions, for each taxable year must be derived directly or indirectly from investments relating to real property or mortgages on real property. Gross income includes rents from real property and, in some circumstances, interest, but excludes gross income from dispositions of property held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of a trade or business. Such dispositions are referred to as prohibited transactions. This is the 75% Income Test.

At least 95% of our gross income, excluding gross income from prohibited transactions, for each taxable year must be derived from the real property investments described above and from distributions, interest and gains from the sale or disposition of stock or securities or from any combination of the foregoing. This is the 95% Income Test.

The rents we receive or that we are deemed to receive qualify as rents from real property for purposes of satisfying the gross income requirements for a REIT only if the following conditions are met:

the amount of rent received from a tenant generally must not be based in whole or in part on the income or profits of any person; however, an amount received or accrued generally will not be excluded from the term rents from real property solely by reason of being based on a fixed percentage or percentages of gross receipts or sales;

rents received from a tenant will not qualify as rents from real property if an owner of 10% or more of the REIT directly or constructively owns 10% or more of the tenant (a Related Party Tenant) or a subtenant of the tenant (in which case only rent attributable to the subtenant is disqualified);

if rent attributable to personal property leased in connection with a lease of real property is greater than 15% of the total rent received under the lease, then the portion of rent attributable to the personal property will not qualify as rents from real property ; and the REIT must not operate or manage the property or furnish or render services to tenants, other than through an independent contractor who is adequately compensated and from whom the REIT does not derive any income. However, a REIT may provide services with respect to its properties, and the income derived therefrom will qualify as rents from real property, if the services are usually or customarily rendered in connection with the rental of space only and are not otherwise considered rendered to the occupant. Even if the services with respect to a property are impermissible tenant services, the income derived therefrom will qualify as rents from real property if such income does not exceed one percent of all amounts received or accrued with respect to that property.

Prior to the making of investments in properties, we may satisfy the 75% Income Test and the 95% Income Test by investing in liquid assets such as government securities or certificates of deposit, but earnings from those types of assets are qualifying income under the 75% Income Test only for one year from the receipt of proceeds. Accordingly, to the extent that offering proceeds have not been invested in properties prior to the expiration of this one year period, in order to satisfy the 75% Income Test, we may invest the offering proceeds in less liquid investments approved by our board of directors such as mortgage-backed securities or shares in other REITs. We intend to trace offering proceeds received for purposes of determining the one year period for new capital investments. No rulings or regulations have been issued under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code governing new capital investments, however, so that there can be no assurance that the Internal Revenue Service will agree with this method of calculation.

Except for amounts received with respect to certain investments of cash reserves, we anticipate that substantially all of our gross income will be derived from sources that will allow us to satisfy the income tests described above; however, we can make no assurance in this regard.

Notwithstanding our failure to satisfy one or both of the 75% Income and the 95% Income Tests for any taxable year, we may still qualify as a REIT for that year if we are eligible for relief under specific provisions of the Internal Revenue Code. These relief provisions generally will be available if:

our failure to meet these tests was due to reasonable cause and not due to willful neglect;

we attach a schedule of our income sources to our federal income tax return; and

any incorrect information on the schedule is not due to fraud with intent to evade tax.

It is not possible, however, to state whether, in all circumstances, we would be entitled to the benefit of these relief provisions. For example, if we fail to satisfy the gross income tests because nonqualifying income that we intentionally earn exceeds the limits on this income, the Internal Revenue Service could conclude that our failure to satisfy the tests was not due to reasonable cause. As discussed above in Taxation of the Company, even if these relief provisions apply, a tax would be imposed with respect to the excess net income.

Operational Requirements Asset Tests

At the close of each quarter of our taxable year, we also must satisfy the following three tests (Asset Tests) relating to the nature and diversification of our assets:

First, at least 75% of the value of our total assets must be represented by real estate assets, cash, cash items and government securities. The term real estate assets includes

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real property, mortgages on real property, shares in other qualified REITs and a proportionate share of any real estate assets owned by a partnership in which we are a partner or of any qualified REIT subsidiary of ours;

Second, no more than 25% of our total assets may be represented by securities other than those in the 75% asset class; and

Third, of the investments included in the 25% asset class, the value of any one issuer s securities that we own may not exceed 5% of the value of our total assets. Additionally, we may not own more than 10% of any one issuer s outstanding voting securities, or securities having a value of more than 10% of the total value of the outstanding securities of any one issuer.

These tests must generally be met for any quarter in which we acquire securities. Further, if we meet the Asset Tests at the close of any quarter, we will not lose our REIT status for a failure to satisfy the Asset Tests at the end of a later quarter if such failure occurs solely because of changes in asset values. If our failure to satisfy the Asset Tests results from an acquisition of securities or other property during a quarter, we can cure the failure by disposing of a sufficient amount of nonqualifying assets within 30 days after the close of that quarter. We maintain, and will continue to maintain, adequate records of the value of our assets to ensure compliance with the Asset Tests and will take other action within 30 days after the close of any quarter as may be required to cure any noncompliance.

Operational Requirements Annual Distribution Requirement

In order to be taxed as a REIT, we are required to make dividend distributions, other than capital gain distributions, to our stockholders each year in the amount of at least 90% of our REIT taxable income (computed without regard to the dividends paid deduction and our capital gain and subject to certain other potential adjustments).

While we must generally pay dividends in the taxable year to which they relate, we may also pay dividends in the following taxable year if (1) they are declared before we timely file our federal income tax return for the taxable year in question, and if (2) they are paid on or before the first regular dividend payment date after the declaration.

Even if we satisfy the foregoing dividend distribution requirement and, accordingly, continue to qualify as a REIT for tax purposes, we will still be subject to tax on the excess of our net capital gain and our REIT taxable income, as adjusted, over the amount of dividends distributed to stockholders.

In addition, if we fail to distribute during each calendar year at least the sum of:

85% of our ordinary income for that year;

95% of our capital gain net income other than the capital gain net income which we elect to retain and pay tax on for that year; and

any undistributed taxable income from prior periods;

we will be subject to a 4% excise tax on the excess of the amount of such required distributions over amounts actually distributed during such year.

We intend to make timely distributions sufficient to satisfy this requirement; however, we may possibly experience timing differences between (1) the actual receipt of income and payment of

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deductible expenses, and (2) the inclusion of that income. We may also possibly be allocated a share of net capital gain attributable to the sale of depreciated property that exceeds our allocable share of cash attributable to that sale.

In such circumstances, we may have less cash than is necessary to meet our annual distribution requirement or to avoid income or excise taxation on certain undistributed income. We may find it necessary in such circumstances to arrange for financing or raise funds through the issuance of additional shares in order to meet our distribution requirements, or we may make taxable stock distributions to meet the distribution requirement.

If we fail to satisfy the distribution requirement for any taxable year by reason of a later adjustment to our taxable income made by the Internal Revenue Service, we may be able to pay deficiency dividends in a later year and include such distributions in our deductions for dividends paid for the earlier year. In such event, we may be able to avoid being taxed on amounts distributed as deficiency dividends, but we would be required in such circumstances to pay interest to the Internal Revenue Service based upon the amount of any deduction taken for deficiency dividends for the earlier year.

As noted above, we may also elect to retain, rather than distribute, our net long-term capital gains. The effect of such an election would be as follows:

- we would be required to pay the tax on these gains;

- stockholders, while required to include their proportionate share of the undistributed long-term capital gains in income, would receive a credit or refund for their share of the tax paid by the REIT; and

- the basis of a stockholder s shares would be increased by the amount of our undistributed long-term capital gains (minus the amount of capital gains tax we pay) included in the stockholder s long-term capital gains.

In computing our REIT taxable income, we will use the accrual method of accounting and depreciate depreciable property under the alternative depreciation system. We are required to file an annual federal income tax return, which, like other corporate returns, is subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service. Because the tax law requires us to make many judgments regarding the proper treatment of a transaction or an item of income or deduction, it is possible that the Internal Revenue Service will challenge positions we take in computing our REIT taxable income and our distributions. Issues could arise, for example, with respect to the allocation of the purchase price of properties between depreciable or amortizable assets and nondepreciable or non-amortizable assets such as land and the current deductibility of fees paid to Wells Capital or its affiliates. Were the Internal Revenue Service to successfully challenge our characterization of a transaction or determination of our REIT taxable income, we could be found to have failed to satisfy a requirement for qualification as a REIT. If, as a result of a challenge, we are determined to have failed to satisfy the distribution requirements for a taxable year, we would be disqualified as a REIT, unless we were permitted to pay a deficiency distribution to our stockholders and pay interest thereon to the Internal Revenue Service, as provided by the Internal Revenue Code. A deficiency distribution cannot be used to satisfy the distribution requirement, however, if the failure to meet the requirement is not due to a later adjustment to our income by the Internal Revenue Service.

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Operational Requirements Recordkeeping

In order to continue to qualify as a REIT, we must maintain certain records as set forth in applicable Treasury Regulations. Further, we must request, on an annual basis, certain information designed to disclose the ownership of our outstanding shares. We intend to comply with such requirements.

Failure to Qualify as a REIT

If we fail to qualify as a REIT for any reason in a taxable year and applicable relief provisions do not apply, we will be subject to tax (including any applicable alternative minimum tax) on our taxable income at regular corporate rates. We will not be able to deduct dividends paid to our stockholders in any year in which we fail to qualify as a REIT. We also will be disqualified for the four taxable years following the year during which qualification was lost unless we are entitled to relief under specific statutory provisions. (See Risk Factors Federal Income Tax Risks.)

Sale-Leaseback Transactions

Some of our investments may be in the form of sale-leaseback transactions. In most instances, depending on the economic terms of the transaction, we will be treated for federal income tax purposes as either the owner of the property or the holder of a debt secured by the property. We do not expect to request an opinion of counsel concerning the status of any leases of properties as true leases for federal income tax purposes.

The Internal Revenue Service may take the position that a specific sale-leaseback transaction, which we treat as a true lease, is not a true lease for federal income tax purposes but is, instead, a financing arrangement or loan. We may also structure some sale-leaseback transactions as loans. In this event, for purposes of the Asset Tests and the 75% Income Test, each such loan likely would be viewed as secured by real property to the extent of the fair market value of the underlying property. We expect that, for this purpose, the fair market value of the underlying property would be determined without taking into account our lease. If a sale-leaseback transaction were so recharacterized, we might fail to satisfy the Asset Tests or the Income Tests and, consequently, lose our REIT status effective with the year of recharacterization. Alternatively, the amount of our REIT taxable income could be recalculated which might also cause us to fail to meet the distribution requirement for a taxable year.

Taxation of U.S. Stockholders

Definition

In this section, the phrase U.S. stockholder means a holder of shares that for federal income tax purposes:

is a citizen or resident of the United States;

is a corporation, partnership or other entity created or organized in or under the laws of the United States or of any political subdivision thereof;

is an estate or trust, the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income taxation regardless of its source; or

a trust if a U.S. court is able to exercise primary supervision over the administration of the trust and one or more U.S. persons have the authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust.

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For any taxable year for which we qualify for taxation as a REIT, amounts distributed to taxable U.S. stockholders will be taxed as described below.

Distributions Generally

Distributions to U.S. stockholders, other than capital gain distributions discussed below, will constitute dividends up to the amount of our current or accumulated earnings and profits and will be taxable to the stockholders as ordinary income. These distributions are not eligible for the dividends received deduction generally available to corporations. To the extent that we make a distribution in excess of our current or accumulated earnings and profits, the distribution will be treated first as a tax-free return of capital, reducing the tax basis in each U.S. stockholder s shares, and the amount of each distribution in excess of a U.S. stockholder s tax basis in its shares will be taxable as gain realized from the sale of its shares. Distributions that we declare in October, November or December of any year payable to a stockholder of record on a specified date in any of these months will be treated as both paid by us and received by the stockholder on December 31 of the year, provided that we actually pay the distribution no later than January 31 of the following calendar year. U.S. stockholders may not include any of our losses on their own federal income tax returns.

We will be treated as having sufficient earnings and profits to treat as a dividend any distribution by us up to the amount required to be distributed in order to avoid imposition of the 4% excise tax discussed above. Moreover, any deficiency distribution will be treated as an ordinary or capital gain distribution, as the case may be, regardless of our earnings and profits. As a result, stockholders may be required to treat as taxable some distributions that would otherwise result in a tax-free return of capital.

Capital Gain Distributions

Distributions to U.S. stockholders that we properly designate as capital gain distributions will be treated as long-term capital gains to the extent they do not exceed our actual net capital gain, for the taxable year without regard to the period for which the U.S. stockholder has held his stock.

Passive Activity Loss and Investment Interest Limitations

Our distributions and any gain you realize from a disposition of shares will not be treated as passive activity income, and stockholders may not be able to utilize any of their passive losses to offset this income on their personal tax returns. Our distributions (to the extent they do not constitute a return of capital) will generally be treated as investment income for purposes of the limitations on the deduction of investment interest. Net capital gain from a disposition of shares and capital gain distributions generally will be included in investment income for purposes of the investment interest deduction limitations only if, and to the extent, you so elect, in which case any such capital gains will be taxed as ordinary income.

Certain Dispositions of the Shares

In general, any gain or loss realized upon a taxable disposition of shares by a U.S. stockholder who is not a dealer in securities will be treated as long-term capital gain or loss if the shares have been held for more than 12 months and as short-term capital gain or loss if the shares have been held for 12 months or less. If, however, a U.S. stockholder has received any capital gains distributions with respect to his shares, any loss realized upon a taxable disposition of shares held for six months or less, to the extent of the capital gains distributions received with respect to his shares, will be treated as long-term capital loss. Also, the Internal Revenue Service is authorized to issue Treasury Regulations that would subject a portion of the capital gain a U.S. stockholder recognizes from selling his shares or from a capital

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gain distribution to a tax at a 25% rate, to the extent the capital gain is attributable to depreciation previously deducted.

Information Reporting Requirements and Backup Withholding for U.S. Stockholders

Under some circumstances, U.S. stockholders may be subject to backup withholding at a rate of 31% on payments made with respect to, or cash proceeds of a sale or exchange of, our shares. Backup withholding will apply only if the stockholder:

- fails to furnish his or her taxpayer identification number (which, for an individual, would be his or her Social Security Number);
- furnishes an incorrect tax identification number;
- is notified by the Internal Revenue Service that he or she has failed properly to report payments of interest and distributions or is otherwise subject to backup withholding; or
- under some circumstances, fails to certify, under penalties of perjury, that he or she has furnished a correct tax identification number and that (a) he or she has not been notified by the Internal Revenue Service that he or she is subject to backup withholding for failure to report interest and distribution payments or (b) he or she has been notified by the Internal Revenue Service that he or she is no longer subject to backup withholding.

Backup withholding will not apply with respect to payments made to some stockholders, such as corporations and tax-exempt organizations. Backup withholding is not an additional tax. Rather, the amount of any backup withholding with respect to a payment to a U.S. stockholder will be allowed as a credit against the U.S. stockholder s U.S. federal income tax liability and may entitle the U.S. stockholder to a refund, provided that the required information is furnished to the Internal Revenue Service. U.S. stockholders should consult their own tax advisors regarding their qualifications for exemption from backup withholding and the procedure for obtaining an exemption.

Treatment of Tax-Exempt Stockholders

Tax-exempt entities such as employee pension benefit trusts, individual retirement accounts, charitable remainder trusts, etc. generally are exempt from federal income taxation. Such entities are subject to taxation, however, on any unrelated business taxable income (UBTI), as defined in the Internal Revenue Code. Our payment of dividends to a tax-exempt employee pension benefit trust or other domestic tax-exempt stockholder generally will not constitute UBTI to such stockholder unless such stockholder has borrowed to acquire or carry its shares.

In the event that we are deemed to be predominately held by qualified employee pension benefit trusts that each hold more than 10% (in value) of our shares, such trusts would be required to treat a percentage of the dividend distributions paid to them as UBTI. We would be deemed to be predominately held by such trusts if either (1) one employee pension benefit trust owns more than 25% in value of our shares, or (2) any group of such trusts, each owning more than 10% in value of our shares, holds in the aggregate more than 50% in value of our shares. If either of these ownership thresholds were ever exceeded, any qualified employee pension benefit trust holding more than 10% in value of our shares would be subject to tax on that portion of our dividend distributions made to it which is equal to the percentage of our income which would be UBTI if we, ourselves, were a qualified trust, rather than a REIT. We will attempt to monitor the concentration of ownership of employee pension benefit trusts in our shares, and we do not expect our shares to be deemed to be predominately held by qualified

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employee pension benefit trusts, as defined in the Internal Revenue Code, to the extent required to trigger the treatment of our income as UBTI to such trusts.

For social clubs, voluntary employee benefit associations, supplemental unemployment benefit trusts and qualified group legal services plans exempt from federal income taxation under Sections 501(c)(7), (c)(9), (c)(17) and (c)(20) of the Internal Revenue Code, respectively, income from an investment in our shares will constitute UBTI unless the stockholder in question is able to deduct amounts set aside or placed in reserve for certain purposes so as to offset the UBTI generated. Any such organization that is a prospective investor in our shares should consult its own tax advisor concerning these set aside and reserve requirements.

Special Tax Considerations for Non-U.S. Stockholders

The rules governing U.S. income taxation of non-resident alien individuals, foreign corporations, foreign partnerships and foreign trusts and estates (collectively, Non-U.S. stockholders) are complex. The following discussion is intended only as a summary of these rules. Non-U.S. stockholders should consult with their own tax advisors to determine the impact of federal, state and local income tax laws on an investment in our shares, including any reporting requirements.

Income Effectively Connected With a U.S. Trade or Business

In general, Non-U.S. stockholders will be subject to regular U.S. federal income taxation with respect to their investment in our shares if the income derived therefrom is effectively connected with the Non-U.S. stockholder s conduct of a trade or business in the United States. A corporate Non-U.S. stockholder that receives income that is (or is treated as) effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business also may be subject to a branch profits tax under Section 884 of the Internal Revenue Code, which is payable in addition to the regular U.S. federal corporate income tax.

The following discussion will apply to Non-U.S. stockholders whose income derived from ownership of our shares is deemed to be not effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business.

Distributions Not Attributable to Gain From the Sale or Exchange of a United States Real Property Interest

A distribution to a Non-U.S. stockholder that is not attributable to gain realized by us from the sale or exchange of a United States real property interest and that we do not designate as a capital gain distribution will be treated as an ordinary income distribution to the extent that it is made out of current or accumulated earnings and profits. Generally, any ordinary income distribution will be subject to a U.S. federal income tax equal to 30% of the gross amount of the distribution unless this tax is reduced by the provisions of an applicable tax treaty. Any such distribution in excess of our earnings and profits will be treated first as a return of capital that will reduce each Non-U.S. stockholder s basis in its shares (but not below zero) and then as gain from the disposition of those shares, the tax treatment of which is described under the rules discussed below with respect to dispositions of shares.

Distributions Attributable to Gain From the Sale or Exchange of a United States Real Property Interest

Distributions to a Non-U.S. stockholder that are attributable to gain from the sale or exchange of a United States real property interest will be taxed to a Non-U.S. stockholder under Internal Revenue Code provisions enacted by the Foreign Investment in Real Property Tax Act of 1980 (FIRPTA). Under FIRPTA, such distributions are taxed to a Non-U.S. stockholder as if the distributions were gains

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effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business. Accordingly, a Non-U.S. stockholder will be taxed at the normal capital gain rates applicable to a U.S. stockholder (subject to any applicable alternative minimum tax and a special alternative minimum tax in the case of non-resident alien individuals). Distributions subject to FIRPTA also may be subject to a 30% branch profits tax when made to a corporate Non-U.S. stockholder that is not entitled to a treaty exemption.

Withholding Obligations With Respect to Distributions to Non-U.S. Stockholders

Although tax treaties may reduce our withholding obligations, based on current law, we will generally be required to withhold from distributions to Non-U.S. stockholders, and remit to the Internal Revenue Service:

35% of designated capital gain distributions or, if greater, 35% of the amount of any distributions that could be designated as capital gain distributions; and

30% of ordinary income distributions (*i.e.*, dividends paid out of our earnings and profits).

In addition, if we designate prior distributions as capital gain distributions, subsequent distributions, up to the amount of the prior distributions, will be treated as capital gain distributions for purposes of withholding. A distribution in excess of our earnings and profits will be subject to 30% withholding if at the time of the distribution it cannot be determined whether the distribution will be in an amount in excess of our current or accumulated earnings and profits. If the amount of tax we withhold with respect to a distribution to a Non-U.S. stockholder exceeds the stockholder s U.S. tax liability with respect to that distribution, the Non-U.S. stockholder may file a claim with the Internal Revenue Service for a refund of the excess.

Sale of Our Shares by a Non-U.S. Stockholder

A sale of our shares by a Non-U.S. stockholder will generally not be subject to U.S. federal income taxation unless our shares constitute a United States real property interest within the meaning of FIRPTA. Our shares will not constitute a United States real property interest if we are a domestically controlled REIT. A domestically controlled REIT is a REIT that at all times during a specified testing period has less than 50% in value of its shares held directly or indirectly by Non-U.S. stockholders. We currently anticipate that we will be a domestically controlled REIT. Therefore, sales of our shares should not be subject to taxation under FIRPTA. However, we cannot assure you that we will continue to be a domestically controlled REIT. If we were not a domestically controlled REIT, whether a Non-U.S. stockholder s sale of our shares would be subject to tax under FIRPTA as a sale of a United States real property interest would depend on whether our shares were regularly traded on an established securities market and on the size of the selling stockholder s interest in us. Our shares currently are not regularly traded on an established securities market.

If the gain on the sale of shares were subject to taxation under FIRPTA, a Non-U.S. stockholder would be subject to the same treatment as a U.S. stockholder with respect to the gain, subject to any applicable alternative minimum tax and a special alternative minimum tax in the case of non-resident alien individuals. In addition, distributions that are treated as gain from the disposition of shares and are subject to tax under FIRPTA also may be subject to a 30% branch profits tax when made to a corporate Non-U.S. stockholder that is not entitled to a treaty exemption. Under FIRPTA, the purchaser of our shares may be required to withhold 10% of the purchase price and remit this amount to the Internal Revenue Service.

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Even if not subject to FIRPTA, capital gains will be taxable to a Non-U.S. stockholder if the Non-U.S. stockholder is a non-resident alien individual who is present in the United States for 183 days or more during the taxable year and some other conditions apply, in which case the non-resident alien individual will be subject to a 30% tax on his or her U.S. source capital gains.

Recently promulgated Treasury Regulations may alter the procedures for claiming the benefits of an income tax treaty. Our Non-U.S. stockholders should consult their tax advisors concerning the effect, if any, of these Treasury Regulations on an investment in our shares.

Information Reporting Requirements and Backup Withholding for Non-U.S. Stockholders

Additional issues may arise for information reporting and backup withholding for Non-U.S. stockholders. Non-U.S. stockholders should consult their tax advisors with regard to U.S. information reporting and backup withholding requirements under the Internal Revenue Code.

Statement of Stock Ownership

We are required to demand annual written statements from the record holders of designated percentages of our shares disclosing the actual owners of the shares. Any record stockholder who, upon our request, does not provide us with required information concerning actual ownership of the shares is required to include specified information relating to his or her shares in his or her federal income tax return. We also must maintain, within the Internal Revenue District in which we are required to file our federal income tax return, permanent records showing the information we have received about the actual ownership of shares and a list of those persons failing or refusing to comply with our demand.

State and Local Taxation

We and any operating subsidiaries we may form may be subject to state and local tax in states and localities in which we or they do business or own property. The tax treatment of the Wells REIT, Wells OP, any operating subsidiaries we may form and the holders of our shares in local jurisdictions may differ from the federal income tax treatment described above.

Tax Aspects of Our Operating Partnership

The following discussion summarizes certain federal income tax considerations applicable to our investment in Wells OP, our operating partnership. The discussion does not cover state or local tax laws or any federal tax laws other than income tax laws.

Classification as a Partnership

We will be entitled to include in our income a distributive share of Wells OP s income and to deduct our distributive share of Wells OP s losses only if Wells OP is classified for federal income tax purposes as a partnership, rather than as an association taxable as a corporation. Under applicable Treasury Regulations (Check-the-Box-Regulations), an unincorporated U.S. entity with at least two members may elect to be classified either as an association taxable as a corporation or as a partnership. If such an entity fails to make an election, it generally will be treated as a partnership for federal income tax purposes. Wells OP intends to be classified as a partnership for federal income tax purposes and will not elect to be treated as an association taxable as a corporation under the Check-the-Box-Regulations.

Even though Wells OP will be treated as a partnership for federal income tax purposes, since it will not elect to be taxable as a corporation under the Check-the-Box Regulations, it could still be taxed

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as a corporation if it were deemed to be a publicly traded partnership. A publicly traded partnership is a partnership whose interests are traded on an established securities market or are readily tradable on a secondary market (or the substantial equivalent thereof); provided, that even if the foregoing requirements are met, a publicly traded partnership will not be treated as a corporation for federal income tax purposes if at least 90% of such partnership s gross income for a taxable year consists of qualifying income under Section 7704(d) of the Internal Revenue Code. Qualifying income generally includes any income that is qualifying income for purposes of the 95% Income Test applicable to REITs (90% Passive-Type Income Exception). (See Requirements for Qualification as a REIT Operational Requirements Gross Income Tests.)

Under applicable Treasury Regulations (PTP Regulations), limited safe harbors from the definition of a publicly traded partnership are provided. Pursuant to one of those safe harbors (Private Placement Exclusion), interests in a partnership will not be treated as readily tradable on a secondary market or the substantial equivalent thereof if (1) all interests in the partnership were issued in a transaction (or transactions) that was not required to be registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and (2) the partnership does not have more than 100 partners at any time during the partnership s taxable year. In determining the number of partners in a partnership, a person owning an interest in a flow-through entity (such as a partnership, grantor trust or S corporation) that owns an interest in the partnership is treated as a partner in such partnership only if (a) substantially all of the value of the owner s interest in the flow-through is attributable to the flow-through entity s interest (direct or indirect) in the partnership, and (b) a principal purpose of the use of the flow-through entity is to permit the partnership to satisfy the 100 partner limitation. Wells OP qualifies for the Private Placement Exclusion. Further, even if Wells OP were to be considered a publicly traded partnership under the PTP Regulations because it is deemed to have more than 100 partners, Wells OP should not be treated as a corporation because it should be eligible for the 90% Passive-Type Income Exception described above.

We have not requested, and do not intend to request, a ruling from the Internal Revenue Service that Wells OP will be classified as a partnership for federal income tax purposes. Holland & Knight is of the opinion, however, that based on certain factual assumptions and representations, Wells OP will more likely than not be treated for federal income tax purposes as a partnership and not as an association taxable as a corporation, or as a publicly traded partnership. Unlike a tax ruling, however, an opinion of counsel is not binding upon the Internal Revenue Service, and no assurance can be given that the Internal Revenue Service will not challenge the status of Wells OP as a partnership for federal income tax purposes. If such challenge were sustained by a court, Wells OP would be treated as a corporation for federal income tax purposes, as described below. In addition, the opinion of Holland & Knight is based on existing law, which is to a great extent the result of administrative and judicial interpretation. No assurance can be given that administrative or judicial changes would not modify the conclusions expressed in the opinion.

If for any reason Wells OP were taxable as a corporation, rather than a partnership, for federal income tax purposes, we would not be able to qualify as a REIT. (See Federal Income Tax Considerations Requirements for Qualification as a REIT Operational Requirements Gross Income Tests and Requirements for Qualification as a REIT Operational Requirements Asset Tests.) In addition, any change in Wells OP s status for tax purposes might be treated as a taxable event, in which case we might incur a tax liability without any related cash distribution. Further, items of income and deduction of Wells OP would not pass through to its partners, and its partners would be treated as stockholders for tax purposes. Consequently, Wells OP would be required to pay income tax at corporate tax rates on its net income, and distributions to its partners would constitute dividends that would not be deductible in computing Wells OP s taxable income.

Income Taxation of the Operating Partnership and its Partners

Partners, Not a Partnership, Subject to Tax. A partnership is not a taxable entity for federal income tax purposes. As a partner in Wells OP, we will be required to take into account our allocable share of Wells OP s income, gains, losses, deductions, and credits for any taxable year of Wells OP ending within or with our taxable year, without regard to whether we have received or will receive any distribution from Wells OP.

Partnership Allocations. Although a partnership agreement generally determines the allocation of income and losses among partners, such allocations will be disregarded for tax purposes if they do not comply with the provisions of Section 704(b) of the Internal Revenue Code and the Treasury Regulations promulgated thereunder. If an allocation is not recognized for federal income tax purposes, the item subject to the allocation will be reallocated in accordance with the partners interests in the partnership, which will be determined by taking into account all of the facts and circumstances relating to the economic arrangement of the partners with respect to such item. Wells OP s allocations of taxable income and loss are intended to comply with the requirements of Section 704(b) of the Internal Revenue Code and the Treasury Regulations promulgated thereunder.

Tax Allocations With Respect to Contributed Properties. Pursuant to Section 704(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, income, gain, loss, and deduction attributable to appreciated or depreciated property that is contributed to a partnership in exchange for an interest in the partnership must be allocated for federal income tax purposes in a manner such that the contributor is charged with, or benefits from, the unrealized gain or unrealized loss associated with the property at the time of the contribution. The amount of such unrealized gain or unrealized loss is generally equal to the difference between the fair market value of the contributed property at the time of contribution and the adjusted tax basis of such property at the time of contribution. Under applicable Treasury Regulations, partnerships are required to use a reasonable method for allocating items subject to Section 704(c) of the Internal Revenue Code and several reasonable allocation methods are described therein.

Under the partnership agreement for Wells OP, depreciation or amortization deductions of Wells OP generally will be allocated among the partners in accordance with their respective interests in Wells OP, except to the extent that Wells OP is required under Section 704(c) to use a method for allocating depreciation deductions attributable to its properties that results in us receiving a disproportionately large share of such deductions. We may possibly be allocated (1) lower amounts of depreciation deductions for tax purposes with respect to contributed properties than would be allocated to us if each such property were to have a tax basis equal to its fair market value at the time of contribution, and (2) taxable gain in the event of a sale of such contributed properties in excess of the economic profit allocated to us as a result of such sale. These allocations may cause us to recognize taxable income in excess of cash proceeds received by us, which might adversely affect our ability to comply with the REIT distribution requirements, although we do not anticipate that this event will occur. The foregoing principles also will affect the calculation of our earnings and profits for purposes of determining which portion of our distributions is taxable as a dividend. The allocations described in this paragraph may result in a higher portion of our distributions being taxed as a dividend than would have occurred had we purchased such properties for cash.

Basis in Operating Partnership Interest. The adjusted tax basis of our partnership interest in Wells OP generally is equal to (1) the amount of cash and the basis of any other property contributed to Wells OP by us, (2) increased by (A) our allocable share of Wells OP s income and (B) our allocable share of the indebtedness of Wells OP, and (3) reduced, but not below zero, by (A) our allocable share of Wells OP s losses and (B) the amount of cash distributed to us, including constructive cash distributions resulting from a reduction in our share of the indebtedness of Wells OP.

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If the allocation of our distributive share of Wells OP s losses would reduce the adjusted tax basis of our partnership interest in Wells OP below zero, the recognition of such losses will be deferred until such time as the recognition of such losses would not reduce our adjusted tax basis below zero. If a distribution from Wells OP or a reduction in our share of Wells OP s liabilities (which is treated as a constructive distribution for tax purposes) would reduce our adjusted tax basis below zero, any such distribution, including a constructive distribution, would cause us to recognize taxable income equal to the amount of such distribution in excess of our adjusted tax basis. The gain realized by us upon the receipt of any such distribution or constructive distribution would normally be characterized as capital gain, and if our partnership interest in Wells OP has been held for longer than the long-term capital gain holding period (currently one year), the distribution would constitute long-term capital gain.

Depreciation Deductions Available to the Operating Partnership. Wells OP will use a portion of contributions made by the Wells REIT from offering proceeds to acquire interests in properties. Wells OP s initial basis in such properties for federal income tax purposes generally will be equal to the purchase price paid by Wells OP. Wells OP plans to depreciate each such depreciable property for federal income tax purposes under the alternative depreciation system of depreciation (ADS). Under ADS, Wells OP generally will depreciate buildings and improvements over a 40-year recovery period using a straight-line method and a mid-month convention and will depreciate furnishings and equipment over a 12-year recovery period. To the extent that Wells OP acquires properties in exchange for units of Wells OP, Wells OP s initial basis in each such property for federal income tax purposes should be the same as the transferor s basis in that property on the date of acquisition by Wells OP. Although the law is not entirely clear, Wells OP generally intends to depreciate such depreciable property for federal income tax purposes over the same remaining useful lives and under the same methods used by the transferors of such properties.

Sale of the Operating Partnership s Property

Generally, any gain realized by Wells OP on the sale of property held for more than one year will be long-term capital gain, except for any portion of such gain that is treated as depreciation or cost recovery recapture. Any gain recognized by Wells OP upon the disposition of a property will be allocated among the partners in accordance with their respective percentage interests in Wells OP.

Our share of any gain realized by Wells OP on the sale of any property held by Wells OP as inventory or other property held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of Wells OP s trade or business will be treated as income from a prohibited transaction that is subject to a 100% penalty tax. Such prohibited transaction income also may have an adverse effect upon our ability to satisfy the Income Tests for maintaining our REIT status. (See Federal Income Tax Considerations Requirements for Qualification as a REIT Gross Income Tests above.) We, however, do not presently intend to acquire or hold or allow Wells OP to acquire or hold any property that represents inventory or other property held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of our or Wells OP s trade or business.

ERISA CONSIDERATIONS

The following is a summary of some non-tax considerations associated with an investment in our shares by a qualified employee pension benefit plan or an individual retirement account (IRA). This summary is based on provisions of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended (ERISA), and the Internal Revenue Code, as amended through the date of this prospectus, and relevant regulations and opinions issued by the Department of Labor and the Internal Revenue Service. We cannot assure you that there will not be adverse tax decisions or legislative, regulatory or administrative changes which would significantly modify the statements expressed herein. Any such changes may or may not apply to transactions entered into prior to the date of their enactment.

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Each fiduciary of an employee pension benefit plan subject to ERISA, such as a profit sharing, section 401(k) or pension plan, or of any other retirement plan or account subject to Section 4975 of the Internal Revenue Code, such as an IRA (Benefit Plans), seeking to invest plan assets in our shares must, taking into account the facts and circumstances of such Benefit Plan, consider, among other matters:

- whether the investment is consistent with the applicable provisions of ERISA and the Internal Revenue Code;
- whether, under the facts and circumstances appertaining to the Benefit Plan in question, the fiduciary s responsibility to the plan has been satisfied;
- whether the investment will produce UBTI to the Benefit Plan (see Federal Income Tax Considerations Treatment of Tax-Exempt Stockholders); and
- the need to value the assets of the Benefit Plan annually.

Under ERISA, a plan fiduciary s responsibilities include the following duties:

- to act solely in the interest of plan participants and beneficiaries and for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to them, as well as defraying reasonable expenses of plan administration;
- to invest plan assets prudently;
- to diversify the investments of the plan unless it is clearly prudent not to do so;
- to ensure sufficient liquidity for the plan; and
- to consider whether an investment would constitute or give rise to a prohibited transaction under ERISA or the Internal Revenue Code.

ERISA also requires that the assets of an employee benefit plan be held in trust and that the trustee, or a duly authorized named fiduciary or investment manager, have exclusive authority and discretion to manage and control the assets of the plan.

Prohibited Transactions

Section 406 of ERISA and Section 4975 of the Internal Revenue Code prohibit specified transactions involving the assets of a Benefit Plan which are between the plan and any party in interest or disqualified person with respect to that Benefit Plan. These transactions are prohibited regardless of how beneficial they may be for the Benefit Plan. Prohibited transactions include the sale, exchange or leasing of property, and the lending of money or the extension of credit, between a Benefit Plan and a party in interest or disqualified person. The transfer to, or use by or for the benefit of, a party in interest, or disqualified person of any assets of a Benefit Plan is also prohibited. A fiduciary of a Benefit Plan also is prohibited from engaging in self-dealing, acting for a person who has an interest adverse to the plan or receiving any consideration for its own account from a party dealing with the plan in a transaction involving plan assets. Furthermore, Section 408 of the Internal Revenue Code states that assets of an IRA trust may not be commingled with other property except in a common trust fund or common investment fund.

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Plan Asset Considerations

In order to determine whether an investment in our shares by Benefit Plans creates or gives rise to the potential for either prohibited transactions or a commingling of assets as referred to above, a fiduciary must consider whether an investment in our shares will cause our assets to be treated as assets of the investing Benefit Plans. Neither ERISA nor the Internal Revenue Code define the term plan assets, however, U.S. Department of Labor Regulations provide guidelines as to whether, and under what circumstances, the underlying assets of an entity will be deemed to constitute assets of a Benefit Plan when the plan invests in that entity (Plan Assets Regulation). Under the Plan Assets Regulation, the assets of corporations, partnerships or other entities in which a Benefit Plan makes an equity investment will generally be deemed to be assets of the Benefit Plan unless the entity satisfies one of the exceptions to this general rule. As discussed below, we have received an opinion of counsel that, based on the Plan Assets Regulation, our underlying assets should not be deemed to be plan assets of Benefit Plans investing in shares, assuming the conditions set forth in the opinion are satisfied, based upon the fact that at least one of the specific exemptions set forth in the Plan Assets Regulation is satisfied, as determined under the criteria set forth below.

Specifically, the Plan Assets Regulation provides that the underlying assets of REITs will not be treated as assets of a Benefit Plan investing therein if the interest the Benefit Plan acquires is a publicly-offered security. A publicly-offered security must be:

- sold as part of a public offering registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and be part of a class of securities registered under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, within a specified time period;
- part of a class of securities that is owned by 100 or more persons who are independent of the issuer and one another; and
- freely transferable.

Our shares are being sold as part of an offering of securities to the public pursuant to an effective registration statement under the Securities Act, and are part of a class registered under the Securities Exchange Act. In addition, we have well in excess of 100 independent stockholders. Thus, both the first and second criterion of the publicly-offered security exception will be satisfied.

Whether a security is freely transferable depends upon the particular facts and circumstances. For example, our shares are subject to certain restrictions on transferability intended to ensure that we continue to qualify for federal income tax treatment as a REIT. The regulation provides, however, that where the minimum investment in a public offering of securities is $10,000 or less, the presence of a restriction on transferability intended to prohibit transfers which would result in a termination or reclassification of the entity for state or federal tax purposes will not ordinarily affect a determination that such securities are freely transferable. The minimum investment in our shares is less than $10,000; thus, the restrictions imposed in order to maintain our status as a REIT should not cause the shares to be deemed not freely transferable.

In the event that our underlying assets were treated by the Department of Labor as the assets of investing Benefit Plans, our management would be treated as fiduciaries with respect to each Benefit Plan stockholder, and an investment in our shares might constitute an ineffective delegation of fiduciary responsibility to Wells Capital, our advisor, and expose the fiduciary of the Benefit Plan to co-fiduciary liability under ERISA for any breach by Wells Capital of the fiduciary duties mandated under ERISA.

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Further, if our assets are deemed to be plan assets, an investment by an IRA in our shares might be deemed to result in an impermissible commingling of IRA assets with other property.

If Wells Capital, our advisor, or its affiliates were treated as fiduciaries with respect to Benefit Plan stockholders, the prohibited transaction restrictions of ERISA and the Internal Revenue Code would apply to any transaction involving our assets. These restrictions could, for example, require that we avoid transactions with entities that are affiliated with us or our affiliates or restructure our activities in order to obtain an administrative exemption from the prohibited transaction restrictions. Alternatively, we might have to provide Benefit Plan stockholders with the opportunity to sell their shares to us or we might dissolve or terminate.

If a prohibited transaction were to occur, the Internal Revenue Code imposes an excise tax equal to 15% of the amount involved and authorizes the IRS to impose an additional 100% excise tax if the prohibited transaction is not corrected in a timely manner. These taxes would be imposed on any disqualified person who participates in the prohibited transaction. In addition, Wells Capital and possibly other fiduciaries of Benefit Plan stockholders subject to ERISA who permitted the prohibited transaction to occur or who otherwise breached their fiduciary responsibilities, or a non-fiduciary participating in a prohibited transaction, could be required to restore to the Benefit Plan any profits they realized as a result of the transaction or breach, and make good to the Benefit Plan any losses incurred by the Benefit Plan as a result of the transaction or breach. With respect to an IRA that invests in our shares, the occurrence of a prohibited transaction involving the individual who established the IRA, or his or her beneficiary, would cause the IRA to lose its tax-exempt status under Section 408(e)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code.

We have obtained an opinion from Holland & Knight that it is more likely than not that our shares will be deemed to constitute publicly-offered securities and, accordingly, that it is more likely than not that our underlying assets should not be considered plan assets under the Plan Assets Regulation, assuming the offering takes place as described in this prospectus. If our underlying assets were not deemed to be plan assets, the problems discussed in the immediately preceding three paragraphs are not expected to arise.

Other Prohibited Transactions

Regardless of whether the shares qualify for the publicly-offered security exception of the Plan Assets Regulation, a prohibited transaction could occur if the Wells REIT, Wells Capital, any selected dealer or any of their affiliates is a fiduciary (within the meaning of Section 3(21) of ERISA) with respect to any Benefit Plan purchasing the shares. Accordingly, unless an administrative or statutory exemption applies, shares should not be purchased by a Benefit Plan with respect to which any of the above persons is a fiduciary. A person is a fiduciary with respect to a Benefit Plan under Section 3(21) of ERISA if, among other things, the person has discretionary authority or control with respect to plan assets or provides investment advice for a fee with respect to plan assets. Under a regulation issued by the Department of Labor, a person shall be deemed to be providing investment advice if that person renders advice as to the advisability of investing in our shares and that person regularly provides investment advice to the Benefit Plan pursuant to a mutual agreement or understanding (written or otherwise) (1) that the advice will serve as the primary basis for investment decisions, and (2) that the advice will be individualized for the Benefit Plan based on its particular needs.

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Annual Valuation

A fiduciary of an employee benefit plan subject to ERISA is required to determine annually the fair market value of each asset of the plan as of the end of the plan s fiscal year and to file a report reflecting that value with the Department of Labor. When the fair market value of any particular asset is not available, the fiduciary is required to make a good faith determination of that asset s fair market value assuming an orderly liquidation at the time the determination is made. In addition, a trustee or custodian of an IRA must provide an IRA participant with a statement of the value of the IRA each year. In discharging its obligation to value assets of a plan, a fiduciary subject to ERISA must act consistently with the relevant provisions of the plan and the general fiduciary standards of ERISA.

Unless and until our shares are listed on a national securities exchange or are included for quotation on NASDAQ, it is not expected that a public market for the shares will develop. To date, neither the Internal Revenue Service nor the Department of Labor has promulgated regulations specifying how a plan fiduciary should determine the fair market value of the shares, namely when the fair market value of the shares is not determined in the marketplace. Therefore, to assist fiduciaries in fulfilling their valuation and annual reporting responsibilities with respect to ownership of shares, we intend to have our advisor prepare annual reports of the estimated value of our shares. The methodology to be utilized for determining such estimated share values will be for our advisor to estimate the amount a stockholder would receive if our properties were sold at their estimated fair market values at the end of the fiscal year and the proceeds therefrom (without reduction for selling expenses) were distributed to the stockholders in liquidation. Due to the expense involved in obtaining annual appraisals for all of our properties, we do not currently anticipate that actual appraisals will be obtained; however, in connection with the advisor s estimated valuations, the advisor will obtain a third party opinion that its estimates of value are reasonable. We will provide our reports to plan fiduciaries and IRA trustees and custodians who identify themselves to us and request this information.

Until December 31, 2002, we intend to use the offering price of shares as the per share net asset value. Beginning at the end of year 2003, we will have our advisor prepare estimated valuations utilizing the methodology described above. You should be cautioned, however, that such valuations will be estimates only and will be based upon a number of assumptions that may not be accurate or complete. As set forth above, we do not currently anticipate obtaining appraisals for our properties and, accordingly, the advisor s estimates should not be viewed as an accurate reflection of the fair market value of our properties, nor will they represent the amount of net proceeds that would result from an immediate sale of our properties. In addition, property values are subject to change and can always decline in the future. For these reasons, our estimated valuations should not be utilized for any purpose other than to assist plan fiduciaries in fulfilling their valuation and annual reporting responsibilities. Further, we cannot assure you:

- that the estimated values we obtain could or will actually be realized by us or by our stockholders upon liquidation (in part because estimated values do not necessarily indicate the price at which assets could be sold and because no attempt will be made to estimate the expenses of selling any of our assets);
- that our stockholders could realize these values if they were to attempt to sell their shares; or
- that the estimated values, or the method used to establish values, would comply with the ERISA or IRA requirements described above.

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DESCRIPTION OF SHARES

The following description of the shares is not complete but is a summary of portions of our articles of incorporation and is qualified in its entirety by reference to our articles of incorporation.

Under our articles of incorporation, we have authority to issue a total of 1,000,000,000 shares of capital stock. Of the total shares authorized, 750,000,000 shares are designated as common stock with a par value of $0.01 per share, 100,000,000 shares are designated as preferred stock and 150,000,000 shares are designated as shares-in-trust, which would be issued only in the event we have purchases in excess of the ownership limits described below. In addition, our board of directors may amend our articles of incorporation to increase or decrease the amount of our authorized shares.

As of June 30, 2002, approximately 144,366,772 shares of our common stock were issued and outstanding, and no shares of preferred stock or shares-in-trust were issued and outstanding.

Common Stock

The holders of common stock are entitled to one vote per share on all matters voted on by stockholders, including election of our directors. Our articles of incorporation do not provide for cumulative voting in the election of our directors. Therefore, the holders of a majority of the outstanding common shares can elect our entire board of directors. Subject to any preferential rights of any outstanding series of preferred stock, the holders of common stock are entitled to such dividends as may be declared from time to time by our board of directors out of legally available funds and, upon liquidation, are entitled to receive all assets available for distribution to our stockholders. All shares issued in the offering will be fully paid and non-assessable shares of common stock. Holders of shares of common stock will not have preemptive rights, which means that you will not have an automatic option to purchase any new shares that we issue.

We will not issue certificates for our shares. Shares will be held in uncertificated form which will eliminate the physical handling and safekeeping responsibilities inherent in owning transferable stock certificates and eliminate the need to return a duly executed stock certificate to effect a transfer. Wells Capital, our advisor, acts as our registrar and as the transfer agent for our shares. Transfers can be effected simply by mailing to Wells Capital a transfer and assignment form, which we will provide to you at no charge.

Preferred Stock

Our articles of incorporation authorize our board of directors to designate and issue one or more classes or series of preferred stock without stockholder approval. Our board of directors may determine the relative rights, preferences and privileges of each class or series of preferred stock so issued, which may be more beneficial than the rights, preferences and privileges attributable to the common stock. The issuance of preferred stock could have the effect of delaying or preventing a change in control of the Wells REIT. Our board of directors has no present plans to issue preferred stock, but may do so at any time in the future without stockholder approval.

Meetings and Special Voting Requirements

An annual meeting of the stockholders will be held each year, at least 30 days after delivery of our annual report. Special meetings of stockholders may be called only upon the request of a majority of our directors, a majority of the independent directors, the chairman, the president or upon the written request of stockholders holding at least 10% of the shares. The presence of a majority of the outstanding shares either in person or by proxy shall constitute a quorum. Generally, the affirmative vote of a majority of all votes entitled to be cast is necessary to take stockholder action authorized by our articles of incorporation, except that a majority of the votes represented in person or by proxy at a meeting at which a quorum is present is sufficient to elect a director.

Under Maryland Corporation Law and our articles of incorporation, stockholders are entitled to vote at a duly held meeting at which a quorum is present on (1) amendments to our articles of incorporation, (2) a liquidation or dissolution of the Wells REIT, (3) a reorganization of the Wells REIT, (4) a merger, consolidation or sale or other disposition of substantially all of our assets, and (5) a termination of our status as a REIT. The vote of stockholders holding a majority of our outstanding shares is required to approve any such action, and no such action can be taken by our board of directors without such majority vote of our stockholders. Accordingly, any provision in our articles of incorporation, including our investment objectives, can be amended by the vote of stockholders holding a majority of our outstanding shares. Stockholders voting against any merger or sale of assets are permitted under Maryland Corporation Law to petition a court for the appraisal and payment of the fair value of their shares. In an appraisal proceeding, the court appoints appraisers who attempt to determine the fair value of the stock as of the date of the stockholder vote on the merger or sale of assets. After considering the appraisers report, the court makes the final determination of the fair value to be paid to the dissenting stockholder and decides whether to award interest from the date of the merger or sale of assets and costs of the proceeding to the dissenting stockholders.

Wells Capital, as our advisor, is selected and approved annually by our directors. While the stockholders do not have the ability to vote to replace Wells Capital or to select a new advisor, stockholders do have the ability, by the affirmative vote of a majority of the shares entitled to vote on such matter, to elect to remove a director from our board.

Stockholders are entitled to receive a copy of our stockholder list upon request. The list provided by us will include each stockholder s name, address and telephone number, if available, and number of shares owned by each stockholder and will be sent within 10 days of the receipt by us of the request. A stockholder requesting a list will be required to pay reasonable costs of postage and duplication. We have the right to request that a requesting stockholder represent to us that the list will not be used to pursue commercial interests.

In addition to the foregoing, stockholders have rights under Rule 14a-7 under the Securities Exchange Act, which provides that, upon the request of investors and the payment of the expenses of the distribution, we are required to distribute specific materials to stockholders in the context of the solicitation of proxies for voting on matters presented to stockholders or, at our option, provide requesting stockholders with a copy of the list of stockholders so that the requesting stockholders may make the distribution of proxies themselves.

Restriction on Ownership of Shares

In order for us to qualify as a REIT, not more than 50% of our outstanding shares may be owned by any five or fewer individuals, including some tax-exempt entities. In addition, the outstanding shares must be owned by 100 or more persons independent of us and each other during at least 335 days of a 12-month taxable year or during a proportionate part of a shorter taxable year. We may prohibit certain acquisitions and transfers of shares so as to ensure our continued qualification as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code. However, we cannot assure you that this prohibition will be effective.

In order to assist us in preserving our status as a REIT, our articles of incorporation contain a limitation on ownership that prohibits any person or group of persons from acquiring, directly or

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indirectly, beneficial ownership of more than 9.8% of our outstanding shares. Our articles of incorporation provide that any transfer of shares that would violate our share ownership limitations is null and void and the intended transferee will acquire no rights in such shares, unless the transfer is approved by our board of directors based upon receipt of information that such transfer would not violate the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code for qualification as a REIT.

Shares in excess of the ownership limit which are attempted to be transferred will be designated as shares-in-trust and will be transferred automatically to a trust effective on the day before the reported transfer of such shares. The record holder of the shares that are designated as shares-in-trust will be required to submit such number of shares to the Wells REIT in the name of the trustee of the trust. We will designate a trustee of the share trust that will not be affiliated with us. We will also name one or more charitable organizations as a beneficiary of the share trust. Shares-in-trust will remain issued and outstanding shares and will be entitled to the same rights and privileges as all other shares of the same class or series. The trustee will receive all dividends and distributions on the shares-in-trust and will hold such dividends or distributions in trust for the benefit of the beneficiary. The trustee will vote all shares-in-trust during the period they are held in trust.

At our direction, the trustee will transfer the shares-in-trust to a person whose ownership will not violate the ownership limits. The transfer shall be made within 20 days of our receipt of notice that shares have been transferred to the trust. During this 20-day period, we will have the option of redeeming such shares. Upon any such transfer or redemption, the purported transferee or holder shall receive a per share price equal to the lesser of (1) the price per share in the transaction that created such shares-in-trust, or (2) the market price per share on the date of the transfer or redemption.

Any person who (1) acquires shares in violation of the foregoing restriction or who owns shares that were transferred to any such trust is required to give immediate written notice to the Wells REIT of such event, or (2) transfers or receives shares subject to such limitations is required to give the Wells REIT 15 days written notice prior to such transaction. In both cases, such persons shall provide to the Wells REIT such other information as we may request in order to determine the effect, if any, of such transfer on our status as a REIT.

The foregoing restrictions will continue to apply until (1) our board of directors determines it is no longer in our best interest to continue to qualify as a REIT, and (2) there is an affirmative vote of the majority of shares entitled to vote on such matter at a regular or special meeting of our stockholders.

The ownership limit does not apply to an offeror which, in accordance with applicable federal and state securities laws, makes a cash tender offer, where at least 85% of the outstanding shares are duly tendered and accepted pursuant to the cash tender offer. The ownership limit also does not apply to the underwriter in a public offering of shares or to a person or persons so exempted from the ownership limit by our board of directors based upon appropriate assurances that our qualification as a REIT is not jeopardized.

Any person who owns 5% or more of the outstanding shares during any taxable year will be asked to deliver a statement or affidavit setting forth the number of shares beneficially owned, directly or indirectly.

Dividends

Dividends will be paid on a quarterly basis regardless of the frequency with which such dividends are declared. Dividends will be paid to investors who are stockholders as of the record dates selected by our board of directors. We currently calculate our quarterly dividends based upon daily record and

dividend declaration dates so our investors will be entitled to be paid dividends immediately upon their purchase of shares. We then make quarterly dividend payments following the end of each calendar quarter.

We are required to make distributions sufficient to satisfy the requirements for qualification as a REIT for tax purposes. Generally, income distributed as dividends will not be taxable to us under the Internal Revenue Code if we distribute at least 90% of our taxable income. (See Federal Income Tax Considerations Requirements for Qualification as a REIT.)

Dividends will be declared at the discretion of our board of directors, in accordance with our earnings, cash flow and general financial condition. Our board s discretion will be directed, in substantial part, by its obligation to cause us to comply with the REIT requirements. Because we may receive income from interest or rents at various times during our fiscal year, dividends may not reflect our income earned in that particular distribution period but may be made in anticipation of cash flow which we expect to receive during a later quarter and may be made in advance of actual receipt of funds in an attempt to make dividends relatively uniform. We may borrow money, issue securities or sell assets in order to make dividend distributions.

We are not prohibited from distributing our own securities in lieu of making cash dividends to stockholders, provided that the securities so distributed to stockholders are readily marketable. Stockholders who receive marketable securities in lieu of cash dividends may incur transaction expenses in liquidating the securities.

Dividend Reinvestment Plan

We currently have a dividend reinvestment plan available that allows you to have your dividends otherwise distributable to you invested in additional shares of the Wells REIT.

You may purchase shares under our dividend reinvestment plan for $10 per share until all of the shares registered as part of this offering have been sold. After this time, we may purchase shares either through purchases on the open market, if a market then exists, or through an additional issuance of shares. In any case, the price per share will be equal to the then-prevailing market price, which shall equal the price on the securities exchange or over-the-counter market on which such shares are listed at the date of purchase if such shares are then listed. A copy of our Amended and Restated Dividend Reinvestment Plan as currently in effect is included as Exhibit B to this prospectus.

You may elect to participate in the dividend reinvestment plan by completing the Subscription Agreement, the enrollment form or by other written notice to the plan administrator. Participation in the plan will begin with the next distribution made after receipt of your written notice. We may terminate the dividend reinvestment plan for any reason at any time upon 10 days prior written notice to participants. Your participation in the plan will also be terminated to the extent that a reinvestment of your dividends in our shares would cause the percentage ownership limitation contained in our articles of incorporation to be exceeded. In addition, you may terminate your participation in the dividend reinvestment plan at any time by providing us with written notice.

If you elect to participate in the dividend reinvestment plan and are subject to federal income taxation, you will incur a tax liability for dividends allocated to you even though you have elected not to receive the dividends in cash but rather to have the dividends withheld and reinvested pursuant to the dividend reinvestment plan. Specifically, you will be treated as if you have received the dividend from us in cash and then applied such dividend to the purchase of additional shares. You will be taxed on the

amount of such dividend as ordinary income to the extent such dividend is from current or accumulated earnings and profits, unless we have designated all or a portion of the dividend as a capital gain dividend.

Share Redemption Program

Prior to the time that our shares are listed on a national securities exchange, stockholders of the Wells REIT who have held their shares for at least one year may receive the benefit of limited interim liquidity by presenting for redemption all or any portion of their shares to us at any time in accordance with the procedures outlined herein. At that time, we may, subject to the conditions and limitations described below, redeem the shares presented for redemption for cash to the extent that we have sufficient funds available to us to fund such redemption.

If you have held your shares for the required one-year period, you may redeem your shares for a purchase price equal to the lesser of (1) $10 per share, or (2) the purchase price per share that you actually paid for your shares of the Wells REIT. In the event that you are redeeming all of your shares, shares purchased pursuant to our dividend reinvestment plan may be excluded from the foregoing one-year holding period requirement, in the discretion of our board of directors. In addition, for purposes of the one-year holding period, limited partners of Wells OP who exchange their limited partnership units for shares in the Wells REIT shall be deemed to have owned their shares as of the date they were issued their limited partnership units in Wells OP. Our board of directors reserves the right in its sole discretion at any time and from time to time to (1) change the purchase price for redemptions, or (2) otherwise amend the terms of our share redemption program. In addition, our board of directors has delegated to our officers the right to (1) waive the one-year holding period in the event of the death or bankruptcy of a stockholder or other exigent circumstances, or (2) reject any request for redemption at any time and for any reason.

Redemption of shares, when requested, will be made quarterly on a first-come, first-served basis. Subject to funds being available, we will limit the number of shares redeemed pursuant to our share redemption program as follows: (1) during any calendar year, we will not redeem in excess of 3.0% of the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the prior calendar year; and (2) funding for the redemption of shares will come exclusively from the proceeds we receive from the sale of shares under our dividend reinvestment plan such that in no event shall the aggregate amount of redemptions under our share redemption program exceed aggregate proceeds received from the sale of shares pursuant to our dividend reinvestment plan. The board of directors, in its sole discretion, may choose to terminate the share redemption program or to reduce the number of shares purchased under the share redemption program if it determines the funds otherwise available to fund our share redemption program are needed for other purposes. (See Risk Factors Investment Risks.)

We cannot guarantee that the funds set aside for our share redemption program will be sufficient to accommodate all requests made in any year. If we do not have such funds available, at the time when redemption is requested, you can (1) withdraw your request for redemption, or (2) ask that we honor your request at such time, if any, when sufficient funds become available. Such pending requests will be honored on a first-come, first-served basis.

Our share redemption program is only intended to provide interim liquidity for stockholders until a secondary market develops for the shares. No such market presently exists, and we cannot assure you that any market for your shares will ever develop.

The shares we redeem under our share redemption program will be cancelled, and will be held as treasury stock. We will not resell such shares to the public unless they are first registered with the

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Securities and Exchange Commission (Commission) under the Securities Act of 1933 and under appropriate state securities laws or otherwise sold in compliance with such laws.

Restrictions on Roll-Up Transactions

In connection with any proposed transaction considered a Roll-up Transaction involving the Wells REIT and the issuance of securities of an entity (a Roll-up Entity) that would be created or would survive after the successful completion of the Roll-up Transaction, an appraisal of all properties shall be obtained from a competent independent appraiser. The properties shall be appraised on a consistent basis, and the appraisal shall be based on the evaluation of all relevant information and shall indicate the value of the properties as of a date immediately prior to the announcement of the proposed Roll-up Transaction. The appraisal shall assume an orderly liquidation of properties over a 12-month period. The terms of the engagement of the independent appraiser shall clearly state that the engagement is for our benefit and the stockholders. A summary of the appraisal, indicating all material assumptions underlying the appraisal, shall be included in a report to stockholders in connection with any proposed Roll-up Transaction.

A Roll-up Transaction is a transaction involving the acquisition, merger, conversion or consolidation, directly or indirectly, of the Wells REIT and the issuance of securities of a Roll-up Entity. This term does not include:

- a transaction involving our securities that have been for at least 12 months listed on a national securities exchange or included for quotation on NASDAQ; or
- a transaction involving the conversion to corporate, trust, or association form of only the Wells REIT if, as a consequence of the transaction, there will be no significant adverse change in any of the following: stockholder voting rights; the term of our existence; compensation to Wells Capital; or our investment objectives.

In connection with a proposed Roll-up Transaction, the person sponsoring the Roll-up Transaction must offer to stockholders who vote no on the proposal the choice of:

(1) accepting the securities of a Roll-up Entity offered in the proposed Roll-up Transaction; or

(2) one of the following:

(A) remaining as stockholders of the Wells REIT and preserving their interests therein on the same terms and conditions as existed previously, or

(B) receiving cash in an amount equal to the stockholder s pro rata share of the appraised value of our net assets.

We are prohibited from participating in any proposed Roll-up Transaction:

that would result in the stockholders having democracy rights in a Roll-up Entity that are less than those provided in our bylaws and described elsewhere in this prospectus, including rights with respect to the election and removal of directors, annual reports, annual and special meetings, amendment of our articles of incorporation, and dissolution of the Wells REIT;

that includes provisions that would operate to materially impede or frustrate the accumulation of shares by any purchaser of the securities of the Roll-up Entity, except to the minimum extent necessary to preserve the tax status of the Roll-up Entity, or which

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would limit the ability of an investor to exercise the voting rights of its securities of the Roll-up Entity on the basis of the number of shares held by that investor;

in which investor s rights to access of records of the Roll-up Entity will be less than those provided in the section of this prospectus entitled Description of Shares Meetings and Special Voting Requirements; or

in which any of the costs of the Roll-up Transaction would be borne by us if the Roll-up Transaction is not approved by the stockholders.

Business Combinations

Maryland Corporation Law prohibits certain business combinations between a Maryland corporation and an interested stockholder or the interested stockholder s affiliate for five years after the most recent date on which the stockholder becomes an interested stockholder. These provisions of the Maryland Corporation Law will not apply, however, to business combinations that are approved or exempted by the board of directors of the corporation prior to the time that the interested stockholder becomes an interested stockholder. As permitted by Maryland Corporation Law, we have provided in our articles of incorporation that the business combination provisions of Maryland Corporation Law will not apply to transactions involving the Wells REIT.

Control Share Acquisitions

Maryland Corporation Law provides that control shares of a Maryland corporation acquired in a control share acquisition have no voting rights except to the extent approved by a vote of two-thirds of the votes entitled to be cast on the matter. Shares owned by the acquiror, or by officers or directors who are employees of the corporation are not entitled to vote on the matter. As permitted by Maryland Corporation Law, we have provided in our articles of incorporation that the control share provisions of Maryland Corporation Law will not apply to transactions involving the Wells REIT.

THE OPERATING PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT

General

Wells Operating Partnership, L.P. (Wells OP) was formed in January 1998 to acquire, own and operate properties on our behalf. It is considered to be an Umbrella Partnership Real Estate Investment Trust (UPREIT), which is a structure generally utilized to provide for the acquisition of real property from owners who desire to defer taxable gain otherwise required to be recognized by them upon the disposition of their properties. Such owners may also desire to achieve diversity in their investment and other benefits afforded to stockholders in a REIT. For purposes of satisfying the Asset and Income Tests for qualification as a REIT for tax purposes, the REIT s proportionate share of the assets and income of an UPREIT, such as Wells OP, will be deemed to be assets and income of the REIT.

The property owner s goals are accomplished because a property owner may contribute property to an UPREIT in exchange for limited partnership units on a tax-deferred basis. Further, Wells OP is structured to make distributions with respect to limited partnership units which will be equivalent to the dividend distributions made to stockholders of the Wells REIT. Finally, a limited partner in Wells OP may later exchange his limited partnership units in Wells OP for shares of the Wells REIT (in a taxable transaction) and, if our shares are then listed, achieve liquidity for his investment.

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Substantially all of our assets are held by Wells OP, and we intend to make future acquisitions of real properties using the UPREIT structure. The Wells REIT is the sole general partner of Wells OP and, as of June 30, 2002, owned an approximately 99.72% equity percentage interest in Wells OP. Wells Capital, our advisor, contributed $200,000 to Wells OP and is currently the only limited partner owning the other approximately 0.28% equity percentage interest in Wells OP. As the sole general partner of Wells OP, we have the exclusive power to manage and conduct the business of Wells OP.

The following is a summary of certain provisions of the partnership agreement of Wells OP. This summary is not complete and is qualified by the specific language in the partnership agreement. You should refer to the partnership agreement, itself, which we have filed as an exhibit to the registration statement, for more detail.

Capital Contributions

As we accept subscriptions for shares, we will transfer substantially all of the net proceeds of the offering to Wells OP as a capital contribution; however, we will be deemed to have made capital contributions in the amount of the gross offering proceeds received from investors. Wells OP will be deemed to have simultaneously paid the selling commissions and other costs associated with the offering. If Wells OP requires additional funds at any time in excess of capital contributions made by us and Wells Capital or from borrowing, we may borrow funds from a financial institution or other lender and lend such funds to Wells OP on the same terms and conditions as are applicable to our borrowing of such funds. In addition, we are authorized to cause Wells OP to issue partnership interests for less than fair market value if we conclude in good faith that such issuance is in the best interest of Wells OP and the Wells REIT.

Operations

The partnership agreement of Wells OP provides that Wells OP is to be operated in a manner that will (1) enable the Wells REIT to satisfy the requirements for being classified as a REIT for tax purposes, (2) avoid any federal income or excise tax liability, and (3) ensure that Wells OP will not be classified as a publicly traded partnership for purposes of Section 7704 of the Internal Revenue Code, which classification could result in Wells OP being taxed as a corporation, rather than as a partnership. (See Federal Income Tax Considerations Tax Aspects of Our Operating Partnership Classification as a Partnership.)

The partnership agreement provides that Wells OP will distribute cash flow from operations to the limited partners of Wells OP in accordance with their relative percentage interests on at least a quarterly basis in amounts determined by the Wells REIT as general partner such that a holder of one unit of limited partnership interest in Wells OP will receive the same amount of annual cash flow distributions from Wells OP as the amount of annual dividends paid to the holder of one of our shares. Remaining cash from operations will be distributed to the Wells REIT as the general partner to enable us to make dividend distributions to our stockholders.

Similarly, the partnership agreement of Wells OP provides that taxable income is allocated to the limited partners of Wells OP in accordance with their relative percentage interests such that a holder of one unit of limited partnership interest in Wells OP will be allocated taxable income for each taxable year in an amount equal to the amount of taxable income to be recognized by a holder of one of our shares, subject to compliance with the provisions of Sections 704(b) and 704(c) of the Internal Revenue Code and corresponding Treasury Regulations. Losses, if any, will generally be allocated among the partners in accordance with their respective percentage interests in Wells OP.

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Upon the liquidation of Wells OP, after payment of debts and obligations, any remaining assets of Wells OP will be distributed to partners with positive capital accounts in accordance with their respective positive capital account balances. If the Wells REIT were to have a negative balance in its capital account following a liquidation, it would be obligated to contribute cash to Wells OP equal to such negative balance for distribution to other partners, if any, having positive balances in their capital accounts.

In addition to the administrative and operating costs and expenses incurred by Wells OP in acquiring and operating real properties, Wells OP will pay all administrative costs and expenses of the Wells REIT and such expenses will be treated as expenses of Wells OP. Such expenses will include:

- all expenses relating to the formation and continuity of existence of the Wells REIT;
- all expenses relating to the public offering and registration of securities by the Wells REIT;
- all expenses associated with the preparation and filing of any periodic reports by the Wells REIT under federal, state or local laws or regulations;
- all expenses associated with compliance by the Wells REIT with applicable laws, rules and regulations; and
- all other operating or administrative costs of the Wells REIT incurred in the ordinary course of its business on behalf of Wells OP.

Exchange Rights

The limited partners of Wells OP, including Wells Capital, have the right to cause Wells OP to redeem their limited partnership units for cash equal to the value of an equivalent number of our shares, or, at our option, we may purchase their limited partnership units by issuing one share of the Wells REIT for each limited partnership unit redeemed. These exchange rights may not be exercised, however, if and to the extent that the delivery of shares upon such exercise would (1) result in any person owning shares in excess of our ownership limits, (2) result in shares being owned by fewer than 100 persons, (3) result in the Wells REIT being closely held within the meaning of Section 856(h) of the Internal Revenue Code, (4) cause the Wells REIT to own 10% or more of the ownership interests in a tenant within the meaning of Section 856(d)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code, or (5) cause the acquisition of shares by a redeemed limited partner to be integrated with any other distribution of our shares for purposes of complying with the Securities Act of 1933.

Subject to the foregoing, limited partners may exercise their exchange rights at any time after one year following the date of issuance of their limited partnership units; provided, however, that a limited partner may not deliver more than two exchange notices each calendar year and may not exercise an exchange right for less than 1,000 limited partnership units, unless such limited partner holds less than 1,000 units, in which case, he must exercise his exchange right for all of his units.

Transferability of Interests

The Wells REIT may not (1) voluntarily withdraw as the general partner of Wells OP, (2) engage in any merger, consolidation or other business combination, or (3) transfer its general partnership interest in Wells OP (except to a wholly-owned subsidiary), unless the transaction in which such withdrawal, business combination or transfer occurs results in the limited partners receiving or having the right to

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receive an amount of cash, securities or other property equal in value to the amount they would have received if they had exercised their exchange rights immediately prior to such transaction or unless, in the case of a merger or other business combination, the successor entity contributes substantially all of its assets to Wells OP in return for an interest in Wells OP and agrees to assume all obligations of the general partner of Wells OP. The Wells REIT may also enter into a business combination or we may transfer our general partnership interest upon the receipt of the consent of a majority-in-interest of the limited partners of Wells OP, other than Wells Capital. With certain exceptions, the limited partners may not transfer their interests in Wells OP, in whole or in part, without the written consent of the Wells REIT as the general partner. In addition, Wells Capital may not transfer its interest in Wells OP as long as it is acting as the advisor to the Wells REIT, except pursuant to the exercise of its right to exchange limited partnership units for Wells REIT shares, in which case similar restrictions on transfer will apply to the REIT shares received by Wells Capital.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

General

We are offering a maximum of 300,000,000 shares to the public through Wells Investment Securities, our Dealer Manager, a registered broker-dealer affiliated with Wells Capital, our advisor. (See Conflicts of Interest.) The shares are being offered at a price of $10.00 per share on a best efforts basis, which means generally that the Dealer Manager will be required to use only its best efforts to sell the shares and it has no firm commitment or obligation to purchase any of the shares. We are also offering 30,000,000 shares for sale pursuant to our dividend reinvestment plan at a price of $10.00 per share. We reserve the right in the future to reallocate additional shares to our dividend reinvestment plan out of our public offering shares. An additional 6,600,000 shares are reserved for issuance upon exercise of soliciting dealer warrants, which are granted to participating broker-dealers based upon the number of shares they sell. Therefore, a total of 336,600,000 shares are being registered in this offering.

The offering of shares will terminate on or before July 25, 2004. However, we reserve the right to terminate this offering at any time prior to such termination date.

Underwriting Compensation and Terms

Except as provided below, the Dealer Manager will receive selling commissions of 7.0% of the gross offering proceeds. The Dealer Manager will also receive 2.5% of the gross offering proceeds in the form of a dealer manager fee as compensation for acting as the Dealer Manager and for expenses incurred in connection with marketing our shares and paying the employment costs of the Dealer Manager s wholesalers. Out of its dealer manager fee, the Dealer Manager may pay salaries and commissions to its wholesalers in the aggregate amount of up to 1.0% of gross offering proceeds. We will not pay referral or similar fees to any accountants, attorneys or other persons in connection with the distribution of the shares. Stockholders who elect to participate in the dividend reinvestment plan will be charged selling commissions and dealer manager fees on shares purchased pursuant to the dividend reinvestment plan on the same basis as stockholders purchasing shares other than pursuant to the dividend reinvestment plan.

The Dealer Manager may authorize certain other broker-dealers who are members of the NASD (Participating Dealers) to sell our shares. In the event of the sale of shares by such Participating Dealers, the Dealer Manager may reallow its commissions in the amount of up to 7.0% of the gross offering proceeds to such Participating Dealers. In addition, the Dealer Manager may reallow a portion of its dealer manager fee to Participating Dealers in the aggregate amount of up to 1.5% of gross offering proceeds to be paid to such Participating Dealers as marketing fees, or to reimburse representatives of such Participating Dealers the costs and expenses of attending our educational conferences and seminars.

In addition, unless otherwise agreed with the Dealer Manager, Participating Dealers will be reimbursed for bona fide due diligence expenses, not to exceed 0.5% of gross offering proceeds in the aggregate.

We will also award to the Dealer Manager one soliciting dealer warrant for every 50 shares sold to the public or issued to stockholders pursuant to our dividend reinvestment plan during the offering period, except for sales of shares made net of commissions, as described below, in which case no warrants will be issued. The Dealer Manager intends to reallow these warrants to Participating Dealers by awarding one soliciting dealer warrant for every 50 shares sold during the offering period, unless such issuance of soliciting dealer warrants is prohibited by either federal or state securities laws. The holder of a soliciting dealer warrant will be entitled to purchase one share from the Wells REIT at a price of $12 per share during the period beginning on the first anniversary of the effective date of this offering and ending five years after the effective date of this offering. Participating Dealers are restricted from transferring, assigning, pledging or hypothecating the soliciting dealer warrants (except to certain officers or partners of such Participating Dealers in accordance with applicable NASD Rules) for a period of one year following the effective date of this offering. The shares issuable upon exercise of the soliciting dealer warrants are being registered as part of this offering. For the life of the soliciting dealer warrants, Participating Dealers are given the opportunity to profit from a rise in the market price for the common stock without assuming the risk of ownership, with a resulting dilution in the interest of other stockholders upon exercise of such warrants. In addition, holders of the soliciting dealer warrants would be expected to exercise such warrants at a time when we could obtain needed capital by offering new securities on terms more favorable than those provided by the soliciting dealer warrants. Exercise of the soliciting dealer warrants is governed by the terms and conditions detailed in this prospectus and in the Warrant Purchase Agreement, which is an exhibit to the registration statement.

In no event shall the total aggregate underwriting compensation, including sales commissions, the dealer manager fee and underwriting expense reimbursements, exceed 9.5% of gross offering proceeds in the aggregate, except for the soliciting dealer warrants described above and bona fide due diligence expenses not to exceed 0.5% of gross offering proceeds in the aggregate.

We have agreed to indemnify the Participating Dealers, including the Dealer Manager, against certain liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

The Participating Dealers are not obligated to obtain any subscriptions on our behalf, and we cannot assure you that any shares will be sold.

Our executive officers and directors, as well as officers and employees of Wells Capital or other affiliates, may purchase shares in this offering at a discount. The purchase price for such shares shall be $8.90 per share reflecting the fact that the acquisition and advisory fees relating to such shares will be reduced by $0.15 per share (from $0.30 per share to $0.15 per share), and that selling commissions in the amount of $0.70 per share and dealer manager fees in the amount of $0.25 per share will not be payable in connection with such sales. The net offering proceeds we receive will not be affected by such sales of shares at a discount. Wells Capital and its affiliates shall be expected to hold their shares purchased as stockholders for investment and not with a view towards distribution. In addition, shares purchased by Wells Capital or its affiliates shall not be entitled to vote on any matter presented to the stockholders for a vote.

We may sell shares to retirement plans of Participating Dealers, to Participating Dealers in their individual capacities, to IRAs and qualified plans of their registered representatives or to any one of their registered representatives in their individual capacities for 93% of the public offering price in consideration of the services rendered by such broker-dealers and registered representatives in the offering. The net proceeds to the Wells REIT from such sales made net of commissions will be identical to net proceeds we receive from other sales of shares.

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In connection with sales of certain minimum numbers of shares to a purchaser, as defined below, certain volume discounts resulting in reductions in selling commissions payable with respect to such sales are available to investors. In such event, any such reduction will be credited to the investor by reducing the purchase price per share payable by the investor. The following table illustrates the various discount levels available:

		Commissions on Sales per Incremental Share in Volume Discount Range	
Number of Shares Purchased	**Purchase Price per Incremental Share in Volume Discount Range**	**Percentage (based on $10 per share)**	**Amount**
1 to 50,000	$10.00	7.0%	$0.70
50,001 to 100,000	$ 9.80	5.0%	$0.50
100,001 and Over	$ 9.60	3.0%	$0.30

For example, if an investor purchases 200,000 shares he would pay (1) $500,000 for the first 50,000 shares ($10.00 per share), (2) $490,000 for the next 50,000 shares ($9.80 per share), and (3) $960,000 for the remaining 100,000 shares ($9.60 per share). Accordingly, he could pay as little as $1,950,000 ($9.75 per share) rather than $2,000,000 for the shares, in which event the commission on the sale of such shares would be $90,000 ($0.45 per share) and, after payment of the dealer manager fee of $50,000 ($0.25 per share), we would receive net proceeds of $1,810,000 ($9.05 per share). The net proceeds to the Wells REIT will not be affected by volume discounts. Requests to apply the volume discount provisions must be made in writing and submitted simultaneously with your subscription for shares.

Because all investors will be paid the same dividends per share as other investors, an investor qualifying for a volume discount will receive a higher percentage return on his investment than investors who do not qualify for such discount.

Subscriptions may be combined for the purpose of determining the volume discounts in the case of subscriptions made by any purchaser, as that term is defined below, provided all such shares are purchased through the same broker-dealer. The volume discount shall be prorated among the separate subscribers considered to be a single purchaser. Any request to combine more than one subscription must be made in writing submitted simultaneously with your subscription for shares, and must set forth the basis for such request. Any such request will be subject to verification by the Dealer Manager that all of such subscriptions were made by a single purchaser.

For the purposes of such volume discounts, the term purchaser includes:

an individual, his or her spouse and their children under the age of 21 who purchase the units for his, her or their own accounts;

a corporation, partnership, association, joint-stock company, trust fund or any organized group of persons, whether incorporated or not;

an employees trust, pension, profit sharing or other employee benefit plan qualified under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code; and all commingled trust funds maintained by a given bank.

Notwithstanding the above, in connection with volume sales made to investors in the Wells REIT, investors may request in writing to aggregate subscriptions, including subscriptions to public real estate programs previously sponsored by our advisor or its affiliates, as part of a combined order for purposes of determining the number of shares purchased, provided that any aggregate group of subscriptions must be

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received from the same Participating Dealer, including the Dealer Manager. Any such reduction in selling commission will be prorated among the separate subscribers. An investor may reduce the amount of his purchase price to the net amount shown in the foregoing table, if applicable. As set forth above, all requests to aggregate subscriptions as a single purchaser or other application of the foregoing volume discount provisions must be made in writing, and except as provided in this paragraph, separate subscriptions will not be cumulated, combined or aggregated.

California residents should be aware that volume discounts will not be available in connection with the sale of shares made to California residents to the extent such discounts do not comply with the provisions of Rule 260.140.51 adopted pursuant to the California Corporate Securities Law of 1968. Pursuant to this Rule, volume discounts can be made available to California residents only in accordance with the following conditions:

- there can be no variance in the net proceeds to the Wells REIT from the sale of the shares to different purchasers of the same offering;
- all purchasers of the shares must be informed of the availability of quantity discounts;
- the same volume discounts must be allowed to all purchasers of shares which are part of the offering;
- the minimum amount of shares as to which volume discounts are allowed cannot be less than $10,000;
- the variance in the price of the shares must result solely from a different range of commissions, and all discounts allowed must be based on a uniform scale of commissions; and
- no discounts are allowed to any group of purchasers.

Accordingly, volume discounts for California residents will be available in accordance with the foregoing table of uniform discount levels based on dollar volume of shares purchased, but no discounts are allowed to any group of purchasers, and no subscriptions may be aggregated as part of a combined order for purposes of determining the number of shares purchased.

Investors may agree with their broker-dealer to reduce the amount of selling commissions payable with respect to the sale of their shares down to zero (1) in the event that the investor has engaged the services of a registered investment advisor or other financial advisor with whom the investor has agreed to pay compensation for investment advisory services or other financial or investment advice, or (2) in the event that the investor is investing in a bank trust account with respect to which the investor has delegated the decision-making authority for investments made in the account to a bank trust department. The net proceeds to the Wells REIT will not be affected by reducing the commissions payable in connection with such transactions.

Neither the Dealer Manager nor its affiliates will compensate any person engaged as an investment advisor by a potential investor as an inducement for such investment advisor to advise favorably for an investment in the Wells REIT.

In addition, subscribers for shares may agree with their Participating Dealers and the Dealer Manager to have selling commissions due with respect to the purchase of their shares paid over a six-year period pursuant to a deferred commission arrangement. Stockholders electing the deferred commission option will be required to pay a total of $9.40 per share purchased upon subscription, rather than $10.00 per share, with respect to which $0.10 per share will be payable as commissions due upon subscription. For the period of six years following subscription, $0.10 per share will be deducted on an annual basis

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from dividends or other cash distributions otherwise payable to the stockholders and used by the Wells REIT to pay deferred commission obligations. The net proceeds to the Wells REIT will not be affected by the election of the deferred commission option. Under this arrangement, a stockholder electing the deferred commission option will pay a 1% commission upon subscription, rather than a 7% commission, and an amount equal to a 1% commission per year thereafter for the next six years, or longer if required to satisfy outstanding deferred commission obligations, will be deducted from dividends or other cash distributions otherwise payable to such stockholder and used by the Wells REIT to satisfy commission obligations. The foregoing commission amounts may be adjusted with approval of the Dealer Manager by application of the volume discount provisions described previously.

Stockholders electing the deferred commission option who are subject to federal income taxation will incur tax liability for dividends or other cash distributions otherwise payable to them with respect to their shares even though such dividends or other cash distributions will be withheld from such stockholders and will instead be paid to third parties to satisfy commission obligations.

Investors who wish to elect the deferred commission option should make the election on their Subscription Agreement Signature Page. Election of the deferred commission option shall authorize the Wells REIT to withhold dividends or other cash distributions otherwise payable to such stockholder for the purpose of paying commissions due under the deferred commission option; provided, however, that in no event may the Wells REIT withhold in excess of $0.60 per share in the aggregate under the deferred commission option. Such dividends or cash distributions otherwise payable to stockholders may be pledged by the Wells REIT, the Dealer Manager, Wells Capital or their affiliates to secure one or more loans, the proceeds of which would be used to satisfy sales commission obligations.

In the event that, at any time prior to the satisfaction of our remaining deferred commission obligations, listing of the shares occurs or is reasonably anticipated to occur, or we begin a liquidation of our properties, the remaining commissions due under the deferred commission option may be accelerated by the Wells REIT. In either such event, we shall provide notice of any such acceleration to stockholders who have elected the deferred commission option. In the event of listing, the amount of the remaining commissions due shall be deducted and paid by the Wells REIT out of dividends or other cash distributions otherwise payable to such stockholders during the time period prior to listing. To the extent that the distributions during such time period are insufficient to satisfy the remaining commissions due, the obligation of Wells REIT and our stockholders to make any further payments of deferred commissions under the deferred commission option shall terminate, and Participating Dealers will not be entitled to receive any further portion of their deferred commissions following listing of our shares. In the event of a liquidation of our properties, the amount of remaining commissions due shall be deducted and paid by the Wells REIT out of dividends or net sale proceeds otherwise payable to stockholders who are subject to any such acceleration of their deferred commission obligations. In no event may the Wells REIT withhold in excess of $0.60 per share in the aggregate for the payment of deferred commissions.

Subscription Procedures

You should pay for your shares by check payable to Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. Subscriptions will be effective only upon our acceptance, and we reserve the right to reject any subscription in whole or in part. We may not accept a subscription for shares until at least five business days after the date you receive this prospectus. You will receive a confirmation of your purchase. We will initially deposit the subscription proceeds in an interest-bearing account with Bank of America, N.A., Atlanta, Georgia. Subscribers may not withdraw funds from the account. We will withdraw funds from the account periodically for the acquisition of real estate properties, the payment of fees and expenses or other investments approved by our board of directors. We generally admit stockholders to the Wells REIT on a daily basis.

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Except for purchases pursuant to our dividend reinvestment plan or reinvestment plans of other public real estate programs, all accepted subscriptions will be for whole shares and for not less than 100 shares ($1,000). (See Suitability Standards.) Except in Maine, Minnesota, Nebraska and Washington, investors who have satisfied the minimum purchase requirement and have purchased units or shares in Wells programs or units or shares in other public real estate programs may purchase less than the minimum number of shares discussed above, provided that such investors purchase a minimum of 2.5 shares ($25). After investors have satisfied the minimum purchase requirement, minimum additional purchases must be in increments of at least 2.5 shares ($25), except for purchases made pursuant to our dividend reinvestment plan or reinvestment plans of other public real estate programs.

Investors who desire to establish an IRA for purposes of investing in shares may do so by having Wells Advisors, Inc., a qualified non-bank IRA custodian affiliated with our advisor, act as their IRA custodian. In the event that an IRA is established having Wells Advisors, Inc. as the IRA custodian, the authority of Wells Advisors, Inc. will be limited to holding the shares on behalf of the beneficiary of the IRA and making distributions or reinvestments in shares solely at the discretion of the beneficiary of the IRA. Wells Advisors, Inc. will not have the authority to vote any of the shares held in an IRA except strictly in accordance with the written instructions of the beneficiary of the IRA.

The proceeds of this offering will be used only for the purposes set forth in the Estimated Use of Proceeds section. Subscriptions will be accepted or rejected within 30 days of receipt by the Wells REIT and, if rejected, all funds shall be returned to the rejected subscribers within 10 business days.

The Dealer Manager and each Participating Dealer who sells shares on behalf of the Wells REIT have the responsibility to make every reasonable effort to determine that the purchase of shares is appropriate for the investor and that the requisite suitability standards are met. (See Suitability Standards.) In making this determination, the Participating Dealer will rely on relevant information provided by the investor, including information as to the investor s age, investment objectives, investment experience, income, net worth, financial situation, other investments, and other pertinent information. Each investor should be aware that the Participating Dealer will be responsible for determining suitability.

The Dealer Manager or each Participating Dealer shall maintain records of the information used to determine that an investment in shares is suitable and appropriate for an investor. These records are required to be maintained for a period of at least six years.

SUPPLEMENTAL SALES MATERIAL

In addition to this prospectus, we may utilize certain sales material in connection with the offering of the shares, although only when accompanied by or preceded by the delivery of this prospectus. In certain jurisdictions, some or all of such sales material may not be available. This material may include information relating to this offering, the past performance of Wells Capital, our advisor, and its affiliates, property brochures and articles and publications concerning real estate. In addition, the sales material may contain certain quotes from various publications without obtaining the consent of the author or the publication for use of the quoted material in the sales material.

The offering of shares is made only by means of this prospectus. Although the information contained in such sales material will not conflict with any of the information contained in this prospectus, such material does not purport to be complete, and should not be considered a part of this prospectus or the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part, or as incorporated by reference in this prospectus or said registration statement or as forming the basis of the offering of the shares.

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LEGAL OPINIONS

The legality of the shares being offered hereby has been passed upon for the Wells REIT by Holland & Knight LLP (Holland & Knight). The statements under the caption Federal Income Tax Consequences as they relate to federal income tax matters have been reviewed by Holland & Knight, and Holland & Knight has opined as to certain income tax matters relating to an investment in shares of the Wells REIT. Holland & Knight has also represented Wells Capital, our advisor, as well as various other affiliates of Wells Capital, in other matters and may continue to do so in the future. (See Conflicts of Interest.)

EXPERTS

Changes in Principal Accountant

On May 8, 2002, the audit committee of our board of directors recommended to the board of directors the dismissal of Arthur Andersen LLP (Andersen) as our independent public accountants, and our board of directors approved the dismissal of Andersen as our independent public accountants; effective immediately.

Andersen s reports on the consolidated financial statements of the Wells REIT for the years ended December 31, 2001 and December 31, 2000 did not contain an adverse opinion or disclaimer of opinion, nor were they qualified or modified as to uncertainty, audit scope or accounting principles.

During the fiscal years ended December 31, 2001 and December 31, 2000, and through the date of Andersen s dismissal, there were no disagreements with Andersen on any matter of accounting principle or practice, financial statement disclosure, or auditing scope or procedure which, if not resolved to Andersen s satisfaction, would have caused Andersen to make reference to the subject matter in connection with its report on the consolidated financial statements of the Wells REIT for such years and there were no reportable events as set forth in Item 304(a)(1)(v) of Regulation S-K.

On June 26, 2002, our board of directors approved the recommendation of the audit committee to engage Ernst & Young LLP (Ernst & Young) to audit the financial statements of the Wells REIT, effective immediately. During the fiscal years ended December 31, 2001 and December 31, 2000, and through the date hereof, the Wells REIT did not consult Ernst & Young with respect to the application of accounting principles to a specified transaction, either completed or proposed, or the type of audit opinion that might be rendered on the consolidated financial statements of the Wells REIT, or any other matters or reportable events as set forth in Items 304(a)(2)(i) and (ii) of Regulation S-K.

Audited Financial Statements

The financial statements of the Wells REIT, as of December 31, 2001 and 2000, and for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2001, included in this prospectus and elsewhere in the registration statement, have been audited by Andersen, independent public accountants, as indicated in their report with respect thereto, and are included in this prospectus in reliance upon the authority of said firm as experts in giving said report.

In June 2002, Andersen was tried and convicted of federal obstruction of justice charges. Events arising out of the conviction or other events relating to the financial condition of Andersen may adversely affect the ability of Andersen to satisfy any potential claims that may arise out of Andersen s audits of the financial statements contained in this prospectus. In addition, Andersen has notified us that it will no longer be able to provide us with the necessary consents related to previously audited financial statements

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contained in our prospectus. Our inability to obtain such consents may also adversely affect your ability to pursue potential claims against Andersen. (See Risk Factors.)

Unaudited Financial Statements

The Schedule III Real Estate Investments and Accumulated Depreciation as of December 31, 2001, which is included in this prospectus, has not been audited.

The financial statements of the Wells REIT, as of March 31, 2002, and for the three month periods ended March 31, 2002 and March 31, 2001, which are included in this prospectus, have not been audited.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

We have filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (Commission), Washington, D.C., a registration statement under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, with respect to the shares offered pursuant to this prospectus. This prospectus does not contain all the information set forth in the registration statement and the exhibits related thereto filed with the Commission, reference to which is hereby made. Copies of the registration statement and exhibits related thereto, as well as periodic reports and information filed by the Wells REIT, may be obtained upon payment of the fees prescribed by the Commission, or may be examined at the offices of the Commission without charge, at the public reference facility in Washington, D.C. at Judiciary Plaza, Room 1024, 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20549. In addition, the Commission maintains a Web site at http://www.sec.gov that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information regarding registrants that file electronically with the Commission.

GLOSSARY

The following are definitions of certain terms used in this prospectus and not otherwise defined in this prospectus:

IRA means an individual retirement account established pursuant to Section 408 or Section 408A of the Internal Revenue Code.

NASAA Guidelines means the Statement of Policy Regarding Real Estate Investment Trusts of the North American Securities Administrators Association, Inc., as revised and adopted on September 29, 1993.

UBTI means unrelated business taxable income, as that term is defined in Sections 511 through 514 of the Internal Revenue Code.

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

To Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc.:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of **WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.** (a Maryland corporation) **AND SUBSIDIARY** as of December 31, 2001 and 2000 and the related consolidated statements of income, shareholders equity, and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2001. These financial statements and the schedule referred to below are the responsibility of the Company s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and schedule based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements and schedule are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. and subsidiary as of December 31, 2001 and 2000 and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2001 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

Our audits were made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. Schedule III Real Estate Investments and Accumulated Depreciation as of December 31, 2001 is presented for purposes of complying with the Securities and Exchange Commission s rules and is not part of the basic financial statements. This schedule has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, fairly states, in all material respects, the financial data required to be set forth therein in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

ARTHUR ANDERSEN LLP

Atlanta, Georgia

January 25, 2002

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

December 31, 2001 and 2000

	2001	2000
ASSETS		
REAL ESTATE ASSETS, at cost:		
Land	**$ 86,246,985**	$ 46,237,812
Building, less accumulated depreciation of $24,814,454 and $9,469,653 at December 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively	**472,383,102**	287,862,655
Construction in progress	**5,738,573**	3,357,720
Total real estate assets	**564,368,660**	337,458,187
INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURES	**77,409,980**	44,236,597
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	**75,586,168**	4,298,301
INVESTMENT IN BONDS	**22,000,000**	0
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	**6,003,179**	3,781,034
DEFERRED PROJECT COSTS	**2,977,110**	550,256
DUE FROM AFFILIATES	**1,692,727**	309,680
DEFERRED LEASE ACQUISITION COSTS	**1,525,199**	1,890,332
DEFERRED OFFERING COSTS	**0**	1,291,376
PREPAID EXPENSES AND OTHER ASSETS, net	**718,389**	4,734,583
Total assets	**$ 752,281,412**	$ 398,550,346
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY		
LIABILITIES:		
Notes payable	**$ 8,124,444**	**$ 127,663,187**
Obligation under capital lease	**22,000,000**	**0**
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	**8,727,473**	**2,166,387**
Due to affiliate	**2,166,161**	**1,772,956**
Dividends payable	**1,059,026**	**1,025,010**
Deferred rental income	**661,657**	**381,194**
Total liabilities	**$ 42,738,761**	**$ 133,008,734**
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES		
MINORITY INTEREST OF UNIT HOLDER IN OPERATING PARTNERSHIP	**200,000**	**200,000**
SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY:		
Common shares, $.01 par value; 125,000,000 shares authorized, 83,761,469 shares issued and 83,206,429 shares outstanding at December 31, 2001; 125,000,000	**837,614**	**315,097**

shares authorized, 31,509,807 shares issued, and 31,368,510 shares outstanding at December 31, 2000		
Additional paid in capital	**738,236,525**	**275,573,339**
Cumulative distributions in excess of earnings	**(24,181,092)**	**(9,133,855)**
Treasury stock, at cost, 555,040 shares at December 31, 2001 and 141,297 shares at December 31, 2000	**(5,550,396)**	**(1,412,969)**
Total shareholders equity	**709,342,651**	**265,341,612**
Total liabilities and shareholders equity	**$ 752,281,412**	**$ 398,550,346**

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated balance sheets.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

For the years ended December 31, 2001, 2000, and 1999

	2001	2000	1999
REVENUES:			
Rental income	**$ 44,204,279**	$ 20,505,000	$ 4,735,184
Equity in income of joint ventures	**3,720,959**	2,293,873	1,243,969
Take out fee (Note 9)	**137,500**	0	0
Interest and other income	**1,246,064**	574,333	516,242
	49,308,802	23,373,206	6,495,395
EXPENSES:			
Depreciation	**15,344,801**	7,743,551	1,726,103
Interest expense	**3,411,210**	3,966,902	442,029
Amortization of deferred financing costs	**770,192**	232,559	8,921
Operating costs, net of reimbursements	**4,128,883**	888,091	(74,666)
Management and leasing fees	**2,507,188**	1,309,974	257,744
General and administrative	**973,785**	438,953	135,144
Legal and accounting	**448,776**	240,209	115,471
	27,584,835	14,820,239	2,610,746
NET INCOME	**$ 21,723,967**	$ 8,552,967	$ 3,884,649
EARNINGS PER SHARE:			
Basic and diluted	**$ 0.43**	$ 0.40	$ 0.50

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated statements.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY

For the years ended December 31, 2001, 2000, and 1999

	Common Stock		**Additional Paid-In**	**Cumulative Distributions in Excess of**	**Retained**	**Treasury Stock**		**Total Shareholders**
	Shares	**Amount**	**Capital**	**Earnings**	**Earnings**	**Shares**	**Amount**	**Equity**
BALANCE, December 31, 1998	3,154,136	$ 31,541	$ 27,567,275	$ (511,163)	$ 334,034	0	$ 0	$ 27,421,687
Issuance of common stock	10,316,949	103,169	103,066,321	0	0	0	0	103,169,490
Net income	0	0	0	0	3,884,649	0	0	3,884,649
Dividends ($.70 per share)	0	0	0	(1,346,240)	(4,218,683)	0	0	(5,564,923)
Sales commissions and discounts	0	0	(9,801,197)	0	0	0	0	(9,801,197)
Other offering expenses	0	0	(3,094,111)	0	0	0	0	(3,094,111)
BALANCE, December 31, 1999	13,471,085	134,710	117,738,288	(1,857,403)	0	0	0	116,015,595
Issuance of common stock	18,038,722	180,387	180,206,833	0	0	0	0	180,387,220
Treasury stock purchased	0	0	0	0	0	(141,297)	(1,412,969)	(1,412,969)
Net income	0	0	0	0	8,552,967	0	0	8,552,967
Dividends ($.73 per share)	0	0	0	(7,276,452)	(8,552,967)	0	0	(15,829,419)
Sales commissions and discounts	0	0	(17,002,554)	0	0	0	0	(17,002,554)
Other offering expenses	0	0	(5,369,228)	0	0	0	0	(5,369,228)
BALANCE, December 31, 2000	31,509,807	315,097	275,573,339	(9,133,855)	0	(141,297)	(1,412,969)	265,341,612
Issuance of common stock	**52,251,662**	**522,517**	**521,994,103**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**522,516,620**
Treasury stock purchased	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**(413,743)**	**(4,137,427)**	**(4,137,427)**
Net income	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**21,723,967**	**0**	**0**	**21,723,967**
Dvidends ($.76 per share)	**0**	**0**	**0**	**(15,047,237)**	**(21,723,967)**	**0**	**0**	**(36,771,204)**
Sales commissions and discounts	**0**	**0**	**(49,246,118)**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**(49,246,118)**
Other offering expenses	**0**	**0**	**(10,084,799)**		**0**	**0**	**0**	**(10,084,799)**
BALANCE, December 31, 2001	**83,761,469**	**$ 837,614**	**$ 738,236,525**	**$ (24,181,092)**	**$ 0**	**(555,040)**	**$ (5,550,396)**	**$ 709,342,651**

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated statements.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For The Years Ended December 31, 2001, 2000, and 1999

	2001	2000	1999
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Net income	**$ 21,723,967**	$ 8,552,967	$ 3,884,649
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Equity in income of joint ventures	**(3,720,959)**	(2,293,873)	(1,243,969)
Depreciation	**15,344,801**	7,743,551	1,726,103
Amortization of deferred financing costs	**770,192**	232,559	8,921
Amortization of deferred leasing costs	**303,347**	350,991	0
Write-off of deferred lease acquisition fees	**61,786**	0	0
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable	**(2,222,145)**	(2,457,724)	(898,704)
Due from affiliates	**10,995**	(435,600)	0
Prepaid expenses and other assets, net	**3,246,002**	(6,826,568)	149,501
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	**6,561,086**	1,941,666	36,894
Deferred rental income	**280,463**	144,615	236,579
Due to affiliates	**(10,193)**	367,055	108,301
Total adjustments	**20,625,375**	(1,233,328)	123,626
Net cash provided by operating activities	**42,349,342**	7,319,639	4,008,275
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Investment in real estate	**(227,933,858)**	(231,518,138)	(85,514,506)
Investment in joint ventures	**(33,690,862)**	(15,063,625)	(17,641,211)
Deferred project costs paid	**(17,220,446)**	(6,264,098)	(3,610,967)
Distributions received from joint ventures	**4,239,431**	3,529,401	1,371,728
Net cash used in investing activities	**(274,605,735)**	(249,316,460)	(105,394,956)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Proceeds from notes payable	**110,243,145**	187,633,130	40,594,463
Repayments of notes payable	**(229,781,888)**	(83,899,171)	(30,725,165)
Dividends paid to shareholders	**(36,737,188)**	(16,971,110)	(3,806,398)
Issuance of common stock	**522,516,620**	180,387,220	103,169,490
Treasury stock purchased	**(4,137,427)**	(1,412,969)	0
Sales commissions paid	**(49,246,118)**	(17,002,554)	(9,801,197)
Offering costs paid	**(9,312,884)**	(5,369,228)	(3,094,111)
Net cash provided by financing activities	**303,544,260**	243,365,318	96,337,082
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	**71,287,867**	1,368,497	(5,049,599)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of year	**4,298,301**	2,929,804	7,979,403

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of year	**$ 75,586,168**	$ 4,298,301	$ 2,929,804
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF NONCASH ACTIVITI ES:			
Deferred project costs applied to real estate assets	**$ 14,321,416**	$ 5,114,279	$ 3,183,239
Deferred project costs contributed to joint ventures	**$ 1,395,035**	$ 627,656	$ 735,056
Deferred project costs due to affiliate	**$ 1,114,140**	$ 191,281	$ 191,783
Deferred offering costs due to affiliate	**$ 0**	$ 1,291,376	$ 964,941
Reversal of deferred offering costs due to affiliate	**$ 964,941**	$ 0	$ 0
Other offering expenses due to affiliate	**$ 943,107**	$ 0	$ 0
Assumption of obligation under capital lease	**$ 22,000,000**	$ 0	$ 0
Investment in bonds	**$ 22,000,000**	$ 0	$ 0

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated statements.

WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2001, 2000, and 1999

1. ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. (the Company) is a Maryland corporation that qualifies as a real estate investment trust (REIT). The Company is conducting an offering for the sale of a maximum of 125,000,000 (exclusive of 10,000,000 shares available pursuant to the Company s dividend reinvestment program) shares of common stock, $.01 par value per share, at a price of $10 per share. The Company will seek to acquire and operate commercial properties, including, but not limited to, office buildings, shopping centers, business and industrial parks, and other commercial and industrial properties, including properties which are under construction, are newly constructed, or have been constructed and have operating histories. All such properties may be acquired, developed, and operated by the Company alone or jointly with another party. The Company is likely to enter into one or more joint ventures with affiliated entities for the acquisition of properties. In connection therewith, the Company may enter into joint ventures for the acquisition of properties with prior or future real estate limited partnership programs sponsored by Wells Capital, Inc. (the Advisor) or its affiliates.

Substantially all of the Company s business is conducted through Wells Operating Partnership, L.P. (the Operating Partnership), a Delaware limited partnership. During 1997, the Operating Partnership issued 20,000 limited partner units to the Advisor in exchange for $200,000. The Company is the sole general partner in the Operating Partnership and possesses full legal control and authority over the operations of the Operating Partnership; consequently, the accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Company include the accounts of the Operating Partnership. All significant intercompany balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

The Company owns interests in the following properties directly through its ownership in the Operating Partnership: (i) the PricewaterhouseCoopers property (the PwC Building), a four-story office building located in Tampa, Florida; (ii) the AT&T Building, a four-story office building located in Harrisburg, Pennsylvania; (iii) the Marconi Data Systems property (the Marconi Building), a two-story office, assembly, and manufacturing building located in Wood Dale, Illinois; (iv) the Cinemark Property (the Cinemark Building), a five-story office building located in Plano, Texas; (v) the Matsushita Property (the Matsushita Building), a two-story office building located in Lake Forest, California; (vi) the ASML Property (the ASML Building), a two-story office and warehouse building located in Tempe, Arizona; (vii) the Motorola Property (the Motorola Tempe Building), a two-story office building located in Tempe, Arizona; (viii) the Dial Property (the Dial Building), a two-story office building located in Scottsdale, Arizona; (ix) the Delphi Building, a three-story office building located in Troy, Michigan; (x) the Avnet Property (the Avnet Building), a two-story office building located in Tempe, Arizona; (xi) the Metris Oklahoma Building, a three-story office building located in Tulsa, Oklahoma; (xii) the Alstom Power-Richmond Building, a four-story office building located in Richmond, Virginia; (xiii) the Motorola Plainfield Building, a three-story office building located in South Plainfield, New Jersey; (xiv) the Stone & Webster Building, a six-story office building located in Houston, Texas; (xv) the Metris Minnetonka Building, a nine-story office building located in Minnetonka, Minnesota; (xvi) the State Street Bank Building, a seven-story office building located in Quincy, Massachusetts; (xvii) the IKON Buildings, two one-story office buildings located in Houston, Texas; (xviii) the Ingram Micro Distribution Facility, a one-story office and warehouse building located in Millington, Tennessee; (xix) the Lucent Building, a four-story office building located in Cary, North Carolina; (xx) the Nissan land (the Nissan Property), a 14.873 acre tract of undeveloped land located in Irving, Texas; (xxi) the Convergys Building, a two-story office building located in Tamarac, Florida; and (xxii) the Windy Point Buildings, a seven-story office building and an eleven-story office building located in Schaumburg, Illinois.

The Company owns an interest in one property through a joint venture between the Operating Partnership, Wells Real Estate Fund VIII, L.P. (Wells Fund VIII), and Wells Real Estate Fund IX, L.P. (Wells Fund IX), which is referred

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to as the Fund VIII, IX, and REIT Joint Venture. The Company also owns interests in five properties through a joint venture between the Operating Partnership, Wells Fund IX, Wells Real Estate Fund X, L.P. (Wells Fund X), and Wells Real Estate Fund XI, L.P. (Wells Fund XI), which is referred to as the Fund IX, Fund X, Fund XI, and REIT Joint Venture. The Company owns an interest in one property through each of two unique joint ventures between the Operating Partnership and Fund X and XI Associates, a joint venture between Wells Fund X and Wells Fund XI. In addition, the Company owns interests in four properties through a joint venture between the Operating Partnership, Wells Fund XI, and Wells Real Estate Fund XII, L.P. (Wells Fund XII), which is referred to as the Fund XI, XII, and REIT Joint Venture. The Company owns interests in three properties through a joint venture between the Operating Partnership and Wells Fund XII, which is referred to as the Fund XII and REIT Joint Venture. The Company also owns interests in two properties through a joint venture between the Operating Partnership and Wells Fund XIII, which is referred to as the Fund XIII and REIT Joint Venture.

Through its investment in the Fund VIII, IX, and REIT Joint Venture, the Company owns an interest in a two-story office building in Irvine, California (the Quest Building).

The following properties are owned by the Company through its investment in the Fund IX, X, XI, and REIT Joint Venture: (i) a three-story office building in Knoxville, Tennessee (the Alstom Power Building), (ii) a two-story office building in Louisville, Colorado (the Ohmeda Building), (iii) a three-story office building in Broomfield, Colorado (the 360 Interlocken Building), (iv) a one-story office and warehouse building in Ogden, Utah (the Iomega Building), and (v) a one-story office building in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma (the Avaya Building).

Through its investment in two joint ventures with Fund X and XI Associates, the Company owns interests in the following properties: (i) a one-story office and warehouse building in Fountain Valley, California (the Cort Furniture Building), owned by Wells/Orange County Associates and (ii) a two-story manufacturing and office building in Fremont, California (the Fairchild Building), owned by Wells/Fremont Associates.

The following properties are owned by the Company through its investment in the Fund XI, XII, and REIT Joint Venture: (i) a two-story manufacturing and office building in Fountain Inn, South Carolina (the EYBL CarTex Building), (ii) a three-story office building Leawood, Kansas (the Sprint Building), (iii) an office and warehouse building in Chester County, Pennsylvania (the Johnson Matthey Building), and (iv) a two-story office building in Ft. Myers, Florida (the Gartner Building).

Through its investment in the Fund XII and REIT Joint Venture, the Company owns interests in the following properties: (i) a three-story office building in Troy, Michigan (the Siemens Building), (ii) a one-story office building and a two-story office building in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma (collectively referred to as the AT&T Call Center Buildings), and (iii) a three-story office building in Brentwood, Tennessee (the Comdata Building).

The following properties are owned by the Company through its investment in the Fund XIII and REIT Joint Venture: (i) a one-story office building in Orange Park, Florida (the AmeriCredit Building), and (ii) two connected one-story office and assembly buildings in Parker, Colorado (the ADIC Buildings).

Use of Estimates and Factors Affecting the Company

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The carrying values of real estate are based on management s current intent to hold the real estate assets as long-term investments. The success of the Company s future operations and the ability to realize the investment in its assets will be dependent on the Company s ability to maintain rental rates, occupancy, and an appropriate level of operating expenses in future years. Management believes that the steps it is taking will enable the Company to realize its investment in its assets.

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Income Taxes

The Company has elected to be taxed as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. To qualify as a REIT, the Company must meet a number of organizational and operational requirements, including a requirement to currently distribute at least 90% of the REIT s ordinary taxable income to shareholders. It is management s current intention to adhere to these requirements and maintain the Company s REIT status. As a REIT, the Company generally will not be subject to federal income tax on distributed taxable income. Even if the Company qualifies as a REIT, it may be subject to certain state and local taxes on its income and real estate assets, and to federal income and excise taxes on its undistributed taxable income. No provision for federal income taxes has been made in the accompanying consolidated financial statements, as the Company made distributions equal to or in excess of its taxable income in each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2001.

Real Estate Assets

Real estate assets held by the Company and joint ventures are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Major improvements and betterments are capitalized when they extend the useful life of the related asset. All repair and maintenance expenditures are expensed as incurred.

Management continually monitors events and changes in circumstances which could indicate that carrying amounts of real estate assets may not be recoverable. When events or changes in circumstances are present which indicate that the carrying amounts of real estate assets may not be recoverable, management assesses the recoverability of real estate assets by determining whether the carrying value of such real estate assets will be recovered through the future cash flows expected from the use of the asset and its eventual disposition. Management has determined that there has been no impairment in the carrying value of real estate assets held by the Company or the joint ventures as of December 31, 2001 and 2000.

Depreciation of building and improvements is calculated using the straight-line method over 25 years. Tenant improvements are amortized over the life of the related lease or the life of the asset, whichever is shorter.

Revenue Recognition

All leases on real estate assets held by the Company or the joint ventures are classified as operating leases, and the related rental income is recognized on a straight-ine basis over the terms of the respective leases.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of the statements of cash flows, the Company considers all highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents include cash and short-term investments. Short-term investments are stated at cost, which approximates fair value, and consist of investments in money market accounts.

Deferred Lease Acquisition Costs

Costs incurred to procure operating leases are capitalized and amortized on a straight-line basis over the terms of the related leases.

Earnings Per Share

Earnings per share are calculated based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during each period. The weighted average number of common shares outstanding is identical for basic and fully diluted earnings per share, as there is no dilutive impact created from the Company s stock option plan (Note 10) using the treasury stock method.

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Reclassifications

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform with the current year financial statement presentation.

Investment in Joint Ventures

Basis of Presentation

The Operating Partnership does not have control over the operations of the joint ventures; however, it does exercise significant influence. Accordingly, the Operating Partnership s investments in joint ventures are recorded using the equity method of accounting.

Partners Distributions and Allocations of Profit and Loss

Cash available for distribution and allocations of profit and loss to the Operating Partnership by the joint ventures are made in accordance with the terms of the individual joint venture agreements. Generally, these items are allocated in proportion to the partners respective ownership interests. Cash is paid from the joint ventures to the Operating Partnership on a quarterly basis.

Deferred Lease Acquisition Costs

Costs incurred to procure operating leases are capitalized and amortized on a straight-line basis over the terms of the related leases. Deferred lease acquisition costs are included in prepaid expenses and other assets, net, in the balance sheets presented in Note 5.

2. DEFERRED PROJECT COSTS

The Company paid a percentage of shareholder contributions to the Advisor for acquisition and advisory services and acquisition expenses. These payments, as stipulated in the prospectus, can be up to 3.5% of shareholder contributions, subject to certain overall limitations contained in the prospectus. Aggregate fees paid through December 31, 2001 were $29,122,286 and amounted to 3.5% of shareholders contributions received. These fees are allocated to specific properties as they are purchased or developed and are included in capitalized assets of the joint ventures or real estate assets. Deferred project costs at December 31, 2001 and 2000 represent fees not yet applied to properties.

3. DEFERRED OFFERING COSTS

Offering expenses, to the extent they exceed 3% of gross offering proceeds, will be paid by the Advisor and not by the Company. Offering expenses include such costs as legal and accounting fees, printing costs, and other offering expenses and specifically exclude sales costs and underwriting commissions.

As of December 31, 2001, the Advisor paid offering expenses on behalf of the Company in the aggregate amount of $20,459,289, of which the Advisor had been reimbursed $18,551,241, which did not exceed the 3% limitation.

4. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Due from affiliates at December 31, 2001 and 2000 represents the Operating Partnership s share of the cash to be distributed from its joint venture investments for the fourth quarter of 2001 and 2000 and advances due from the Advisor as of December 31, 2000:

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	2001	2000
Fund VIII, IX, and REIT Joint Venture	**$ 46,875**	$ 21,605
Fund IX, X, XI, and REIT Joint Venture	**36,073**	12,781
Wells/Orange County Associates	**83,847**	24,583
Wells/Fremont Associates	**164,196**	53,974
Fund XI, XII, and REIT Joint Venture	**429,980**	136,648
Fund XII and REIT Joint Venture	**680,542**	49,094
Fund XIII and REIT	**251,214**	0
Advisor	**0**	10,995
	$ 1,692,727	$ 309,680

The Operating Partnership entered into a property management and leasing agreement with Wells Management Company, Inc. (Wells Management), an affiliate of the Advisor. In consideration for supervising the management and leasing of the Operating Partnership s properties, the Operating Partnership will pay management and leasing fees equal to the lesser of (a) 4.5% of the gross revenues generally paid over the life of the lease or (b) .6% of the net asset value of the properties (excluding vacant properties) owned by the Company to Wells Management. These management and leasing fees are calculated on an annual basis plus a separate competitive fee for the one-time initial lease-up of newly constructed properties generally paid in conjunction with the receipt of the first month s rent.

The Operating Partnership s portion of the management and leasing fees and lease acquisition costs paid to Wells Management, both directly and at the joint venture level, were $2,468,294, $1,111,748, and $336,517 for the years ended December 31, 2001, 2000, and 1999, respectively.

The Advisor performs certain administrative services for the Operating Partnership, such as accounting and other partnership administration, and incurs the related expenses. Such expenses are allocated among the Operating Partnership and the various Wells Real Estate Funds based on time spent on each fund by individual administrative personnel. In the opinion of management, such allocation is a reasonable basis for allocating such expenses.

The Advisor is a general partner in various Wells Real Estate Funds. As such, there may exist conflicts of interest where the Advisor, while serving in the capacity as general partner for Wells Real Estate Funds, may be in competition with the Operating Partnership for tenants in similar geographic markets.

5. INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURES

The Operating Partnership s investment and percentage ownership in joint ventures at December 31, 2001 and 2000 are summarized as follows:

	2001	2000

	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Fund VIII, IX, and REIT Joint Venture	**$ 1,189,067**	**16%**	$ 1,276,551	16%
Fund IX, X, XI, and REIT Joint Venture	**1,290,360**	**4**	1,339,636	4
Wells/Orange County Associates	**2,740,000**	**44**	2,827,607	44
Wells/Fremont Associates	**6,575,358**	**78**	6,791,287	78
Fund XI, XII, and REIT Joint Venture	**17,187,985**	**57**	17,688,615	57
Fund XII and REIT Joint Venture	**30,299,872**	**55**	14,312,901	47
Fund XIII and REIT Joint Venture	**18,127,338**	**68**	0	0
	$ 77,409,980		$ 44,236,597	

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The following is a roll forward of the Operating Partnership s investment in joint ventures for the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000:

	2001	2000
Investment in joint ventures, beginning of year	**$ 44,236,597**	$ 29,431,176
Equity in income of joint ventures	**3,720,959**	2,293,873
Contributions to joint ventures	**35,085,897**	15,691,281
Distributions from joint ventures	**(5,633,473)**	(3,179,733)
Investment in joint ventures, end of year	**$ 77,409,980**	$ 44,236,597

Fund VIII, IX, and REIT Joint Venture

On June 15, 2000, Fund VIII and IX Associates, a joint venture between Wells Real Estate Fund VIII, L.P. (Fund VIII) and Wells Real Estate Fund IX, L.P. (Fund IX), entered into a joint venture with the Operating Partnership to form Fund VIII, IX, and REIT Joint Venture, for the purpose of acquiring, developing, operating, and selling real properties.

On July 1, 2000, Fund VIII and IX Associates contributed the Quest Building (formerly the Bake Parkway Building) to the joint venture. Fund VIII, IX, and REIT Joint Venture recorded the net assets of the Quest Building at an amount equal to the respective historical net book values. The Quest Building is a two-story office building containing approximately 65,006 rentable square feet on a 4.4-acre tract of land in Irvine, California. During 2000, the Operating Partnership contributed $1,282,111 to the Fund VIII, IX, and REIT Joint Venture. Ownership percentage interests were recomputed accordingly.

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Following are the financial statements for Fund VIII, IX, and REIT Joint Venture:

Fund VIII, IX, and REIT Joint Venture

(A Georgia Joint Venture)

Balance Sheets

December 31, 2001 and 2000

	2001	2000
Assets		
Real estate assets, at cost:		
Land	**$ 2,220,993**	$ 2,220,993
Building and improvements, less accumulated depreciation of $649,436 in 2001 and $187,891 in 2000	**4,952,724**	5,408,892
Total real estate assets	**7,173,717**	7,629,885
Cash and cash equivalents	**297,533**	170,664
Accounts receivable	**164,835**	197,802
Prepaid expenses and other assets, net	**191,799**	283,864
Total assets	**$ 7,827,884**	$ 8,282,215
Liabilities and Partners Capital		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	**$ 676**	$ 0
Partership distributions payable	**296,856**	170,664
Total liabilities	**297,532**	170,664
Partners capital:		
Fund VIII and IX Associates	**6,341,285**	6,835,000
Wells Operating Partnership, L.P.	**1,189,067**	1,276,551
Total partners capital	**7,530,352**	8,111,551
Total liabilities and partners capital	**$ 7,827,884**	$ 8,282,215

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Fund VIII, IX, and REIT Joint Venture

(A Georgia Joint Venture)

Statements of Income

for the Year Ended December 31, 2001 and

the Period from June 15, 2000 (Inception) Through

December 31, 2000

	2001	2000
Revenues:		
Rental income	$ 1,207,995	$ 563,049
Interest income	729	0
	1,208,724	563,049
Expenses:		
Depreciation	461,545	187,891
Management and leasing fees	142,735	54,395
Property administration expenses	22,278	5,692
Operating costs, net of reimbursements	15,326	5,178
	641,884	253,156
Net income	$ 566,840	$ 309,893
Net income allocated to Fund VIII and IX Associates	$ 477,061	$ 285,006
Net income allocated to Wells Operating Partnership, L.P.	$ 89,779	$ 24,887

Fund VIII, IX, and REIT Joint Venture

(A Georgia Joint Venture)

Statements of Partners Capital

for the Year Ended December 31, 2001 and

the Period from June 15, 2000 (Inception) Through

December 31, 2000

	Fund VIII and IX Associates	Wells Operating Partnership, L.P.	Total Partners Capital
Balance, June 15, 2000 (inception)	$ 0	$ 0	$ 0
Net income	285,006	24,887	309,893
Partnership contributions	6,857,889	1,282,111	8,140,000
Partnership distributions	(307,895)	(30,447)	(338,342)
Balance, December 31, 2000	6,835,000	1,276,551	8,111,551
Net income	**477,061**	**89,779**	**566,840**
Partnership contributions	**0**	**5,377**	**5,377**
Partnership distributions	**(970,776)**	**(182,640)**	**(1,153,416)**
Balance, December 31, 2001	**$ 6,341,285**	**$ 1,189,067**	**$ 7,530,352**

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Fund VIII, IX, and REIT Joint Venture

(A Georgia Joint Venture)

Statements of Cash Flows

for the Year Ended December 31, 2001 and

the Period from June 15, 2000 (Inception) Through

December 31, 2000

	2001	2000
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income	**$ 566,840**	$ 309,893
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation	**461,545**	187,891
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	**32,967**	(197,802)
Prepaid expenses and other assets, net	**92,065**	(283,864)
Accounts payable	**676**	0
Total adjustments	**587,253**	(293,775)
Net cash provided by operating activities	**1,154,093**	16,118
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Investment in real estate	**(5,377)**	(959,887)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Contributions from joint venture partners	**5,377**	1,282,111
Distributions to joint venture partners	**(1,027,224)**	(167,678)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	**(1,021,847)**	1,114,433
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	**126,869**	170,664
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	**170,664**	0
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	**$ 297,533**	$ 170,664
Supplemental disclosure of noncash activities:		
Real estate contribution received from joint venture partner	**$ 0**	$ 6,857,889

Fund IX, X, XI, and REIT Joint Venture

On March 20, 1997, Fund IX and Wells Real Estate Fund X, L.P. (Fund X) entered into a joint venture agreement. The joint venture, Fund IX and X Associates, was formed to acquire, develop, operate, and sell real properties. On March 20, 1997, Wells Fund IX contributed a 5.62-acre tract of real property in Knoxville, Tennessee, and improvements thereon, known as the Alstom Power Building, to the Fund IX and X Associates joint venture. An 84,404-square foot, three-story building was constructed and commenced operations at the end of 1997.

On February 13, 1998, the joint venture purchased a two-story office building, known as the Ohmeda Building, in Louisville, Colorado. On March 20, 1998, the joint venture purchased a three-story office building, known as the 360 Interlocken Building, in Broomfield, Colorado. On June 11, 1998, Fund IX and X Associates was amended and restated to admit Wells Real Estate Fund XI, L.P. (Fund XI) and the Operating Partnership. The joint venture was renamed the Fund IX, X, XI, and REIT Joint Venture. On June 24, 1998, the new joint venture purchased a one-story office building, known as the Avaya Building, in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma. On April 1, 1998, Wells Fund X purchased a one-story warehouse facility, known as the Iomega Building, in Ogden, Utah. On July 1, 1998, Wells Fund X contributed the Iomega Building to the Fund IX, X, XI, and REIT Joint Venture.

During 1999, Fund IX and Fund XI made contributions to the Fund IX, X, XI, and REIT Joint Venture; during 2000, Fund IX and Fund X made contributions to the Fund IX, X, XI, and REIT Joint Venture.

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Following are the financial statements for the Fund IX, X, XI, and REIT Joint Venture:

The Fund IX, X, XI, and REIT Joint Venture

(A Georgia Joint Venture)

Balance Sheets

December 31, 2001 and 2000

	2001	2000
Assets		
Real estate assets, at cost:		
Land	**$ 6,698,020**	$ 6,698,020
Building and improvements, less accumulated depreciation of $5,619,744 in 2001 and $4,203,502 in 2000	**27,178,526**	28,594,768
Total real estate assets, net	**33,876,546**	35,292,788
Cash and cash equivalents	**1,555,917**	1,500,044
Accounts receivable	**596,050**	422,243
Prepaid expenses and other assets, net	**439,002**	487,276
Total assets	**$ 36,467,515**	$ 37,702,351
Liabilities and Partners Capital		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	**$ 620,907**	$ 568,517
Refundable security deposits	**100,336**	99,279
Due to affiliates	**13,238**	9,595
Partnership distributions payable	**966,912**	931,151
Total liabilities	**1,701,393**	1,608,542
Partners capital:		
Wells Real Estate Fund IX	**13,598,505**	14,117,803
Wells Real Estate Fund X	**16,803,586**	17,445,277
Wells Real Estate Fund XI	**3,073,671**	3,191,093
Wells Operating Partnership, L.P.	**1,290,360**	1,339,636
Total partners capital	**34,766,122**	36,093,809
Total liabilities and partners capital	**$ 36,467,515**	$ 37,702,351

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The Fund IX, X, XI, and REIT Joint Venture

(A Georgia Joint Venture)

Statements of Income

for the Years Ended December 31, 2001, 2000, and 1999

	2001	2000	1999
Revenues:			
Rental income	**$ 4,174,379**	$ 4,198,388	$ 3,932,962
Other income	**119,828**	116,129	61,312
Interest income	**50,002**	73,676	58,768
	4,344,209	4,388,193	4,053,042
Expenses:			
Depreciation	**1,416,242**	1,411,434	1,538,912
Management and leasing fees	**357,761**	362,774	286,139
Operating costs, net of reimbursements	**(232,601)**	(133,505)	(34,684)
Property administration expense	**91,747**	57,924	59,886
Legal and accounting	**26,223**	20,423	30,545
	1,659,372	1,719,050	1,880,798
Net income	**$ 2,684,837**	$ 2,669,143	$ 2,172,244
Net income allocated to Wells Real Estate Fund IX	**$ 1,050,156**	$ 1,045,094	$ 850,072
Net income allocated to Wells Real Estate Fund X	**$ 1,297,665**	$ 1,288,629	$ 1,056,316
Net income allocated to Wells Real Estate Fund XI	**$ 237,367**	$ 236,243	$ 184,355
Net income allocated to Wells Operating Partnership, L.P.	**$ 99,649**	$ 99,177	$ 81,501

The Fund IX, X, XI, and REIT Joint Venture

(A Georgia Joint Venture)

Statements of Partners Capital

for the Years Ended December 31, 2001, 2000, and 1999

	Wells Real Estate Fund IX	Wells Real Estate Fund X	Wells Real Estate Fund XI	Wells Operating Partnership, L.P.	Total Partners Capital
Balance, December 31, 1998	$ 14,960,100	$ 18,707,139	$ 2,521,003	$ 1,443,378	$ 37,631,620
Net income	850,072	1,056,316	184,355	81,501	2,172,244
Partnership contributions	198,989	0	911,027	0	1,110,016
Partnership distributions	(1,418,535)	(1,762,586)	(307,982)	(135,995)	(3,625,098)
Balance, December 31, 1999	14,590,626	18,000,869	3,308,403	1,388,884	37,288,782
Net income	1,045,094	1,288,629	236,243	99,177	2,669,143
Partnership contributions	46,122	84,317	0	0	130,439
Partnership distributions	(1,564,039)	(1,928,538)	(353,553)	(148,425)	(3,994,555)
Balance, December 31, 2000	14,117,803	17,445,277	3,191,093	1,339,636	36,093,809
Net income	**1,050,156**	**1,297,665**	**237,367**	**99,649**	**2,684,837**
Partnership distributions	**(1,569,454)**	**(1,939,356)**	**(354,789)**	**(148,925)**	**(4,012,524)**
Balance, December 31, 2001	**$ 13,598,505**	**$ 16,803,586**	**$ 3,073,671**	**$ 1,290,360**	**$ 34,766,122**

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The Fund IX, X, XI, and REIT Joint Venture

(A Georgia Joint Venture)

Statements of Cash Flows

for the Years Ended December 31, 2001, 2000, and 1999

	2001	2000	1999
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net income	**$ 2,684,837**	$ 2,669,143	$ 2,172,244
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation	**1,416,242**	1,411,434	1,538,912
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable	**(173,807)**	132,722	(421,708)
Prepaid expenses and other assets, net	**48,274**	39,133	(85,281)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and refundable security deposits	**53,447**	(37,118)	295,177
Due to affiliates	**3,643**	3,216	1,973
Total adjustments	**1,347,799**	1,549,387	1,329,073
Net cash provided by operating activities	**4,032,636**	4,218,530	3,501,317
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Investment in real estate	**0**	(127,661)	(930,401)
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Distributions to joint venture partners	**(3,976,763)**	(3,868,138)	(3,820,491)
Contributions received from partners	**0**	130,439	1,066,992
Net cash used in financing activities	**(3,976,763)**	(3,737,699)	(2,753,499)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	**55,873**	353,170	(182,583)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	**1,500,044**	1,146,874	1,329,457
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	**$ 1,555,917**	$ 1,500,044	$ 1,146,874
Supplemental disclosure of noncash activities:			
Deferred project costs contributed to joint venture	**$ 0**	$ 0	$ 43,024

Wells/Orange County Associates

On July 27, 1998, the Operating Partnership entered into a joint venture agreement with Wells Development Corporation, referred to as Wells/Orange County Associates. On July 31, 1998, Wells/Orange County Associates acquired a 52,000-square foot warehouse and office building located in Fountain Valley, California, known as the Cort Furniture Building.

On September 1, 1998, Fund X and XI Associates acquired Wells Development Corporation s interest in Wells/Orange County Associates, which resulted in Fund X and XI Associates becoming a joint venture partner with the Operating Partnership in the ownership of the Cort Furniture Building.

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Following are the financial statements for Wells/Orange County Associates:

Wells/Orange County Associates

(A Georgia Joint Venture)

Balance Sheets

December 31, 2001 and 2000

Assets

	2001	2000
Real estate assets, at cost:		
Land	**$ 2,187,501**	$ 2,187,501
Building, less accumulated depreciation of $651,780 in 2001 and $465,216 in 2000	**4,012,335**	4,198,899
Total real estate assets	**6,199,836**	6,386,400
Cash and cash equivalents	**188,407**	119,038
Accounts receivable	**80,803**	99,154
Prepaid expenses and other assets	**9,426**	0
Total assets	**$ 6,478,472**	$ 6,604,592

Liabilities and Partners Capital

	2001	2000
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	**$ 11,792**	$ 1,000
Partnership distributions payable	**192,042**	128,227
Total liabilities	**203,834**	129,227
Partners capital:		
Wells Operating Partnership, L.P.	**2,740,000**	2,827,607
Fund X and XI Associates	**3,534,638**	3,647,758
Total partners capital	**6,274,638**	6,475,365
Total liabilities and partners capital	**$ 6,478,472**	$ 6,604,592

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Wells/Orange County Associates

(A Georgia Joint Venture)

Statements of Income

for the Years Ended December 31, 2001, 2000, and 1999

	2001	2000	1999
Revenues:			
Rental income	**$ 795,528**	$ 795,545	$ 795,545
Interest income	**2,409**	0	0
	797,937	795,545	795,545
Expenses:			
Depreciation	**186,564**	186,564	186,565
Management and leasing fees	**33,547**	30,915	30,360
Operating costs, net of reimbursements	**21,855**	5,005	22,229
Legal and accounting	**9,800**	4,100	5,439
	251,766	226,584	244,593
Net income	**$ 546,171**	$ 568,961	$ 550,952
Net income allocated to Wells Operating Partnership, L.P.	**$ 238,542**	$ 248,449	$ 240,585
Net income allocated to Fund X and XI Associates	**$ 307,629**	$ 320,512	$ 310,367

Wells/Orange County Associates

(A Georgia Joint Venture)

Statements of Partners Capital

for the Years Ended December 31, 2001, 2000, and 1999

	Wells Operating Partnership, L.P.	Fund X and XI Associates	Total Partners Capital

Balance, December 31, 1998	$ 2,958,617	$ 3,816,766	$ 6,775,383
Net income	240,585	310,367	550,952
Partnership distributions	(306,090)	(394,871)	(700,961)
Balance, December 31, 1999	2,893,112	3,732,262	6,625,374
Net income	248,449	320,512	568,961
Partnership distributions	(313,954)	(405,016)	(718,970)
Balance, December 31, 2000	2,827,607	3,647,758	6,475,365
Net income	**238,542**	**307,629**	**546,171**
Partnership distributions	**(326,149)**	**(420,749)**	**(746,898)**
Balance, December 31, 2001	**$ 2,740,000**	**$ 3,534,638**	**$ 6,274,638**

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Wells/Orange County Associates

(A Georgia Joint Venture)

Statements of Cash Flows

for the Years Ended December 31, 2001, 2000, and 1999

	2001	2000	1999
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net income	**$ 546,171**	$ 568,961	$ 550,952
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation	**186,564**	186,564	186,565
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable	**18,351**	(49,475)	(36,556)
Accounts payable	**10,792**	1,000	(1,550)
Prepaid and other expenses	**(9,426)**	0	0
Total adjustments	**206,281**	138,089	148,459
Net cash provided by operating activities	**752,452**	707,050	699,411
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Distributions to partners	**(683,083)**	(764,678)	(703,640)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	**69,369**	(57,628)	(4,229)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	**119,038**	176,666	180,895
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	**$ 188,407**	$ 119,038	$ 176,666

Wells/Fremont Associates

On July 15, 1998, the Operating Partnership entered into a joint venture agreement with Wells Development Corporation, referred to as Wells/Fremont Associates. On July 21, 1998, Wells/Fremont Associates acquired a 58,424-square foot two-story manufacturing and office building located in Fremont, California, known as the Fairchild Building.

On October 8, 1998, Fund X and XI Associates acquired Wells Development Corporation s interest in Wells/Fremont Associates, which resulted in Fund X and XI Associates becoming a joint venture partner with the Operating Partnership in the ownership of the Fairchild Building.

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Following are the financial statements for Wells/Fremont Associates:

Wells/Fremont Associates

(A Georgia Joint Venture)

Balance Sheets

December 31, 2001 and 2000

Assets

	2001	2000
Real estate assets, at cost:		
Land	**$ 2,219,251**	$ 2,219,251
Building, less accumulated depreciation of $999,301 in 2001 and $713,773 in 2000	**6,138,857**	6,424,385
Total real estate assets	**8,358,108**	8,643,636
Cash and cash equivalents	**203,750**	92,564
Accounts receivable	**133,801**	126,433
Total assets	**$ 8,695,659**	$ 8,862,633

Liabilities and Partners Capital

	2001	2000
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	**$ 1,896**	$ 3,016
Due to affiliate	**8,030**	7,586
Partnership distributions payable	**201,854**	89,549
Total liabilities	**211,780**	100,151
Partners capital:		
Wells Operating Partnership, L.P.	**6,575,358**	6,791,287
Fund X and XI Associates	**1,908,521**	1,971,195
Total partners capital	**8,483,879**	8,762,482
Total liabilities and partners capital	**$ 8,695,659**	$ 8,862,633

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Wells/Fremont Associates

(A Georgia Joint Venture)

Statements of Income

for the Years Ended December 31, 2001, 2000, and 1999

	2001	2000	1999
Revenues:			
Rental income	**$ 902,945**	$ 902,946	$ 902,946
Interest income	**2,713**	0	0
Other income	**2,015**	0	0
	907,673	902,946	902,946
Expenses:			
Depreciation	**285,528**	285,527	285,526
Management and leasing fees	**36,267**	36,787	37,355
Operating costs, net of reimbursements	**16,585**	13,199	16,006
Legal and accounting	**6,400**	4,300	4,885
	344,780	339,813	343,772
Net income	**$ 562,893**	$ 563,133	$ 559,174
Net income allocated to Wells Operating Partnership, L.P.	**$ 436,265**	$ 436,452	$ 433,383
Net income allocated to Fund X and XI Associates	**$ 126,628**	$ 126,681	$ 125,791

Wells/Fremont Associates

(A Georgia Joint Venture)

Statements of Partners Capital

for the Years Ended December 31, 2001, 2000, and 1999

	Wells Operating Partnership, L.P.	Fund X and XI Associates	Total Partners Capital

Balance, December 31, 1998	$ 7,166,682	$ 2,080,155	$ 9,246,837
Net income	433,383	125,791	559,174
Partnership distributions	(611,855)	(177,593)	(789,448)
Balance, December 31, 1999	6,988,210	2,028,353	9,016,563
Net income	436,452	126,681	563,133
Partnership distributions	(633,375)	(183,839)	(817,214)
Balance, December 31, 2000	6,791,287	1,971,195	8,762,482
Net income	**436,265**	**126,628**	**562,893**
Partnership distributions	**(652,194)**	**(189,302)**	**(841,496)**
Balance, December 31, 2001	**$ 6,575,358**	**$ 1,908,521**	**$ 8,483,879**

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Wells/Fremont Associates

(A Georgia Joint Venture)

Statements of Cash Flows

for the Years Ended December 31, 2001, 2000, and 1999

	2001	2000	1999
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net income	**$ 562,893**	$ 563,133	$ 559,174
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation	**285,528**	285,527	285,526
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable	**(7,368)**	(33,454)	(58,237)
Accounts payable	**(1,120)**	1,001	(1,550)
Due to affiliate	**444**	2,007	3,527
Total adjustments	**277,484**	255,081	229,266
Net cash provided by operating activities	**840,377**	818,214	788,440
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Distributions to partners	**(729,191)**	(914,662)	(791,940)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	**111,186**	(96,448)	(3,500)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	**92,564**	189,012	192,512
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	**$ 203,750**	$ 92,564	$ 189,012

Fund XI, XII, and REIT Joint Venture

On May 1, 1999, the Operating Partnership entered into a joint venture with Fund XI and Wells Real Estate Fund XII, L.P. (Fund XII). On May 18, 1999, the joint venture purchased a 169,510-square foot, two-story manufacturing and office building, known as EYBL CarTex Building, in Fountain Inn, South Carolina. On July 21, 1999, the joint venture purchased a 68,900-square foot, three-story-office building, known as the Sprint Building, in Leawood, Kansas. On August 17, 1999, the joint venture purchased a 130,000-square foot office and warehouse building, known as the Johnson Matthey Building, in Chester County, Pennsylvania. On September 20, 1999, the joint venture purchased a 62,400-square foot, two-story office building, known as the Gartner Building, in Fort Myers, Florida.

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Following are the financial statements for the Fund XI, XII, and REIT Joint Venture:

The Fund XI, XII, and REIT Joint Venture

(A Georgia Joint Venture)

Balance Sheets

December 31, 2001 and 2000

	2001	2000
Assets		
Real estate assets, at cost:		
Land	$ 5,048,797	$ 5,048,797
Building and improvements, less accumulated depreciation of $2,692,116 in 2001 and $1,599,263 in 2000	24,626,336	25,719,189
Total real estate assets	29,675,133	30,767,986
Cash and cash equivalents	775,805	541,089
Accounts receivable	675,022	394,314
Prepaid assets and other expenses	26,486	26,486
Total assets	$ 31,152,446	$ 31,729,875
Liabilities and Partners Capital		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	$ 114,612	$ 114,180
Partnership distributions payable	757,500	453,395
Total liabilities	872,112	567,575
Partners capital:		
Wells Real Estate Fund XI	7,917,646	8,148,261
Wells Real Estate Fund XII	5,174,703	5,325,424
Wells Operating Partnership, L.P.	17,187,985	17,688,615
Total partners capital	30,280,334	31,162,300
Total liabilities and partners capital	$ 31,152,446	$ 31,729,875

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The Fund XI, XII, and REIT Joint Venture

(A Georgia Joint Venture)

Statements of Income

for the Years Ended December 31, 2001, 2000, and 1999

	2001	2000	1999
Revenues:			
Rental income	**$ 3,346,227**	$ 3,345,932	$ 1,443,446
Interest income	**24,480**	2,814	0
Other income	**360**	440	57
	3,371,067	3,349,186	1,443,503
Expenses:			
Depreciation	**1,092,853**	1,092,680	506,582
Management and leasing fees	**156,987**	157,236	59,230
Operating costs, net of reimbursements	**(27,449)**	(30,718)	4,639
Property administration	**65,765**	36,707	15,979
Legal and accounting	**18,000**	14,725	4,000
	1,306,156	1,270,630	590,430
Net income	**$ 2,064,911**	$ 2,078,556	$ 853,073
Net income allocated to Wells Real Estate Fund XI	**$ 539,930**	$ 543,497	$ 240,031
Net income allocated to Wells Real Estate Fund XII	**$ 352,878**	$ 355,211	$ 124,542
Net income allocated to Wells Operating Partnership, L.P.	**$ 1,172,103**	$ 1,179,848	$ 488,500

The Fund XI, XII, and REIT Joint Venture

(A Georgia Joint Venture)

Statements of Partners Capital

for the Years Ended December 31, 2001, 2000, and 1999

	Wells Real Estate Fund XI	Wells Real Estate Fund XII	Wells Operating Partnership, L.P.	Total Partners Capital
Balance, December 31, 1998	$ 0	$ 0	$ 0	$ 0
Net income	240,031	124,542	488,500	853,073
Partnership contributions	8,470,160	5,520,835	18,376,267	32,367,262
Partnership distributions	(344,339)	(177,743)	(703,797)	(1,225,879)
Balance, December 31, 1999	8,365,852	5,467,634	18,160,970	31,994,456
Net income	543,497	355,211	1,179,848	2,078,556
Partnership distributions	(761,088)	(497,421)	(1,652,203)	(2,910,712)
Balance, December 31, 2000	8,148,261	5,325,424	17,688,615	31,162,300
Net income	**539,930**	**352,878**	**1,172,103**	**2,064,911**
Partnership distributions	**(770,545)**	**(503,599)**	**(1,672,733)**	**(2,946,877)**
Balance, December 31, 2001	**$ 7,917,646**	**$ 5,174,703**	**$ 17,187,985**	**$ 30,280,334**

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The Fund XI, XII, and REIT Joint Venture

(A Georgia Joint Venture)

Statements of Cash Flows

for the Years Ended December 31, 2001, 2000, and 1999

	2001	2000	1999
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net income	**$ 2,064,911**	$ 2,078,556	$ 853,073
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation	**1,092,853**	1,092,680	506,582
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable	**(280,708)**	(260,537)	(133,777)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	**0**	0	(26,486)
Accounts payable	**432**	1,723	112,457
Total adjustments	**812,577**	833,866	458,776
Net cash provided by operating activities	**2,877,488**	2,912,422	1,311,849
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Distributions to joint venture partners	**(2,642,772)**	(3,137,611)	(545,571)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	**234,716**	(225,189)	766,278
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	**541,089**	766,278	0
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	**$ 775,805**	$ 541,089	$ 766,278
Supplemental disclosure of noncash activities:			
Deferred project costs contributed to joint venture	**$ 0**	$ 0	$ 1,294,686
Contribution of real estate assets to joint venture	**$ 0**	$ 0	$ 31,072,562

Fund XII and REIT Joint Venture

On May 10, 2000, the Operating Partnership entered into a joint venture with Fund XII. The joint venture, Fund XII and REIT Joint Venture, was formed to acquire, develop, operate, and sell real property. On May 20, 2000, the joint venture purchased a 77,054-square foot, three-story office building known as the Siemens Building in Troy, Oakland County, Michigan. On December 28, 2000, the joint venture purchased a 50,000-square foot, one-story office building and a 78,500-square foot two-story office building collectively known as the AT&T Call Center Buildings in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma County, Oklahoma. On May 15, 2001, the joint venture purchased a 201,237-square foot, three-story office building known as the Comdata Building located in Brentwood, Williamson County, Tennessee.

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Following are the financial statements for Fund XII and REIT Joint Venture:

Fund XII and REIT Joint Venture

(A Georgia Joint Venture)

Balance Sheets

December 31, 2001 and 2000

	2001	2000
Assets		
Real estate assets, at cost:		
Land	**$ 8,899,574**	$ 4,420,405
Building and improvements, less accumulated depreciation of $2,131,838 in 2001 and $324,732 in 2000	**45,814,781**	26,004,918
Total real estate assets	**54,714,355**	30,425,323
Cash and cash equivalents	**1,345,562**	207,475
Accounts receivable	**442,023**	130,490
Total assets	**$ 56,501,940**	$ 30,763,288
Liabilities and Partners Capital		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	**$ 134,969**	$ 0
Partnership distributions payable	**1,238,205**	208,261
Total liabilities	**1,373,174**	208,261
Partners capital:		
Wells Real Estate Fund XII	**24,828,894**	16,242,127
Wells Operating Partnership, L.P.	**30,299,872**	14,312,900
Total partners capital	**55,128,766**	30,555,027
Total liabilities and partners capital	**$ 56,501,940**	$ 30,763,288

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Fund XII and REIT Joint Venture

(A Georgia Joint Venture)

Statements of Income

for the Year Ended December 31, 2001 and

the Period From May 10, 2000 (Inception) Through

December 31, 2000

	2001	2000
Revenues:		
Rental income	**$ 4,683,323**	$ 974,796
Interest income	**25,144**	2,069
	4,708,467	976,865
Expenses:		
Depreciation	**1,807,106**	324,732
Management and leasing fees	**224,033**	32,756
Partnership administration	**38,928**	3,917
Legal and accounting	**16,425**	0
Operating costs, net of reimbursements	**10,453**	1,210
	2,096,945	362,615
Net income	**$ 2,611,522**	$ 614,250
Net income allocated to Wells Real Estate Fund XII	**$ 1,224,645**	$ 309,190
Net income allocated to Wells Operating Partnership, L.P.	**$ 1,386,877**	$ 305,060

Fund XII and REIT Joint Venture

(A Georgia Joint Venture)

Statements of Partners Capital

for the Year Ended December 31, 2001 and

the Period From May 10, 2000 (Inception) Through

December 31, 2000

	Wells Real Estate Fund XII	Wells Operating Partnership, L.P.	Total Partners Capital
Balance, May 10, 2000 (inception)	$ 0	$ 0	$ 0
Net income	309,190	305,060	614,250
Partnership contributions	16,340,884	14,409,171	30,750,055
Partnership distributions	(407,948)	(401,330)	(809,278)
Balance, December 31, 2000	16,242,126	14,312,901	30,555,027
Net income	**1,224,645**	**1,386,877**	**2,611,522**
Partnership contributions	**9,298,084**	**16,795,441**	**26,093,525**
Partnership distributions	**(1,935,961)**	**(2,195,347)**	**(4,131,308)**
Balance, December 31, 2001	**$ 24,828,894**	**$ 30,299,872**	**$ 55,128,766**

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Fund XII and REIT Joint Venture

(A Georgia Joint Venture)

Statements of Cash Flows

for the Year Ended December 31, 2001 and

the Period From May 10, 2000 (Inception) Through

December 31, 2000

	2001	2000
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income	$ 2,611,522	$ 614,250
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation	1,807,106	324,732
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(311,533)	(130,490)
Accounts payable	134,969	0
Total adjustments	1,630,542	194,242
Net cash provided by operating activities	4,242,064	808,492
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Investment in real estate	(26,096,138)	(29,520,043)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Distributions to joint venture partners	(3,101,364)	(601,017)
Contributions received from partners	26,093,525	29,520,043
Net cash provided by financing activities	22,992,161	28,919,026
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	1,138,087	207,475
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	207,475	0
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	$ 1,345,562	$ 207,475
Supplemental disclosure of noncash activities:		
Deferred project costs contributed to joint venture	$ 0	$ 1,230,012

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Fund XIII and REIT Joint Venture

On June 27, 2001, Wells Real Estate Fund XIII, L.P. (Fund XIII) entered into a joint venture with the Operating Partnership to form the Fund XIII and REIT Joint Venture. On July 16, 2001, the Fund XIII and REIT Joint Venture purchased an 85,000-square foot, two-story office building known as the AmeriCredit Building in Clay County, Florida. On December 21, 2001, the Fund XIII and REIT Joint Venture purchased two connected one-story office and assembly buildings consisting of 148,200 square feet known as the ADIC Buildings in Douglas County, Colorado.

Following are the financial statements for the Fund XIII and REIT Joint Venture:

The Fund XIII and REIT Joint Venture

(A Georgia Joint Venture)

Balance Sheet

December 31, 2001

Assets	
Real estate assets, at cost:	
Land	$ 3,724,819
Building and improvements, less accumulated depreciation of $266,605 in 2001	22,783,948
Total real estate assets	26,508,767
Cash and cash equivalents	460,380
Accounts receivable	71,236
Prepaid assets and other expenses	773
Total assets	$ 27,041,156

Liabilities and Partners Capital	
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	$ 145,331
Partnership distributions payable	315,049
Total liabilities	460,380
Partners capital:	
Wells Real Estate Fund XIII	8,453,438
Wells Operating Partnership, L.P.	18,127,338

Total partners capital	26,580,776
Total liabilities and partners capital	$ 27,041,156

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The Fund XIII and REIT Joint Venture

(A Georgia Joint Venture)

Statement of Income

for the Period From June 27, 2001 (Inception) Through

December 31, 2001

Revenues:	
Rental income	$ 706,373
Expenses:	
Depreciation	266,605
Management and leasing fees	26,954
Operating costs, net of reimbursements	53,659
Legal and accounting	2,800
	350,018
Net income	$ 356,355
Net income allocated to Wells Real Estate Fund XIII	$ 58,610
Net income allocated to Wells Operating Partnership, L.P.	$ 297,745

The Fund XIII and REIT Joint Venture

(A Georgia Joint Venture)

Statement of Partners Capital

for the Period From June 27, 2001 (Inception) Through

December 31, 2001

	Wells Real Estate Fund XIII	Wells Operating Partnership, L.P.	Total Partners Capital
Balance, June 27, 2001 (inception)	$ 0	$ 0	$ 0

Net income	58,610	297,745	356,355
Partnership contributions	8,491,069	18,285,076	26,776,145
Partnership distributions	(96,241)	(455,483)	(551,724)
Balance, December 31, 2001	$ 8,453,438	$ 18,127,338	$ 26,580,776

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The Fund XIII and REIT Joint Venture

(A Georgia Joint Venture)

Statement of Cash Flows

for the Period From June 27, 2001 (Inception) Through

December 31, 2001

Cash flows from operating activities:	
Net income	$ 356,355
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation	266,605
Changes in assets and liabilities:	
Accounts receivable	(71,236)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(773)
Accounts payable	145,331
Total adjustments	339,927
Net cash provided by operating activities	696,282
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Investment in real estate	(25,779,337)
Cash flows from financing activities:	
Contributions from joint venture partners	25,780,110
Distributions to joint venture partners	(236,675)
Net cash provided by financing activities	25,543,435
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	460,380
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	0
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	$ 460,380
Supplemental disclosure of noncash activities:	
Deferred project costs contributed to Joint Venture	$ 996,035

6. INCOME TAX BASIS NET INCOME AND PARTNERS CAPITAL

The Operating Partnership s income tax basis net income for the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000 are calculated as follows:

	2001	2000
Financial statement net income	**$ 21,723,967**	$ 8,552,967
Increase (decrease) in net income resulting from:		
Depreciation expense for financial reporting purposes in excess of amounts for income tax purposes	**7,347,459**	3,511,353
Rental income accrued for financial reporting purposes in excess of amounts for income tax purposes	**(2,735,237)**	(1,822,220)
Expenses deductible when paid for income tax purposes, accrued for financial reporting purposes	**25,658**	37,675
Income tax basis net income	**$ 26,361,847**	$ 10,279,775

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The Operating Partnership s income tax basis partners capital at December 31, 2001 and 2000 is computed as follows:

	2001	2000
Financial statement partners capital	**$ 710,285,758**	$ 265,341,612
Increase (decrease) in partners capital resulting from:		
Depreciation expense for financial reporting purposes in excess of amounts for income tax purposes	**11,891,061**	4,543,602
Capitalization of syndication costs for income tax purposes, which are accounted for as cost of capital for financial reporting purposes	**12,896,312**	12,896,312
Accumulated rental income accrued for financial reporting purposes in excess of amounts for income tax purposes	**(5,382,483)**	(2,647,246)
Accumulated expenses deductible when paid for income tax purposes, accrued for financial reporting purposes	**114,873**	89,215
Dividends payable	**1,059,026**	1,025,010
Other	**(222,378)**	(222,378)
Income tax basis partners capital	**$ 730,642,169**	$ 281,026,127

7. RENTAL INCOME

The future minimum rental income due from the Operating Partnership s direct investment in real estate or its respective ownership interest in the joint ventures under noncancelable operating leases at December 31, 2001 is as follows:

Year ended December 31:	
2002	$ 69,364,229
2003	70,380,691
2004	71,184,787
2005	70,715,556
2006	71,008,821
Thereafter	270,840,299
	$ 623,494,383

One tenant contributed 10% of rental income for the year ended December 31, 2001. In addition, one tenant will contribute 12% of future minimum rental income.

Future minimum rental income due from Fund VIII, IX, and REIT Joint Venture under noncancelable operating leases at December 31, 2001 is as follows:

Year ended December 31:	

2002	$ 1,287,119
2003	1,287,119
2004	107,260
2005	0
2006	0
Thereafter	0
	$ 2,681,498

One tenant contributed 100% of rental income for the year ended December 31, 2001. In addition, one tenant will contribute 100% of future minimum rental income.

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The future minimum rental income due from Fund IX, X, XI, and REIT Joint Venture under noncancelable operating leases at December 31, 2001 is as follows:

Year ended December 31:	
2002	$ 3,648,769
2003	3,617,432
2004	3,498,472
2005	2,482,815
2006	2,383,190
Thereafter	3,053,321
	$ 18,683,999

Four tenants contributed 26%, 23%, 13%, and 13% of rental income for the year ended December 31, 2001. In addition, four tenants will contribute 38%, 21%, 20%, and 17% of future minimum rental income.

The future minimum rental income due Wells/Orange County Associates under noncancelable operating leases at December 31, 2001 is as follows:

Year ended December 31:	
2002	$ 834,888
2003	695,740
	$ 1,530,628

One tenant contributed 100% of rental income for the year ended December 31, 2001 and will contribute 100% of future minimum rental income.

The future minimum rental income due Wells/Fremont Associates under noncancelable operating leases at December 31, 2001 is as follows:

Year ended December 31:	
2002	$ 922,444
2003	950,118
2004	894,832
	$ 2,767,394

One tenant contributed 100% of rental income for the year ended December 31, 2001 and will contribute 100% of future minimum rental income.

The future minimum rental income due from Fund XI, XII, and REIT Joint Venture under noncancelable operating leases at December 31, 2001 is as follows:

Year ended December 31:	
2002	$ 3,277,512
2003	3,367,510
2004	3,445,193
2005	3,495,155
2006	3,552,724
Thereafter	2,616,855
	$ 19,754,949

Four tenants contributed approximately 30%, 28%, 24%, and 18% of rental income for the year ended December 31, 2001. In addition, four tenants will contribute approximately 30%, 27%, 25%, and 18% of future minimum rental income.

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The future minimum rental income due from Fund XII and REIT Joint Venture under noncancelable operating leases at December 31, 2001 is as follows:

Year ended December 31:	
2002	$ 5,352,097
2003	5,399,451
2004	5,483,564
2005	5,515,926
2006	5,548,289
Thereafter	34,677,467
	$ 61,976,794

Three tenants contributed approximately 31%, 29%, and 27% of rental income for the year ended December 31, 2001. In addition, three tenants will contribute approximately 58%, 21%, and 18% of future minimum rental income.

The future minimum rental income due Fund XIII and REIT Joint Venture under noncancelable operating leases at December 31, 2001 is as follows:

Year ended December 31:	
2002	$ 2,545,038
2003	2,602,641
2004	2,661,228
2005	2,721,105
2006	2,782,957
Thereafter	13,915,835
	$ 27,228,804

One tenant contributed approximately 95% of rental income for the year ended December 31, 2001. In addition, two tenants will contribute approximately 51% and 49% of future minimum rental income.

8. INVESTMENT IN BONDS AND OBLIGATION UNDER CAPITAL LEASE

On September 27, 2001, the Operating Partnership acquired a ground leasehold interest in the Ingram Micro Distribution Facility pursuant to a Bond Real Property Lease dated December 20, 1995 (the Bond Lease). The ground leasehold interest under the Bond Lease, along with the Bond and Bond Deed of Trust described below, were purchased from Ingram Micro, L.P. (Ingram) in a sale lease-back transaction for a purchase price of $21,050,000. The Bond Lease expires on December 31, 2026. At closing, the Operating Partnership also entered into a new lease with Ingram pursuant to which Ingram agreed to lease the entire Ingram Micro Distribution Facility for a lease term of 10 years with two successive 10-year renewal options.

In connection with the original development of the Ingram Micro Distribution Facility, the Industrial Development Board of the City of Milington, Tennessee (the Industrial Development Board) issued an Industrial Development Revenue Note dated December 20, 1995 in the principal amount of $22,000,000 (the Bond) to Lease Plan North America, Inc. (the Original Bond Holder). The proceeds from the issuance of the Bond were utilized to finance the construction of the Ingram Micro Distribution Facility. The Bond is secured by a Fee Construction Mortgage Deed of Trust Assignment of Rents and Leases also dated December 20, 1995 (the Bond Deed of Trust) executed by the Industrial Development Board for the benefit of the Original Bond Holder. Beginning in 2006, the holder of the Bond Lease has the option to purchase the land underlying the Ingram Micro Distribution Facility for $100.00 plus satisfaction of the indebtedness evidenced by the Bond which, as set forth below, was acquired and is currently held by the Operating Partnership.

On December 20, 2000, Ingram purchased the Bond and the Bond Deed of Trust from the Original Bond Holder. On September 27, 2001, along with purchasing the Ingram Micro Distribution Facility through its acquisition of the ground leasehold interest under the Bond Lease, the Operating Partnership also acquired the Bond and the Bond Deed of Trust from Ingram. Because the Operating Partnership is technically subject to the obligation to pay the $22,000,000 indebtedness evidenced by the Bond, the obligation to pay the Bond is carried on the Company s books as a liability;

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however, since Operating Partnership is also the owner of the Bond, the Bond is also carried on the Company s books as an asset.

9. NOTES PAYABLE

As of December 31, 2001, the Operating Partnership s notes payable included the following:

Note payable to Bank of America, interest at 5.9%, interest payable monthly, due July 30, 2003, collateralized by the Nissan property	$ 468,844
Note payable to SouthTrust Bank, interest at LIBOR plus 175 basis points, principal and interest payable monthly, due June 10, 2002; collateralized by the Operating Partnership s interests in the Cinemark Building, the Dial Building, the ASML Building, the Motorola Tempe Building, the Avnet Building, the Matsushita Building, and the PwC Building	7,655,600
Total	$ 8,124,444

The contractual maturities of the Operating Partnership s notes payable are as follows as of December 31, 2001:

2002	$ 7,655,600
2003	468,844
Total	$ 8,124,444

10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Take Out Purchase and Escrow Agreement

An affiliate of the Advisor (Wells Exchange) has developed a program (the Wells Section 1031 Program) involving the acquisition by Wells Exchange of income-producing commercial properties and the formation of a series of single member limited liability companies for the purpose of facilitating the resale of co-tenancy interests in such real estate properties to be owned in co-tenancy arrangements with persons (1031 Participants) who are looking to invest the proceeds from a sale of real estate held for investment in another real estate investment for purposes of qualifying for like-kind exchange treatment under Section 1031 of the Code. Each of these properties will be financed by a combination of permanent first mortgage financing and interim loan financing obtained from institutional lenders.

Following the acquisition of each property, Wells Exchange will attempt to sell co-tenancy interests to 1031 Participants, the proceeds of which will be used to pay off the interim financing. In consideration for the payment of a take out fee to the Company, and following approval of the potential property acquisition by the Company s board of directors, it is anticipated that Wells OP will enter into a take out purchase and escrow agreement or similar contract providing that, in the event that Wells Exchange is unable to sell all of the co-tenancy interest in that particular property to 1031 Participants, the Operating Partnership will purchase, at Wells Exchange s cost, any co-tenancy interests remaining unsold at the end of the offering period.

As a part of the initial transaction in the Wells Section 1031 Program, and in consideration for the payment of a take out fee in the amount of $137,500 to the Company, Wells OP entered into a take out purchase and escrow agreement dated April 16, 2001 providing that, among other things, Wells OP is obligated to acquire, at Wells Exchange s cost ($839,694 in cash plus $832,060 of assumed debt for each 7.63358% interest of co-tenancy interest unsold), any co-tenancy interest in the building known as the Ford Motor Credit Complex which remains unsold at the expiration of the offering of Wells Exchange, which has been extended to April 15, 2002, which is also the maturity date of the interim loan relating to such property. The Ford Motor Credit Complex consists of two connecting office buildings containing 167,438 rentable square feet located in Colorado Springs, Colorado, currently under a triple-net lease with Ford Motor Credit Company, a wholly owned subsidiary of Ford Motor Company.

The obligations of Wells OP under the take out purchase and escrow agreement are secured by reserving against a portion of Wells OP s existing line of credit with Bank of America, N.A. (the Interim Lender). If, for any reason, Wells OP fails to acquire any of the co-tenancy interest in the Ford Motor Credit Complex which remains unsold as of

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April 15, 2002, or there is otherwise an uncured default under the interim loan or the line of credit documents, the Interim Lender is authorized to draw down Wells OP s line of credit in the amount necessary to pay the outstanding balance of the interim loan in full, in which event the appropriate amount of co-tenancy interest in the Ford Motor Credit Complex would be deeded to Wells OP. Wells OP s maximum economic exposure in the transaction is $21,900,000, in which event Wells OP would acquire the Ford Motor Credit Complex for $11,000,000 in cash plus assumption of the first mortgage financing in the amount of $10,900,000. If some, but not all, of the co-tenancy interests are sold, Wells OP s exposure would be less, and it would own an interest in the property in co-tenancy with the 1031 Participants who had previously acquired co-tenancy interests in the Ford Motor Credit Complex from Wells Exchange.

Development of the Nissan Property

The Operating Partnership has entered into an agreement with an independent third-party general contractor for the purpose of designing and constructing a three-story office building containing 268,290 rentable square feet on the Nissan Property. The construction agreement provides that the Operating Partnership will pay the contractor a maximum of $25,326,017 for the design and construction of the building. Construction commenced on January 25, 2002 and is scheduled to be completed within 20 months.

General

Management, after consultation with legal counsel, is not aware of any significant litigation or claims against the Company, the Operating Partnership, or the Advisor. In the normal course of business, the Company, the Operating Partnership, or the Advisor may become subject to such litigation or claims.

11. SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY

Common Stock Option Plan

The Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. Independent Director Stock Option Plan (the Plan) provides for grants of stock to be made to independent nonemployee directors of the Company. Options to purchase 2,500 shares of common stock at $12 per share are granted upon initially becoming an independent director of the Company. Of these shares, 20% are exercisable immediately on the date of grant. An additional 20% of these shares become exercisable on each anniversary following the date of grant for a period of four years. Effective on the date of each annual meeting of shareholders of the Company, beginning in 2000, each independent director will be granted an option to purchase 1,000 additional shares of common stock. These options vest at the rate of 500 shares per full year of service thereafter. All options granted under the Plan expire no later than the date immediately following the tenth anniversary of the date of grant and may expire sooner in the event of the disability or death of the optionee or if the optionee ceases to serve as a director.

The Company has adopted the disclosure provisions in Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation. As permitted by the provisions of SFAS No. 123, the Company applies Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25 and the related interpretations in accounting for its stock option plans and, accordingly, does not recognize compensation cost.

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A summary of the Company s stock option activity during 2001 and 2000 is as follows:

	Number	Exercise Price
Outstanding at December 31, 1999	17,500	$ 12
Granted	7,000	12
Outstanding at December 31, 2000	24,500	12
Granted	7,000	12
Outstanding at December 31, 2001	31,500	12
Outstanding options exercisable as of December 31, 2001	10,500	12

For SFAS No. 123 purposes, the fair value of each stock option for 2001 and 2000 has been estimated as of the date of the grant using the minimum value method. The weighted average risk-free interest rates assumed for 2001 and 2000 were 5.05% and 6.45%, respectively. Dividend yields of 7.8% and 7.3% were assumed for 2001 and 2000, respectively. The expected life of an option was assumed to be six years and four years for 2001 and 2000, respectively. Based on these assumptions, the fair value of the options granted during 2001 and 2000 is $0.

Treasury Stock

During 1999, the Company s board of directors authorized a dividend reinvestment program (the DRP), through which common shareholders may elect to reinvest an amount equal to the dividends declared on their common shares into additional shares of the Company s common stock in lieu of receiving cash dividends. During 2000, the Company s board of directors authorized a common stock repurchase plan subject to the amount reinvested in the Company s common shares through the DRP, less shares already redeemed, and a limitation in the amount of 3% of the average common shares outstanding during the preceding year. During 2001 and 2000, the Company repurchased 413,743 and 141,297 of its own common shares at an aggregate cost of $4,137,427 and $1,412,969, respectively. These transactions were funded with cash on hand and did not exceed either of the foregoing limitations.

12. QUARTERLY RESULTS (UNAUDITED)

Presented below is a summary of the unaudited quarterly financial information for the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000:

	2001 Quarters Ended			
	March 31	June 30	September 30	December 31
Revenues	**$ 10,669,713**	**$ 10,891,240**	**$ 12,507,904**	**$ 15,239,945**

Net income	**3,275,345**	**5,038,898**	**6,109,137**	**7,300,587**
Basic and diluted earnings per share(a)	**$ 0.10**	**$ 0.12**	**$ 0.11**	**$ 0.10**
Dividends per share(a)	**0.19**	**0.19**	**0.19**	**0.19**

(a) The totals of the four quarterly amounts for the year ended December 31, 2001 do not equal the totals for the year. This difference results from rounding differences between quarters.

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	2000 Quarters Ended			
	March 31	June 30	September 30	December 31
Revenues	$ 3,710,409	$ 5,537,618	$ 6,586,611	$ 7,538,568
Net income	1,691,288	1,521,021	2,525,228	2,815,430
Basic and diluted earnings per share	$ 0.11	$ 0.08	$ 0.11	$ 0.10
Dividends per share	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.19

13. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On January 11, 2002, the Operating Partnership purchased a three-story office building on a 9.8-acre tract of land located in Sarasota County, Florida known as the Arthur Andersen Building, from an unaffiliated third party for $21,400,000. The Operating Partnership incurred additional related acquisition expenses, including attorneys fees, recording fees, structural report and environmental report fees, and other closing costs, of approximately $30,000.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

SCHEDULE III REAL ESTATE INVESTMENTS AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION December 31, 2001

(Unaudited)

	Cost	Accumulated Depreciation
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 1998	$ 76,201,910	$ 1,487,963
1999 additions	103,916,288	4,243,688
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 1999	180,118,198	5,731,651
2000 additions	293,450,036	11,232,378
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2000	473,568,234	16,964,029
2001 additions	294,740,403	20,821,037
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2001	**$ 768,308,697**	**$ 37,785,066**

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

(A Georgia Public Limited Partnership)

SCHEDULE III REAL ESTATE INVESTMENTS AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION

December 31, 2001

(Unaudited)

			Initial Cost			Gross Amount at Which Carried at December 31, 2001							
Description	Ownership Percentage	Encumbrances	Land	Buildings and Improvements	Costs of Capitalized Improvements	Land	Buildings and Improvements	Construction in Progress	Total	Accumulated Depreciation	Date of Construction	Date Acquired	Life on Which Depreciat is Compu (dd)
STOM POWER KNOXVILLE PROPERTY(a)	4%	None	$ 582,897	$ 744,164	$ 6,744,547	$ 607,930	$ 7,463,678	$ 0	$ 8,071,608	$ 1,844,482	1997	12/10/96	20 to 25 ye
AYA ILDING	4	None	1,002,723	4,386,374	242,241	1,051,138	4,580,200	0	5,631,338	656,495	1998	6/24/98	20 to 25 ye
) TERLOCKEN (c)	4	None	1,570,000	6,733,500	437,266	1,650,070	7,090,696	0	8,740,766	1,098,339	1996	3/20/98	20 to 25 ye
MEGA OPERT(d)	4	None	597,000	4,674,624	876,459	641,988	5,506,095	0	6,148,083	742,404	1998	7/01/98	20 to 25 ye
MEDA OPERTY(e)	4	None	2,613,600	7,762,481	528,415	2,746,894	8,157,602	0	10,904,496	1,278,024	1998	2/13/98	20 to 25 ye
RCHILD OPERTY(f)	78	None	2,130,480	6,852,630	374,300	2,219,251	7,138,159	0	9,357,410	999,301	1998	7/21/98	20 to 25 ye
ANGE UNTY OPERTY(g)	44	None	2,100,000	4,463,700	287,916	2,187,501	4,664,115	0	6,851,616	651,780	1988	7/31/98	20 to 25 ye
CEWATER-USECOOPERS OPERTY(h)	100	None	1,460,000	19,839,071	825,560	1,520,834	20,603,797	0	22,124,631	2,469,792	1998	12/31/98	20 to 25 ye
BL CARTEX OPERTY(i)	57	None	330,000	4,791,828	213,411	343,750	4,991,489	0	5,335,239	532,416	1998	5/18/99	20 to 25 ye
RINT ILDING (j)	57	None	1,696,000	7,850,726	397,783	1,766,667	8,177,842	0	9,944,509	817,785	1998	7/2/99	20 to 25 ye
HNSON TTHEY(k)	57	None	1,925,000	6,131,392	335,685	2,005,209	6,386,868	0	8,392,077	617,438	1973	8/17/99	20 to 25 ye
RTNER OPERTY(l)	57	None	895,844	7,451,760	347,820	933,171	7,762,253	0	8,695,424	724,477	1998	9/20/99	20 to 25 ye
&T PA OPERTY(m)	100	None	662,000	11,836,368	265,740	689,583	12,074,525	0	12,764,108	1,408,686	1998	2/4/99	20 to 25 ye
ARCONI OPERTY(n)	100	None	5,000,000	28,161,665	1,381,747	5,208,335	29,335,077	0	34,543,412	2,737,941	1991	9/10/99	20 to 25 ye
NEMARK OPERTY(o)	100	None	1,456,000	20,376,881	908,217	1,516,667	21,224,431	0	22,741,098	1,768,692	1999	12/21/99	20 to 25 ye

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			Initial Cost			Gross Amount at Which Carried at December 31, 2001							
ion	Ownership Percentage	Encumbrances	Land	Buildings and Improvements	Costs of Capitalized Improvements	Land	Buildings and Improvements	Construction in Progress	Total	Accumulated Depreciation	Date of Construction	Date Acquired	L V Dep is C
SHITA TY (p)	100	None	4,577,485	0	13,860,142	4,768,215	13,773,660	0	18,541,875	2,032,803	1999	3/15/99	
M OND TY (q)	100	None	948,401	0	9,938,308	987,918	9,923,454	0	10,911,372	921,980	1999	7/22/99	
OK TY (r)	100	None	1,150,000	11,569,583	541,489	1,197,917	12,063,155	0	13,261,072	881,413	2000	2/11/00	
TY (s)	100	None	3,500,000	10,785,309	601,264	3,645,835	11,240,738	83,125	14,969,698	821,315	1997	3/29/00	
TY (t)	100	None	0	17,392,633	731,685	0	18,124,318	0	18,124,318	1,314,573	1995	3/29/00	
OLA AZ TY (u)	100	None	0	16,036,219	669,639	0	16,705,858	0	16,705,858	1,218,400	1998	3/29/00	
TY (v)	100	None	0	13,271,502	551,156	0	13,822,658	0	13,822,658	868,060	2000	6/12/00	
TY (w)	100	None	2,160,000	16,775,971	1,676,956	2,250,008	18,469,408	14,877	20,734,293	1,286,705	2000	6/29/00	
S TY (x)	47	None	2,143,588	12,048,902	591,358	2,232,905	12,550,943	43,757	14,827,605	959,465	2000	5/10/00	
TY (y)	16	None	2,220,993	5,545,498	51,285	2,220,993	5,602,160	0	7,823,153	649,436	1997	9/10/97	
OLA NJ TY (z)	100	None	9,652,500	20,495,243	0	10,054,720	25,540,919	392,104	35,987,743	1,541,768	2000	11/1/00	
MN TY (aa)	100	None	7,700,000	45,151,969	2,181	8,020,859	47,042,309	0	55,063,168	2,000,737	2000	12/21/00	
& ER TY	100	None	7,100,000	37,914,954	0	7,395,857	39,498,469	0	46,894,326	1,679,981	1994	12/21/00	
OK TY (cc)	47	None	2,100,000	13,227,555	638,651	2,187,500	13,785,631	0	15,973,131	597,317	1999	12/28/00	
TA TY	64	None	4,300,000	20,650,000	572,944	4,479,168	21,566,287	0	26,045,455	575,056	1986	5/15/2001	
REDIT TY	87	None	1,610,000	10,890,000	563,257	1,677,084	11,386,174	0	13,063,258	227,724	2001	7/16/2001	
TY	100	None	10,600,000	38,962,988	4,344,837	11,041,670	40,666,305	2,201,913	53,909,888	807,903	1998	7/30/2001	
TY	100	None	2,735,000	17,915,000	985,856	2,847,300	18,792,672	0	21,639,972	250,689	2000	9/7/2001	

TY	100	$ 8,124,444	5,545,700	0	21,353	5,567,053	0	2,653,777	8,220,830	0	2002	9/19/2001
I TY	100	$ 22,000,000	333,049	20,666,951	922,657	333,049	21,590,010	0	21,923,059	292,307	1997	9/27/2001
TY	100	None	7,000,000	10,650,000	1,106,240	7,275,830	11,484,562	0	18,760,392	153,093	2000	9/28/2001

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			Initial Cost			Gross Amount at Which Carried at December 31, 2001							
n	Ownership Percentage	Encumbrances	Land	Buildings and Improvements	Costs of Capitalized Improvements	Land	Buildings and Improvements	Construction in Progress	Total	Accumulated Depreciation	Date of Construction	Date Acquired	D is
YS													
	100	None	3,500,000	9,755,000	791,672	3,642,442	10,404,230	0	14,046,672	34,681	2001	12/21/2001	20
	51	None	1,954,213	11,000,000	757,902	2,047,735	11,664,380	0	13,712,115	38,881	2001	12/21/2001	20
	100	None	4,360,000	29,298,642	1,440,568	4,536,862	30,562,349	0	35,099,211	101,875	1999	12/31/2001	20
	100	None	3,600,000	52,016,358	2,385,402	3,746,033	54,255,727	0	58,001,760	180,852	2001	12/31/2001	20
		$ 30,124,444	$ 112,812,473	$ 584,077,441	$ 57,913,909	$ 117,245,941	$ 645,673,203	$ 5,389,553	$ 768,308,697	$ 37,785,066			

(a) The Alstom Power Knoxville Property consists of a three-story office building located in Knoxville, Tennessee. It is owned by Fund IX-X-XI-REIT Joint Venture.
(b) The Avaya Building consists of a one-story office building located in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma. It is owned by Fund IX-X-XI-REIT Joint Venture.
(c) The 360 Interlocken Property consists of a three-story multi-tenant office building located in Broomfield, Colorado. It is owned by Fund IX-X-XI-REIT Joint Venture.
(d) The Iomega Property consists of a one-story warehouse and office building located in Ogden, Utah. It is owned by Fund IX-X-XI-REIT Joint Venture.
(e) The Ohmeda Property consists of a two-story office building located in Louisville, Colorado. It is owned by Fund IX-X-XI-REIT Joint Venture.
(f) The Fairchild Property consists of a two-story warehouse and office building located in Fremont, California. It is owned by Wells/Freemont Associates.
(g) The Orange County Property consists of a one-story warehouse and office building located in Fountain Valley, California. It is owned by Wells/Orange County Associates.
(h) The PriceWaterhouseCoopers Property consists of a four-story office building located in Tampa, Florida. It is 100% owned by the Company.
(i) The EYBL CarTex Property consists of a one-story manufacturing and office building located in Fountain Inn, South Carolina. It is owned by Fund XI-XII-REIT Joint Venture.
(j) The Sprint Building consists of a three-story office building located in Leawood, Kansas. It is owned by Fund XI-XII-REIT Joint Venture.
(k) The Johnson Matthey Property consists of a one-story research and development office and warehouse building located in Chester County, Pennsylvania. It is owned by Fund XI-XII-REIT Joint Venture.
(l) The Gartner Property consists of a two-story office building located in Ft. Myers, Florida. It is owned by Fund XI-XII-REIT Joint Venture
(m) The AT&T PA Property consists of a four-story office building located in Harrisburg, Pennsylvania. It is 100% owned by the Company.
(n) The Marconi Property consists of a two-story office building located in Wood Dale, Illinois. It is 100% owned by the Company.
(o) The Cinemark Property consists of a five-story office building located in Plano, Texas. It is 100% owned by the Company.
(p) The Matsushita Property consists of a two-story office building located in Lake Forest, California. It is 100% owned by the Company.
(q) The Alstom Property consists of a four-story office building located in Midlothian, Chesterfield County, Virginia. It is 100% owned by the Company.
(r) The Metris OK Property consists of a three-story office building located in Tulsa, Oklahoma. It is 100% owned by the Company.
(s) The Dial Property consists of a two-story office building located in Scottsdale, Arizona. It is 100% owned by the Company.
(t) The ASML Property consists of a two-story office building located in Tempe, Arizona. It is 100% owned by the Company.
(u) The Motorola AZ Property consists of a two-story office building located in Tempe, Arizona. It is 100% owned by the Company.
(v) The Avnet Property consists of a two-story office building located in Tempe, Arizona. It is 100% owned by the Company.
(w) The Delphi Property consists of a three-story office building located in Troy, Michigan. It is 100% owned by the Company.
(x) The Siemens Property consists of a three-story office building located in Troy, Michigan. It is owned by Fund XII-REIT Joint Venture.
(y)

The Quest Property consists of a two-story office building located in Orange County, California. It is owned by Fund VIII-IX-REIT Joint Venture.

(z) The Motorola NJ Property consists of a three-story office building located in South Plainfield, New Jersey. It is 100% owned by the Company.

(aa) The Metris MN Property consists of a nine-story office building located in Minnetonka, Minnesota. It is 100% owned by the Company.

(bb) The Stone & Webster Property consists of a six-story office building located in Houston, Texas. It is 100% owned by the Company.

(cc) The AT&T OK Property consists of a two-story office building located in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma. It is owned by the Fund XII-REIT Joint Venture.

(dd) Depreciation lives used for buildings are 25 years. Depreciation lives used for land improvements are 20 years.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	March 31, 2002	December 31, 2001
	(Unaudited)	
ASSETS		
REAL ESTATE ASSETS, at cost:		
Land	$ 94,273,542	$ 86,246,985
Building and improvements, less accumulated depreciation of $30,558,906 in 2002 and $24,814,454 in 2001	563,639,005	472,383,102
Construction in progress	8,827,823	5,738,573
Total real estate assets	666,740,370	564,368,660
INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURES	76,811,543	77,409,980
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	187,022,573	75,586,168
INVESTMENT IN BONDS	22,000,000	22,000,000
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	7,697,487	6,003,179
DEFERRED PROJECT COSTS	7,739,896	2,977,110
DEFERRED LEASE ACQUISITION COSTS, net	1,868,674	1,525,199
DUE FROM AFFILIATES	1,820,241	1,692,727
PREPAID EXPENSES AND OTHER ASSETS, net	1,584,942	718,389
DEFERRED OFFERING COSTS	244,761	0
Total assets	$ 973,530,487	$ 752,281,412
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY		
LIABILITIES:		
Notes payable	$ 11,071,586	$ 8,124,444
Obligation under capital lease	22,000,000	22,000,000
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	8,570,735	8,727,473
Dividends payable	3,657,498	1,059,026
Due to affiliates	990,923	2,166,161
Deferred rental income	1,567,241	661,657
Total liabilities	47,857,983	42,738,761
MINORITY INTEREST OF UNIT HOLDER IN OPERATING PARTNERSHIP	200,000	200,000
SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY:		
Common shares, $.01 par value; 125,000,000 shares authorized, 109,331,764 shares issued and 108,472,526 shares outstanding at March 31, 2002, and 83,761,469 shares issued and 83,206,429 shares outstanding at December 31, 2001	1,093,317	837,614
Additional paid-in capital	966,577,500	738,236,525
Cumulative distributions in excess of earnings	(33,555,824)	(24,181,092)
Treasury stock, at cost, 859,238 shares at March 31, 2002 and 555,040 shares at December 31, 2001	(8,592,377)	(5,550,396)

Other comprehensive loss	(50,112)	0
Total shareholders equity	925,472,504	709,342,651
Total liabilities and shareholders equity	$ 973,530,487	$ 752,281,412

The accompanying condensed notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended	
	March 31, 2002	March 31, 2001
REVENUES:		
Rental income	$ 16,738,163	$ 9,860,085
Equity in income of joint ventures	1,206,823	709,713
Interest income	1,113,715	99,915
Take out fee	134,102	0
	19,192,803	10,669,713
EXPENSES:		
Depreciation	5,744,452	3,187,179
Management and leasing fees	899,495	565,714
Operating costs, net of reimbursements	624,698	1,091,185
General and administrative	529,031	175,107
Interest expense	440,001	2,160,426
Amortization of deferred financing costs	175,462	214,757
	8,413,139	7,394,368
NET INCOME	$ 10,779,664	$ 3,275,345
EARNINGS PER SHARE		
Basic and diluted	$ 0.11	$ 0.10

The accompanying condensed notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY

For the year ended December 31, 2001

and for the three months ended March 31, 2002

	Common Stock Shares	Common Stock Amount	Additional Paid-In Capital	Cumulative Distributions in Excess of Earnings	Retained Earnings	Treasury Stock Shares	Treasury Stock Amount	Other Comprehensive Income	Total Shareholders Equity
BALANCE, December 31, 2000	31,509,807	$ 315,097	$ 275,573,339	$ (9,133,855)	$ 0	(141,297)	$ (1,412,969)	$ 0	$ 265,341,612
Issuance of common stock	52,251,662	522,517	521,994,103	0	0	0	0	0	522,516,620
Treasury stock purchased	0	0	0	0	0	(413,743)	(4,137,427)	0	(4,137,427)
Net income	0	0	0	0	21,723,967	0	0	0	21,723,967
Dividends ($.76 per share)	0	0	0	(15,047,237)	(21,723,967)	0	0	0	(36,771,204)
Sales commissions and discounts	0	0	(49,246,118)	0	0	0	0	0	(49,246,118)
Other offering expenses	0	0	(10,084,799)	0	0	0	0	0	(10,084,799)
BALANCE, December 31, 2001	83,761,469	837,614	738,236,525	(24,181,092)	0	(555,040)	(5,550,396)	0	709,342,651
Issuance of common stock	**25,570,295**	**255,703**	**255,447,240**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**255,702,943**
Treasury stock purchased	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**(304,198)**	**(3,041,981)**	**0**	**(3,041,981)**
Net income	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**10,779,664**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**10,779,664**
Dividends ($.19 per share)	**0**	**0**	**0**	**(9,374,732)**	**(10,779,664)**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**(20,154,396)**
Sales commissions and discounts	**0**	**0**	**(24,579,655)**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**(24,579,655)**
Other offering expenses	**0**	**0**	**(2,526,610)**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**(2,526,610)**
Gain/(loss) on interest rate swap	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**(50,112)**	**(50,112)**
BALANCE, March 31, 2002 (UNAUDITED)	**109,331,764**	**$ 1,093,317**	**$ 966,577,500**	**$ (33,555,824)**	**$ 0**	**(859,238)**	**$ (8,592,377)**	**$ (50,112)**	**$ 925,472,504**

The accompanying condensed notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended	
	March 31, 2002	March 31, 2001
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net income	$ 10,779,664	$ 3,275,345
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Equity in income of joint ventures	(1,206,823)	(709,713)
Depreciation	5,744,452	3,187,179
Amortization of deferred financing costs	175,462	214,757
Amortization of deferred leasing costs	72,749	75,837
Deferred lease acquisition costs paid	(400,000)	0
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(1,694,308)	(264,416)
Due from affiliates	(13,740)	0
Deferred rental income	905,584	(142,888)
Prepaid expenses and other assets, net	(1,092,127)	2,481,643
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(156,738)	96,828
Due to affiliates	(626)	20,742
Net cash provided by operating activities	13,113,549	8,235,314
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Investments in real estate	(104,051,998)	(2,703,858)
Investment in joint ventures	0	(5,749)
Deferred project costs paid	(9,461,180)	(2,288,936)
Distributions received from joint ventures	1,691,486	734,286
Net cash used in investing activities	(111,821,692)	(4,264,257)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Proceeds from notes payable	2,947,142	5,800,000
Repayment of notes payable	0	(56,923,187)
Dividends paid to shareholders	(17,555,924)	(6,213,236)
Issuance of common stock	255,702,943	66,174,705
Sales commissions paid	(24,579,655)	(6,212,824)
Offering costs paid	(3,327,977)	(1,961,945)
Treasury stock purchased	(3,041,981)	(776,555)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	210,144,548	(113,042)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	111,436,405	3,858,015
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of year	75,586,168	4,298,301

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of period	$ 187,022,573	$ 8,156,316
SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Deferred project costs applied to real estate assets	$ 4,080,388	$ 1,430,111
Deferred project costs due to affiliate	$ 496,134	$ 0
Interest rate swap	$ (50,112)	$ 0
Deferred offering costs due to affiliate	$ 244,761	$ 0
Other offering costs due to affiliate	$ 141,761	$ 0
Write-off of deferred offering costs due to affiliate	$ 0	$ 709,686

The accompanying condensed notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

CONDENSED NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2002

(Unaudited)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) General

Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. (the Company) is a Maryland corporation formed on July 3, 1997, which qualifies as a real estate investment trust (REIT). Substantially all of the Company s business is conducted through Wells Operating Partnership, L.P. (Wells OP), a Delaware limited partnership organized for the purpose of acquiring, developing, owning, operating, improving, leasing, and otherwise managing income producing commercial properties for investment purposes on behalf of the Company. The Company is the sole general partner of Wells OP.

On January 30, 1998, the Company commenced its initial public offering of up to 16,500,000 shares of common stock at $10 per share pursuant to a Registration Statement on Form S-11 filed under the Securities Act of 1933. The Company commenced active operations on June 5, 1998, upon receiving and accepting subscriptions for 125,000 shares. The Company terminated its initial public offering on December 19, 1999 at which time gross proceeds of approximately $132,181,919 had been received from the sale of approximately 13,218,192 shares. The Company commenced its second public offering of shares of common stock on December 20, 1999, which was terminated on December 19, 2000 after receipt of gross proceeds of approximately $175,229,193 from the sale of approximately 17,522,919 shares from the second public offering. The Company commenced its third public offering of the shares of common stock on December 20, 2000. As of March 31, 2002, the Company has received gross proceeds of approximately $785,906,526 from the sale of approximately 78,590,653 shares from its third public offering. Accordingly, as of March 31, 2002, the Company has received aggregate gross offering proceeds of approximately $1,093,317,638 from the sale of 109,331,764 shares of its common stock to 27,900 investors. After payment of $37,965,419 in acquisition and advisory fees and acquisition expenses, payment of $125,647,820 in selling commissions and organization and offering expenses, capital contributions to joint ventures and acquisitions expenditures by Wells OP of $735,821,825 for property acquisitions, and common stock redemptions of $8,592,377 pursuant to the Company s share redemption program, the Company was holding net offering proceeds of $185,290,197 available for investment in properties, as of March 31, 2002.

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(b) Properties

As of March 31, 2002, the Company owned interests in 44 properties listed in the table below through its ownership in Wells OP. As of March 31, 2002, all of these properties were 100% leased.

Property Name	Tenant	Property Location	% Owned	Purchase Price	Square Feet	Annual Rent
Dana Detroit Building	Dana Corporation	Detroit, MI	100%	$ 23,650,000	112,480	$ 2,330,600
Dana Kalamazoo Building	Dana Corporation	Kalamazoo, MI	100%	$ 18,300,000	147,004	$ 1,842,800
Novartis Building	Novartis Opthalmics, Inc.	Atlanta, GA	100%	$ 15,000,000	100,087	$ 1,426,240
Transocean Houston Building	Transocean Deepwater Offshore Drilling, Inc.	Houston, TX	100%	$ 22,000,000	103,260	$ 2,110,035
	Newpark Resources, Inc.				52,731	$ 1,153,227
Andersen Building	Arthur Andersen LLP	Sarasota, FL	100%	$ 21,400,000	157,704	$ 1,988,454
Windy Point Buildings	TCI Great Lakes, Inc.	Schaumburg, IL	100%	$ 89,275,000	129,157	$ 1,940,404
	The Apollo Group, Inc.				28,322	$ 242,948
	Global Knowledge Network				22,028	$ 358,094
	Zurich American Insurance				300,000	$ 4,718,285
	Various other tenants				8,884	$ 129,947
Convergys Building	Convergys Customer Management Group, Inc.	Tamarac, FL	100%	$ 13,255,000	100,000	$ 1,144,176
ADIC Buildings	Advanced Digital Information Corporation	Parker, CO	68.2%	$ 12,954,213	148,200	$ 1,124,868
Lucent Building	Lucent Technologies, Inc.	Cary, NC	100%	$ 17,650,000	120,000	$ 1,813,500
Ingram Micro Building	Ingram Micro, L.P.	Millington, TN	100%	$ 21,050,000	701,819	$ 2,035,275
Nissan Property	Nissan Motor Acceptance Corporation	Irving, TX	100%	$ 5,545,700(1)	268,290	$ 4,225,860(2)
IKON Buildings	IKON Office Solutions, Inc.	Houston, TX	100%	$ 20,650,000	157,790	$ 2,015,767
State Street Building	SSB Realty, LLC	Quincy, MA	100%	$ 49,563,000	234,668	$ 6,922,706
AmeriCredit Building	AmeriCredit Financial Services Corporation	Orange Park, FL	68.2%	$ 12,500,000	85,000	$ 1,322,388
Comdata Building	Comdata Network, Inc.	Nashville, TN	55.0%	$ 24,950,000	201,237	$ 2,443,647
AT&T Oklahoma Buildings	AT&T Corp.	Oklahoma City, OK	55.0%	$ 15,300,000		$ 1,242,000

	Jordan Associates, Inc.				103,500 25,000	$ 294,504
Metris Minnesota Building	Metris Direct, Inc.	Minnetonka, MN	100%	$ 52,800,000	300,633	$ 4,960,445
Stone & Webster Building	Stone & Webster, Inc.	Houston, TX	100%	$ 44,970,000	206,048 106,516	$ 4,533,056
	SYSCO Corporation					$ 2,130,320
Motorola Plainfield Building	Motorola, Inc.	South Plainfield, NJ	100%	$ 33,648,156	236,710	$ 3,324,427
Quest Building	Quest Software, Inc.	Irvine, CA	15.8%	$ 7,193,000	65,006	$ 1,287,119
Delphi Building	Delphi Automotive Systems, LLC	Troy, MI	100%	$ 19,800,000	107,193	$ 1,937,664
Avnet Building	Avnet, Inc.	Tempe, AZ	100%	$ 13,250,000	132,070	$ 1,516,164
Siemens Building	Siemens Automotive Corp.	Troy, MI	56.8%	$ 14,265,000	77,054	$ 1,371,946
Motorola Tempe Building	Motorola, Inc.	Tempe, AZ	100%	$ 16,000,000	133,225	$ 1,913,999
ASML Building	ASM Lithography, Inc.	Tempe, AZ	100%	$ 17,355,000	95,133	$ 1,927,788
Dial Building	Dial Corporation	Scottsdale, AZ	100%	$ 14,250,000	129,689	$ 1,387,672
Metris Tulsa Building	Metris Direct, Inc.	Tulsa, OK	100%	$ 12,700,000	101,100	$ 1,187,925
Cinemark Building	Cinemark USA, Inc.	Plano, TX	100%	$ 21,800,000	65,521 52,587	$ 1,366,491
	The Coca-Cola Co.					$ 1,354,524
Gartner Building	The Gartner Group, Inc.	Ft. Myers, FL	56.8%	$ 8,320,000	62,400	$ 830,968
Videojet Technologies Chicago (formerly known as the Marconi Building)	Videojet Technologies, Inc.	Wood Dale, IL	100%	$ 32,630,940	250,354	$ 3,376,743
Johnson Matthey Building	Johnson Matthey, Inc.	Tredyffrin Township, PA	56.8%	$ 8,000,000	130,000	$ 841,750
Alstom Power Richmond Building	Alstom Power, Inc.	Midlothian, VA	100%	$ 11,400,000	99,057	$ 1,225,963
Sprint Building	Sprint Communications Company, L.P.	Leawood, KS	56.8%	$ 9,500,000	68,900	$ 1,062,949
EYBL CarTex Building	EYBL CarTex, Inc.	Greenville, SC	56.8%	$ 5,085,000	169,510	$ 543,845
Matsushita Building	Matsushita Avionics Systems Corporation	Lake Forest, CA	100%	$ 18,431,206	144,906	$ 1,995,704
AT&T Pennsylvania Building	Pennsylvania Cellular Telephone Corp.	Harrisburg, PA	100%	$ 12,291,200	81,859	$ 1,442,116
PwC Building	PricewaterhouseCoopers, LLP	Tampa, FL	100%	$ 21,127,854	130,091	$ 2,093,382
Fairchild Building	Fairchild Technologies U.S.A., Inc.	Fremont, CA	77.5%	$ 8,900,000	58,424	$ 922,444
Cort Furniture Building	Cort Furniture Rental Corporation	Fountain Valley, CA	44.0%	$ 6,400,000	52,000	$ 834,888

Iomega Building	Iomega Corporation	Ogden City, UT	3.7%	$ 5,025,000	108,250	$ 539,958
Interlocken Building	ODS Technologies, L.P. and GAIAM, Inc.	Broomfield, CO	3.7%	$ 8,275,000	51,975	$ 1,031,003
Ohmeda Building	Ohmeda, Inc.	Louisville, CO	3.7%	$ 10,325,000	106,750	$ 1,004,517
Alstom Power Knoxville Building	Alstom Power, Inc.	Knoxville, TN	3.7%	$ 7,900,000	84,404	$ 1,106,519
Avaya Building	Avaya, Inc.	Oklahoma City, OK	3.7%	$ 5,504,276	57,186	$ 536,977

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(1) This represents the costs incurred by Wells OP to purchase the land. Total costs to be incurred for development of the Nissan Property are currently estimated to be $42,259,000.

(2) Annual rent does not take effect until construction of the building is completed and the tenant is occupying the building.

Wells OP owns interests in properties directly and through equity ownership in the following joint ventures:

Joint Venture	Joint Venture Partners	Properties Held by Joint Venture
Fund XIII-REIT Joint Venture	Wells Operating Partnership, L.P.	The AmeriCredit Building
	Wells Real Estate Fund XIII, L.P.	The ADIC Buildings
Fund XII-REIT Joint Venture	Wells Operating Partnership, L.P.	The Siemens Building
	Wells Real Estate Fund XII, L.P.	The AT&T Oklahoma Buildings
		The Comdata Building
Fund XI-XII-REIT Joint Venture	Wells Operating Partnership, L.P.	The EYBL CarTex Building
	Wells Real Estate Fund XI, L.P.	The Sprint Building
	Wells Real Estate Fund XII, L.P.	The Johnson Matthey Building
		The Gartner Building
Fund IX-X-XI-REIT Joint Venture	Wells Operating Partnership, L.P.	The Alstom Power Knoxville Building
	Wells Real Estate Fund IX, L.P.	The Ohmeda Building
	Wells Real Estate Fund X, L.P.	The Interlocken Building
	Wells Real Estate Fund XI, L.P.	The Avaya Building
		The Iomega Building
Wells/Fremont Associates Joint Venture (the Fremont Joint Venture)	Wells Operating Partnership, L.P.	The Fairchild Building
	Fund X-XI Joint Venture	
Wells/Orange County Associates Joint Venture (the Orange County Joint Venture)	Wells Operating Partnership, L.P.	The Cort Building
	Fund X-XI Joint Venture	
Fund VIII-IX-REIT Joint Venture	Wells Operating Partnership, L.P.	Quest Building
	Fund VIII-IX Joint Venture	

(c) Critical Accounting Policies

The Company s accounting policies have been established in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP). The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to use judgment in the application of accounting policies, including making estimates and assumptions. These judgments affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting periods. If our judgment or interpretation of the facts and circumstances relating to various transactions had been different, it is possible that different accounting policies would have been applied; thus, resulting in a different presentation of our financial statements. Below is a discussion of the accounting policies that we consider to be critical in that they may require complex judgment in their application or require estimates about matters which are inherently uncertain.

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes rental income generated from all leases on real estate assets in which the Company has an ownership interest, either directly or through investments in joint ventures, on a straight line basis over the terms of the respective leases. If a tenant was to encounter financial difficulties in future periods, the amount recorded as a receivable may not be realized.

Operating Cost Reimbursements

The Company generally bills tenants for operating cost reimbursements, either directly or through investments in joint ventures, on a monthly basis at amounts estimated largely based on actual prior period activity and the respective lease terms. Such billings are generally adjusted on an annual basis to reflect reimbursements owed to the landlord based on the actual costs incurred during the period and the respective lease terms. Financial difficulties encountered by tenants may result in receivables not being realized.

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Real Estate

Management continually monitors events and changes in circumstances indicating that the carrying amounts of the real estate assets in which the Company has an ownership interest, either directly or through investments in joint ventures, may not be recoverable. When such events or changes in circumstances are present, management assesses the potential impairment by comparing the fair market value of the asset, estimated at an amount equal to the future undiscounted operating cash flows expected to be generated from tenants over the life of the asset and from its eventual disposition, to the carrying value of the asset. In the event that the carrying amount exceeds the estimated fair market value, the Company would recognize an impairment loss in the amount required to adjust the carrying amount of the asset to its estimated fair market value. Neither the Company nor its joint ventures have recognized impairment losses on real estate assets in 2002 or 2001.

Deferred Project Costs

Wells Capital, Inc. (the Advisor) expects to continue to fund 100% of the acquisition and advisory fees and acquisition expenses and recognize related expenses, to the extent that such costs exceed 3.5% of cumulative capital raised (subject to certain overall limitations described in the prospectus), on behalf of the Company. The Company records acquisition and advisory fees and acquisition expenses by capitalizing deferred project costs and reimbursing the Advisor in an amount equal to 3.5% of cumulative capital raised to date. As the Company invests its capital proceeds, deferred project costs are applied to real estate assets, either directly or through contributions to joint ventures, at an amount equal to 3.5% of each investment and depreciated over the useful lives of the respective real estate assets. Acquisition and advisory fees and acquisition expenses paid as of March 31, 2002, amounted to $37,965,419 and represented approximately 3.5% of shareholders capital contributions received. These fees are allocated to specific properties as they are purchased or developed and are included in capitalized assets of the joint venture, or real estate assets. Deferred project costs at March 31, 2002 and December 31, 2001, represent fees paid, but not yet applied to properties.

Deferred Offering Costs

The Advisor expects to continue to fund 100% of the organization and offering costs and recognize related expenses, to the extent that such costs exceed 3% of cumulative capital raised, on behalf of the Company. Organization and offering costs include items such as legal and accounting fees, marketing and promotional costs, and printing costs, and specifically exclude sales costs and underwriting commissions. The Company records offering costs by accruing deferred offering costs, with an offsetting liability included in due to affiliates, at an amount equal to the lesser of 3% of cumulative capital raised to date or actual costs incurred from third parties less reimbursements paid to the Advisor. As the actual equity is raised, the Company reverses the deferred offering costs accrual and recognizes a charge to stockholders equity upon reimbursing the Advisor. As of March 31, 2002, the Advisor had paid offering expenses on behalf of the Company in an aggregate amount of $23,230,560, of which the Advisor had been reimbursed $22,021,962, which did not exceed the 3% limitation. Deferred offering costs in the accompanying balance sheet represent costs incurred by the Advisor which will be reimbursed by the Company.

(d) Distribution Policy

The Company will make distributions each taxable year (not including a return of capital for federal income tax purposes) equal to at least 90% of its real estate investment trusts taxable income. The Company intends to make regular quarterly distributions to holders of the shares. Distributions will be made to those shareholders who are shareholders as of the record date selected by the Directors. The Company currently calculates quarterly dividends based on the daily record and dividend declaration dates; thus, shareholders are entitled to receive dividends immediately upon the purchase of shares.

Dividends to be distributed to the shareholders are determined by the Board of Directors and are dependent on a number of factors related to the Company, including funds available for payment of dividends, financial condition, capital expenditure requirements and annual distribution requirements in order to maintain the Company s status as a REIT under the Code. Operating cash flows are expected to increase as additional properties are added to the Company s investment portfolio.

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(e) Income Taxes

The Company has made an election under Section 856 (C) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the Code), to be taxed as a Real Estate Investment Trust (REIT) under the Code beginning with its taxable year ended December 31, 1998. As a REIT for federal income tax purposes, the Company generally will not be subject to federal income tax on income that it distributes to its shareholders. If the Company fails to qualify as a REIT in any taxable year, it will then be subject to federal income tax on its taxable income at regular corporate rates and will not be permitted to qualify for treatment as a REIT for federal income tax purposes for four years following the year during which qualification is lost. Such an event could materially adversely affect the Company s net income and net cash available to distribute to shareholders. However, the Company believes that it is organized and operates in such a manner as to qualify for treatment as a REIT and intends to continue to operate in the foreseeable future in such a manner so that the Company will remain qualified as a REIT for federal income tax purposes.

(f) Employees

The Company has no direct employees. The employees of the Advisor and Wells Management Company, Inc., perform a full range of real estate services including leasing and property management, accounting, asset management and investor relations for the Company.

(g) Insurance

Wells Management Company, Inc., an affiliate of the Company and the Advisor, carries comprehensive liability and extended coverage with respect to all the properties owned directly or indirectly by the Company. In the opinion of management, the properties are adequately insured.

(h) Competition

The Company will experience competition for tenants from owners and managers of competing projects, which may include its affiliates. As a result, the Company may be required to provide free rent, reduced charges for tenant improvements and other inducements, all of which may have an adverse impact on results of operations. At the time the Company elects to dispose of its properties, the Company will also be in competition with sellers of similar properties to locate suitable purchasers for its properties.

(i) Statement of Cash Flows

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents include cash and short-term investments.

(j) Basis of Presentation

Substantially all of the Company s business is conducted through Wells OP. On December 31, 1997, Wells OP issued 20,000 limited partner units to the Advisor in exchange for a capital contribution of $200,000. The Company is the sole general partner in Wells OP; consequently, the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of the Company includes the amounts of the Company and Wells OP. The Advisor, a limited partner, is not currently receiving distributions from its investment in Wells OP.

The consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with instructions to Form 10-Q and do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. These quarterly statements have not been examined by independent accountants, but in the opinion of the Board of Directors, the statements for the unaudited interim periods presented include all adjustments, which are of a normal and recurring nature, necessary to present a fair presentation of the results for such periods. Results for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of full year results. For further information, refer to the financial statements and footnotes included in the Company s Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001.

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2. INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURES

(a) Basis of Presentation

As of March 31, 2002, the Company owned interests in 17 properties in joint ventures with related entities through its ownership in Wells OP, which owns interests in seven such joint ventures. The Company does not have control over the operations of these joint ventures; however, it does exercise significant influence. Accordingly, investment in joint ventures is recorded using the equity method.

(b) Summary of Operations

The following information summarizes the operations of the unconsolidated joint ventures in which the Company, through Wells OP, had ownership interests as of March 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively. There were no additional investments in joint ventures made by the Company during the three months ended March 31, 2002.

	Total Revenues		Net Income		Wells OP s Share of Net Income	
	Three Months Ended		Three Months Ended		Three Months Ended	
	March 31, 2002	March 31, 2001	March 31, 2002	March 31, 2001	March 31, 2002	March 31, 2001
Fund IX-X-XI-REIT Joint Venture	$ 1,379,059	$ 1,449,856	$ 554,268	$ 638,435	$ 20,572	$ 23,696
Cort Joint Venture	212,006	199,586	129,750	133,753	56,658	58,406
Fremont Joint Venture	225,161	225,178	135,948	142,612	105,365	110,530
Fund XI-XII-REIT Joint Venture	858,219	847,030	497,149	514,277	282,197	291,918
Fund XII-REIT Joint Venture	1,670,863	947,943	805,513	445,321	442,726	208,634
Fund VIII-IX-REIT Joint Venture	323,746	267,624	160,696	105,033	273,931	16,529
Fund XIII-REIT Joint Venture	700,648	0	401,674	0	25,374	0
	$ 5,369,702	$ 3,937,217	$ 2,684,998	$ 1,979,431	$ 1,206,823	$ 709,713

3. INVESTMENTS IN REAL ESTATE

As of March 31, 2002, the Company, through its ownership in Wells OP, owns 27 properties directly. The following describes acquisitions made directly by Wells OP during the three months ended March 31, 2002.

The Andersen Building

On January 11, 2002, Wells OP purchased the Andersen Building, a three-story office building containing approximately 157,700 rentable square feet on a 9.8 acre tract of land located in Sarasota County, Florida for a purchase price of $21,400,000, excluding closing costs. The Andersen Building is leased to Arthur Andersen LLP (Andersen). The current term of the Andersen lease is 10 years, which commenced on November 11, 1998 and expires on October 31, 2009. Andersen has the right to extend the initial 10-year term of its lease for two additional five-year periods at 90% of the then-current market rental rate. The current annual base rent payable under the Andersen lease is $1,988,454. Andersen has the option to purchase the Andersen Building prior to the end of the fifth lease year for $23,250,000 and again at the expiration of the initial lease term for $25,148,000.

The Transocean Houston Building

On March 15, 2002, Wells OP purchased the Transocean Houston Building, a six story office building containing approximately 156,000 rentable square feet located in Houston, Harris County, Texas for a purchase price of

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$22,000,000, excluding closing costs. The Transocean Houston Building is 100% leased to Transocean Deepwater Offshore Drilling, Inc. (Transocean) and Newpark Drilling Fluids, Inc. (Newpark).

The Transocean lease is a triple net lease which covers approximately 103,260 square feet commencing in December 2001 and expiring in March 2011. The initial annual base rent payable under the Transocean lease is $2,110,035. Transocean has the option to extend the initial term of its lease for either (1) two additional five-year periods, or (2) one additional ten-year period, at the then-current market rental rate. In addition, Transocean has an expansion option and a right of first refusal for up to an additional 51,780 rentable square feet.

The Newpark lease covers approximately 52,731 rentable square feet and is a net lease that commenced in August 1999 and expires in August 2009. The current annual base rent payable under the Newpark lease is $1,153,227.

The Novartis Atlanta Building

On March 28, 2002, Wells OP purchased the Novartis Atlanta Building, a four-story office building containing approximately 100,000 rentable square feet located in Duluth, Fulton County, Georgia for a purchase price of $15,000,000, excluding closing costs. The Novartis Atlanta Building is 100% leased to Novartis Opthalmics, Inc. (Novartis). The Novartis lease is a net lease which commenced in August 2001 and expires in July 2011. Novartis Corporation, the parent of Novartis, has guaranteed the lease. The current annual base rent payable is $1,426,240. Novartis, at its option, may extend the initial term of its lease for three additional five-year periods at the then-current market rental rate. In addition, Novartis may terminate the lease at the end of the fifth lease year by paying a $1,500,000 termination fee.

The Dana Corporation Buildings

On March 29, 2002, Wells OP purchased all of the membership interests in Dana Farmington Hills, LLC and Dana Kalamazoo, LLC, which respectively owned a three-story office and research development building containing approximately 112,400 rentable square feet located in Farmington Hills, Oakland County, Michigan (the Dana Detroit Building) and a two-story office and industrial building containing approximately 147,000 rentable square feet located in Kalamazoo, Kalamazoo County, Michigan (the Dana Kalamazoo Building) for an aggregate purchase price of $41,950,000, excluding closing costs.

The Dana Detroit Building is 100% leased to the Dana Corporation (Dana) under a net lease that commenced in October 2001 and expires in October 2021. The current annual base rent payable under the Dana lease for Detroit is $2,330,600. Dana may, at its option, extend the initial term of its lease for six additional five-year periods at the then-current market rental rate. Additionally, Dana may terminate the lease after the eleventh year of its initial lease term subject to certain conditions.

The Dana Kalamazoo Building is also 100% leased to Dana. The Dana lease for Kalamazoo is a net lease which commenced in October 2001 and expires in October 2011. The current annual base rent payable is $1,842,800. Dana has the option to extend the initial term of the Dana lease in Kalamazoo for six additional five-year periods at the then-current market rental rate. Additionally, Dana may terminate the lease at any time after the sixth year of the initial lease term and before the end of the nineteenth lease year, subject to certain conditions.

4. NOTES PAYABLE

Notes payable consists of (i) $7,655,600 of draws on a line of credit from SouthTrust Bank secured by a first mortgage against the Cinemark, ASML, Dial, PwC, Motorola Tempe and Avnet Buildings and (ii) $3,415,986 outstanding on the construction loan from Bank of America which is being used to fund the development of the Nissan Property.

5. DUE TO AFFILIATES

Due to affiliates consists of amounts due to the Advisor for Acquisitions and Advisory Fees and Acquisition Expenses, deferred offering costs, and other operating expenses paid on behalf of the Company. Also included in due to affiliates is the amount due to the Fund VIII-IX Joint Venture related to the Matsushita lease guarantee, which is explained in detail in the financial statements and footnotes included in the Company s Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001. Payments of $601,963 have been made as of March 31, 2002 toward funding the obligation under the Matsushita agreement.

6. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Take Out Purchase and Escrow Agreement

An affiliate of the Advisor (Wells Exchange) has developed a program (the Wells Section 1031 Program) involving the acquisition by Wells Exchange of income-producing commercial properties and the formation of a series of single member limited liability companies for the purpose of facilitating the resale of co-tenancy interests in such real estate properties to be owned in co-tenancy arrangements with persons (1031 Participants) who are looking to invest the proceeds from a sale of real estate held for investment in another real estate investment for purposes of qualifying for like-kind exchange treatment under Section 1031 of the Code. Each of these properties will be financed by a combination of permanent first mortgage financing and interim loan financing obtained from institutional lenders.

Following the acquisition of each property, Wells Exchange will attempt to sell co-tenancy interests to 1031 Participants, the proceeds of which will be used to pay off the interim financing. In consideration for the payment of a Take Out Fee to the Company, and following approval of the potential property acquisition by the Company s Board of Directors, it is anticipated that Wells OP will enter into a contractual relationship providing that, in the event that Wells Exchange is unable to sell all of the co-tenancy interests in that particular property to 1031 Participants, Wells OP will purchase, at Wells Exchange s cost, any co-tenancy interests remaining unsold at the end of the offering period. As a part of the initial transaction in the Wells Section 1031 Program, and in consideration for the payment of a take out fee in the amount of $137,500 to the Company, Wells OP entered into a take out purchase and escrow agreement dated April 16, 2001 providing, among other things, that Wells OP would be obligated to acquire, at Wells Exchange s cost, any unsold co-tenancy interests in the building known as the Ford Motor Credit Complex which remained unsold at the expiration of the offering of Wells Exchange on April 15, 2002. On April 12, 2002, Wells Exchange paid off the interim financing on the Ford Motor Credit Complex and, accordingly, Wells OP has been released from its prior obligations under the take out purchase and escrow agreement relating to such property.

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PRIOR PERFORMANCE TABLES

The following Prior Performance Tables (Tables) provide information relating to real estate investment programs sponsored by Wells Capital, Inc., our advisor, and its affiliates (Wells Public Programs) which have investment objectives similar to Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. (Wells REIT). (See Investment Objectives and Criteria.) Except for the Wells REIT, all of the Wells Public Programs have used capital, and no acquisition indebtedness, to acquire their properties.

Prospective investors should read these Tables carefully together with the summary information concerning the Wells Public Programs as set forth in the Prior Performance Summary section of this prospectus.

Investors in the Wells REIT will not own any interest in the other Wells Public Programs and should not assume that they will experience returns, if any, comparable to those experienced by investors in other Wells Public Programs.

The advisor is responsible for the acquisition, operation, maintenance and resale of the real estate properties. The financial results of the Wells Public Programs, thus, may provide some indication of the advisor s performance of its obligations during the periods covered. However, general economic conditions affecting the real estate industry and other factors contribute significantly to financial results.

The following tables are included herein:

Table I Experience in Raising and Investing Funds (As a Percentage of Investment)

Table II Compensation to Sponsor (in Dollars)

Table III Annual Operating Results of Wells Public Programs

Table IV (Results of completed programs) has been omitted since none of the Wells Public Programs have been liquidated.

Table V Sales or Disposals of Property

Additional information relating to the acquisition of properties by the Wells Public Programs is contained in **Table VI**, which is included in Part II of the registration statement which the Wells REIT has filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Copies of any or all information will be provided to prospective investors at no charge upon request.

The following are definitions of certain terms used in the Tables:

Acquisition Fees shall mean fees and commissions paid by a Wells Public Program in connection with its purchase or development of a property, except development fees paid to a person not affiliated with the Wells Public Program or with a general partner or advisor of the Wells Public Program in connection with the actual development of a project after acquisition of the land by the Wells Public Program.

Organization Expenses shall include legal fees, accounting fees, securities filing fees, printing and reproduction expenses and fees paid to the sponsor in connection with the planning and formation of the Wells Public Program.

Underwriting Fees shall include selling commissions and wholesaling fees paid to broker-dealers for services provided by the broker-dealers during the offering.

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TABLE I

(UNAUDITED)

EXPERIENCE IN RAISING AND INVESTING FUNDS

This Table provides a summary of the experience of the sponsors of Wells Public Programs for which offerings have been completed since December 31, 1998. Information is provided with regard to the manner in which the proceeds of the offerings have been applied. Also set forth is information pertaining to the timing and length of these offerings and the time period over which the proceeds have been invested in the properties. All figures are as of December 31, 2001.

	Wells Real Estate Fund XI, L.P.	Wells Real Estate Fund XII, L.P.	Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc.
Dollar Amount Raised	$ 16,532,802(3)	$ 35,611,192(4)	$ 307,411,112(5)
Percentage Amount Raised	100%(3)	100%(4)	100%(5)
Less Offering Expenses			
Underwriting Fees	9.5%	9.5%	9.5%
Organizational Expenses	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Reserves(1)	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Percent Available for Investment	87.5%	87.5%	87.5%
Acquisition and Development Costs			
Prepaid Items and Fees related to Purchase of Property	0.0%	0.0	0.5%
Cash Down Payment	84.0%	84.0%	73.8%
Acquisition Fees(2)	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%
Development and Construction Costs	0.0%	0.0%	9.7%
Reserve for Payment of Indebtedness	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Acquisition and Development Cost	87.5%	87.5%	87.5%
Percent Leveraged	0.0%	0.0%	30.9%
Date Offering Began	12/31/97	03/22/99	01/30/98
Length of Offering	12 mo.	24 mo.	35 mo.
Months to Invest 90% of Amount Available for Investment (Measured from Beginning of Offering)	20 mo.	26 mo.	21 mo.
Number of Investors as of 12/31/01	1,338	1,337	7,422

(1) Does not include general partner contributions held as part of reserves.

(2) Includes acquisition fees, real estate commissions, general contractor fees and/or architectural fees paid to affiliates of the general partners.

(3) Total dollar amount registered and available to be offered was $35,000,000. Wells Real Estate Fund XI, L.P. closed its offering on December 30, 1998, and the total dollar amount raised was $16,532,802.

(4) Total dollar amount registered and available to be offered was $70,000,000. Wells Real Estate Fund XII, L.P. closed its offering on March 21, 2001, and the total dollar amount raised was $35,611,192.

(5) The total dollar amount registered and available to be offered in the first offering was $165,000,000. Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. closed its initial offering on December 19, 1999, and the total dollar amount raised in its initial offering was $132,181,919. The total

dollar amount registered and available to be offered in the second offering was $222,000,000. Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. closed its second offering on December 19, 2000, and the total dollar amount raised in its second offering was $175,229,193.

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TABLE II

(UNAUDITED)

COMPENSATION TO SPONSOR

The following sets forth the compensation received by Wells Capital, Inc., our advisor, and its affiliates, including compensation paid out of offering proceeds and compensation paid in connection with the ongoing operations of Wells Public Programs having similar or identical investment objectives the offerings of which have been completed since December 31, 1998. All figures are as of December 31, 2001.

	Wells Real Estate Fund XI, L.P.	Wells Real Estate Fund XII, L.P.	Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc.(1)	Other Public Programs(2)
Date Offering Commenced	12/31/97	03/22/99	01/30/98	
Dollar Amount Raised	$ 16,532,802	$ 35,611,192	$ 307,411,112	$ 268,370,007
To Sponsor from Proceeds of Offering:				
Underwriting Fees(3)	$ 151,911	$ 362,416	$ 3,076,844	$ 1,494,470
Acquisition Fees				
Real Estate Commissions				
Acquisition and Advisory Fees(4)	$ 578,648	$ 1,246,392	$ 10,759,389	$ 12,644,556
Dollar Amount of Cash Generated from Operations Before Deducting Payments to Sponsor(5)	$ 3,494,174	$ 3,508,128	$ 116,037,681	$ 58,169,461
Amount Paid to Sponsor from Operations:				
Property Management Fee(2)	$ 90,731	$ 113,238	$ 1,899,140	$ 2,257,424
Partnership Management Fee				
Reimbursements	$ 164,746	$ 142,990	$ 1,047,449	$ 2,503,609
Leasing	$ 90,731	$ 113,238	$ 1,899,140	$ 2,257,426
Commissions General Partner Distributions				
Other				
Dollar Amount of Property Sales and Refinancing Payments to Sponsors:				
Cash				
Notes				
Amount Paid to Sponsor from Property Sales and Refinancing:				
Real Estate Commissions				
Incentive Fees				
Other				

(1) The total dollar amount registered and available to be offered in the first offering was $165,000,000. Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. closed its initial offering on December 19, 1999, and the total dollar amount raised in its initial offering was $132,181,919. The total dollar amount registered and available to be offered in the second offering was $222,000,000. Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. closed its second offering on December 19, 2000, and the total dollar amount raised in its second offering was $175,229,193.

(2) Includes compensation paid to the general partners from Wells Real Estate Fund I, Wells Real Estate Fund II, Wells Real Estate Fund II-OW, Wells Real Estate Fund III, L.P., Wells Real Estate Fund IV, L.P., Wells Real Estate Fund V, L.P., Wells Real Estate Fund VI, L.P., Wells Real Estate Fund VII, L.P., Wells Real Estate Fund VIII, L.P., Wells Real Estate Fund IX, L.P. and Wells Real Estate Fund X, L.P. during the past three years. In addition to the amounts shown, affiliates of the general partners of Wells Real Estate Fund I are entitled to certain property management and leasing fees but have elected to defer the payment of such fees until a later year on properties owned by Wells Real Estate Fund I. As of December 31, 2001, the amount of such deferred fees totaled $2,627,841.

(3) Includes net underwriting compensation and commissions paid to Wells Investment Securities, Inc. in connection with the offering which was not reallowed to participating broker-dealers.

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(4) Fees paid to the general partners or their affiliates for acquisition and advisory services in connection with the review and evaluation of potential real property acquisitions.

(5) Includes $(161,104) in net cash provided by operating activities, $3,308,970 in distributions to limited partners and $346,208 in payments to sponsor for Wells Real Estate Fund XI, L.P.; $167,620 in net cash used by operating activities, $2,971,042 in distributions to limited partners and $369,466 in payments to sponsor for Wells Real Estate Fund XII, L.P.; $53,677,256 in net cash provided by operating activities, $57,514,696 in dividends and $4,845,729 in payments to sponsor for Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc.; and $956,542 in net cash provided by operating activities, $50,169,329 in distributions to limited partners and $7,018,457 in payments to sponsor for other public programs.

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TABLE III

(UNAUDITED)

The following five tables set forth operating results of Wells Public Programs the offerings of which have been completed since December 30, 1996. The information relates only to public programs with investment objectives similar to those of the Wells REIT. All figures are as of December 31 of the year indicated.

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TABLE III (UNAUDITED)

OPERATING RESULTS OF PRIOR PROGRAMS

WELLS REAL ESTATE FUND IX, L.P.

	2001	2000	1999	1998	1997
Gross Revenues(1)	$ 1,874,290	$ 1,836,768	$ 1,593,734	$ 1,561,456	$ 1,199,300
Profit on Sale of Properties					
Less: Operating Expenses(2)	105,816	78,092	90,903	105,251	101,284
Depreciation and Amortization(3)	0	0	12,500	6,250	6,250
Net Income GAAP Basis(4)	$ 1,768,474	$ 1,758,676	$ 1,490,331	$ 1,449,955	$ 1,091,766
Taxable Income:Operations	$ 2,251,474	$ 2,147,094	$ 1,924,542	$ 1,906,011	$ 1,083,824
Cash Generated (Used By):					
Operations	$ (101,573)	$ (66,145)	$ (94,403)	$ 80,147	$ 501,390
Joint Ventures	2,978,785	2,831,329	2,814,870	2,125,489	527,390
	$ 2,877,212	$ 2,765,184	$ 2,720,467	$ 2,205,636	$ 1,028,780
Less Cash Distributions to Investors:					
Operating Cash Flow	2,877,212	2,707,684	2,720,467	2,188,189	1,028,780
Return of Capital			15,528		41,834
Undistributed Cash Flow From Prior Year Operations	20,074		17,447		1,725
Cash Generated (Deficiency) after Cash Distributions	$ (20,074)	$ 57,500	$ (32,975)	$ 17,447	$ (43,559)
Special Items (not including sales and financing):					
Source of Funds:					
General Partner Contributions					
Increase in Limited Partner Contributions					
	$ (20,074)	$ 57,500	$ (32,975)	$ 17,447	$ (43,559)
Use of Funds:					
Sales Commissions and Offering Expenses					323,039
Return of Original Limited Partner s Investment					100
Property Acquisitions and Deferred Project Costs		44,357	190,853	9,455,554	13,427,158
Cash Generated (Deficiency) after Cash Distributions and Special Items	$ (20,074)	$ 13,143	$ (223,828)	$ (9,438,107)	$ (13,793,856)
Net Income and Distributions Data per $1,000 Invested:					
Net Income on GAAP Basis:					
Ordinary Income (Loss)					
Operations Class A Units	57	93	89	88	53
Operations Class B Units	(0)	(267)	(272)	(218)	(77)
Capital Gain (Loss)					
Tax and Distributions Data per $1,000 Invested:					
Federal Income Tax Results:					
Ordinary Income (Loss)					
Operations Class A Units	94	91	86	85	46
Operations Class B Units	(195)	(175)	(164)	(123)	(47)
Capital Gain (Loss)					

Cash Distributions to Investors:					
Source (on GAAP Basis)					
Investment Income Class A Units	56	87	88	73	36
Return of Capital Class A Units	36		2		
Return of Capital Class B Units					
Source (on Cash Basis)					
Operations Class A Units	92	87	89	73	35
Return of Capital Class A Units			1		1
Operations Class B Units					
Source (on a Priority Distribution Basis)(5)					
Investment Income Class A Units	81	76	77	61	29
Return of Capital Class A Units	11	11	13	12	7
Return of Capital Class B Units					
Amount (in Percentage Terms) Remaining Invested in Program Properties at the end of the Last Year Reported in the Table	100%				

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(1) Includes $593,914 in equity in earnings of joint ventures and $605,386 from investment of reserve funds in 1997; $1,481,869 in equity in earnings of joint ventures and $79,587 from investment of reserve funds in 1998; $1,593,734 in equity in earnings of joint ventures and $0 from investment of reserve funds in 1999; and $1,829,216 in equity in earnings of joint ventures and $7,552 from investment of reserve funds in 2000; and $1,870,378 in equity in earnings of joint ventures and $3,912 from investment of reserve funds in 2001. As of December 31, 2001, the leasing status was 100% including developed property in initial lease up.

(2) Includes partnership administrative expenses.

(3) Included in equity in earnings of joint ventures in gross revenues is depreciation of $469,126 for 1997; $1,143,407 for 1998; $1,210,939 for 1999; $1,100,915 for 2000; and $1,076,802 for 2001.

(4) In accordance with the partnership agreement, net income or loss, depreciation and amortization are allocated $1,564,778 to Class A Limited Partners, $(472,806) to Class B Limited Partners and $(206) to the General Partners for 1997; $2,597,938 to Class A Limited Partners, $(1,147,983) to Class B Limited Partners and $0 to the General Partners for 1998; $2,713,636 to Class A Limited Partners, $(1,223,305) to Class B Limited Partners and $0 to the General Partners for 1999; $2,858,806 to Class A Limited Partners, $(1,100,130) to Class B Limited Partners and $0 to the General Partners for 2000; and $1,768,474 to Class A Limited Partners, $(0) to Class B Limited Partners and $0 to the General Partners for 2001.

(5) Pursuant to the terms of the partnership agreement, an amount equal to the cash distributions paid to Class A Limited Partners is payable as priority distributions out of the first available net proceeds from the sale of partnership properties to Class B Limited Partners. The amount of cash distributions paid per unit to Class A Limited Partners is shown as a return of capital to the extent of such priority distributions payable to Class B Limited Partners. As of December 31, 2001, the aggregate amount of such priority distributions payable to Class B Limited Partners totaled $1,668,253.

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TABLE III (UNAUDITED)

OPERATING RESULTS OF PRIOR PROGRAMS

WELLS REAL ESTATE FUND X, L.P.

	2001	2000	1999	1998	1997
Gross Revenues(1)	$ 1,559,026	$ 1,557,518	$ 1,309,281	$ 1,204,597	$ 372,507
Profit or Sale of Properties					
Less: Operating Expenses (2)	109,177	81,338	98,213	99,034	88,232
Depreciation and Amortization (3)	0	0	18,750	55,234	6,250
Net Income GAAP Basis (4)	$ 1,449,849	$ 1,476,180	$ 1,192,318	$ 1,050,329	$ 278,025
Taxable Income: Operations	$ 1,688,775	$ 1,692,792	$ 1,449,771	$ 1,277,016	$ 382,543
Cash Generated (Used By):					
Operations	(100,983)	(59,595)	(99,862)	300,019	200,668
Joint Ventures	2,307,137	2,192,397	2,175,915	886,846	
	$ 2,206,154	$ 2,132,802	$ 2,076,053	$ 1,186,865	$ 200,668
Less Cash Distributions to Investors:					
Operating Cash Flow	2,206,154	2,103,260	2,067,801	1,186,865	
Return of Capital				19,510	
Undistributed Cash Flow From Prior Year Operations	25,647			200,668	
Cash Generated (Deficiency) after Cash Distributions	$ (25,647)	$ 29,542	$ 8,252	$ (220,178)	$ 200,668
Special Items (not including sales and financing):					
Source of Funds:					
General Partner Contributions					
Increase in Limited Partner Contributions					27,128,912
	$ (25,647)	$ 29,542	$ 8,252	$ (220,178)	$ 27,329,580
Use of Funds:					
Sales Commissions and Offering Expenses				300,725	3,737,363
Return of Original Limited Partner s Investment					100
Property Acquisitions and Deferred Project Costs	0	81,022	0	17,613,067	5,188,485
Cash Generated (Deficiency) after Cash Distributions and Special Items	$ (25,647)	$ (51,480)	$ 8,252	$ (18,133,970)	$ 18,403,632
Net Income and Distributions Data per $1,000 Invested:					
Net Income on GAAP Basis:					
Ordinary Income (Loss)					
Operations Class A Units	99	104	97	85	28
Operations Class B Units	(188)	(159)	(160)	(123)	(9)
Capital Gain (Loss)					
Tax and Distributions Data per $1,000 Invested:					
Federal Income Tax Results:					
Ordinary Income (Loss)					
Operations Class A Units	95	98	92	78	35
Operations Class B Units	(130)	(107)	(100)	(64)	0
Capital Gain (Loss)					

Cash Distributions to Investors:				
Source (on GAAP Basis)				
Investment Income Class A Units	96	94	95	66
Return of Capital Class A Units				
Return of Capital Class B Units				
Source (on Cash Basis)				
Operations Class A Units	96	94	95	56
Return of Capital Class A Units				10
Operations Class B Units				
Source (on a Priority Distribution Basis) (5)				
Investment Income Class A Units	80	74	71	48
Return of Capital Class A Units	16	20	24	18
Return of Capital Class B Units				
Amount (in Percentage Terms) Remaining Invested in Program Properties at the end of the Last Year Reported in the Table	100%			

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(1) Includes $(10,035) in equity in earnings of joint ventures and $382,542 from investment of reserve funds in 1997; $869,555 in equity in earnings of joint ventures and $215,042 from investment of reserve funds in 1998; $1,309,281 in equity in earnings of joint ventures and $0 from investment of reserve funds in 1999; 1,547,664 in equity in earnings of joint ventures and $9,854 from investment of reserve funds in 2000; and $1,549,588 in equity in earnings of joint ventures and $9,438 from investment of reserve funds in 2001. As of December 31, 2001, the leasing status was 100% including developed property in initial lease up.

(2) Includes partnership administrative expenses.

(3) Included in equity in earnings of joint ventures in gross revenues is depreciation of $18,675 for 1997; $674,986 for 1998; $891,911 for 1999; $816,544 for 2000; and $814,502 for 2001.

(4) In accordance with the partnership agreement, net income or loss, depreciation and amortization are allocated $302,862 to Class A Limited Partners, $(24,675) to Class B Limited Partners and $(162) to the General Partners for 1997; $1,779,191 to Class A Limited Partners, $(728,524) to Class B Limited Partners and $(338) to General Partners for 1998; $2,084,229 to Class A Limited Partners, $(891,911) to Class B Limited Partners and $0 to the General Partners for 1999; $2,292,724 to Class A Limited Partners, $(816,544) to Class B Limited Partners and $0 to the General Partners for 2000; and $2,264,351 to Class A Limited Partners, $(814,502) to Class B Limited Partners and $0 to the General Partners for 2001.

(5) Pursuant to the terms of the partnership agreement, an amount equal to the cash distributions paid to Class A Limited Partners is payable as priority distributions out of the first available net proceeds from the sale of partnership properties to Class B Limited Partners. The amount of cash distributions paid per unit to Class A Limited Partners is shown as a return of capital to the extent of such priority distributions payable to Class B Limited Partners. As of December 31, 2001, the aggregate amount of such priority distributions payable to Class B Limited Partners totaled $1,735,882.

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TABLE III (UNAUDITED)

OPERATING RESULTS OF PRIOR PROGRAMS

WELLS REAL ESTATE FUND XI, L.P.

	2001	2000	1999	1998	1997
Gross Revenues(1)	$ 960,676	$ 975,850	$ 766,586	$ 262,729	N/A
Profit on Sale of Properties					
Less: Operating Expenses(2)	90,326	79,861	111,058	113,184	
Depreciation and Amortization(3)	0		25,000	6,250	
Net Income GAAP Basis(4)	$ 870,350	$ 895,989	$ 630,528	$ 143,295	
Taxable Income: Operations	$ 1,038,394	$ 944,775	$ 704,108	$ 177,692	
Cash Generated (Used By):					
Operations	(128,985)	(72,925)	40,906	(50,858)	
Joint Ventures	1,376,673	1,333,337	705,394	102,662	
	$ 1,247,688	$ 1,260,412	$ 746,300	$ 51,804	
Less Cash Distributions to Investors:					
Operating Cash Flow	1,247,688	1,205,303	746,300	51,804	
Return of Capital	4,809		49,761S	48,070	
Undistributed Cash Flow From Prior Year Operations	55,109				
Cash Generated (Deficiency) after Cash Distributions	$ (59,918)	$ 55,109	$ (49,761)	$ (48,070)	
Special Items (not including sales and financing):					
Source of Funds:					
General Partner Contributions					
Increase in Limited Partner Contributions				16,532,801	
	$ (59,918)	$ 55,109	$ (49,761)	$ 16,484,731	
Use of Funds:					
Sales Commissions and Offering Expenses			214,609	1,779,661	
Return of Original Limited Partner s Investment			100		
Property Acquisitions and Deferred Project Costs			9,005,979	5,412,870	
Cash Generated (Deficiency) after Cash Distributions and Special Items	$ (59,918)	$ 55,109	$ (9,270,449)	$ 9,292,200	
Net Income and Distributions Data per $1,000 Invested:					
Net Income on GAAP Basis:					
Ordinary Income (Loss)					
Operations Class A Units	101	103	77	50	
Operations Class B Units	(158)	(155)	(112)	(77)	
Capital Gain (Loss)					
Tax and Distributions Data per $1,000 Invested:					
Federal Income Tax Results:					
Ordinary Income (Loss)					
Operations Class A Units	100	97	71	18	
Operations Class B Units	(100)	(112)	(73)	(17)	
Capital Gain (Loss)					
Cash Distributions to Investors:					
Source (on GAAP Basis)					
Investment Income Class A Units	97	90	60	8	

Return of Capital Class A Units				
Return of Capital Class B Units				
Source (on Cash Basis)				
Operations Class A Units	97	90	56	4
Return of Capital Class A Units			4	4
Operations Class B Units				
Source (on a Priority Distribution Basis)(5)				
Investment Income Class A Units	75	69	46	6
Return of Capital Class A Units	22	21	14	2
Return of Capital Class B Units				
Amount (in Percentage Terms) Remaining Invested in Program Properties at the end of the Last Year Reported in the Table	100%			

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(1) Includes $142,163 in equity in earnings of joint ventures and $120,566 from investment of reserve funds in 1998; $607,579 in equity in earnings of joint ventures and $159,007 from investment of reserve funds in 1999; $967,900 in equity in earnings of joint ventures and $7,950 from investment of reserve funds in 2000; and $959,631 in equity in earnings of joint ventures and $1,045 from investment of reserve funds in 2001. As of December 31, 2001, the leasing status was 100% including developed property in initial lease up.

(2) Includes partnership administrative expenses.

(3) Included in equity in earnings of joint ventures in gross revenues is depreciation of $105,458 for 1998; $353,840 for 1999; $485,558 for 2000; and $491,478 for 2001.

(4) In accordance with the partnership agreement, net income or loss, depreciation and amortization are allocated $254,862 to Class A Limited Partners, $(111,067) to Class B Limited Partners and $(500) to General Partners for 1998; $1,009,368 to Class A Limited Partners, $(378,840) to Class B Limited Partners and $0 to the General Partners for 1999; $1,381,547 to Class A Limited Partners, $(485,558) to Class B Limited Partners and $0 to General Partners for 2000; and $1,361,828 to Class A Limited Partners, $(491,478) to Class B Limited Partners and $0 to the General Partners for 2001.

(5) Pursuant to the terms of the partnership agreement, an amount equal to the cash distributions paid to Class A Limited Partners is payable as priority distributions out of the first available net proceeds from the sale of partnership properties to Class B Limited Partners. The amount of cash distributions paid per unit to Class A Limited Partners is shown as a return of capital to the extent of such priority distributions payable to Class B Limited Partners. As of December 31, 2001, the aggregate amount of such priority distributions payable to Class B Limited Partners totaled $791,502.

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TABLE III (UNAUDITED)

OPERATING RESULTS OF PRIOR PROGRAMS

WELLS REAL ESTATE FUND XII, L.P.

	2001	2000	1999
GrossRevenues(1)	$ 1,661,194	$ 929,868	$ 160,379
Profit on Sale of Properties			
Less: Operating Expenses(2)	105,776	73,640	37,562
Depreciation and Amortization(3)	0	0	0
Net Income GAAP Basis(4)	$ 1,555,418	$ 856,228	$ 122,817
Taxable Income: Operations	$ 1,850,674	$ 863,490	$ 130,108
Cash Generated (Used By):			
Operations	(83,406)	247,244	3,783
Joint Ventures	2,036,837	737,266	61,485
	$ 1,953,431	$ 984,510	$ 65,268
Less Cash Distributions to Investors:			
Operating Cash Flow	1,953,431	779,818	62,934
Return of Capital			
Undistributed Cash Flow From Prior Year Operations	174,859		
Cash Generated (Deficiency) after Cash Distributions	$ (174,859)	$ 204,692	$ 2,334
Special Items (not including sales and financing):			
Source of Funds:			
General Partner Contributions			
Increase in Limited Partner Contributions	10,625,431	15,617,575	9,368,186
	$ 10,450,572	$ 15,822,267	$ 9,370,520
Use of Funds:			
Sales Commissions and Offering Expenses	1,328,179	1,952,197	1,171,024
Return of Original Limited Partner s Investment			100
Property Acquisitions and Deferred Project Costs	9,298,085	16,246,485	5,615,262
Cash Generated (Deficiency) after Cash Distributions and Special Items	$ (175,692)	$ (2,376,415)	$ 2,584,134
Net Income and Distributions Data per $1,000 Invested:			
Net Income on GAAP Basis:			
Ordinary Income (Loss)			
Operations Class A Units	98	89	50
Operations Class B Units	(131)	(92)	(56)
Capital Gain (Loss)			
Tax and Distributions Data per $1,000 Invested:			
Federal Income Tax Results:			
Ordinary Income (Loss)			
Operations Class A Units	84	58	23
Operations Class B Units	(74)	(38)	(25)
Capital Gain (Loss)			
Cash Distributions to Investors:			
Source (on GAAP Basis)			
Investment Income Class A Units	77	41	8
Return of Capital Class A Units			
Return of Capital Class B Units			
Source (on Cash Basis)			
Operations Class A Units	77	41	8

Return of Capital Class A Units			
Operations Class B Units			
Source (on a Priority Distribution Basis)(5)			
Investment Income Class A Units	55	13	6
Return of Capital Class A Units	22	28	2
Return of Capital Class B Units			
Amount (in Percentage Terms) Remaining Invested in Program Properties at the end of the Last Year Reported in the Table	100%		

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(1) Includes $124,542 in equity in earnings of joint ventures and $35,837 from investment of reserve funds in 1999; $664,401 in equity in earnings of joint ventures and $265,467 from investment of reserve funds in 2000; and $1,577,523 in equity in earnings of joint ventures and $83,671 from investment of reserve funds in 2001. As of December 31, 2001, the leasing status was 100% including developed property in initial lease up.

(2) Includes partnership administrative expenses.

(3) Included in equity in earnings of joint ventures in gross revenues is depreciation of $72,427 for 1999; $355,210 for 2000; and $1,035,609 for 2001.

(4) In accordance with the partnership agreement, net income or loss, depreciation and amortization are allocated $195,244 to Class A Limited Partners, $(71,927) to Class B Limited Partners and $(500) to the General Partners for 1999; $1,209,438 to Class A Limited Partners, $(353,210) to Class B Limited Partners and $0 to General Partners for 2000; and $2,591,027 to Class A Limited Partners, $(1,035,609) to Class B Limited Partners and $0 to the General Partners for 2001.

(5) Pursuant to the terms of the partnership agreement, an amount equal to the cash distributions paid to Class A Limited Partners is payable as priority distributions out of the first available net proceeds from the sale of partnership properties to Class B Limited Partners. The amount of cash distributions paid per unit to Class A Limited Partners is shown as a return of capital to the extent of such priority distributions payable to Class B Limited Partners. As of December 31, 2001, the aggregate amount of such priority distributions payable to Class B Limited Partners totaled $870,747.

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TABLE V (UNAUDITED)

SALES OR DISPOSALS OF PROPERTIES

The following Table sets forth sales or other disposals of properties by Wells Public Programs within the most recent three years. The information relates to only public programs with investment objectives similar to those of Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. All figures are as of December 31, 2001.

				Selling Price, Net Of Closing Costs And GAAP Adjustments					Cost Of Properties Including Closing And Soft Costs		
Property	**Date Acquired**	**Date Of Sale**	**Cash Received Net Of Closing Costs**	**Mortgage Balance At Time Of Sale**	**Purchase Money Mortgage Taken Back By Program**	**Adjustments Resulting From Application Of GAAP**	**Total**	**Original Mortgage Financing**	**Total Acquisition Cost, Capital Improvement, Closing And Soft Costs(1)**	**Total**	**Excess (Deficiency) Of Property Operating Cash Receipts Over Cash Expenditures**
3875 Peachtree Place, Atlanta, Georgia	12/1/85	08/31/00	$ 727,982	-0-	-0-	-0-	$ 727,982(2)	-0-	$ 647,648	$ 647,648	
Crowe s Crossing Shopping Center, DeKalb Count, Georgia	12/31/86	01/11/01	$ 6,487,000	-0-	-0-	-0-	$ 6,487,000(3)	-0-	$ 9,388,869	$ 9,368,869	
Cherokee Commons Shopping Center, Cherokee County, Georgia	10/30/87	10/01/01	$ 8,434,089	-0-	-0-	-0-	$ 8,434,089(4)	-0-	$ 10,650,750	$ 10,650,750	

(1) Amount shown does not include *pro rata* share of original offering costs.
(2) Includes Wells Real Estate Fund I's share of taxable gain from this sale in the amount of $205,019, of which $205,019 is allocated to capital gain and $0 is allocated to ordinary gain.
(3) Includes taxable gain from this sale in the amount of $11,496, of which $11,496 is allocated to capital gain and $0 is allocated to ordinary gain.
(4) Includes taxable gain from this sale in the amount of $207,613, of which $207,613 is allocated to capital gain and $0 is allocated to ordinary gain.

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EXHIBIT A

SUBSCRIPTION AGREEMENT

To: **Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc.**

Suite 250

6200 The Corners Parkway

Atlanta, Georgia 30092

Ladies and Gentlemen:

The undersigned, by signing and delivering a copy of the attached Subscription Agreement Signature Page, hereby tenders this subscription and applies for the purchase of the number of shares of common stock (Shares) of Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc., a Maryland corporation (Wells REIT), set forth on such Subscription Agreement Signature Page. Payment for the Shares is hereby made by check payable to Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc.

I hereby acknowledge receipt of the Prospectus of the Wells REIT dated July 26, 2002 (the Prospectus).

I agree that if this subscription is accepted, it will be held, together with the accompanying payment, on the terms described in the Prospectus. Subscriptions may be rejected in whole or in part by the Wells REIT in its sole and absolute discretion.

Prospective investors are hereby advised of the following:

(a) The assignability and transferability of the Shares is restricted and will be governed by the Wells REIT s Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws and all applicable laws as described in the Prospectus.

(b) Prospective investors should not invest in Shares unless they have an adequate means of providing for their current needs and personal contingencies and have no need for liquidity in this investment.

(c) There is no public market for the Shares and, accordingly, it may not be possible to readily the liquidate an investment in the Wells REIT.

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SPECIAL NOTICE FOR CALIFORNIA RESIDENTS ONLY

CONDITIONS RESTRICTING TRANSFER OF SHARES

260.141.11 Restrictions on Transfer.

(a) The issuer of any security upon which a restriction on transfer has been imposed pursuant to Sections 260.102.6, 260.141.10 or 260.534 of the Rules (the Rules) adopted under the California Corporate Securities Law (the Code) shall cause a copy of this section to be delivered to each issuee or transferee of such security at the time the certificate evidencing the security is delivered to the issuee or transferee.

(b) It is unlawful for the holder of any such security to consummate a sale or transfer of such security, or any interest therein, without the prior written consent of the Commissioner (until this condition is removed pursuant to Section 260.141.12 of the Rules), except:

(1) to the issuer;

(2) pursuant to the order or process of any court;

(3) to any person described in subdivision (i) of Section 25102 of the Code or Section 260.105.14 of the Rules;

(4) to the transferor s ancestors, descendants or spouse, or any custodian or trustee for the account of the transferor or the transferor s ancestors, descendants or spouse; or to a transferee by a trustee or custodian for the account of the transferee or the transferee s ancestors, descendants or spouse;

(5) to holders of securities of the same class of the same issuer;

(6) by way of gift or donation inter vivos or on death;

(7) by or through a broker-dealer licensed under the Code (either acting as such or as a finder) to a resident of a foreign state, territory or country who is neither domiciled in this state to the knowledge of the broker-dealer, nor actually present in this state if the sale of such securities is not in violation of any securities laws of the foreign state, territory or country concerned;

(8) to a broker-dealer licensed under the Code in a principal transaction, or as an underwriter or member of an underwriting syndicate or selling group;

(9) if the interest sold or transferred is a pledge or other lien given by the purchaser to the seller upon a sale of the security for which the Commissioner s written consent is obtained or under this rule not required;

(10) by way of a sale qualified under Sections 25111, 25112, 25113 or 25121 of the Code, of the securities to be transferred, provided that no order under Section 25140 or subdivision (a) of Section 25143 is in effect with respect to such qualification;

(11) by a corporation to a wholly owned subsidiary of such corporation, or by a wholly owned subsidiary of a corporation to such corporation;

(12) by way of an exchange qualified under Section 25111, 25112 or 25113 of the Code provided that no order under Section 25140 or subdivision (a) of Section 25143 is in effect with respect to such qualification;

(13) between residents of foreign states, territories or countries who are neither domiciled or actually present in this state;

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(14) to the State Controller pursuant to the Unclaimed Property Law or to the administrator of the unclaimed property law of another state;

(15) by the State Controller pursuant to the Unclaimed Property Law or by the administrator of the unclaimed property law of another state if, in either such case, such person (i) discloses to potential purchasers at the sale that transfer of the securities is restricted under this rule, (ii) delivers to each purchaser a copy of this rule, and (iii) advises the Commissioner of the name of each purchaser;

(16) by a trustee to a successor trustee when such transfer does not involve a change in the beneficial ownership of the securities;

(17) by way of an offer and sale of outstanding securities in an issuer transaction that is subject to the qualification requirement of Section 25110 of the Code but exempt from that qualification requirement by subdivision (f) of Section 25102; provided that any such transfer is on the condition that any certificate evidencing the security issued to such transferee shall contain the legend required by this section.

(c) The certificates representing all such securities subject to such a restriction on transfer, whether upon initial issuance or upon any transfer thereof, shall bear on their face a legend, prominently stamped or printed thereon in capital letters of not less than 10-point size, reading as follows:

IT IS UNLAWFUL TO CONSUMMATE A SALE OR TRANSFER OF THIS SECURITY, OR ANY INTEREST THEREIN, OR TO RECEIVE ANY CONSIDERATION THEREFOR, WITHOUT THE PRIOR WRITTEN CONSENT OF THE COMMISSIONER OF CORPORATIONS OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA, EXCEPT AS PERMITTED IN THE COMMISSIONER S RULES.

[Last amended effective January 21, 1988.]

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SPECIAL NOTICE FOR MAINE, MASSACHUSETTS, MINNESOTA, MISSOURI

AND NEBRASKA RESIDENTS ONLY

In no event may a subscription for Shares be accepted until at least five business days after the date the subscriber receives the Prospectus. Residents of the States of Maine, Massachusetts, Minnesota, Missouri and Nebraska who first received the Prospectus only at the time of subscription may receive a refund of the subscription amount upon request to the Wells REIT within five days of the date of subscription.

STANDARD REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS

The following requirements have been established for the various forms of registration. Accordingly, complete Subscription Agreements and such supporting material as may be necessary must be provided.

TYPE OF OWNERSHIP AND SIGNATURE(S) REQUIRED

1. **INDIVIDUAL**: One signature required.

2. **JOINT TENANTS WITH RIGHT OF SURVIVORSHIP**: All parties must sign.

3. **TENANTS IN COMMON**: All parties must sign.

4. **COMMUNITY PROPERTY**: Only one investor signature required.

5. **PENSION OR PROFIT SHARING PLANS**: The trustee signs the Signature Page.

6. **TRUST**: The trustee signs the Signature Page. Provide the name of the trust, the name of the trustee and the name of the beneficiary.

7. **PARTNERSHIP**: Identify whether the entity is a general or limited partnership. The general partners must be identified and their signatures obtained on the Signature Page. In the case of an investment by a general partnership, all partners must sign (unless a managing partner has been designated for the partnership, in which case he may sign on behalf of the partnership if a certified copy of the document granting him authority to invest on behalf of the partnership is submitted).

8. **CORPORATION**: The Subscription Agreement must be accompanied by (1) a certified copy of the resolution of the Board of Directors designating the officer(s) of the corporation authorized to sign on behalf of the corporation and (2) a certified copy of the Board s resolution authorizing the investment.

9. **IRA AND IRA ROLLOVERS**: Requires signature of authorized signer (e.g., an officer) of the bank, trust company, or other fiduciary. The address of the trustee must be provided in order for the trustee to receive checks and other pertinent information regarding the investment.

10. **KEOGH (HR 10)**: Same rules as those applicable to IRAs.

11. **UNIFORM GIFT TO MINORS ACT (UGMA)** or **UNIFORM TRANSFERS TO MINORS ACT (UTMA)**: The required signature is that of the custodian, not of the parent (unless the parent has been designated as the custodian). Only one child is permitted in each investment under UGMA or UTMA. In addition, designate the state under which the gift is being made.

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INSTRUCTIONS TO SUBSCRIPTION AGREEMENT SIGNATURE PAGE

TO WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC. SUBSCRIPTION AGREEMENT

INVESTOR INSTRUCTIONS	**Please follow these instructions carefully. Failure to do so may result in the rejection of your subscription. All information on the Subscription Agreement Signature Page should be completed as follows:**

1. **INVESTMENT**

a. **GENERAL**: A minimum investment of $1,000 (100 Shares) is required, except for certain states which require a higher minimum investment. **A CHECK FOR THE FULL PURCHASE PRICE OF THE SHARES SUBSCRIBED FOR SHOULD BE MADE PAYABLE TO THE ORDER OF WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.** Investors who have satisfied the minimum purchase requirements in Wells Real Estate Fund I, Wells Real Estate Fund II, Wells Real Estate Fund II-OW, Wells Real Estate Fund III, L.P., Wells Real Estate Fund IV, L.P., Wells Real Estate Fund V, L.P., Wells Real Estate Fund VI, L.P., Wells Real Estate Fund VII, L.P., Wells Real Estate Fund VIII, L.P., Wells Real Estate Fund IX, L.P., Wells Real Estate Fund X, L.P., Wells Real Estate Fund XI, L.P., Wells Real Estate Fund XII, L.P., or Wells Real Estate Fund XIII, L.P., or in any other public real estate program may invest as little as $25 (2.5 Shares) except for residents of Maine, Minnesota, Nebraska or Washington. Shares may be purchased only by persons meeting the standards set forth under the Section of the Prospectus entitled Suitability Standards. Please indicate the state in which the sale was made. **WE WILL NOT ACCEPT CASH, MONEY ORDERS OR TRAVELERS CHECKS FOR INITIAL INVESTMENTS.**

b. **DEFERRED COMMISSION OPTION:** Please check the box if you have agreed with your Broker-Dealer to elect the Deferred Commission Option, as described in the Prospectus, as supplemented to date. By electing the Deferred Commission Option, you are required to pay only $9.40 per Share purchased upon subscription. For the next six years following the year of subscription, you will have a 1% sales commission ($.10 per Share) per year deducted from and paid out of dividends or other cash distributions otherwise distributable to you. Election of the Deferred Commission Option shall authorize the Wells REIT to withhold such amounts from dividends or other cash distributions otherwise payable to you as is set forth in the Plan of Distribution section of the Prospectus.

2. **ADDITIONAL INVESTMENTS**

Please check if you plan to make one or more additional investments in the Wells REIT. All additional investments must be in increments of at least $25. Additional investments by residents of Maine must be for the minimum amounts stated under Suitability Standards in the Prospectus, and residents of Maine must execute a new Subscription Agreement Signature Page to make additional investments in the Wells REIT. If additional investments in the Wells REIT are made, the investor agrees to notify the Wells REIT and the Broker-Dealer named on the Subscription Agreement Signature Page in writing if at any time he fails to meet the applicable suitability standards or he is unable to make any other representations or warranties set forth in the Prospectus or the Subscription Agreement. The investor acknowledges that the Broker-Dealer named in the Subscription Agreement Signature Page may receive commissions on such additional investments as described in the Prospectus.

3.	**TYPE OF OWNERSHIP**	Please check the appropriate box to indicate the type of entity or type of individuals subscribing.

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4. **REGISTRATION NAME AND ADDRESS** Please enter the exact name in which the Shares are to be held. For joint tenants with right of survivorship or tenants in common, include the names of both investors. In the case of partnerships or corporations, include the name of an individual to whom correspondence will be addressed. Trusts should include the name of the trustee. All investors must complete the space provided for taxpayer identification number or social security number. By signing in Section 6, the investor is certifying that this number is correct. Enter the mailing address and telephone numbers of the registered owner of this investment. In the case of a Qualified Plan or trust, this will be the address of the trustee. Indicate the birthdate and occupation of the registered owner unless the registered owner is a partnership, corporation or trust.

5. **INVESTOR NAME AND ADDRESS** Complete this Section only if the investor s name and address is different from the registration name and address provided in Section 4. If the Shares are registered in the name of a trust, enter the name, address, telephone number, social security number, birthdate and occupation of the beneficial owner of the trust.

6. **SUBSCRIBER SIGNATURES** Please separately initial each representation made by the investor where indicated. Except in the case of fiduciary accounts, the investor may not grant any person a power of attorney to make such representations on his or her behalf. Each investor must sign and date this Section. If title is to be held jointly, all parties must sign. If the registered owner is a partnership, corporation or trust, a general partner, officer or trustee of the entity must sign. **PLEASE NOTE THAT THESE SIGNATURES DO NOT HAVE TO BE NOTARIZED.**

7. **DIVIDENDS**
   a. **DIVIDEND REINVESTMENT PLAN**: By electing the Dividend Reinvestment Plan, the investor elects to reinvest the stated percentage of dividends otherwise payable to such investor in Shares of the Wells REIT. The investor agrees to notify the Wells REIT and the Broker-Dealer named on the Subscription Agreement Signature Page in writing if at any time he fails to meet the applicable suitability standards or he is unable to make any other representations and warranties as set forth in the Prospectus or Subscription Agreement or in the prospectus and subscription agreement of any future limited partnerships sponsored by the Advisor or its affiliates. The investor acknowledges that the Broker-Dealer named in the Subscription Agreement Signature Page may receive commissions not to exceed 7% of any reinvested dividends.

   b. **DIVIDEND ADDRESS** : If cash dividends are to be sent to an address other than that provided in Section 4 (i.e., a bank, brokerage firm or savings and loan, etc.), please provide the name, account number and address.

8. **BROKER-DEALER** This Section is to be completed by the Registered Representative. Please complete all BROKER-DEALER information contained in Section 8 including suitability certification. **SIGNATURE PAGE MUST BE SIGNED BY AN AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE.**

The Subscription Agreement Signature Page, which has been delivered with this Prospectus, together with a check for the full purchase price, should be delivered or mailed to your Broker-Dealer. Only original, completed copies of Subscription Agreements can be accepted. Photocopied or otherwise duplicated Subscription Agreements cannot be accepted by the Wells REIT.

IF YOU NEED FURTHER ASSISTANCE IN COMPLETING THIS

SUBSCRIPTION AGREEMENT SIGNATURE PAGE,

PLEASE CALL 1-800-448-1010

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EXHIBIT B

AMENDED AND RESTATED

DIVIDEND REINVESTMENT PLAN

As of December 20, 1999

Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc., a Maryland corporation (the Company), pursuant to its Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation, adopted a Dividend Reinvestment Plan (the DRP), which is hereby amended and restated in its entirety as set forth below. Capitalized terms shall have the same meaning as set forth in the Articles unless otherwise defined herein.

1. *Dividend Reinvestment*. As agent for the shareholders (Shareholders) of the Company who (a) purchased shares of the Company s common stock (the Shares) pursuant to the Company s initial public offering (the Initial Offering), which commenced on January 30, 1998 and will terminate on or before January 30, 2000, (b) purchase Shares pursuant to the Company s second public offering (the Second Offering), which will commence immediately upon the termination of the Initial Offering, or (c) purchase Shares pursuant to any future offering of the Company (Future Offering), and who elect to participate in the DRP (the Participants), the Company will apply all dividends and other distributions declared and paid in respect of the Shares held by each Participant (the Dividends), including Dividends paid with respect to any full or fractional Shares acquired under the DRP, to the purchase of the Shares for such Participants directly, if permitted under state securities laws and, if not, through the Dealer Manager or Soliciting Dealers registered in the Participant s state of residence.

2. *Effective Date*. The effective date of this Amended and Restated Dividend Reinvestment Plan (the DRP) shall be the date that the Second Offering becomes effective with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the Commission).

3. *Procedure for Participation*. Any Shareholder who purchased Shares pursuant to the Initial Offering, the Second Offering or any Future Offering and who has received a prospectus, as contained in the Company s registration statement filed with the Commission, may elect to become a Participant by completing and executing the Subscription Agreement, an enrollment form or any other appropriate authorization form as may be available from the Company, the Dealer Manager or Soliciting Dealer. Participation in the DRP will begin with the next Dividend payable after receipt of a Participant s subscription, enrollment or authorization. Shares will be purchased under the DRP on the date that Dividends are paid by the Company. Dividends of the Company are currently paid quarterly. Each Participant agrees that if, at any time prior to the listing of the Shares on a national stock exchange or inclusion of the Shares for quotation on the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. Automated Quotation System (Nasdaq), he or she fails to meet the suitability requirements for making an investment in the Company or cannot make the other representations or warranties set forth in the Subscription Agreement, he or she will promptly so notify the Company in writing.

4. *Purchase of Shares*. Participants will acquire DRP Shares from the Company at a fixed price of $10 per Share until (i) all 2,200,000 of the DRP Shares registered in the Second Offering are issued or (ii) the Second Offering terminates and the Company elects to deregister with the Commission the unsold DRP Shares. Participants in the DRP may also purchase fractional Shares so that 100% of the Dividends will be used to acquire Shares. However, a Participant will not be able to acquire DRP Shares to the extent that any such purchase would cause such Participant to exceed the Ownership Limit as set forth in the Articles.

Shares to be distributed by the Company in connection with the DRP may (but are not required to) be supplied from: (a) the DRP Shares which will be registered with the Commission in connection with the Company s Second Offering, (b) Shares to be registered with the Commission in a Future Offering for use in the DRP (a Future Registration), or (c) Shares of the Company s common stock purchased by the Company for the DRP in a secondary market (if available) or on a stock exchange or Nasdaq (if listed) (collectively, the Secondary Market).

Shares purchased on the Secondary Market as set forth in (c) above will be purchased at the then-prevailing market price, which price will be utilized for purposes of purchases of Shares in the DRP. Shares acquired by the Company on the Secondary Market or registered in a Future Registration for use in the DRP may be at prices lower or higher than the $10 per Share price which will be paid for the DRP Shares pursuant to the Initial Offering and the Second Offering.

If the Company acquires Shares in the Secondary Market for use in the DRP, the Company shall use reasonable efforts to acquire Shares for use in the DRP at the lowest price then reasonably available. However, the Company does not in any respect guarantee or warrant that the Shares so acquired and purchased by the Participant in the DRP will be at the lowest possible price. Further, irrespective of the Company s ability to acquire Shares in the Secondary Market or to complete a Future Registration for shares to be used in the DRP, the Company is in no way obligated to do either, in its sole discretion.

It is understood that reinvestment of Dividends does not relieve a Participant of any income tax liability which may be payable on the Dividends.

5. *Share Certificates*. The ownership of the Shares purchased through the DRP will be in book-entry form only until the Company begins to issue certificates for its outstanding common stock.

6. *Reports*. Within 90 days after the end of the Company s fiscal year, the Company shall provide each Shareholder with an individualized report on his or her investment, including the purchase date(s), purchase price and number of Shares owned, as well as the dates of Dividend distributions and amounts of Dividends paid during the prior fiscal year. In addition, the Company shall provide to each Participant an individualized quarterly report at the time of each Dividend payment showing the number of Shares owned prior to the current Dividend, the amount of the current Dividend and the number of Shares owned after the current Dividend.

7. *Commissions and Other Charges*. In connection with Shares sold pursuant to the DRP, the Company will pay selling commissions of 7%; a dealer manager fee of 2.5%; and, in the event that proceeds from the sale of DRP Shares are used to acquire properties, acquisition and advisory fees and expenses of 3.5%, of the purchase price of the DRP Shares.

8. *Termination by Participant*. A Participant may terminate participation in the DRP at any time, without penalty by delivering to the Company a written notice. Prior to listing of the Shares on a national stock exchange or Nasdaq, any transfer of Shares by a Participant to a non-Participant will terminate participation in the DRP with respect to the transferred Shares. If a Participant terminates DRP participation, the Company will ensure that the terminating Participant s account will reflect the whole number of shares in his or her account and provide a check for the cash value of any fractional share in such account. Upon termination of DRP participation, Dividends will be distributed to the Shareholder in cash.

9. *Amendment or Termination of DRP by the Company*. The Board of Directors of the Company may by majority vote (including a majority of the Independent Directors) amend or terminate the DRP for any reason upon 10 days written notice to the Participants.

10. *Liability of the Company*. The Company shall not be liable for any act done in good faith, or for any good faith omission to act, including, without limitation, any claims or liability; (a) arising out of failure to terminate a Participant s account upon such Participant s death prior to receipt of notice in writing of such death; and (b) with respect to the time and the prices at which Shares are purchased or sold for a Participant s account. To the extent that indemnification may apply to liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the securities act of a

sate, the Company has been advised that, in the opinion of the Commission and certain state securities commissioners, such indemnification is contrary to public policy and, therefore, unenforceable.

Until October 24, 2002 (90 days after the date of this prospectus), all dealers that affect transactions in these securities, whether or not participating in this offering, may be required to deliver a prospectus. This is in addition to the obligation of dealers to deliver a prospectus when acting as soliciting dealers.

We have not authorized any dealer, salesperson or other individual to give any information or to make any representations that are not contained in this prospectus. If any such information or statements are given or made, you should not rely upon such information or representation. This prospectus does not constitute an offer to sell any securities other than those to which this prospectus relates, or an offer to sell, or a solicitation of an offer to buy, to any person in any jurisdiction where such an offer or solicitation would be unlawful. This prospectus speaks as of the date set forth below. You should not assume that the delivery of this prospectus or that any sale made pursuant to this prospectus implies that the information contained in this prospectus will remain fully accurate and correct as of any time subsequent to the date of this prospectus.

ALPHABETICAL INDEX

Shares of the Wells REIT are not FDIC insured, may lose value and are not bank guaranteed. Investments in real estate and REITs may be affected by adverse economic and regulatory changes. Properties that incur vacancies may be difficult to sell or re-lease. Non-traded REITs have certain risks, including illiquidity of the investment, and should be considered a long-term investment. Past performance does not guarantee future performance. When you sell your shares, they could be worth less than what you paid for them.

WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

Up to 300,000,000 Shares

of Common Stock

Offered to the Public

PROSPECTUS

WELLS INVESTMENT SECURITIES, INC.

July 26, 2002

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

SUPPLEMENT NO. 1 DATED AUGUST 14, 2002 TO THE PROSPECTUS

DATED JULY 26, 2002

This document supplements, and should be read in conjunction with, the prospectus of Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. dated July 26, 2002. When we refer to the prospectus in this supplement, we are also referring to any and all supplements to the prospectus. Unless otherwise defined in this supplement, capitalized terms used in this supplement shall have the same meanings as set forth in the prospectus.

The purpose of this supplement is to describe the following:

(1) Status of the offering of shares in Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. (Wells REIT);

(2) Revisions to the Description of Properties section of the prospectus to describe the following real property acquisitions:

(A) Acquisition of a two-story office building in San Antonio, Texas (PacifiCare San Antonio Building);

(B) Acquisition of a 4.2 acre tract of land in Houston, Texas (Kerr-McGee Property);

(C) Acquisition of two adjacent one-story distribution facility buildings in Duncan, South Carolina (BMG Greenville Buildings); and

(D) Acquisition of a one-story office building in Suwanee, Georgia (Kraft Atlanta Building);

(3) Revisions to the Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations section of the prospectus;

(4) Unaudited Financial Statements of the Wells REIT for the quarter ended June 30, 2002; and

(5) Unaudited pro forma financial statements of the Wells REIT reflecting the acquisitions of the PacifiCare San Antonio Building, the Kerr-McGee Property, the BMG Greenville Buildings and the Kraft Atlanta Building.

Status of the Offering

We commenced our initial public offering of common stock on January 30, 1998. Our initial public offering was terminated on December 19, 1999. We received approximately $132,181,919 in gross offering proceeds from the sale of 13,218,192 shares in our initial public offering. We commenced our second offering of common stock on December 20, 1999. Our second public offering was terminated on December 19, 2000. We received approximately $175,229,193 in gross offering proceeds from the sale of 17,522,919 shares in our second public offering. We commenced our third public offering of common stock on December 20, 2000. Our third public offering was terminated on July 26, 2002. We received approximately $1,292,032,232 in gross offering proceeds from the sale of 129,203,223 shares in our third public offering.

Pursuant to the prospectus, we commenced our fourth public offering of common stock on July 26, 2002. As of August 10, 2002, we had received gross proceeds of approximately $46,430,189 from the sale of approximately 4,643,019 shares in our fourth public

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offering. Accordingly, as of August 10, 2002, we had received aggregate gross offering proceeds of approximately $1,645,873,533 from the sale of approximately 164,587,353 shares in all of our public offerings. After payment of $57,110,749 in acquisition and advisory fees and acquisition expenses, payment of $183,457,253 in selling commissions and organization and offering expenses, and common stock redemptions of $14,137,852 pursuant to our share redemption program, as of August 10, 2002, we had raised aggregate net offering proceeds available for investment in properties of $1,391,167,679, out of which $968,778,340 had been invested in real estate properties, and $422,389,339 remained available for investment in real estate properties.

Description of Properties

As of August 10, 2002, we had purchased interests in 57 real estate properties located in 19 states, each of which was 100% leased to tenants. Below are the descriptions of our recent real property acquisitions through August 10, 2002.

The PacifiCare San Antonio Building

On July 12, 2002, Wells Operating Partnership, L.P. (Wells OP), a Delaware limited partnership formed to acquire, own, lease and operate real properties on behalf of the Wells REIT, purchased a two-story office building containing 142,500 rentable square feet located in San Antonio, Texas (PacifiCare San Antonio Building) for a purchase price of $14,650,000, plus closing costs. The PacifiCare San Antonio Building was built in 2000 and is located at 6200 Northwest Parkway, San Antonio, Texas.

The PacifiCare San Antonio Building is leased entirely to PacifiCare Health Systems, Inc. (PacifiCare), a corporation whose shares are traded on NASDAQ. PacifiCare is one of the leading health and consumer service companies in the United States. The services PacifiCare provides include health insurance products, pharmacy and medical management, behavioral health services, and dental and vision services. PacifiCare reported a net worth, as of December 31, 2001, of approximately $2 billion.

The PacifiCare lease commenced in November 2000 and expires in November 2010. The current annual base rent payable under the PacifiCare lease is $1,471,700. PacifiCare, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for one additional five-year period at an annual base rent of $1,967,925, and two subsequent five-year terms at the then-current market rental rate. In addition, PacifiCare has an expansion option for between approximately 20,000 and 45,000 rentable square feet, which it may exercise prior to the end of the 42nd month of the initial term of the PacifiCare lease.

Kerr-McGee Property

Purchase of the Kerr-McGee Property. On July 29, 2002 Wells OP purchased the Kerr-McGee Property, which is a build-to-suit property located in Houston, Texas, for a purchase price of $1,738,044, plus closing costs. We commenced construction on a four-story office building containing approximately 100,000 rentable square feet (Kerr-McGee Project) on August 1, 2002. Wells OP obtained a construction loan in the amount of $13,700,000 from Bank of America, N.A. (BOA) to fund the construction of the Kerr-McGee Project. The loan requires monthly payments of interest only and matures on January 29, 2004. The interest rate on the loan, as of August 6, 2002, was 3.80%. The BOA loan is secured by a first priority mortgage on the Kerr-McGee Property.

Wells OP entered into a development agreement, an architect agreement and a construction agreement to construct the Kerr-McGee Project on the Kerr-McGee Property.

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Development Agreement. Wells OP entered into a development agreement (Development Agreement) with Means-Knaus, LLC, a Texas limited liability company (Developer), as the exclusive development manager to supervise, manage and coordinate the planning, design, construction and completion of the Kerr-McGee Project. As compensation for the services to be rendered by the Developer under the Development Agreement, Wells OP is paying a development fee of $699,740. The fee is due and payable ratably as the construction and development of the Kerr-McGee Project is completed.

We anticipate that the aggregate of all costs and expenses to be incurred by Wells OP with respect to the acquisition of the Kerr-McGee Property and the planning, design, development, construction and completion of the Kerr-McGee Project will total approximately $15,760,000.

Construction Agreement. Wells OP entered into a design and build construction agreement (Construction Agreement) with Hoar Construction, LLC (Contractor) for the construction of the Kerr-McGee Project. The Construction Agreement provides that Wells OP will pay the Contractor a maximum of $6,391,255 for the construction of the Kerr-McGee Project that includes all estimated fees and costs. The Contractor will be responsible for all costs of labor, materials, construction equipment and machinery necessary for completion of the Kerr-McGee Project. In addition, the Contractor will be required to secure and pay for any additional building permits which may be necessary for construction of the Kerr-McGee Project.

Kerr-McGee Lease. The Kerr-McGee Property is leased to Kerr-McGee Oil & Gas Corporation, a wholly owned subsidiary of Kerr-McGee Corporation (Kerr-McGee), a Delaware corporation whose shares are publicly traded on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE). Kerr-McGee, which has guaranteed the Kerr-McGee lease, operates a worldwide business in oil and gas exploration and production, and titanium dioxide pigment production and marketing. It has oil fields in the Gulf of Mexico, the North Sea, the South China Sea, and onshore in the United States, Ecuador, Indonesia and Kazakhstan. Kerr-McGee reported a net worth, as of December 31, 2001, of approximately $3.1 billion.

The Kerr-McGee lease will commence shortly after completion of the Kerr-McGee Project, which we expect to occur in approximately July 2003. The Kerr-McGee lease will expire 11 years and one month after commencement, or approximately July 31, 2014. Kerr-McGee has the right to extend the initial term of this lease for (1) one additional 20-year period or (2) a combination of five-year terms or ten-year terms totaling not more than 20 years at 95% of the then-current market rental rate. The annual base rent payable for the Kerr-McGee lease beginning on the rent commencement date is expected to be approximately $1,655,000.

BMG Greenville Buildings

On July 31, 2002, Wells OP purchased two adjacent one-story distribution facility buildings containing 473,398 rentable square feet and 313,380 rentable square feet, respectively, located at 110 & 112 Hidden Lake Circle in Duncan, South Carolina (BMG Greenville Buildings) for a purchase price of $26,900,000, plus closing costs. The BMG Greenville Buildings were originally built in 1987.

The BMG Greenville Buildings are leased to BMG Direct Marketing, Inc. (BMG Marketing) and BMG Music, respectively. BMG Marketing and BMG Music are wholly owned subsidiaries of Bertelsmann AG (Bertelsmann), a German corporation with its international headquarters in Gütersloh, Germany and its U.S. headquarters in New York, New York. Bertlesmann, a guarantor on both the BMG Marketing lease and the BMG Music lease, operates in the media industry, specializing in a wide range of markets including: television and radio; book publishing; magazines and newspapers; music labels; professional information; print and media services; book and music clubs; and media e-commerce.

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Bertelsmann has operations in approximately 51 countries. Bertelsmann reported a net worth, as of June 30, 2001, of approximately $8.15 billion.

The BMG Marketing lease commenced in March 1988 and expires in March 2011. The current annual base rent payable under the BMG Marketing lease is $1,394,156. BMG Marketing, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for two additional ten-year periods at 95% of the then-current market rental rate.

The BMG Music lease commenced in December 1987 and expires in March 2011. The current annual base rent payable under the BMG Music lease is $763,600. BMG Music, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for two additional ten-year periods at 95% of the then-current market rental rate.

Kraft Atlanta Building

On August 1, 2002, Wells OP purchased a one-story building containing an aggregate of 87,219 rentable square feet located at 4000 Johns Creek Court in Suwanee, Georgia (Kraft Atlanta Building) for a purchase price of $11,625,000. The Kraft Atlanta Building was built in 2001.

Kraft Foods North America, Inc. (Kraft) leases 73,264 rentable square feet (84%) of the Kraft Atlanta Building. Kraft, a wholly owned subsidiary of Kraft Foods, Inc., a Virginia corporation whose shares are publicly traded on the NYSE, is one of the largest food and beverage companies in the world with operations in 145 countries.

The Kraft lease commenced in February 2002 and expires in January 2012. The annual base rent payable under the Kraft lease beginning on September 1, 2002 will be $1,263,804. Kraft, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for two additional five-year periods at the then-current market rental rate. In addition, Kraft may terminate the Kraft lease (1) at the end of the third lease year, by paying a $7,000,000 termination fee, or (2) at the end of the seventh lease year, by paying a $1,845,296 termination fee.

PerkinElmer Instruments, LLC (PerkinElmer) leases the remaining 13,955 rentable square feet (16%) of the Kraft Atlanta Building. PerkinElmer provides analytical solutions for the pharmaceutical, food and beverage, environmental, chemical, and semiconductor industries. PerkinElmer is a wholly owned subsidiary of PerkinElmer, Inc., a Massachusetts corporation whose shares are publicly traded on the NYSE. PerkinElmer, Inc. is a global technology company focusing on life sciences, optoelectronics and analytical instruments. PerkinElmer, Inc. operates in more than 125 countries.

The PerkinElmer lease commenced in December 2001 and expires in November 2016. The current annual base rent payable under the PerkinElmer lease is $194,672. PerkinElmer, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for two additional five-year periods at the then-current market rental rate. In addition, PerkinElmer may terminate the PerkinElmer lease at the end of the 10th lease year by paying a $325,000 termination fee.

Property Management Fees

Wells Management Company, Inc. (Wells Management), an affiliate of the Wells REIT and our advisor, will be paid management and leasing fees in the amount of 4.5% of gross revenues from the PacifiCare San Antonio Building, the Kerr-McGee Property, the BMG Greenville Buildings, and the Kraft Atlanta Building subject to certain limitations. In addition, Wells Management will receive a one-time initial lease-up fee relating to the leasing of the Kerr-McGee Property equal to the first month s rent estimated to be approximately $140,000.

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Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operation

The following information should be read in conjunction with the Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations section beginning on page 101 of the prospectus.

Forward Looking Statements

This section and other sections of the prospectus supplement contain forward-looking statements, within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, including discussion and analysis of the financial condition of the Wells REIT, anticipated capital expenditures required to complete certain projects, amounts of anticipated cash distributions to stockholders in the future and certain other matters. Readers of this supplement should be aware that there are various factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from any forward-looking statements made in the supplement, which include changes in general economic conditions, changes in real estate conditions, construction costs which may exceed estimates, construction delays, increases in interest rates, lease-up risks, inability to obtain new tenants upon the expiration of existing leases, inability to invest in properties that will provide targeted rates of return and the potential need to fund tenant improvements or other capital expenditures out of operating cash flow.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

During the six months ended June 30, 2002, we received aggregate gross offering proceeds of $618,275,931 from the sale of 61,827,594 shares of our common stock. After payment of $21,406,085 in acquisition and advisory fees and acquisition expenses, payment of $65,035,665 in selling commissions and organization and offering expenses, and common stock redemptions of $6,673,412 pursuant to the our share redemption program, we raised net offering proceeds of $525,160,769 during the first two quarters of 2002, of which $344,269,118 remained available for investment in properties at quarter end.

During the six months ended June 30, 2001, we received aggregate gross offering proceeds of $162,606,610 from the sale of 16,260,661 shares of our common stock. After payment of $5,642,317 in acquisition and advisory fees and acquisition expenses, payment of $20,151,132 in selling commissions and organizational and offering expenses, and common stock redemptions of $1,397,561 pursuant to the our share redemption program, we raised net offering proceeds of $135,415,600 during the first two quarters of 2001, of which $3,906,869 was available for investment in properties at quarter end.

The significant increase in our available capital resources is due to significantly increased sales of our common stock during the first half of 2002.

As of June 30, 2002, we owned interests in 52 real estate properties either directly or through its interests in joint ventures. These properties are generating operating cash flow sufficient to cover our operating expenses and pay dividends to stockholders. Dividends declared for the first half of 2002 and the first half of 2001 were approximately $0.39 and $0.38 per share, respectively. In June 2002, our Board of Directors declared dividends for the third quarter of 2002 in the amount of approximately $0.19 per share.

Due primarily to the pace of our property acquisitions, as explained in more detail in the following paragraph, dividends paid in the first half of 2002 in the aggregate amount of $40,867,110 exceeded our Adjusted Funds From Operations for this period by $4,813,633.

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We acquire properties that meet our standards of quality both in terms of the real estate and the creditworthiness of the tenants. Creditworthy tenants of the type we target are becoming more and more highly valued in the marketplace and, accordingly, there is increased competition in acquiring properties with these creditworthy tenants. As a result, the purchase prices for such properties have increased with corresponding reductions in cap rates and returns on investment. In addition, changes in market conditions have caused us to add to our internal procedures for ensuring the creditworthiness of our tenants before any commitment to buy a property is made. We continue to remain steadfast in our commitment to invest in quality properties that will produce quality income for our stockholders. Accordingly, because the marketplace is now placing a higher value on our type of properties and because of the additional time it now takes in the acquisition process for us to assess tenant credit plus our commitment to adhere to purchasing properties with tenants that meet our investment criteria it appears likely that, in the future, we will be required to lower our dividends.

Cash Flows From Operating Activities

Our net cash provided by operating activities was $33,138,287 and $16,288,309 for the six months ended June 30, 2002 and 2001, respectively. The increase in net cash provided by operating activities was due primarily to the net income generated by additional properties acquired during 2002 and 2001.

Cash Flows Used In Investing Activities

Our net cash used in investing activities was $278,447,051 and $23,768,731 for the six months ended June 30, 2002 and 2001, respectively. The increase in net cash used in investing activities was due primarily to investments in properties and the payment of related deferred project costs, partially offset by distributions received from joint ventures.

Cash Flows From Financing Activities

Our net cash provided by financing activities was $511,632,371 and $9,257,047 for the six months ended June 30, 2002 and 2001, respectively. The increase in net cash provided by financing activities was due primarily to the raising of additional capital and the lack of debt payments which were $138.7 million in the prior year. We raised $618,275,931 in offering proceeds for the six months ended June 30, 2002, as compared to $162,606,610 for the same period in 2001. Additionally, we paid dividends totaling $40.9 million in the first half of 2002 compared to $13.8 million in the first half of 2001.

Results of Operations

As of June 30, 2002, our real estate properties were 100% leased to tenants. Gross revenues were $43,832,954 and $21,560,953 for the six months ended June 30, 2002 and 2001, respectively. Gross revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2002 and 2001 were attributable to rental income, interest income earned on funds held by the Wells REIT prior to the investment in properties, and income earned from joint ventures. The increase in revenues in 2002 was primarily attributable to the purchase of $259,535,578 in additional properties during 2002 and the purchase of $227,933,858 in additional properties during the second half of 2001 which were not owned for the full first half of 2001. The purchase of additional properties also resulted in an increase in expenses which totaled $19,296,812 for the six months ended June 30, 2002, as compared to $13,246,710 for the six months ended June 30, 2001. Expenses in 2002 and 2001 consisted primarily of depreciation, operating costs, interest expense, management and leasing fees and general and administrative costs. As a result, our net income also

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increased from $8,314,243 for the six months ended June 30, 2001 to $24,536,142 for the six months ended June 30, 2002.

While earnings of $0.22 per share remained stable for the six months ended June 30, 2002, compared to the six months ended June 30, 2001, earnings per share for the second quarter decreased from $0.12 per share for the three months ended June 30, 2001 to $0.11 per share for the three months ended June 30, 2002, primarily due to a substantial increase in the number of shares outstanding which was not completely matched by a corresponding increase in net income from new property investments.

Funds From Operations

Funds From Operations (FFO), as defined by the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts (NAREIT), generally means net income, computed in accordance with GAAP excluding extraordinary items (as defined by GAAP) and gains (or losses) from sales of property, plus depreciation and amortization on real estate assets, and after adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships, joint ventures and subsidiaries. We believe that FFO is helpful to investors as a measure of the performance of an equity REIT. However, our calculation of FFO, while consistent with NAREIT s definition, may not be comparable to similarly titled measures presented by other REITs. Adjusted Funds From Operations (AFFO) is defined as FFO adjusted to exclude the effects of straight-line rent adjustments, deferred loan cost amortization and other non-cash and/or unusual items. Neither FFO nor AFFO represent cash generated from operating activities in accordance with GAAP and should not be considered as alternatives to net income as an indication of our performance or to cash flows as a measure of liquidity or ability to make distributions. The following table reflects the calculation of FFO and AFFO for the three and six months ended June 30, 2002 and 2001, respectively:

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30, 2002	June 30, 2001	June 30, 2002	June 30, 2001
FUNDS FROM OPERATIONS:				
Net income	$ 13,756,478	$ 5,038,898	$ 24,536,142	$ 8,314,243
Add:				
Depreciation	7,158,830	3,206,638	12,903,282	6,393,817
Amortization of deferred leasing costs	78,066	75,837	150,815	151,673
Depreciation and amortization unconsolidated partnerships	700,689	504,711	1,406,865	913,674
Funds from operations (FFO)	21,694,063	8,826,084	38,997,104	15,773,407
Adjustments:				
Loan cost amortization	249,530	77,142	424,992	291,899
Straight line rent	(2,127,906)	(613,155)	(3,166,284)	(1,222,716)
Straight line rent unconsolidated Partnerships	(103,020)	(71,768)	(202,335)	(132,246)
Adjusted funds from operations	$ 19,712,667	$ 8,218,303	$ 36,053,477	$ 14,710,344
BASIC AND DILUTED WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES	126,037,819	42,192,347	110,885,641	38,328,405

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Inflation

The real estate market has not been affected significantly by inflation in the past three years due to the relatively low inflation rate. However, there are provisions in the majority of tenant leases which are intended to protect us from the impact of inflation. These provisions include reimbursement billings for common area maintenance charges, real estate tax and insurance reimbursements on a per square foot basis, or in some cases, annual reimbursement of operating expenses above a certain per square foot allowance.

Critical Accounting Policies

Our reported results of operations are impacted by management judgments related to application of accounting policies. A discussion of the accounting policies that management considers to be critical, in that they may require complex judgment in their application or require estimates about matters which are inherently uncertain, is included in Footnote 1 to the financial statements of the Wells REIT contained in this supplement.

Financial Statements

Unaudited Financial Statements

The financial statements of the Wells REIT, as of June 30, 2002, and for the six month periods ended June 30, 2002 and June 30, 2001, which are included in this supplement, have not been audited.

The Pro Forma Balance Sheet of the Wells REIT, as of June 30, 2002, the Pro Forma Statement of Income for the year ended December 31, 2001, and the Pro Forma Statement of Income for the six months ended June 30, 2002, which are included in this supplement, have not been audited.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	June 30, 2002 (unaudited)	December 31, 2001
ASSETS		
REAL ESTATE, at cost:		
Land	$ 110,330,449	$ 86,246,985
Building and improvements, less accumulated depreciation of $37,717,737 in 2002 and $24,814,454 in 2001	689,490,969	472,383,102
Construction in progress	16,081,841	5,738,573
Total real estate	815,903,259	564,368,660
INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURES	76,217,870	77,409,980
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	341,909,775	75,586,168
INVESTMENT IN BONDS	22,000,000	22,000,000
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	10,709,104	6,003,179
NOTES RECEIVABLE	5,149,792	0
DEFERRED LEASE ACQUISITION COSTS, net	1,790,608	1,525,199
DEFERRED PROJECT COSTS	14,314,914	2,977,110
DUE FROM AFFILIATES	1,897,309	1,692,727
DEFERRED OFFERING COSTS	1,392,934	0
PREPAID EXPENSES AND OTHER ASSETS, net	1,881,308	718,389
Total assets	$ 1,293,166,873	$ 752,281,412
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY		
LIABILITIES:		
Notes payable	$ 15,658,141	$ 8,124,444
Obligation under capital lease	22,000,000	22,000,000
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	11,840,214	8,727,473
Dividends payable	4,538,635	1,059,026
Deferred rental income	1,013,544	661,657
Due to affiliates	2,106,790	2,166,161
Total liabilities	57,157,324	42,738,761
MINORITY INTEREST OF UNIT HOLDER IN OPERATING PARTNERSHIP	200,000	200,000
SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY:		
Common shares, $.01 par value; 125,000,000 shares authorized, 145,589,053 shares issued and 144,366,772 outstanding at June 30, 2002, and 83,761,469 shares issued and 83,206,429 shares outstanding at December 31, 2001	1,455,890	837,614
Additional paid-in capital	1,290,858,515	738,236,525
Cumulative distributions in excess of earnings	(43,991,669)	(24,181,092)
Treasury stock, at cost, 1,222,381 shares at June 30, 2002 and 555,040 shares at December 31, 2001	(12,223,808)	(5,550,396)
Other comprehensive loss	(289,379)	0

Total shareholders equity	1,235,809,549	709,342,651
Total liabilities and shareholders equity	$ 1,293,166,873	$ 752,281,412

See accompanying condensed notes to financial statements.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(UNAUDITED)

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30, 2002	**June 30, 2001**	**June 30, 2002**	**June 30, 2001**
REVENUES:				
Rental income	$ 21,833,652	$ 9,851,167	$ 38,571,815	$ 19,711,252
Equity in income of joint ventures	1,271,863	809,481	2,478,686	1,519,194
Interest income	1,534,636	93,092	2,648,351	193,007
Take out fee	0	137,500	134,102	137,500
	24,640,151	10,891,240	43,832,954	21,560,953
EXPENSES:				
Depreciation	7,158,830	3,206,638	12,903,282	6,393,817
Operating costs, net of reimbursements	1,439,299	783,244	2,063,997	1,874,428
Management and leasing fees	1,003,587	552,188	1,903,082	1,117,902
Administrative costs	592,426	584,184	1,121,457	759,291
Interest expense	440,001	648,946	880,002	2,809,373
Amortization of deferred financing costs	249,530	77,142	424,992	291,899
	10,883,673	5,852,342	19,296,812	13,246,710
NET INCOME	$ 13,756,478	$ 5,038,898	$ 24,536,142	$ 8,314,243
BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE	$ 0.11	$ 0.12	$ 0.22	$ 0.22
BASIC AND DILUTED WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES	126,037,819	42,192,347	110,885,641	38,328,405

See accompanying condensed notes to financial statements.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

AND SUBSIDIARY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2001

AND FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (UNAUDITED)

	Common Stock Shares	Common Stock Amount	Additional Paid-In Capital	Cumulative Distributions in Excess of Earnings	Retained Earnings	Treasury Stock Shares	Treasury Stock Amount	Other Comprehensive Income	Total Shareholders Equity
BALANCE, December 31, 2000	31,509,807	$ 315,097	$ 275,573,339	$ (9,133,855)	$ 0	(141,297)	$ (1,412,969)	$ 0	$ 265,341,612
Issuance of common stock	52,251,662	522,517	521,994,103	0	0	0	0	0	522,516,620
Treasury stock purchased	0	0	0	0	0	(413,743)	(4,137,427)	0	(4,137,427)
Net income	0	0	0	0	21,723,967	0	0	0	21,723,967
Dividends ($.76 per share)	0	0	0	(15,047,237)	(21,723,967)	0	0	0	(36,771,204)
Sales commissions and discounts	0	0	(49,246,118)	0	0	0	0	0	(49,246,118)
Other offering expenses	0	0	(10,084,799)	0	0	0	0	0	(10,084,799)
BALANCE, December 31, 2001	83,761,469	837,614	738,236,525	(24,181,092)	0	(555,040)	(5,550,396)	0	709,342,651
Issuance of common stock	**61,827,594**	**618,276**	**617,657,655**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**618,275,931**
Treasury stock purchased	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**(667,341)**	**(6,673,412)**	**0**	**(6,673,412)**
Net income	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**24,536,142**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**24,536,142**
Dividends ($.39 per share)	**0**	**0**	**0**	**(19,810,577)**	**(24,536,142)**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**(44,346,719)**
Sales commissions and discounts	**0**	**0**	**(58,958,984)**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**(58,958,984)**
Other offering expenses	**0**	**0**	**(6,076,681)**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**(6,076,681)**
Gain/(loss) on interest rate swap	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**(289,379)**	**(289,379)**
BALANCE, June 30, 2002 (unaudited)	**145,589,063**	**$ 1,455,890**	**$ 1,290,858,515**	**$ (43,991,669)**	**$ 0**	**(1,222,381)**	**$ (12,223,808)**	**$ (289,379)**	**$ 1,235,809,549**

See accompanying condensed notes to financial statements.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(UNAUDITED)

	Six Months Ended	
	June 30, 2002	June 30, 2001
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net income	$ 24,536,142	$ 8,314,243
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Equity in income of joint venture	(2,478,686)	(1,519,194)
Depreciation	12,903,282	6,393,817
Amortization of deferred financing costs	424,992	291,899
Amortization of deferred leasing costs	150,815	151,674
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(4,705,925)	(1,304,851)
Due from affiliates	(30,532)	
Deferred rental income	351,887	(285,776)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	3,112,741	425,824
Prepaid expenses and other assets, net	(1,017,517)	3,525,288
Due to affiliates	(108,912)	295,385
Net cash provided by operating activities	33,138,287	16,288,309
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Investments in real estate	(259,535,578)	(3,784,088)
Investment in joint venture	0	(16,126,925)
Deferred project costs paid	(22,008,219)	(5,642,317)
Distributions received from joint ventures	3,496,746	1,784,599
Deferred lease acquisition costs paid	(400,000)	0
Net cash used in investing activities	(278,447,051)	(23,768,731)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Proceeds from note payable	7,533,697	21,398,850
Repayment of note payable	0	(138,763,187)
Dividends paid	(40,867,110)	(13,795,534)
Issuance of common stock	618,275,931	162,606,610
Sales commissions paid	(58,958,984)	(15,314,860)
Offering costs paid	(6,817,978)	(4,836,272)
Treasury stock purchased	(6,673,412)	(1,397,561)
Deferred financing costs paid	(859,773)	(640,999)

Net cash provided by financing activities	511,632,371	9,257,047
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	266,323,607	1,776,625
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of year	75,586,168	4,298,301
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of period	$ 341,909,775	$ 6,074,926
SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Deferred project costs applied to real estate assets	$ 10,068,319	$ 5,516,763
Deferred project costs applied to joint ventures	$ 0	$ 671,961
Deferred project costs due to affiliate	$ 512,044	$ 335,667
Interest rate swap	$ (289,379)	$ 0
Deferred offering costs due to affiliate	$ 1,392,934	$ 731,573
Other offering costs due to affiliate	$ 201,811	$ 287,715

See accompanying condensed notes to financial statements.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

AND SUBSIDIARY

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2002

(UNAUDITED)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) General

Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. (the Company) is a Maryland corporation formed on July 3, 1997, which qualifies as a real estate investment trust (REIT). Substantially all of the Company s business is conducted through Wells Operating Partnership, L.P. (Wells OP), a Delaware limited partnership organized for the purpose of acquiring, developing, owning, operating, improving, leasing, and otherwise managing income producing commercial properties for investment purposes on behalf of the Company. The Company is the sole general partner of Wells OP.

On January 30, 1998, the Company commenced its initial public offering of up to 16,500,000 shares of common stock at $10 per share pursuant to a Registration Statement on Form S-11 filed under the Securities Act of 1933. The Company commenced active operations on June 5, 1998, upon receiving and accepting subscriptions for 125,000 shares. The Company terminated its initial public offering on December 19, 1999 at which time gross proceeds of approximately $132,181,919 had been received from the sale of approximately 13,218,192 shares. The Company commenced its second public offering of shares of common stock on December 20, 1999, which was terminated on December 19, 2000 after receipt of gross proceeds of approximately $175,229,193 from the sale of approximately 17,522,919 shares from the second public offering. The Company commenced its third public offering of the shares of common stock on December 20, 2000. As of June 30, 2002, the Company has received gross proceeds of approximately $1,148,480,413 from the sale of approximately 114,848,041 shares from its third public offering. Accordingly, as of June 30, 2002, the Company has received aggregate gross offering proceeds of approximately $1,455,891,526 from the sale of 145,589,153 shares of its common stock to investors. After payment of $50,528,371 in acquisition and advisory fees and acquisition expenses, payment of $163,576,134 in selling commissions and organization and offering expenses, capital contributions to joint ventures and acquisitions expenditures by Wells OP of $885,294,095 for property acquisitions, and common stock redemptions of $12,223,808 pursuant to the Company s share redemption program, the Company was holding net offering proceeds of $344,269,118 available for investment in properties, as of June 30, 2002.

(b) Properties

As of June 30, 2002, the Company owned interests in 52 properties listed in the table below through its ownership in Wells OP. As of June 30, 2002, all of these properties were 100% leased.

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Property Name	Tenant	Property Location	% Owned	Purchase Price	Square Feet	Annual Rent
MFS Phoenix	Massachusetts Financial Services Company	Phoenix, AZ	100%	$ 25,800,000	148,605	$ 2,347,959
TRW Denver	TRW, Inc.	Aurora, CO	100%	$ 21,060,000	108,240	$ 2,870,709
Agilent Boston	Agilent Technologies, Inc.	Boxborough, MA	100%	$ 31,742,274	174,585	$ 3,578,993
Experian/TRW	Experian Information Solutions, Inc.	Allen, TX	100%	$ 35,150,000	292,700	$ 3,438,277
BellSouth Ft. Lauderdale	BellSouth Advertising and Publishing Corporation	Ft. Lauderdale, FL	100%	$ 6,850,000	47,400	$ 747,033
Agilent Atlanta	Agilent Technologies, Inc.	Alpharetta, GA	100%	$ 15,100,000	66,811	$ 1,344,905
	Koninklijke Philips Electronics N.V.				34,396	$ 692,391
Travelers Express Denver	Travelers Express Company, Inc.	Lakewood, CO	100%	$ 10,395,845	68,165	$ 1,012,250
Dana Kalamazoo	Dana Corporation	Kalamazoo, MI	100%	$ 41,950,000(1)	147,004	$ 1,842,800
Dana Detroit	Dana Corporation	Farmington Hills, MI	100%	(see above) (1)	112,480	$ 2,330,600
Novartis Atlanta	Novartis Opthalmics, Inc.	Duluth, GA	100%	$ 15,000,000	100,087	$ 1,426,240
Transocean Houston	Transocean Deepwater Offshore Drilling, Inc.	Houston, TX	100%	$ 22,000,000	103,260	$ 2,110,035
	Newpark Drilling Fluids, Inc.				52,731	$ 1,153,227
Arthur Andersen	Arthur Andersen LLP	Sarasota, FL	100%	$ 21,400,000	157,700	$ 1,988,454
Windy Point I	TCI Great Lakes, Inc.	Schaumburg, IL	100%	$ 32,225,000(2)	129,157	$ 2,067,204
	The Apollo Group, Inc.				28,322 22,028	$ 477,226
	Global Knowledge Network				8,884	$ 393,776
	Various other tenants					$ 160,000
Windy Point II	Zurich American Insurance	Schaumburg, IL	100%	$ 57,050,000(2)	300,034	$ 5,091,577
Convergys	Convergys Customer Management Group, Inc.	Tamarac, FL	100%	$ 13,255,000	100,000	$ 1,248,192
ADIC	Advanced Digital Information Corporation	Parker, CO	68.2%	$ 12,954,213	148,204	$ 1,222,683
Lucent	Lucent Technologies, Inc.	Cary, NC	100%	$ 17,650,000	120,000	$ 1,800,000
Ingram Micro	Ingram Micro, L.P.	Millington, TN	100%	$ 21,050,000	701,819	$ 2,035,275
Nissan (3)	Nissan Motor Acceptance Corporation	Irving, TX	100%	$ 42,259,000(4)	268,290	$ 4,225,860(5)
IKON	IKON Office Solutions, Inc.	Houston, TX	100%	$ 20,650,000	157,790	$ 2,015,767
State Street	SSB Realty, LLC	Quincy, MA	100%	$ 49,563,000	234,668	$ 6,922,706
AmeriCredit	AmeriCredit Financial Services Corporation	Orange Park, FL	68.2%	$ 12,500,000	85,000	$ 1,336,200
Comdata	Comdata Network, Inc.	Brentwood, TN	55.0%	$ 24,950,000	201,237	$ 2,458,638
AT&T Oklahoma	AT&T Corp.	Oklahoma City, OK	55.0%	$ 15,300,000	103,500	$ 1,242,000
	Jordan Associates, Inc.				25,000	$ 294,500

Metris Minnesota	Metris Direct, Inc.	Minnetonka, MN	100%	$ 52,800,000	300,633	$ 4,960,445
Stone & Webster	Stone & Webster, Inc.	Houston, TX	100%	$ 44,970,000	206,048	$ 4,533,056
	SYSCO Corporation				106,516	$ 2,130,320
Motorola Plainfield	Motorola, Inc.	S. Plainfield, NJ	100%	$ 33,648,156	236,710	$ 3,324,428
Quest	Quest Software, Inc.	Irvine, CA	15.8%	$ 7,193,000	65,006	$ 1,287,119
Delphi	Delphi Automotive Systems, LLC	Troy, MI	100%	$ 19,800,000	107,193	$ 1,955,524
Avnet	Avnet, Inc.	Tempe, AZ	100%	$ 13,250,000	132,070	$ 1,516,164
Siemens	Siemens Automotive Corp.	Troy, MI	56.8%	$ 14,265,000	77,054	$ 1,374,643
Motorola Tempe	Motorola, Inc.	Tempe, AZ	100%	$ 16,000,000	133,225	$ 1,843,834
ASML	ASM Lithography, Inc.	Tempe, AZ	100%	$ 17,355,000	95,133	$ 1,927,788
Dial	Dial Corporation	Scottsdale, AZ	100%	$ 14,250,000	129,689	$ 1,387,672
Metris Tulsa	Metris Direct, Inc.	Tulsa, OK	100%	$ 12,700,000	101,100	$ 1,187,925
Cinemark	Cinemark USA, Inc.	Plano, TX	100%	$ 21,800,000	65,521	$ 1,366,491
	The Coca-Cola Company				52,587	$ 1,354,184
Gartner	The Gartner Group, Inc.	Ft. Myers, FL	56.8%	$ 8,320,000	62,400	$ 830,656
Videojet Technologies Chicago	Videojet Technologies, Inc.	Wood Dale, IL	100%	$ 32,630,940	250,354	$ 3,376,746
Johnson Matthey	Johnson Matthey, Inc.	Wayne, PA	56.8%	$ 8,000,000	130,000	$ 854,748
Alstom Power Richmond (3)	Alstom Power, Inc.	Midlothian, VA	100%	$ 11,400,000	99,057	$ 1,213,324
Sprint	Sprint Communications Company, L.P.	Leawood, KS	56.8%	$ 9,500,000	68,900	$ 1,102,404
EYBL CarTex	EYBL CarTex, Inc.	Fountain Inn, SC	56.8%	$ 5,085,000	169,510	$ 550,908
Matsushita (3)	Matsushita Avionics Systems Corporation	Lake Forest, CA	100%	$ 18,431,206	144,906	$ 2,005,464
AT&T Pennsylvania	Pennsylvania Cellular Telephone Corp.	Harrisburg, PA	100%	$ 12,291,200	81,859	$ 1,442,116
PwC	PricewaterhouseCoopers, LLP	Tampa, FL	100%	$ 21,127,854	130,091	$ 2,093,382
Cort Furniture	Cort Furniture Rental Corporation	Fountain Valley, CA	44.0%	$ 6,400,000	52,000	$ 834,888
Fairchild	Fairchild Technologies U.S.A., Inc.	Fremont, CA	77.5%	$ 8,900,000	58,424	$ 920,144

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Property Name	Tenant	Property Location	% Owned	Purchase Price	Square Feet	Annual Rent
Avaya	Avaya, Inc.	Oklahoma City, OK	3.7%	$ 5,504,276	57,186	$ 536,977
Iomega	Iomega Corporation	Ogden, UT	3.7%	$ 5,025,000	108,250	$ 659,868
Interlocken	ODS Technologies, L.P. and GAIAM, Inc.	Broomfield, CO	3.7%	$ 8,275,000	51,975	$ 1,070,515
Ohmeda	Ohmeda, Inc.	Louisville, CO	3.7%	$ 10,325,000	106,750	$ 1,004,520
Alstom Power Knoxville	Alstom Power, Inc.	Knoxville, TN	3.7%	$ 7,900,000	84,404	$ 1,106,520

(1) Dana Kalamazoo and Dana Detroit were purchased for an aggregate purchase price of $41,950,000.

(2) Windy Point I and Windy Point II were purchased for an aggregate purchase price of $89,275,000.

(3) Includes the actual costs incurred or estimated to be incurred by Wells OP to develop and construct the building in addition to the purchase price of the land.

(4) Includes estimated costs for the planning, design, development, construction and completion of the Nissan Property.

(5) Annual rent for Nissan Property does not take effect until construction of the building is completed and the tenant is occupying the building.

Wells OP owns interests in properties directly and through equity ownership in the following joint ventures:

Joint Venture	Joint Venture Partners	Properties Held by Joint Venture
Fund XIII-REIT Joint Venture	Wells Operating Partnership, L.P.	AmeriCredit
	Wells Real Estate Fund XIII, L.P.	ADIC
Fund XII-REIT Joint Venture	Wells Operating Partnership, L.P.	Siemens
	Wells Real Estate Fund XII, L.P.	AT&T Oklahoma
		Comdata
Fund XI-XII-REIT Joint Venture	Wells Operating Partnership, L.P.	EYBL CarTex
	Wells Real Estate Fund XI, L.P.	Sprint
	Wells Real Estate Fund XII, L.P.	Johnson Matthey

		Gartner
Fund IX-X-XI-REIT Joint Venture	Wells Operating Partnership, L.P. Wells Real Estate Fund IX, L.P. Wells Real Estate Fund X, L.P. Wells Real Estate Fund XI, L.P.	Alstom Power Knoxville Ohmeda Interlocken Avaya Iomega
Wells/Fremont Associates Joint Venture (the Fremont Joint Venture)	Wells Operating Partnership, L.P. Fund X-XI Joint Venture	Fairchild
Wells/Orange County Associates Joint Venture (the Orange County Joint Venture)	Wells Operating Partnership, L.P. Fund X-XI Joint Venture	Cort Furniture
Fund VIII-IX-REIT Joint Venture	Wells Operating Partnership, L.P. Fund VIII-IX Joint Venture	Quest

(c) Critical Accounting Policies

The Company s accounting policies have been established in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP). The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to use judgment in the application of accounting policies, including making estimates and assumptions.

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These judgments affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting periods. If our judgment or interpretation of the facts and circumstances relating to various transactions had been different, it is possible that different accounting policies would have been applied; thus, resulting in a different presentation of our financial statements. Below is a discussion of the accounting policies that we consider to be critical in that they may require complex judgment in their application or require estimates about matters which are inherently uncertain.

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes rental income generated from all leases on real estate assets in which the Company has an ownership interest, either directly or through investments in joint ventures, on a straight-line basis over the terms of the respective leases. If a tenant was to encounter financial difficulties in future periods, the amount recorded as a receivable may not be realized.

Operating Cost Reimbursements

The Company generally bills tenants for operating cost reimbursements, either directly or through investments in joint ventures, on a monthly basis at amounts estimated largely based on actual prior period activity, the current year budget and the respective lease terms. Such billings are generally adjusted on an annual basis to reflect reimbursements owed to the landlord based on the actual costs incurred during the period and the respective lease terms. Financial difficulties encountered by tenants may result in receivables not being realized.

Real Estate

Management continually monitors events and changes in circumstances indicating that the carrying amounts of the real estate assets in which the Company has an ownership interest, either directly or through investments in joint ventures, may not be recoverable. When such events or changes in circumstances are present, management assesses the potential impairment by comparing the fair market value of the asset, estimated at an amount equal to the future undiscounted operating cash flows expected to be generated from tenants over the life of the asset and from its eventual disposition, to the carrying value of the asset. In the event that the carrying amount exceeds the estimated fair market value, the Company would recognize an impairment loss in the amount required to adjust the carrying amount of the asset to its estimated fair market value. Neither the Company nor its joint ventures have recognized impairment losses on real estate assets in 2002 or 2001.

Deferred Project Costs

The Company records acquisition and advisory fees and acquisition expenses payable to Wells Capital, Inc. (the Advisor) by capitalizing deferred project costs and reimbursing the Advisor in an amount equal to 3.5% of cumulative capital raised to date. As the Company invests its capital proceeds, deferred project costs are applied to real estate assets, either directly or through contributions to joint ventures, and depreciated over the useful lives of the respective real estate assets. Acquisition and advisory fees and acquisition expenses paid as of June 30, 2002, amounted to $50,528,371 and represented approximately 3.5% of capital contributions received. These fees are allocated to specific properties as they are purchased or developed and are included in capitalized assets of the joint venture, or real estate assets. Deferred project costs at June 30, 2002 and December 31, 2001, represent fees paid, but not yet applied to properties.

Deferred Offering Costs

The Advisor expects to continue to fund 100% of the organization and offering costs and recognize related expenses, to the extent that such costs exceed 3% of cumulative capital raised, on behalf of the Company. Organization and offering costs include items such as legal and accounting fees, marketing and promotional costs, and printing costs, and specifically exclude sales costs and underwriting commissions. The Company records offering costs by accruing deferred offering costs, with an offsetting liability included in due to affiliates, at an amount equal to the lesser of 3% of cumulative capital raised to date or actual costs incurred from third-parties less reimbursements paid to the Advisor. As the actual equity is raised, the Company reverses the deferred offering costs accrual and recognizes a charge to stockholders equity upon reimbursing the Advisor. As of June 30, 2002, the

Advisor had paid organization and offering expenses on behalf of the Company in an aggregate amount of $27,886,146, of which the Advisor had been reimbursed $25,572,034, which did not exceed the 3% limitation. Deferred offering costs in the accompanying balance sheet represent costs incurred by the Advisor which will be reimbursed by the Company.

(d) Distribution Policy

The Company will make distributions each taxable year (not including a return of capital for federal income tax purposes) equal to at least 90% of its real estate investment trusts taxable income. The Company intends to make regular quarterly distributions to stockholders. Distributions will be made to those stockholders who are stockholders as of the record date selected by the Directors. The Company currently calculates quarterly dividends based on the daily record and dividend declaration dates; thus, stockholders are entitled to receive dividends immediately upon the purchase of shares.

Dividends to be distributed to the stockholders are determined by the Board of Directors and are dependent on a number of factors related to the Company, including funds available for payment of dividends, financial condition, capital expenditure requirements and annual distribution requirements in order to maintain the Company s status as a REIT under the Code. Operating cash flows are expected to increase as additional properties are added to the Company s investment portfolio.

(e) Income Taxes

The Company has made an election under Section 856 (C) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the Code), to be taxed as a Real Estate Investment Trust (REIT) under the Code beginning with its taxable year ended December 31, 1998. As a REIT for federal income tax purposes, the Company generally will not be subject to federal income tax on income that it distributes to its shareholders. If the Company fails to qualify as a REIT in any taxable year, it will then be subject to federal income tax on its taxable income at regular corporate rates and will not be permitted to qualify for treatment as a REIT for federal income tax purposes for four years following the year during which qualification is lost. Such an event could materially adversely affect the Company s net income and net cash available to distribute to shareholders. However, the Company believes that it is organized and operates in such a manner as to qualify for treatment as a REIT and intends to continue to operate in the foreseeable future in such a manner so that the Company will remain qualified as a REIT for federal income tax purposes.

(f) Employees

The Company has no direct employees. The employees of the Advisor and Wells Management Company, Inc. (Wells Management), an affiliate of the Company and the Advisor, perform a full range of real estate services including leasing and property management, accounting, asset management and investor relations for the Company. The Company has reimbursed the Advisor and Wells Management for allocated salaries, wages and other payroll related costs totaling $683,535 and $254,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2002 and 2001, respectively and $366,380 and $163,725 for the three months ended June 30, 2002 and 2001, respectively.

(g) Insurance

Wells Management Company, Inc., an affiliate of the Company and the Advisor, carries comprehensive liability and extended coverage with respect to all the properties owned directly or indirectly by the Company. In the opinion of management, the properties are adequately insured.

(h) Competition

The Company will experience competition for tenants from owners and managers of competing projects, which may include its affiliates. As a result, the Company may be required to provide free rent, reduced charges for tenant improvements and other inducements, all of which may have an adverse impact on results of operations. At the time the Company elects to dispose of its properties, the Company will also be in competition with sellers of similar properties to locate suitable purchasers for its properties.

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(i) Statement of Cash Flows

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents include cash and short-term investments.

(j) Basis of Presentation

Substantially all of the Company s business is conducted through Wells OP. On December 31, 1997, Wells OP issued 20,000 limited partner units to the Advisor in exchange for a capital contribution of $200,000. The Company is the sole general partner in Wells OP; consequently, the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of the Company includes the amounts of the Company and Wells OP. The Advisor, a limited partner, is not currently receiving distributions from its investment in Wells OP.

The consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with instructions to Form 10-Q and do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. These quarterly statements have not been examined by independent accountants, but in the opinion of the Board of Directors, the statements for the unaudited interim periods presented include all adjustments, which are of a normal and recurring nature, necessary to present a fair presentation of the results for such periods. Results for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of full year results. For further information, refer to the financial statements and footnotes included in the Company s Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001.

2 INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURES

(a) Basis of Presentation

As of June 30, 2002, the Company owned interests in 17 properties in joint ventures with related entities through its ownership in Wells OP, which owns interests in seven such joint ventures. The Company does not have control over the operations of these joint ventures; however, it does exercise significant influence. Accordingly, investment in joint ventures is recorded using the equity method.

(b) Summary of Operations

The following information summarizes the operations of the unconsolidated joint ventures in which the Company, through Wells OP, had ownership interests as of June 30, 2002 and 2001, respectively. There were no additional investments in joint ventures made by the Company during the three months and six months ended June 30, 2002.

	Total Revenues		Net Income		Wells OP s Share of Net Income	
	Three Months Ended		Three Months Ended		Three Months Ended	
	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,

	2002	2001	2002	2001	2002	2001
Fund IX-X-XI-REIT Joint Venture	$ 1,436,601	$ 1,087,746	$ 619,173	$ 734,418	$ 22,982	$ 27,258
Cort Joint Venture	208,707	198,881	140,206	131,374	61,224	57,367
Fremont Joint Venture	227,023	225,178	140,944	135,990	109,237	105,398
Fund XI-XII-REIT Joint Venture	859,027	847,767	545,009	499,960	309,363	283,792
Fund XII-REIT Joint Venture	1,483,224	1,102,873	852,672	587,864	468,646	310,812
Fund VIII-IX-REIT Joint Venture	309,605	313,539	147,998	155,320	23,370	24,854
Fund XIII-REIT Joint Venture	707,919	0	406,236	0	277,041	0
	$5,232,106	$3,775,984	$2,852,238	$2,244,926	$1,271,863	$ 809,481

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	Total Revenues		Net Income		Wells OP s Share of Net Income	
	Six Months Ended		Six Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30, 2002	June 30, 2001	June 30, 2002	June 30, 2001	June 30, 2002	June 30, 2001
Fund IX-X-XI-REIT Joint Venture	$ 2,815,660	$ 2,181,096	$ 1,173,441	$ 1,372,853	$ 43,554	$ 50,954
Cort Joint Venture	420,713	398,468	269,956	265,127	117,882	115,773
Fremont Joint Venture	452,184	450,356	276,892	278,602	214,602	215,928
Fund XI-XII-REIT Joint Venture	1,717,246	1,689,191	1,042,158	1,014,237	591,560	575,710
Fund XII-REIT Joint Venture	3,154,087	1,896,195	1,658,185	1,033,184	911,372	519,445
Fund VIII-IX-REIT Joint Venture	633,351	580,923	308,694	260,352	48,744	41,384
Fund XIII-REIT Joint Venture	1,408,567	0	807,910	0	550,972	0
	$ 10,601,808	$ 7,196,229	$ 5,537,236	$ 4,224,355	$ 2,478,686	$ 1,519,194

3. INVESTMENTS IN REAL ESTATE

As of June 30, 2002, the Company, through its ownership in Wells OP, owns 35 properties directly. The following describes acquisitions made directly by Wells OP during the three months ended June 30, 2002.

The Travelers Express Denver Building

On April 10, 2002, Wells OP purchased the Travelers Express Denver Building, a one-story office building containing 68,165 rentable square feet located in Lakewood, Jefferson County, Colorado for a purchase price of $10,395,845, excluding closing costs. Travelers Express Building is 100% leased to Travelers Express Company, Inc. (Travelers Express). The Travelers Express lease is a net lease that commenced in April 2002 and expires in March 2012. The current annual base rent payable under the Travelers Express lease is $1,012,250. Travelers Express, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for two additional five-year terms. Base rent for the first renewal term shall be $19.00 per square foot for years 1-3 and $20.50 per square foot for years 4-5. The base rent for the second renewal term shall be at the then-current market rental rate.

The Agilent Atlanta Building

On April 18, 2002, Wells OP purchased the Agilent Atlanta Building, a two-story office building containing 101,207 rentable square feet located in Alpharetta, Fulton County, Georgia for a purchase price of $15,100,000, excluding closing costs. The Agilent Atlanta Building is leased to Agilent Technologies, Inc. (Agilent) and Koninklijke Philips Electronics N.V. (Philips).

The Agilent lease is a net lease that covers approximately 66,811 square feet commencing in September 2001 and expiring in September 2011. The initial annual base rent payable under the Agilent lease is $1,344,905. Agilent, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for either (1) one additional three-year period, or (2) one additional five-year period, at the then-current market rental rate. In addition, Agilent may terminate the lease at the end of the seventh lease year by paying a $763,650 termination fee.

The Philips lease is a net lease that covers approximately 34,396 rentable square feet commencing in September 2001 and expiring in September 2011. The current annual base rent payable under the Philips lease is $692,391. Philips, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for either (1) one additional three-year period, or (2) one additional five-year period, at the then-current market rental rate. In addition, Philips may terminate the lease at the end of the seventh lease year by paying a $393,146 termination fee.

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The BellSouth Ft. Lauderdale Building

On April 18, 2002, Wells OP purchased the BellSouth Ft. Lauderdale Building, a one-story office building containing 47,400 rentable square feet located in Ft. Lauderdale, Broward County, Florida for a purchase price of $6,850,000, excluding closing costs. The BellSouth Ft. Lauderdale Building is 100% leased to BellSouth Advertising and Publishing Corporation (BellSouth). The BellSouth lease is a net lease that commenced in July 2001 and expires in July 2008. The current annual base rent payable under the BellSouth lease is $747,033. BellSouth, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for three additional five-year periods at 95% of the then-current market rental rate.

The Experian/TRW Buildings

On May 1, 2002, Wells OP purchased the Experian/TRW Buildings, two two-story office buildings containing 292,700 rentable square feet located in Allen, Collin County, Texas for a purchase price of $35,150,000, excluding closing costs. The Experian/TRW Buildings are both 100% leased to Experian, Inc. (Experian). The Experian lease is a net lease that commenced in April 1993 and expires in October 2010. The current annual base rent payable under the Experian lease is $3,438,277. Experian, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for four additional five-year periods at 95% of the then-current market rental rate. TRW, Inc., the original tenant on the Experian lease, assigned its interest in the Experian lease to Experian in 1996 but remains as an obligor of the Experian lease.

The Agilent Boston Building

On May 3, 2002, Wells OP purchased the Agilent Boston Building, a three-story office building containing 174,585 rentable square feet located in Boxborough, Middlesex County, Massachusetts for a purchase price of $31,742,274, excluding closing costs. In addition, Wells OP has assumed the obligation, as the landlord, to provide Agilent $3,407,496 for tenant improvements. The Agilent Boston Building is 100% leased to Agilent Technologies, Inc. (Agilent). The Agilent Boston lease is a net lease that commenced in September 2001 and expires in September 2011. The current annual base rent payable under the Agilent Boston lease is $3,578,993. Agilent, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for one additional five-year period at a rate equal to the greater of (1) the then-current market rental rate, or (2) 75% of the annual base rent in the final year of the initial term of the Agilent Boston lease. In addition, Agilent may terminate the lease at the end of the seventh lease year by paying a $4,190,000 termination fee.

The TRW Denver Building

On May 29, 2002, Wells OP purchased the TRW Denver Building, a three-story office building containing 108,240 rentable square feet located in Aurora, Arapahoe County, Colorado for a purchase price of $21,060,000, excluding closing costs. The TRW Denver Building is 100% leased to TRW, Inc. (TRW). The TRW lease is a net lease that commenced in October 1997 and expires in September 2007. The current annual base rent payable under the TRW lease is $2,870,709. TRW, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for two additional five-year periods at 95% of the then-current market rental rate.

The MFS Phoenix Building

On June 5, 2002, Wells OP purchased the MFS Phoenix Building, a three-story office building containing 148,605 rentable square feet located in Phoenix, Maricopa County, Arizona for a purchase price of $25,800,000, excluding closing costs. The MFS Phoenix Building is 100% leased to Massachusetts Financial Services Company (MFS). The MFS lease is a net lease that commenced in April 2001 and expires in July 2011. The current annual base rent payable under the MFS lease is $2,347,959. MFS, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for two additional five-year periods at 95% of the then-current market rental rate.

4. NOTE RECEIVABLE

In connection with the purchase of the TRW Denver Building, Wells OP acquired a note receivable from the building s sole tenant, TRW, Inc., in the amount of $5,210,000. The loan was made to fund above-standard tenant

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improvement costs to the building. The note receivable will be fully amortized over the remaining lease term, which expires September 2007, at 11% interest with TRW making monthly loan payments of $107,966.

5. NOTES PAYABLE

Wells OP has established four secured lines of credit with SouthTrust Bank totaling $72,140,000 which are secured by first priority mortgages against the Cinemark, ASML, Dial, PwC, Motorola Tempe, Alstom Power Richmond and Avnet Buildings. Notes payable at June 30, 2002 consists of (i) $7,655,600 of draws on a $7,900,000 line of credit from SouthTrust Bank secured by a first mortgage on the Alstom Power Richmond Building and (ii) $8,002,541 outstanding on the construction loan from Bank of America, N.A.(Bank of America) which is being used to fund the development of the Nissan Property.

6. INTEREST RATE SWAP

Wells OP entered into an interest rate swap agreement with Bank of America in an attempt to hedge its interest rate exposure on the Bank of America construction loan for the Nissan Property. The interest rate swap became effective January 15, 2002 and terminates on June 15, 2003, the maturity date of the construction loan. The notional amount of the interest rate swap is the balance outstanding on the construction loan on the payment date, which is the fifteenth of each month. The interest rate swap agreement involves the exchange of amounts based on a fixed interest rate for amounts based on a variable interest rate over the life of the loan agreement without an exchange of the notional amount upon which the payments are based. Wells OP, as the fixed rate payer, has an interest rate of 5.9%. Bank of America, the variable rate payer, pays at a rate equal to U.S. dollar LIBOR on the payment date. During the six months ended June 30, 2002, Wells OP made interest payments totaling approximately $23,100 under the terms of the interest rate swap. At June 30, 2002, the estimated fair value of the interest rate swap was ($289,379).

On January 1, 2001, the Company adopted SFAS No. 133, as amended by SFAS No. 137 and No. 138 Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities. The effect of adopting the SFAS No. 133 did not have a material effect on the Company s consolidated financial statements.

7. DUE TO AFFILIATES

Due to affiliates consists of amounts due to the Advisor for acquisitions and advisory fees and acquisition expenses, deferred offering costs, and other operating expenses paid on behalf of the Company. Also included in due to affiliates is the amount due to the Fund VIII-IX Joint Venture related to the Matsushita lease guarantee, which is explained in greater detail in the financial statements and footnotes included in the Company s Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001. Payments of $601,963 have been made as of June 30, 2002 toward funding the obligation under the Matsushita agreement.

8. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Take Out Purchase and Escrow Agreement

An affiliate of the Advisor (Wells Exchange) has developed a program (the Wells Section 1031 Program) involving the acquisition by Wells Exchange of income-producing commercial properties and the formation of a series of single member limited liability companies for the purpose of facilitating the resale of co-tenancy interests in such real estate properties to be owned in co-tenancy arrangements with persons (1031 Participants) who are looking to invest the proceeds from a sale of real estate held for investment in another real estate investment for purposes of qualifying for like-kind exchange treatment under Section 1031 of the Code. Each of these properties will be financed by a combination of permanent first mortgage financing and interim loan financing obtained from institutional lenders.

Following the acquisition of each property, Wells Exchange will attempt to sell co-tenancy interests to 1031 Participants, the proceeds of which will be used to pay off the interim financing. In consideration for the payment of a take out fee to the Company, and following approval of the potential property acquisition by the Company s Board of Directors, it is anticipated that Wells OP will enter into a contractual relationship providing that, in the event that Wells Exchange is unable to sell all of the co-tenancy interests in that particular property to 1031 Participants, Wells OP will purchase, at Wells Exchange s cost, any co-tenancy interests remaining unsold at the end of the offering period. As a part of the initial transaction in the Wells Section 1031 Program, Wells OP entered into a take out purchase and escrow agreement dated April 16, 2001 providing, among other things, that Wells OP would be obligated to acquire, at Wells Exchange s cost, any unsold co-tenancy interests in the building known as the Ford Motor Credit Complex which remained unsold at the expiration of the offering of Wells Exchange, which was extended to April 15, 2002. Wells OP was compensated for its takeout commitment in the amount of $137,500 in 2001 and $134,102 in 2002. On April 12, 2002, Wells Exchange paid off the interim financing on the Ford Motor Credit Complex. Pay off of the loan triggered the release of Wells OP from its prior obligations under the take out purchase and escrow agreement relating to such property.

9. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The ISS Atlanta Buildings

On July 1, 2002, Wells OP purchased two five-story buildings containing a total of 238,600 rentable square feet located in Atlanta, Georgia for a purchase price of $40,500,000, excluding closing costs. The ISS Atlanta Buildings were acquired by assigning to Wells OP an existing ground lease with the Development Authority of Fulton County (Development Authority). Fee simple title to the land upon which the ISS Atlanta Buildings are located is held by the Development Authority, which issued Development Authority of Fulton County Taxable Revenue Bonds (Bonds) totaling $32,500,000 in connection with the construction of these buildings. The Bonds, which entitle Wells OP to certain real property tax abatement benefits, were also assigned to Wells OP at the closing. Fee title interest to the land will be transferred to Wells OP upon payment of the outstanding balance on the Bonds, either by prepayment by Wells OP or at the expiration of the ground lease on December 1, 2015.

The entire rentable area of the ISS Atlanta Buildings is leased to Internet Security Systems, Inc., a Georgia corporation (ISS). The ISS Atlanta lease is a net lease that commenced in November 2000 and expires in May 2013. The current annual base rent payable under the ISS Atlanta lease is $4,623,445. ISS, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for three additional five-year periods at 95% of the then-current market rental rate.

The PacifiCare San Antonio Building

On July 12, 2002, Wells OP purchased the PacifiCare San Antonio Building, a two-story office building containing 142,500 rentable square feet located in San Antonio, Texas for a purchase price of $14,650,000, excluding closing costs. The PacifiCare San Antonio Building is 100% leased to PacifiCare Health Systems, Inc. (PacifiCare). The PacifiCare lease is a net lease that commenced on November 20, 2000 and expires on November 30, 2010. The current annual base rent payable under the PacifiCare lease is $1,471,700. PacifiCare, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for three additional five-year periods. Monthly base rent for the first renewal term will be $163,994 and monthly base rent for the second and third renewal terms will be the then-current market rental rate.

The Kerr McGee Property

On July 29, 2002, Wells OP purchased the Kerr McGee Property, a 4.2-acre tract of land located in Houston, Harris County, Texas for a purchase price of $1,738,044, excluding closing costs. Wells OP has entered into agreements to construct a four-story office building containing approximately 100,000 rentable square feet (the Kerr McGee Project) on the Kerr McGee Property. It is currently anticipated that the aggregate of all costs and expenses to be incurred by Wells OP with respect to the acquisition of the Kerr McGee Property and the planning, design, development, construction and completion of the Kerr McGee Project will total approximately $15,760,000.

The entire 100,000 rentable square feet of the Kerr McGee Project will be leased to Kerr McGee Oil & Gas Corporation (Kerr McGee), a wholly owned subsidiary of Kerr McGee Corporation. The initial term of the Kerr McGee lease will extend 11 years and 1 month beyond the rent commencement date. Construction on the building is scheduled to be completed by July 2003. The rent commencement date will occur no later than July 1, 2003. Kerr McGee has the right to extend the initial term of this lease for one additional period of twenty years or the option to extend the initial term for any combination of additional periods of ten years or five years for a total additional period of not more than twenty years. The base rental rate will be 95% of the existing market rate. The initial annual base rent payable under the Kerr McGee lease will be calculated as 10.5% of project costs.

Wells OP obtained a construction loan in the amount of $13,700,000 from Bank of America to fund the construction of a building on the Kerr McGee Property. The loan requires monthly payments of interest only and matures on January 29, 2004. The interest rate on the loan as of August 6, 2002 was 3.80%. The Bank of America loan is secured by a first priority mortgage on the Kerr McGee Property.

The BMG Greenville Building

On July 31, 2002, Wells OP purchased the BMG Greenville Buildings, two one-story office buildings containing 786,778 rentable square feet located in Duncan, Spartanburg County, South Carolina for a purchase price of $26,900,000, excluding closing costs. The BMG Greenville Buildings are leased to BMG Direct Marketing, Inc. (BMG Marketing) and BMG Music (BMG Music).

The BMG Marketing lease is a net lease that covers approximately 473,398 square feet commencing in March 1988 and expiring in March 2011. The initial annual base rent payable under the BMG Marketing lease is $1,394,156. BMG Marketing, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for two consecutive ten-year periods at 95% of the then-current market rental rate.

The BMG Music lease is a net lease that covers approximately 313,380 rentable square feet commencing in December 1987 and expiring in March 2011. The current annual base rent payable under the BMG Music lease is $763,600. BMG Music, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for two consecutive ten-year periods at 95% of the then-current market rental rate.

The Kraft Atlanta Building

On August 1, 2002, Wells OP purchased the Kraft Atlanta Building, a one-story office building containing 87,219 rentable square feet located in Suwanee, Forsyth County, Georgia for a purchase price of $11,625,000, excluding closing costs. The Kraft Atlanta Building is leased to Kraft Foods North America, Inc. (Kraft) and PerkinElmer Instruments, LLC (PerkinElmer).

The Kraft lease is a net lease that covers approximately 73,264 square feet commencing in February 2002 and expiring in January 2012. The initial annual base rent payable under the Kraft lease is $1,263,804. Kraft, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for two additional five-year periods at the then-current market rental rate. In addition, Kraft may terminate the lease (1) at the end of the third year by paying a $7,000,000 termination fee, or (2) at the end of the seventh lease year by paying a $1,845,296 termination fee.

The PerkinElmer lease is a net lease that covers approximately 13,955 rentable square feet commencing in December 2001 and expiring in November 2016. The current annual base rent payable under the PerkinElmer lease is $194,672. PerkinElmer, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for two additional five-year periods at the then-current market rental rate. In addition, PerkinElmer may terminate the lease at the end of the tenth lease year by paying a $325,000 termination fee.

Issuance of Common Stock

From July 1, 2002 through August 7, 2002, the Company raised $170,921,990 through the issuance of 17,092,199 shares of common stock in the Company.

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The Fourth Offering of Common Stock

The Company terminated it third public offering and commenced its fourth public offering of common stock on July 26, 2002, the effective date of the Registration Statement initially filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 8, 2002. The Company is offering up to an aggregate of $3,300,000,000 (330,000,000 shares) of which $3,000,000,000 (300,000,000 shares) are being offered to the public and $300,000,000 (30,000,000 shares) are being offered pursuant to the dividend reinvestment plan.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

SUMMARY OF UNAUDITED PRO FORMA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This pro forma information should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes of Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. included in its annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001 and quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2002. In addition, this pro forma information should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes of certain acquired properties included in various Form 8-Ks filed in the previous two years.

The following unaudited pro forma balance sheet as of June 30, 2002 has been prepared to give effect to the third quarter 2002 acquisitions of the PacifiCare San Antonio Building, the Kerr McGee Property, the BMG Greenville Buildings and the Kraft Atlanta Building (collectively, the Recent Acquisitions) by Wells OP as if the acquisitions occurred on June 30, 2002.

The following unaudited pro forma statement of income for the six months ended June 30, 2002 has been prepared to give effect to the first and second quarter 2002 acquisitions of the Arthur Andersen Building, the Transocean Houston Building, Novartis Atlanta Building, the Dana Corporation Buildings, the Travelers Express Denver Buildings, the Agilent Atlanta Building, the BellSouth Ft. Lauderdale Building, the Experian/TRW Buildings, the Agilent Boston Building, the TRW Denver Building, the MFS Phoenix Building (collectively, the 2002 Acquisitions) and the Recent Acquisitions as if the acquisitions occurred on January 1, 2001. The Kerr McGee Property had no operations during the six months ended June 30, 2002.

The following unaudited pro forma statement of income for the year ended December 31, 2001 has been prepared to give effect to the 2001 acquisitions of the Comdata Building, the AmeriCredit Building, the State Street Bank Building, the IKON Buildings, the Ingram Micro Building, the Lucent Building, the ADIC Buildings, the Convergys Building, the Windy Point Buildings (collectively, the 2001 Acquisitions), the 2002 Acquisitions and the Recent Acquisitions as if the acquisitions occurred on January 1, 2001. The Nissan Property, the Travelers Express Denver Buildings and the Kerr McGee Property had no operations during 2001.

Wells OP is a Delaware limited partnership that was organized to own and operate properties on behalf of the Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc., a Maryland corporation. As the sole general partner of Wells OP, Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. possesses full legal control and authority over the operations of Wells OP. Accordingly, the accounts of Wells OP are consolidated with the accompanying pro forma financial statements of Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc.

These unaudited pro forma financial statements are prepared for informational purposes only and are not necessarily indicative of future results or of actual results that would have been achieved had the acquisitions of the 2001 Acquisitions, 2002 Acquisitions and the Recent Acquisitions been consummated as of January 1, 2001.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

PRO FORMA BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2002

(Unaudited)

ASSETS

		Pro Forma Adjustments					
		Recent Acquisitions					
	Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc (e)	Other	PacifiCare San Antonio	Kerr McGee	BMG Greenville	Kraft Atlanta	Pro Forma Total
REAL ESTATE ASSETS, at cost:							
Land	$ 110,330,449	$ 0	$ 2,450,000(a)	$ 1,738,044(a)	$ 1,600,000(a)	$ 2,700,000(a)	$ 119,163,936
		0	99,709(b)	70,734(b)	65,116(b)	109,884(b)	
Buildings, less accumulated depreciation of $37,717,737	689,490,969	0	12,239,827(a)	0	25,087,017(a)	8,975,771(a)	737,677,992
		0	498,132(b)	0	1,020,983(b)	365,293(b)	
Construction in progress	16,081,841	0	0	379,901(a)	0	0	16,461,742
Total real estate assets	815,903,259	0	15,287,668	2,188,679	27,773,116	12,150,948	873,303,670
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	341,909,775	145,053,219(c)	(14,689,827)(a)	(2,103,115)(a)	(14,984,256)(a)	(11,675,771)(a)	438,433,162
		(5,076,863)(d)					
INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURES	76,217,870	0	0	0	0	0	76,217,870
INVESTMENT IN BONDS	22,000,000	0	0	0	0	0	22,000,000
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	10,709,104	0	0	0	0	0	10,709,104
DEFERRED LEASE ACQUISITION COSTS, net	1,790,608	0	0	0	0	0	1,790,608
DEFERRED PROJECT COSTS	14,314,914	5,076,863(d)	(597,841)(b)	(70,734)(b)	(1,086,099)(b)	(475,177)(b)	17,161,926
DEFERRED OFFERING COSTS	1,392,934	0	0	0	0	0	1,392,934
DUE FROM AFFILIATES	1,897,309	0	0	0	0	0	1,897,309
NOTE RECEIVABLE	5,149,792	0	0	0	0	0	5,149,792
PREPAID EXPENSES AND OTHER ASSETS, net	1,881,308	0	0	0	0	0	1,881,308

Total assets	$ 1,293,166,873	$ 145,053,219	$ 0	$ 14,830	$ 11,702,761	$ 0	$ 1,449,937,683

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LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY

		Pro Forma Adjustments					
		Recent Acquisitions					
	Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc (e)	Other	PacifiCare San Antonio	Kerr McGee	BMG Greenville	Kraft Atlanta	Pro Forma Total
LIABILITIES:							
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	$ 11,840,214	$ 0	$ 0	$ 14,830(a)	$ 0	$ 0	$ 11,855,044
Notes payable	15,658,141	0	0	0	11,702,761(a)	0	27,360,902
Obligations under capital lease	22,000,000	0	0	0	0	0	22,000,000
Dividends payable	4,538,635	0	0	0	0	0	4,538,635
Due to affiliates	2,106,790	0	0	0	0	0	2,106,790
Deferred rental income	1,013,544	0	0	0	0	0	1,013,544
Total liabilities	57,157,324	0	0	14,830	11,702,761	0	68,874,915
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES							
MINORITY INTEREST OF UNIT HOLDER IN OPERATING PARTNERSHIP	200,000	0	0	0	0	0	200,000
SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY:							
Common shares, $.01 par value; 125,000,000 shares authorized, 145,589,053 shares issued and 144,366,772 outstanding at June 30, 2002	1,455,890	145,053(c)	0	0	0	0	1,600,943
Additional paid-in capital	1,290,858,515	144,908,166(c)	0	0	0	0	1,435,766,681
Cumulative distributions in excess of earnings	(43,991,669)	0	0	0	0	0	(43,991,669)
Treasury stock, at cost, 1,222,381 shares	(12,223,808)	0	0	0	0	0	(12,223,808)
Other comprehensive loss	(289,379)	0	0	0	0	0	(289,379)
Total shareholders equity	1,235,809,549	145,053,219	0	0	0	0	1,380,862,768
Total liabilities and shareholders equity	$ 1,293,166,873	$ 145,053,219	$ 0	$ 14,830	$ 11,702,761	$ 0	$ 1,449,937,683

(a) Reflects Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. s purchase price for the land, building and liabilities assumed.

(b) Reflects deferred project costs applied to the land and building at approximately 4.07% of the purchase price.

(c) Reflects capital raised through issuance of additional shares subsequent to June 30, 2002 through Kraft Atlanta acquisition date.

(d) Reflects deferred project costs capitalized as a result of additional capital raised described in note (c) above.

(e) Historical financial information derived from quarterly report on Form 10-Q

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

PRO FORMA STATEMENT OF INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2001

(Unaudited)

	Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. (f)	Pro Forma Adjustments					Pro Forma Total
				Recent Acquisitions			
		2001 Acquisitions	2002 Acquisitions	PacifiCare San Antonio	BMG Greenville	Kraft Atlanta	
REVENUES:							
Rental income	$ 44,204,279	$ 11,349,076(a)	$ 14,846,431(a)	$ 1,556,473(a)	$ 2,445,210(a)	$ 18,429(a)	$ 74,419,898
Equity in income of joint ventures	3,720,959	1,111,850(b)	0	0	0	0	4,832,809
Interest income	1,246,064	0	0	0	0	0	1,246,064
Take out fee	137,500	0	0	0	0	0	137,500
	49,308,802	12,460,926	14,846,431	1,556,473	2,445,210	18,429	80,636,271
EXPENSES:							
Depreciation and amortization	15,344,801	5,772,761(c)	5,356,374(c)	509,518(c)	1,044,320(c)	31,137(c)	28,058,911
Interest	3,411,210	0	0	0	0	0	3,411,210
Operating costs, net of reimbursements	4,128,883	2,854,275(d)	1,505,269(d)	0	0	5,452(d)	8,493,879
Management and leasing fees	2,507,188	510,708(e)	668,090(e)	70,041(e)	110,034(e)	829(e)	3,866,890
General and administrative	973,785	0	0	0	0	0	973,785
Amortization of deferred financing costs	770,192	0	0	0	0	0	770,192
Legal and accounting	448,776	0	0	0	0	0	448,776
	27,584,835	9,137,744	7,529,733	579,559	1,154,354	37,418	46,023,643
NET INCOME	$ 21,723,967	$ 3,323,182	$ 7,316,698	$ 976,914	$ 1,290,856	$ (18,989)	$ 34,612,628

EARNINGS PER SHARE, basic and diluted	$ 0.43						$ 0.22
WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES, basic and diluted	50,520,853						158,872,092

(a) Rental income is recognized on a straight-line basis.

(b) Reflects Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. s equity in income of Wells XII-REIT Joint Venture related to the acquisition of the Comdata Building and equity in income of Wells XIII-REIT Joint Venture related to the acquisition of the AmeriCredit Building and the ADIC Building.

(c) Depreciation expense on the buildings is recognized using the straight-line method and a 25-year life.

(d) Consists of nonreimbursable operating expenses.

(e) Management and leasing fees are calculated at 4.5% of rental income.

(f) Historical financial information derived from annual report on Form 10-K

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

PRO FORMA STATEMENT OF INCOME

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

(Unaudited)

	Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. (e)	Pro Forma Adjustments				Pro Forma Total
			Recent Acquisitions			
		2002 Acquisitions	PacifiCare San Antonio	BMG Greenville	Kraft Atlanta	
REVENUES:						
Rental income	$ 38,571,815	$ 7,307,774(a)	$ 778,237(a)	$ 1,222,605(a)	$ 651,493(a)	$ 48,531,924
Equity in income of joint ventures	2,478,686	0	0	0	0	2,478,686
Interest income	2,648,351	0	0	0	0	2,648,351
Take out fee	134,102	0	0	0	0	134,102
	43,832,954	7,307,774	778,237	1,222,605	651,493	53,793,063
EXPENSES:						
Depreciation and amortization	12,903,282	2,588,546(b)	254,759(b)	522,160(b)	186,821(b)	16,455,568
Interest	880,002	0	0	0	0	880,002
Operating costs, net of reimbursements	2,063,997	300,018(c)	0	0	79,067(c)	2,443,082
Management and leasing fees	1,903,082	328,850(d)	35,021(d)	55,017(d)	29,317(d)	2,351,287
General and administrative	1,121,457	0	0	0	0	1,121,457
Amortization of deferred financing costs	424,992	0	0	0	0	424,992
	19,296,812	3,217,414	289,780	577,177	295,205	23,676,388
NET INCOME	$ 24,536,142	$ 4,090,360	$ 488,457	$ 645,428	$ 356,288	$ 30,116,675
EARNINGS PER SHARE, basic and diluted	$ 0.22					$ 0.19
WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES, basic and	110,885,641					158,872,092

diluted		

(a) Rental income is recognized on a straight-line basis.

(b) Depreciation expense on the buildings is recognized using the straight-line method and a 25-year life.

(c) Consists of nonreimbursable operating expenses.

(d) Management and leasing fees are calculated at 4.5% of rental income.

(e) Historical financial information derived from quarterly report on Form 10-Q

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

SUPPLEMENT NO. 2 DATED AUGUST 29, 2002 TO THE PROSPECTUS

DATED JULY 26, 2002

This document supplements, and should be read in conjunction with, the prospectus of Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. dated July 26, 2002, as supplemented and amended by Supplement No. 1 dated August 14, 2002. When we refer to the prospectus in this supplement, we are also referring to any and all supplements to the prospectus. Unless otherwise defined in this supplement, capitalized terms used in this supplement shall have the same meanings as set forth in the prospectus.

The purpose of this supplement is to describe the following:

(1) Status of the offering of shares in Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. (Wells REIT);

(2) The declaration of dividends for the fourth quarter of 2002;

(3) Revisions to the Description of Real Estate Investments section of the prospectus to describe the following real property matters:

(A) Acquisition of three office buildings in Irving, Texas (Nokia Dallas Buildings);

(B) Acquisition of a seven-story office building in Austin, Texas (Harcourt Austin Building); and

(C) Execution of a lease with AmeriCredit Financial Services in connection with a build-to-suit three-story office building in Chandler, Arizona (AmeriCredit Arizona Building);

(4) Revisions to the Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations section of the prospectus; and

(5) Unaudited pro forma financial statements of the Wells REIT reflecting the acquisition of the Nokia Dallas Buildings.

Status of the Offering

We commenced our initial public offering of common stock on January 30, 1998. Our initial public offering was terminated on December 19, 1999. We received approximately $132,181,919 in gross offering proceeds from the sale of 13,218,192 shares in our initial public offering. We commenced our second offering of common stock on December 20, 1999. Our second public offering was terminated on December 19, 2000. We received approximately $175,229,193 in gross offering proceeds from the sale of 17,522,919 shares in our second public offering. We commenced our third public offering of common stock on December 20, 2000. Our third public offering was terminated on July 26, 2002. We received approximately $1,292,032,232 in gross offering proceeds from the sale of 129,203,223 shares in our third public offering.

Pursuant to the prospectus, we commenced our fourth public offering of common stock on July 26, 2002. As of August 25, 2002, we had received additional gross proceeds of approximately $84,871,857 from the sale of approximately 8,487,186 shares in our fourth public offering.

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Dividends

As we described in Supplement No. 1 to the prospectus, we acquire properties that meet our standards of quality both in terms of the real estate and the creditworthiness of the tenants. Creditworthy tenants of the type we target are becoming more and more highly valued in the marketplace and, accordingly, there is increased competition in acquiring properties with these creditworthy tenants. As a result, the purchase prices for such properties have increased with corresponding reductions in cap rates and returns on investment. In addition, changes in market conditions have caused us to add to our internal procedures for ensuring the creditworthiness of our tenants before any commitment to buy a property is made. We continue to remain steadfast in our commitment to invest in quality properties that will produce quality income for our stockholders. Accordingly, because the marketplace is now placing a higher value on our type of properties and because of the additional time it now takes in the acquisition process for us to assess tenant credit plus our commitment to adhere to purchasing properties with tenants that meet our investment criteria we were required to lower our dividend yield to investors.

As a result of the factors described in the preceding paragraph, on August 29, 2002, our board of directors declared dividends for the fourth quarter of 2002 in an amount equal to a 7.0% annualized percentage rate return on an investment of $10 per share to be paid in December 2002. Our fourth quarter dividends are calculated on a daily record basis of $0.001923 (0.1923 cents) per day per share on the outstanding shares of common stock payable to stockholders of record of such shares as shown on the books of the Wells REIT at the close of business on each day during the period, commencing on September 16, 2002, and continuing on each day thereafter through and including December 15, 2002.

Description of Properties

As of August 25, 2002, we had purchased interests in 59 real estate properties located in 19 states, each of which was 100% leased to tenants. Below are the descriptions of our recent real property acquisitions through August 25, 2002.

Nokia Dallas Buildings

On August 15, 2002, Wells Operating Partnership, L.P. (Wells OP), a Delaware limited partnership formed to acquire, own, lease and operate real properties on behalf of the Wells REIT, purchased three adjacent office buildings containing an aggregate of 604,234 rentable square feet located in Irving, Texas for an aggregate purchase price of $119,550,000, plus closing costs (Nokia Dallas Buildings). The Nokia Dallas Buildings consist of (1) a nine-story office building located at 6031 Connection Drive (Nokia I Building), (2) a seven-story office building located at 6021 Connection Drive (Nokia II Building), and (3) a six-story office building located at 6011 Connection Drive (Nokia III Building). The Nokia I Building and Nokia III Building were built in 1999, and the Nokia II Building was built in 2000.

The Nokia Dallas Buildings are all leased entirely to Nokia, Inc., the U.S. operating subsidiary of Nokia Corporation (Nokia), under long-term net leases (i.e., operating costs and maintenance costs are paid by the tenant) for periods of 10 years, with approximately seven to eight years remaining on such leases. Nokia, the guarantor of the Nokia, Inc. leases, is a Finnish corporation whose shares are traded on the New York Stock Exchange. Nokia is a mobile communications company that supplies mobile phones and mobile, fixed broadband, and Internet protocol networks. Nokia sells its products in over 130 countries worldwide. Nokia reported a net worth, as of December 31, 2001, of approximately $12 billion Euros.

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Since the Dallas Nokia Buildings are leased to a single tenant on a long-term basis under net leases that transfer substantially all of the operating costs to the tenant, we believe that financial information about the guarantor of the leases, Nokia, is more relevant to investors than financial statements of the property acquired. Nokia is a public company which currently files its financial statements in reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, and following is summary financial data regarding Nokia taken from its previously filed public reports:

Consolidated Profit and Loss Accounts

	For the Fiscal Year Ended		
	December 31, 2001	December 31, 2000	December 31, 1999
	(In millions of Euros)		
Net Sales	31,191	30,376	19,772
Operating Profit	3,362	5,776	3,908
Net Profit	2,200	3,938	2,577

Consolidated Balance Sheet Data

	December 31, 2001	December 31, 2000
	(In millions of Euros)	
Total Assets	22,427	19,890
Long-term liabilities	460	311
Shareholders Equity	12,205	10,808

If you would like to review more detailed financial information regarding Nokia, please refer to the financial statements of Nokia, which are publicly available with the Securities and Exchange Commission at http://www.sec.gov.

The Nokia I Building is a nine-story building containing 228,678 rentable square feet. The Nokia I Building lease fully commenced in July 1999 and expires in July 2009. The current annual base rent payable under the Nokia I Building lease is $4,413,485.

The Nokia II Building is a seven-story building containing 223,470 rentable square feet. The Nokia II Building lease commenced in December 2000 and expires in December 2010. The current annual base rent payable under the Nokia II Building lease is $4,547,614.

The Nokia III Building is a six-story building containing 152,086 rentable square feet. The Nokia III Building lease commenced in June 1999 and expires in July 2009. The current annual base rent payable under the Nokia III Building lease is $3,024,990.

Nokia, Inc. has a right of first offer on the future sale of each of the Nokia Dallas Buildings.

Harcourt Austin Building

On August 15, 2002, Wells OP purchased a seven-story office building containing 195,230 rentable square feet located in Austin, Texas (Harcourt Austin Building) for a purchase price of $39,000,000, plus closing costs. The Harcourt Austin Building was built in 2001 and is located at 10801 North Mopac Expressway, Austin, Texas.

The Harcourt Austin Building is leased entirely to Harcourt, Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of Harcourt General, Inc. (Harcourt General), the guarantor of the Harcourt lease. Harcourt General is a Delaware corporation having its corporate headquarters in Newton, Massachusetts. Harcourt General is a worldwide education company that provides books, print, and electronic learning materials, assessments, and professional development programs to students and teachers in pre-kindergarten through 12^{th} grade. Harcourt General was acquired in July 2001, by, and became a wholly owned subsidiary of, Reed Elsevier PLC, a privately held company.

The Harcourt lease commenced in July 2001 and expires in June 2016. The current annual base rent payable under the Harcourt lease is $3,353,040.

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Lease of AmeriCredit Arizona Building

On August 9, 2002, Wells OP entered into a 10-year lease with AmeriCredit Financial Services, Inc. (AmeriCredit) for a build-to-suit property on a 14-acre tract of land located in Chandler, Arizona (AmeriCredit Arizona Property). Wells OP expects to enter into a definitive agreement to acquire the AmeriCredit Arizona Property in the near future.

AmeriCredit is wholly-owned by, and serves as the primary operating subsidiary for, AmeriCredit Corp., a Texas corporation whose common stock is publicly traded on the NYSE. AmeriCredit Corp. is the guarantor of the lease. AmeriCredit is the world s largest independent middle-market automobile finance company. AmeriCredit purchases loans made by franchised and select independent dealers to consumers buying late model used and, to a lesser extent, new automobiles. AmeriCredit Corp. reported a net worth, as of December 31, 2001, of approximately $1.2 billion.

The AmeriCredit Arizona lease will commence shortly after completion of construction of a three-story office building containing approximately 153,494 rentable square feet on the AmeriCredit Arizona Property, which we expect to occur in approximately March 2003 at a total estimated cost of $24,700,000. The AmeriCredit Arizona lease expires 10 years and four months after lease commencement. AmeriCredit has the right to extend the initial term of this lease for two additional five-year terms at 95% of the then-current market rental rate. In addition, AmeriCredit may terminate the AmeriCredit Arizona lease at the end of the 88th month by paying a $2,512,697 termination fee.

As an inducement for Wells OP to enter into the AmeriCredit Arizona lease, AmeriCredit has prepaid to Wells OP the first three years of base rent on the AmeriCredit Arizona Building at a discounted amount equal to $4,827,945 rather than the amount of base rent that would otherwise have been payable ratably over the first three years of the lease term. Wells OP will be required to repay this prepaid rent or some portion thereof under certain circumstances described in the AmeriCredit Arizona lease such as failure of Wells OP to substantially complete construction of the building in accordance with specifications by August 1, 2003, damage or destruction of the building, eminent domain taking of the property and failure of Wells OP to make required repairs to the building. Wells OP has obtained and delivered an irrevocable stand-by letter of credit from Bank of America, N.A. to AmeriCredit in the amount of the prepaid rent to secure Wells OP s obligation to repay the prepaid rent under these conditions.

Property Management Fees

Wells Management Company, Inc. (Wells Management), an affiliate of the Wells REIT and our advisor, will be paid management and leasing fees in the amount of 4.5% of gross revenues from the Nokia Dallas Buildings, the Harcourt Austin Building and the AmeriCredit Arizona Building, subject to certain limitations. In addition, Wells Management will receive a one-time initial lease-up fee relating to the leasing of the AmeriCredit Arizona Building equal to one month s rent estimated to be approximately $207,000.

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Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following information should be read in conjunction with the Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations section beginning on page 101 of the prospectus, as supplemented by Supplement No. 1 dated August 14, 2002.

We commenced our initial public offering of common stock on January 30, 1998. Our initial public offering was terminated on December 19, 1999. We received approximately $132,181,919 in gross offering proceeds from the sale of 13,218,192 shares in our initial public offering. We commenced our second offering of common stock on December 20, 1999. Our second public offering was terminated on December 19, 2000. We received approximately $175,229,193 in gross offering proceeds from the sale of 17,522,919 shares in our second public offering. We commenced our third public offering of common stock on December 20, 2000. Our third public offering was terminated on July 26, 2002. We received approximately $1,292,032,232 in gross offering proceeds from the sale of 129,203,223 shares in our third public offering.

Pursuant to the prospectus, we commenced our fourth public offering of common stock on July 26, 2002. As of August 25, 2002, we had received additional gross proceeds of approximately $84,871,857 from the sale of approximately 8,487,186 shares in our fourth public offering. Accordingly, as of August 25, 2002, we had received aggregate gross offering proceeds of approximately $1,684,315,201 from the sale of approximately 168,431,520 shares in all of our public offerings. After payment of $58,452,949 in acquisition and advisory fees and acquisition expenses, payment of $187,490,370 in selling commissions and organization and offering expenses, and common stock redemptions of $14,230,931 pursuant to our share redemption program, as of August 25, 2002, we had raised aggregate net offering proceeds available for investment in properties of $1,424,140,951, out of which $1,128,348,590 had been invested in real estate properties, and $295,792,361 remained available for investment in real estate properties.

Financial Statements

The pro forma balance sheet of the Wells REIT, as of June 30, 2002, the pro forma statement of income for the year ended December 31, 2001, and the pro forma statement of income for the six months ended June 30, 2002, which are included in this supplement, have not been audited.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

Summary of Unaudited Pro Forma Financial Statements

This pro forma information should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes of Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. included in its annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001 and quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2002. In addition, this pro forma information should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes of certain acquired properties included in various Form 8-Ks previously filed.

The following unaudited pro forma balance sheet as of June 30, 2002 has been prepared to give effect to the third quarter 2002 acquisitions of the PacifiCare San Antonio Building, the Kerr McGee Property, the BMG Greenville Buildings, the Kraft Atlanta Building (the Other Recent Acquisitions) and the Nokia Dallas Buildings (collectively, the Recent Acquisitions) by Wells OP as if the acquisitions occurred on June 30, 2002.

The following unaudited pro forma statement of income for the six months ended June 30, 2002 has been prepared to give effect to the first and second quarter 2002 acquisitions of the Arthur Andersen Building, the Transocean Houston Building, Novartis Atlanta Building, the Dana Corporation Buildings, the Travelers Express Denver Buildings, the Agilent Atlanta Building, the BellSouth Ft. Lauderdale Building, the Experian/TRW Buildings, the Agilent Boston Building, the TRW Denver Building, the MFS Phoenix Building (collectively, the 2002 Acquisitions) and the Recent Acquisitions as if the acquisitions occurred on January 1, 2001. The Kerr McGee Property had no operations during the six months ended June 30, 2002.

The following unaudited pro forma statement of income for the year ended December 31, 2001 has been prepared to give effect to the 2001 acquisitions of the Comdata Building, the AmeriCredit Building, the State Street Bank Building, the IKON Buildings, the Ingram Micro Building, the Lucent Building, the ADIC Buildings, the Convergys Building, the Windy Point Buildings (collectively, the 2001 Acquisitions), the 2002 Acquisitions and the Recent Acquisitions as if the acquisitions occurred on January 1, 2001. The Nissan Property, the Travelers Express Denver Buildings and the Kerr McGee Property had no operations during 2001.

Wells OP is a Delaware limited partnership that was organized to own and operate properties on behalf of the Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc., a Maryland corporation. As the sole general partner of Wells OP, Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. possesses full legal control and authority over the operations of Wells OP. Accordingly, the accounts of Wells OP are consolidated with the accompanying pro forma financial statements of Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc.

These unaudited pro forma financial statements are prepared for informational purposes only and are not necessarily indicative of future results or of actual results that would have been achieved had the acquisitions of the 2001 Acquisitions, 2002 Acquisitions and the Recent Acquisitions been consummated as of January 1, 2001.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

PRO FORMA BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2002

(Unaudited)

ASSETS

	Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. (e)	Pro Forma Adjustments: Recent Acquisitions: Other	Pro Forma Adjustments: Recent Acquisitions: Nokia Dallas	Pro Forma Total
REAL ESTATE ASSETS, at cost:				
Land	$ 110,330,449	$ 8,488,044 (a)	$ 9,100,000 (a)	$ 128,634,284
		345,443 (b)	370,348 (b)	
Buildings, less accumulated depreciation of $37,717,737	689,490,969	46,302,615 (a)	110,831,069 (a)	853,019,628
		1,884,408 (b)	4,510,567 (b)	
Construction in progress	16,081,841	379,901 (a)	0	16,461,742
Total real estate assets	815,903,259	57,400,411	124,811,984	998,115,654
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	341,909,775	(43,452,969)(a)	(119,931,069)(a)	372,072,298
		200,566,384 (c)		
		(7,019,823)(d)		
INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURES	76,217,870	0	0	76,217,870
INVESTMENT IN BONDS	22,000,000	0	0	22,000,000
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	10,709,104	0	0	10,709,104
DEFERRED LEASE ACQUISITION COSTS, net	1,790,608	0	0	1,790,608
DEFERRED PROJECT COSTS	14,314,914	(2,229,851)(b)	(4,880,915)(b)	14,223,971
		7,019,823 (d)		
DEFERRED OFFERING COSTS	1,392,934	0	0	1,392,934
DUE FROM AFFILIATES	1,897,309	0	0	1,897,309
NOTE RECEIVABLE	5,149,792	0	0	5,149,792
PREPAID EXPENSES AND OTHER ASSETS, net	1,881,308	0	0	1,881,308

Total assets	$ 1,293,166,873	$ 212,283,975	$ 0	$ 1,505,450,848

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LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY

	Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. (e)	Pro Forma Adjustments — Recent Acquisitions — Other	Pro Forma Adjustments — Recent Acquisitions — Nokia Dallas	Pro Forma Total
LIABILITIES:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	$ 11,840,214	$ 14,830(a)	$ 0	$ 11,855,044
Notes payable	15,658,141	11,702,761(a)	0	27,360,902
Obligations under capital lease	22,000,000	0	0	22,000,000
Dividends payable	4,538,635	0	0	4,538,635
Due to affiliates	2,106,790	0	0	2,106,790
Deferred rental income	1,013,544	0	0	1,013,544
Total liabilities	57,157,324	11,717,591	0	68,874,915
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES				
MINORITY INTEREST OF UNIT HOLDER IN OPERATING PARTNERSHIP	200,000	0	0	200,000
SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY:				
Common shares, $.01 par value; 125,000,000 shares authorized, 145,589,053 shares issued and 144,366,772 outstanding at June 30, 2002	1,455,890	200,566(c)	0	1,656,456
Additional paid-in capital	1,290,858,515	200,365,818(c)	0	1,491,224,333
Cumulative distributions in excess of earnings	(43,991,669)	0	0	(43,991,669)
Treasury stock, at cost, 1,222,381 shares	(12,223,808)	0	0	(12,223,808)
Other comprehensive loss	(289,379)	0	0	(289,379)
Total shareholders equity	1,235,809,549	200,566,384	0	1,436,375,933
Total liabilities and shareholders equity	$ 1,293,166,873	$ 212,283,975	$ 0	$ 1,505,450,848

(a) Reflects Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. s purchase price for the land, building and liabilities assumed.

(b) Reflects deferred project costs applied to the land and building at approximately 4.07% of the purchase price.

(c) Reflects capital raised through issuance of additional shares subsequent to June 30, 2002 through Nokia Dallas acquisition date.

(d) Reflects deferred project costs capitalized as a result of additional capital raised described in note (c) above.

(e) Historical financial information derived from quarterly report on Form 10-Q.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

PRO FORMA STATEMENT OF INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2001

(Unaudited)

	Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc.(f)	Pro Forma Adjustments: 2001 Acquisitions	Pro Forma Adjustments: 2002 Acquisitions	Recent Acquisitions: Other	Recent Acquisitions: Nokia Dallas	Pro Forma Total
REVENUES:						
Rental income	$ 44,204,279	$ 11,349,076(a)	$ 14,846,431(a)	$ 4,020,112(a)	$ 12,518,628(a)	$ 86,938,526
Equity in income of joint ventures	3,720,959	1,111,850(b)	0	0	0	4,832,809
Interest income	1,246,064	0	0	0	0	1,246,064
Take out fee	137,500	0	0	0	0	137,500
	49,308,802	12,460,926	14,846,431	4,020,112	12,518,628	93,154,899
EXPENSES:						
Depreciation	15,344,801	5,772,761(c)	5,356,374(c)	1,584,975(c)	4,613,665(c)	32,672,576
Interest	3,411,210	0	0	0	0	3,411,210
Operating costs, net of reimbursements	4,128,883	2,854,275(d)	1,505,269(d)	5,452(d)	0	8,493,879
Management and leasing fees	2,507,188	510,708(e)	668,090(e)	180,904(e)	563,338(e)	4,430,228
General and administrative	973,785	0	0	0	0	973,785
Amortization of deferred financing costs	770,192	0	0	0	0	770,192
Legal and accounting	448,776	0	0	0	0	448,776
	27,584,835	9,137,744	7,529,733	1,771,331	5,177,003	51,200,646
NET INCOME	$ 21,723,967	$ 3,323,182	$ 7,316,698	$ 2,248,781	$ 7,341,625	$ 41,954,253
EARNINGS PER SHARE, basic and diluted	$ 0.43					$ 0.26
WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES, basic and diluted	50,520,853					164,423,411

(a) Rental income is recognized on a straight-line basis.

(b) Reflects Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. s equity in income of Wells XII-REIT Joint Venture related to the acquisition of the Comdata Building and equity in income of Wells XIII-REIT Joint Venture related to the acquisition of the AmeriCredit Building and the ADIC Building.

(c) Depreciation expense on the buildings is recognized using the straight-line method and a 25-year life.

(d) Consists of nonreimbursable operating expenses.

(e) Management and leasing fees are calculated at 4.5% of rental income.

(f) Historical financial information derived from annual report on Form 10-K.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

PRO FORMA STATEMENT OF INCOME

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

(Unaudited)

		Pro Forma Adjustments			
	Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc.(e)	2002 Acquisitions	Recent Acquisitions Other	Recent Acquisitions Nokia Dallas	Pro Forma Total
REVENUES:					
Rental income	$ 38,571,815	$ 7,307,774(a)	$ 2,652,335(a)	$ 6,259,314(a)	$ 54,791,238
Equity in income of joint ventures	2,478,686	0	0	0	2,478,686
Interest income	2,648,351	0	0	0	2,648,351
Take out fee	134,102	0	0	0	134,102
	43,832,954	7,307,774	2,652,335	6,259,314	60,052,377
EXPENSES:					
Depreciation	12,903,282	2,588,546(b)	963,740(b)	2,306,833(b)	18,762,401
Interest	880,002	0	0	0	880,002
Operating costs, net of reimbursements	2,063,997	300,018(c)	79,067(c)	0	2,443,082
Management and leasing fees	1,903,082	328,850(d)	119,355(d)	281,669(d)	2,632,956
General and administrative	1,121,457	0	0	0	1,121,457
Amortization of deferred financing costs	424,992	0	0	0	424,992
	19,296,812	3,217,414	1,162,162	2,588,502	26,264,890
NET INCOME	$ 24,536,142	$ 4,090,360	$ 1,490,173	$ 3,670,812	$ 33,787,487
EARNINGS PER SHARE, basic and diluted	$ 0.22				$ 0.21
WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES, basic and diluted	110,885,641				164,423,411

(a) Rental income is recognized on a straight-line basis.

(b) Depreciation expense on the buildings is recognized using the straight-line method and a 25-year life.

(c) Consists of nonreimbursable operating expenses.

(d) Management and leasing fees are calculated at 4.5% of rental income.

(e) Historical financial information derived from quarterly report on Form 10-Q.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

SUPPLEMENT NO. 3 DATED OCTOBER 15, 2002 TO THE PROSPECTUS

DATED JULY 26, 2002

This document supplements, and should be read in conjunction with, the prospectus of Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. dated July 26, 2002, as supplemented and amended by Supplement No. 1 dated August 14, 2002 and Supplement No. 2 dated August 29, 2002. When we refer to the prospectus in this supplement, we are also referring to any and all supplements to the prospectus. Unless otherwise defined in this supplement, capitalized terms used in this supplement shall have the same meanings as set forth in the prospectus.

The purpose of this supplement is to describe the following:

(1) Status of the offering of shares in Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. (Wells REIT);

(2) Revisions to the Description of Real Estate Investments section of the prospectus to describe the following real property acquisitions:

(A) Acquisition of a two-story office building and a one-story daycare facility in Holtsville, New York (IRS Long Island Buildings);

(B) Acquisition of a 14.74 acre tract of land and the build-to-suit construction of a three-story office building in Chandler, Arizona (AmeriCredit Phoenix Building);

(C) Acquisition of a four-story office building in Parsippany, New Jersey (KeyBank Parsippany Building);

(D) Acquisition of a one-story office building located in Indianapolis, Indiana (Allstate Indianapolis Building);

(E) Acquisition of a three-story office building located in Colorado Springs, Colorado (Federal Express Colorado Springs Building);

(F) Acquisition of a one-story office and distribution building in Des Moines, Iowa (EDS Des Moines Building);

(G) Acquisition of a two-story office building with a three-story wing located in Plano, Texas (Intuit Dallas Building); and

(H) Acquisition of a two-story office building in Westlake, Texas (Daimler Chrysler Dallas Building);

(3) Revisions to the Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations section of the prospectus;

(4) Status of the development of the Nissan Project;

(5) Audited financial statements relating to the Harcourt Austin Building, which acquisition was described in Supplement No. 2 dated August 29, 2002, the IRS Long Island Buildings and the KeyBank Parsippany Building; and

(6) Unaudited pro forma financial statements of the Wells REIT reflecting the acquisition of the Harcourt Austin Building, IRS Long Island Buildings, AmeriCredit Phoenix Property, KeyBank Parsippany Building, Allstate Indianapolis Building, Federal Express Colorado Springs Building, EDS Des Moines Building, Intuit Dallas Building and Daimler Chrysler Dallas Building.

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Status of the Offering

We commenced our initial public offering of common stock on January 30, 1998. Our initial public offering was terminated on December 19, 1999. We received approximately $132,181,919 in gross offering proceeds from the sale of 13,218,192 shares in our initial public offering. We commenced our second offering of common stock on December 20, 1999. Our second public offering was terminated on December 19, 2000. We received approximately $175,229,193 in gross offering proceeds from the sale of 17,522,919 shares in our second public offering. We commenced our third public offering of common stock on December 20, 2000. Our third public offering was terminated on July 26, 2002. We received approximately $1,282,976,865 in gross offering proceeds from the sale of 128,297,687 shares in our third public offering.

Pursuant to the prospectus, we commenced our fourth public offering of common stock on July 26, 2002. As of October 15, 2002, we had received additional gross proceeds of approximately $276,782,914 from the sale of approximately 27,678,291 shares in our fourth public offering.

Description of Properties

As of October 15, 2002, we had purchased interests in 67 real estate properties located in 22 states. Below are the descriptions of our recent real property acquisitions.

IRS Long Island Buildings

On September 16, 2002, Wells REIT-Holtsville, NY, LLC (REIT-Holtsville), a Georgia limited liability company wholly-owned by Wells Operating Partnership, L.P. (Wells OP), a Delaware limited partnership formed to acquire, own, lease and operate real properties on behalf of the Wells REIT, purchased a two-story office building (IRS Office Building) and a one-story daycare facility (IRS Daycare Facility) containing an aggregate 259,700 rentable square feet located in Holtsville, New York for a purchase price of $50,975,000, plus closing costs from HIRS Associates LLC (HIRS). HIRS is not in any way affiliated with the Wells REIT, Wells OP, REIT-Holtsville, or our advisor, Wells Capital, Inc.

The IRS Office Building was built in 2000 and is located at 5000 Corporate Court in Holtsville, New York on a 36.25-acre tract of land. The IRS Daycare Facility was built in 1999 and is located on a 1.87-acre tract of land located at 2 Corporate Drive in Holtsville, New York. The IRS Office Building is located in central Long Island in a campus setting. The property was developed as a flagship campus for the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) and is one of only eight processing and collection facilities in the country.

Approximately 191,050 of the aggregate rentable square feet of the IRS Long Island Buildings (74%) is currently leased to the United States of America (U.S.A.) through the U.S. General Services Administration (GSA) for occupancy by the IRS under three separate lease agreements for the processing & collection division of the IRS (IRS Collection), the compliance division of the IRS (IRS Compliance), and the IRS Daycare Facility. The GSA is a centralized federal procurement and property management agency which acquires office space, equipment, telecommunications, information technology, supplies and services for federal agencies such as the IRS.

REIT-Holtsville is negotiating for the remaining 26% of the IRS Long Island Buildings to be leased by the U.S.A. on behalf of the IRS or to another suitable tenant. If REIT-Holtsville should lease this space to the U.S.A. or another suitable tenant within 18 months, REIT-Holtsville would owe the seller an additional amount of up to $14,500,000 as additional purchase price for the IRS Long Island Buildings pursuant to the terms of an earnout agreement entered into between REIT-Holtsville and the seller at the closing.

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All three of the IRS leases are net leases (i.e., operating costs and maintenance costs are paid by the tenant) which include provisions that require the landlord and the property manager to comply with various employment related practices and other various laws typically required by government entities. Although we believe that the Wells REIT, Wells OP and REIT-Holtsville should be deemed exempt from these requirements, if a determination were made that these or other affiliated entities violated these lease provisions, the tenant has the right under each of the IRS leases to terminate the lease or to require compliance by the appropriate entities. REIT-Holtsville, as the landlord, is responsible for maintaining and repairing the roof, structural elements and mechanical systems of the IRS Long Island Buildings.

The IRS Collection lease, which encompasses 128,000 rentable square feet of the IRS Office Building, commenced in August 2000 and expires in August 2005. The current annual base rent payable under the IRS Collection lease is $5,029,380. The annual base rent payable under the IRS Collection lease for the remaining two years of the initial lease term will be $2,814,900. The U.S.A., at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for two additional five-year periods at annual rental rates of $4,209,869 and $4,999,219, respectively.

The IRS Compliance lease, which encompasses 50,949 rentable square feet of the IRS Office Building, commenced in December 2001 and expires in December 2011. The annual base rent payable under the IRS Compliance lease for the initial term of the lease is $1,663,200. The U.S.A., at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for one additional ten-year period at an annual rental rate of $2,217,600.

The IRS Daycare Facility lease, which encompasses the entire 12,100 rentable square feet of the IRS Daycare Facility, commenced in October 1999 and expires in September 2004. The annual base rent payable under the IRS Daycare Facility lease for the initial term of the lease is $486,799. The U.S.A., at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for two additional five-year periods at an annual rental rate of $435,600.

AmCap Management Corporation, an affiliate of HIRS, the seller of the property, will serve as the initial property manager of the IRS Long Island Buildings for a period of up to 18 months. AmCap Management Corporation is not in any way affiliated with the Wells REIT, Wells OP, REIT-Holtsville or our advisor. Prior to the expiration of the 18-month term of the property management agreement, REIT-Holtsville will be required to locate and hire a new property manager for the IRS Long Island Buildings.

The AmeriCredit Phoenix Property

On September 12, 2002, Wells OP purchased a 14.74 acre tract of land located in Chandler, Maricopa County, Arizona (AmeriCredit Phoenix Property (formerly referred to as AmeriCredit Arizona Property)) for $2,632,298, plus closing costs from Price & Germann Roads, L.L.C., an Arizona limited liability company (Price). Price is not in any way affiliated with the Wells REIT, Wells OP or our advisor.

Wells OP has entered into a development agreement and an owner-contractor agreement to construct a three-story office building containing 153,494 rentable square feet (AmeriCredit Phoenix Project) on the AmeriCredit Phoenix Property. Wells OP anticipates that the aggregate of all costs and expenses to be incurred with respect to the acquisition of the AmeriCredit Phoenix Property, and the planning, design, development, construction and completion of the AmeriCredit Phoenix Project will total approximately $24,700,000.

Development Agreement. Wells OP entered into a Development Agreement (Development Agreement) with ADEVCO Corporation, a Georgia corporation (Developer), as the exclusive development manager to supervise, manage and coordinate the planning, design, construction and completion of the AmeriCredit Phoenix Project. As compensation for the services to be rendered by the Developer under the Development

Agreement, Wells OP will pay a development fee payable ratably (on

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the basis of the percentage of construction completed) as the construction and development of the AmeriCredit Phoenix Project is completed.

Owner-Contractor Agreement. Wells OP entered into an Owner-Contractor Agreement (Construction Agreement) with Bovis Lend Lease, Inc. (Contractor) for the construction of the AmeriCredit Phoenix Project. The Contractor is a worldwide construction company with U.S. headquarters in New York. The Contractor provides services in a variety of sectors in the construction industry, including commercial, residential, industrial, pharmaceutical, sports and leisure, and retail and entertainment. The Contractor began construction in September 2002 of a three-story office building containing approximately 153,494 rentable square feet (AmeriCredit Phoenix Building).

The Construction Agreement provides that Wells OP will pay the Contractor a maximum of $10,398,274 for the construction of the AmeriCredit Phoenix Project which includes all estimated fees and costs, including the architect fees. The Contractor will be responsible for all costs of labor, materials, construction equipment and machinery necessary for completion of the AmeriCredit Phoenix Project. In addition, the Contractor will be required to secure and pay for any additional business licenses, tap fees and building permits which may be necessary for construction of the AmeriCredit Phoenix Project.

AmeriCredit Phoenix Lease. The AmeriCredit Phoenix Building will be leased entirely to AmeriCredit Financial Services, Inc. (AmeriCredit). AmeriCredit is wholly-owned by, and serves as the primary operating subsidiary for, AmeriCredit Corp., a Texas corporation whose common stock is publicly traded on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE). AmeriCredit Corp. is the guarantor of the lease. AmeriCredit is the world s largest independent middle-market automobile finance company. AmeriCredit purchases loans made by franchised and select independent dealers to consumers buying late model used and, to a lesser extent, new automobiles. AmeriCredit Corp. reported a net worth, as of December 31, 2001, of approximately $1.2 billion.

The AmeriCredit Phoenix lease is a net lease (i.e., operating costs and maintenance costs to be paid by the tenant) and will commence shortly after completion of construction of the AmeriCredit Phoenix Building, which we currently expect to occur in approximately March 2003. The AmeriCredit Phoenix lease expires 10 years and four months after lease commencement. AmeriCredit has the right to extend the initial term of this lease for two additional five-year terms at 95% of the then-current market rental rate. In addition, AmeriCredit may terminate the AmeriCredit Phoenix lease at the end of the 88th month by paying a $2,512,697 termination fee. Wells OP, as the landlord, will be responsible for maintaining the roof, foundation, structural walls, exterior windows, parking lot, driveways, and light poles.

As an inducement for Wells OP to enter into the AmeriCredit Phoenix lease, AmeriCredit has prepaid to Wells OP the first three years of base rent on the AmeriCredit Phoenix Building at a discounted amount equal to $4,827,945 rather than the amount of base rent that would otherwise have been payable ratably over the first three years of the lease term. Wells OP will be required to repay this prepaid rent or some portion thereof under certain circumstances described in the AmeriCredit Phoenix lease such as failure of Wells OP to substantially complete construction of the building in accordance with specifications by August 1, 2003, damage or destruction of the building, eminent domain taking of the property and failure of Wells OP to make required repairs to the building. Wells OP has obtained and delivered an irrevocable stand-by letter of credit from Bank of America, N.A. to AmeriCredit in the amount of the prepaid rent to secure Wells OP s obligation to repay the prepaid rent under these conditions.

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KeyBank Parsippany Building

On September 27, 2002, Wells OP purchased a four-story office building containing 404,515 rentable square feet located on a 19.06 acre tract of land in Parsippany, New Jersey (KeyBank Parsippany Building) for a purchase price of $101,350,000, plus closing costs from Two Gatehall Associates, L.L.C. (Gatehall) and Asset Preservation, Inc. (Asset). Neither Gatehall nor Asset are in any way affiliated with the Wells REIT, Wells OP or our advisor.

The Key Bank Parsippany Building was completed in 1985 and is located at Two Gatehall Drive in Parsippany, Morris County, New Jersey. The KeyBank Parsippany Building is leased to Key Bank U.S.A., N.A. (KeyBank) and Gemini Technology Services (Gemini).

KeyBank is a national banking association and a wholly-owned subsidiary of KeyCorp, the guarantor on the lease. KeyCorp, whose shares are traded on the NYSE, is a bank-based financial services company that provides investment management, retail and commercial banking, retirement, consumer finance, and investment banking products and services to individuals and companies throughout the United States and internationally. KeyCorp operates approximately 2,300 ATMs across the United States. KeyCorp reported a net worth, as of June 30, 2002, of approximately $6.6 billion.

The KeyBank lease covers 200,000 rentable square feet (49%) and is a net lease (i.e., operating costs and maintenance costs are paid by the tenant) which commenced in March 2001 and expires in February 2016. The current annual base rent payable under the KeyBank lease is $3,800,000. KeyBank, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for three additional five-year periods at the then-current market rental rate.

Gemini Technology Services is an information technology subsidiary of Deutsch Bank AG (Deutsch Bank). Deutsch Bank provides financial services around the world to individuals and institutional clients and serves more than 12 million customers in 75 countries worldwide.

The Gemini lease covers 204,515 rentable square feet (51%) and is a gross lease (i.e., operating costs and maintenance costs are the responsibility of the landlord) that commenced in December 2000 and expires in December 2013. The current annual base rent payable under the Gemini lease is $5,726,420. Gemini secured its obligations under the Gemini lease with a $35,000,000 irrevocable letter of credit, which amount decreases over time during the initial term of the Gemini lease. Gemini, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for three additional five-year periods at a rate equal to the greater of (1) the annual rent during the final year of the initial lease term, or (2) 95% of the then-current market rental rate.

Allstate Indianapolis Building

On September 27, 2002, Wells OP purchased a one-story office building containing 89,956 rentable square feet located on a 12.71 acre tract of land in Indianapolis, Indiana (Allstate Indianapolis Building) for a purchase price of $10,900,000, plus closing costs from Hartsfield Building, LLC (Hartsfield). In addition, at closing, Hartsfield assigned to Wells OP a purchase option agreement for the right to purchase an additional adjacent 2.38 acre tract of land for $249,000 on or before January 2007. Hartsfield is not in any way affiliated with the Wells REIT, Wells OP or our advisor.

The Allstate Indianapolis Building was completed in 2002 and is located at 5757 Decatur Blvd. in Indianapolis, Marion County, Indiana. The Allstate Indianapolis Building is leased to Allstate Insurance Company (Allstate) and Holladay Property Services Midwest, Inc. (Holladay).

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Allstate Corporation, the holding company for Allstate whose shares are traded on the NYSE, provides automobile, homeowner s, and life insurance throughout the United States, as well as numerous investment products, including retirement planning, annuities and mutual funds. Allstate Corporation reported a net worth, as of June 30, 2002, of approximately $17.2 billion.

The Allstate lease, a gross lease (i.e., operating costs and maintenance costs are paid by the landlord) which covers 84,200 rentable square feet (94%), commenced in March 2002 and expires in August 2012. The current annual base rent payable under the Allstate lease is $1,246,164. Allstate at its option has the right to (1) terminate the initial term of the Allstate lease at the end of the fifth lease year (August 2007) upon payment of a $385,000 fee, or (2) reduce its area of occupancy to not less than 20,256 rentable square feet, by providing written notice on or before August 2006. Allstate, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for two additional five-year periods at the then-current market rental rate. In addition, Allstate has a right of first refusal for the leasing of additional space in the Allstate Indianapolis Building. Wells OP, as the landlord, will be responsible for maintaining the exterior of the building, parking lots, driveways, roof and all structural parts of the building.

Holladay is a property management company that manages the Allstate Indianapolis Building from the site. The Holladay lease, a gross lease (i.e., operating costs and maintenance costs are paid by the landlord) which covers 5,756 rentable square feet (6%), commenced in October 2001 and expires in September 2006. The current annual base rent payable under the Holladay lease is $74,832.

Federal Express Colorado Springs Building

On September 27, 2002, Wells OP purchased a three-story office building containing 155,808 rentable square feet located on a 28.01 acre tract of land in Colorado Springs, Colorado (Federal Express Colorado Springs Building) for a purchase price of $26,000,000, plus closing costs from KDC-CO I Investment Limited Partnership (KDC). KDC is not in any way affiliated with the Wells REIT, Wells OP or our advisor.

The Federal Express Colorado Springs Building was completed in 2001 and is located at 350 Spectrum Loop in Colorado Springs, El Paso County, Colorado. The Federal Express Colorado Springs Building is leased entirely to Federal Express Corporation (Federal Express). The Federal Express lease is a net lease (i.e., operating costs and maintenance costs are paid by the tenant) which commenced in July 2001 and expires in October 2016. Federal Express, whose shares are traded on the NYSE, provides transportation, e-commerce and supply chain management services in over 210 countries through its numerous subsidiaries.

Since the Federal Express Colorado Springs Building is leased to a single tenant on a long-term basis under a net lease that transfers substantially all of the operating costs to the tenant, we believe that financial information about Federal Express is more relevant to investors than financial statements of the property acquired.

Federal Express currently files its financial statements in reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), and the following summary financial data regarding Federal Express is taken from its previously filed public reports:

	FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED		
	MAY 31, 2002	MAY 31, 2001	MAY 31, 2000

		(IN MILLIONS)	
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS:			
Revenues	$ 15,327	$ 15,534	$ 15,068
Operating Income	$ 811	$ 847	$ 900
Net Income	$ 443	$ 499	$ 510

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	MAY 31, 2002	MAY 31, 2001
	(IN MILLIONS)	
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET DATA:		
Total Assets	$ 9,949	$ 9,623
Long-Term Debt	$ 851	$ 852
Stockholders Equity	$ 4,673	$ 4,248

For more detailed financial information regarding Federal Express, please refer to the financial statements of Federal Express Corporation, which are publicly available with the SEC at http://www.sec.gov.

The current annual base rent payable under the Federal Express lease is $2,248,309. Federal Express, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for four additional five-year periods at 90% of the then-current market rental rate. In addition, Federal Express has an expansion option under its lease pursuant to which Wells OP would be required to construct an additional office building. Wells OP has agreed to allow Koll Development Company, LLC (Koll Development), an affiliate of the seller of the property, to develop such expansion provided that Wells OP shall have the right of first refusal to purchase such expansion property within three years after completion. Koll Development is not in any way affiliated with the Wells REIT, Wells OP or our advisor.

Wells OP, as the landlord, will be responsible for maintaining the roof, foundation, exterior walls, structural components of the parking areas, drives and sidewalks and the underground utilities of the Federal Express Colorado Springs Building. In addition, Wells OP is responsible for the capital replacements of the mechanical and electrical systems for the Federal Express Colorado Springs Building.

EDS Des Moines Building

On September 27, 2002, Wells OP purchased from KDC-EDS Des Moines Investments, LLC (KDC-EDS), Koll Development and Koll Corporate Development I-Iowa, L.P. (Koll Corporate) all of the partnership interests in KDC-EDS Des Moines Investment Limited Partnership, a Texas limited partnership, which owns a one-story office and distribution building containing 115,000 rentable square feet of office space and 290,000 rentable square feet of warehouse space located on a 27.97 acre tract of land in Des Moines, Iowa (EDS Des Moines Building) for a purchase price of $26,500,000, plus closing costs. Neither KDC-EDS, Koll Development nor Koll Corporate are in any way affiliated with the Wells REIT, Wells OP or our advisor.

The EDS Des Moines Building was completed in 2002 and is located at 3600 Army Post Road in Des Moines, Polk County, Iowa. The EDS Des Moines Building is leased entirely to EDS Information Services L.L.C. (EDS), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Electronic Data Systems Corporation (EDS Corp). EDS Corp is the guarantor of the EDS lease. The EDS lease is a net lease (i.e., operating costs and maintenance costs are paid by the tenant) which commenced in May 2002 and expires in April 2012. EDS Corp, whose shares are traded on the NYSE, is a global information technology services company with services ranging from computer support to server management to web hosting. EDS Corp operates in 60 countries worldwide.

Since the EDS Des Moines Building is leased to a single tenant on a long-term basis under a net lease that transfers substantially all of the operating costs to the tenant, we believe that financial information about EDS Corp, the guarantor of the EDS lease, is more relevant to investors than financial statements of the property acquired.

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EDS Corp currently files its financial statements in reports filed with the SEC, and the following summary financial data regarding EDS Corp is taken from its previously filed public reports:

	FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED		
	DECEMBER 31, 2001	DECEMBER 31, 2000	DECEMBER 31, 1999
		(IN MILLIONS)	
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS:			
Revenues	$ 21,543	$ 19,227	$ 18,732
Operating Income	$ 2,096	$ 1,818	$ 473
Net Income	$ 1,363	$ 1,143	$ 421

	DECEMBER 31, 2001	DECEMBER 31, 2000
	(IN MILLIONS)	
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET DATA:		
Total Assets	$ 16,353	$ 12,692
Long-Term Debt	$ 4,692	$ 2,585
Stockholders Equity	$ 6,446	$ 5,139

For more detailed financial information regarding EDS Corp, please refer to the financial statements of Electronic Data Systems Corporation, which are publicly available with the SEC at http://www.sec.gov.

The current annual base rent payable under the EDS lease is $2,389,500. EDS, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for two additional five-year periods at the then-current market rental rate. In addition, EDS has an expansion option under its lease for up to an additional 100,000 rentable square feet. Wells OP, as the landlord, is responsible for maintaining the roof, foundation, exterior walls, plumbing and electrical lines for the EDS Des Moines Building.

Intuit Dallas Building

On September 27, 2002, Wells OP purchased a two-story office building with a three-story wing containing 166,238 rentable square feet located on a 10.7 acre tract of land in Plano, Texas (Intuit Dallas Building) for a purchase price of $26,500,000, plus closing costs from KDC-TX I Investment Limited Partnership (KDC-TX). KDC-TX is not in any way affiliated with the Wells REIT, Wells OP or our advisor.

The Intuit Dallas Building was completed in 2001 and is located at 5601 Headquarters Drive in Plano, Collin County, Texas. The Intuit Dallas Building is leased entirely to Lacerte Software Corporation (Lacerte), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Intuit, Inc. (Intuit). Intuit is the guarantor of the Lacerte lease. The Lacerte lease is a net lease (i.e., operating costs and maintenance costs are paid by the tenant) which commenced in July 2001 and expires in June 2011.

Lacerte is a tax software development company that offers a variety of tax software products and customer support services. Intuit, whose shares are traded on the NASDAQ, provides small business, tax preparation and personal finance software products and Web-based services that simplify complex financial tasks for consumers, small businesses and accounting professionals.

Since the Intuit Dallas Building is leased to a single tenant on a long-term basis under a net lease that transfers substantially all of the operating costs to the tenant, we believe that financial information about the guarantor of the lease, Intuit, is more relevant to investors than financial statements of the property acquired.

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Intuit currently files its financial statements in reports filed with the SEC, and the following summary financial data regarding Intuit is taken from its previously filed public reports:

	FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED		
	JULY 31, 2002	JULY 31, 2001	JULY 31, 2000
	(IN MILLIONS)		
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS:			
Revenues	$ 1,358	$ 1,148	$ 1,037
Income (Loss) from Continuing Operations	$ 59	$ (74)	$ 9
Net Income (Loss)	$ 140	$ (83)	$ 306

	JULY 31, 2002	JULY 31, 2001
	(IN MILLIONS)	
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET DATA:		
Total Assets	$ 2,963	$ 2,862
Long-Term Debt	$ 15	$ 12
Stockholders Equity	$ 2,216	$ 2,161

For more detailed financial information regarding Intuit, please refer to the financial statements of Intuit, Inc., which are publicly available with the SEC at http://www.sec.gov.

The current annual base rent payable under the Lacerte lease is $2,461,985. Lacerte, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for two additional five-year periods at rental rates of $17.92 per square foot and $19.71 per square foot, respectively. In addition, Lacerte has an expansion option through November 2004 pursuant to which Wells OP would be required to purchase an additional 19-acre tract of land and to construct up to an approximately 600,000 rentable square foot building thereon. Wells OP has agreed to allow Koll Development, an affiliate of KDC-TX, the seller of the property, to develop any such expansion. Wells OP, as the landlord, is responsible for maintaining the structural elements of the building, including the parking deck, roof, building facade, foundation, load bearing walls and building and utility systems for the Intuit Dallas Building.

Daimler Chrysler Dallas Building

On September 30, 2002, Wells OP purchased from Hillwood Operating, L.P. (Hillwood) and ABI Commercial L.P. (ABI) all of the partnership interests in CT Corporate Center No. 1, L.P. (CT), a Texas limited partnership, which owns a two-story office building containing 130,290 rentable square feet located in Westlake, Texas (Daimler Chrysler Dallas Building) for a purchase price of $25,100,000, plus closing costs. Neither Hillwood nor ABI are in any way affiliated with the Wells REIT, Wells OP or our advisor.

The Daimler Chrysler Dallas Building was completed in 2001 and is located at 2050 Roanoke Road in Westlake, Tarrant County, Texas. The Daimler Chrysler Dallas Building is leased entirely to Daimler Chrysler Services North America LLC (Daimler Chrysler NA). Daimler Chrysler NA is a wholly owned subsidiary of DaimlerChrysler AG (DaimlerChrysler). DaimlerChrysler is one of the world s leading automotive, transportation and services companies and has over 50 operating plants worldwide.

The Daimler Chrysler NA lease is a gross lease (i.e., operating costs and maintenance costs are paid by the landlord) which commenced in January 2002 and expires in December 2011. The current annual base rent payable under the Daimler Chrysler NA lease is $3,189,499. Daimler Chrysler NA, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for three additional five-year periods at 98% of the then-current market rental rate. In addition, Daimler Chrysler NA has an expansion option for up to an additional 70,000 rentable square feet and a right of first offer if Wells OP desires to sell the Daimler Chrysler Dallas Building during the term of the lease. Wells OP, as the landlord, is responsible for maintaining the roof, foundation, and structural members of the exterior walls of the building, trash

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removal, janitorial and window-washing services, pest control, landscaping maintenance, water, lighting and passenger elevator service for the Daimler Chrysler Dallas Building.

Property Management Fees

Wells Management Company, Inc. (Wells Management), an affiliate of the Wells REIT and our advisor, will be paid management and leasing fees in the amount of up to 4.5% of gross revenues from the AmeriCredit Phoenix Building, the KeyBank Parsippany Building, the Allstate Indianapolis Building, the Federal Express Colorado Springs Building, the EDS Des Moines Building, the Intuit Dallas Building and the Daimler Chrysler Dallas Building subject to certain limitations. In addition, Wells Management will receive a one-time initial lease-up fee relating to the leasing of the AmeriCredit Phoenix Building equal to one month s rent estimated to be approximately $207,000.

Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following information should be read in conjunction with the Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations section beginning on page 101 of the prospectus, as supplemented by Supplement No. 1 dated August 14, 2002 and Supplement No. 2 dated August 29, 2002.

We commenced our initial public offering of common stock on January 30, 1998. Our initial public offering was terminated on December 19, 1999. We received approximately $132,181,919 in gross offering proceeds from the sale of 13,218,192 shares in our initial public offering. We commenced our second offering of common stock on December 20, 1999. Our second public offering was terminated on December 19, 2000. We received approximately $175,229,193 in gross offering proceeds from the sale of 17,522,919 shares in our second public offering. We commenced our third public offering of common stock on December 20, 2000. Our third public offering was terminated on July 26, 2002. We received approximately $1,282,976,865 in gross offering proceeds from the sale of 128,297,687 shares in our third public offering.

Pursuant to the prospectus, we commenced our fourth public offering of common stock on July 26, 2002. As of October 15, 2002, we had received additional gross proceeds of approximately $276,782,914 from the sale of approximately 27,678,291 shares in our fourth public offering. Accordingly, as of October 15, 2002, we had received aggregate gross offering proceeds of approximately $1,876,226,258 from the sale of approximately 187,622,626 shares in all of our public offerings. After payment of $65,068,579 in acquisition and advisory fees and acquisition expenses, payment of $208,356,782 in selling commissions and organization and offering expenses, and common stock redemptions of $17,123,992 pursuant to our share redemption program, as of October 15, 2002, we had raised aggregate net offering proceeds available for investment in properties of $1,585,676,905, out of which $1,400,791,370 had been invested in real estate properties, and $184,885,535 remained available for investment in real estate properties.

Status of the Nissan Project

As of September 30, 2002, Wells OP had expended $24,226,880 towards the construction of the three-story approximately 268,290 rentable square foot office building in Irving, Texas. The Nissan Project is approximately 47% complete and is currently expected to be completed in February 2003. We estimate that the aggregate cost and expenses to be incurred by Wells OP with respect to the acquisition and construction of the Nissan Project will total approximately $41,855,600, which is within the budgeted amount for the property.

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Financial Statements

Audited Financial Statements

The statements of revenues over certain operating expenses of the Harcourt Austin Building, the IRS Long Island Buildings and the KeyBank Parsippany Building for the year ended December 31, 2001, which are included in this supplement, have been audited by Ernst & Young LLP, independent auditors, as set forth in their reports appearing elsewhere herein, and are included in reliance upon such reports given on the authority of such firm as experts in accounting and auditing.

Unaudited Financial Statements

The statements of revenues over certain operating expenses of the Harcourt Austin Building, the IRS Long Island Buildings and the KeyBank Parsippany Building for the six months ended June 30, 2002, which are included in this supplement, have not been audited.

The pro forma balance sheet of the Wells REIT, as of June 30, 2002, the pro forma statement of income for the year ended December 31, 2001, and the pro forma statement of income for the six months ended June 30, 2002, which are included in this supplement, have not been audited.

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Report of Independent Auditors

Shareholders and Board of Directors

Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statement of revenues over certain operating expenses of the Harcourt Austin Building (the Building) for the year ended December 31, 2001. This statement is the responsibility of the Building s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the statement of revenues over certain operating expenses is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the statement of revenues over certain operating expenses. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the statement of revenues over certain operating expenses. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying statement of revenues over certain operating expenses was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission, as described in Note 2, and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Building s revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the statement of revenues over certain operating expenses referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the revenues and certain operating expenses described in Note 2 of the Harcourt Austin Building for the year ended December 31, 2001 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

Atlanta, Georgia

October 21, 2002

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Harcourt Austin Building

Statements of Revenues Over Certain Operating Expenses

For the year ended December 31, 2001 and the six months ended June 30, 2002 (unaudited)

	2002	2001
	(Unaudited)	
Rental revenues	$ 1,770,085	$ 1,770,085
Operating expenses, net of reimbursements	64,780	67,131
Revenues over certain operating expenses	$ 1,705,305	$ 1,702,954

See accompanying notes.

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Harcourt Austin Building

Notes to Statements of Revenues Over Certain Operating Expenses

For the year ended December 31, 2001 and the six months ended June 30, 2002 (unaudited)

1. ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Description of Real Estate Property Acquired

On August 15, 2002, the Wells Operating Partnership, L.P. (Wells OP) acquired the Harcourt Austin Building from Carr Development & Construction, LP (Carr). Wells OP is a Delaware limited partnership formed to acquire, own, lease, operate, and manage real properties on behalf of Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc., a Maryland corporation. As the sole general partner of Wells OP, Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. possesses full legal control and authority over the operations of Wells OP.

Harcourt, Inc. (Harcourt) currently occupies the entire 195,230 rentable square feet of the seven-story office building under a lease agreement (the Harcourt Lease). Harcourt is a Delaware corporation owned equally by Reed Elsevier PLC and Reed Elsevier NV whose shares are traded on the New York Stock Exchange. Carr s interest in the Harcourt Lease was assigned to Wells OP upon acquisition of the building. The initial term of the Harcourt Lease commenced in July 2001 and expires in June 2016. Under the Harcourt Lease, Harcourt is required to pay, as additional rent, all operating costs, including but not limited to electricity, water, sewer, insurance, taxes and a management fee not to exceed 3.5% of rent. Furthermore, Harcourt will be required to reimburse the landlord for costs of capital improvements that are intended to reduce operating costs or improve safety and any replacement or capital repairs to the Building s HVAC systems. Wells OP will be responsible for maintaining and repairing the Building s roof, structural elements and mechanical systems.

Rental Revenues

Rental income is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. The accompanying statements of revenues over certain operating expenses include rental revenues from the date of commencement of the Harcourt Lease in July 2001.

2. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying statements of revenues over certain operating expenses are presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States and in accordance with the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission for real estate properties acquired. Accordingly, these statements exclude certain historical expenses that are not comparable to the proposed future operations of the property such as depreciation and interest. Therefore, these statements are not comparable to the statement of operations of the

Harcourt Austin Building after its acquisition by Wells OP.

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Notes to Statements of Revenues Over Certain Operating Expenses

(Continued)

3. FUTURE MINIMUM RENTAL COMMITMENTS

Future minimum rental commitments for the years ended December 31 are as follows:

2002	$ 3,104,157
2003	3,104,157
2004	3,104,157
2005	3,104,157
2006	3,314,029
Thereafter	35,819,824
	$ 51,550,481

4. INTERIM UNAUDITED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The financial statement for the six months ended June 30, 2002 is unaudited, however in the the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting solely of normal, recurring adjustments) necessary for the fair presentation of the financial statement for the interim period have been included. The results of the interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results to be obtained for a full fiscal year.

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Report of Independent Auditors

Shareholders and Board of Directors

Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statement of revenues over certain operating expenses of the IRS Long Island Buildings (the Buildings) for the year ended December 31, 2001. This statement is the responsibility of the Buildings management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the statement of revenues over certain operating expenses is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the statement of revenues over certain operating expenses. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the statement of revenues over certain operating expenses. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying statement of revenues over certain operating expenses was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission, as described in Note 2, and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Buildings revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the statement of revenues over certain operating expenses referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the revenues and certain operating expenses described in Note 2 of the IRS Long Island Buildings for the year ended December 31, 2001 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

Atlanta, Georgia

September 26, 2002

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IRS Long Island Buildings

Statements of Revenues Over Certain Operating Expenses

Year ended December 31, 2001 and the six months ended June 30, 2002 (unaudited)

	2002	2001
	(Unaudited)	
Rental revenues	$ 3,106,658	$ 4,665,840
Operating expenses, net of reimbursements	641,803	745,258
Revenues over certain operating expenses	$ 2,464,855	$ 3,920,582

See accompanying notes.

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IRS Long Island Buildings

Notes to Statements of Revenues Over Certain Operating Expenses

Year ended December 31, 2001 and the six months ended June 30, 2002 (unaudited)

1. ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Description of Real Estate Property Acquired

On September 13, 2002, Wells REIT Holtsville, NY, LLC (the Company) acquired the IRS Long Island Buildings (the Buildings) from HIRS Associates, LLC (HIRS). The Company, a Georgia limited liability company, was created on September 10, 2002 by the Wells Operating Partnership, L.P. (Wells OP) as the sole member of the Company. Wells OP is a Delaware limited partnership formed to acquire, own, lease, operate, and manage real properties on behalf of Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc., a Maryland corporation. As the sole general partner of Wells OP, Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. possesses full legal control and authority over the operations of Wells OP.

The United States of America, through the U.S. General Services Administration (GSA), currently leases 191,049 of the total 259,700 rentable square feet on behalf of the Internal Revenue Service under three leases (the IRS Collection Lease , the IRS Compliance Lease and the IRS Daycare Facility Lease , collectively, the IRS Leases). The GSA is a centralized federal procurement and property management agency created by Congress to improve government efficiency and effectiveness. GSA acquires on the government s behalf, the office space, equipment, telecommunications, information technology, supplies and services they need to achieve their agency s mission of services to the public. HIRS s interests in the GSA Leases were assigned to Wells OP upon acquisition of the Buildings. The IRS Collection Lease commenced in August 2000 and expires in August 2005. The IRS Compliance Lease commenced in December 2001 and expires in December 2011. The IRS Daycare Facility Lease commenced in October 1999 and expires in September 2004. Under the IRS Leases, beginning in the second lease year and each year after, the tenant will pay, as adjusted rent, changes in costs from the first lease year for cleaning services, supplies, materials, maintenance, trash removal, landscaping, sewer charges and certain administrative expenses attributable to occupancy. The amount of the adjustment will be computed using the Cost of Living Index. Wells OP will be responsible for maintaining and repairing the Buildings roof, structural elements and mechanical systems.

If the Company secures an additional lease with the IRS or another suitable tenant for the remaining 68,651 square feet of vacant space in the Buildings within 18 months, the Company would owe an additional amount of up to $14,500,000 as additional purchase price for the Buildings pursuant to the terms of an earnout agreement entered into between the Company and HIRS at closing.

Rental Revenues

Rental income is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

2. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying statements of revenues over certain operating expenses are presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States and in accordance with the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission for real estate properties acquired.

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Notes to Statements of Revenues Over Certain Operating Expenses

(Continued)

Accordingly, these statements exclude certain historical expenses that are not comparable to the proposed future operations of the property such as depreciation, interest, and management fees. Therefore, these statements are not comparable to the statement of operations of the Buildings after its acquisition by Wells OP.

3. FUTURE MINIMUM RENTAL COMMITMENTS

Future minimum rental commitments for the years ended December 31 are as follows:

2002	$ 6,761,367
2003	6,256,896
2004	4,843,722
2005	3,305,530
2006	1,663,200
Thereafter	8,316,000
	$ 31,146,715

4. INTERIM UNAUDITED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The financial statement for the six months ended June 30, 2002 is unaudited, however in the the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting solely of normal, recurring adjustments) necessary for the fair presentation of the financial statement for the interim period have been included. The results of the interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results to be obtained for a full fiscal year.

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Report of Independent Auditors

Board of Directors and Stockholders

Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statement of revenues over certain operating expenses of the KeyBank Parsippany Building (the Building) for the year ended December 31, 2001. This statement is the responsibility of the Building s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the statement of revenues over certain operating expenses is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the statement of revenues over certain operating expenses. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the statement of revenues over certain operating expenses. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying statement of revenues over certain operating expenses was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission, as described in Note 2, and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Building s revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the statement of revenues over certain operating expenses referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the revenues and certain operating expenses described in Note 2 of the KeyBank Parsippany Building for the year ended December 31, 2001, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

New York, New York

January 31, 2002

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KeyBank Parsippany

Statements of Revenues Over Certain Operating Expenses

(Amounts in thousands)

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2002	Year Ended December 31, 2001
	(Unaudited)	
Revenues:		
Base rent	$ 5,089	$ 9,421
Tenant reimbursements	1,117	1,833
Total revenues	6,206	11,254
Operating expenses	1,522	3,159
Revenues over certain operating expenses	$ 4,684	$ 8,095

See accompanying notes.

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KeyBank Parsippany

Notes to Statements of Revenues Over Certain Operating Expenses

For the year ended December 31, 2001 and the six months ended

June 30, 2002 (Unaudited)

(Amounts in thousands)

1. ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Description of Real Estate Property Acquired

On September 27, 2002, the Wells Operating Partnership acquired the KeyBank Parsippany Building (the Building), a 404,515 square foot office building in Parsippany, New Jersey, from Two Gatehall Acquisition, L.L.C. and Asset Preservation, Inc. (collectively the Seller).

At December 31, 2001, the Building was 100% leased to two tenants, Exodus Communications, Inc. (Exodus) and KeyBank USA National Association, under operating leases that were both executed in 2000. Both operating leases expire over the next 15 years.

Exodus filed bankruptcy in 2001. On January 17, 2002, the Exodus lease was assigned to Gemini Technology Services, Inc., an affiliate of Deutsche Bank, AG. Deutsche Bank, AG assumed all of the obligations of Exodus under the lease.

The lease agreements provide for certain reimbursements of real estate taxes, insurance and certain common area maintenance costs.

Revenue Recognition

Rental revenue is recognized on a straight-line basis over the initial term of the lease. The excess of rents so recognized over amounts contractually due pursuant to the underlying leases for the six months ended June 30, 2002 and the year ended December 31, 2001 was $326 (unaudited) and $3,279, respectively. Such amounts are included in rental and reimbursement revenues in the accompanying financial statements.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying statements of revenues over certain operating expenses are presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States and in accordance with the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission for real estate properties acquired. Accordingly, these statements exclude certain historical expenses that are not comparable to the proposed future operations of the Building such as depreciation and interest.

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3. LEASE AGREEMENTS

The minimum rental receipts due on the noncancelable operating leases as of December 31, 2001 are as follows:

2002	$ 9,526
2003	9,526
2004	9,526
2005	9,526
2006	10,464
Thereafter	88,139
	$ 136,707

Reimbursement revenue was $1,117 (unaudited) and $1,833 for the six months ended June 30, 2002 and the year ended December 31, 2001, respectively.

4. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Pursuant to a management agreement, an affiliate of the Seller has responsibilities of property management and leasing of the Building.

5. INTERIM UNAUDITED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The financial statement for the six months ended June 30, 2002 is unaudited, however, in the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting solely of normal, recurring adjustments) necessary for the fair presentation of the financial statement for the interim period have been included. The results of the interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results to be obtained for a full fiscal year.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

SUMMARY OF UNAUDITED PRO FORMA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This pro forma information should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes of Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. included in its annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001 and quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2002. In addition, this pro forma information should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes of certain acquired properties included in various Form 8-Ks previously filed.

The following unaudited pro forma balance sheet as of June 30, 2002 has been prepared to give effect to the third quarter 2002 acquisitions of the ISS Atlanta Buildings, the PacifiCare San Antonio Building, the Kerr McGee Property, the BMG Greenville Buildings, the Kraft Atlanta Building, the Nokia Dallas Buildings (the Other Recent Acquisitions), the Harcourt Austin Building, the AmeriCredit Phoenix Property, the IRS Long Island Buildings, the KeyBank Parsippany Building, the Allstate Indianapolis Building, the Federal Express Colorado Springs Building, the EDS Des Moines Building, the Intuit Dallas Building and the Daimler Chrysler Dallas Building (collectively, the Recent Acquisitions) by Wells OP as if the acquisitions occurred on June 30, 2002.

The following unaudited pro forma statement of income for the six months ended June 30, 2002 has been prepared to give effect to the first and second quarter 2002 acquisitions of the Arthur Andersen Building, the Transocean Houston Building, Novartis Atlanta Building, the Dana Corporation Buildings, the Travelers Express Denver Buildings, the Agilent Atlanta Building, the BellSouth Ft. Lauderdale Building, the Experian/TRW Buildings, the Agilent Boston Building, the TRW Denver Building, the MFS Phoenix Building (collectively, the 2002 Acquisitions) and the Recent Acquisitions as if the acquisitions occurred on January 1, 2001. The Kerr McGee Property and the AmeriCredit Phoenix Property had no operations during the six months ended June 30, 2002.

The following unaudited pro forma statement of income for the year ended December 31, 2001 has been prepared to give effect to the 2001 acquisitions of the Comdata Building, the AmeriCredit Building, the State Street Bank Building, the IKON Buildings, the Ingram Micro Building, the Lucent Building, the ADIC Buildings, the Convergys Building, the Windy Point Buildings (collectively, the 2001 Acquisitions), the 2002 Acquisitions and the Recent Acquisitions as if the acquisitions occurred on January 1, 2001. The Nissan Property, the Travelers Express Denver Buildings, the Kerr McGee Property, the AmeriCredit Phoenix Property and the EDS Des Moines Building had no operations during 2001.

Wells OP is a Delaware limited partnership that was organized to own and operate properties on behalf of the Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc., a Maryland corporation. As the sole general partner of Wells OP, Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. possesses full legal control and authority over the operations of Wells OP. Accordingly, the accounts of Wells OP are consolidated with the accompanying pro forma financial statements of Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc.

These unaudited pro forma financial statements are prepared for informational purposes only and are not necessarily indicative of future results or of actual results that would have been achieved had the acquisitions of the 2001 Acquisitions, 2002 Acquisitions and the Recent Acquisitions been consummated as of January 1, 2001.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

PRO FORMA BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2002

(Unaudited)

ASSETS

	Pro Forma Adjustments									
	Recent Acquisitions									
Real ate ment Inc.(i)	Other	Harcourt Austin	AmeriCredit Phoenix	IRS Long Island	KeyBank Parsippany	Allstate Indianapolis	Federal Express Colorado Springs	EDS Des Moines	Intuit Dallas	Da Ch D
330,449	$ 20,288,044(a)	$ 5,860,000(a)	$ 2,671,324(a)	$ 4,200,000(a)	$ 8,700,000(a)	$ 1,275,000(a)	$ 2,100,000(a)	$ 850,000(a)	$ 3,030,000(a)	$ 2,
	825,675(b)	238,488(b)	108,717(b)	174,724(b)	353,694(b)	51,753(b)	85,465(b)	34,593(b)	123,314(b)	
490,969	195,198,843(a)	33,143,323(a)	0	46,287,120(a)	92,943,893(a)	9,679,933(a)	23,987,714(a)	25,727,376(a)	23,639,654(a)	22,
	7,944,138(b)	1,348,856(b)	0	1,925,583(b)	3,778,591(b)	392,914(b)	976,244(b)	1,047,044(b)	962,079(b)	
081,841	379,901(a)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
903,259	224,636,601	40,590,667	2,780,041	52,587,427	105,776,178	11,399,600	27,149,423	27,659,013	27,755,047	26,
909,775	(203,990,460)(a)	(39,003,323)(a)	(2,671,324)(a)	(51,454,530)(a)	(101,643,893)(a)	(10,954,933)(a)	(26,087,714)(a)	(26,577,376)(a)	(26,669,654)(a)	25,
	365,329,012(c)		4,827,945(h)							
	(12,786,515)(e)									
217,870	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
000,000	32,500,000(e)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
709,104	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
790,608	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

314,914	(8,769,813)(b) 12,786,515(e)	(1,587,344)(b)	(108,717)(b)	(2,100,307)(b)	(4,132,285)(b)	(444,667)(b)	(1,061,709)(b)	(1,081,637)(b)	(1,085,393)(b)	(1,
392,934	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
397,309	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
149,792	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
381,308	0	0	0	967,410(g)	0	0	0	0	0	
166,873	$ 409,705,340	$ 0	$ 4,827,945	$ 0	$ 0	$ 0	$ 0	$ 0	$ 0	$

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LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY

	Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. (i)	Pro Forma Adjustments										
			Recent Acquisitions									
		Other	Harcourt Austin	AmeriCredit Phoenix	IRS Long Island	KeyBank Parsippany	Allstate Indianapolis	Federal Express Colorado Springs	EDS Des Moines	Intuit Dallas	Daimler Chrysler Dallas	Pro Forma Total
LIABILITIES:												
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	$ 11,840,214	$ 173,567(a)	$ 0	$ 0	$ 0	$ 0	$ 0	$ 0	$ 0	$ 0	$ 44,240(a)	$ 12,058,021
Notes payable	15,658,141	11,702,761(a)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	27,360,902
Obligations under capital lease	22,000,000	32,500,000(f)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	54,500,000
Dividends payable	4,538,635	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4,538,635
Due to affiliates	2,106,790	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,106,790
Deferred rental income	1,013,544	0	0	4,827,945(h)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5,841,489
Total liabilities	57,157,324	44,376,328	0	4,827,945	0	0	0	0	0	0	44,240	106,405,837
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES												
MINORITY INTEREST OF UNIT HOLDER IN OPERATING PARTNERSHIP	200,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	200,000
SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY:												
Common shares, $.01 par value; 125,000,000 shares authorized, 145,589,053 shares issued and 144,366,772 outstanding at June 30, 2002	1,455,890	365,329(c)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,821,219
Additional paid-in capital	1,290,858,515	364,963,683(c)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,655,822,198
Cumulative distributions in excess of earnings	(43,991,669)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(43,991,669)
Treasury stock, at cost, 1,222,381 shares	(12,223,808)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(12,223,808)
Other comprehensive loss	(289,379)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(289,379)
Total shareholders equity	1,235,809,549	365,329,012	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,601,138,561
Total liabilities and shareholders equity	$ 1,293,166,873	$ 409,705,340	$ 0	$ 4,827,945	$ 0	$ 0	$ 0	$ 0	$ 0	$ 0	$ 44,240	$ 1,707,744,398

(a) Reflects Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. s purchase price for the land, building and liabilities assumed.

(b) Reflects deferred project costs applied to the land and building at approximately 4.07% of the cash paid for purchase.

(c) Reflects capital raised through issuance of additional shares subsequent to June 30, 2002 through Daimler Chrysler acquisition date.

(d) Reflects deferred project costs capitalized as a result of additional capital raised described in note (c) above.

(e) Reflects investment in bonds for which 100% of the principal balance becomes payable on December 1, 2015.

(f) Reflects mortgage note secured by the Deed of Trust to the ISS Atlanta Buildings for which 100% of the principal balance becomes payable on December 1, 2015.

(g) Reflects portion of purchase price placed in escrow to ensure completion of seller repairs.

(h) Reflects prepaid rent received for the three years of the AmeriCredit lease agreement.

(i) Historical financial information derived from quarterly report on Form 10-Q.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

PRO FORMA STATEMENT OF INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2001

(Unaudited)

	Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. (f)	Pro Forma Adjustments										
				Recent Acquisitions								
		2001 Acquisitions	2002 Acquisitions	Other	Harcourt Austin	IRS Long Island	KeyBank Parsippany	Allstate Indianapolis	Federal Express Colorado Springs	Intuit Dallas	Daimler Chrysler Dallas	Pr
ES:												
ome	$ 44,204,279	$ 11,349,076(a)	$ 14,846,431(a)	$ 20,937,018(a)	$ 1,770,085(a)	$ 4,605,406(a)	$ 9,650,085(a)	$ 18,708(a)	$ 1,210,670(a)	$ 1,292,500(a)	$ 284,617(a)	$ 11
joint	3,720,959	1,111,850(b)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
come	1,246,064	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ee	137,500	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	49,308,802	12,460,926	14,846,431	20,937,018	1,770,085	4,605,406	9,650,085	18,708	1,210,670	1,292,500	284,617	11
ES:												
on	15,344,801	5,772,761(c)	5,356,374(c)	7,783,213(c)	689,844(c)	1,928,508(c)	3,868,899(c)	100,728(c)	499,279(c)	492,035(c)	78,314(c)	4
	3,411,210	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
costs, ments	4,128,883	2,854,275(d)	1,505,269(d)	5,452(d)	0	814,339(d)	1,326,000(d)	2,962(d)	0	0	14,321(d)	1
ent g fees	2,507,188	510,708(e)	668,090(e)	942,165(e)	79,654(e)	0	434,254(e)	842(e)	54,480(e)	58,163(e)	12,808(e)	
d tive	973,785	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ion of costs	770,192	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
g	448,776	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	27,584,835	9,137,744	7,529,733	8,730,830	769,498	2,742,847	5,629,153	104,532	553,759	550,198	105,443	6
OME	$ 21,723,967	$ 3,323,182	$ 7,316,698	$ 12,206,188	$ 1,000,587	$ 1,862,559	$ 4,020,932	$ (85,824)	$ 656,911	$ 742,302	$ 179,174	$ 5
GS RE,	$ 0.43											$

ed		
TED -E basic ed	50,520,853	18

(a) Rental income is recognized on a straight-line basis.

(b) Reflects Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. s equity in income of Wells XII-REIT Joint Venture related to the acquisition of the Comdata Building and equity in income of Wells XIII-REIT Joint Venture related to the acquisition of the AmeriCredit Building and the ADIC Building.

(c) Depreciation expense on the buildings is recognized using the straight-line method and a 25-year life.

(d) Consists of operating expenses, net of reimbursements.

(e) Management and leasing fees are calculated at 4.5% of rental income.

(f) Historical financial information derived from annual report on Form 10-K.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

PRO FORMA STATEMENT OF INCOME

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

(Unaudited)

	Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. (e)	Pro Forma Adjustments										
			Recent Acquisitions									
		2002 Acquisitions	Other	Harcourt Austin	IRS Long Island	KeyBank Parsippany	Allstate Indianapolis	Federal Express Colorado Springs	EDS Des Moines	Intuit Dallas	Daimler Chrysler Dallas	Pro T
UES:												
come	$ 38,571,815	$ 7,307,774(a)	$ 11,110,788(a)	$ 1,770,085(a)	$ 3,076,351(a)	$ 5,172,857(a)	$ 463,071(a)	$ 1,210,670(a)	$ 456,549(a)	$ 1,292,500(a)	$ 1,707,699(a)	$ 72
f joint	2,478,686	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
ncome	2,648,351	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
fee	134,102	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	43,832,954	7,307,774	11,110,788	1,770,085	3,076,351	5,172,857	463,071	1,210,670	456,549	1,292,500	1,707,699	77
ES:												
ion	12,903,282	2,588,546(b)	4,062,859(b)	689,844(b)	964,254(b)	1,934,450(b)	201,457(b)	499,279(b)	178,496(b)	492,035(b)	469,881(b)	24
	880,002	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
costs, ements	2,063,997	300,018(c)	79,067(c)	0	687,948(c)	405,000(c)	34,940(c)	0	0	0	317,939(c)	1
ent ng fees	1,903,082	328,850(d)	499,985(d)	79,654(d)	0	232,779(d)	20,838(d)	54,480(d)	20,545(d)	58,163(d)	76,846(d)	1
nd ative	1,121,457	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
tion of costs	424,992	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	19,296,812	3,217,414	4,641,911	769,498	1,652,202	2,572,229	257,235	553,759	199,041	550,198	864,666	34
COME	$ 24,536,142	$ 4,090,360	$ 6,468,877	$ 1,000,587	$ 1,424,149	$ 2,600,628	$ 205,836	$ 656,911	$ 257,508	$ 742,302	$ 843,033	$ 42
GS ARE, l	$ 0.22											$

TED GE , basic ed	110,885,641	18

(a) Rental income is recognized on a straight-line basis.

(b) Depreciation expense on the buildings is recognized using the straight-line method and a 25-year life.

(c) Consists of operating expenses, net of reimbursements.

(d) Management and leasing fees are calculated at 4.5% of rental income.

(e) Historical financial information derived from quarterly report on Form 10-Q.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

SUPPLEMENT NO. 4 DATED DECEMBER 10, 2002 TO THE PROSPECTUS

DATED JULY 26, 2002

This document supplements, and should be read in conjunction with, the prospectus of Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. dated July 26, 2002, as supplemented and amended by Supplement No. 1 dated August 14, 2002, Supplement No. 2 dated August 29, 2002, and Supplement No. 3 dated October 25, 2002. When we refer to the prospectus in this supplement, we are also referring to any and all supplements to the prospectus. Unless otherwise defined in this supplement, capitalized terms used in this supplement shall have the same meanings as set forth in the prospectus.

The purpose of this supplement is to describe the following:

(1) Status of the offering of shares in Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. (Wells REIT);

(2) The declaration of dividends for the first quarter of 2003;

(3) Revisions to the Management Executive Officers and Directors section of the prospectus to describe the appointment of Randall D. Fretz as a Vice President of the Wells REIT;

(4) Revisions to the Description of Real Estate Investments section of the prospectus to describe the following real property acquisitions;

- (A) Acquisition of two nine-story office buildings in Washington, DC (NASA Buildings);
- (B) Acquisition of three three-story office buildings in Glen Allen, Virginia (Capital One Richmond Buildings); and
- (C) Acquisition of an 11-story office building in Nashville, Tennessee (Caterpillar Nashville Building);

(5) Status of Real Estate Loans;

(6) Revisions to the Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations section of the prospectus;

(7) Status of the leasing of the Vertex Sarasota Building (formerly known as the Arthur Andersen Building);

(8) Unaudited financial statements of the Wells REIT for the period ended September 30, 2002;

(9) Audited financial statements relating to the recently acquired NASA Buildings and the Caterpillar Nashville Building; and

(10) Unaudited pro forma financial statements of the Wells REIT reflecting the acquisition of the NASA Buildings, the Caterpillar Nashville Building and the Capital One Richmond Buildings.

Status of the Offering

We commenced our initial public offering of common stock on January 30, 1998. Our initial public offering was terminated on December 19, 1999. We received approximately $132,181,919 in gross offering proceeds from the sale of 13,218,192 shares in our initial public offering. We commenced our second offering of common stock on December 20, 1999. Our second public offering was terminated on December 19, 2000. We received approximately $175,229,193 in gross offering proceeds from the

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sale of 17,522,919 shares in our second public offering. We commenced our third public offering of common stock on December 20, 2000. Our third public offering was terminated on July 26, 2002. We received approximately $1,282,976,865 in gross offering proceeds from the sale of 128,297,687 shares in our third public offering.

Pursuant to the prospectus, we commenced our fourth public offering of common stock on July 26, 2002. As of November 30, 2002, we had received additional gross proceeds of approximately $448,615,344 from the sale of approximately 44,861,534 shares in our fourth public offering. Accordingly, as of November 30, 2002, we had received aggregate gross offering proceeds of approximately $2,039,003,318 from the sale of approximately 203,900,332 shares in all of our public offerings. After payment of $70,676,832 in acquisition and advisory fees and acquisition expenses, payment of $226,160,588 in selling commissions and organization and offering expenses, and common stock redemptions of $19,665,247 pursuant to our share redemption program, as of November 30, 2002, we had raised aggregate net offering proceeds available for investment in properties of $1,722,500,651, out of which $1,668,713,333 had been invested in real estate properties, and $53,787,318 remained available for investment in real estate properties.

Dividends

On December 4, 2002, our board of directors declared dividends for the first quarter of 2003 in the amount of a 7.0% annualized percentage rate return on an investment of $10.00 per share to be paid in March 2003. Our first quarter dividends are calculated on a daily record basis of $0.00 1944 (0. 1944 cents) per day per share on the outstanding shares of common stock payable to stockholders of record of such shares as shown on the books of the Wells REIT at the close of business on each day during the period, commencing on December 16, 2002, and continuing on each day thereafter through and including March 15, 2003.

Management

The following information should be read in conjunction with the Management Executive Officers and Directors section beginning on page 31 of the prospectus to include background information on Randall D. Fretz. On December 4, 2002, our board of directors appointed Randall D. Fretz as a Vice President of the Wells REIT.

Randall D. Fretz is also a Vice President of Wells Capital, Inc. (Wells Capital), our advisor, and the Chief of Staff and a Senior Vice President of Wells Real Estate Funds, Inc. Mr. Fretz is primarily responsible for corporate strategy and planning and advising and coordinating the executive officers of Wells Capital on corporate matters and special projects. Prior to joining Wells Capital in 2002, Mr. Fretz served as President of US & Canada operations for Larson-Juhl, a world leader in custom art and picture-framing home decor. Mr. Fretz was previously the Division Director at Bausch & Lomb and also held various senior positions at Tandem International and Lever Brothers. Mr. Fretz holds a bachelor degree in each of Sociology and Physical Education from McMaster University in Hamilton, Ontario. He also earned an MBA from the Ivy School of Business in London, Ontario.

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Description of Properties

As of December 10, 2002, we had purchased interests in 70 real estate properties located in 23 states. Below are the descriptions of our recent real property acquisitions.

NASA Buildings

On November 22, 2002, Wells REIT-Independence Square, LLC (REIT-Independence), a single member Georgia limited liability company wholly-owned by the Wells REIT, purchased two nine-story office buildings containing an aggregate of approximately 948,800 rentable square feet located in Washington, D.C. (NASA Buildings) for a purchase price of $345,000,000, plus closing costs from Southwest Market Limited Partnership (Southwest). In order to finance the acquisition of the NASA Buildings, the Wells REIT obtained $85,000,000 in loan proceeds by having Wells OP draw down on its existing line of credit with Bank of America (BOA). Southwest is not in any way affiliated with the Wells REIT, REIT-Independence, or our advisor, Wells Capital.

The NASA Buildings, consisting of a nine-story office building containing approximately 347,796 rentable square feet (One Independence Square) and a nine-story office building containing approximately 601,017 rentable square feet (Two Independence Square), were built in 1991 and 1992 and are located on a 3.58-acre tract of land at One & Two Independence Square on E. Street in Washington, D.C.

The primary tenant in One Independence Square is the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, an agency of the United States Government (OCC). Approximately 341,520 of the rentable square feet in the NASA Buildings (36.0%) is currently leased to the OCC. The OCC charters and regulates all national banks. It also supervises the federal branches and agencies of foreign banks. The OCC s nationwide staff of examiners conducts on-site reviews of national banks and provides sustained supervision of bank operations. The OCC issues rules, legal interpretations, and corporate decisions concerning banking, bank investments, bank community development activities, and other aspects of bank operations.

The OCC lease, which encompasses 341,520 rentable square feet (98.2%) in One Independence Square, commenced in May 1991 and expires in May 2006. Under the OCC Lease, operating and maintenance costs are the responsibility of the landlord, but the tenant is required to pay, as additional rent, its share of increases in real estate taxes and changes in costs from the first lease year for various operating expenses including cleaning services, electricity, heating, water, air conditioning and landscaping. The current annual base rent payable under the OCC lease is $12,159,948, which includes approximately $1,000,000 per year for the parking facility. The OCC, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for two additional five-year periods. The annual rental rate for the first five-year period is 95% of the then-current market rental rate. The annual rental rate for the second five-year period is 90% of the then-current market rental rate.

The primary tenant in Two Independence Square is the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA). Approximately 590,689 of the rentable square feet in the NASA Buildings (62.3%) is currently leased to the United States of America (U.S.A.) through the U.S. General Services Administration (GSA) for occupancy by NASA. The GSA is a centralized federal procurement and property management agency which acquires office space, equipment, telecommunications, information technology, supplies and services for federal agencies such as NASA. NASA, which was created in 1958, is the federal agency which runs the United States government s space program, including the space shuttle program and the launching of unmanned satellites and probes to explore the solar system.

The NASA lease, which encompasses 590,689 rentable square feet (98.3%) in Two Independence Square, commenced in July 1992 and expires in July 2012. Under the terms of the NASA lease, operating and maintenance costs are the responsibility of the landlord but, in order to compensate the landlord for the tenant s share of increases in the operating and maintenance costs of the building, the tenant is required to pay annual rental increases computed by increasing the base year s operating costs of Two Independence Square by the percentage change in the Cost of Living Index each year.

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The current annual base rent payable under the NASA lease is $21,534,124. The U.S.A., at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for one additional ten-year period at an annual rental rate of $31,255,936.

Approximately 14,920 of the remaining aggregate rentable square feet in the NASA Buildings (1.6%) is currently leased to four additional tenants, which account for current annual base rents payable of $121,686, and 1,684 rentable square feet of the NASA Buildings (0.1%) is currently vacant. REIT-Independence will be responsible for maintaining and repairing the NASA Buildings roof, foundations, common areas, electrical systems and mechanical systems.

Both the OCC lease and the NASA lease include provisions that require the landlord and the property manager to comply with various employment related practices and various other laws typically required in leases with government entities. Although we believe that the Wells REIT and REIT-Independence should be deemed exempt from these requirements, if a determination were made that these or other affiliated entities violated these lease provisions, the tenants have the right under the OCC lease and the NASA lease to terminate the lease or to require compliance by the appropriate entities.

Boston Properties, Inc., an affiliate of the seller, is serving as the property manager of the NASA Buildings. Boston Properties, Inc. is not in any way affiliated with the Wells REIT, REIT-Independence or our advisor.

Capital One Richmond Buildings

On November 26, 2002, Wells Operating Partnership, L.P. (Wells OP), a Delaware limited partnership formed to acquire, own, lease and operate real properties on behalf of the Wells REIT, purchased two three-story office buildings from Highwoods Realty Limited Partnership (Highwoods Realty) and one three-story office building from Highwoods/Florida Holdings, L.P. (Highwoods Florida) located on a 15.25 acre tract of land in Glen Allen, Virginia (Capital One Richmond Buildings) for an aggregate purchase price of $28,509,000, plus closing costs. In order to finance the acquisition of the Capital One Richmond Buildings, Wells OP obtained approximately $28,670,000 in loan proceeds by drawing down on an existing line of credit with SouthTrust Bank (SouthTrust). Neither Highwoods Realty nor Highwoods Florida is in any way affiliated with the Wells REIT, Wells OP or our advisor.

The Capital One Richmond Buildings contain an aggregate of 225,220 rentable square feet and were completed in 1999. The Capital One Richmond Buildings are located at 100, 120 & 140 Eastshore Drive in Glen Allen, Henrico County, Virginia. Each of the Capital One Richmond Buildings is leased entirely to Capital One Services, Inc. (Capital One), under separate net lease agreements (i.e., operating costs and maintenance costs are paid by the tenant).

Capital One, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Capital One Financial Corporation (Capital One Financial), provides various operating, administrative and other services to Capital One Financial. Capital One Financial s primary focus is on credit card lending, but it also engages in unsecured installment lending and automobile financing.

The Capital One Richmond I Building contains 68,500 rentable square feet. The Capital One Richmond I lease commenced in March 2000 and expires in March 2010. The current annual base rent payable for the Capital One Richmond I lease is $786,573. The annual base rent increases each lease year by two percent. Capital One, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for three additional five-year periods. The annual rent for each year of each extended term will continue to increase by two percent as described for the initial term.

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The Capital One Richmond II Building contains 77,045 rentable square feet. The Capital One Richmond II lease commenced in June 1999 and expires in May 2004. The current annual base rent payable for the Capital One Richmond II lease is $940,249. The annual base rent increases each lease year by two percent. Capital One, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for two additional five-year periods. The annual rent for each year of each extended term will continue to increase by two percent as described for the initial term.

The Capital One Richmond III Building contains 79,675 rentable square feet. The Capital One Richmond III lease commenced in February 2000 and expires in February 2010. The current annual base rent payable for the Capital One Richmond III lease is $912,822. The annual base rent increases each lease year by two percent. Capital One, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for three additional five-year periods. The annual rent for each year of each extended term will continue to increase by two percent as described for the initial term.

Wells OP, as the landlord, will be responsible for maintaining the roof, foundation, exterior walls, and mechanical and electrical systems of the Capital One Richmond Buildings. In addition, Capital One has a right of first refusal to purchase one or all of the Capital One Richmond Buildings upon Wells OP receiving an offer from any third party.

Highwoods Properties, Inc. (Highwoods), an affiliate of Highwoods Realty, Highwoods Florida and the seller of the Caterpillar Nashville Building (described below), has provided a guarantee of each of the leases for the Capital One Richmond Buildings. Highwoods has guaranteed the leases for the Capital One Richmond I Building and the Capital One Richmond III Building for the first five years of ownership by Wells OP. Highwoods has also guaranteed the lease for the Capital One Richmond II Building for the remainder of the current lease term and for any shortfall in rental income from May 2004 until November 2007 following the expiration of the current lease for the Capital One Richmond II Building. In addition, if the Capital One Richmond II lease expires or is terminated at any time prior to November 2007 and Highwoods provides Wells OP with a suitable replacement tenant which Wells OP declines, Highwoods has the right to repurchase the Capital One Richmond II Building at a purchase price of $10,126,590. This repurchase right expires if Highwoods fails to exercise such right within 30 days of Wells OP declining a suitable tenant. Further, in the event that Highwoods exercises its right to repurchase, Wells OP, at its option, may rescind the Highwoods right to repurchase within ten days of such exercise, provided that the act of rescinding the repurchase right will release Highwoods from its rental income guaranty with respect to the Capital One Richmond II Building. Highwoods, a public company traded on the New York Stock Exchange, is a self-administered real estate investment trust that provides leasing, management, development, construction and other tenant-related services for its properties and for third parties. Highwoods reported a net worth, as of September 30, 2002, of approximately $1.57 billion. Highwoods is not in any way affiliated with the Wells REIT, Wells OP or our advisor.

Wells Management Company, Inc. (Wells Management), an affiliate of the Wells REIT and our advisor, will be paid management and leasing fees in the amount of up to 4.5% of gross revenues from the Capital One Richmond Buildings, subject to certain limitations. Wells OP has entered into five-year management agreements with Highwoods Realty, an affiliate of the sellers, to serve as the on-site property manager for each of the Capital One Richmond Buildings, which property management fees will be paid out of or credited against the 4.5% fee payable to Wells Management.

Caterpillar Nashville Building

On November 26, 2002, Wells OP purchased all of the membership interests in 2120 West End Avenue, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, which owned an 11-story office building located in Nashville, Tennessee (Caterpillar Nashville Building) for a purchase price of $61,525,000, plus closing costs, from Highwoods/Tennessee Holdings, L.P. (Highwoods Tennessee). In order to finance the acquisition of the Caterpillar Nashville Building, Wells OP obtained $25,000,000 in loan proceeds by drawing down on an existing line of credit with BOA and approximately $33,560,000 in loan proceeds by drawing down on an existing line of credit with SouthTrust. Subsequent to this acquisition, Wells OP dissolved 2120 West End Avenue, LLC and became the direct owner of the Caterpillar Nashville Building. Highwoods Tennessee is not in any way affiliated with the Wells REIT, Wells OP or our advisor.

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The Caterpillar Nashville Building, which is leased to Caterpillar Financial Services Corporation (Caterpillar), Thoughtworks, LLC (Thoughtworks) and Highwoods, contains 312,297 rentable square feet and was completed in 2000. The Caterpillar Nashville Building is located at 2120 West End Avenue in Nashville, Davidson County, Tennessee.

Caterpillar, as the primary tenant, occupies 300,901 rentable square feet (96.4%) of the Caterpillar Nashville Building. Caterpillar is a wholly owned subsidiary of Caterpillar, Inc. Caterpillar offers financing alternatives for various products manufactured by Caterpillar, Inc. and provides loans to customers and dealers of Caterpillar, Inc. products around the world. Caterpillar, Inc. is the one of the world s largest manufacturers of construction and mining equipment, natural gas and diesel engines, and industrial gas turbines. Caterpillar, which offers a wide variety of financial alternatives for purchasers of Caterpillar, Inc. s equipment, has locations in over 26 countries worldwide.

The Caterpillar lease commenced in March 2000 and expires in February 2015. The current annual base rent payable under the Caterpillar lease is $7,384,110. Caterpillar may terminate the Caterpillar lease after the 10th lease year (2010) by paying a termination fee to Wells OP of $7,644,682.

Caterpillar has a right of first refusal to lease the space currently occupied by Thoughtworks and Highwoods if either terminates its lease. In addition, Caterpillar has expansion rights which it may exercise prior to the fourth and eighth lease years. Caterpillar, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for two additional five-year periods at the then-current market rental rate. Under the Caterpillar lease, operating and maintenance costs are the responsibility of the landlord, but Caterpillar is responsible for increases in operating costs, provided that its obligation to pay increases in expenses other than insurance, taxes and utilities is capped at 4.5% annually. Further, under its lease Caterpillar is required to reimburse the landlord management fees up to 4% of annual gross rental receipts. Wells OP, as the landlord, will be responsible for maintaining the roof, foundation, exterior walls, interior structural walls, parking facilities and mechanical and electrical systems of the Caterpillar Nashville Building.

Thoughtworks is a privately held company that provides custom application development and advanced system integration services in the e-commerce industry. The Thoughtworks lease covers 6,400 rentable square feet (2.0%) and commenced in May 2000 and expires in May 2005. The current annual base rent payable under the Thoughtworks lease is $162,944.

The Highwoods lease covers 4,996 rentable square feet (1.6%) and commenced in October 2000 and expires in September 2005. The current annual base rent payable under the Highwoods lease is $129,946.

Wells Management, an affiliate of Wells REIT and our advisor, will be paid management and leasing fees in the amount of up to 4.5% of gross revenues from the Caterpillar Nashville Building, subject to certain limitations. Wells OP has entered into a 10-year management agreement with Highwoods Realty, an affiliate of the sellers of the Capital One Richmond Buildings and the Caterpillar Nashville Building, to serve as the property manager of the Caterpillar Nashville Building which property management fees will be paid out of or credited against the 4.5% fee payable to Wells Management.

Real Estate Loans

In November, 2002, Wells OP increased its existing line of credit with BOA to $110 million. In addition, Wells OP is currently in the process of increasing its existing line of credit with SouthTrust to approximately $98 million. As described above, Wells OP drew down on existing lines of credit with BOA and SouthTrust an aggregate approximately $172,230,000 to finance the acquisitions of the NASA Buildings, the Capital One Richmond Buildings and the Caterpillar Nashville Building. As of November 30, 2002, the outstanding principal balance due under the BOA line of credit was approximately $110,000,000, the outstanding principal balance due under the SouthTrust line of credit was approximately $72,000,000, and the Wells REIT had a debt leverage ratio of approximately 11.5% to the value of its properties.

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Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following information should be read in conjunction with the Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations section beginning on page 101 of the prospectus, as supplemented by Supplement No. 1 dated August 14, 2002, Supplement No. 2 dated August 29, 2002 and Supplement No. 3 dated October 25, 2002.

Forward Looking Statements

This supplement contains forward-looking statements, within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, including discussion and analysis of our financial condition, anticipated capital expenditures required to complete certain projects, amounts of anticipated cash distributions to shareholders in the future and certain other matters. Readers of this supplement should be aware that there are various factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from any forward-looking statements made in this supplement, which include changes in general economic conditions, changes in real estate conditions, construction costs which may exceed estimates, construction delays, increases in interest rates, lease-up risks, inability to obtain new tenants upon the expiration of existing leases, inability to invest in properties on a timely basis or in properties that will provide targeted rates of return and the potential need to fund tenant improvements or other capital expenditures out of operating cash flow.

We have made an election under Section 856 (c) of the Internal Revenue Code (Internal Revenue Code) to be taxed as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code beginning with its taxable year ended December 31, 1999. As a REIT for federal income tax purposes, we generally will not be subject to federal income tax on income that we distribute to our stockholders. If we fail to qualify as a REIT in any taxable year, we will be subject to federal income tax on our taxable income at regular corporate rates and will not be permitted to qualify for treatment as a REIT for federal income tax purposes for four years following the year in which our qualification is lost. Such an event could materially adversely affect our net income. However, management believes that we are organized and operate in a manner which will enable us to qualify for treatment as a REIT for federal income tax purposes during this fiscal year. In addition, management intends to continue to operate the Wells REIT so as to remain qualified as a REIT for federal income tax purposes.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

During the nine months ended September 30, 2002, we received aggregate gross offering proceeds of $988.5 million from the sale of 98.8 million shares of our common stock. After payment of $34.8 million in acquisition and advisory fees and acquisition expenses, payment of $104.3 million in selling commissions and organization and offering expenses, and common stock redemptions of $11.6 million pursuant to our share redemption program, we raised net offering proceeds of $837.8 million during the first three quarters of 2002, of which $144.5 million remained available for investment in properties at quarter end. In October, we reached our limit on stock redemptions for the year and, accordingly, there will be no further stock redemptions under our stock redemption program for the remainder of 2002.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2001, we received aggregate gross offering proceeds of $297.8 million from the sale of 29.8 million shares of its common stock. After payment of $10.3 million in acquisition and advisory fees and acquisition expenses, payment of $35.6 million in selling commissions and organizational and offering expenses, and common stock redemptions of $2.1 million pursuant to our share redemption program, we raised net offering proceeds of $249.8 million during the first three quarters of 2001, of which $8.7 million remained available for investment in properties at quarter end.

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The significant increase in capital resources we have available is due to significantly increased sales of our common stock during the first three quarters of 2002.

As of September 30, 2002, we owned interests in 67 real estate properties either directly or through interests in joint ventures. Dividends declared for the third quarter of 2002 and 2001 were approximately $0.1938 and $0.1875 per share, respectively. In August 2002, our board of directors declared dividends for the fourth quarter of 2002 in the amount of approximately $0.175 per share.

Due primarily to the pace of our property acquisitions, as explained in more detail in the following paragraphs, dividends paid in the first three quarters of 2002 in the aggregate amount of approximately $71.4 million exceeded our Adjusted Funds From Operations for this period by approximately $11 million.

We continue to acquire properties that meet our standards of quality both in terms of the real estate and the creditworthiness of the tenants. Creditworthy tenants of the type we target are becoming more and more highly valued in the marketplace and, accordingly, there is increased competition in acquiring properties with these creditworthy tenants. As a result, the purchase prices for such properties have increased with corresponding reductions in cap rates and returns on investment. In addition, changes in market conditions have caused us to add to our internal procedures for ensuring the creditworthiness of our tenants before any commitment to buy a property is made. We continue to remain steadfast in our commitment to invest in quality properties that will produce quality income for our shareholders. Accordingly, because the marketplace is now placing a higher value on our type of properties and because of the additional time it now takes in the acquisition process for us to assess tenant credit plus our commitment to adhere to purchasing properties with tenants that meet our investment criteria we were required to lower our dividend yield to investors.

As a result of the factors described in the preceding paragraph, on August 29, 2002, our board of directors declared dividends for the fourth quarter of 2002 in an amount equal to a 7.0% annualized percentage rate return on an investment of $10 per share to be paid in December 2002. Our fourth quarter dividends are calculated on a daily record basis of $0.001923 (0.1923 cents) per day per share on the outstanding shares of common stock payable to shareholders of record of such shares as shown on our books at the close of business on each day during the period, commencing on September 16, 2002, and continuing on each day thereafter through and including December 15, 2002.

Cash Flows From Operating Activities

Our net cash provided by operating activities was $68.2 million and $26.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2002 and 2001, respectively. The increase in net cash provided by operating activities was due primarily to the net income generated by additional properties acquired during 2002 and 2001.

Cash Flows Used In Investing Activities

Our net cash used in investing activities was $826.9 million and $155.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2002 and 2001, respectively. The increase in net cash used in investing activities was due primarily to investments in properties and the payment of related deferred project costs, partially offset by distributions received from joint ventures.

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Cash Flows From Financing Activities

Our net cash provided by financing activities was $827.1 million and $136.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2002 and 2001, respectively. The increase in net cash provided by financing activities was due primarily to the raising of additional capital and the lack of debt payments, which were $208.1 million in the prior year. We raised $988.5 million in offering proceeds for the nine months ended September 30, 2002, as compared to $297.8 million for the same period in 2001. Additionally, we paid dividends totaling $23.5 million in the first three quarters of 2001 compared to $71.4 million in the same period of 2002.

Results of Operations

Gross revenues were $74.5 million and $34.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2002 and 2001, respectively. Gross revenues for the nine months ended September 30, 2002 and 2001 were attributable to rental income, interest income earned on funds we held prior to the investment in properties, and income earned from joint ventures. The increase in revenues in 2002 was primarily attributable to the purchase of $805.5 million in additional properties during 2002 and the purchase of $114.1 million in additional properties during the fourth quarter of 2001 which were not owned for the first three quarters of 2001. The purchase of additional properties also resulted in an increase in expenses, which totaled $34.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2002, as compared to $19.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2001. Expenses in 2002 and 2001 consisted primarily of depreciation, operating costs, interest expense, management and leasing fees and general and administrative costs. As a result, our net income also increased from $14.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2001 to $39.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2002.

Earnings per share for the nine months ended September 30, 2002 decreased from $0.33 per share for the nine months ended September 30, 2001 to $0.31 per share for the nine months ended September 30, 2002. Earnings per share for the third quarter decreased from $0.11 per share for the three months ended September 30, 2001 to $0.09 per share for the three months ended September 30, 2002. These decreases were primarily due to the substantial increase in the number of shares outstanding as a result of capital raised in 2002 which was not completely matched by a corresponding increase in net income because such capital proceeds were not fully invested in properties.

Funds From Operations

Funds From Operations (FFO), as defined by the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts (NAREIT), generally means net income, computed in accordance with GAAP excluding extraordinary items (as defined by GAAP) and gains (or losses) from sales of property, plus depreciation and amortization on real estate assets, and after adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships, joint ventures and subsidiaries. We believe that FFO is helpful to investors as a measure of the performance of an equity REIT. However, our calculation of FFO, while consistent with NAREIT s definition, may not be comparable to similarly titled measures presented by other REITs. Adjusted Funds From Operations (AFFO) is defined as FFO adjusted to exclude the effects of straight-line rent adjustments, deferred loan cost amortization and other non-cash and/or unusual items. Neither FFO nor AFFO represent cash generated from operating activities in accordance with GAAP and should not be considered as alternatives to net income as an indication of our performance or to cash flows as a measure of liquidity or ability to make distributions. The following table reflects the calculation of FFO and AFFO for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2002 and 2001, respectively:

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	Three Months Ended (in thousands)		Nine Months Ended (in thousands)	
	September 30, 2002	September 30, 2001	September 30, 2002	September 30, 2001
FUNDS FROM OPERATIONS:				
Net income	$ 15,285	$ 6,109	$ 39,821	$ 14,423
Add:				
Depreciation	10,282	3,947	23,185	10,341
Amortization of deferred leasing costs	78	76	229	228
Depreciation and amortization unconsolidated partnerships	708	647	2,115	1,561
Funds from operations (FFO)	26,353	10,779	65,350	26,553
Adjustments:				
Loan cost amortization	162	237	587	529
Straight line rent	(2,146)	(708)	(5,312)	(1,930)
Straight line rent unconsolidated Partnerships	(27)	(100)	(229)	(233)
Lease acquisitions fees paid unconsolidated partnerships				(8)
Adjusted funds from operations	$ 24,342	$ 10,208	$ 60,396	$ 24,911
BASIC AND DILUTED WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES	163,395	54,112	128,541	43,726

Inflation

The real estate market has not been affected significantly by inflation in the past three years due to the relatively low inflation rate. However, there are provisions in the majority of tenant leases that are intended to protect us from the impact of inflation. These provisions include reimbursement billings for common area maintenance charges, real estate tax and insurance reimbursements on a per square foot basis, or in some cases, annual reimbursement of operating expenses above a certain per square foot allowance.

Critical Accounting Policies

We reported results of operations are impacted by management judgments related to application of accounting policies. A discussion of the accounting policies that management considers to be critical, in that they may require complex judgment in their application or require estimates about matters which are inherently uncertain, is included in Footnote 1 to the financial statements.

Subsequent Events

Effective October 31, 2002, Arthur Andersen LLP (Andersen) and Wells OP entered into a termination agreement with respect to the lease for the three-story office building containing 157,700 rentable square feet located in Sarasota, Florida formerly known as the Arthur Andersen

Building. In consideration for releasing Andersen from its obligation to pay rent under the lease, Andersen paid Wells OP a termination fee of $979,760 and conveyed to Wells OP an approximately 1.3 acre tract of land adjacent to the property which was used for parking.

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Status of the leasing of the Vertex Sarasota Building ***(formerly the Arthur Andersen Building)***

As set forth in the Subsequent Events subsection of the Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations section of this supplement, effective October 31, 2002, Andersen and Wells OP entered into a termination agreement with respect to the lease for the three-story office building containing 157,700 rentable square feet located in Sarasota, Florida, formerly known as the Arthur Andersen Building (Vertex Sarasota Building). On November 1, 2002, Wells OP entered into a net lease agreement with Vertex Tax Technology Enterprises, LLC (Vertex) for a portion of the Vertex Sarasota Building.

Approximately 47,388 rentable square feet of the Vertex Sarasota Building is currently under a net lease agreement with Vertex. The current term of the lease is seven years, which commenced on November 1, 2002 and expires on October 31, 2009. The current annual base rent payable under the Vertex lease is $621,257. Pursuant to the Vertex lease, Vertex has a right of first refusal to lease an additional 5,695 square feet of rentable space in the third floor of the building. Wells OP, as the landlord, will be responsible for maintaining the building s exterior walls, HVAC system, plumbing, elevators, fire protection, other mechanical systems, public areas, including parking lot, building structure, foundation and roof.

Vertex, a wholly owned subsidiary of Vertex, Inc., is a successor company of Andersen s corporate income tax technology solutions division. The Vertex lease is guaranteed by Vertex, Inc, which is a privately held company providing corporate customers with tax compliance software and research services for sales and use tax, property tax, payroll tax, telecommunications tax, and income tax.

Financial Statements

Audited Financial Statements

The statements of revenues over certain operating expenses of the NASA Buildings and the Caterpillar Nashville Building for the year ended December 31, 2001, which are included in this supplement, have been audited by Ernst & Young LLP, independent auditors, as set forth in their reports appearing elsewhere herein, and are included in reliance upon such reports given on the authority of such firm as experts in accounting and auditing.

Unaudited Financial Statements

The financial statements of the Wells REIT, as of September 30, 2002, and for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2002 and September 30, 2001, which are included in this supplement, have not been audited.

The statements of revenues over certain operating expenses of the NASA Buildings and the Caterpillar Nashville Building for the nine months ended September 30, 2002, which are included in this supplement, have not been audited.

The pro forma balance sheet of the Wells REIT, as of September 30, 2002, the pro forma statement of income for the year ended December 31, 2001, and the pro forma statement of income for the nine months ended September 30, 2002, which are included in this supplement, have not been audited.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(in thousands, except per share amounts)

	September 30, 2002 (unaudited)	December 31, 2001
ASSETS		
REAL ESTATE, at cost:		
Land	$ 164,191	$ 86,247
Building and improvements, less accumulated depreciation of $48,000 in 2002 and $24,814 in 2001	1,171,793	472,383
Construction in progress	28,500	5,739
Total real estate	1,364,484	564,369
INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURES	75,388	77,410
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	143,912	75,586
INVESTMENT IN BONDS	54,500	22,000
STRAIGHT-LINE RENT RECEIVABLE	10,632	5,362
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	1,387	641
NOTE RECEIVABLE	4,966	0
DEFERRED LEASE ACQUISITION COSTS, net	1,713	1,525
DEFERRED PROJECT COSTS	5,963	2,977
DUE FROM AFFILIATES	2,185	1,693
DEFERRED OFFERING COSTS	3,537	0
PREPAID EXPENSES AND OTHER ASSETS, net	2,597	718
Total assets	$ 1,671,264	$ 752,281
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY		
LIABILITIES:		
Notes payable	$ 35,829	$ 8,124
Obligations under capital leases	54,500	22,000
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	17,539	8,727
Dividends payable	10,209	1,059
Deferred rental income	7,894	662
Due to affiliates	4,380	2,166
Total liabilities	130,351	42,738
MINORITY INTEREST OF UNIT HOLDER IN OPERATING PARTNERSHIP	200	200
SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY:		
	1,826	838

Common shares, $.01 par value; 750,000 shares authorized, 182,609 shares issued and 180,892 outstanding at September 30, 2002, and 350,000 shares authorized, 83,761 shares issued and 83,206 shares outstanding at December 31, 2001		
Additional paid-in capital	1,621,376	738,236
Cumulative distributions in excess of earnings	(64,907)	(24,181)
Treasury stock, at cost, 1,717 shares at September 30, 2002 and 555 shares at December 31, 2001	(17,167)	(5,550)
Other comprehensive loss	(415)	0
Total shareholders equity	1,540,713	709,343
Total liabilities and shareholders equity	$ 1,671,264	$ 752,281

See accompanying condensed notes to financial statements.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(unaudited and in thousands except per share amounts)

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30, 2002	September 30, 2001	September 30 2002	September 30 2001
REVENUES:				
Rental income	$ 27,549	$ 11,317	$ 66,121	$ 31,028
Equity in income of joint ventures	1,259	1,102	3,738	2,622
Interest income	1,899	89	4,547	281
Take out fee	1	0	135	138
	30,708	12,508	74,541	34,069
EXPENSES:				
Depreciation	10,282	3,947	23,185	10,341
Operating costs, net of reimbursements	2,191	1,294	4,255	3,168
Management and leasing fees	1,445	632	3,348	1,750
Administrative costs	745	141	1,867	901
Interest expense	598	148	1,478	2,957
Amortization of deferred financing costs	162	237	587	529
	15,423	6,399	34,720	19,646
NET INCOME	$ 15,285	$ 6,109	$ 39,821	$ 14,423
BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE	$ 0.09	$ 0.11	$ 0.31	$ 0.33
BASIC AND DILUTED WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES	163,395	54,112	128,541	43,726

See accompanying condensed notes to financial statements.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2001

AND FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2002 (UNAUDITED)

(in thousands except per share amounts)

	Common Stock Shares	Common Stock Amount	Additional Paid-In Capital	Cumulative Distributions in Excess of Earnings	Retained Earnings	Treasury Stock Shares	Treasury Stock Amount	Other Comprehensive Income	Total Shareholders Equity
BALANCE, December 31, 2000	31,510	$ 315	$ 275,573	$ (9,134)	$ 0	(141)	$ (1,413)	$ 0	$ 265,341
Issuance of common stock	52,251	523	521,994	0	0	0	0	0	522,517
Treasury stock purchased	0	0	0	0	0	(414)	(4,137)	0	(4,137)
Net income	0	0	0	0	21,724	0	0	0	21,724
Dividends ($.76 per share)	0	0	0	(15,047)	(21,724)	0	0	0	(36,771)
Sales commissions and discounts	0	0	(49,246)	0	0	0	0	0	(49,246)
Other offering expenses	0	0	(10,085)	0	0	0	0	0	(10,085)
BALANCE, December 31, 2001	83,761	838	738,236	(24,181)	0	(555)	(5,550)	0	709,343
Issuance of common stock	**98,848**	**988**	**987,482**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**988,470**
Treasury stock purchased	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**(1,162)**	**(11,617)**	**0**	**(11,617)**
Dividends ($.58 per share)	**0**	**0**	**0**	**(40,726)**	**(39,821)**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**(80,547)**
Sales commissions and discounts	**0**	**0**	**(94,097)**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**(94,097)**
Other offering expenses	**0**	**0**	**(10,245)**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**(10,245)**
Components of comprehensive income:									
Net income	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**39,821**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**39,821**
Gain/(loss) on interest rate swap	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**(415)**	**(415)**
Comprehensive income									**39,406**
	182,609	**$ 1,826**	**$ 1,621,376**	**$ (64,907)**	**$ 0**	**(1,717)**	**$ (17,167)**	**$ (415)**	**$ 1,540,713**

BALANCE, September 30, 2002 (unaudited)									

See accompanying condensed notes to financial statements.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(unaudited and in thousands)

	Nine Months Ended	
	September 30, 2002	September 30, 2001
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net income	$ 39,821	$ 14,423
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Equity in income of joint ventures	(3,738)	(2,622)
Depreciation	23,185	10,341
Amortization of deferred financing costs	587	529
Amortization of deferred leasing costs	229	228
Bad debt expense	113	0
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(746)	(370)
Straight-line rent receivable	(5,382)	(1,949)
Due from affiliates	(35)	0
Deferred rental income	7,232	(381)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	8,811	3,309
Prepaid expenses and other assets, net	(1,813)	3,211
Due to affiliates	(105)	(235)
Net cash provided by operating activities	68,159	26,484
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Investments in real estate	(797,011)	(121,366)
Investment in joint ventures	0	(27,018)
Deferred project costs paid	(34,784)	(10,347)
Distributions received from joint ventures	5,301	3,027
Deferred lease acquisition costs paid	(400)	0
Net cash used in investing activities	(826,894)	(155,704)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Proceeds from note payable	27,742	107,587
Repayment of note payable	(37)	(208,102)
Dividends paid	(71,397)	(23,502)
Issuance of common stock	988,470	297,775

Sales commissions paid	(94,097)	(28,086)
Offering costs paid	(10,937)	(7,481)
Treasury stock purchased	(11,617)	(2,137)
Deferred financing costs paid	(1,066)	0
Net cash provided by financing activities	827,061	136,054
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	68,326	6,834
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of year	75,586	4,298
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of period	$ 143,912	$ 11,132
SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Deferred project costs applied to real estate assets	$ 31,271	$ 1,127
Deferred project costs applied to joint ventures	$ 0	$ 9,295
Deferred project costs due to affiliate	$ 587	$ (498)
Interest rate swap	$ (415)	$ 0
Increase (decrease) in deferred offering cost accrual	$ 3,537	$ (1,291)
Assumption of obligations under capital lease	$ 32,500	$ 22,000
Investment in bonds	$ 32,500	$ 22,000

See accompanying condensed notes to financial statements.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

AND SUBSIDIARY

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2002

(UNAUDITED)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) General

Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. (the Company) is a Maryland corporation formed on July 3, 1997, which qualifies as a real estate investment trust (REIT). Substantially all of the Company s business is conducted through Wells Operating Partnership, L.P. (Wells OP), a Delaware limited partnership organized for the purpose of acquiring, developing, owning, operating, improving, leasing, and otherwise managing income producing commercial properties for investment purposes on behalf of the Company. The Company is the sole general partner of Wells OP.

On January 30, 1998, the Company commenced its initial public offering of up to 16.5 million shares of common stock at $10 per share pursuant to a Registration Statement on Form S-11 filed under the Securities Act of 1933. The Company commenced active operations on June 5, 1998. The Company terminated its initial public offering on December 19, 1999 at which time gross proceeds of approximately $132.2 million had been received from the sale of approximately 13.2 million shares. The Company commenced its second public offering of shares of common stock on December 20, 1999, which was terminated on December 19, 2000 after receipt of gross proceeds of approximately $175.2 million from the sale of approximately 17.5 million shares. The Company commenced its third public offering of shares of common stock on December 20, 2000, which terminated on July 26, 2002 after receipt of gross proceeds of approximately $1.3 billion from the sale of approximately 128.3 million shares. As of September 30, 2002, the Company has received gross proceeds of approximately $235.7 million from the sale of approximately 23.6 million shares from its fourth public offering. Accordingly, as of September 30, 2002, the Company has received aggregate gross offering proceeds of approximately $1.8 billion from the sale of 182.6 million shares of its common stock to investors. After payment of $63.3 million in acquisition and advisory fees and acquisition expenses, payment of $202.9 million in selling commissions and organization and offering expenses, capital contributions to joint ventures and acquisitions expenditures by Wells OP of $1.4 billion for property acquisitions, and common stock redemptions of $17.2 million pursuant to the Company s share redemption program, the Company was holding net offering proceeds of $144.5 million available for investment in properties, as of September 30, 2002.

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(b) Properties

As of September 30, 2002, the Company owned interests in 67 properties listed in the table below through its ownership in Wells OP.

Property Name	*Tenant*	*Property Location*	*% Owned*	*Purchase Price*	*Square Feet*	*Annual Rent*
Daimler Chrysler Dallas	Daimler Chrysler Services North America LLC	Westlake, TX	100%	$ 25,100,000	130,290	$ 3,189,499
Allstate Indianapolis	Allstate Insurance Company	Indianapolis, IN	100%	$ 10,900,000	84,200	$ 1,246,164
	Holladay Property Services Midwest, Inc.				5,756	$ 74,832
Intuit Dallas	Lacerte Software Corporation	Plano, TX	100%	$ 26,500,000	166,238	$ 2,461,985
EDS Des Moines	EDS Information Services LLC	Des Moines, IA	100%	$ 26,500,000	405,000	$ 2,389,500
Federal Express Colorado Springs	Federal Express Corporation	Colorado Springs, CO	100%	$ 26,000,000	155,808	$ 2,248,309
KeyBank Parsippany	KeyBank U.S.A., N.A.	Parsippany, NJ	100%	$ 101,350,000	200,000	$ 3,800,000
	Gemini Technology Services				204,515	$ 5,726,420
IRS Long Island	IRS Collection	Holtsville, NY	100%	$ 50,975,000	128,000	$ 5,029,380(1)
	IRS Compliance				50,949	$ 1,663,200
	IRS Daycare Facility				12,100	$ 486,799
AmeriCredit Phoenix	AmeriCredit Financial Services, Inc.	Chandler, AZ	100%	$ 24,700,000(2)	153,494	$ 1,609,315(3)
Harcourt Austin	Harcourt, Inc.	Austin, TX	100%	$ 39,000,000	195,230	$ 3,353,040
Nokia Dallas	Nokia, Inc.	Irving, TX	100%	$ 119,550,000	228,678	$ 4,413,485
	Nokia, Inc.				223,470	$ 4,547,614
	Nokia, Inc.				152,086	$ 3,024,990
Kraft Atlanta	Kraft Foods North America, Inc.	Suwanee, GA	100%	$ 11,625,000	73,264	$ 1,263,804
	Perkin Elmer Instruments, LLC				13,955	$ 194,672
BMG Greenville	BMG Direct Marketing, Inc.	Duncan, SC	100%	$ 26,900,000	473,398	$ 1,394,156
	BMG Music				313,380	$ 763,600
Kerr-McGee	Kerr-McGee Oil & Gas Corporation	Houston, TX	100%	$ 15,760,000(2)	100,000	$ 1,655,000(3)
PacifiCare San Antonio	PacifiCare Health Systems, Inc.	San Antonio, TX	100%	$ 14,650,000	142,500	$ 1,471,700
ISS Atlanta	Internet Security Systems, Inc.	Atlanta, GA	100%	$ 40,500,000	238,600	$ 4,623,445
MFS Phoenix		Phoenix, AZ	100%	$ 25,800,000	148,605	$ 2,347,959

	Massachusetts Financial Services Company					
TRW Denver	TRW, Inc.	Aurora, CO	100%	$ 21,060,000	108,240	$ 2,870,709
Agilent Boston	Agilent Technologies, Inc.	Boxborough, MA	100%	$ 31,742,274	174,585	$ 3,578,993
Experian/TRW	Experian Information Solutions, Inc.	Allen, TX	100%	$ 35,150,000	292,700	$ 3,438,277
BellSouth Ft. Lauderdale	BellSouth Advertising and Publishing Corporation	Ft. Lauderdale, FL	100%	$ 6,850,000	47,400	$ 747,033
Agilent Atlanta	Agilent Technologies, Inc.	Alpharetta, GA	100%	$ 15,100,000	66,811	$ 1,344,905
	Koninklijke Philips Electronics N.V.				34,396	$ 704,430
Travelers Express Denver	Travelers Express Company, Inc.	Lakewood, CO	100%	$ 10,395,845	68,165	$ 1,012,250
Dana Kalamazoo	Dana Corporation	Kalamazoo, MI	100%	$ 41,950,000(4)	147,004	$ 1,842,800
Dana Detroit	Dana Corporation	Farmington Hills, MI	100%	(see above)(4)	112,480	$ 2,330,600
Novartis Atlanta	Novartis Opthalmics, Inc.	Duluth, GA	100%	$ 15,000,000	100,087	$ 1,426,240
Transocean Houston	Transocean Deepwater Offshore Drilling, Inc.	Houston, TX	100%	$ 22,000,000	103,260	$ 2,110,035
	Newpark Drilling Fluids, Inc.				52,731	$ 1,153,227
Arthur Andersen (5)	Arthur Andersen LLP	Sarasota, FL	100%	$ 21,400,000	157,700	$ 1,988,454
Windy Point I	TCI Great Lakes, Inc.	Schaumburg, IL	100%	$ 32,225,000(6)	129,157 28,322	$ 2,067,204
	The Apollo Group, Inc.				22,028	$ 477,226
	Global Knowledge Network				8,884	$ 393,776
	Various other tenants					$ 160,000
Windy Point II	Zurich American Insurance	Schaumburg, IL	100%	$ 57,050,000(6)	300,034	$ 5,244,594
Convergys	Convergys Customer Management Group, Inc.	Tamarac, FL	100%	$ 13,255,000	100,000	$ 1,248,192
ADIC	Advanced Digital Information Corporation	Parker, CO	68.2%	$ 12,954,213	148,204	$ 1,222,683
Lucent	Lucent Technologies, Inc.	Cary, NC	100%	$ 17,650,000	120,000	$ 1,800,000
Ingram Micro	Ingram Micro, L.P.	Millington, TN	100%	$ 21,050,000	701,819	$ 2,035,275
Nissan	Nissan Motor Acceptance Corporation	Irving, TX	100%	$ 42,259,000(2)	268,290	$ 4,225,860(3)
IKON	IKON Office Solutions, Inc.	Houston, TX	100%	$ 20,650,000	157,790	$ 2,015,767
State Street	SSB Realty, LLC	Quincy, MA	100%	$ 49,563,000	234,668	$ 6,922,706
AmeriCredit	AmeriCredit Financial Services Corporation	Orange Park, FL	68.2%	$ 12,500,000	85,000	$ 1,336,200
Comdata	Comdata Network, Inc.	Brentwood, TN	55.0%	$ 24,950,000	201,237	$ 2,458,638

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Property Name	*Tenant*	*Property Location*	*% Owned*	*Purchase Price*	*Square Feet*	*Annual Rent*
AT&T Oklahoma	AT&T Corp.	Oklahoma City, OK	55.0%	$ 15,300,000	103,500	$ 1,242,000
	Jordan Associates, Inc.				25,000	$ 294,500
Metris Minnesota	Metris Direct, Inc.	Minnetonka, MN	100%	$ 52,800,000	300,633	$ 4,960,445
Stone & Webster	Stone & Webster, Inc.	Houston, TX	100%	$ 44,970,000	206,048	$ 4,533,056
	SYSCO Corporation				106,516	$ 2,130,320
Motorola Plainfield	Motorola, Inc.	S. Plainfield, NJ	100%	$ 33,648,156	236,710	$ 3,324,428
Quest	Quest Software, Inc.	Irvine, CA	15.8%	$ 7,193,000	65,006	$ 1,287,119
Delphi	Delphi Automotive Systems, LLC	Troy, MI	100%	$ 19,800,000	107,193	$ 1,955,524
Avnet	Avnet, Inc.	Tempe, AZ	100%	$ 13,250,000	132,070	$ 1,516,164
Siemens	Siemens Automotive Corp.	Troy, MI	56.8%	$ 14,265,000	77,054	$ 1,374,643
Motorola Tempe	Motorola, Inc.	Tempe, AZ	100%	$ 16,000,000	133,225	$ 2,054,329
ASML	ASM Lithography, Inc.	Tempe, AZ	100%	$ 17,355,000	95,133	$ 1,927,788
Dial	Dial Corporation	Scottsdale, AZ	100%	$ 14,250,000	129,689	$ 1,387,672
Metris Tulsa	Metris Direct, Inc.	Tulsa, OK	100%	$ 12,700,000	101,100	$ 1,187,925
Cinemark	Cinemark USA, Inc.	Plano, TX	100%	$ 21,800,000	65,521	$ 1,366,491
	The Coca-Cola Company				52,587	$ 1,354,184
Gartner	The Gartner Group, Inc.	Ft. Myers, FL	56.8%	$ 8,320,000	62,400	$ 830,656
Videojet Technologies Chicago	Videojet Technologies, Inc.	Wood Dale, IL	100%	$ 32,630,940	250,354	$ 3,376,746
Johnson Matthey	Johnson Matthey, Inc.	Wayne, PA	56.8%	$ 8,000,000	130,000	$ 854,748
Alstom Power Richmond (2)	Alstom Power, Inc.	Midlothian, VA	100%	$ 11,400,000	99,057	$ 1,244,501
Sprint	Sprint Communications Company, L.P.	Leawood, KS	56.8%	$ 9,500,000	68,900	$ 1,102,404
EYBL CarTex	EYBL CarTex, Inc.	Fountain Inn, SC	56.8%	$ 5,085,000	169,510	$ 550,908
Matsushita (2)	Matsushita Avionics Systems Corporation	Lake Forest, CA	100%	$ 18,431,206	144,906	$ 2,005,464
AT&T Pennsylvania	Pennsylvania Cellular Telephone Corp.	Harrisburg, PA	100%	$ 12,291,200	81,859	$ 1,442,116
PwC	PricewaterhouseCoopers, LLP	Tampa, FL	100%	$ 21,127,854	130,091	$ 2,093,382
Cort Furniture	Cort Furniture Rental Corporation	Fountain Valley, CA	44.0%	$ 6,400,000	52,000	$ 834,888
Fairchild	Fairchild Technologies U.S.A., Inc.	Fremont, CA	77.5%	$ 8,900,000	58,424	$ 920,144
Avaya	Avaya, Inc.	Oklahoma City, OK	3.7%	$ 5,504,276	57,186	$ 536,977
Iomega	Iomega Corporation	Ogden, UT	3.7%	$ 5,025,000	108,250	$ 659,868
Interlocken	ODS Technologies, L.P. and	Broomfield, CO	3.7%	$ 8,275,000	51,975	$ 1,070,515
	GAIAM, Inc.					

Ohmeda	Ohmeda, Inc.	Louisville, CO	3.7%	$ 10,325,000	106,750	$ 1,004,520
Alstom Power Knoxville	Alstom Power, Inc.	Knoxville, TN	3.7%	$ 7,900,000	84,404	$ 1,106,520

(1) Includes only the leased portion of this property.
(2) Includes the actual costs incurred or estimated to be incurred by Wells OP to develop and construct the building in addition to the purchase price of the land.
(3) Annual rent for AmeriCredit Phoenix, Kerr McGee and Nissan Property does not take effect until construction of the building is completed and the tenant is occupying the building.
(4) Dana Kalamazoo and Dana Detroit were purchased for an aggregate purchase price of $41,950,000.
(5) Subsequent to September 30, 2002, this building has been vacated by the tenant. See Footnote 10 and Subsequent Events in the Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations section of this supplement.
(6) Windy Point I and Windy Point II were purchased for an aggregate purchase price of $89,275,000.

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Wells OP owns interests in properties directly and through equity ownership in the following joint ventures:

Joint Venture	Joint Venture Partners	Properties Held by Joint Venture
Fund XIII-REIT Joint Venture	Wells Operating Partnership, L.P. Wells Real Estate Fund XIII, L.P.	AmeriCredit ADIC
Fund XII-REIT Joint Venture	Wells Operating Partnership, L.P. Wells Real Estate Fund XII, L.P.	Siemens AT&T Oklahoma Comdata
Fund XI-XII-REIT Joint Venture	Wells Operating Partnership, L.P. Wells Real Estate Fund XI, L.P. Wells Real Estate Fund XII, L.P.	EYBL CarTex Sprint Johnson Matthey Gartner
Fund IX-X-XI-REIT Joint Venture	Wells Operating Partnership, L.P. Wells Real Estate Fund IX, L.P. Wells Real Estate Fund X, L.P. Wells Real Estate Fund XI, L.P.	Alstom Power Knoxville Ohmeda Interlocken Avaya Iomega
Wells/Fremont Associates Joint Venture (the Fremont Joint Venture)	Wells Operating Partnership, L.P. Fund X-XI Joint Venture	Fairchild
Wells/Orange County Associates Joint Venture (the Orange County Joint Venture)	Wells Operating Partnership, L.P. Fund X-XI Joint Venture	Cort Furniture
Fund VIII-IX-REIT Joint Venture	Wells Operating Partnership, L.P. Fund VIII-IX Joint Venture	Quest

(c) Critical Accounting Policies

The Company s accounting policies have been established in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP). The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to use judgment in the application of accounting policies, including making estimates and assumptions. These judgments affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting periods. If our judgment or interpretation of the facts and circumstances relating to various transactions had been different, it is possible that different accounting policies would have been applied; thus, resulting in a different presentation of our financial statements. Below is a discussion of the accounting policies that we consider to be critical in that they may require complex judgment in their application or require estimates about matters which are inherently uncertain.

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes rental income generated from all leases on real estate assets in which the Company has an ownership interest, either directly or through investments in joint ventures, on a straight-line basis over the terms of the respective leases. If a tenant was to encounter financial difficulties in future periods, the amount recorded as a receivable may not be realized.

Operating Cost Reimbursements

The Company generally bills tenants for operating cost reimbursements, either directly or through investments in joint ventures, on a monthly basis at amounts estimated largely based on actual prior period activity, the current year budget and the respective lease terms. Such billings are generally adjusted on an annual basis to reflect reimbursements owed to the landlord based on the actual costs incurred during the period and the respective lease terms. Financial difficulties encountered by tenants may result in receivables not being realized.

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Real Estate

Management continually monitors events and changes in circumstances indicating that the carrying amounts of the real estate assets in which the Company has an ownership interest, either directly or through investments in joint ventures, may not be recoverable. When such events or changes in circumstances are present, management assesses the potential impairment by comparing the fair market value of the asset, estimated at an amount equal to the future undiscounted operating cash flows expected to be generated from tenants over the life of the asset and from its eventual disposition, to the carrying value of the asset. In the event that the carrying amount exceeds the estimated fair market value, the Company would recognize an impairment loss in the amount required to adjust the carrying amount of the asset to its estimated fair market value. Neither the Company nor its joint ventures have recognized impairment losses on real estate assets to date.

Deferred Project Costs

The Company records acquisition and advisory fees and acquisition expenses payable to Wells Capital, Inc. (the Advisor) by capitalizing deferred project costs and reimbursing the Advisor in an amount equal to 3.5% of cumulative capital raised to date. As the Company invests its capital proceeds, deferred project costs are applied to real estate assets, either directly or through contributions to joint ventures, and depreciated over the useful lives of the respective real estate assets. Acquisition and advisory fees and acquisition expenses paid as of September 30, 2002, amounted to $63.3 million and represented approximately 3.5% of capital contributions received. These fees are allocated to specific properties as they are purchased or developed and are included in capitalized assets of the joint venture, or real estate assets. Deferred project costs at September 30, 2002 and December 31, 2001, represent fees paid, but not yet applied to properties.

Deferred Offering Costs

The Advisor expects to continue to fund 100% of the organization and offering costs and recognize related expenses, to the extent that such costs exceed 3% of cumulative capital raised, on behalf of the Company. Organization and offering costs include items such as legal and accounting fees, marketing and promotional costs, and printing costs, and specifically exclude sales costs and underwriting commissions. The Company records offering costs by accruing deferred offering costs, with an offsetting liability included in due to affiliates, at an amount equal to the lesser of 3% of cumulative capital raised to date or actual costs incurred from third-parties less reimbursements paid to the Advisor. As equity is raised, the Company reverses the deferred offering costs accrual and recognizes a charge to stockholders equity upon reimbursing the Advisor. As of September 30, 2002, the Advisor had paid organization and offering expenses on behalf of the Company in an aggregate amount of $34.2 million, of which the Advisor had been reimbursed $29.7 million, which did not exceed the 3% limitation. Deferred offering costs in the accompanying balance sheet represent costs incurred by the Advisor which will be reimbursed by the Company.

(d) Distribution Policy

The Company will make distributions each taxable year (not including a return of capital for federal income tax purposes) equal to at least 90% of its real estate investment trusts taxable income. The Company intends to make regular quarterly distributions to stockholders. Distributions will be made to those stockholders who are stockholders as of the record date selected by the Directors. The Company currently calculates quarterly dividends based on the daily record and dividend declaration dates; thus, stockholders are entitled to receive dividends immediately upon the purchase of shares.

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Dividends to be distributed to the stockholders are determined by the Board of Directors and are dependent on a number of factors related to the Company, including funds available for payment of dividends, financial condition, capital expenditure requirements and annual distribution requirements in order to maintain the Company s status as a REIT under the Code. Operating cash flows are expected to increase as additional properties are added to the Company s investment portfolio.

(e) Income Taxes

The Company has made an election under Section 856 (C) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the Code), to be taxed as a Real Estate Investment Trust (REIT) under the Code beginning with its taxable year ended December 31, 1998. As a REIT for federal income tax purposes, the Company generally will not be subject to federal income tax on income that it distributes to its shareholders. If the Company fails to qualify as a REIT in any taxable year, it will then be subject to federal income tax on its taxable income at regular corporate rates and will not be permitted to qualify for treatment as a REIT for federal income tax purposes for four years following the year during which qualification is lost. Such an event could materially adversely affect the Company s net income and net cash available to distribute to shareholders. However, the Company believes that it is organized and operates in such a manner as to qualify for treatment as a REIT and intends to continue to operate in the foreseeable future in such a manner so that the Company will remain qualified as a REIT for federal income tax purposes.

(f) Employees

The Company has no direct employees. The employees of the Advisor and Wells Management Company, Inc. (Wells Management), an affiliate of the Company and the Advisor, perform a full range of real estate services including leasing and property management, accounting, asset management and investor relations for the Company. The Company has reimbursed the Advisor and Wells Management for allocated salaries, wages and other payroll related costs totaling $1.1 million and $0.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2002 and 2001, respectively, and $0.5 million and $0.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2002 and 2001, respectively.

(g) Insurance

Wells Management Company, Inc., an affiliate of the Company and the Advisor, carries comprehensive liability and extended coverage with respect to all the properties owned directly or indirectly by the Company. In the opinion of management, the properties are adequately insured.

(h) Competition

The Company will experience competition for tenants from owners and managers of competing projects, which may include its affiliates. As a result, the Company may be required to provide free rent, reduced charges for tenant improvements and other inducements, all of which may have an adverse impact on results of operations. At the time the Company elects to dispose of its properties, the Company will also be in competition with sellers of similar properties to locate suitable purchasers for its properties.

(i) Statement of Cash Flows

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents include cash and short-term investments.

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(j) Basis of Presentation

Substantially all of the Company s business is conducted through Wells OP. On December 31, 1997, Wells OP issued 20,000 limited partner units to the Advisor in exchange for a capital contribution of $200,000. The Company is the sole general partner in Wells OP; consequently, the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of the Company includes the amounts of the Company and Wells OP. The Advisor, a limited partner, is not currently receiving distributions from its investment in Wells OP.

The consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with instructions to Form 10-Q and do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. These quarterly statements have not been examined by independent accountants, but in the opinion of management of the Company, the statements for the unaudited interim periods presented include all adjustments, which are of a normal and recurring nature, necessary to present a fair presentation of the results for such periods. Results for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of full year results. For further information, refer to the financial statements and footnotes included in the Company s Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001.

2. INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURES

(a) Basis of Presentation

As of September 30, 2002, the Company owned interests in 17 properties in joint ventures with related entities through its ownership in Wells OP, which owns interests in seven such joint ventures. The Company does not have control over the operations of these joint ventures; however, it does exercise significant influence. Accordingly, investment in joint ventures is recorded using the equity method.

(b) Summary of Operations

The following information summarizes the operations of the unconsolidated joint ventures in which the Company, through Wells OP, had ownership interests as of September 30, 2002 and 2001, respectively. There were no additional investments in joint ventures made by the Company during the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2002.

	Total Revenues		Net Income		Wells OP s Share of Net Income	
	Three Months Ended (in thousands)		Three Months Ended (in thousands)		Three Months Ended (in thousands)	
	September 30, 2002	September 30, 2001	September 30, 2002	September 30, 2001	September 30, 2002	September 30, 2001

Fund IX-X-XI-REIT Joint Venture	$ 1,083	$ 1,083	$ 574	$ 670	$ 21	$ 25
Cort Joint Venture	199	204	135	149	59	65
Fremont Joint Venture	226	227	142	142	110	110
Fund XI-XII-REIT Joint Venture	836	844	484	520	275	295
Fund XII-REIT Joint Venture	1,330	1,410	727	815	400	448
Fund VIII-IX-REIT Joint Venture	302	314	153	156	24	24
Fund XIII-REIT Joint Venture	704	306	408	155	370	135
	$ 4,680	$ 4,388	$ 2,623	$ 2,607	$ 1,259	$ 1,102

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	Total Revenues		Net Income		Wells OP s Share of Net Income	
	Nine Months Ended (in thousands)		Nine Months Ended (in thousands)		Nine Months Ended (in thousands)	
	September 30, 2002	September 30, 2001	September 30, 2002	September 30, 2001	September 30, 2002	September 30, 2001
Fund IX-X-XI-REIT Joint Venture	$ 3,310	$ 3,264	$ 1,747	$ 2,043	$ 65	$ 76
Cort Joint Venture	597	602	405	415	177	181
Fremont Joint Venture	678	677	419	421	325	326
Fund XI-XII-REIT Joint Venture	2,525	2,533	1,526	1,534	866	871
Fund XII-REIT Joint Venture	4,143	3,306	2,385	1,848	1,311	967
Fund VIII-IX-REIT Joint Venture	906	894	461	416	73	66
Fund XIII-REIT Joint Venture	2,108	306	1,215	155	921	135
	$ 14,267	$ 11,582	$ 8,158	$ 6,832	$ 3,738	$ 2,622

3. INVESTMENTS IN REAL ESTATE

As of September 30, 2002, the Company, through its ownership in Wells OP, owns 50 properties directly. The following describes acquisitions made directly by Wells OP during the three months ended September 30, 2002.

The ISS Atlanta Buildings

On July 1, 2002, Wells OP purchased two five-story buildings containing a total of 238,600 rentable square feet located in Atlanta, Georgia for a purchase price of $40.5 million, excluding closing costs. The ISS Atlanta Buildings were acquired by assigning to Wells OP an existing ground lease with the Development Authority of Fulton County (Development Authority). Fee simple title to the land upon which the ISS Atlanta Buildings are located is held by the Development Authority, which issued Development Authority of Fulton County Taxable Revenue Bonds (Bonds) totaling $32.5 million in connection with the construction of these buildings. The Bonds, which entitle Wells OP to certain real property tax abatement benefits, were also assigned to Wells OP at the closing. Fee title interest to the land will be transferred to Wells OP upon payment of the outstanding balance on the Bonds, either by prepayment by Wells OP or at the expiration of the ground lease on December 1, 2015.

The entire rentable area of the ISS Atlanta Buildings is leased to Internet Security Systems, Inc., a Georgia corporation (ISS). The ISS Atlanta lease is a net lease that commenced in November 2000 and expires in May 2013. The current annual base rent payable under the ISS Atlanta lease is approximately $4.6 million. ISS, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for three additional five-year periods at 95% of the then-current market rental rate.

The PacifiCare San Antonio Building

On July 12, 2002, Wells OP purchased the PacifiCare San Antonio Building, a two-story office building containing 142,500 rentable square feet located in San Antonio, Texas for a purchase price of $14.7 million, excluding closing costs. The PacifiCare San Antonio Building is 100% leased to PacifiCare Health Systems, Inc. (PacifiCare). The PacifiCare lease is a net lease that commenced in November 2000 and expires in November 2010. The current annual base rent payable under the PacifiCare lease is approximately $1.5 million. PacifiCare, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for three additional five-year periods. Monthly base rent for the first renewal term will be approximately $0.2

million and monthly base rent for the second and third renewal terms will be the then-current market rental rate.

The Kerr-McGee Property

On July 29, 2002, Wells OP purchased the Kerr-McGee Property, a 4.2-acre tract of land located in Houston, Harris County, Texas for a purchase price of approximately $1.7, excluding closing costs. Wells OP has entered into agreements to construct a four-story office building containing approximately 100,000 rentable square feet (the Kerr-McGee Project) on the Kerr-McGee Property. It is currently anticipated that the aggregate of all costs and expenses to be incurred by Wells OP with respect to the acquisition of the Kerr-McGee Property and the planning, design, development, construction and completion of the Kerr McGee Project will total approximately $15.8 million.

The entire 100,000 rentable square feet of the Kerr-McGee Project will be leased to Kerr-McGee Oil & Gas Corporation (Kerr-McGee), a wholly owned subsidiary of Kerr-McGee Corporation. The initial term of the Kerr-McGee lease will extend 11 years and 1 month beyond the rent commencement date. Construction on the building is scheduled to be completed by July 2003. The rent commencement date will occur no later than July 1, 2003. Kerr-McGee has the right to extend the initial term of this lease for one additional period of twenty years or the option to extend the initial term for any combination of additional periods of ten years or five years for a total additional period of not more than twenty years. The base rental rate will be 95% of the existing market rate. The initial annual base rent payable under the Kerr-McGee lease will be calculated as 10.5% of project costs.

Wells OP obtained a construction loan in the amount of $13.7 million from Bank of America, to fund the construction of a building on the Kerr-McGee Property. The loan requires monthly payments of interest only and matures on January 29, 2004. The interest rate on the loan as of August 6, 2002 was 3.80%. The Bank of America loan is secured by a first priority mortgage on the Kerr-McGee Property.

The BMG Greenville Buildings

On July 31, 2002, Wells OP purchased the BMG Greenville Buildings, two one-story office buildings containing 786,778 rentable square feet located in Duncan, Spartanburg County, South Carolina for a purchase price of $26.9 million, excluding closing costs. The BMG Greenville Buildings are leased to BMG Direct Marketing, Inc. (BMG Marketing) and BMG Music (BMG Music).

The BMG Marketing lease is a net lease that covers approximately 473,398 square feet that commenced in March 1988 and expires in March 2011. The current annual base rent payable under the BMG Marketing lease is approximately $1.4 million. BMG Marketing, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for two consecutive ten-year periods at 95% of the then-current market rental rate.

The BMG Music lease is a net lease that covers approximately 313,380 rentable square feet that commenced in December 1987 and expires in March 2011. The current annual base rent payable under the BMG Music lease is approximately $0.8 million. BMG Music, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for two consecutive ten-year periods at 95% of the then-current market rental rate.

The Kraft Atlanta Building

On August 1, 2002, Wells OP purchased the Kraft Atlanta Building, a one-story office building containing 87,219 rentable square feet located in Suwanee, Forsyth County, Georgia for a purchase price of approximately $11.6 million, excluding closing costs. The Kraft Atlanta Building is leased to Kraft Foods North America, Inc. (Kraft) and PerkinElmer Instruments, LLC (PerkinElmer).

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The Kraft lease is a net lease that covers approximately 73,264 square feet that commenced in February 2002 and expires in January 2012. The current annual base rent payable under the Kraft lease is approximately $1.3 million. Kraft, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for two additional five-year periods at the then-current market rental rate. In addition, Kraft may terminate the lease (1) at the end of the third year by paying a $7.0 million termination fee, or (2) at the end of the seventh lease year by paying an approximately $1.8 million termination fee.

The PerkinElmer lease is a net lease that covers approximately 13,955 rentable square feet that commenced in December 2001 and expires in November 2016. The current annual base rent payable under the PerkinElmer lease is approximately $0.2 million. PerkinElmer, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for two additional five-year periods at the then-current market rental rate. In addition, PerkinElmer may terminate the lease at the end of the tenth lease year by paying a $0.3 million termination fee.

The Nokia Dallas Buildings

On August 15, 2002, Wells OP purchased the Nokia Dallas Buildings, three adjacent office buildings containing an aggregate of 604,234 rentable square feet located in Irving, Texas for an aggregate purchase price of approximately $119.6 million, excluding closing costs. The Nokia Dallas Buildings are all leased entirely to Nokia, Inc (Nokia) under three long-term net leases for periods of 10 years, with approximately seven to eight years remaining on such leases.

The Nokia I Building is a nine-story building containing 228,678 rentable square feet. The Nokia I Building lease fully commenced in July 1999 and expires in July 2009. The current annual base rent payable under the Nokia I Building lease is approximately $4.4 million. The Nokia II Building is a seven-story building containing 223,470 rentable square feet. The Nokia II Building lease commenced in December 2000 and expires in December 2010. The current annual base rent payable under the Nokia II Building lease is approximately $4.5 million. The Nokia III Building is a six-story building containing 152,086 rentable square feet. The Nokia III Building lease commenced in June 1999 and expires in July 2009. The current annual base rent payable under the Nokia III Building lease is approximately $3.0 million.

The Harcourt Austin Building

On August 15, 2002, Wells OP purchased the Harcourt Austin Building, a seven-story office building containing 195,230 rentable square feet located in Austin, Texas for a purchase price of $39.0 million, excluding closing costs. The Harcourt Austin Building is leased entirely to Harcourt, Inc. (Harcourt), a wholly owned subsidiary of Harcourt General, Inc., the guarantor of the Harcourt lease. The Harcourt lease commenced in July 2001 and expires in June 2016. The current annual base rent payable under the Harcourt lease is approximately $3.4 million.

The AmeriCredit Phoenix Property

On September 12, 2002, Wells OP purchased the AmeriCredit Phoenix Property, a 14.74-acre tract of land located in Chandler, Maricopa County, Arizona for a purchase price of approximately $2.6 million, excluding closing costs. Wells OP has entered into agreements to construct a three-story office building containing approximately 153,494 rentable square feet (the AmeriCredit Phoenix Project) on the AmeriCredit Phoenix Property. It is currently anticipated that the aggregate of all costs and expenses to be incurred by Wells OP with respect to the acquisition of the AmeriCredit Phoenix Project and the planning, design, development, construction and completion of the AmeriCredit Phoenix Project will total approximately $24.7 million.

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The entire 153,494 rentable square feet of the AmeriCredit Phoenix Project will be leased to AmeriCredit Financial Services, Inc. (AmeriCredit), a wholly owned subsidiary of AmeriCredit Corporation. The initial term of the AmeriCredit lease will extend 10 years and 4 month beyond the rent commencement date. Construction on the building is scheduled to be completed by August 2003. AmeriCredit has the right to extend the initial term of this lease for two additional periods of five years at 95% of the then-market rate. As an inducement for Wells OP to enter into the AmeriCredit Phoenix lease, AmeriCredit has prepaid to Wells OP the first three years of base rent at a discounted amount equal to approximately $4.8 million.

The IRS Long Island Buildings

On September 16, 2002, Wells REIT-Holtsville, NY, LLC (REIT-Holtsville), a Georgia limited liability company wholly-owned by Wells OP purchased the IRS Long Island Buildings, a two-story office building and a one-story daycare facility containing an aggregate 259,700 rentable square feet located in Holtsville, New York for a purchase price of approximately $51.0 million, excluding closing costs. Approximately 191,050 of the aggregate rentable square feet of the IRS Long Island Buildings (74%) is currently leased to the United States of America through the U.S. General Services Administration (U.S.A.) for occupancy by the IRS under three separate lease agreements for the processing & collection division of the IRS (IRS Collection), the compliance division of the IRS (IRS Compliance), and the IRS Daycare Facility. REIT-Holtsville is negotiating for the remaining 26% of the IRS Long Island Buildings to be leased by the U.S.A. on behalf of the IRS or to another suitable tenant. If REIT-Holtsville should lease this space to the U.S.A. or another suitable tenant within 18 months, REIT-Holtsville would owe the seller an additional amount of up to $14.5 million as additional purchase price for the IRS Long Island Buildings pursuant to the terms of an earnout agreement entered into between REIT-Holtsville and the seller at the closing.

The IRS Collection lease, which encompasses 128,000 rentable square feet of the IRS Office Building, commenced in August 2000 and expires in August 2005. The current annual base rent payable under the IRS Collection lease is approximately $5.0 million. The annual base rent payable under the IRS Collection lease for the remaining two years of the initial lease term will be approximately $2.8 million. The U.S.A., at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for two additional five-year periods at annual rental rates of approximately $4.2 million and $5.0 million, respectively.

The IRS Compliance lease, which encompasses 50,949 rentable square feet of the IRS Office Building, commenced in December 2001 and expires in December 2011. The annual base rent payable under the IRS Compliance lease for the initial term of the lease is approximately $1.7 million. The U.S.A., at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for one additional ten-year period at an annual rental rate of approximately $2.2 million.

The IRS Daycare Facility lease, which encompasses the entire 12,100 rentable square feet of the IRS Daycare Facility, commenced in October 1999 and expires in September 2004. The annual base rent payable under the IRS Daycare Facility lease for the initial term of the lease is approximately $0.5 million. The U.S.A., at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for two additional five-year periods at an annual rental rate of approximately $0.4 million.

The KeyBank Parsippany Building

On September 27, 2002, Wells OP purchased the KeyBank Parsippany Building, a four-story office building containing 404,515 rentable square feet located in Parsippany, New Jersey for a purchase price of approximately $101.4 million, excluding closing costs. The KeyBank Parsippany Building is leased to Key Bank U.S.A., N.A. (KeyBank) and Gemini Technology Services (Gemini).

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The KeyBank lease covers 200,000 rentable square feet (49%) under a net lease that commenced in March 2001 and expires in February 2016. The current annual base rent payable under the KeyBank lease is $3.8 million. KeyBank, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for three additional five-year periods at the then-current market rental rate.

The Gemini lease covers 204,515 rentable square feet (51%) under a gross lease that commenced in December 2000 and expires in December 2013. The current annual base rent payable under the Gemini lease is approximately $5.7 million. Gemini, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for three additional five-year periods at a rate equal to the greater of (1) the annual rent during the final year of the initial lease term, or (2) 95% of the then-current market rental rate.

The Federal Express Colorado Springs Building

On September 27, 2002, Wells OP purchased the Federal Express Colorado Springs Building, a three-story office building containing 155,808 rentable square feet located in Colorado Springs, Colorado for a purchase price of $26.0 million, excluding closing costs. The Federal Express Colorado Springs Building is leased entirely to Federal Express Corporation (Federal Express). The Federal Express lease commenced in July 2001 and expires in October 2016. The current annual base rent payable under the Federal Express lease is approximately $2.2 million. Federal Express, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for four additional five-year periods at 90% of the then-current market rental rate. In addition, Federal Express has an expansion option under its lease pursuant to which Wells OP would be required to construct an additional office building.

The EDS Des Moines Building

On September 27, 2002, Wells OP purchased the EDS Des Moines Building, a one-story office and distribution building containing 115,000 rentable square feet of office space and 290,000 rentable square feet of warehouse space located in Des Moines, Iowa for a purchase price of $26.5 million, excluding closing costs. The EDS Des Moines Building is leased entirely to EDS Information Services L.L.C. (EDS), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Electronic Data Systems Corporation (EDS Corp.). EDS Corp. is the guarantor of the EDS lease. The EDS lease commenced in May 2002 and expires in April 2012. The current annual base rent payable under the EDS lease is approximately $2.4 million. EDS, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for two additional five-year periods at the then-current market rental rate. In addition, EDS has an expansion option under its lease for up to an additional 100,000 rentable square feet.

The Intuit Dallas Building

On September 27, 2002, Wells OP purchased the Intuit Dallas Building, a two-story office building with a three-story wing containing 166,238 rentable square feet located in Plano, Texas for a purchase price of $26.5 million, excluding closing costs. The Intuit Dallas Building is leased entirely to Lacerte Software Corporation (Lacerte), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Intuit, Inc. (Intuit). Intuit is the guarantor of the Lacerte lease. The Lacerte lease commenced in July 2001 and expires in June 2011. The current annual base rent payable under the Lacerte lease is approximately $2.5 million. Lacerte, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for two additional five-year periods at rental rates of $17.92 per square foot and $19.71 per square foot, respectively. In addition, Lacerte has an expansion option through November 2004 pursuant to which Wells OP would be required to purchase an additional 19 acre tract of land and to construct up to an approximately 600,000 rentable square foot building thereon.

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The Allstate Indianapolis Building

On September 27, 2002, Wells OP purchased the Allstate Indianapolis Building, a one-story office building containing 89,956 rentable square feet located in Indianapolis, Indiana for a purchase price of $10.9 million, excluding closing costs. The Allstate Indianapolis Building is leased to Allstate Insurance Company (Allstate) and Holladay Property Services Midwest, Inc. (Holladay).

The Allstate lease, which covers 84,200 rentable square feet (94%), commenced in March 2002 and expires in August 2012. The current annual base rent payable under the Allstate lease is approximately $1.2 million. Allstate at its option has the right to (1) terminate the initial term of the Allstate lease at the end of the fifth lease year (August 2007) upon payment of an approximately $0.4 million fee, or (2) reduce its area of occupancy to not less than 20,256 rentable square feet, by providing written notice on or before August 2006. Allstate, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for two additional five-year periods at the then-current market rental rate. In addition, Allstate has a right of first refusal for the leasing of additional space in the Allstate Indianapolis Building.

Holladay is a property management company that manages the Allstate Indianapolis Building from the site. The Holladay lease, which covers 5,756 rentable square feet (6%), commenced in October 2001 and expires in September 2006. The current annual base rent payable under the Holladay lease is approximately $.07 million.

The Daimler Chrysler Dallas Building

On September 30, 2002, Wells OP purchased the Daimler Chrysler Dallas Building, a two-story office building containing 130,290 rentable square feet located in Westlake, Texas for a purchase price of $25.1 million, excluding closing costs. The Daimler Chrysler Dallas Building is leased entirely to Daimler Chrysler Services North America LLC (Daimler Chrysler NA). The Daimler Chrysler NA lease commenced in January 2002 and expires in December 2011. The current annual base rent payable under the Daimler Chrysler NA lease is approximately $3.2 million. Daimler Chrysler NA, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for three additional five-year periods at 98% of the then-current market rental rate. In addition, Daimler Chrysler NA has an expansion option for up to an additional 70,000 rentable square feet and a right of first offer if Wells OP desires to sell the Daimler Chrysler Dallas Building during the term of the lease.

4. NOTE RECEIVABLE

In connection with the purchase of the TRW Denver Building on May 29, 2002, Wells OP acquired a note receivable from the building s sole tenant, TRW, Inc., in the amount of $5.2 million. The loan was made to fund above-standard tenant improvement costs to the building. The note receivable is structured to be fully amortized over the remaining lease term, which expires September 2007, at 11% interest with TRW making monthly loan payments of $.1 million. At September 30, 2002, the principal balance of this note receivable was $5.0 million.

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5. NOTES PAYABLE

At September 30, 2002, Wells OP had the following debt:

Lender	Collateral	Type of Debt	Maturity Date	Balance Outstanding (in millions)
SouthTrust	The Alstom Power Richmond Building	$7.9 million line of credit, interest at 30 day LIBOR plus 175 basis points	December 10, 2002	$7.7
SouthTrust	The PwC Building	$12.8 million line of credit, interest at 30 day LIBOR plus 175 basis points	December 10, 2002	2.1
SouthTrust	The Avnet Building and the Motorola Tempe Building	$19.0 million line of credit, interest at 30 day LIBOR plus 175 basis points	December 10, 2002	0
SouthTrust	The Cinemark Building, the Dial Building and the ASML Building	$32.4 million line of credit, interest at 30 day LIBOR plus 175 basis points	December 10, 2002	0
Bank of America	The Nissan Property	$34.2 million construction loan, interest at LIBOR plus 200 basis points	July 30, 2003	13.3
Bank of America	The Kerr McGee Property	$13.7 million construction loan, interest at LIBOR plus 200 basis points	January 29, 2004	1.0
Bank of America	The Videojet Technologies Chicago Building, the AT&T Pennsylvania Building, the Matsushita Building, the Metris Tulsa Building, the Motorola Plainfield Building and the Delphi Building	$85 million line of credit, interest at 30 day LIBOR plus 180 basis points	May 11, 2004	0
Prudential	The BMG Buildings	$8.8 million note payable, interest at 8%, principal and interest payable monthly	December 15, 2003	8.8
Prudential	The BMG Buildings	$2.9 million note payable, interest at 8.5%,	December 15, 2003	2.9

	interest payable monthly, principal payable upon maturity	
Total		**$35.8**

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6. INTEREST RATE SWAPS

Wells OP has entered into interest rate swap agreements with Bank of America in order to hedge its interest rate exposure on the Bank of America construction loans for the Nissan Property (the Nissan Loan) and the Kerr McGee Property (the Kerr McGee Loan). The interest rate swap agreements involve the exchange of amounts based on a fixed interest rate for amounts based on a variable interest rate over the life of the loan agreement without an exchange of the notional amount upon which the payments are based. The notional amount of both interest rate swaps is the balance outstanding on the construction loan on the payment date.

The interest rate swap for the Nissan Loan became effective January 15, 2002 and terminates on June 15, 2003. Wells OP, as the fixed rate payer, has an interest rate of 3.9%. Bank of America, the variable rate payer, pays at a rate equal to U.S. dollar LIBOR on the payment date. The result is an effective interest rate of 5.9% on the Nissan Loan.

The interest rate swap for the Kerr McGee Loan became effective September 15, 2002 and terminates on July 15, 2003. Wells OP as fixed rate payer has an interest rate of 2.27%. Bank of America, the variable rate payer, pays at a rate equal to U.S. dollar LIBOR on the payment date. The result is an effective interest rate of 4.27% on the Kerr McGee Loan.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2002, Wells OP made interest payments totaling approximately $45,221 under the terms of the interest rate swap agreements. At September 30, 2002, the estimated fair value of the interest rate swap for the Nissan Loan and the Kerr McGee Loan was $(384,855) and $(30,180), respectively. The interest rate swaps are accounted for by mark-to-market accounting on a monthly basis and are included in prepaid and other assets on the accompanying consolidated balance sheet.

On January 1, 2001, the Company adopted SFAS No. 133, as amended by SFAS No. 137 and No. 138 Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities. The effect of adopting the SFAS No. 133 did not have a material effect on the Company s consolidated financial statements.

7. INVESTMENT IN BONDS AND OBLIGATIONS UNDER CAPITAL LEASES

In connection with the purchase of a ground leasehold interest in the Ingram Micro Distribution Facility pursuant to a Bond Real Property Lease dated December 20, 1995 (the Bond Lease), Wells OP acquired an Industrial Development Revenue Note (the Bond) dated December 20, 1995 in the principal amount of $22 million. As part of the same transaction, Wells OP also acquired a Fee Construction Mortgage Deed of Trust Assignment of Rents and Leases (the Bond Deed of Trust), also dated December 20, 1995, which was executed by the Industrial Development Board in order to secure the Bond. Beginning in 2006, the holder of the Bond Lease has the option to purchase the land underlying the Ingram Micro Distribution Facility for $100 plus satisfaction of the indebtedness evidenced by the Bond. Because Wells OP is technically subject to the obligation to pay the $22 million indebtedness evidenced by the Bond, the obligation to pay the Bond is carried on the Company s books as a liability. However, since Wells OP is also the owner of the Bond, the Bond is also carried on the Company s books as an asset.

As part of the transaction to acquire a ground leasehold interest in the ISS Atlanta Buildings, Wells OP was assigned Development Authority of Fulton County Taxable Revenue Bonds totaling $32.5 million, which were originally issued in connection with the development of the ISS Atlanta Buildings (the Bonds). The Bonds entitle Wells OP to certain property tax abatement benefits. Upon payment of the outstanding balance on the Bonds, on or before the expiration of the ground lease on December 1, 2015, fee title interest to the underlying land will be transferred to

Wells OP. Because Wells OP is technically subject to the obligation to pay the $32.5 million indebtedness evidenced by the Bond, the obligation to pay the Bonds is carried on the Company s books as a liability. However, since Wells OP is also the owner of the Bonds, the Bonds are also carried on the Company s books as an asset.

8. Due to affiliates

Due to affiliates consists of amounts due to the Advisor for acquisitions and advisory fees and acquisition expenses, deferred offering costs, and other operating expenses paid on behalf of the Company. Also included in due to affiliates is the amount due to the Fund VIII-IX Joint Venture related to the Matsushita lease guarantee, which is explained in greater detail in the financial statements and footnotes included in the Company s Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001. Payments of $.6 million have been made as of September 30, 2002 toward funding the obligation under the Matsushita agreement.

9. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Take Out Purchase and Escrow Agreement

An affiliate of the Advisor (Wells Exchange) has developed a program (the Wells Section 1031 Program) involving the acquisition by Wells Exchange of income-producing commercial properties and the formation of a series of single member limited liability companies for the purpose of facilitating the resale of co-tenancy interests in such real estate properties to be owned in co-tenancy arrangements with persons (1031 Participants) who are looking to invest the proceeds from a sale of real estate held for investment in another real estate investment for purposes of qualifying for like-kind exchange treatment under Section 1031 of the Code. Each of these properties will be financed by a combination of permanent first mortgage financing and interim loan financing obtained from institutional lenders.

Following the acquisition of each property, Wells Exchange will attempt to sell co-tenancy interests to 1031 Participants, the proceeds of which will be used to pay off the interim financing. In consideration for the payment of a take out fee to the Company, and following approval of the potential property acquisition by the Company s Board of Directors, it is anticipated that Wells OP will enter into a contractual relationship providing that, in the event that Wells Exchange is unable to sell all of the co-tenancy interests in that particular property to 1031 Participants, Wells OP will purchase, at Wells Exchange s cost, any co-tenancy interests remaining unsold at the end of the offering period. As a part of the initial transaction in the Wells Section 1031 Program, Wells OP entered into a take out purchase and escrow agreement dated April 16, 2001 providing, among other things, that Wells OP would be obligated to acquire, at Wells Exchange s cost, any unsold co-tenancy interests in the building known as the Ford Motor Credit Complex which remained unsold at the expiration of the offering of Wells Exchange, which was extended to April 15, 2002. Wells OP was compensated for its takeout commitment in the amount of $.1 million in each of 2001 and 2002 by payment of a take out fee to Wells OP in an amount equal to 1.25% of its maximum financial obligation under the Ford Motor Credit take out purchase and escrow agreement. On April 12, 2002, Wells Exchange paid off the interim financing on the Ford Motor Credit Complex. This pay off of the loan triggered the release of Wells OP from its prior obligations under the take out purchase and escrow agreement relating to such property.

Letters of Credit

At September 30, 2002, Wells OP had three letters of credit totaling $19.2 million outstanding from financial institutions, which were not recorded in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet. These letters of credit were required by three of the Company s tenants to ensure completion of the Company s contractual obligations. The Company s management does not anticipate a need to draw on these letters of credit.

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Properties under Contract

At September 30, 2002, the Company had three executed contracts for the acquisition of properties totaling $82.0 million. Escrows of $1.3 million have been paid out for these properties and are included in prepaid and other assets on the accompanying consolidated balance sheet.

10. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Issuance of Common Stock

From October 1, 2002 through October 25, 2002, the Company has raised approximately $91.5 million through the issuance of 9.1 million shares of common stock in the Company.

Termination Agreement

Effective October 31, 2002, Arthur Andersen LLP (Andersen) and Wells OP entered into a termination agreement with respect to the lease for the three-story office building containing 157,700 rentable square feet located in Sarasota, Florida known as the Arthur Andersen Building. In consideration for releasing Andersen from its obligation to pay rent under the lease, Andersen paid Wells OP a termination fee of $979,760 and conveyed to Wells OP an approximately 1.3 acre tract of land adjacent to the property which was used for parking.

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Report of Independent Auditors

Shareholders and Board of Directors

Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statement of revenues over certain operating expenses of the NASA Buildings for the year ended December 31, 2001. This statement is the responsibility of the NASA Buildings management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the statement of revenues over certain operating expenses is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the statement of revenues over certain operating expenses. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the statement of revenues over certain operating expenses. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying statement of revenues over certain operating expenses was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission, as described in Note 2, and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the NASA Buildings revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the statement of revenues over certain operating expenses referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the revenues and certain operating expenses described in Note 2 of the NASA Buildings for the year ended December 31, 2001 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

Ernst & Young LLP

Atlanta, Georgia

November 26, 2002

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NASA Buildings

Statements of Revenues Over Certain Operating Expenses

For the year ended December 31, 2001 and the nine months ended September 30, 2002

	2002	2001
	(Unaudited)	
Revenues:		
Base rent	$ 25,179,213	$ 33,637,808
Tenant reimbursements	1,703,365	2,586,032
Total revenues	26,882,578	36,223,840
Operating expenses	7,761,014	10,200,082
Revenues over certain operating expenses	$ 19,121,564	$ 26,023,758

See accompanying notes.

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NASA Buildings

Notes to Statements of Revenues Over Certain Operating Expenses

For the year ended December 31, 2001 and the nine months ended September 30, 2002

1. ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Description of Real Estate Property Acquired

On November 22, 2002, Wells REIT-Independence Square, LLC (the Company) acquired the NASA Buildings from Southwest Market Limited Partnership (Southwest Market). The Company, a Georgia limited liability company, was created on November 22, 2002 by Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc., a Maryland corporation, the sole member of the Company.

The two nine-story buildings contain 948,813 square feet of net rentable area and are leased to six tenants, including the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) and The Office of the Comptroller of the Currency (OCC), which occupy a total of 932,209 square feet. The remaining square footage is leased to several retail tenants under lease agreements that expire over the next eight years. NASA occupies 590,689 square feet under a gross lease (NASA Lease) that commenced in July 1992 and expires in July 2012. OCC occupies 341,520 square feet under a lease (OCC Lease) that commenced in May 1991 and expires in May 2006. Southwest Market s interests in the NASA Lease, the OCC Lease and other retail lease agreements were assigned to the Company upon the acquisition of the NASA Buildings.

Under the NASA Lease, the tenant is required to pay, as adjusted rent, its share of increases in real estate taxes and changes in costs from the first lease year for cleaning services, supplies, materials, maintenance, trash removal, landscaping, sewer charges and certain administrative expenses attributable to occupancy. The amount of the adjustment will be computed using the Cost of Living Index. Under the OCC Lease, the tenant is required to pay, as additional rent, its share of increases in real estate taxes and changes in costs from the first lease year for, including but not limited to, cleaning services, electricity, heating, water, air conditioning and landscaping. The Company will be responsible for maintaining and repairing the NASA Buildings roof, foundations, common areas, electrical systems and mechanical systems.

Rental Revenues

Rental income is recognized on a straight-line basis over the terms of the leases.

2. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying statements of revenues over certain operating expenses are presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States and in accordance with the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission for real estate properties acquired. Accordingly, these statements exclude certain historical expenses that are not comparable to the proposed future operations of the property such as depreciation and interest. Therefore, these statements are not comparable to the statement of operations of the NASA Buildings after their acquisition by the Company.

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NASA Buildings

Notes to Statements of Revenues Over Certain Operating Expenses

(continued)

3. FUTURE MINIMUM RENTAL COMMITMENTS

Future minimum rental commitments for the years ended December 31 are as follows:

2002	$ 32,856,309
2003	32,875,773
2004	32,987,740
2005	33,104,624
2006	26,008,009
Thereafter	117,928,136
	$ 275,760,591

4. INTERIM UNAUDITED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The statement of revenues over certain operating expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2002 is unaudited, however, in the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting solely of normal, recurring adjustments) necessary for the fair presentation of the statement for the interim period have been included. The results of the interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results to be obtained for a full fiscal year.

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Report of Independent Auditors

Shareholders and Board of Directors

Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statement of revenues over certain operating expenses of the Caterpillar Nashville Building for the year ended December 31, 2001. This statement is the responsibility of the Caterpillar Nashville Building s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the statement of revenues over certain operating expenses is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the statement of revenues over certain operating expenses. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the statement of revenues over certain operating expenses. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying statement of revenues over certain operating expenses was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission, as described in Note 2, and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Caterpillar Nashville Building s revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the statement of revenues over certain operating expenses referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the revenues and certain operating expenses described in Note 2 of the Caterpillar Nashville Building for the year ended December 31, 2001 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

Ernst & Young LLP

Atlanta, Georgia

November 26, 2002

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Caterpillar Nashville Building

Statements of Revenues Over Certain Operating Expenses

For the year ended December 31, 2001 and the nine months ended September 30, 2002

	2002	2001
	(Unaudited)	
Revenues:		
Base rent	$ 5,922,277	$ 7,896,370
Tenant reimbursements	357,722	379,662
Total revenues	6,279,999	8,276,032
Operating expenses	1,910,316	2,565,309
Revenues over certain operating expenses	$ 4,369,683	$ 5,710,723

See accompanying notes.

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Caterpillar Nashville Building

Notes to Statements of Revenues Over Certain Operating Expenses

For the year ended December 31, 2001 and the nine months ended September 30, 2002

1. ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Description of Real Estate Property Acquired

On November 26, 2002, the Wells Operating Partnership, L.P. (Wells OP) acquired the Caterpillar Nashville Building from Highwoods/Tennessee Holdings, LP. (Highwoods/Tennessee). Wells OP is a Delaware limited partnership formed to acquire, own, lease, operate, and manage real properties on behalf of Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc., a Maryland corporation. As the sole general partner of Wells OP, Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. possesses full legal control and authority over the operations of Wells OP.

The 312,297 square foot 11-story Caterpillar Nashville Building is 100% leased to three tenants, Caterpillar Financial Services Corporation (Caterpillar), Thoughtworks, LLC (Thoughtworks) and Highwoods Properties, Inc. (Highwoods). Caterpillar currently occupies 300,901 square feet under a gross lease (Caterpillar Lease) that commenced in March 2000 and expires in February 2015. Thoughtworks currently occupies 6,400 square feet under a gross lease (Thoughtworks Lease) that commenced in May 2000 and expires in May 2005. Highwoods currently occupies 4,996 square feet under a gross lease (Highwoods Lease) that commenced in October 2000 and expires in September 2005. Highwoods/Tennessee s interests in the Caterpillar Lease, Thoughtworks Lease and Highwoods Lease were assigned to Wells OP upon acquisition of the Caterpillar Nashville Building.

Under the Caterpillar Lease, the Thoughtworks Lease and the Highwoods Lease, the tenants are required to pay, as additional rent, all operating costs in excess of a $6.50 per square foot expense stop. Under the Caterpillar Lease, Caterpillar s responsibility for increases in expenses other than insurance, taxes and utilities is capped at 4.5% annually. Furthermore, Caterpillar will reimburse the landlord a management fee equal to 4% of gross rental receipts. Wells OP will be responsible for the maintenance and repair of the structural elements of the building and the capital repairs and replacement of the roof.

Rental Revenues

Rental income is recognized on a straight-line basis over the terms of the leases.

2. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying statements of revenues over certain operating expenses are presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States and in accordance with the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission for real estate properties acquired. Accordingly, these statements exclude certain historical expenses that are not comparable to the proposed future operations of the property such as depreciation and interest. Therefore, these statements are not comparable to the statement of operations of the Caterpillar Nashville Building after its acquisition by Wells OP.

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Caterpillar Nashville Building

Notes to Statements of Revenues Over Certain Operating Expenses

(continued)

3. FUTURE MINIMUM RENTAL COMMITMENTS

Future minimum rental commitments for the years ended December 31 are as follows:

2002	$ 7,673,511
2003	7,680,935
2004	7,688,516
2005	7,808,282
2006	7,685,012
Thereafter	64,265,433
	$ 102,801,689

4. INTERIM UNAUDITED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The statement of revenues over certain operating expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2002 is unaudited, however, in the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting solely of normal, recurring adjustments) necessary for the fair presentation of the statement for the interim period have been included. The results of the interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results to be obtained for a full fiscal year.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

SUMMARY OF UNAUDITED PRO FORMA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This pro forma information should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes of Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc., a Maryland corporation (the Wells REIT), included in its annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001 and quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2002. In addition, this pro forma information should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes of certain acquired properties included in various Form 8-Ks previously filed.

The following unaudited pro forma balance sheet as of September 30, 2002 has been prepared to give effect to the fourth quarter 2002 acquisitions of the NASA Buildings by the Wells REIT and the Caterpillar Nashville Building and the Capital One Richmond Buildings by Wells OP (collectively, the Recent Acquisitions) as if the acquisitions occurred on September 30, 2002.

The following unaudited pro forma statement of income for the nine months ended September 30, 2002 has been prepared to give effect to the first, second and third quarter 2002 acquisitions of the Vertex Sarasota Building (formerly the Arthur Andersen Building), the Transocean Houston Building, the Novartis Atlanta Building, the Dana Corporation Buildings, the Travelers Express Denver Buildings, the Agilent Atlanta Building, the BellSouth Ft. Lauderdale Building, the Experian/TRW Buildings, the Agilent Boston Building, the TRW Denver Building, the MFS Phoenix Building, the ISS Atlanta Buildings, the PacifiCare San Antonio Building, the BMG Greenville Buildings, the Kraft Atlanta Building, the Nokia Dallas Buildings, the IRS Long Island Buildings, the KeyBank Parsippany Building, the Allstate Indianapolis Building, the Federal Express Colorado Springs Building, the EDS Des Moines Building, the Intuit Dallas Building, the Daimler Chrysler Dallas Building (collectively, the 2002 Acquisitions) and the Recent Acquisitions as if the acquisitions occurred on January 1, 2001. The Kerr McGee Property and the AmeriCredit Phoenix Property had no operations during the nine months ended September 30, 2002.

The following unaudited pro forma statement of income for the year ended December 31, 2001 has been prepared to give effect to the 2001 acquisitions of the Comdata Building, the AmeriCredit Building, the State Street Bank Building, the IKON Buildings, the Ingram Micro Building, the Lucent Building, the ADIC Buildings, the Convergys Building, the Windy Point Buildings (collectively, the 2001 Acquisitions), the 2002 Acquisitions and the Recent Acquisitions as if the acquisitions occurred on January 1, 2001. The Nissan Property, the Travelers Express Denver Buildings, the Kerr McGee Property, the AmeriCredit Phoenix Property and the EDS Des Moines Building had no operations during 2001.

Wells OP is a Delaware limited partnership that was organized to own and operate properties on behalf of the Wells REIT. As the sole general partner of Wells OP, the Wells REIT possesses full legal control and authority over the operations of Wells OP. Accordingly, the accounts of Wells OP are consolidated with the accompanying pro forma financial statements of Wells REIT.

These unaudited pro forma financial statements are prepared for informational purposes only and are not necessarily indicative of future results or of actual results that would have been achieved had the acquisitions of the 2001 Acquisitions, 2002 Acquisitions and the Recent Acquisitions been consummated as of January 1, 2001.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

PRO FORMA BALANCE SHEET

September 30, 2002

(Unaudited)

ASSETS

	Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. (f)	Pro Forma Adjustments				Pro Forma Total
		Recent Acquisitions				
		Other	NASA	Caterpillar Nashville	Capital One Richmond	
REAL ESTATE ASSETS, at cost:						
Land	$ 164,190,412	$ 0	$ 34,500,000(c)	$ 4,900,000(c)	$ 2,855,000(c)	$ 207,520,392
			1,067,468(d)	7,512(d)	0	
Buildings, less accumulated depreciation of $47,999,655	1,171,793,037	0	314,665,776(c)	56,861,000(c)	25,779,345(c)	1,578,922,438
			820,631(d)	87,172(e)	0	
			8,915,477(e)			
Construction in progress	28,500,195	0	0	0	0	28,500,195
Total real estate assets	1,364,483,644	0	359,969,352	61,855,684	28,634,345	1,814,943,025
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	143,911,852	206,602,229(a)	(264,165,776)(c)	(2,312,755)(c)	0	76,804,472
		(7,231,078)(b)				
INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURES	75,388,348	0	0	0	0	75,388,348
INVESTMENT IN BONDS	54,500,000	0	0	0	0	54,500,000
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	12,018,601	0	0	0	0	12,018,601
DEFERRED LEASE ACQUISITION COSTS, NET	1,712,541	0	0	0	0	1,712,541
DEFERRED PROJECT COSTS	5,963,370	7,231,078(b)	(10,803,576)(d)	(94,684) (d)	0	2,296,188
DEFERRED OFFERING COSTS	3,537,361	0	0	0	0	3,537,361
DUE FROM AFFILIATES	2,185,436	0	0	0	0	2,185,436
NOTE RECEIVABLE	4,965,838	0	0	0	0	4,965,838
PREPAID EXPENSES AND OTHER ASSETS, NET	2,597,110	0	0	0	37,764(c)	2,634,874
Total assets	$ 1,671,264,101	$ 206,602,229	$ 85,000,000	$ 59,448,245	$ 28,672,109	$ 2,050,986,684

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LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY

	Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. (f)	Pro Forma Adjustments				Pro Forma Total
			Recent Acquisitions			
		Other	NASA	Caterpillar Nashville	Capital One Richmond	
LIABILITIES:						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	$ 17,538,820	$ 0	$ 0	$ 881,644(c)	$ 0	$ 18,420,464
Notes payable	35,829,293	0	85,000,000(c)	58,566,601(c)	28,672,109(c)	208,068,003
Obligations under capital lease	54,500,000	0	0	0	0	54,500,000
Dividends payable	10,209,306	0	0	0	0	10,209,306
Due to affiliates	4,379,745	0	0	0	0	4,379,745
Deferred rental income	7,893,930	0	0	0	0	7,893,930
Total liabilities	130,351,094	0	85,000,000	59,448,245	28,672,109	303,471,448
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES						
MINORITY INTEREST OF UNIT HOLDER IN OPERATING PARTNERSHIP	200,000	0	0	0	0	200,000
SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY:						
Common shares, $.01 par value; 750,000,000 shares authorized, 182,608,517 shares issued and 180,891,792 outstanding at September 30, 2002	1,826,086	206,602(a)	0	0	0	2,032,688
Additional paid-in capital	1,621,376,451	206,395,627(a)	0	0	0	1,827,772,078
Cumulative distributions in excess of earnings	(64,907,241)	0	0	0	0	(64,907,241)
Treasury stock, at cost, 1,716,725 shares	(17,167,254)	0	0	0	0	(17,167,254)
Other comprehensive loss	(415,035)	0	0	0	0	(415,035)
Total shareholders equity	1,540,713,007	206,602,229	0	0	0	1,747,315,236
Total liabilities and shareholders equity	$ 1,671,264,101	$ 206,602,229	$ 85,000,000	$ 59,448,245	$ 28,672,109	$ 2,050,986,684

(a) Reflects capital raised through issuance of additional shares subsequent to September 30, 2002 through Capital One Richmond acquisition date.

(b) Reflects deferred project costs capitalized as a result of additional capital raised described in note (a) above.

(c) Reflects Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. s purchase price for the land, building and liabilities assumed.

(d) Reflects deferred project costs applied to the land and building at approximately 4.07% of the cash paid for purchase.

(e) Reflects deferred project costs applied to the land and building at approximately 4.094% of the cash paid for purchase.

(f) Historical financial information derived from quarterly report on Form 10-Q.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

PRO FORMA STATEMENT OF INCOME

for the year ended December 31, 2001

(Unaudited)

	Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. (g)	Pro Forma Adjustments		Recent Acquisitions			
		2001 Acquisitions	2002 Acquisitions	NASA	Caterpillar Nashville	Capital One Richmond	Pro Forma Total
REVENUES:							
Rental income	$ 44,204,279	$ 11,349,076(a)	$ 54,615,521(a)	$ 34,603,317(a)	$ 7,970,097(a)	$ 2,744,112(a)	$ 155,486,402
Equity in income of joint ventures	3,720,959	1,111,850(b)	0	0	0	0	4,832,809
Interest income	1,246,064	0	0	0	0	0	1,246,064
Take out fee	137,500	0	0	0	0	0	137,500
	49,308,802	12,460,926	54,615,521	34,603,317	7,970,097	2,744,112	161,702,775
EXPENSES:							
Depreciation	15,344,801	5,772,761(c)	22,487,278(c)	12,976,075(c)	2,277,927(c)	1,031,174(c)	59,890,016
Interest	3,411,210	0	0	4,664,800(f)	3,214,135(f)	1,573,525(f)	12,863,670
Operating costs, net of reimbursements	4,128,883	2,854,275(d)	3,668,343(d)	7,614,050(d)	2,014,828(d)	0	20,280,379
Management and leasing fees	2,507,188	510,708(e)	2,250,455(e)	0	358,654(e)	123,485(e)	5,750,490
General and administrative	973,785	0	0	0	0	0	973,785
Amortization of deferred financing costs	770,192	0	0	0	0	0	770,192
Legal and accounting	448,776	0	0	0	0	0	448,776
	27,584,835	9,137,744	28,406,076	25,254,925	7,865,544	2,728,184	100,977,308
NET INCOME	$ 21,723,967	$ 3,323,182	$ 26,209,445	$ 9,348,392	$ 104,553	$ 15,928	$ 60,725,467
EARNINGS PER SHARE, basic and	$ 0.43						$ 0.30

diluted		
WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES, basic and diluted	50,520,853	201,302,216

(a) Rental income is recognized on a straight-line basis.

(b) Reflects Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. s equity in income of Wells XII-REIT Joint Venture related to the acquisition of the Comdata Building and equity in income of Wells XIII-REIT Joint Venture related to the acquisition of the AmeriCredit Building and the ADIC Buildings.

(c) Depreciation expense on the buildings is recognized using the straight-line method and a 25-year life.

(d) Consists of operating expenses, net of reimbursements.

(e) Management and leasing fees are calculated at 4.5% of rental income.

(f) Represents interest expense on lines of credit used to acquire the properties, which bear interest at approximately 5.488% for the year ended December 31, 2001.

(g) Historical financial information derived from annual report on Form 10-K.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

PRO FORMA STATEMENT OF INCOME

for the nine months ended September 30, 2002

(Unaudited)

		Pro Forma Adjustments				
			Recent Acquisitions			
	Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. (f)	2002 Acquisitions	NASA	Caterpillar Nashville	Capital One Richmond	Pro Forma Total
REVENUES:						
Rental income	$ 66,120,992	$ 42,103,180(a)	$ 25,903,344(a)	$ 5,977,573(a)	$ 2,058,084(a)	$ 142,163,173
Equity in income of joint ventures	3,738,045	0	0	0	0	3,738,045
Interest income	4,547,040	0	0	0	0	4,547,040
Take out fee	134,666	0	0	0	0	134,666
	74,540,743	42,103,180	25,903,344	5,977,573	2,058,084	150,582,924
EXPENSES:						
Depreciation	23,185,201	15,039,449(b)	9,732,057(b)	1,708,445(b)	773,380(b)	50,438,532
Interest	1,478,333	0	2,620,763(e)	1,805,755(e)	884,033(e)	6,788,884
Operating costs, net of reimbursements	4,254,882	3,410,341(c)	6,057,649(c)	1,412,091(c)	0	15,134,963
Management and leasing fees	3,348,210	1,697,775(d)	0	268,991(d)	92,614(d)	5,407,590
General and administrative	1,866,042	0	0	0	0	1,866,042
Amortization of deferred financing costs	586,822	0	0	0	0	586,822
	34,719,490	20,147,565	18,410,469	5,195,282	1,750,027	80,222,833
NET INCOME	$ 39,821,253	$ 21,955,615	$ 7,492,875	$ 782,291	$ 308,057	$ 70,360,091
EARNINGS PER SHARE, basic and diluted	$ 0.31					$ 0.35
WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES, basic and diluted	128,541,432					201,302,216

(a) Rental income is recognized on a straight-line basis.

(b) Depreciation expense on the buildings is recognized using the straight-line method and a 25-year life.

(c) Consists of operating expenses, net of reimbursements.

(d) Management and leasing fees are calculated at 4.5% of rental income.

(e) Represents interest expense on lines of credit used to acquire the properties, which bear interest at approximately 4.111% for the nine months ended September 30, 2002.

(f) Historical financial information derived from quarterly report on Form 10-Q.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

SUPPLEMENT NO. 5 DATED JANUARY 15, 2003 TO THE PROSPECTUS

DATED JULY 26, 2002

This document supplements, and should be read in conjunction with, the prospectus of Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. dated July 26, 2002, as supplemented and amended by Supplement No. 1 dated August 14, 2002, Supplement No. 2 dated August 29, 2002, Supplement No. 3 dated October 25, 2002, and Supplement No. 4 dated December 10, 2002. When we refer to the prospectus in this supplement, we are also referring to any and all supplements to the prospectus. Unless otherwise defined in this supplement, capitalized terms used in this supplement shall have the same meanings as set forth in the prospectus.

The purpose of this supplement is to describe the following:

(1) Status of the offering of shares in Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. (Wells REIT);

(2) Revisions to the Description of Real Estate Investments section of the prospectus to describe the following real property acquisitions;

(A) Acquisition of an interest in a four-story office building in Fishers, Indiana (John Wiley Indianapolis Building);

(B) Acquisition of a 20-story office building in Glendale, California (Nestle Building); and

(C) Acquisition of two three-story office buildings in Mayfield Heights, Ohio (East Point Buildings);

(3) The second transaction under the Section 1031 Exchange Program;

(4) Revisions to the Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations section of the prospectus;

(5) Amended and restated unaudited financial statements of the Wells REIT for the period ended September 30, 2002 to incorporate changes resulting from a change in accounting presentation;

(6) Financial statements relating to the recently acquired Nestle Building; and

(7) Unaudited pro forma financial statements of the Wells REIT reflecting the acquisition of the Nestle Building and the East Point Buildings, and an interest in the John Wiley Indianapolis Building.

Status of the Offering

We commenced our initial public offering of common stock on January 30, 1998. Our initial public offering was terminated on December 19, 1999. We received approximately $132,181,919 in gross offering proceeds from the sale of 13,218,192 shares in our initial public offering. We commenced our second offering of common stock on December 20, 1999. Our second public offering was terminated on December 19, 2000. We received approximately $175,229,193 in gross offering proceeds from the sale of 17,522,919 shares in our second public offering. We commenced our third public offering of common stock on December 20, 2000. Our third public offering was terminated on July 26, 2002. We received approximately $1,282,976,865 in gross offering proceeds from the sale of 128,297,687 shares in our third public offering.

Pursuant to the prospectus, we commenced our fourth public offering of common stock on July 26, 2002. As of January 15, 2003, we had received additional gross proceeds of approximately

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$638,970,439 from the sale of approximately 63,897,044 shares in our fourth public offering. Accordingly, as of January 15, 2003, we had received aggregate gross offering proceeds of approximately $2,229,358,416 from the sale of approximately 222,935,842 shares in all of our public offerings. After payment of $77,283,698 in acquisition and advisory fees and acquisition expenses, payment of $247,036,149 in selling commissions and organization and offering expenses, and common stock redemptions of $21,252,750 pursuant to our share redemption program, as of January 15, 2003, we had raised aggregate net offering proceeds available for investment in properties of $1,883,785,819, out of which $1,853,694,118 had been invested in real estate properties, and $30,091,701 remained available for investment in real estate properties.

Description of Properties

As of January 15, 2003, we had purchased interests in 73 real estate properties located in 23 states. Below are the descriptions of our recent real property acquisitions.

John Wiley Indianapolis Building

On December 12, 2002, Wells Fund XIII REIT Joint Venture Partnership (XIII-REIT Joint Venture), a joint venture partnership between Wells Real Estate Fund XIII, L.P. (Wells Fund XIII) and Wells Operating Partnership, L.P. (Wells OP), a Delaware limited partnership formed to acquire, own, lease and operate real properties on behalf of the Wells REIT, purchased a four-story office building on a 10.28 acre tract of land located at 10475 Crosspoint Boulevard in Fishers, Hamilton County, Indiana (John Wiley Indianapolis Building) from Crosspoint Seven, LLC for a purchase price of $17,450,000, plus closing costs. Crosspoint Seven, LLC is not in any way affiliated with the XIII-REIT Joint Venture, Wells REIT, Wells OP, or our advisor, Wells Capital, Inc.

Wells OP contributed $8,928,915 and Wells Fund XIII contributed $8,577,787 to the Wells Fund XIII REIT Joint Venture to fund their respective shares of the acquisition costs for the John Wiley Indianapolis Building. As of December 31, 2002, Wells OP held an equity percentage interest in the XIII REIT Joint Venture of approximately 61.28% and Wells Fund XIII held an equity percentage interest in the Wells Fund XIII REIT Joint Venture of approximately 38.72%.

The John Wiley Indianapolis Building, which was completed in 1999, contains approximately 141,047 rentable square feet and is leased to John Wiley & Sons, Inc. (John Wiley), United Student Aid Funds, Inc. (USA Funds) and Robert Half International, Inc. (Robert Half).

John Wiley, as the primary tenant, occupies 123,674 rentable square feet (87.7%) of the John Wiley Indianapolis Building. John Wiley, a New York corporation publicly traded on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE), publishes books and journals in print and electronic media specializing in scientific, technical, medical, professional, and educational materials. John Wiley has operations in the United States, Europe, Canada, Asia, and Australia. John Wiley reported a net worth, as of April 30, 2002, of approximately $276 million.

The John Wiley lease commenced in November 1999 and expires in October 2009. The current annual base rent payable under the John Wiley lease is $1,940,892. John Wiley is obligated to lease the remaining 17,373 rentable square feet of the John Wiley Indianapolis Building upon the expiration of the USA Funds lease and the Robert Half lease described below. John Wiley has the right, at its option, to extend the initial term of its lease for two additional five-year periods at 95% of the then-current market rental rate. The XIII-REIT Joint Venture, as the landlord, is responsible for paying the operating and maintenance costs; however, under the John Wiley lease, John Wiley is responsible for its share of operating and maintenance costs in excess of $3.55 per rentable square foot, along with its share of real estate taxes.

USA Funds is a wholly owned subsidiary of SLM Corporation, which is a leading source of funding and servicing support for education loans. USA Funds is a nonprofit corporation that supports access to education by providing financial and other services to those who pursue, provide or promote education. The USA Funds lease covers 14,413 rentable square feet (10.2%) and commenced in February

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2001 and expires in July 2005. The current annual base rent payable under the USA Funds lease is $223,401. Under the USA Funds lease, USA Funds is responsible for its share of operating and maintenance costs in excess of $4.00 per rentable square foot, along with its share of real estate taxes.

Robert Half is a staffing services agency publicly traded on the NYSE. Robert Half specializes in the staffing of accountants, attorneys, finance professionals, administrative support technicians, information technology professionals, and web design professionals. Robert Half has more than 325 locations in North America, Europe, Australia and New Zealand. The Robert Half lease covers 2,960 rentable square feet (2.1%) and commenced in April 2000 and expires in April 2005. The current annual base rent payable under the Robert Half lease is $55,256. Under the Robert Half lease, Robert Half is responsible for operating and maintenance costs and real estate taxes in excess of $4.01 per rentable square foot.

The XIII-REIT Joint Venture, as landlord, is responsible for the maintenance and repair of the elevators, plumbing, heating, and air conditioning, exterior walls, doors, windows, corridors and other common areas of the John Wiley Indianapolis Building.

Wells Management Company, Inc. (Wells Management), an affiliate of the Wells REIT and our advisor, will manage the John Wiley Indianapolis Building on behalf of the XIII-REIT Joint Venture and will be paid management and leasing fees in the amount of 4.5% of the gross revenues from the John Wiley Indianapolis Building.

Nestle Building

On December 20, 2002, Wells REIT Glendale, CA, LLC (REIT Glendale), a Georgia limited liability company wholly-owned by Wells OP, purchased a 20-story office building containing approximately 505,115 rentable square feet located in Glendale, California (Nestle Building) for a purchase price of $157,000,000, plus closing costs, from Douglas Emmett Joint Venture (Douglas Emmett). Douglas Emmett is not in any way affiliated with the Wells REIT, Wells OP or our advisor.

In connection with the acquisition of the Nestle Building, REIT Glendale assumed an existing $90,000,000 loan in favor of Landesbank Schleswig-Holstein Girozentrale, Kiel (Landesbank Loan), a German chartered bank, secured by the property. The interest rate on the Landesbank Loan is equal to LIBOR plus 1.15%, and the current interest rate on the Landesbank Loan is fixed for the next six months at 2.53% per annum. The Landesbank Loan requires monthly payments of interest only and matures on December 27, 2006. REIT Glendale may prepay the Landesbank Loan any time after December 28, 2003 without incurring any penalty. REIT Glendale paid a $450,000 loan assumption fee at closing in connection with the assumption of the Landesbank Loan.

The Nestle Building was built in 1990 and is located on a 4.02-acre tract of land at 800 N. Brand Boulevard in Glendale, California. Approximately 502,994 rentable square feet of the Nestle Building (99.6%) is leased to Nestle USA, Inc. (Nestle USA), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Nestle S.A., a Swiss company. Nestle USA operates manufacturing centers which produce various foods and beverages, including chocolate, prepared foods, juices and milk products. Some of Nestle USA s famous brands include Stouffer s, Carnation, Libby s, Taster s Choice and Nestle.

The Nestle USA lease commenced in August 1990 and expires in August 2010. The current annual base rent payable under the Nestle USA lease is $14,839,519. Nestle has the right, at its option, to extend the initial term of its lease for four additional five-year periods at the then-current market rental rate. Nestle also has a right of first refusal to lease any additional available space in the Nestle Building. REIT Glendale, as the landlord, is responsible for paying the operating and maintenance costs under the Nestle USA lease; however, Nestle USA is responsible for its share of operating and maintenance costs in excess of the base year operating allowance established in the first lease year. REIT Glendale, as the landlord, is also responsible for

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maintaining and repairing the structural portions and mechanical systems of the Nestle Building, including plumbing, heating, air conditioning, and electrical systems.

Wells Management will manage the Nestle Building on behalf of REIT Glendale and will be paid management and leasing fees in the amount of 4.5% of the gross revenues from the Nestle Building, subject to certain limitations.

East Point Buildings

On January 9, 2003, Wells OP purchased two three-story office buildings containing approximately 187,735 aggregate rentable square feet located in Mayfield Heights, Ohio (East Point Buildings) for a purchase price of $21,968,000, plus closing costs, from Best Property Fund, L.P. (Best Property). Best Property is not in any way affiliated with the Wells REIT, Wells OP, or our advisor.

The East Point Buildings, which were built in 2000, are located at 6085 Parkland Boulevard (East Point I) and 6095 Parkland Boulevard (East Point II) in Mayfield Heights, Cuyahoga County, Ohio. The entire 102,484 rentable square feet of East Point I is leased to Progressive Casualty Insurance Company (Progressive Casualty). Progressive Casualty is the principal operating subsidiary of Progressive Corporation (Progressive Corp.), the fourth largest auto insurance company in the United States. Progressive Corp., a public company traded on the NYSE, provides various insurance products, including personal automobile insurance, D&O insurance and employee misconduct insurance.

The Progressive Casualty lease is a net lease (i.e., operating costs and maintenance costs are paid by the tenant) which commenced in January 2003 and expires in December 2012. The current annual base rent payable under the Progressive Casualty lease is $947,977. Progressive Casualty has the right, at its option, to extend the initial term of its lease for one additional five-year period for an annual base rent of $1,332,292 and a second additional five-year period at 95% of the then-current market rental rate. If Progressive Casualty does not exercise the first five-year extension option described above, it has the right to exercise a six-month extension option for a monthly base rent of $111,024. Progressive Casualty has a right of first offer to lease additional space in the East Point Buildings upon space becoming available, which is subordinate to the rights of the tenants of East Point II described below. In addition, Progressive Casualty has a right of first offer to purchase the East Point Buildings, which right is also subordinate to the right of The Austin Company (Austin) described below. If Wells OP subdivides East Point I and East Point II, Progressive Casualty s right of first offer will then apply only to East Point I.

East Point II contains approximately 85,251 rentable square feet, of which 70,585 is currently leased to Austin, Danaher Power Solutions LLC (Danaher) and Moreland Management Co. (Moreland). Approximately 14,666 rentable square feet (17.2%) of East Point II is vacant.

Austin leases 40,900 rentable square feet (48.0%) of East Point II. Austin is a private company with corporate headquarters in Cleveland, Ohio. Austin offers a wide range of in-house architectural, engineering, design-build and construction management services. Austin has offices in many major U.S. cities, London and Puerto Rico. The Austin lease is a net lease which commenced in June 2000 and expires in June 2010. The current annual base rent payable under the Austin lease is $1,002,050. Austin has the right, at its option, to extend the initial term of its lease for one additional five-year period for an annual base rent of $1,042,950. Austin has a right of first refusal to lease additional space on the second floor in East Point II upon space becoming available. In addition, Austin has a right of first offer to purchase the East Point Buildings upon the landlord s receipt of a third-party offer.

Danaher leases 15,553 rentable square feet (18.2%) of East Point II. Danaher is a wholly owned subsidiary of Danaher Corporation (Danaher Corp.). Danaher designs, manufactures and provides power quality and reliability products and services. Danaher Corp., a public company traded on the NYSE, is located in 30 countries worldwide and conducts business in the process and environmental controls industry and the tools and components industry. The Danaher lease commenced in July 2002 and expires in November 2007. The current annual base rent payable under the Danaher lease is $324,348. Wells OP, as the landlord, is responsible for paying the operating and maintenance costs under the Danaher lease; however, Danaher is responsible for its share of (1) operating

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and maintenance costs in excess of $1.85 per rentable square foot, and (2) real estate taxes in excess of $4.65 per rentable square foot.

Moreland leases 14,132 rentable square feet (16.6%) of East Point II. The Moreland lease commenced in August 2001 and expires in October 2011. The current annual base rent payable under the Moreland lease is $325,036. Moreland has the right, at its option, to extend the initial term of its lease for two additional five-year periods at the then-current market rental rate. Moreland has a right of first refusal to lease additional space on the floor Moreland currently occupies in East Point II upon space becoming available.

Wells OP, as the landlord, is responsible for maintaining all common areas, building mechanical systems, exterior doors and walls, and the roof of the East Point Buildings.

Wells Management will be paid management and leasing fees in the amount of up to 4.5% of gross revenues from the East Point Buildings, subject to certain limitations. Wells OP has entered into a management agreement with CB Richard Ellis to serve as the on-site property manager for the East Point Buildings, which property management fees will be paid out of or credited against the fees payable to Wells Management. CB Richard Ellis is not in any way affiliated with the Wells REIT, Wells OP, or our advisor.

Second Transaction under the Section 1031 Exchange Program

As described in the Investment Objectives and Criteria Section 1031 Exchange Program section of our prospectus, an affiliate of our advisor has developed a program (Section 1031 Exchange Program) involving the acquisition of income-producing commercial properties and the formation of a series of single member limited liabilities companies (Wells Exchange) for the purpose of facilitating the resale of co-tenancy interests in such real estate properties to persons (1031 Participants) who are looking to invest the proceeds from a sale of real estate held for investment into another real estate investment for purposes of qualifying for like-kind exchange treatment under Section 1031 of the Internal Revenue Code. The initial transaction in the Section 1031 Exchange Program involved the acquisition by Wells Exchange and resale of co-tenancy interests in the Ford Motor Credit Complex located in Colorado Springs, Colorado. Since all of the co-tenancy interests in the Ford Motor Credit Complex were sold to 1031 Participants, Wells OP neither acquired any unsold co-tenancy interests in the Ford Motor Credit Complex, nor has any additional exposure under the Take Out Purchase and Escrow Agreement entered into in connection with the acquisition of the Ford Motor Credit Complex.

The second transaction in the Section 1031 Exchange Program involves the acquisition by Wells Exchange and resale of co-tenancy interests in two single tenant office buildings each containing approximately 98,216 rentable square feet located in Birmingham, Alabama (Meadow Brook Corporate Park) currently under lease agreements with Allstate Insurance Company (Allstate) and Computer Sciences Corporation (Computer Sciences). Allstate is a wholly owned subsidiary of Allstate Corporation, a Fortune 100 company. Allstate sells private passenger auto and homeowners insurance in the United States and Canada, as well as other lines of personal property and casualty insurance, including landlords, personal umbrella, renters, condominium, residential fire, manufactured housing, boat owners and selected commercial property and casualty. Computer Sciences, a public company traded on the NYSE, is in the technology services business and provides broad-based technology services that include management consulting, systems integration, and systems outsourcing to commercial markets and the federal government. Wells Exchange is currently engaged in the offer and sale of co-tenancy interests in the Meadow Brook Corporate Park to 1031 Participants.

In consideration for the payment of a Take Out Fee in the amount of $175,000, and following approval of the potential property acquisition by our board of directors, Wells OP entered into a Take Out Purchase and Escrow Agreement relating to the Meadow Brook Corporate Park. Pursuant to the terms of

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the Take Out Purchase and Escrow Agreement, Wells OP is obligated to acquire, at Wells Exchange s cost ($419,916 in cash for each 2.9994% co-tenancy interest), any co-tenancy interests in the Meadow Brook Corporate Park which remain unsold on September 30, 2003.

The obligations of Wells OP under the Take Out Purchase and Escrow Agreement are secured by a line of credit with Bank of America, N.A. (BOA). If, for any reason, Wells OP fails to acquire any of the co-tenancy interests in the Meadow Brook Corporate Park which remain unsold as of September 30, 2003, or if there is otherwise an uncured default under the interim loan between Wells Exchange and BOA or Well OP s loan documents, BOA is authorized to draw down on Wells OP s line of credit in the amount necessary to pay the outstanding balance of the interim loan in full, in which event the appropriate amount of unsold co-tenancy interests in the Meadow Brook Corporate Park would be deeded to Wells OP. Wells OP s maximum economic exposure in the transaction is $14,000,000, in which event Wells OP would acquire the Meadow Brook Corporate Park for $14,000,000 in cash plus assumption of the first mortgage financing in the amount of $13,900,000. If Wells Exchange successfully sells 100% of the co-tenancy interests to 1031 Particpants, Wells OP will not acquire any interest in the Meadow Brook Corporate Park. If some, but not all, of the co-tenancy interests are sold by Wells Exchange, Wells OP s exposure would be less, and it would end up owning an interest in the property in co-tenancy with 1031 Participants who had previously acquired co-tenancy interests in the Meadow Brook Corporate Park from Wells Exchange.

Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following information amends and restates the information contained in the Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations section of Supplement No. 4 dated December 10, 2002, and should be read in conjunction with the Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations section beginning on page 101 of the prospectus, as supplemented by Supplement No. 1 dated August 14, 2002, Supplement No. 2 dated August 29, 2002 and Supplement No. 3 dated October 25, 2002. We amended our previously filed third quarter Form 10-Q by amending the Consolidated Statements of Income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2002 and Notes 1(k) and 2 to the Condensed Notes to Financial Statements and the Results of Operations subsection of the Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in order to restate the presentation of certain of our operating costs reimbursed by tenants as revenue and the gross property operating costs as expenses pursuant to a FASB Emerging Issues Task Force release issued in November 2001. In addition, interest income and interest expense related to certain bonds held by the Wells REIT have been restated to reflect such amounts on a gross basis consistent with this revised presentation. The comparative financial information for prior periods was also reclassified to conform the presentation. Since this presentation does not impact the amount of reimbursements we received or the property operating costs incurred and requires equal adjustments to revenues and expenses, the adoption of this guidance will have no impact on our financial position, net income, earnings per share or cash flows.

Forward Looking Statements

This supplement contains forward-looking statements, within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, including discussion and analysis of our financial condition, anticipated capital expenditures required to complete certain projects, amounts of anticipated cash distributions to shareholders in the future and certain other matters. Readers of this supplement should be aware that there are various factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from any forward-looking statements made in this supplement, which include changes in general economic conditions, changes in real estate conditions, construction costs which may exceed estimates, construction delays, increases in interest rates, lease-up risks, inability to obtain new tenants upon the expiration of existing leases, inability to invest in properties on a timely basis or in properties that will provide targeted rates of return and the potential need to fund tenant improvements or other capital expenditures out of operating cash flow.

We have made an election under Section 856 (c) of the Internal Revenue Code (Internal Revenue Code) to be taxed as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code beginning with its taxable year ended December 31, 1999. As a REIT for federal income tax purposes, we generally will not be subject to federal income tax on income that we distribute to our stockholders. If we fail to qualify as a REIT in any taxable year, we will be subject to federal income tax on our taxable income at regular corporate rates and will not be permitted to qualify for treatment as a REIT for federal income tax purposes for four years following the year in which our qualification is lost. Such an event could materially adversely affect our net income. However, management believes that we are organized and operate in a manner which will enable us to qualify for treatment as a REIT for federal income tax purposes during this fiscal year. In addition, management intends to continue to operate the Wells REIT so as to remain qualified as a REIT for federal income tax purposes.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

During the nine months ended September 30, 2002, we received aggregate gross offering proceeds of $988.5 million from the sale of 98.8 million shares of our common stock. After payment of $34.8 million in acquisition and advisory fees and acquisition expenses, payment of $104.3 million in selling commissions and organization and offering expenses, and common stock redemptions of $11.6 million pursuant to our share redemption program, we raised net offering proceeds of $837.8 million during the first three quarters of 2002, of which $144.5 million remained available for investment in properties at quarter end. In October, we reached our limit on stock redemptions for the year and, accordingly, there will be no further stock redemptions under our stock redemption program for the remainder of 2002.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2001, we received aggregate gross offering proceeds of $297.8 million from the sale of 29.8 million shares of its common stock. After payment of $10.3 million in acquisition and advisory fees and acquisition expenses, payment of $35.6 million in selling commissions and organizational and offering expenses, and common stock redemptions of $2.1 million pursuant to our share redemption program, we raised net offering proceeds of $249.8 million during the first three quarters of 2001, of which $8.7 million remained available for investment in properties at quarter end.

The significant increase in capital resources we have available is due to significantly increased sales of our common stock during the first three quarters of 2002.

As of September 30, 2002, we owned interests in 67 real estate properties either directly or through interests in joint ventures. Dividends declared for the third quarter of 2002 and 2001 were approximately $0.1938 and $0.1875 per share, respectively. In August 2002, our board of directors declared dividends for the fourth quarter of 2002 in the amount of approximately $0.175 per share.

Due primarily to the pace of our property acquisitions, as explained in more detail in the following paragraphs, dividends paid in the first three quarters of 2002 in the aggregate amount of approximately $71.4 million exceeded our Adjusted Funds From Operations for this period by approximately $11 million.

We continue to acquire properties that meet our standards of quality both in terms of the real estate and the creditworthiness of the tenants. Creditworthy tenants of the type we target are becoming more and more highly valued in the marketplace and, accordingly, there is increased competition in acquiring properties with these creditworthy tenants. As a result, the purchase prices for such properties have increased with corresponding reductions in cap rates and returns on investment. In addition, changes in market conditions have caused us to add to our internal procedures for ensuring the

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creditworthiness of our tenants before any commitment to buy a property is made. We continue to remain steadfast in our commitment to invest in quality properties that will produce quality income for our shareholders. Accordingly, because the marketplace is now placing a higher value on our type of properties and because of the additional time it now takes in the acquisition process for us to assess tenant credit plus our commitment to adhere to purchasing properties with tenants that meet our investment criteria we were required to lower our dividend yield to investors.

As a result of the factors described in the preceding paragraph, on August 29, 2002, our board of directors declared dividends for the fourth quarter of 2002 in an amount equal to a 7.0% annualized percentage rate return on an investment of $10 per share to be paid in December 2002. Our fourth quarter dividends are calculated on a daily record basis of $0.001923 (0.1923 cents) per day per share on the outstanding shares of common stock payable to shareholders of record of such shares as shown on our books at the close of business on each day during the period, commencing on September 16, 2002, and continuing on each day thereafter through and including December 15, 2002.

For information relating to the dividends declared for the first quarter of 2003, see the Subsequent Events section below.

Cash Flows From Operating Activities

Our net cash provided by operating activities was $68.2 million and $26.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2002 and 2001, respectively. The increase in net cash provided by operating activities was due primarily to the net income generated by additional properties acquired during 2002 and 2001.

Cash Flows Used In Investing Activities

Our net cash used in investing activities was $826.9 million and $155.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2002 and 2001, respectively. The increase in net cash used in investing activities was due primarily to investments in properties and the payment of related deferred project costs, partially offset by distributions received from joint ventures.

Cash Flows From Financing Activities

Our net cash provided by financing activities was $827.1 million and $136.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2002 and 2001, respectively. The increase in net cash provided by financing activities was due primarily to the raising of additional capital and the lack of debt payments, which were $208.1 million in the prior year. We raised $988.5 million in offering proceeds for the nine months ended September 30, 2002, as compared to $297.8 million for the same period in 2001. Additionally, we paid dividends totaling $23.5 million in the first three quarters of 2001 compared to $71.4 million in the same period of 2002.

Results of Operations

Gross revenues were $87.9 million and $38.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2002 and 2001, respectively. Gross revenues for the nine months ended September 30, 2002 and 2001 were attributable to rental income, operating cost reimbursements, interest income earned on funds held by the Company prior to the investment in properties, and income earned from joint ventures. The increase in revenues in 2002 was primarily attributable to the purchase of $805.5 million in additional properties during 2002 and the purchase of $114.1 million in additional properties during the fourth quarter of 2001 which were not owned for the first three quarters of 2001. The purchase of additional properties also resulted in an increase in expenses, which totaled $48.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2002, as compared to $24.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2001. Expenses in 2002 and 2001 consisted primarily of depreciation, operating costs, interest expense, management and leasing fees and general and administrative costs. As a result, our net income also increased from $14.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2001 to $39.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2002.

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Earnings per share for the nine months ended September 30, 2002 decreased from $0.33 per share for the nine months ended September 30, 2001 to $0.31 per share for the nine months ended September 30, 2002. Earnings per share for the third quarter decreased from $0.11 per share for the three months ended September 30, 2001 to $0.09 per share for the three months ended September 30, 2002. These decreases were primarily due to the substantial increase in the number of shares outstanding as a result of capital raised in 2002 which was not completely matched by a corresponding increase in net income because such capital proceeds were not fully invested in properties.

Funds From Operations

Funds From Operations (FFO), as defined by the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts (NAREIT), generally means net income, computed in accordance with GAAP excluding extraordinary items (as defined by GAAP) and gains (or losses) from sales of property, plus depreciation and amortization on real estate assets, and after adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships, joint ventures and subsidiaries. We believe that FFO is helpful to investors as a measure of the performance of an equity REIT. However, our calculation of FFO, while consistent with NAREIT s definition, may not be comparable to similarly titled measures presented by other REITs. Adjusted Funds From Operations (AFFO) is defined as FFO adjusted to exclude the effects of straight-line rent adjustments, deferred loan cost amortization and other non-cash and/or unusual items. Neither FFO nor AFFO represent cash generated from operating activities in accordance with GAAP and should not be considered as alternatives to net income as an indication of our performance or to cash flows as a measure of liquidity or ability to make distributions. The following table reflects the calculation of FFO and AFFO for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2002 and 2001, respectively:

	Three Months Ended (in thousands)		Nine Months Ended (in thousands)	
	September 30, 2002	**September 30, 2001**	**September 30, 2002**	**September 30, 2001**
FUNDS FROM OPERATIONS:				
Net income	$ 15,285	$ 6,109	$ 39,821	$ 14,423
Add:				
Depreciation	10,282	3,947	23,185	10,341
Amortization of deferred leasing costs	78	76	229	228
Depreciation and amortization unconsolidated partnerships	708	647	2,115	1,561
Funds from operations (FFO)	26,353	10,779	65,350	26,553
Adjustments:				
Loan cost amortization	162	237	587	529
Straight line rent	(2,146)	(708)	(5,312)	(1,930)
Straight line rent unconsolidated partnerships	(27)	(100)	(229)	(233)
Lease acquisitions fees paid unconsolidated partnerships				(8)
Adjusted funds from operations	$ 24,342	$ 10,208	$ 60,396	$ 24,911
BASIC AND DILUTED WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES	163,395	54,112	128,541	43,726

Inflation

The real estate market has not been affected significantly by inflation in the past three years due to the relatively low inflation rate. However, there are provisions in the majority of tenant leases that are intended to protect us from the impact of inflation. These provisions include reimbursement billings for common area maintenance charges, real estate tax and insurance reimbursements on a per square foot

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basis, or in some cases, annual reimbursement of operating expenses above a certain per square foot allowance.

Critical Accounting Policies

Our reported results of operations are impacted by management judgments related to application of accounting policies. A discussion of the accounting policies that management considers to be critical, in that they may require complex judgment in their application or require estimates about matters which are inherently uncertain, is included in Footnote 1 to the financial statements.

Subsequent Events

Effective October 31, 2002, Arthur Andersen LLP (Andersen) and Wells OP entered into a termination agreement with respect to the lease for the three-story office building containing 157,700 rentable square feet located in Sarasota, Florida formerly known as the Arthur Andersen Building. In consideration for releasing Andersen from its obligation to pay rent under the lease, Andersen paid Wells OP a termination fee of $979,760 and conveyed to Wells OP an approximately 1.3 acre tract of land adjacent to the property which was used for parking. On November 1, 2002, Wells OP entered into a net lease agreement with Vertex Tax Technology Enterprises, LLC (Vertex) for approximately 47,388 rentable square feet of the building. The current term of the lease is seven years, which commenced on November 1, 2002 and expires on October 31, 2009. The current annual base rent payable under the Vertex lease is $621,257.

In November 2002, Shoreview Associates LLC (Shoreview), the owner of an office building located in Ramsey County, Minnesota that Wells OP had contracted to purchase, filed a lawsuit against Wells OP in state court in Minnesota alleging that it was entitled to the $750,000 in earnest money that Wells OP had deposited under the contract. Wells OP has filed a counterclaim in the case asserting that it is entitled to the $750,000 earnest money deposit. Procedurally, Wells OP had the case transferred to U.S. District Court in Minnesota and Shoreview has moved to transfer the case back to the state court. The dispute currently remains in litigation.

On December 4, 2002, our board of directors declared dividends for the first quarter of 2003 in the amount of a 7.0% annualized percentage rate return on an investment of $10.00 per share to be paid in March 2003. Our first quarter dividends are calculated on a daily record basis of $0.001944 (0.1944 cents) per day per share on the outstanding shares of common stock payable to stockholders of record of such shares as shown on the books of the Wells REIT at the close of business on each day during the period, commencing on December 16, 2002, and continuing on each day thereafter through and including March 15, 2003.

Financial Statements

Audited Financial Statements

The statement of revenues over certain operating expenses of the Nestle Building for the year ended December 31, 2001, which is included in this supplement, has been audited by Ernst & Young LLP, independent auditors, as set forth in their report appearing elsewhere herein, and is included in reliance upon such report given on the authority of such firm as experts in accounting and auditing.

Unaudited Financial Statements

The amended and restated financial statements of the Wells REIT, as of September 30, 2002, and for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2002 and September 30, 2001, which are included in this supplement, have not been audited.

The statements of revenues over certain operating expenses of the Nestle Building for the nine months ended September 30, 2002, which are included in this supplement, have not been audited.

The pro forma balance sheet of the Wells REIT, as of September 30, 2002, the pro forma statement of income for the year ended December 31, 2001, and the pro forma statement of income for the nine months ended September 30, 2002, which are included in this supplement, have not been audited.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(in thousands, except per share amounts)

	September 30, 2002	December 31, 2001
ASSETS	(unaudited)	
REAL ESTATE, at cost:		
Land	$ 164,191	$ 86,247
Building and improvements, less accumulated depreciation of $48,000 in 2002 and $24,814 in 2001	1,171,793	472,383
Construction in progress	28,500	5,739
Total real estate	1,364,484	564,369
INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURES	75,388	77,410
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	143,912	75,586
INVESTMENT IN BONDS	54,500	22,000
STRAIGHT-LINE RENT RECEIVABLE	10,632	5,362
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	1,387	641
NOTE RECEIVABLE	4,966	0
DEFERRED LEASE ACQUISITION COSTS, net	1,713	1,525
DEFERRED PROJECT COSTS	5,963	2,977
DUE FROM AFFILIATES	2,185	1,693
DEFERRED OFFERING COSTS	3,537	0
PREPAID EXPENSES AND OTHER ASSETS, net	2,597	718
Total assets	$ 1,671,264	$ 752,281
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY		
LIABILITIES:		
Notes payable	$ 35,829	$ 8,124
Obligations under capital leases	54,500	22,000
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	17,539	8,727
Dividends payable	10,209	1,059
Deferred rental income	7,894	662
Due to affiliates	4,380	2,166
Total liabilities	130,351	42,738
MINORITY INTEREST OF UNIT HOLDER IN OPERATING PARTNERSHIP	200	200
SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY:		
Common shares, $.01 par value; 750,000 shares authorized, 182,609 shares issued and 180,892 outstanding at September 30, 2002, and 350,000 shares authorized, 83,761 shares issued and 83,206 shares outstanding at December 31, 2001	1,826	838
Additional paid-in capital	1,621,376	738,236
Cumulative distributions in excess of earnings	(64,907)	(24,181)
Treasury stock, at cost, 1,717 shares at September 30, 2002 and	(17,167)	(5,550)

555 shares at December 31, 2001		
Other comprehensive loss	(415)	0
Total shareholders equity	1,540,713	709,343
Total liabilities and shareholders equity	$ 1,671,264	$ 752,281

See accompanying condensed notes to financial statements.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(unaudited and in thousands except per share amounts)

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30, 2002	September 30, 2001	September 30 2002	September 30 2001
REVENUES:				
Rental income	$ 27,549	$ 11,317	$ 66,121	$ 31,028
Operating cost reimbursements*	3,677	1,331	12,854	4,470
Equity in income of joint ventures	1,259	1,102	3,738	2,622
Interest income*	2,427	89	5,075	281
Take out fee	1	0	135	138
	34,913	13,839	87,923	38,539
EXPENSES:				
Depreciation	10,282	3,947	23,185	10,341
Operating costs*	5,868	2,625	17,109	7,638
Management and leasing fees	1,445	632	3,348	1,750
Administrative costs	745	141	1,867	901
Interest expense*	1,126	148	2,006	2,957
Amortization of deferred financing costs	162	237	587	529
	19,628	7,730	48,102	24,116
NET INCOME	$ 15,285	$ 6,109	$ 39,821	$ 14,423
BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE	$ 0.09	$ 0.11	$ 0.31	$ 0.33
BASIC AND DILUTED WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES	163,395	54,112	128,541	43,726

See accompanying condensed notes to financial statements.

* These financial statement line items have been amended and restated as described in the accompanying Note 1(k).

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2001

AND FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2002 (UNAUDITED)

(in thousands except per share amounts)

	Common Stock Shares	Common Stock Amount	Additional Paid-In Capital	Cumulative Distributions in Excess of Earnings	Retained Earnings	Treasury Stock Shares	Treasury Stock Amount	Other Comprehensive Income	Total Shareholders Equity
BALANCE, December 31, 2000	31,510	$ 315	$ 275,573	$ (9,134)	$ 0	(141)	$ (1,413)	$ 0	$ 265,341
Issuance of common stock	52,251	523	521,994	0	0	0	0	0	522,517
Treasury stock purchased	0	0	0	0	0	(414)	(4,137)	0	(4,137)
Net income	0	0	0	0	21,724	0	0	0	21,724
Dividends ($.76 per share)	0	0	0	(15,047)	(21,724)	0	0	0	(36,771)
Sales commissions and discounts	0	0	(49,246)	0	0	0	0	0	(49,246)
Other offering expenses	0	0	(10,085)	0	0	0	0	0	(10,085)
BALANCE, December 31, 2001	83,761	838	738,236	(24,181)	0	(555)	(5,550)	0	709,343
Issuance of common stock	**98,848**	**988**	**987,482**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**988,470**
Treasury stock purchased	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**(1,162)**	**(11,617)**	**0**	**(11,617)**
Dividends ($.58 per share)	**0**	**0**	**0**	**(40,726)**	**(39,821)**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**(80,547)**
Sales commissions and discounts	**0**	**0**	**(94,097)**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**(94,097)**
Other offering expenses	**0**	**0**	**(10,245)**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**(10,245)**
Components of comprehensive income:									
Net income	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**39,821**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**39,821**
Gain/(loss) on interest rate swap	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**(415)**	**(415)**
Comprehensive income									**39,406**

BALANCE, September 30, 2002 (unaudited)	**182,609**	**$ 1,826**	**$ 1,621,376**	**$ (64,907)**	**$ 0**	**(1,717)**	**$ (17,167)**	**$ (415)**	**$ 1,540,713**

See accompanying condensed notes to financial statements.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(unaudited and in thousands)

	Nine Months Ended	
	September 30, 2002	September 30, 2001
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net income	$ 39,821	$ 14,423
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Equity in income of joint ventures	(3,738)	(2,622)
Depreciation	23,185	10,341
Amortization of deferred financing costs	587	529
Amortization of deferred leasing costs	229	228
Bad debt expense	113	0
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(746)	(370)
Straight-line rent receivable	(5,382)	(1,949)
Due from affiliates	(35)	0
Deferred rental income	7,232	(381)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	8,811	3,309
Prepaid expenses and other assets, net	(1,813)	3,211
Due to affiliates	(105)	(235)
Net cash provided by operating activities	68,159	26,484
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Investments in real estate	(797,011)	(121,366)
Investment in joint ventures	0	(27,018)
Deferred project costs paid	(34,784)	(10,347)
Distributions received from joint ventures	5,301	3,027
Deferred lease acquisition costs paid	(400)	0
Net cash used in investing activities	(826,894)	(155,704)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Proceeds from note payable	27,742	107,587
Repayment of note payable	(37)	(208,102)
Dividends paid	(71,397)	(23,502)
Issuance of common stock	988,470	297,775
Sales commissions paid	(94,097)	(28,086)
Offering costs paid	(10,937)	(7,481)
Treasury stock purchased	(11,617)	(2,137)
Deferred financing costs paid	(1,066)	0
Net cash provided by financing activities	827,061	136,054

NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	68,326	6,834
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of year	75,586	4,298
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of period	$ 143,912	$ 11,132
SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Deferred project costs applied to real estate assets	$ 31,271	$ 1,127
Deferred project costs applied to joint ventures	$ 0	$ 9,295
Deferred project costs due to affiliate	$ 587	$ (498)
Interest rate swap	$ (415)	$ 0
Increase (decrease) in deferred offering cost accrual	$ 3,537	$ (1,291)
Assumption of obligations under capital lease	$ 32,500	$ 22,000
Investment in bonds	$ 32,500	$ 22,000

See accompanying condensed notes to financial statements.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

AND SUBSIDIARY

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2002

(UNAUDITED)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) General

Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. (the Company) is a Maryland corporation formed on July 3, 1997, which qualifies as a real estate investment trust (REIT). Substantially all of the Company s business is conducted through Wells Operating Partnership, L.P. (Wells OP), a Delaware limited partnership organized for the purpose of acquiring, developing, owning, operating, improving, leasing, and otherwise managing income producing commercial properties for investment purposes on behalf of the Company. The Company is the sole general partner of Wells OP.

On January 30, 1998, the Company commenced its initial public offering of up to 16.5 million shares of common stock at $10 per share pursuant to a Registration Statement on Form S-11 filed under the Securities Act of 1933. The Company commenced active operations on June 5, 1998. The Company terminated its initial public offering on December 19, 1999 at which time gross proceeds of approximately $132.2 million had been received from the sale of approximately 13.2 million shares. The Company commenced its second public offering of shares of common stock on December 20, 1999, which was terminated on December 19, 2000 after receipt of gross proceeds of approximately $175.2 million from the sale of approximately 17.5 million shares. The Company commenced its third public offering of shares of common stock on December 20, 2000, which terminated on July 26, 2002 after receipt of gross proceeds of approximately $1.3 billion from the sale of approximately 128.3 million shares. As of September 30, 2002, the Company has received gross proceeds of approximately $235.7 million from the sale of approximately 23.6 million shares from its fourth public offering. Accordingly, as of September 30, 2002, the Company has received aggregate gross offering proceeds of approximately $1.8 billion from the sale of 182.6 million shares of its common stock to investors. After payment of $63.3 million in acquisition and advisory fees and acquisition expenses, payment of $202.9 million in selling commissions and organization and offering expenses, capital contributions to joint ventures and acquisitions expenditures by Wells OP of $1.4 billion for property acquisitions, and common stock redemptions of $17.2 million pursuant to the Company s share redemption program, the Company was holding net offering proceeds of $144.5 million available for investment in properties, as of September 30, 2002.

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(b) Properties

As of September 30, 2002, the Company owned interests in 67 properties listed in the table below through its ownership in Wells OP.

Property Name	Tenant	Property Location	% Owned	Purchase Price	Square Feet	Annual Rent
Daimler Chrysler Dallas	Daimler Chrysler Services North America LLC	Westlake, TX	100%	$ 25,100,000	130,290	$ 3,189,499
Allstate Indianapolis	Allstate Insurance Company	Indianapolis, IN	100%	$ 10,900,000	84,200	$ 1,246,164
	Holladay Property Services Midwest, Inc.				5,756	$ 74,832
Intuit Dallas	Lacerte Software Corporation	Plano, TX	100%	$ 26,500,000	166,238	$ 2,461,985
EDS Des Moines	EDS Information Services LLC	Des Moines, IA	100%	$ 26,500,000	405,000	$ 2,389,500
Federal Express Colorado Springs	Federal Express Corporation	Colorado Springs, CO	100%	$ 26,000,000	155,808	$ 2,248,309
KeyBank Parsippany	KeyBank U.S.A., N.A.	Parsippany, NJ	100%	$ 101,350,000	200,000	$ 3,800,000
	Gemini Technology Services				204,515	$ 5,726,420
IRS Long Island	IRS Collection	Holtsville, NY	100%	$ 50,975,000	128,000	$ 5,029,380(1)
	IRS Compliance				50,949	$ 1,663,200
	IRS Daycare Facility				12,100	$ 486,799
AmeriCredit Phoenix	AmeriCredit Financial Services, Inc.	Chandler, AZ	100%	$ 24,700,000(2)	153,494	$ 1,609,315(3)
Harcourt Austin	Harcourt, Inc.	Austin, TX	100%	$ 39,000,000	195,230	$ 3,353,040
Nokia Dallas	Nokia, Inc.	Irving, TX	100%	$ 119,550,000	228,678	$ 4,413,485
	Nokia, Inc.				223,470	$ 4,547,614
	Nokia, Inc.				152,086	$ 3,024,990
Kraft Atlanta	Kraft Foods North America, Inc.	Suwanee, GA	100%	$ 11,625,000	73,264	$ 1,263,804
	Perkin Elmer Instruments, LLC				13,955	$ 194,672
BMG Greenville	BMG Direct Marketing, Inc.	Duncan, SC	100%	$ 26,900,000	473,398	$ 1,394,156
	BMG Music				313,380	$ 763,600
Kerr-McGee	Kerr-McGee Oil & Gas Corporation	Houston, TX	100%	$ 15,760,000(2)	100,000	$ 1,655,000(3)
PacifiCare San Antonio	PacifiCare Health Systems, Inc.	San Antonio, TX	100%	$ 14,650,000	142,500	$ 1,471,700
ISS Atlanta	Internet Security Systems, Inc.	Atlanta, GA	100%	$ 40,500,000	238,600	$ 4,623,445
MFS Phoenix	Massachusetts Financial Services Company	Phoenix, AZ	100%	$ 25,800,000	148,605	$ 2,347,959
TRW Denver	TRW, Inc.	Aurora, CO	100%	$ 21,060,000	108,240	$ 2,870,709
Agilent Boston	Agilent Technologies, Inc.	Boxborough, MA	100%	$ 31,742,274	174,585	$ 3,578,993
Experian/TRW	Experian Information Solutions, Inc.	Allen, TX	100%	$ 35,150,000	292,700	$ 3,438,277
BellSouth Ft. Lauderdale	BellSouth Advertising and Publishing Corporation	Ft. Lauderdale, FL	100%	$ 6,850,000	47,400	$ 747,033
Agilent Atlanta	Agilent Technologies, Inc. Koninklijke Philips Electronics N.V.	Alpharetta, GA	100%	$ 15,100,000	66,811	$ 1,344,905
					34,396	$ 704,430
Travelers Express Denver	Travelers Express Company, Inc.	Lakewood, CO	100%	$ 10,395,845	68,165	$ 1,012,250
Dana Kalamazoo	Dana Corporation	Kalamazoo, MI	100%	$ 41,950,000(4)	147,004	$ 1,842,800
Dana Detroit	Dana Corporation	Farmington Hills, MI	100%	(see above)(4)	112,480	$ 2,330,600

Novartis Atlanta	Novartis Opthalmics, Inc.	Duluth, GA	100%	$ 15,000,000	100,087	$ 1,426,240
Transocean Houston	Transocean Deepwater Offshore Drilling, Inc.	Houston, TX	100%	$ 22,000,000	103,260	$ 2,110,035
	Newpark Drilling Fluids, Inc.				52,731	$ 1,153,227
Arthur Andersen (5)	Arthur Andersen LLP	Sarasota, FL	100%	$ 21,400,000	157,700	$ 1,988,454
Windy Point I	TCI Great Lakes, Inc. The Apollo Group, Inc. Global Knowledge Network Various other tenants	Schaumburg, IL	100%	$ 32,225,000(6)	129,157 28,322 22,028 8,884	$ 2,067,204 $ 477,226 $ 393,776 $ 160,000
Windy Point II	Zurich American Insurance	Schaumburg, IL	100%	$ 57,050,000(6)	300,034	$ 5,244,594
Convergys	Convergys Customer Management Group, Inc.	Tamarac, FL	100%	$ 13,255,000	100,000	$ 1,248,192
ADIC	Advanced Digital Information Corporation	Parker, CO	68.2%	$ 12,954,213	148,204	$ 1,222,683
Lucent	Lucent Technologies, Inc.	Cary, NC	100%	$ 17,650,000	120,000	$ 1,800,000
Ingram Micro	Ingram Micro, L.P.	Millington, TN	100%	$ 21,050,000	701,819	$ 2,035,275
Nissan	Nissan Motor Acceptance Corporation	Irving, TX	100%	$ 42,259,000(2)	268,290	$ 4,225,860(3)
IKON	IKON Office Solutions, Inc.	Houston, TX	100%	$ 20,650,000	157,790	$ 2,015,767
State Street	SSB Realty, LLC	Quincy, MA	100%	$ 49,563,000	234,668	$ 6,922,706
AmeriCredit	AmeriCredit Financial Services Corporation	Orange Park, FL	68.2%	$ 12,500,000	85,000	$ 1,336,200
Comdata	Comdata Network, Inc.	Brentwood, TN	55.0%	$ 24,950,000	201,237	$ 2,458,638

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Property Name	Tenant	Property Location	% Owned	Purchase Price	Square Feet	Annual Rent
AT&T Oklahoma	AT&T Corp.	Oklahoma City, OK	55.0%	$ 15,300,000	103,500	$ 1,242,000
	Jordan Associates, Inc.				25,000	$ 294,500
Metris Minnesota	Metris Direct, Inc.	Minnetonka, MN	100%	$ 52,800,000	300,633	$ 4,960,445
Stone & Webster	Stone & Webster, Inc.	Houston, TX	100%	$ 44,970,000	206,048	$ 4,533,056
	SYSCO Corporation				106,516	$ 2,130,320
Motorola Plainfield	Motorola, Inc.	S. Plainfield, NJ	100%	$ 33,648,156	236,710	$ 3,324,428
Quest	Quest Software, Inc.	Irvine, CA	15.8%	$ 7,193,000	65,006	$ 1,287,119
Delphi	Delphi Automotive Systems, LLC	Troy, MI	100%	$ 19,800,000	107,193	$ 1,955,524
Avnet	Avnet, Inc.	Tempe, AZ	100%	$ 13,250,000	132,070	$ 1,516,164
Siemens	Siemens Automotive Corp.	Troy, MI	56.8%	$ 14,265,000	77,054	$ 1,374,643
Motorola Tempe	Motorola, Inc.	Tempe, AZ	100%	$ 16,000,000	133,225	$ 2,054,329
ASML	ASM Lithography, Inc.	Tempe, AZ	100%	$ 17,355,000	95,133	$ 1,927,788
Dial	Dial Corporation	Scottsdale, AZ	100%	$ 14,250,000	129,689	$ 1,387,672
Metris Tulsa	Metris Direct, Inc.	Tulsa, OK	100%	$ 12,700,000	101,100	$ 1,187,925
Cinemark	Cinemark USA, Inc.	Plano, TX	100%	$ 21,800,000	65,521	$ 1,366,491
	The Coca-Cola Company				52,587	$ 1,354,184
Gartner	The Gartner Group, Inc.	Ft. Myers, FL	56.8%	$ 8,320,000	62,400	$ 830,656
Videojet Technologies Chicago	Videojet Technologies, Inc.	Wood Dale, IL	100%	$ 32,630,940	250,354	$ 3,376,746
Johnson Matthey	Johnson Matthey, Inc.	Wayne, PA	56.8%	$ 8,000,000	130,000	$ 854,748
Alstom Power Richmond (2)	Alstom Power, Inc.	Midlothian, VA	100%	$ 11,400,000	99,057	$ 1,244,501
Sprint	Sprint Communications Company, L.P.	Leawood, KS	56.8%	$ 9,500,000	68,900	$ 1,102,404
EYBL CarTex	EYBL CarTex, Inc.	Fountain Inn, SC	56.8%	$ 5,085,000	169,510	$ 550,908
Matsushita (2)	Matsushita Avionics Systems Corporation	Lake Forest, CA	100%	$ 18,431,206	144,906	$ 2,005,464
AT&T Pennsylvania	Pennsylvania Cellular Telephone Corp.	Harrisburg, PA	100%	$ 12,291,200	81,859	$ 1,442,116
PwC	PricewaterhouseCoopers, LLP	Tampa, FL	100%	$ 21,127,854	130,091	$ 2,093,382
Cort Furniture	Cort Furniture Rental Corporation	Fountain Valley, CA	44.0%	$ 6,400,000	52,000	$ 834,888
Fairchild	Fairchild Technologies U.S.A., Inc.	Fremont, CA	77.5%	$ 8,900,000	58,424	$ 920,144
Avaya	Avaya, Inc.	Oklahoma City, OK	3.7%	$ 5,504,276	57,186	$ 536,977
Iomega	Iomega Corporation	Ogden, UT	3.7%	$ 5,025,000	108,250	$ 659,868
Interlocken	ODS Technologies, L.P. and GAIAM, Inc.	Broomfield, CO	3.7%	$ 8,275,000	51,975	$ 1,070,515
Ohmeda	Ohmeda, Inc.	Louisville, CO	3.7%	$ 10,325,000	106,750	$ 1,004,520
Alstom Power Knoxville	Alstom Power, Inc.	Knoxville, TN	3.7%	$ 7,900,000	84,404	$ 1,106,520

(1) Includes only the leased portion of this property.

(2) Includes the actual costs incurred or estimated to be incurred by Wells OP to develop and construct the building in addition to the purchase price of the land.

(3) Annual rent for AmeriCredit Phoenix, Kerr McGee and Nissan Property does not take effect until construction of the building is completed and the tenant is occupying the building.

(4) Dana Kalamazoo and Dana Detroit were purchased for an aggregate purchase price of $41,950,000.

(5) Subsequent to September 30, 2002, this building has been vacated by the tenant. See Footnote 10 and Subsequent Events in the Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations section of this supplement.

(6) Windy Point I and Windy Point II were purchased for an aggregate purchase price of $89,275,000.

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Wells OP owns interests in properties directly and through equity ownership in the following joint ventures:

Joint Venture	Joint Venture Partners	Properties Held by Joint Venture
Fund XIII-REIT Joint Venture	Wells Operating Partnership, L.P. Wells Real Estate Fund XIII, L.P.	AmeriCredit ADIC
Fund XII-REIT Joint Venture	Wells Operating Partnership, L.P. Wells Real Estate Fund XII, L.P.	Siemens AT&T Oklahoma Comdata
Fund XI-XII-REIT Joint Venture	Wells Operating Partnership, L.P. Wells Real Estate Fund XI, L.P. Wells Real Estate Fund XII, L.P.	EYBL CarTex Sprint Johnson Matthey Gartner
Fund IX-X-XI-REIT Joint Venture	Wells Operating Partnership, L.P. Wells Real Estate Fund IX, L.P. Wells Real Estate Fund X, L.P. Wells Real Estate Fund XI, L.P.	Alstom Power Knoxville Ohmeda Interlocken Avaya Iomega
Wells/Fremont Associates Joint Venture (the Fremont Joint Venture)	Wells Operating Partnership, L.P. Fund X-XI Joint Venture	Fairchild
Wells/Orange County Associates Joint Venture (the Orange County Joint Venture)	Wells Operating Partnership, L.P. Fund X-XI Joint Venture	Cort Furniture
Fund VIII-IX-REIT Joint Venture	Wells Operating Partnership, L.P. Fund VIII-IX Joint Venture	Quest

(c) Critical Accounting Policies

The Company s accounting policies have been established in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP). The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to use judgment in the application of accounting policies, including making estimates and assumptions. These judgments affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting periods. If our judgment or interpretation of the facts and circumstances relating to various transactions had been different, it is possible that different accounting policies would have been applied; thus, resulting in a different presentation of our financial statements. Below is a discussion of the accounting policies that we consider to be critical in that they may require complex judgment in their application or require estimates about matters which are inherently uncertain.

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes rental income generated from all leases on real estate assets in which the Company has an ownership interest, either directly or through investments in joint ventures, on a straight-line basis over the terms of the respective leases. If a tenant was to encounter financial difficulties in future periods, the amount recorded as a receivable may not be realized.

Operating Cost Reimbursements

The Company generally bills tenants for operating cost reimbursements, either directly or through investments in joint ventures, on a monthly basis at amounts estimated largely based on actual prior period activity, the current year budget and the respective lease terms. Such billings are generally adjusted on an annual basis to reflect reimbursements owed to the landlord based on the actual costs incurred during the period and the respective lease terms. Financial difficulties encountered by tenants may result in receivables not being realized.

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Real Estate

Management continually monitors events and changes in circumstances indicating that the carrying amounts of the real estate assets in which the Company has an ownership interest, either directly or through investments in joint ventures, may not be recoverable. When such events or changes in circumstances are present, management assesses the potential impairment by comparing the fair market value of the asset, estimated at an amount equal to the future undiscounted operating cash flows expected to be generated from tenants over the life of the asset and from its eventual disposition, to the carrying value of the asset. In the event that the carrying amount exceeds the estimated fair market value, the Company would recognize an impairment loss in the amount required to adjust the carrying amount of the asset to its estimated fair market value. Neither the Company nor its joint ventures have recognized impairment losses on real estate assets to date.

Deferred Project Costs

The Company records acquisition and advisory fees and acquisition expenses payable to Wells Capital, Inc. (the Advisor) by capitalizing deferred project costs and reimbursing the Advisor in an amount equal to 3.5% of cumulative capital raised to date. As the Company invests its capital proceeds, deferred project costs are applied to real estate assets, either directly or through contributions to joint ventures, and depreciated over the useful lives of the respective real estate assets. Acquisition and advisory fees and acquisition expenses paid as of September 30, 2002, amounted to $63.3 million and represented approximately 3.5% of capital contributions received. These fees are allocated to specific properties as they are purchased or developed and are included in capitalized assets of the joint venture, or real estate assets. Deferred project costs at September 30, 2002 and December 31, 2001, represent fees paid, but not yet applied to properties.

Deferred Offering Costs

The Advisor expects to continue to fund 100% of the organization and offering costs and recognize related expenses, to the extent that such costs exceed 3% of cumulative capital raised, on behalf of the Company. Organization and offering costs include items such as legal and accounting fees, marketing and promotional costs, and printing costs, and specifically exclude sales costs and underwriting commissions. The Company records offering costs by accruing deferred offering costs, with an offsetting liability included in due to affiliates, at an amount equal to the lesser of 3% of cumulative capital raised to date or actual costs incurred from third-parties less reimbursements paid to the Advisor. As equity is raised, the Company reverses the deferred offering costs accrual and recognizes a charge to stockholders equity upon reimbursing the Advisor. As of September 30, 2002, the Advisor had paid organization and offering expenses on behalf of the Company in an aggregate amount of $34.2 million, of which the Advisor had been reimbursed $29.7 million, which did not exceed the 3% limitation. Deferred offering costs in the accompanying balance sheet represent costs incurred by the Advisor which will be reimbursed by the Company.

(d) Distribution Policy

The Company will make distributions each taxable year (not including a return of capital for federal income tax purposes) equal to at least 90% of its real estate investment trusts taxable income. The Company intends to make regular quarterly distributions to stockholders. Distributions will be made to those stockholders who are stockholders as of the record date selected by the Directors. The Company currently calculates quarterly dividends based on the daily record and dividend declaration dates; thus, stockholders are entitled to receive dividends immediately upon the purchase of shares.

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Dividends to be distributed to the stockholders are determined by the Board of Directors and are dependent on a number of factors related to the Company, including funds available for payment of dividends, financial condition, capital expenditure requirements and annual distribution requirements in order to maintain the Company s status as a REIT under the Code. Operating cash flows are expected to increase as additional properties are added to the Company s investment portfolio.

(e) Income Taxes

The Company has made an election under Section 856 (C) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the Code), to be taxed as a Real Estate Investment Trust (REIT) under the Code beginning with its taxable year ended December 31, 1998. As a REIT for federal income tax purposes, the Company generally will not be subject to federal income tax on income that it distributes to its shareholders. If the Company fails to qualify as a REIT in any taxable year, it will then be subject to federal income tax on its taxable income at regular corporate rates and will not be permitted to qualify for treatment as a REIT for federal income tax purposes for four years following the year during which qualification is lost. Such an event could materially adversely affect the Company s net income and net cash available to distribute to shareholders. However, the Company believes that it is organized and operates in such a manner as to qualify for treatment as a REIT and intends to continue to operate in the foreseeable future in such a manner so that the Company will remain qualified as a REIT for federal income tax purposes.

(f) Employees

The Company has no direct employees. The employees of the Advisor and Wells Management Company, Inc. (Wells Management), an affiliate of the Company and the Advisor, perform a full range of real estate services including leasing and property management, accounting, asset management and investor relations for the Company. The Company has reimbursed the Advisor and Wells Management for allocated salaries, wages and other payroll related costs totaling $1.1 million and $0.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2002 and 2001, respectively, and $0.5 million and $0.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2002 and 2001, respectively.

(g) Insurance

Wells Management Company, Inc., an affiliate of the Company and the Advisor, carries comprehensive liability and extended coverage with respect to all the properties owned directly or indirectly by the Company. In the opinion of management, the properties are adequately insured.

(h) Competition

The Company will experience competition for tenants from owners and managers of competing projects, which may include its affiliates. As a result, the Company may be required to provide free rent, reduced charges for tenant improvements and other inducements, all of which may have an adverse impact on results of operations. At the time the Company elects to dispose of its properties, the Company will also be in competition with sellers of similar properties to locate suitable purchasers for its properties.

(i) Statement of Cash Flows

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents include cash and short-term investments.

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(j) Basis of Presentation

Substantially all of the Company s business is conducted through Wells OP. On December 31, 1997, Wells OP issued 20,000 limited partner units to the Advisor in exchange for a capital contribution of $200,000. The Company is the sole general partner in Wells OP; consequently, the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of the Company includes the amounts of the Company and Wells OP. The Advisor, a limited partner, is not currently receiving distributions from its investment in Wells OP.

The consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with instructions to Form 10-Q and do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. These quarterly statements have not been examined by independent accountants, but in the opinion of management of the Company, the statements for the unaudited interim periods presented include all adjustments, which are of a normal and recurring nature, necessary to present a fair presentation of the results for such periods. Results for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of full year results. For further information, refer to the financial statements and footnotes included in the Company s Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001.

(k) Reclassifications and Change in Presentation

The Company has historically reported property operating costs net of reimbursements from tenants as an expense in its Consolidated Statements of Income. These costs include property taxes, property insurance, utilities, repairs and maintenance, management fees and other expenses related to the ownership and operation of the Company s properties that are required to be reimbursed by the properties tenants in accordance with the terms of their leases. In response to a FASB Emerging Issues Task Force release issued in November 2001, the Company will now present the reimbursements received from tenants as revenue and the gross property operating costs as expenses commencing in the first quarter of 2002. Consequently, the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2002 have been amended and restated to reflect the effects of this revised presentation. In addition, the comparative financial information for prior periods has been reclassified to conform to the presentation in the 2002 financial statements.

Since this presentation does not impact the amount of reimbursements received or property operating costs incurred and requires equal adjustments to revenues and expenses, the adoption of this guidance will have no impact on the financial position, net income, earnings per share or cash flows of the Company.

2. INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURES

(a) Basis of Presentation

As of September 30, 2002, the Company owned interests in 17 properties in joint ventures with related entities through its ownership in Wells OP, which owns interests in seven such joint ventures. The Company does not have control over the operations of these joint ventures; however, it does exercise significant influence. Accordingly, investment in joint ventures is recorded using the equity method.

(b) Summary of Operations

The following information summarizes the results of operations of the unconsolidated joint ventures in which the Company, through Wells OP, had ownership interests as of September 30, 2002 and 2001, respectively. There were no additional investments in joint ventures made by the Company during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2002.

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	Total Revenues		Net Income		Wells OP s Share of Net Income	
	Three Months Ended (in thousands)		Three Months Ended (in thousands)		Three Months Ended (in thousands)	
	September 30, 2002	September 30, 2001	September 30, 2002	September 30, 2001	September 30, 2002	September 30, 2001
Fund IX-X-XI-REIT Joint Venture	$ 1,346	$ 1,458	$ 574	$ 670	$ 21	$ 25
Cort Joint Venture	209	213	135	149	59	65
Fremont Joint Venture	226	227	142	142	110	110
Fund XI-XII-REIT Joint Venture	855	856	484	520	275	295
Fund XII-REIT Joint Venture	1,481	1,525	727	815	400	448
Fund VIII-IX-REIT Joint Venture	310	314	153	156	24	24
Fund XIII-REIT Joint Venture	707	306	408	155	370	135
	$ 5,134	$ 4,899	$ 2,623	$ 2,607	$ 1,259	$ 1,102

	Total Revenues		Net Income		Wells OP s Share of Net Income	
	Nine Months Ended (in thousands)		Nine Months Ended (in thousands)		Nine Months Ended (in thousands)	
	September 30, 2002	September 30, 2001	September 30, 2002	September 30, 2001	September 30, 2002	September 30, 2001
Fund IX-X-XI-REIT Joint Venture	$ 4,170	$ 4,472	$ 1,747	$ 2,043	$ 65	$ 76
Cort Joint Venture	631	611	405	415	177	181
Fremont Joint Venture	679	677	419	421	325	326
Fund XI-XII-REIT Joint Venture	2,601	2,571	1,526	1,534	866	871
Fund XII-REIT Joint Venture	4,643	3,729	2,385	1,848	1,311	967
Fund VIII-IX-REIT Joint Venture	945	902	461	416	73	66
Fund XIII-REIT Joint Venture	2,115	306	1,215	155	921	135
	$ 15,784	$ 13,268	$ 8,158	$ 6,832	$ 3,738	$ 2,622

Total revenues for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2002 presented above have been amended and restated to include operating cost reimbursements from tenants as revenue, consistent with the presentation described in Note 1(k).

3. INVESTMENTS IN REAL ESTATE

As of September 30, 2002, the Company, through its ownership in Wells OP, owns 50 properties directly. The following describes acquisitions made directly by Wells OP during the three months ended September 30, 2002.

The ISS Atlanta Buildings

On July 1, 2002, Wells OP purchased two five-story buildings containing a total of 238,600 rentable square feet located in Atlanta, Georgia for a purchase price of $40.5 million, excluding closing costs. The ISS Atlanta Buildings were acquired by assigning to Wells OP an existing ground lease with

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the Development Authority of Fulton County (Development Authority). Fee simple title to the land upon which the ISS Atlanta Buildings are located is held by the Development Authority, which issued Development Authority of Fulton County Taxable Revenue Bonds (Bonds) totaling $32.5 million in connection with the construction of these buildings. The Bonds, which entitle Wells OP to certain real property tax abatement benefits, were also assigned to Wells OP at the closing. Fee title interest to the land will be transferred to Wells OP upon payment of the outstanding balance on the Bonds, either by prepayment by Wells OP or at the expiration of the ground lease on December 1, 2015.

The entire rentable area of the ISS Atlanta Buildings is leased to Internet Security Systems, Inc., a Georgia corporation (ISS). The ISS Atlanta lease is a net lease that commenced in November 2000 and expires in May 2013. The current annual base rent payable under the ISS Atlanta lease is approximately $4.6 million. ISS, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for three additional five-year periods at 95% of the then-current market rental rate.

The PacifiCare San Antonio Building

On July 12, 2002, Wells OP purchased the PacifiCare San Antonio Building, a two-story office building containing 142,500 rentable square feet located in San Antonio, Texas for a purchase price of $14.7 million, excluding closing costs. The PacifiCare San Antonio Building is 100% leased to PacifiCare Health Systems, Inc. (PacifiCare). The PacifiCare lease is a net lease that commenced in November 2000 and expires in November 2010. The current annual base rent payable under the PacifiCare lease is approximately $1.5 million. PacifiCare, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for three additional five-year periods. Monthly base rent for the first renewal term will be approximately $0.2 million and monthly base rent for the second and third renewal terms will be the then-current market rental rate.

The Kerr-McGee Property

On July 29, 2002, Wells OP purchased the Kerr-McGee Property, a 4.2-acre tract of land located in Houston, Harris County, Texas for a purchase price of approximately $1.7, excluding closing costs. Wells OP has entered into agreements to construct a four-story office building containing approximately 100,000 rentable square feet (the Kerr-McGee Project) on the Kerr-McGee Property. It is currently anticipated that the aggregate of all costs and expenses to be incurred by Wells OP with respect to the acquisition of the Kerr-McGee Property and the planning, design, development, construction and completion of the Kerr McGee Project will total approximately $15.8 million.

The entire 100,000 rentable square feet of the Kerr-McGee Project will be leased to Kerr-McGee Oil & Gas Corporation (Kerr-McGee), a wholly owned subsidiary of Kerr-McGee Corporation. The initial term of the Kerr-McGee lease will extend 11 years and 1 month beyond the rent commencement date. Construction on the building is scheduled to be completed by July 2003. The rent commencement date will occur no later than July 1, 2003. Kerr-McGee has the right to extend the initial term of this lease for one additional period of twenty years or the option to extend the initial term for any combination of additional periods of ten years or five years for a total additional period of not more than twenty years. The base rental rate will be 95% of the existing market rate. The initial annual base rent payable under the Kerr-McGee lease will be calculated as 10.5% of project costs.

Wells OP obtained a construction loan in the amount of $13.7 million from Bank of America, to fund the construction of a building on the Kerr-McGee Property. The loan requires monthly payments of interest only and matures on January 29, 2004. The interest rate on the loan as of August 6, 2002 was 3.80%. The Bank of America loan is secured by a first priority mortgage on the Kerr-McGee Property.

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The BMG Greenville Buildings

On July 31, 2002, Wells OP purchased the BMG Greenville Buildings, two one-story office buildings containing 786,778 rentable square feet located in Duncan, Spartanburg County, South Carolina for a purchase price of $26.9 million, excluding closing costs. The BMG Greenville Buildings are leased to BMG Direct Marketing, Inc. (BMG Marketing) and BMG Music (BMG Music).

The BMG Marketing lease is a net lease that covers approximately 473,398 square feet that commenced in March 1988 and expires in March 2011. The current annual base rent payable under the BMG Marketing lease is approximately $1.4 million. BMG Marketing, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for two consecutive ten-year periods at 95% of the then-current market rental rate.

The BMG Music lease is a net lease that covers approximately 313,380 rentable square feet that commenced in December 1987 and expires in March 2011. The current annual base rent payable under the BMG Music lease is approximately $0.8 million. BMG Music, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for two consecutive ten-year periods at 95% of the then-current market rental rate.

The Kraft Atlanta Building

On August 1, 2002, Wells OP purchased the Kraft Atlanta Building, a one-story office building containing 87,219 rentable square feet located in Suwanee, Forsyth County, Georgia for a purchase price of approximately $11.6 million, excluding closing costs. The Kraft Atlanta Building is leased to Kraft Foods North America, Inc. (Kraft) and PerkinElmer Instruments, LLC (PerkinElmer).

The Kraft lease is a net lease that covers approximately 73,264 square feet that commenced in February 2002 and expires in January 2012. The current annual base rent payable under the Kraft lease is approximately $1.3 million. Kraft, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for two additional five-year periods at the then-current market rental rate. In addition, Kraft may terminate the lease (1) at the end of the third year by paying a $7.0 million termination fee, or (2) at the end of the seventh lease year by paying an approximately $1.8 million termination fee.

The PerkinElmer lease is a net lease that covers approximately 13,955 rentable square feet that commenced in December 2001 and expires in November 2016. The current annual base rent payable under the PerkinElmer lease is approximately $0.2 million. PerkinElmer, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for two additional five-year periods at the then-current market rental rate. In addition, PerkinElmer may terminate the lease at the end of the tenth lease year by paying a $0.3 million termination fee.

The Nokia Dallas Buildings

On August 15, 2002, Wells OP purchased the Nokia Dallas Buildings, three adjacent office buildings containing an aggregate of 604,234 rentable square feet located in Irving, Texas for an aggregate purchase price of approximately $119.6 million, excluding closing costs. The Nokia Dallas Buildings are all leased entirely to Nokia, Inc (Nokia) under three long-term net leases for periods of 10 years, with approximately seven to eight years remaining on such leases.

The Nokia I Building is a nine-story building containing 228,678 rentable square feet. The Nokia I Building lease fully commenced in July 1999 and expires in July 2009. The current annual base rent payable under the Nokia I Building lease is approximately $4.4 million. The Nokia II Building is a seven-story building containing 223,470 rentable square feet. The Nokia II Building lease commenced in December 2000 and expires in December 2010. The current annual base rent payable under the Nokia II Building lease is approximately $4.5 million. The Nokia III Building is a six-story building containing

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152,086 rentable square feet. The Nokia III Building lease commenced in June 1999 and expires in July 2009. The current annual base rent payable under the Nokia III Building lease is approximately $3.0 million.

The Harcourt Austin Building

On August 15, 2002, Wells OP purchased the Harcourt Austin Building, a seven-story office building containing 195,230 rentable square feet located in Austin, Texas for a purchase price of $39.0 million, excluding closing costs. The Harcourt Austin Building is leased entirely to Harcourt, Inc. (Harcourt), a wholly owned subsidiary of Harcourt General, Inc., the guarantor of the Harcourt lease. The Harcourt lease commenced in July 2001 and expires in June 2016. The current annual base rent payable under the Harcourt lease is approximately $3.4 million.

The AmeriCredit Phoenix Property

On September 12, 2002, Wells OP purchased the AmeriCredit Phoenix Property, a 14.74-acre tract of land located in Chandler, Maricopa County, Arizona for a purchase price of approximately $2.6 million, excluding closing costs. Wells OP has entered into agreements to construct a three-story office building containing approximately 153,494 rentable square feet (the AmeriCredit Phoenix Project) on the AmeriCredit Phoenix Property. It is currently anticipated that the aggregate of all costs and expenses to be incurred by Wells OP with respect to the acquisition of the AmeriCredit Phoenix Project and the planning, design, development, construction and completion of the AmeriCredit Phoenix Project will total approximately $24.7 million.

The entire 153,494 rentable square feet of the AmeriCredit Phoenix Project will be leased to AmeriCredit Financial Services, Inc. (AmeriCredit), a wholly owned subsidiary of AmeriCredit Corporation. The initial term of the AmeriCredit lease will extend 10 years and 4 month beyond the rent commencement date. Construction on the building is scheduled to be completed by August 2003. AmeriCredit has the right to extend the initial term of this lease for two additional periods of five years at 95% of the then-market rate. As an inducement for Wells OP to enter into the AmeriCredit Phoenix lease, AmeriCredit has prepaid to Wells OP the first three years of base rent at a discounted amount equal to approximately $4.8 million.

The IRS Long Island Buildings

On September 16, 2002, Wells REIT-Holtsville, NY, LLC (REIT-Holtsville), a Georgia limited liability company wholly-owned by Wells OP purchased the IRS Long Island Buildings, a two-story office building and a one-story daycare facility containing an aggregate 259,700 rentable square feet located in Holtsville, New York for a purchase price of approximately $51.0 million, excluding closing costs. Approximately 191,050 of the aggregate rentable square feet of the IRS Long Island Buildings (74%) is currently leased to the United States of America through the U.S. General Services Administration (U.S.A.) for occupancy by the IRS under three separate lease agreements for the processing & collection division of the IRS (IRS Collection), the compliance division of the IRS (IRS Compliance), and the IRS Daycare Facility. REIT-Holtsville is negotiating for the remaining 26% of the IRS Long Island Buildings to be leased by the U.S.A. on behalf of the IRS or to another suitable tenant. If REIT-Holtsville should lease this space to the U.S.A. or another suitable tenant within 18 months, REIT-Holtsville would owe the seller an additional amount of up to $14.5 million as additional purchase price for the IRS Long Island Buildings pursuant to the terms of an earnout agreement entered into between REIT-Holtsville and the seller at the closing.

The IRS Collection lease, which encompasses 128,000 rentable square feet of the IRS Office Building, commenced in August 2000 and expires in August 2005. The current annual base rent payable under the IRS Collection lease is approximately $5.0 million. The annual base rent payable under the

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IRS Collection lease for the remaining two years of the initial lease term will be approximately $2.8 million. The U.S.A., at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for two additional five-year periods at annual rental rates of approximately $4.2 million and $5.0 million, respectively.

The IRS Compliance lease, which encompasses 50,949 rentable square feet of the IRS Office Building, commenced in December 2001 and expires in December 2011. The annual base rent payable under the IRS Compliance lease for the initial term of the lease is approximately $1.7 million. The U.S.A., at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for one additional ten-year period at an annual rental rate of approximately $2.2 million.

The IRS Daycare Facility lease, which encompasses the entire 12,100 rentable square feet of the IRS Daycare Facility, commenced in October 1999 and expires in September 2004. The annual base rent payable under the IRS Daycare Facility lease for the initial term of the lease is approximately $0.5 million. The U.S.A., at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for two additional five-year periods at an annual rental rate of approximately $0.4 million.

The KeyBank Parsippany Building

On September 27, 2002, Wells OP purchased the KeyBank Parsippany Building, a four-story office building containing 404,515 rentable square feet located in Parsippany, New Jersey for a purchase price of approximately $101.4 million, excluding closing costs. The KeyBank Parsippany Building is leased to Key Bank U.S.A., N.A. (KeyBank) and Gemini Technology Services (Gemini).

The KeyBank lease covers 200,000 rentable square feet (49%) under a net lease that commenced in March 2001 and expires in February 2016. The current annual base rent payable under the KeyBank lease is $3.8 million. KeyBank, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for three additional five-year periods at the then-current market rental rate.

The Gemini lease covers 204,515 rentable square feet (51%) under a gross lease that commenced in December 2000 and expires in December 2013. The current annual base rent payable under the Gemini lease is approximately $5.7 million. Gemini, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for three additional five-year periods at a rate equal to the greater of (1) the annual rent during the final year of the initial lease term, or (2) 95% of the then-current market rental rate.

The Federal Express Colorado Springs Building

On September 27, 2002, Wells OP purchased the Federal Express Colorado Springs Building, a three-story office building containing 155,808 rentable square feet located in Colorado Springs, Colorado for a purchase price of $26.0 million, excluding closing costs. The Federal Express Colorado Springs Building is leased entirely to Federal Express Corporation (Federal Express). The Federal Express lease commenced in July 2001 and expires in October 2016. The current annual base rent payable under the Federal Express lease is approximately $2.2 million. Federal Express, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for four additional five-year periods at 90% of the then-current market rental rate. In addition, Federal Express has an expansion option under its lease pursuant to which Wells OP would be required to construct an additional office building.

The EDS Des Moines Building

On September 27, 2002, Wells OP purchased the EDS Des Moines Building, a one-story office and distribution building containing 115,000 rentable square feet of office space and 290,000 rentable square feet of warehouse space located in Des Moines, Iowa for a purchase price of $26.5 million, excluding closing costs. The EDS Des Moines Building is leased entirely to EDS Information Services

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L.L.C. (EDS), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Electronic Data Systems Corporation (EDS Corp.). EDS Corp. is the guarantor of the EDS lease. The EDS lease commenced in May 2002 and expires in April 2012. The current annual base rent payable under the EDS lease is approximately $2.4 million. EDS, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for two additional five-year periods at the then-current market rental rate. In addition, EDS has an expansion option under its lease for up to an additional 100,000 rentable square feet.

The Intuit Dallas Building

On September 27, 2002, Wells OP purchased the Intuit Dallas Building, a two-story office building with a three-story wing containing 166,238 rentable square feet located in Plano, Texas for a purchase price of $26.5 million, excluding closing costs. The Intuit Dallas Building is leased entirely to Lacerte Software Corporation (Lacerte), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Intuit, Inc. (Intuit). Intuit is the guarantor of the Lacerte lease. The Lacerte lease commenced in July 2001 and expires in June 2011. The current annual base rent payable under the Lacerte lease is approximately $2.5 million. Lacerte, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for two additional five-year periods at rental rates of $17.92 per square foot and $19.71 per square foot, respectively. In addition, Lacerte has an expansion option through November 2004 pursuant to which Wells OP would be required to purchase an additional 19 acre tract of land and to construct up to an approximately 600,000 rentable square foot building thereon.

The Allstate Indianapolis Building

On September 27, 2002, Wells OP purchased the Allstate Indianapolis Building, a one-story office building containing 89,956 rentable square feet located in Indianapolis, Indiana for a purchase price of $10.9 million, excluding closing costs. The Allstate Indianapolis Building is leased to Allstate Insurance Company (Allstate) and Holladay Property Services Midwest, Inc. (Holladay).

The Allstate lease, which covers 84,200 rentable square feet (94%), commenced in March 2002 and expires in August 2012. The current annual base rent payable under the Allstate lease is approximately $1.2 million. Allstate at its option has the right to (1) terminate the initial term of the Allstate lease at the end of the fifth lease year (August 2007) upon payment of an approximately $0.4 million fee, or (2) reduce its area of occupancy to not less than 20,256 rentable square feet, by providing written notice on or before August 2006. Allstate, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for two additional five-year periods at the then-current market rental rate. In addition, Allstate has a right of first refusal for the leasing of additional space in the Allstate Indianapolis Building.

Holladay is a property management company that manages the Allstate Indianapolis Building from the site. The Holladay lease, which covers 5,756 rentable square feet (6%), commenced in October 2001 and expires in September 2006. The current annual base rent payable under the Holladay lease is approximately $.07 million.

The Daimler Chrysler Dallas Building

On September 30, 2002, Wells OP purchased the Daimler Chrysler Dallas Building, a two-story office building containing 130,290 rentable square feet located in Westlake, Texas for a purchase price of $25.1 million, excluding closing costs. The Daimler Chrysler Dallas Building is leased entirely to Daimler Chrysler Services North America LLC (Daimler Chrysler NA). The Daimler Chrysler NA lease commenced in January 2002 and expires in December 2011. The current annual base rent payable under the Daimler Chrysler NA lease is approximately $3.2 million. Daimler Chrysler NA, at its option, has the right to extend the initial term of its lease for three additional five-year periods at 98% of the then-current market rental rate. In addition, Daimler Chrysler NA has an expansion option for up to an

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additional 70,000 rentable square feet and a right of first offer if Wells OP desires to sell the Daimler Chrysler Dallas Building during the term of the lease.

4. NOTE RECEIVABLE

In connection with the purchase of the TRW Denver Building on May 29, 2002, Wells OP acquired a note receivable from the building s sole tenant, TRW, Inc., in the amount of $5.2 million. The loan was made to fund above-standard tenant improvement costs to the building. The note receivable is structured to be fully amortized over the remaining lease term, which expires September 2007, at 11% interest with TRW making monthly loan payments of $.1 million. At September 30, 2002, the principal balance of this note receivable was $5.0 million.

5. NOTES PAYABLE

At September 30, 2002, Wells OP had the following debt:

Lender	Collateral	Type of Debt	Maturity Date	Balance Outstanding (in millions)
SouthTrust	The Alstom Power Richmond Building	$7.9 million line of credit, interest at 30 day LIBOR plus 175 basis points	December 10, 2002	$ 7.7
SouthTrust	The PwC Building	$12.8 million line of credit, interest at 30 day LIBOR plus 175 basis points	December 10, 2002	2.1
SouthTrust	The Avnet Building and the Motorola Tempe Building	$19.0 million line of credit, interest at 30 day LIBOR plus 175 basis points	December 10, 2002	0
SouthTrust	The Cinemark Building, the Dial Building and the ASML Building	$32.4 million line of credit, interest at 30 day LIBOR plus 175 basis points	December 10, 2002	0
Bank of America	The Nissan Property	$34.2 million construction loan, interest at LIBOR plus 200 basis points	July 30, 2003	13.3
Bank of America	The Kerr McGee Property	$13.7 million construction loan, interest at LIBOR plus 200 basis points	January 29, 2004	1.0
Bank of America	The Videojet Technologies Chicago Building, the AT&T Pennsylvania Building, the Matsushita Building, the Metris Tulsa Building, the Motorola Plainfield Building and the Delphi Building	$85 million line of credit, interest at 30 day LIBOR plus 180 basis points	May 11, 2004	0

Prudential	The BMG Buildings	$8.8 million note payable, interest at 8%, principal and interest payable monthly	December 15, 2003	8.8
Prudential	The BMG Buildings	$2.9 million note payable, interest at 8.5%, interest payable monthly, principal payable upon maturity	December 15, 2003	2.9
Total				**$ 35.8**

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6. INTEREST RATE SWAPS

Wells OP has entered into interest rate swap agreements with Bank of America in order to hedge its interest rate exposure on the Bank of America construction loans for the Nissan Property (the Nissan Loan) and the Kerr McGee Property (the Kerr McGee Loan). The interest rate swap agreements involve the exchange of amounts based on a fixed interest rate for amounts based on a variable interest rate over the life of the loan agreement without an exchange of the notional amount upon which the payments are based. The notional amount of both interest rate swaps is the balance outstanding on the construction loan on the payment date.

The interest rate swap for the Nissan Loan became effective January 15, 2002 and terminates on June 15, 2003. Wells OP, as the fixed rate payer, has an interest rate of 3.9%. Bank of America, the variable rate payer, pays at a rate equal to U.S. dollar LIBOR on the payment date. The result is an effective interest rate of 5.9% on the Nissan Loan.

The interest rate swap for the Kerr McGee Loan became effective September 15, 2002 and terminates on July 15, 2003. Wells OP as fixed rate payer has an interest rate of 2.27%. Bank of America, the variable rate payer, pays at a rate equal to U.S. dollar LIBOR on the payment date. The result is an effective interest rate of 4.27% on the Kerr McGee Loan.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2002, Wells OP made interest payments totaling approximately $45,221 under the terms of the interest rate swap agreements. At September 30, 2002, the estimated fair value of the interest rate swap for the Nissan Loan and the Kerr McGee Loan was $(384,855) and $(30,180), respectively. The interest rate swaps are accounted for by mark-to-market accounting on a monthly basis and are included in prepaid and other assets on the accompanying consolidated balance sheet.

On January 1, 2001, the Company adopted SFAS No. 133, as amended by SFAS No. 137 and No. 138 Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities. The effect of adopting the SFAS No. 133 did not have a material effect on the Company s consolidated financial statements.

7. INVESTMENT IN BONDS AND OBLIGATIONS UNDER CAPITAL LEASES

In connection with the purchase of a ground leasehold interest in the Ingram Micro Distribution Facility pursuant to a Bond Real Property Lease dated December 20, 1995 (the Bond Lease), Wells OP acquired an Industrial Development Revenue Note (the Bond) dated December 20, 1995 in the principal amount of $22 million. As part of the same transaction, Wells OP also acquired a Fee Construction Mortgage Deed of Trust Assignment of Rents and Leases (the Bond Deed of Trust), also dated December 20, 1995, which was executed by the Industrial Development Board in order to secure the Bond. Beginning in 2006, the holder of the Bond Lease has the option to purchase the land underlying the Ingram Micro Distribution Facility for $100 plus satisfaction of the indebtedness evidenced by the Bond. Because Wells OP is technically subject to the obligation to pay the $22 million indebtedness evidenced by the Bond, the obligation to pay the Bond is carried on the Company s books as a liability. However, since Wells OP is also the owner of the Bond, the Bond is also carried on the Company s books as an asset.

As part of the transaction to acquire a ground leasehold interest in the ISS Atlanta Buildings, Wells OP was assigned Development Authority of Fulton County Taxable Revenue Bonds totaling $32.5 million, which were originally issued in connection with the development of the ISS Atlanta Buildings (the Bonds). The Bonds entitle Wells OP to certain property tax abatement benefits. Upon payment of the outstanding balance on the Bonds, on or before the expiration of the ground lease on December 1, 2015, fee title interest to the underlying land will be transferred to

Wells OP. Because Wells OP is technically subject to the obligation to pay the $32.5 million indebtedness evidenced by the Bond, the

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obligation to pay the Bonds is carried on the Company s books as a liability. However, since Wells OP is also the owner of the Bonds, the Bonds are also carried on the Company s books as an asset.

8. DUE TO AFFILIATES

Due to affiliates consists of amounts due to the Advisor for acquisitions and advisory fees and acquisition expenses, deferred offering costs, and other operating expenses paid on behalf of the Company. Also included in due to affiliates is the amount due to the Fund VIII-IX Joint Venture related to the Matsushita lease guarantee, which is explained in greater detail in the financial statements and footnotes included in the Company s Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001. Payments of $.6 million have been made as of September 30, 2002 toward funding the obligation under the Matsushita agreement.

9. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Take Out Purchase and Escrow Agreement

An affiliate of the Advisor (Wells Exchange) has developed a program (the Wells Section 1031 Program) involving the acquisition by Wells Exchange of income-producing commercial properties and the formation of a series of single member limited liability companies for the purpose of facilitating the resale of co-tenancy interests in such real estate properties to be owned in co-tenancy arrangements with persons (1031 Participants) who are looking to invest the proceeds from a sale of real estate held for investment in another real estate investment for purposes of qualifying for like-kind exchange treatment under Section 1031 of the Code. Each of these properties will be financed by a combination of permanent first mortgage financing and interim loan financing obtained from institutional lenders.

Following the acquisition of each property, Wells Exchange will attempt to sell co-tenancy interests to 1031 Participants, the proceeds of which will be used to pay off the interim financing. In consideration for the payment of a take out fee to the Company, and following approval of the potential property acquisition by the Company s Board of Directors, it is anticipated that Wells OP will enter into a contractual relationship providing that, in the event that Wells Exchange is unable to sell all of the co-tenancy interests in that particular property to 1031 Participants, Wells OP will purchase, at Wells Exchange s cost, any co-tenancy interests remaining unsold at the end of the offering period. As a part of the initial transaction in the Wells Section 1031 Program, Wells OP entered into a take out purchase and escrow agreement dated April 16, 2001 providing, among other things, that Wells OP would be obligated to acquire, at Wells Exchange s cost, any unsold co-tenancy interests in the building known as the Ford Motor Credit Complex which remained unsold at the expiration of the offering of Wells Exchange, which was extended to April 15, 2002. Wells OP was compensated for its takeout commitment in the amount of $.1 million in each of 2001 and 2002 by payment of a take out fee to Wells OP in an amount equal to 1.25% of its maximum financial obligation under the Ford Motor Credit take out purchase and escrow agreement. On April 12, 2002, Wells Exchange paid off the interim financing on the Ford Motor Credit Complex. This pay off of the loan triggered the release of Wells OP from its prior obligations under the take out purchase and escrow agreement relating to such property.

Letters of Credit

At September 30, 2002, Wells OP had three letters of credit totaling $19.2 million outstanding from financial institutions, which were not recorded in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet. These letters of credit were required by three of the Company s tenants to ensure completion of the Company s contractual obligations. The Company s management does not anticipate a need to draw on these letters of credit.

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Properties under Contract

At September 30, 2002, the Company had three executed contracts for the acquisition of properties totaling $82.0 million. Escrows of $1.3 million have been paid out for these properties and are included in prepaid and other assets on the accompanying consolidated balance sheet.

10. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Issuance of Common Stock

From October 1, 2002 through October 25, 2002, the Company has raised approximately $91.5 million through the issuance of 9.1 million shares of common stock in the Company.

Termination Agreement

Effective October 31, 2002, Arthur Andersen LLP (Andersen) and Wells OP entered into a termination agreement with respect to the lease for the three-story office building containing 157,700 rentable square feet located in Sarasota, Florida known as the Arthur Andersen Building. In consideration for releasing Andersen from its obligation to pay rent under the lease, Andersen paid Wells OP a termination fee of $979,760 and conveyed to Wells OP an approximately 1.3 acre tract of land adjacent to the property which was used for parking.

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Report of Independent Auditors

Shareholders and Board of Directors

Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statement of revenues over certain operating expenses of the Nestle Building for the year ended December 31, 2001. This statement is the responsibility of the Nestle Building s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the statement of revenues over certain operating expenses is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the statement of revenues over certain operating expenses. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the statement of revenues over certain operating expenses. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying statement of revenues over certain operating expenses was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission, as described in Note 2, and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Nestle Building s revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the statement of revenues over certain operating expenses referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the revenues and certain operating expenses described in Note 2 of the Nestle Building for the year ended December 31, 2001 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

Ernst & Young LLP

Atlanta, Georgia

January 21, 2003

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Nestle Building

Statements of Revenues Over Certain Operating Expenses

For the year ended December 31, 2001 and the nine months ended September 30, 2002

	2002	2001
	(Unaudited)	
Revenues:		
Base rent	$ 10,995,810	$ 14,660,259
Parking	617,318	848,917
Tenant reimbursements	698,210	853,872
Total revenues	12,311,338	16,363,048
Operating expenses	3,914,726	4,968,193
Revenues over certain operating expenses	$ 8,396,612	$ 11,394,855

See accompanying notes.

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Nestle Building

Notes to Statements of Revenues Over Certain Operating Expenses

For the year ended December 31, 2001 and the nine months ended September 30, 2002

1. ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Description of Real Estate Property Acquired

On December 20, 2002, Wells REIT-Glendale, CA, LLC (the Company) acquired the Nestle Building from Douglas Emmett Joint Venture (Douglas Emmett). The Company, a Georgia limited liability company, was created on December 20, 2002. Wells Operating Partnership, L.P. (Wells OP) is the sole member of the Company. Wells OP is a Delaware limited partnership formed to acquire, own, lease, operate, and manage real properties on behalf of Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc., a Maryland corporation. As the sole general partner of Wells OP, Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. possesses full legal control and authority over the operations of Wells OP.

The twenty-story building contains 505,115 square feet of net rentable area and is 100% leased to several tenants, including Nestle USA, Inc. (Nestle). Nestle occupies a total of 502,994 square feet, or 99.6%, under a lease (Nestle Lease) that commenced in August 1990 and expires in August 2010. The remaining square footage is leased to several retail tenants under lease agreements that expire over the next seven years. Douglas Emmett s interests in the Nestle Lease and other retail lease agreements were assigned to the Company upon acquisition of the Nestle Building. Under the Nestle Lease, the tenant is required to pay, as additional rent, its pro rata share of operating expenses over the base year operating allowance established in the first lease year. Operating expenses shall consist of all direct costs of operation and maintenance of the building including, but not limited to, real estate taxes, water and sewer charges, utilities, janitorial services, security and labor. Additionally, the Nestle Lease entitles Nestle to a specified number of parking spaces, and Nestle is required to pay monthly rental payments for the spaces which the Company records as parking revenues. The Company will be responsible for maintaining and repairing the Nestle Building s roof, foundation, common areas, electrical and mechanical systems.

Rental Revenues

Rental income is recognized on a straight-line basis over the terms of the leases.

2. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying statements of revenues over certain operating expenses are presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States and in accordance with the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission for real estate properties acquired. Accordingly, these statements exclude certain historical expenses that are not comparable to the proposed future operations of the property such as depreciation and interest. Therefore, these statements are not comparable to the statement of operations of the Nestle Building after its acquisition by the Company.

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Notes to Statements of Revenues Over Certain Operating Expenses

(Continued)

3. FUTURE MINIMUM RENTAL COMMITMENTS

Future minimum rental commitments for the years ended December 31 are as follows:

2002	$ 14,939,680
2003	14,950,502
2004	14,963,154
2005	15,508,547
2006	16,591,633
Thereafter	60,926,465
	$ 137,879,981

4. INTERIM UNAUDITED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The statement of revenues over certain operating expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2002 is unaudited, however, in the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting solely of normal, recurring adjustments) necessary for the fair presentation of the statement for the interim period have been included. The results of the interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results to be obtained for a full fiscal year.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

SUMMARY OF UNAUDITED PRO FORMA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This pro forma information should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes of Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc., a Maryland Corporation (the Wells REIT), included in its annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001 and quarterly report on Form 10-Q/A for the period ended September 30, 2002. In addition, this pro forma information should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes of certain acquired properties included in various Form 8-Ks previously filed.

The following unaudited pro forma balance sheet as of September 30, 2002 has been prepared to give effect to the fourth quarter 2002 acquisitions of the NASA Buildings by Wells REIT-Independence Square, LLC, of which Wells REIT is the sole member, the Caterpillar Nashville Building, the Capital One Richmond Buildings (the Other Recent Acquisitions) by Wells Operating Partnership, L.P. (Wells OP), the Nestle Building by Wells REIT Glendale, CA, LLC, of which Wells OP is the sole member, and the John Wiley Indianapolis Building by Wells XIII-REIT Joint Venture (Wells XIII-REIT), a joint venture partnership between Wells Real Estate Fund XIII, L.P. and Wells OP, and the first quarter 2003 acquisition of the East Point Buildings (collectively, the Recent Acquisitions) by Wells OP as if the acquisitions occurred on September 30, 2002.

Wells OP is a Delaware limited partnership that was organized to own and operate properties on behalf of Wells REIT. As the sole general partner of Wells OP, Wells REIT possesses full legal control and authority over the operations of Wells OP. Accordingly, the accounts of Wells OP are consolidated with the accompanying pro forma financial statements of Wells REIT.

The following unaudited pro forma statement of income for the nine months ended September 30, 2002 has been prepared to give effect to the first, second and third quarter 2002 acquisitions of the Vertex Sarasota Building (formerly, the Arthur Andersen Building), the Transocean Houston Building, the Novartis Atlanta Building, the Dana Corporation Buildings, the Travelers Express Denver Buildings, the Agilent Atlanta Building, the BellSouth Ft. Lauderdale Building, the Experian/TRW Buildings, the Agilent Boston Building, the TRW Denver Building, the MFS Phoenix Building, the ISS Atlanta Buildings, the PacifiCare San Antonio Building, the BMG Greenville Buildings, the Kraft Atlanta Building, the Nokia Dallas Buildings, the Harcourt Austin Building, the IRS Long Island Buildings, the KeyBank Parsippany Building, the Allstate Indianapolis Building, the Federal Express Colorado Springs Building, the EDS Des Moines Building, the Intuit Dallas Building, the Daimler Chrysler Dallas Building (collectively, the 2002 Acquisitions) and the Recent Acquisitions as if the acquisitions occurred on January 1, 2001. The Kerr McGee Property and the AmeriCredit Phoenix Property had no operations during the nine months ended September 30, 2002.

The following unaudited pro forma statement of income for the year ended December 31, 2001 has been prepared to give effect to the 2001 acquisitions of the Comdata Building, the AmeriCredit Building, the State Street Bank Building, the IKON Buildings, the Ingram Micro Building, the Lucent Building, the ADIC Buildings, the Convergys Building, the Windy Point Buildings (collectively, the 2001 Acquisitions), the 2002 Acquisitions and the Recent Acquisitions as if the acquisitions occurred on January 1, 2001. The Nissan Property, the Travelers Express Denver Buildings, the Kerr McGee Property, the AmeriCredit Phoenix Property and the EDS Des Moines Building had no operations during 2001.

These unaudited pro forma financial statements are prepared for informational purposes only and are not necessarily indicative of future results or of actual results that would have been achieved had the acquisitions of the 2001 Acquisitions, 2002 Acquisitions and the Recent Acquisitions been consummated as of January 1, 2001. In addition, the pro forma balance sheet includes allocations of the purchase price for certain acquisitions based upon preliminary estimates of the fair value of the assets and liabilities acquired. Therefore, these allocations may be adjusted in the future upon finalization of these preliminary estimates.

WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

PRO FORMA BALANCE SHEET

SEPTEMBER 30, 2002

(Unaudited)

ASSETS

	Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. (i)	Pro Forma Adjustments: Recent Acquisitions				Pro Forma Total
			John Wiley Indianapolis	Nestle	East Point	
REAL ESTATE ASSETS, at cost:						
Land	$ 164,190,412	$ 87,755,000 (c) 1,888,098(d) 594,702(e)	$ 0	$ 23,200,000(c) 404,941(e)	$ 2,163,000(c) 88,553(e)	$ 280,284,706
Buildings, less accumulated depreciation of $47,999,655	1,171,793,037	351,806,121 (c) 8,415,460(e)	0	134,446,731(c) 2,346,678(e)	19,916,138(c) 815,367(e)	1,689,539,532
Construction in progress	28,500,195	0	0	0	0	28,500,195
Total real estate assets	1,364,483,644	450,459,381	0	160,398,350	22,983,058	1,998,324,433
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	143,911,852	(266,478,531)(c) 379,115,394(a) (13,269,039)(b)	(8,928,915)(f)	(67,646,731)(c)	(22,079,138)(c)	144,624,892
INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURES	75,388,348	0	9,294,465(g)	0	0	84,682,813
INVESTMENT IN BONDS	54,500,000	0	0	0	0	54,500,000
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	12,018,601	0	0	0	0	12,018,601
DEFERRED LEASE ACQUISITION COSTS, NET	1,712,541	0	0	0	0	1,712,541
DEFERRED PROJECT COSTS	5,963,370	(1,895,611)(d) (9,002,649)(e) 13,269,039(b)	(365,550)(h)	(2,751,619)(e)	(903,920)(e)	4,313,060

DEFERRED OFFERING COSTS	3,537,361	0	0	0	0	3,537,361
DUE FROM AFFILIATES	2,185,436	0	0	0	0	2,185,436
NOTE RECEIVABLE	4,965,838	0	0	0	0	4,965,838
PREPAID EXPENSES AND OTHER ASSETS, NET	2,597,110	37,764(c)	0	0	0	2,634,874
Total assets	$ 1,671,264,101	$ 552,235,748	$ 0	$ 90,000,000	$ 0	$ 2,313,499,849

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LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY

	Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. (i)	Pro Forma Adjustments				Pro Forma Total
		Recent Acquisitions				
		Other	John Wiley Indianapolis	Nestle	East Point	
LIABILITIES:						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	$ 17,538,820	$ 881,644(c)	$ 0	$ 0	$ 0	$ 18,420,464
Notes payable	35,829,293	172,238,710(c)	0	90,000,000(c)	0	298,068,003
Obligations under capital lease	54,500,000	0	0	0	0	54,500,000
Dividends payable	10,209,306	0	0	0	0	10,209,306
Due to affiliates	4,379,745	0	0	0	0	4,379,745
Deferred rental income	7,893,930	0	0	0	0	7,893,930
Total liabilities	130,351,094	173,120,354	0	90,000,000	0	393,471,448
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES						
MINORITY INTEREST OF UNIT HOLDER IN OPERATING PARTNERSHIP	200,000	0	0	0	0	200,000
SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY:						
Common shares, $.01 par value; 750,000,000 shares authorized, 182,608,517 shares issued and 180,891,792 outstanding at September 30, 2002	1,826,086	379,115(a)	0	0	0	2,205,201
Additional paid-in capital	1,621,376,451	378,736,279(a)	0	0	0	2,000,112,730
Cumulative distributions in excess of earnings	(64,907,241)	0	0	0	0	(64,907,241)
Treasury stock, at cost, 1,716,725 shares	(17,167,254)	0	0	0	0	(17,167,254)
Other comprehensive loss	(415,035)	0	0	0	0	(415,035)
Total shareholders equity	1,540,713,007	379,115,394	0	0	0	1,919,828,401
Total liabilities and shareholders equity	$ 1,671,264,101	$ 552,235,748	$ 0	$ 90,000,000	$ 0	$ 2,313,499,849

(a) Reflects capital raised through issuance of additional shares subsequent to September 30, 2002 through East Point acquisition date.

(b) Reflects deferred project costs capitalized as a result of additional capital raised described in note (a) above.

(c) Reflects Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. s purchase price for the land, building and liabilities assumed.

(d) Reflects deferred project costs applied to the land and building at approximately 4.07% of the cash paid for purchase.

(e) Reflects deferred project costs applied to the land and building at approximately 4.094% of the cash paid for purchase.

(f) Reflects Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. s proportionate share of the cost to acquire the John Wiley Indianapolis Building.

(g) Reflects Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. s contribution to the Wells XIII-REIT Joint Venture, which decreased its interest in the joint venture from 68.29% to 61.28%.

(h) Reflects deferred project costs contributed to the Wells Fund XIII-REIT Joint Venture at approximately 4.094% of purchase price.

(i) Historical financial information derived from quarterly report on Form 10-Q.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

PRO FORMA STATEMENT OF INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2001

(Unaudited)

		Pro Forma Adjustments						
				Recent Acquisitions				
	Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. (h)	2001 Acquisitions	2002 Acquisitions	Other	John Wiley Indianapolis	Nestle	East Point	Pro Forma Total
REVENUES:								
Rental income	$ 44,204,279	$ 11,349,076(a)	$ 54,615,521(a)	$ 45,317,526(a)	$ 0	$ 16,657,346(a)	$ 1,059,426(a)	$ 173,203,174
Equity in income of joint ventures	3,720,959	1,111,850(b)	0	0	638,552(b)	0	0	5,471,361
Interest income	1,246,064	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,246,064
Take out fee	137,500	0	0	0	0	0	0	137,500
	49,308,802	12,460,926	54,615,521	45,317,526	638,552	16,657,346	1,059,426	180,058,099
EXPENSES:								
Depreciation	15,344,801	5,772,761(c)	22,487,278(c)	14,408,864(c)	0	5,471,736(c)	829,260(c)	64,314,700
Interest	3,411,210	0	0	9,452,460(f)	0	4,399,200(g)	0	17,262,870
Operating costs, net of reimbursements	4,128,883	2,854,275(d)	3,668,343(d)	9,628,878(d)	0	4,114,321(d)	926,011(d)	25,320,711
Management and leasing fees	2,507,188	510,708(e)	2,250,455(e)	482,139(e)	0	711,379(e)	47,674(e)	6,509,543
General and administrative	973,785	0	0	0	0	0	0	973,785
Amortization of deferred financing costs	770,192	0	0	0	0	0	0	770,192
Legal and accounting	448,776	0	0	0	0	0	0	448,776
	27,584,835	9,137,744	28,406,076	33,972,341	0	14,696,636	1,802,945	115,600,577
NET INCOME	$ 21,723,967	$ 3,323,182	$ 26,209,445	$ 11,345,185	$ 638,552	$ 1,960,710	$ (743,519)	$ 64,457,522
EARNINGS PER SHARE, basic and diluted	$ 0.43							$ 0.21
WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES, basic and diluted	50,520,853							303,171,546

(a) Rental income is recognized on a straight-line basis.

(b) Reflects Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. s equity in income of Wells XII-REIT Joint Venture related to the acquisition of the Comdata Building and equity in income of Wells XIII-REIT Joint Venture related to the acquisition of the AmeriCredit Building, the ADIC Buildings and the John Wiley Indianapolis Building.

(c) Depreciation expense on the buildings is recognized using the straight-line method and a 25-year life.

(d) Consists of operating expenses, net of reimbursements.

(e) Management and leasing fees are calculated at 4.5% of rental income.

(f) Represents interest expense on lines of credit used to acquire assets, which bear interest at approximately 5.488% for the year ended December 31, 2001.

(g) Represents interest expense on mortgage assumed as part of the Nestle Building acquisition, which bears interest at approximately 4.888% for the year ended December 31, 2001.

(h) Historical financial information derived from annual report on Form 10-K.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

PRO FORMA STATEMENT OF INCOME

FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2002

(Unaudited)

		Pro Forma Adjustments					
			Recent Acquisitions				
	Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. (i)	2002 Acquisitions	Other	John Wiley Indianapolis	Nestle	East Point	Pro Forma Total
REVENUES:							
Rental income	$ 66,120,992	$ 42,103,180(a)	$ 33,939,001(a)	$ 0	$ 12,473,951(a)	$ 1,112,123(a)	$ 155,749,247
Operating cost reimbursements	12,853,717	5,976,734(h)	3,062,835(h)	0	698,210(h)	47,499(h)	22,638,995
Equity in income of joint ventures	3,738,046	0	0	487,970(f)	0	0	4,226,016
Interest income	5,075,165	0	0	0	0	0	5,075,165
Take out fee	134,666	0	0	0	0	0	134,666
	87,922,586	48,079,914	37,001,836	487,970	13,172,161	1,159,622	187,824,089
EXPENSES:							
Depreciation	23,185,201	15,039,449(b)	10,806,647(b)	0	4,103,802(b)	621,945(b)	53,757,044
Operating costs	17,108,599	10,179,532	10,532,575(c)	0	3,914,726(c)	742,490(c)	42,477,922
Interest	2,006,458	0	5,310,551(e)	0	2,369,925(g)	0	9,686,934
Management and leasing fees	3,348,210	1,697,775(d)	361,605(d)	0	533,548(d)	50,046(d)	5,991,184
General and administrative	1,866,042	0	0	0	0	0	1,866,042
Amortization of deferred financing costs	586,715	0	0	0	0	0	586,715
	48,101,225	26,916,756	27,011,378	0	10,922,001	1,414,481	114,365,841
NET INCOME	$ 39,821,361	$ 21,163,158	$ 9,990,458	$ 487,970	$ 2,250,160	$ (254,859)	$ 73,458,248
EARNINGS PER SHARE, basic and diluted	$ 0.31						$ 0.24
WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES, basic and diluted	128,541,432						303,171,546

(a) Rental income is recognized on a straight-line basis.

(b) Depreciation expense on the buildings is recognized using the straight-line method and a 25-year life.

(c) Consists of operating expenses.

(d) Management and leasing fees are calculated at 4.5% of rental income.

(e) Represents interest expense on lines of credits used to acquire assets, which bear interest at approximately 4.111% for the nine months ended September 30, 2002.

(f) Reflects Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. s equity in income of the Wells Fund XIII-REIT Joint Venture related to the John Wiley Indianapolis Building. The pro forma adjustment results from rental revenues less operating expenses, management fees and depreciation.

(g) Represents interest expense on mortgage assumed as part of the Nestle Building acquisition, which bears interest at approximately 3.511% for the nine months ended September 30, 2002.

(h) Consists of operating costs reimbursements.

(i) Historical financial information derived from quarterly report on Form 10-Q/A.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

SUPPLEMENT NO. 6 DATED APRIL 14, 2003 TO THE PROSPECTUS

DATED JULY 26, 2002

This document supplements, and should be read in conjunction with, the prospectus of Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. dated July 26, 2002, as supplemented and amended by Supplement No. 1 dated August 14, 2002, Supplement No. 2 dated August 29, 2002, Supplement No. 3 dated October 25, 2002, Supplement No. 4 dated December 10, 2002, and Supplement No. 5 dated January 15, 2003. When we refer to the prospectus in this supplement, we are also referring to any and all supplements to the prospectus. Unless otherwise defined in this supplement, capitalized terms used in this supplement shall have the same meanings as set forth in the prospectus.

The purpose of this supplement is to describe the following:

(1) Status of the offering of shares in Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. (Wells REIT);

(2) The declaration of dividends for the second quarter of 2003;

(3) Revisions to the ERISA Considerations Annual Valuation section of the prospectus;

(4) Revisions to the Description of Real Estate Investments section of the prospectus to describe the acquisition of a 25-story office building in Detroit, Michigan (150 West Jefferson Detroit Building);

(5) Revisions to the Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations section of the prospectus;

(6) Updated audited financial statements of the Wells REIT;

(7) Updated unaudited prior performance tables; and

(8) Unaudited pro forma financial statements of the Wells REIT reflecting the acquisition of the 150 West Jefferson Detroit Building.

Status of the Offering

We commenced our initial public offering of common stock on January 30, 1998. Our initial public offering was terminated on December 19, 1999. We received approximately $132,181,919 in gross offering proceeds from the sale of 13,218,192 shares in our initial public offering. We commenced our second offering of common stock on December 20, 1999. Our second public offering was terminated on December 19, 2000. We received approximately $175,229,193 in gross offering proceeds from the sale of 17,522,919 shares in our second public offering. We commenced our third public offering of common stock on December 20, 2000. Our third public offering was terminated on July 26, 2002. We received approximately $1,282,976,865 in gross offering proceeds from the sale of 128,297,687 shares in our third public offering.

Pursuant to the prospectus, we commenced our fourth public offering of common stock on July 26, 2002. As of March 31, 2003, we had received additional gross proceeds of approximately $1.0 billion from the sale of approximately 101.4 million shares in our fourth public offering. Accordingly, as of March 31, 2003, we had received aggregate gross offering proceeds of approximately $2.6 billion from the sale of approximately 260.5 million shares in all of our public offerings. After payment of approximately $90.0 million in acquisition and advisory fees and acquisition expenses, payment of $291.4 million in selling commissions and organization and offering expenses, and common stock redemptions of approximately $33.9 million pursuant to our share redemption program, as of March 31, 2003, we had raised aggregate net offering proceeds available for investment in properties of

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approximately $2.2 billion, out of which approximately $2.1 billion had been invested in real estate properties, and approximately $108.6 million remained available for investment in real estate properties.

Dividends

On March 12, 2003, our board of directors declared dividends for the second quarter of 2003 in the amount of a 7.0% annualized percentage rate return on an investment of $10.00 per share to be paid in June 2003. Our second quarter dividends are calculated on a daily record basis of $0.001922 (0.1922 cents) per day per share on the outstanding shares of common stock payable to stockholders of record of such shares as shown on the books of the Wells REIT at the close of business on each day during the period, commencing on March 16, 2003, and continuing on each day thereafter through and including June 15, 2003.

ERISA Considerations Annual Valuation

The information contained on page 136 in the ERISA Considerations Annual Valuation section of the prospectus is revised as of the date of this supplement by the deletion of that section in its entirety and the insertion of the following paragraphs in lieu thereof:

Annual Valuation

A fiduciary of an employee benefit plan subject to ERISA is required to determine annually the fair market value of each asset of the plan as of the end of the plan s fiscal year and to file a report reflecting that value with the Department of Labor. When the fair market value of any particular asset is not available, the fiduciary is required to make a good faith determination of that asset s fair market value assuming an orderly liquidation at the time the determination is made. In addition, a trustee or custodian of an IRA must provide an IRA participant with a statement of the value of the IRA each year. In discharging its obligation to value assets of a plan, a fiduciary subject to ERISA must act consistently with the relevant provisions of the plan and the general fiduciary standards of ERISA.

Unless and until our shares are listed on a national securities exchange or are included for quotation on NASDAQ, it is not expected that a public market for the shares will develop. To date, neither the Internal Revenue Service nor the Department of Labor has promulgated regulations specifying how a plan fiduciary should determine the fair market value of common stock in a corporation in circumstances where the fair market value of the shares is not determined in the marketplace.

We have included in the past and intend to continue to include in the future estimated share values in our annual reports on Form 10-K each year. Currently, we have estimated the value of the shares to be $10 per share, which represents the price per share at which we are currently offering our shares to the public. However, please note that there is no public trading market for the shares at this time, and it is unlikely that you would be able to receive $10 per share if such a market did exist and you sold your shares. In addition, we have not performed an evaluation of our properties and, therefore, this valuation is not based upon the value of our properties, nor does it represent the amount you would receive if our properties were sold and the proceeds distributed to you in a liquidation of the Wells REIT. Such amount would most likely be less than $10 per share as a result of the fact that, at the time we purchase our properties, the amount of funds available for investment in properties is reduced by the approximately 15% to 16% of offering proceeds we raise which is used to pay selling commissions and dealer manager fees, organization and offering expenses and acquisition and advisory fees and expenses.

We previously indicated that we would implement a process by the end of year 2003 to produce estimated valuations of our shares based upon estimating the fair market values of our properties at the end of each year. When we initially determined to implement such a process by the end of 2003, we did not expect we would be continuing to raise substantial new funds through the public offering of our

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shares in 2003. As noted herein, after the costs associated with raising funds and acquiring properties are taken into account, only approximately 84% to 85% of offering proceeds are available for investment in properties. As a result, so long as we are still in the process of raising significant new funds and acquiring new properties with those funds, it would be expected that, in the absence of other factors affecting property values, our aggregate net asset value would be significantly less than the proceeds of our offerings and may not be the best indicator of the value of shares purchased as a long term income producing investment. Instead, we believe that, during periods in which significant amounts of shares are still being offered and sold to investors, the price paid by such investors may better reflect the estimated value of the shares. Accordingly, as long as we continue to publicly offer our shares, we expect to continue to use the current offering price of our shares as estimated per share value reported in our annual reports on Form 10-K.

Beginning three full fiscal years after we have ceased to sell significant amounts of shares, we will reevaluate the best method to value our shares. Currently, we intend, at that time, to have our advisor begin preparing estimated valuations utilizing the methodology described below and intend to continue to provide reports to plan fiduciaries and IRA trustees and custodians who identify themselves to us and request this information using these valuations. The methodology to be utilized for determining such estimated share values will be for our advisor to estimate the amount a stockholder would receive if our properties were sold at their estimated fair market values at the end of the fiscal year and the proceeds from such sales (without reductions for selling expenses and other costs) were distributed to the stockholders in liquidation. While, in connection with the advisor s estimated valuations, the advisor will be obtaining a third party opinion that its estimates of value are reasonable, due to the expense involved in obtaining annual appraisals for all of our properties, we do not anticipate that actual appraisals will be obtained. These estimated values for our shares will also be reported in our annual reports on Form 10-K.

You should be cautioned that such valuations will be estimates only and will be based upon a number of assumptions that may not be accurate or complete. As set forth above, we do not anticipate obtaining appraisals for our properties and, accordingly, the advisor s estimates should not be viewed as an accurate reflection of the fair market value of our properties, nor will they represent the amount of net proceeds that would result from an immediate sale of our properties. In addition, property values are subject to change and can always decline in the future. For these reasons, our estimated valuations should not be utilized for any purpose other than to assist plan fiduciaries in fulfilling their valuation and annual reporting responsibilities. Further, we cannot assure you:

- that the estimated values our advisor prepares could or will actually be realized by us or by our stockholders upon liquidation (in part because estimated values do not necessarily indicate the price at which assets could be sold and because no attempt will be made to estimate the expenses of selling any of our assets);

- that you would be able to realize estimated net asset values if you were to attempt to sell your shares; or

- that the estimated values, or the method used to establish such values, would comply with the ERISA or IRA requirements described above.

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Description of Properties

As of March 31, 2003, we had purchased interests in 74 real estate properties located in 23 states. Below is a description of our recent real property acquisition.

150 West Jefferson Detroit Building

On March 31, 2003, Wells Operating Partnership, L.P. (Wells OP), a Delaware limited partnership formed to acquire, own, lease and operate real properties on behalf of the Wells REIT, purchased a 25-story office building containing approximately 505,417 rentable square feet located at 150 West Jefferson Avenue, downtown Detroit, Michigan (150 West Jefferson Detroit Building) for a purchase price of $93,750,000, from 150 West Jefferson Partners LLC (Seller). Seller is not in any way affiliated with the Wells REIT, Wells OP or Wells Capital, Inc., our advisor.

The 150 West Jefferson Detroit Building was built in 1989 and is located on a 1.527-acre tract of land at 150 West Jefferson Avenue in downtown Detroit, Michigan. The 150 West Jefferson Detroit Building is leased to 17 different tenants. Miller, Canfield, Paddock & Stone (Miller Canfield), Butzel Long PC (Butzel Long) and MCN Energy Group, Inc., formerly known as MCN Corporation (MCN) lease, in the aggregate, approximately 311,285 rentable square feet (61.6%) of the 150 West Jefferson Detroit Building. The other 14 tenants lease approximately 190,863 rentable square feet (37.8%) of the 150 West Jefferson Detroit Building for an aggregate annual base rent payable of approximately $3,900,000. Approximately 3,269 rentable square feet (0.6%) of the 150 West Jefferson Detroit Building is vacant.

Approximately 129,902 rentable square feet of the 150 West Jefferson Detroit Building (25.7%) is leased to Miller Canfield, a law firm with eight offices in the state of Michigan, as well as offices in New York, Florida, Washington, D.C., Canada, and Poland. Miller Canfield, which engages in a variety of practice areas such as litigation, employment, real estate, business and bankruptcy, has approximately 350 attorneys.

The Miller Canfield lease commenced in June 1989 and expires in June 2009, except for the lease of the 14th and 20th floors, which expires in June 2004. The current annual base rent payable under the Miller Canfield lease is $2,335,994. In addition, Miller Canfield leases storage space in the 150 West Jefferson Detroit Building at an annual rate of $38,619. Miller Canfield has the right, at its option, to extend the initial term of its lease for three additional five-year periods at rental rates specified in the Miller Canfield lease, except that Miller Canfield has the right to extend the lease of the 14th and 20th floors for four additional five-year periods. Miller Canfield also has a right of first refusal to lease any additional available space in the 150 West Jefferson Detroit Building. Under the Miller Canfield lease, Miller Canfield is generally responsible for its pro rata share of operating and maintenance costs, including real estate taxes. Wells OP, as the landlord, is also responsible for maintaining and repairing the structural portions and mechanical systems of the 150 West Jefferson Detroit Building.

Approximately 101,147 rentable square feet of the 150 West Jefferson Detroit Building (20.0%) is leased to Butzel Long, a Michigan-based law firm with five offices in Michigan and two offices in Florida. Butzel Long has approximately 200 attorneys and provides services in a wide variety of legal practice areas. Butzel Long serves clients from numerous business sectors, including automotive, manufacturing, banking and financial services, retail and wholesale distribution, insurance, professional services, health care, advertising, media, publishing, technology and computers, marine, transportation, construction, utilities and real estate.

The Butzel Long lease commenced in February 1990 and expires in July 2013. The current annual base rent payable under the Butzel Long lease is $1,770,073. In addition, Butzel Long leases storage space in the 150 West Jefferson Detroit Building at an annual rate of $71,857. Butzel

Long has the right, at its option, to extend the initial term of its lease for two additional five-year periods at 95%

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of the then-current market rental rate. Butzel Long also has a right of first refusal to lease any additional available space accessible by the low rise bank of elevators in the 150 West Jefferson Detroit Building. Under the Butzel Long lease, Butzel Long is responsible for its pro rata share of operating and maintenance costs. Wells OP, as the landlord, is also responsible for maintaining and repairing the structural portions and mechanical systems of the 150 West Jefferson Detroit Building.

Approximately 80,236 rentable square feet of the 150 West Jefferson-Detroit Building (15.9%) is leased to MCN, a wholly-owned subsidiary of DTE Energy Company (DTE), as a result of the acquisition by DTE of all of MCN s stock in May 2001. DTE is a Michigan corporation with corporate headquarters in Detroit, Michigan, and is a leader in the gas and energy service industry. DTE provides approximately 2.1 million customers with electric service and approximately 1.2 million customers with gas service in Michigan. DTE s three main operating units include energy resources, energy distribution, and gas. MCN, through its primary subsidiary, Michigan Consolidated Gas Company, specializes in the natural gas distribution industry.

The MCN lease commenced in February 1994 and expires in January 2006. The current annual base rent payable under the MCN lease is $1,816,027. MCN has the right, at its option, to extend the initial term of its lease for two additional five-year periods at rental rates specified in the MCN lease. Under the MCN lease, MCN is required to pay for its share of real estate taxes and operating expenses relating to its lease of space on the 10^{th} floor of the 150 West Jefferson Detroit Building. Wells OP, as the landlord, is also responsible for maintaining and repairing the structural portions and mechanical systems of the 150 West Jefferson Detroit Building.

Wells Management will manage the 150 West Jefferson Detroit Building on behalf of Wells OP and will be paid management and leasing fees in the amount of 4.5% of the gross revenues from the 150 West Jefferson Detroit Building, subject to certain limitations.

Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The information contained on page 101 in the Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations section of the prospectus is revised as of the date of this supplement by the deletion of that entire section and the insertion of the information below. The following discussion and analysis should also be read in conjunction with our accompanying financial statements and notes thereto.

Forward Looking Statements

This supplement contains forward-looking statements, within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, including discussion and analysis of our financial condition, anticipated capital expenditures required to complete certain projects, amounts of anticipated cash distributions to stockholders in the future and certain other matters. Readers of this supplement should be aware that there are various factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from any forward-looking statements made in this supplement, which include changes in general economic conditions, changes in real estate conditions, construction costs which may exceed estimates, construction delays, increases in interest rates, lease-up risks, inability to obtain new tenants upon the expiration of existing leases, inability to invest in properties on a timely basis or in properties that will provide targeted rates of return and the potential need to fund tenant improvements or other capital expenditures out of operating cash flow. (See generally Risk Factors.)

REIT Qualification

We have made an election under Section 856 (c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (Internal Revenue Code) to be taxed as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code beginning with our taxable year ended December 31, 1998. As a REIT for federal income tax purposes, we generally will not be subject to federal income tax on income that we distribute to our stockholders. If we fail to qualify as a REIT in

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any taxable year, we will be subject to federal income tax on our taxable income at regular corporate rates and will not be permitted to qualify for treatment as a REIT for federal income tax purposes for four years following the year in which our qualification is lost. Such an event could materially adversely affect our financial position and results of operations. However, management believes that we are organized and operate in a manner which will enable us to qualify for treatment as a REIT for federal income tax purposes during this fiscal year. In addition, management intends to continue to operate the Wells REIT so as to remain qualified as a REIT for federal income tax purposes.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

General

During the fiscal year ended December 31, 2002, we received aggregate gross offering proceeds of $1,340.3 million from the sale of 134.0 million shares of our common stock. After payment of $46.4 million in acquisition and advisory fees and acquisition expenses, payment of $127.3 million in selling commissions, and payment of $20.5 million in organization and offering expenses, and common stock redemptions of $15.4 million pursuant to our share redemption program, we raised net offering proceeds available for investment in properties of $1,130.7 million during the year ended December 31, 2002.

During the fiscal year ended December 31, 2001, we received aggregate gross offering proceeds of $522.5 million from the sale of 52.3 million shares of our common stock. After payment of $18.1 million in acquisition and advisory fees and acquisition expenses, payment of $58.4 million in selling commissions and organization and offering expenses, and common stock redemptions of $4.1 million pursuant to our share redemption program, we raised net offering proceeds available for investment in properties of $441.8 million during the year ended December 31, 2001.

As of December 31, 2002, we had received aggregate gross offering proceeds from all of our offerings of approximately $2,177.9 million from the sale of 217.8 million shares of our common stock to approximately 58,000 investors. After our payment of $75.5 million in acquisition and advisory fees and acquisition expenses, payment of $206.4 million in selling commissions, payment of $40.0 million in organization and offering expenses, capital contributions to joint ventures and property acquisitions expenditures of $1,808.5 million, and common stock redemptions of $20.9 million pursuant to our share redemption program, we were holding net offering proceeds of $26.6 million available for investment in properties, as of December 31, 2002.

The net decrease in cash and cash equivalents of approximately $30.1 million during the year ended December 31, 2002 is primarily the result of the higher level of investment in real estate as compared to the level of fund raising and borrowing during the period. The increase in cash and cash equivalents of $71.3 million during 2001 is primarily the result of higher levels of fund raising and borrowings as compared to the levels of investment in real estate during those periods.

As of December 31, 2002, we owned interests in 72 real estate properties either directly or through interests in joint ventures. These properties are currently generating operating cash flow sufficient to cover our operating expenses and pay dividends to shareholders. We pay dividends on a quarterly basis. Dividends will be paid to investors who are stockholders as of the record dates selected by our board of directors. We currently calculate quarterly dividends based on the daily record and dividend declaration dates; thus, stockholders are entitled to receive dividends immediately upon the purchase of shares. Dividends declared during 2002 and 2001 totaled $0.76 per share in each year. Dividends declared for the fourth quarter of 2002 and the first and second quarters of 2003 were at an annualized rate of $0.70 per share.

Due primarily to the pace of our property acquisitions from late 2001 through 2002, as explained in more detail in the following paragraphs, dividends paid during 2002 in the aggregate amount of

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approximately $105.0 million exceeded Funds From Operations for the year by approximately $3.2 million. Dividends paid during 2002 also exceeded taxable income of $80.5 million and, accordingly, the company exceeded the minimum distribution requirement to be taxed as a REIT for federal income tax purposes.

We continue to acquire properties that meet our standards and quality both in terms of the real estate and the creditworthiness of the tenants. Creditworthy tenants of the type we target are becoming more and more highly valued in the marketplace and, accordingly, there is increased competition in acquiring properties with these creditworthy tenants. As a result, the purchase prices for such properties have increased with corresponding reductions in cap rates and returns on investment. In addition, changes in market conditions have caused our advisor to add to its internal procedures for ensuring the creditworthiness of our tenants before any commitment to buy a property is made. We continue to remain steadfast in our commitment to invest in quality properties that will produce quality income for our stockholders. Accordingly, because of the additional time it now takes in the acquisition process for our advisor to assess tenant credit plus our commitment to adhere to purchasing properties with tenants that meet our investment criteria we have been required to lower the dividend yield to our stockholders.

As a result of the factors described in the preceding paragraph, our board of directors declared dividends for the fourth quarter of 2002 and the first and second quarters of 2003 in an amount equal to a 7.0% annualized percentage rate return on an investment of $10 per share.

Dividends to be distributed to our stockholders are determined by our board of directors and are dependent on a number of factors related to the Wells REIT, including funds available for payment of dividends, financial condition, amounts paid for properties, the timing of property acquisitions, capital expenditure requirements and annual distribution requirements in order to maintain our status as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code.

Cash Flows From Operating Activities

Our net cash provided by operating activities was $104.6 million, $42.3 million, and $7.3 million for the years ended December 31, 2002, 2001, and 2000, respectively. The increase in net cash provided by operating activities was due primarily to the additional net income generated by 32, 11, and 12 properties acquired during the years ended December 31, 2002, 2001, and 2000, respectively. We do not recognize in operations the full annual effect from the properties during the year of acquisition, as the operations of the properties are only included in operations from the date of acquisition. Operating cash flows are expected to increase as we acquire additional properties in future periods and as we obtain the benefit of a full year of operations for properties acquired during the year ended December 31, 2002.

Cash Flows Used In Investing Activities

Comparison of 2002 vs 2001

Our net cash used in investing activities was $1,362.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2002 compared to $274.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2001. The increase in net cash used in investing activities was due primarily to investments in properties, directly and through contributions to joint ventures, and the payment of related deferred project costs. Investments and related deferred project costs totaled $1,369.5 million and $278.8 million for the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively. The increase in investments during the year ended December 31, 2002 was due to our ability to increase investor proceeds and identify property investments meeting our objectives. The investment in real estate assets and joint venture cash outflows were partially offset by distributions from joint ventures of $7.4 million and $4.2

million for the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively. The increase in distributions from joint ventures is due to the additional investments in joint

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ventures during the year ended December 31, 2001 in which we recognized a full year s benefit during the year ended December 31, 2002.

Comparison of 2001 vs 2000

Our net cash used in investing activities was $274.6 million and $249.3 million for the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively. The increase in net cash used in investing activities was due primarily to investments in properties directly or through contributions to joint ventures, and the payment of related deferred project costs. Investments and related deferred project costs totaled $278.8 million and $252.8 million for the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively. Investments in real estate assets and joint venture cash outflows were partially offset by distributions from joint ventures of $4.2 million and $3.5 million for the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively.

Cash flows used in investment in real estate assets and joint ventures in future periods will be dependent upon the availability of funds either through capital contributions raised from the sale of stock or debt facilities and the availability of real estate assets or joint venture investments that meet our investment objectives.

The cash flows provided by joint ventures are expected to increase in 2003, when we recognize a full year of benefit for the 2002 joint venture investments. Increases to cash flows provided by joint venture distributions will be dependent upon whether we invest in additional properties through joint ventures in the future as expected cash flows from existing joint ventures are expected to provide nominal increases based on scheduled rent increases.

Cash Flows From Financing Activities

Comparison of 2002 vs 2001

Our net cash provided by financing activities was $1,227.8 million and $303.5 million for the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively. The increase in net cash provided by financing activities was due primarily to the raising of additional capital of $1,340.3 million during the year ended December 31, 2002 compared to $522.5 million during the year ended December 31, 2001. The amounts raised were partially offset by the payment of commissions and offering costs totaling $140.5 million and $58.6 million for the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively and redemptions of our stock of $15.4 million and $4.1 million for the years ended December 31, 2002, and 2001, respectively.

Additionally, we obtained funds from financing arrangements totaling $212.9 million and $110.2 million and made debt repayments of $62.8 million and $229.8 million for the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively. As a result of our increased operations and activities during the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, we paid dividends of $105.0 million and $36.7 million, respectively.

Comparison of 2001 vs 2000

Our net cash provided by financing activities was $303.5 million and $243.4 million for the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively. The increase in net cash provided by financing activities was due primarily to the raising of additional capital of $522.5 million during the year ended December 31, 2001 compared to $180.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2000. The amounts raised were partially offset by the payment of commissions and offering costs totaling $58.6 million and $22.4 million for the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively, and redemptions of our stock of $4.1 million and $1.4 million for the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively.

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Additionally, we obtained funds from financing arrangements totaling $110.2 million and $187.6 million and made debt repayments of $229.8 million and $83.9 million for the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively. As a result of our increased operations and activities during the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000, we paid dividends of $36.7 million and $17.0 million, respectively.

The amounts of cash provided by and used in financing activities in the future will be dependent upon our ability to raise additional funds from investors and from the ability to secure debt facilities for the acquisition of real estate assets in future periods, and may not be comparable to the amounts of cash provided in past periods.

Results of Operations

As of December 31, 2002, our 72 real estate properties were 98.3% leased. Our results of operations have changed significantly for the years ended December 31, 2002, 2001, and 2000, generally as a result of the 32, 11, and 12 property acquisitions during the years ended December 31, 2002, 2001, and 2000, respectively. We expect that rental income, equity income of joint ventures, tenant reimbursements, operating expenses, management and leasing fees, and net income will each increase in future periods as a result of owning real estate assets acquired in 2002 for a full year and as a result of future acquisitions of real estate assets. Due to the average remaining terms of the long-term leases currently in place at our properties, management does not anticipate significant changes in near-term rental revenues from properties currently owned.

Comparison of 2002 vs 2001

Rental income was $107.5 million and $44.2 million for the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively. Tenant reimbursements were $19.0 million and $6.8 million for the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively. Tenant reimbursements were equivalent to 70% and 63% of the property operating costs for these respective years. The variance in the costs is dependent upon the terms of the lease agreements for the real estate assets in each year.

Equity in income of joint ventures was $4.7 million and $3.7 million for the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively. The increase is primarily a result of recognizing a full year of operations in 2002 for the investments in joint ventures made during 2001. Equity in income of joint ventures is expected to increase in future periods as additional investments in joint ventures are made; however, returns from existing joint venture investments are not expected to change materially from the historical results.

Lease termination income was $1.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2002 compared to $0 for the year ended December 31, 2001. The 2002 activity relates to a single lease termination at the Vertex-Sarasota Building (formerly the Andersen Building), in which, in consideration for releasing Arthur Andersen from its obligations to pay rent under the lease, Arthur Andersen paid Wells OP a termination fee of approximately $1.0 million and conveyed to Wells OP an adjacent parcel of land which we valued at $0.4 million.

Interest and other income was $7.0 million and $1.5 million for the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively. Of this amount $2.8 million and $0.5 million was attributable to interest on the bonds related to the Ingram Micro and ISS Buildings, which is offset by the related interest expense associated with the bonds. We invest any funds received from stockholders in short-term investments until the funds are invested in real estate asset investments. At certain times during the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, we held a significant amount of cash on hand resulting in the relatively high interest income. The level of interest income is dependent upon our ability to find suitable real estate asset investments on a pace consistent with investor proceeds, therefore interest income amounts

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for the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, may or may not be indicative of interest income for future periods.

Depreciation expense was $38.8 million and $15.3 million for the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, representing 36% and 35%, of rental income for the respective year. The change between periods is generally due to a change in applicable cost of the real estate assets compared to the straight-line revenues generated by the real estate assets. Operating costs were $26.9 million and $10.9 million for the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, representing 21% of the sum of the rental income and tenant reimbursements revenue amounts for each year. Management and leasing fees were $5.2 million, and $2.5 million for the years ended December 31, 2002, and 2001, respectively.

General and administrative costs were $3.2 million and $1.2 million for the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively, and legal and accounting expenses were $1.0 million and $0.4 million, for the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively. The increase in the expenses are attributable to our increased size over the years, but represent 3% of total revenues for each year ended December 31, 2002 and 2001. In the future, such costs as a percentage of total revenues are expected to be materially consistent with the historical periods, but may change as we continue to grow.

Interest expense and amortization of deferred financing costs was $4.6 million and $4.2 million for the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively. Of this amount $2.8 million and $0.5 million was attributable to interest on the bonds related to the Ingram Micro and ISS Buildings for the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively, which is offset by the related interest income associated with the bonds as noted above. Interest expense is dependent upon the amount of borrowings outstanding during the period as well as the interest rate. Interest expense payable to third parties (excluding the interest on the bonds) for the year ended December 31, 2002 decreased as compared to the year ended December 31, 2001 due to lower average amounts of borrowings outstanding during the periods as well as lower interest rates.

Comparison of 2001 vs 2000

Rental income revenues were $44.2 million and $20.5 million for the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively. Tenant reimbursements were $6.8 million and $2.3 million for the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively. Tenant reimbursements were equivalent to 63% and 71% of the property operating costs for the respective years. The variance in the cost is dependent upon the terms of the lease agreements for the real estate assets in each year.

Equity in income of joint ventures was $3.7 million and $2.3 million for the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively. The increase is due to the investments in joint ventures during 2001 and recognizing a full year of operations for investments in joint ventures during 2000.

Interest and other income was $1.5 million and $0.6 million for the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively. Of this amount $0.5 million and $0 during the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively was attributable to interest on the bonds related to the Ingram Micro Building, which is offset by the related interest expense associated with the bonds. We invest any funds received from our stockholders in short-term investments until the funds are placed in real estate asset investments. At certain times during the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000, we held varying amounts of cash on hand resulting in the increases in interest income between years.

Depreciation expense was $15.3 million and $7.7 million for the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000, representing 35% and 38% of rental income for the respective year. The change between years is generally due to a change in applicable cost of the real estate assets compared to the straight-line revenues generated by the real estate assets. Operating costs were $10.9 million and $3.2 million for the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively, representing 21% and 14%, respectively, of the sum of the rental income and tenant reimbursements revenue amounts. Management and leasing fees were $2.5 million and $1.3 million for the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively.

General and administrative costs were $1.2 million and $0.4 million for the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively, and legal and accounting expenses were $0.4 million and $0.2 million for the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively. The increase in the expenses are attributable to our increased size, but represent 3% of total revenues for each year ended December 31, 2001 and 2000.

Interest expense and amortization of deferred financing costs was $4.2 million for each of the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000. Of this amount $0.5 million and $0.0 million was attributable to interest on the bonds related to the Ingram Micro Building for the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively, which is offset by the related interest income associated with the bonds as noted above. Interest expense is dependent upon the amount of borrowings outstanding during the period as well as the interest rate. Interest expense payable to third parties (excluding the interest on the bonds) for the years ended December 31, 2001 compared to the year ended December 31, 2000 decreased due to a lower average amount of borrowings outstanding during the year as well as lower interest rates.

Subsequent Events

Sale of shares of our common stock

From January 1, 2003 through March 31, 2003, we had raised approximately $426.8 million through the issuance of 42.7 million shares of our common stock.

Redemptions of our common stock

From January 1, 2003 through March 31, 2003, we redeemed approximately 1.3 million shares of our common stock at an aggregate cost of approximately $12.9 million pursuant to its share redemption program. Our current share redemption plan will allow for redemptions totaling $40 million for the year ending December 31, 2003.

Property Acquisitions

On January 9, 2003, Wells OP purchased two three-story office buildings containing approximately 187,735 aggregate rentable square feet located in Mayfield Heights, Ohio, (the East Point Buildings) for a purchase price of $22.0 million, excluding closing costs and acquisition and advisory fees paid to the Advisor. The East Point Buildings, which were built in 2000, are located at 6085 Parkland Boulevard (East Point I) and 6095 Parkland Boulevard (East Point II) in Mayfield Heights, Cuyahoga County, Ohio. The entire 102,484 rentable square feet of East Point I is leased to Progressive Casualty Insurance Company. East Point II contains approximately 85,251 rentable square feet, of which 70,585 rentable square feet (83%) is currently leased to Austin, Danaher Power Solutions LLC and Moreland Management Co. Approximately 14,666 rentable square feet (17%) of East Point II is vacant.

In connection with the acquisition of the East Point Buildings, we entered into an earn-out agreement, whereby we are required to pay the seller for each new lease fully executed after the date of acquisition of the property but on or before March 31, 2004, or on or before July 31, 2004 if the tenant thereunder is a leasing prospect as defined by the agreement. Payments shall be in the amounts of the anticipated first year s annual rent less operating expenses with the sum divided by 0.105 and the result reduced by tenant improvement costs related to the space.

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On March 31, 2003, Wells OP purchased a 25-story office building containing approximately 505,417 rentable square feet located in Detroit, Michigan, (the 150 West Jefferson Detroit Building) for a purchase price of $93.75 million, excluding closing costs and acquisition and advisory fees paid to the Advisor. The 150 West Jefferson Detroit Building, which was built in 1989, is located at 150 West Jefferson Avenue in Detroit, Michigan. Miller, Canfield, Paddock & Stone, Butzel Long PC and MCN Energy Group, Inc., formerly known as MCN Corporation aggregately lease approximately 311,285 rentable square feet of the 150 West Jefferson Detroit Building (61.6%). Approximately 190,863 rentable square feet (37.8%) is leased to an additional 14 tenants. Approximatley 3,269 rentable square feet (0.6%) of the 150 West Jefferson Detroit Building is vacant.

Dividend Declaration

On March 12, 2003, our board of directors declared dividends for the second quarter of 2003 in the amount of a 7.0% annualized percentage return on an investment of $10 per share, payable our shareholders on a daily record basis.

Commitments and Contingencies

Take Out Purchase and Escrow Agreement

We entered into a take out purchase and escrow agreement with an affiliate of our advisor whereby we earn a fee in return for agreeing to purchase any unsold co-tenancy interests related to the Section 1031 exchange program established by an affiliate of our advisor. See Note 8 to our consolidated financial statements included in this supplement for discussion of this potential obligation.

Letters of Credit

We have three unused letters of credit as required by other parties to ensure completion of the our obligations under certain contracts. See Note 8 to our consolidated financial statements included in this supplement for further discussion of the letters of credit.

Property Under Contract

We entered into an agreement to purchase a third building at the ISS Atlanta Buildings development upon completion of construction for $10 million. See Note 8 to our consolidated financial statements included in this supplement for further discussion of the property under contract and related obligations.

Properties Under Construction

We entered into three agreements for the construction and development of certain properties. See Note 8 to our consolidated financial statements included in this supplement for a more detailed discussion of the properties under construction and the related obligation.

Commitments Under Existing Lease Agreements

We entered into lease agreements with tenants that may include provisions that, at the option of the tenants, may require us to incur certain capital costs. See Note 8 to our consolidated financial statements included in this supplement for further discussion of these potential obligations.

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Earn-out Agreements

We entered into a purchase agreement containing an earn-out clause that may result in us being obligated to pay $14.5 million to the seller of a property. See Note 8 to our consolidated financial statements included in this supplement for a more detailed discussion of this potential obligation.

Leasehold Property Obligations

We own certain properties that are subject to ground leases and require us to pay rent in future years. See Note 8 to our consolidated financial statements included in this supplement for further discussion of the lease terms and required payments.

Pending Litigation

We have certain pending litigation related to a dispute over the right to a $750,000 escrow money deposit for a property that was not acquired. See Note 8 to our consolidated financial statements included in this supplement for further discussion of the litigation.

Funds from Operations

Funds from Operations (FFO), as defined by the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts (NAREIT), generally means net income, computed in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP) excluding extraordinary items (as defined by GAAP) and gains (or losses) from sales of property, plus depreciation and amortization on real estate assets, and after adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships, joint ventures and subsidiaries. Management believes that FFO is helpful to investors as a measure of the performance of an equity REIT. However, our calculation of FFO, while consistent with NAREIT s definition, may not be comparable to similarly titled measures presented by other REITs. FFO does not represent cash generated from operating activities in accordance with GAAP and should not be considered as an alternative to net income as an indication of our performance or to cash flows as a measure of liquidity or ability to make distributions.

The following table reflects the calculation of FFO for the three years ended December 31, 2002, 2001, and 2000, respectively:

	December 31, 2002	December 31, 2001	December 31, 2000
FUNDS FROM OPERATIONS:			
Net income	$ 59,854	$ 21,724	$ 8,553
Add:			
Depreciation of real assets	38,780	15,345	7,743

Amortization of deferred leasing costs	303	303	351
Depreciation and amortization unconsolidated partnerships	2,861	3,212	853
Funds from operations (FFO)	$ 101,798	$ 40,584	$ 17,500
WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES:			
BASIC AND DILUTED	145,633	51,082	21,616

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In order to recognize revenues on a straight line basis over the terms of the respective leases, we recognized straight line revenue of $7.6 million, $2.8 million, and $1.7 million during the years ended December 31, 2002, 2001, and 2000 respectively.

Inflation

The real estate market has not been affected significantly by inflation in the past three years due to the relatively low inflation rate. However, there are provisions in the majority of tenant leases, which would protect us from the impact of inflation. These provisions include reimbursement billings for operating expense pass-through charges, real estate tax and insurance reimbursements on a per square foot basis, or in some cases, annual reimbursement of operating expenses above a certain per square foot allowance. However, due to the long-term nature of the leases, the leases may not re-set frequently enough to cover inflation.

Application of Critical Accounting Policies

Our accounting policies have been established to conform with GAAP. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to use judgment in the application of accounting policies, including making estimates and assumptions. These judgments affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting periods. If management s judgment or interpretation of the facts and circumstances relating to various transactions had been different, it is possible that different accounting policies would have been applied; thus, resulting in a different presentation of the financial statements. Additionally, other companies may utilize different estimates that may impact comparability of our results of operations to those of companies in similar businesses.

The critical accounting policies outlined below have been discussed with members of our audit committee. There have been no significant changes in the critical accounting policies, methodology, or assumptions in the current period.

Below is a discussion of the accounting policies that management considers to be critical in that they may require complex judgment in their application or require estimates about matters that are inherently uncertain. Additional discussion of accounting policies that management considers to be significant, including further discussion of the critical accounting policies described below, is presented in Note 2 to our consolidated financial statements included in this supplement.

Investment in Real Estate Assets

We are required to make subjective assessments as to the useful lives of our depreciable assets. We consider the period of future benefit of the asset to determine the appropriate useful lives. These assessments have a direct impact on net income. The estimated useful lives of our assets by class are as follows:

Building	25 years
Building improvements	10-25 years

Land improvements	20-25 years
Tenant Improvements	Lease term

In the event that management uses inappropriate useful lives or methods for depreciation, our net income would be misstated.

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Valuation of Real Estate Assets

We continually monitor events and changes in circumstances that could indicate that the carrying amounts of the real estate assets, both operating properties and properties under construction, in which we have an ownership interest, either directly or through investments in joint ventures, may not be recoverable. When indicators of potential impairment are present which indicate that the carrying amounts of real estate assets may not be recoverable, management assesses the recoverability of the real estate assets by determining whether the carrying value of the real estate assets will be recovered through the undiscounted future operating cash flows expected from the use of the asset and its eventual disposition. In the event that such expected undiscounted future cash flows do not exceed the carrying value, management adjusts the real estate assets to the fair value and recognizes an impairment loss. We have determined that there has been no impairment in the carrying value of real estate assets we held and any unconsolidated joint ventures at December 31, 2002 and 2001.

Projections of expected future cash flows requires management to estimate future market rental income amounts subsequent to the expiration of current lease agreements, property operating expenses, discount rates, the number of months it takes to re-lease the property, and the number of years the property is held for investment. The use of inappropriate assumptions in the future cash flow analysis would result in an incorrect assessment of the property s future cash flows and fair value, and could result in the overstatement of our carrying value of real estate assets and net income.

Intangible Lease Asset/Liability

As part of the acquisition of real estate assets, we determine whether an intangible asset or liability related to above or below market leases was acquired as part of the acquisition of the real estate. As a result of adopting the standards, amounts totaling $12.1 million have been recorded as intangible lease assets and $32.7 million have been recorded as intangible lease liabilities, relating to above and below market lease arrangements for properties acquired in 2002. The intangible assets and liabilities are recorded at their estimated fair market values at the date of acquisition, and are amortized over the remaining term of the respective lease to rental income.

The determination of the estimated fair values of the intangible lease asset or liability requires the use of significant assumptions with regard to the current market rental rates, rental growth rates, discount rates and other variables. If inappropriate estimates with regard to these variables are used, misclassification of assets or liabilities and incorrect calculation of depreciation amounts would occur, which would misstate our net income.

Related Party Transactions and Agreements

We have entered into agreements with our advisor and other affiliates, whereby we pay certain fees or reimbursements to our advisor or such affiliates for acquisition and advisory fees, organization and offering costs, sales commissions, dealer manager fees, property management and leasing fees, and reimbursement of operating costs. See Note 12 to our consolidated financial statements included in this supplement for a discussion of the various related party transactions, agreements, and fees.

Conflicts of Interest

Our advisor is also a general partner in and advisor to various Wells Real Estate Funds. As such, there are conflicts of interest in which the advisor, while serving in the capacity as general partner for Wells Real Estate Funds, may be in competition with us in connection with property acquisitions or for tenants in similar geographic markets.

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Financial Statements

Ernst & Young LLP

The consolidated financial statements of the Wells REIT, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2002, and Schedule III Real Estate Assets and Accumulated Depreciation as of December 31, 2002, included in this supplement and elsewhere in the registration statement, have been audited by Ernst & Young LLP, independent auditors, as set forth in their report appearing elsewhere herein, and are included in reliance upon such report given on the authority of such firm as experts in accounting and auditing.

Arthur Andersen LLP

The consolidated financial statements of the Wells REIT, as of December 31, 2001 and 2000, and for each of the two years in the period ended December 31, 2001, and Schedule III Real Estate Investments and Accumulated Depreciation as of December 31, 2001, included in this supplement and elsewhere in the registration statement, were audited by Arthur Andersen LLP (Andersen), independent public accountants, as indicated in their report with respect thereto, and are included in this supplement in reliance upon the authority of said firm as experts in giving said report.

Andersen ceased operations during 2002 and, accordingly, has not reissued their report related to previously audited financial statements. Additionally, Andersen has not consented to the use of their report related to previously audited financial statements. Events arising out of the ceased operations of Andersen may adversely affect the ability of Andersen to satisfy any potential claims that may arise out of Andersen s audits of the financial statements contained in this supplement. In addition, our inability to obtain a consent from Andersen may also adversely affect your ability to pursue potential claims against Andersen.

Prior Performance Tables

The prior performance tables dated as of December 31, 2002, which are included in this supplement and elsewhere in the registration statement, have not been audited.

Unaudited Financial Statements

The pro forma balance sheet of the Wells REIT, as of December 31, 2002 and the pro forma statement of income for the year ended December 31, 2001, which are included in this supplement, have not been audited.

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

Board of Directors and Shareholders

Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2002 and the related consolidated statements of income, shareholders equity, and cash flows for the year then ended. Our audit also included financial statement Schedule III Real Estate Assets and Accumulated Depreciation as of December 31, 2002. These financial statements and schedule are the responsibility of the Company s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and schedule based on our audit. The financial statements and schedule of Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. and subsidiary as of December 31, 2001, and for the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000 were audited by other auditors who have ceased operations, and whose report dated January 25, 2002 expressed an unqualified opinion on those financial statements and schedule before the restatement adjustments and disclosures described in Note 2.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the 2002 financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. and subsidiaries at December 31, 2002 and the consolidated results of their operations and their cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Also, in our opinion, the related 2002 financial statement schedule, when considered in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole, presents fairly in all material respects the information set forth therein.

As discussed above, the financial statements of Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. and subsidiary as of December 31, 2001 and for the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000 were audited by other auditors who have ceased operations. As described in Note 2, these financial statements have been restated. We audited the adjustments described in Note 2 that were applied to restate the 2001 and 2000 financial statements. Our procedures included (a) agreeing the amounts in the restatement adjustments columns to the corresponding accounts maintained in the underlying records of the Company, and (b) testing the application of the adjustments to the historical amounts. In our opinion, such adjustments are appropriate and have been properly applied. Additionally, as described in Note 2, these financial statements have been revised to include disclosure of the number of weighted average shares outstanding for the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000 on the consolidated statements of income. Our audit procedures with respect to this disclosure included recalculating the number of weighted average shares outstanding for the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000 by dividing the net income amount previously reported on the consolidated statements of income in 2001 and 2000 by the earnings per share amount previously reported on the consolidated statements of income in 2001 and 2000. In our opinion, the disclosure of the number of weighted average shares outstanding on the consolidated statements of income for the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000 is appropriate. However, we were not engaged to audit, review, or apply any procedures to the 2001 and 2000 financial statements of Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. and subsidiary other than with respect to such restatement adjustments and disclosures and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or any other form of assurance on the 2001 and 2000 financial statements taken as a whole.

As discussed in Note 2, in 2002 the Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 141, Business Combinations and No. 142, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets .

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

Atlanta, Georgia

January 24, 2003

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(The following is a copy of the audit report previously issued by Arthur Andersen LLP in connection with the consolidated financial statements of Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. (Wells REIT) included in the previous year s Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2001. This audit report has not been reissued by Arthur Andersen in connection with the filing of the Wells REIT Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2002.)

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

To Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc.:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of **WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.** (a Maryland corporation) **AND SUBSIDIARY** as of December 31, 2001 and 2000 and the related consolidated statements of income, shareholders equity, and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2001. These financial statements and the schedule referred to below are the responsibility of the Company s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and schedule based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements and schedule are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. and subsidiary as of December 31, 2001 and 2000 and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2001 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

Our audits were made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. Schedule III Real Estate Investments and Accumulated Depreciation as of December 31, 2001 is presented for purposes of complying with the Securities and Exchange Commission s rules and is not part of the basic financial statements. This schedule has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, fairly states, in all material respects, the financial data required to be set forth therein in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

/s/ ARTHUR ANDERSEN LLP

Atlanta, Georgia

January 25, 2002

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

DECEMBER 31, 2002 and 2001

(in thousands, except share amounts)

ASSETS

	2002	2001
REAL ESTATE ASSETS, at cost:		
Land	**$ 279,185**	$ 86,247
Buildings and improvements, less accumulated depreciation of $63,594 and $24,814 at December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively	**1,683,036**	472,383
Construction in progress	**42,746**	5,739
Total real estate assets	**2,004,967**	564,369
INVESTMENTS IN JOINT VENTURES	**83,915**	77,410
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	**45,464**	75,586
RENT RECEIVABLE	**19,321**	6,003
DEFERRED PROJECT COSTS	**1,494**	2,977
DUE FROM AFFILIATES	**1,961**	1,693
PREPAID EXPENSES AND OTHER ASSETS, net	**4,407**	718
DEFERRED LEASE ACQUISITION COSTS, net	**1,638**	1,525
INTANGIBLE LEASE ASSET	**12,060**	
INVESTMENTS IN BONDS	**54,500**	22,000
Total assets	**$ 2,229,727**	$ 752,281

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LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY

	2002	2001
LIABILITIES:		
Notes payable	**$ 248,195**	$ 8,124
Obligations under capital leases	**54,500**	22,000
Intangible lease liability	**32,697**	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	**24,580**	8,727
Due to affiliate	**15,975**	2,166
Dividends payable	**6,046**	1,059
Deferred rental income	**11,584**	662
Total liabilities	**393,577**	42,738
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES		
MINORITY INTEREST OF UNIT HOLDER IN OPERATING PARTNERSHIP	**200**	200
SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY:		
Common shares, $.01 par value; 750,000,000 shares authorized, 217,790,874 shares issued, and 215,699,717 shares outstanding at December 31, 2002 and 125,000,000 shares authorized, 83,761,469 shares issued and 83,206,429 shares outstanding at December 31, 2001	**2,178**	838
Additional paid-in capital	**1,929,381**	738,236
Cumulative distributions in excess of earnings	**(74,310)**	(24,181)
Treasury stock, at cost, 2,091,157 shares at December 31, 2002 and 555,040 shares at December 31, 2001	**(20,912)**	(5,550)
Other comprehensive loss	**(387)**	
Total shareholders equity	**1,835,950**	709,343
Total liabilities and shareholders equity	**$ 2,229,727**	$ 752,281

See accompanying notes.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002, 2001, AND 2000

(in thousands, except per share amounts)

	2002	2001	2000
REVENUES:			
Rental income	**$ 107,526**	$ 44,204	$ 20,505
Tenant reimbursements	**18,992**	6,830	2,318
Equity in income of joint ventures	**4,700**	3,721	2,294
Lease termination income	**1,409**		
Interest and other income	**7,001**	1,521	574
	139,628	56,276	25,691
EXPENSES:			
Depreciation	**38,780**	15,345	7,743
Interest expense	**4,638**	4,181	4,200
Property operating costs	**26,949**	10,901	3,206
Management and leasing fees	**5,155**	2,507	1,310
General and administrative	**3,244**	1,169	439
Legal and accounting	**1,008**	449	240
	79,774	34,552	17,138
NET INCOME	**$ 59,854**	$ 21,724	$ 8,553
EARNINGS PER SHARE:			
Basic and diluted	**$ 0.41**	$ 0.43	$ 0.40
WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES OUTSTANDING:			
Basic and diluted	**145,633**	51,082	21,616

See accompanying notes.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002, 2001, AND 2000

(in thousands, except per share amounts)

	Common Stock		Additional	Cumulative Distributions		Treasury Stock		Other	Total
	Shares	Amount	Paid-In Capital	in Excess of Earnings	Retained Earnings	Shares	Amount	Comprehensive Income	Shareholders Equity
BALANCE, December 31, 1999	13,471	$ 135	$ 117,738	$ (1,857)	$		$	$	$ 116,016
Issuance of common stock	18,039	180	180,207						180,387
Treasury stock purchased						(141)	(1,413)		(1,413)
Dividends ($0.73 per share)				(7,276)	(8,553)				(15,829)
Sales commissions and dealer manager fees			(17,003)						(17,003)
Other offering costs			(5,369)						(5,369)
Net income					8,553				8,553
BALANCE, December 31, 2000	31,510	315	275,573	(9,133)		(141)	(1,413)		265,342
Issuance of common stock	52,251	523	521,994						522,517
Treasury stock purchased						(414)	(4,137)		(4,137)
Dividends ($0.76 per share)				(15,048)	(21,724)				(36,772)
Sales commissions and dealer manager fees			(49,246)						(49,246)
Other offering costs			(10,085)						(10,085)
Net income					21,724				21,724
BALANCE, December 31, 2001	83,761	838	738,236	(24,181)		(555)	(5,550)		709,343
Issuance of common stock	**134,030**	**1,340**	**1,338,953**						**1,340,293**
Treasury stock purchased						**(1,536)**	**(15,362)**		**(15,362)**
Dividends ($0.76 per share)				**(50,129)**	**(59,854)**				**(109,983)**
Sales commissions and dealer manager fees			**(127,332)**						**(127,332)**
Other offering costs			**(20,476)**						**(20,476)**
Components of comprehensive income:									
Net income					**59,854**				**59,854**
Loss on interest rate swap								**(387)**	**(387)**

Comprehensive income									**59,467**
BALANCE, December 31, 2002	**217,791**	**$ 2,178**	**$ 1,929,381**	**$ (74,310)**	**$**	**(2,091)**	**$ (20,912)**	**$ (387)**	**$ 1,835,950**

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002, 2001, AND 2000

(in thousands)

	2002	2001	2000
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Net income	$ **59,854**	$ 21,724	$ 8,553
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Equity in income of joint ventures	**(4,700)**	(3,721)	(2,294)
Depreciation	**38,780**	15,345	7,743
Amortization of deferred financing costs	**845**	770	233
Amortization of deferred lease acquisition costs	**303**	303	351
Land received in lease termination	**(430)**		
Write-off of deferred lease acquisition costs		62	
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Rent receivable	**(13,318)**	(2,222)	(2,458)
Due from affiliates	**(185)**	11	(436)
Prepaid expenses and other assets, net	**(3,248)**	3,246	(6,827)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	**15,853**	6,561	1,942
Deferred rental income	**10,922**	280	146
Due to affiliates	**(104)**	(10)	367
Total adjustments	**44,718**	20,625	(1,233)
Net cash provided by operating activities	**104,572**	42,349	7,320
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Investment in real estate assets	**(1,308,759)**	(227,934)	(231,518)
Contributions to joint ventures	**(8,910)**	(33,691)	(15,064)
Investment in intangible lease asset	**(12,060)**		
Deferred project costs paid	**(39,797)**	(17,220)	(6,264)
Deferred lease acquisition costs paid	**(400)**		
Distributions received from joint ventures	**7,388**	4,239	3,529
Net cash used in investing activities	**(1,362,538)**	(274,606)	(249,317)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Proceeds from notes payable	**212,906**	110,243	187,633

Repayments of notes payable	**(62,835)**	(229,782)	(83,899)
Dividends paid to shareholders	**(104,996)**	(36,737)	(16,971)
Issuance of common stock	**1,340,293**	522,517	180,387
Treasury stock purchased	**(15,362)**	(4,137)	(1,413)
Sales commissions and dealer manager fees paid	**(127,332)**	(49,246)	(17,003)
Other offering costs paid	**(13,156)**	(9,313)	(5,369)
Deferred financing costs paid	**(1,674)**		
Net cash provided by financing activities	**1,227,844**	303,545	243,365
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	**(30,122)**	71,288	1,368
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of year	**75,586**	4,298	2,930
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of year	**$ 45,464**	$ 75,586	$ 4,298

See accompanying notes.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2002, 2001 AND 2000

1. Organization

Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. (the Company) is a Maryland corporation that qualifies as a real estate investment trust (REIT). The Company was incorporated in 1997 and commenced operations on June 5, 1998.

The Company engages in the acquisition and ownership of commercial real estate properties, throughout the United States, including properties which are under construction, are newly constructed or have operating histories. At December 31, 2002, the Company has invested in commercial and industrial real estate assets, either directly or through joint ventures with real estate limited partnership programs sponsored by Wells Capital, Inc. (the Advisor) or its affiliates.

Substantially all of the Company s business is conducted through Wells Operating Partnership, L.P., (Wells OP), a Delaware limited partnership, and its subsidiaries. Wells OP was formed to acquire, develop, own, lease, and operate real properties on behalf of the Company, either directly, through wholly-owned subsidiaries, or through joint ventures. The Company is the sole general partner in Wells OP and possesses full legal control and authority over the operations of Wells OP. In addition, the Company owns Wells REIT-Independence Square, LLC (Wells REIT-Independence), a single member Georgia limited liability company. Wells REIT-Independence was formed for the purpose of acquiring two office buildings located in Washington, D.C. (the NASA Buildings). Wells OP, and its subsidiaries, and Wells REIT-Independence comprise the Company s subsidiaries.

The Company has initiated four offerings of the Company s stock as follows:

Offering #	Date Commenced	Termination Date	Gross Proceeds	Shares Issued
1	January 30, 1998	December 19, 1999	$ 132.2 million	13.2 million
2	December 20, 1999	December 19, 2000	$ 175.2 million	17.5 million
3	December 20, 2000	July 26, 2002	$ 1,283.0 million	128.3 million
4	July 26, 2002	Offering will terminate on or before July 25, 2004	$ 587.5 million (through December 31, 2002)	58.8 million (through December 31, 2002)

Total as of December 31, 2002	$ 2,177.9 million	217.8 million

After payment of $75.5 million in acquisition and advisory fees and acquisition expenses to the Advisor, payment of $206.4 million in selling commissions, payment of $40.0 million in organization and offering expenses to the Advisor, investment in real estate assets and joint ventures of $1,808.5 million, and common stock redemptions of $20.9 million pursuant to the Company s share redemption program, the Company was holding net offering proceeds of approximately $26.6 million available for investment in properties at December 31, 2002.

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The Company s stock is not listed on a national exchange. However, the Company s Articles of Incorporation currently require that, in the event that the Company s stock is not listed on a national exchange by January 30, 2008, the Company must begin liquidating its investments and distributing the resulting proceeds to the shareholders.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Principles of Consolidation and Basis of Presentation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company, Wells OP and its subsidiaries, and Wells REIT-Independence. The financial statements of the Company s subsidiaries are prepared using accounting policies consistent with the Company. All significant inter-company balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Investments in Joint Ventures

The Company and its subsidiaries do not consolidate investments in ventures in which the Company or a subsidiary does not control the venture, including joint ventures requiring consent of both partners for all major decisions, regardless of whether the Company or a subsidiary owns a majority interest in the venture. These investments are accounted for using the equity method of accounting, whereby original investments are recorded at cost, and subsequently adjusted for contributions, distributions, and the investor s share of income or losses of the joint ventures. Allocations of income and loss and distributions by the joint ventures are made in accordance with the terms of the individual joint venture agreements. Generally, these items are allocated in proportion to the partners respective ownership interests, which approximates economic ownership. Generally, cash distributions are made from the joint ventures to the investor on a quarterly basis.

Real Estate Assets

Real estate assets are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation. Amounts capitalized to real estate assets consist of the cost of acquisition or construction, and any tenant improvements or major improvements and betterments which extend the useful life of the related asset. All repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Additionally, the Company capitalizes interest when development of a real estate asset is in progress. Approximately $0.8 million, $0.1 million, and $0.2 million of interest was capitalized for the years ended December 31, 2002, 2001, and 2000, respectively.

The estimated useful lives of the Company s real estate assets by class are as follows:

Building	25 years
Building improvements	10-25 years
Land improvements	20-25 years
Tenant Improvements	Lease term

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Management continually monitors events and changes in circumstances that could indicate that carrying amounts of real estate assets may not be recoverable. When indicators of potential impairment are present, management assesses the recoverability of the assets by determining whether the carrying value of the real estate assets will be recovered through the undiscounted future cash flows expected from the use and eventual disposition of the asset. In the event the expected undiscounted future cash flows do not exceed the carrying value, management adjusts the real estate assets to the fair value and recognizes an impairment loss. Management has determined that there has been no impairment in the carrying value of real estate assets held by the Company, its subsidiaries, and any unconsolidated joint ventures to date.

Effective January 1, 2002, the Company adopted the Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 144 *Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long Lived Assets* (SFAS 144), which supersedes Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 121 *Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and for Long-Lived Assets to Be Disposed Of* (SFAS 121) and Accounting Principles Board No. 30 *Reporting the Results of Operations Reporting the Effects of Disposal of a Segment of a Business, and Extraordinary, Unusual or Infrequently Occurring Events or Transactions,* with regard to impairment assessment and discontinued operations respectively. In the current year, adoption of this standard did not have a significant impact on the Company, as SFAS 144 did not significantly change the measurement criteria for impairment under SFAS 121 and no properties were disposed of in the current year resulting in discontinued operations.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents include cash and short-term investments. Short-term investments are stated at cost, which approximates fair value, and consists of investments in money market accounts. At December 31, 2002 and 2001, there are no restrictions on the use of the Company s cash.

Rent Receivable

Receivables are recognized and carried at original amount earned less a provision for any uncollectible amounts, which approximates fair value. An allowance for uncollectible amounts is made when collection of the full amount is no longer probable. Bad debt expense was $0.1 million, $0.0 million, and $0.0 million for the years ended December 31, 2002, 2001, and 2000, respectively.

Deferred Project Costs

The Company pays certain fees to the Advisor with regard to the acquisition of properties which are capitalized to the cost of the properties and depreciated on the same basis and over the respective useful life of the related asset. Deferred project costs represent costs incurred for properties to be acquired.

Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets, net

Prepaid expenses and other assets include deferred financing costs, prepaid property operating expenses, earnest money amounts, and purchase price escrows. Deferred financing costs are capitalized and amortized to interest expense on a straight-line basis over the terms of the related financing arrangement. Accumulated amortization of deferred financing costs totaled $1.2 million and $1.0 million at December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively.

Deferred Lease Acquisition Costs

Costs incurred to procure operating leases are capitalized and amortized on a straight-line basis over the terms of the related lease. Accumulated amortization of deferred lease acquisition costs totaled $0.8 million and $0.5 million at December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively. The related amortization expense for

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deferred lease acquisition costs was $0.3 million, $0.3 million and $0.4 million for the years ended December 31, 2002, 2001, and 2000, respectively, which is included in management and leasing fees in the consolidated statements of income.

Intangible Lease Asset/Liability

On January 1, 2002, the Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 141 *Business Combinations,* and Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 142 *Goodwill and Intangibles* . These standards govern business combinations and asset acquisitions, and the accounting for acquired intangibles. As part of the acquisition of real estate assets, the Company determines whether an intangible asset or liability related to above or below market leases was acquired as part of the acquisition of the real estate. As a result of adopting the standards, amounts totaling $12.1 million have been recorded as intangible lease assets and $32.7 million have been recorded as intangible lease liabilities, relating to above and below market lease arrangements for properties acquired in 2002. The intangible assets and liabilities are recorded at their estimated fair market values at the date of acquisition, and are amortized over the remaining term of the respective lease to rental income. The weighted average amortization period for the intangible lease assets and liabilities was approximately 10 years and 9 years, respectively. These intangibles will be amortized as follows:

For the year ending December 31:	Intangible Lease Asset (000s)	Intangible Lease Liability (000s)
2003	$ 1,909	$ 4,144
2004	1,909	4,144
2005	1,807	4,144
2006	677	3,602
2007	677	2,842
Thereafter	5,081	13,821
	$ 12,060	$ 32,697

Investments in Bonds and Obligations Under Capital Leases

As a result of certain purchase transactions, the Company has acquired investments in bonds and certain obligations under capital leases. The Company records the bonds and obligations under capital leases at the amounts the Company expects to pay and receive. Because the Company is obligated to pay the indebtedness evidenced by the bonds, the Company has recorded these obligations as liabilities; however, since the Company is also the owner of the bonds, the bonds are carried on the Company s books as assets. The related offsetting interest amounts are recorded as interest income and interest expense in the period that the amounts accrue. See Note 5 for a more detailed discussion of the bonds and obligations under capital leases.

Notes Payable

All loans are measured at the stated principal amount, which approximates fair value. Interest is charged to interest expense as it accrues, except for interest qualifying for capitalization relating to properties under development.

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Dividends Payable and Distribution Policy

The Company will make distributions each taxable year (not including a return of capital for federal income tax purposes) equal to at least 90% of the Company s taxable income. The Company intends to make regular quarterly distributions to shareholders. Currently, dividends are declared in advance of the quarter to which they relate based on a daily rate for the upcoming quarter. Thus, shareholders are entitled to receive dividends immediately upon purchase of shares.

Dividends to be distributed to the shareholders are determined by the board of directors of the Company and are dependent upon a number of factors relating to the Company, including funds available for payment of dividends, financial condition, the timing of property acquisitions, capital expenditure requirements and annual distribution requirements in order to maintain the Company s status as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code.

Offering and Related Costs

Offering costs are charged by the Advisor for costs incurred by the Advisor for raising capital for the Company. Such costs include legal and accounting fees, printing costs, sales, promotional, and other offering costs. Such costs, as well as sales commissions and dealer manager fees associated with the offering of shares, which are currently 7% and 2.5%, respectively, of gross offering proceeds, are accounted for as a reduction of equity.

Treasury Stock

The Company currently has a share redemption plan in place whereby the Company acquires shares from shareholders, subject to certain limitations. The Company accounts for these share repurchases using the treasury stock method.

Revenue Recognition

All leases on real estate assets held by the Company or its subsidiaries are classified as operating leases, and the related rental income is recognized on a straight-line basis over the terms of the respective leases. Tenant reimbursements are recognized as revenue in the period that the related operating cost is incurred and therefore contractually earned and billable pursuant to the terms of the underlying lease. Rents paid in advance, which do not qualify for revenue recognition, are deferred to future periods.

Revenues earned relating to lease termination agreements are recognized at the time the tenant loses the right to lease the space and when the Company has earned the right to receive such payments.

Stock-Based Compensation

The Company has adopted the disclosure provisions in Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 *Accounting and Disclosure for Stock-Based Compensation* (SFAS 123). As permitted by the provisions of SFAS 123, the Company applies Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. *25 Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees* (APB 25) and the related interpretations in accounting for its stock option grants to members of the board of directors, and accordingly, does not recognize compensation cost in the consolidated statements of income but instead provides pro forma disclosure in the notes to the consolidated financial statements. For the years ended December 31, 2002, 2001, and 2000, stock option grants did not have any impact on the consolidated statements of income as the fair value at the date of issue for each grant is estimated at $0.

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Earnings Per Share

Earnings per share are calculated based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during each period. The weighted average number of common shares outstanding is identical for basic and fully diluted earnings per share. Outstanding stock options and warrants have been excluded from the diluted earnings per share calculation as their impact would be anti-dilutive using the treasury stock method, as the exercise price of the options and warrants exceed the stock offering price.

Financial Instruments

The Company considers its cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable, bonds, obligations under capital leases, notes payable, and interest rate swaps to meet the definition of financial instruments. At December 31, 2002 and 2001, the carrying value of the Company s financial instruments approximated their fair value. Notes payable bear interest based on variable interest rates that periodically adjust to market or are fixed rate debt that is due within twelve months.

Interest Rate Swap Agreements

On January 1, 2001, the Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 133 *Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities* (SFAS 133) as amended by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 137 *Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities Deferral of the Effective Date of SFAS 133* and Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 138 *Accounting for Certain Derivative Instruments and Certain Hedging Activities.* SFAS 133 requires recording all derivative instruments as assets or liabilities, measured at fair value in the consolidated balance sheet. The effect of adopting SFAS 133 did not have a material effect on the Company s consolidated financial statements.

The Company has entered into certain interest rate swap agreements to minimize the Company s exposure to increases in interest rates on certain variable interest rate agreements. At the time of entering into the agreement and on an ongoing basis, the Company considers effectiveness of the interest rate swap at hedging the Company s exposure to interest rate fluctuations. The Company recognizes interest rate swap agreements at fair value at each balance sheet date. If the agreement is deemed to effectively hedge the risk, the corresponding change in value is recorded as an adjustment to other comprehensive income. In the event that the swap is not effective, the corresponding change in fair value of the swap is recorded in the consolidated statements of income. Currently, each interest rate swap agreement entered into by the Company has been deemed effective and therefore reflected as a component of other comprehensive income, with no impact on the consolidated statements of income. The fair value of the swap agreements are included in prepaid and other assets or accounts payable and accrued expenses in the consolidated balance sheets. Net receipts and payments are recognized as adjustments to interest expense.

Income Taxes

The Company has elected to be taxed as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the Code), and has operated as such beginning with its taxable year ended December 31, 1998. To qualify as a REIT, the Company must meet certain organizational and operational requirements, including a requirement to currently distribute at least 90% (95% in 2000) of the REIT s ordinary taxable income to shareholders. As a REIT, the Company generally will not be subject to federal income tax on taxable income that it distributes to its shareholders. If the Company fails to qualify as a REIT in any taxable year, it will then be subject to federal income taxes on its taxable income at regular corporate rates and will not be permitted to qualify for treatment as a REIT for federal income tax purposes for four years following the year during which qualification is lost unless the Internal Revenue Service granted the Company relief under certain statutory provisions. Such an event could materially adversely affect the Company s net income and net cash available for distribution to shareholders. However, the Company believes that it is organized and operates in such a manner as to qualify for treatment as a REIT and intends to continue to operate in the foreseeable future in such a manner so that the Company will remain qualified as a REIT for federal income tax purposes. No provision for federal income taxes has been made in the accompanying consolidated financial statements, as the Company made distributions in excess of its taxable income in the years ended December 31, 2002, 2001, and 2000.

Restatement Adjustments and Disclosures

The Company and its joint ventures have historically reported property operating costs net of reimbursements from tenants as an expense in its consolidated statements of income. These costs include property taxes, property insurance, utilities, repairs and maintenance, management fees and other expenses related to the ownership and operation of the Company s properties that are required to be reimbursed by the properties tenants in accordance with the terms of their leases. In response to FASB Emerging Issues Task Force consensus reached in November 2001, the Company and its joint ventures will now present these reimbursements as revenue and the gross property operating costs as expenses. Consequently, the accompanying consolidated statements of income of the Company for the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000 have been restated to reflect the effects of this revised presentation.

	2001			2000		
	As Previously Reported (000s)	Restatement Adjustments (000s)	As Restated (000s)	As Previously Reported (000s)	Restatement Adjustments (000s)	As Restated (000s)
Revenues:						
Rental income	$ 44,204	$	$ 44,204	$ 20,505	$	$ 20,505
Tenant reimbursements		**6,830**	6,830		**2,318**	2,318
Equity in income of joint ventures	3,721		3,721	2,294		2,294
Take out fee	138	**(138)**				
Interest and other income	1,246	**275**	1,521	574		574
	49,309	**6,967**	56,276	23,373	**2,318**	25,691
Expenses:						
Depreciation	15,345		15,345	7,743		7,743
Interest expense	3,411	**770**	4,181	3,967	**233**	4,200
Amortization of deferred financing costs	770	**(770)**		233	**(233)**	
Property operating costs	4,129	**6,772**	10,901	888	**2,318**	3,206
Management and leasing fees	2,507		2,507	1,310		1,310
General and administrative	974	**195**	1,169	439		439
Legal and accounting	449		449	240		240
	27,585	**6,967**	34,552	14,820	**2,318**	17,138
Net income	$ 21,724	$	$ 21,724	$8,553	$	$8,553

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In addition, the condensed combined statements of income disclosed in Note 4 have also been restated to reflect the effects of this revised presentation.

Since this presentation does not impact the amount of reimbursements received or property operating costs incurred and requires equal adjustments to revenues and expenses, the adoption of this guidance will have no impact on the financial position, net income, earnings per share or cash flows of the Company.

Furthermore, the statements of income for the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000 have been revised to include disclosure of the weighted average shares outstanding for the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000.

3. REAL ESTATE ASSETS

The Company owns 100% interests in the following properties as of December 31, 2002. Operating results of the properties are included in the financial statements of the Company from the date of acquisition.

Property Name	Tenant	Lease Expiration	Property Location	Date Acquired	Purchase Price	Square Feet	Annual Rent
Nestle	Nestle USA, Inc.	8/2010	Glendale, CA	12/2002	$ 157,000,000	505,115	$ 14,844,799
Los Angeles (1)	Various other tenants						$ 29,065
Capital One	Capital One Services, Inc	3/2010	Glen Allen, VA	11/2002	$ 28,509,000	225,220	$ 786,573
Richmond (2)	Capital One Services, Inc	5/2004					913,076
	Capital One Services, Inc.	2/2010					940,249
Caterpillar	Caterpillar Financial Services Corporation	2/2015	Nashville, TN	11/2002	$ 61,525,000	312,297	$ 7,384,111
Nashville	Thoughtworks, Inc	5/2005					$ 162,944
	Highwoods Properties, Inc	9/2005					$ 129,946
NASA	National Aeronautics and Space Administration	7/2012	Washington, D.C.	11/2002	$ 345,000,000	948,800	$ 21,534,124
	Office of the Comptroller of the Currency	5/2006					$ 12,159,948
Daimler	Daimler Chrysler Services North America LLC	12/2011	Westlake, TX	9/2002	$ 25,100,000	130,290	$ 2,389,517
Chrysler Dallas							
Allstate	Allstate Insurance Company	8/2012	Indianapolis, IN	9/2002	$ 10,900,000	84,200	$ 1,246,164
Indianapolis	Holladay Property Services Midwest, Inc.	9/2006				5,756	$ 74,832
Intuit Dallas	Lacerte Software Corporation	6/2011	Plano, TX	9/2002	$ 26,500,000	166,238	$ 2,461,985

EDS Des Moines	EDS Information Services LLC	4/2012	Des Moines, IA	9/2002	$	26,500,000	405,000	$	2,389,500

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Property Name	Tenant	Lease Expiration	Property Location	Date Acquired	Purchase Price	Square Feet	Annual Rent
Federal Express Colorado Springs	Federal Express Corporation	10/2016	Colorado Springs, CO	9/2002	$ 26,000,000	155,808	$ 2,248,309
KeyBank Parsippany	KeyBank U.S.A., N.A.	2/2016	Parsippany, NJ	9/2002	$ 101,350,000	200,000	$ 3,800,000
	Gemini Technology Services	12/2013				204,515	$ 5,726,420
IRS Long Island (3)	IRS Collection	8/2005	Holtsville, NY	9/2002	$ 50,975,000	128,000	$ 5,029,380
	IRS Compliance	12/2011				50,949	$ 1,663,200
	IRS Daycare Facility	9/2004				12,100	$ 486,799
AmeriCredit Phoenix (4) (5)	AmeriCredit Financial Services, Inc.	12/2013	Chandler, AZ	8/2002	$ 24,700,000	153,494	$ 1,609,315
Harcourt Austin	Harcourt, Inc.	6/2016	Austin, TX	8/2002	$ 39,000,000	195,230	$ 3,353,040
Nokia Dallas	Nokia, Inc.	7/2009	Irving, TX	8/2002	$ 119,550,000	228,678	$ 4,413,485
	Nokia, Inc.	12/2010				223,470	$ 4,547,614
	Nokia, Inc.	7/2009				152,086	$ 3,024,990
Kraft Atlanta	Kraft Foods North America, Inc.	1/2012	Suwanee, GA	8/2002	$ 11,625,000	73,264	$ 945,106
	Perkin Elmer Instruments, LLC	11/2016				13,955	$ 198,580
BMG Greenville (1)	BMG Direct Marketing, Inc.	12/2010	Duncan, SC	7/2002	$ 26,900,000	473,398	$ 1,394,156
	BMG Music	12/2009				313,380	$ 763,600
Kerr-McGee (1) (4) (5)	Kerr-McGee Oil & Gas Corporation	8/2014	Houston, TX	7/2002	$ 15,760,000	100,000	$ 1,655,000
PacifiCare San Antonio	PacifiCare Health Systems, Inc.	11/2010	San Antonio, TX	7/2002	$ 14,650,000	142,500	$ 1,471,700
ISS Atlanta (6)	Internet Security Systems, Inc.	5/2013	Atlanta, GA	7/2002	$ 40,500,000	238,600	$ 4,055,985
MFS Phoenix	Massachusetts Financial Services Company	7/2011	Phoenix, AZ	6/2002	$ 25,800,000	148,605	$ 2,347,959
TRW Denver	TRW, Inc.	9/2007	Aurora, CO	5/2002	$ 21,060,000	108,240	$ 2,871,069
Agilent Boston (7)	Agilent Technologies, Inc.	9/2011	Boxborough, MA	5/2002	$ 31,742,274	174,585	$ 3,578,993
Experian/TRW	Experian Information Solutions, Inc.	10/2010	Allen, TX	5/2002	$ 35,150,000	292,700	$ 3,701,918
BellSouth Ft. Lauderdale (8)	BellSouth Advertising and Publishing Corporation	7/2008	Ft. Lauderdale, FL	4/2002	$ 6,850,000	47,400	$ 765,519
Agilent Atlanta (1)	Agilent Technologies, Inc.	9/2011	Alpharetta, GA	4/2002	$ 15,100,000	66,811	$ 1,368,289
	Koninklijke Philips Electronics N.V.	9/2011				34,396	$ 704,430
Travelers Express Denver	Travelers Express Company, Inc.	3/2012	Lakewood, CO	4/2002	$ 10,395,845	68,165	$ 1,012,250
Dana Kalamazoo (9)	Dana Corporation	10/2021	Kalamazoo, MI	3/2002	$ 41,950,000	147,004	$ 1,842,800
Dana Detroit (9)	Dana Corporation	10/2021	Farmington Hills, MI	3/2002	$ 41,950,000	112,480	$ 2,330,600
Novartis Atlanta (1)	Novartis Opthalmics, Inc.	7/2011	Duluth, GA	3/2002	$ 15,000,000	100,087	$ 1,454,765

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Property Name	Tenant	Lease Expiration	Property Location	Date Acquired	Purchase Price	Square Feet	Annual Rent
Transocean Houston	Transocean Deepwater Offshore Drilling, Inc.	3/2011	Houston, TX	3/2002	$ 22,000,000	103,260	$ 2,103,285
	Newpark Drilling Fluids, Inc.	10/2009				52,731	$ 1,153,227
Vertex Sarasota (formerly, Arthur Andersen) (10)	Vertex Tax Technology	10/2009	Sarasota, FL	1/2002	$ 21,400,000	157,700	$ 621,257
Windy Point I (11)	TCI Great Lakes, Inc.	11/2009	Schaumburg, IL	12/2001	$ 32,225,000	129,157 28,322	$ 2,128,503
	The Apollo Group, Inc.	7/2009				22,028	$ 477,226
	Global Knowledge Network	4/2010				8,884	$ 393,776
	Various other tenants	Various					$ 141,010
Windy Point II (11)	Zurich American Insurance	8/2011	Schaumburg, IL	12/2001	$ 57,050,000	300,034	$ 5,244,594
Convergys	Convergys Customer Management Group, Inc.	9/2011	Tamarac, FL	12/2001	$ 13,255,000	100,000	$ 1,279,397
Lucent	Lucent Technologies, Inc.	9/2011	Cary, NC	9/2001	$ 17,650,000	120,000	$ 1,854,000
Ingram Micro (6)	Ingram Micro, L.P.	9/2011	Millington, TN	9/2001	$ 21,050,000	701,819	$ 2,035,275
Nissan (1) (4) (5)	Nissan Motor Acceptance Corporation	3/2013	Irving, TX	9/2001	$ 42,259,000	268,290	$ 4,225,860
IKON	IKON Office Solutions, Inc.	4/2010	Houston, TX	9/2001	$ 20,650,000	157,790	$ 2,015,767
State Street	SSB Realty, LLC	3/2011	Quincy, MA	7/2001	$ 49,563,000	234,668	$ 6,922,706
Metris Minnesota (1)	Metris Direct, Inc.	12/2011	Minnetonka, MN	12/2000	$ 52,800,000	300,633	$ 4,960,445
Stone & Webster	Stone & Webster, Inc. SYSCO Corporation	12/2010	Houston, TX	12/2000	$ 44,970,000	206,048	$ 4,533,056
		9/2008				106,516	$ 2,130,320
Motorola Plainfield (1)	Motorola, Inc.	10/2010	S. Plainfield, NJ	11/2000	$ 33,648,156	236,710	$ 3,324,428
Delphi (1)	Delphi Automotive Systems, LLC	4/2007	Troy, MI	6/2000	$ 19,800,000	107,193	$ 1,955,520
Avnet (1) (8)	Avnet, Inc.	4/2010	Tempe, AZ	6/2000	$ 13,250,000	132,070	$ 1,516,164
Motorola Tempe (8)	Motorola, Inc.	8/2005	Tempe, AZ	3/2000	$ 16,000,000	133,225	$ 2,054,329
ASML (1) (8)	ASM Lithography, Inc.	6/2013	Tempe, AZ	3/2000	$ 17,355,000	95,133	$ 1,927,788
Dial (1)	Dial Corporation	8/2008	Scottsdale, AZ	3/2000	$ 14,250,000	129,689	$ 1,387,672
Metris Tulsa	Metris Direct, Inc.	1/2010	Tulsa, OK	2/2000	$ 12,700,000	101,100	$ 1,187,925
Cinemark (1)	Cinemark USA, Inc.	12/2009	Plano, TX	12/1999	$ 21,800,000	65,521	$ 1,366,491
	The Coca-Cola Company	11/2006				52,587	$ 1,406,268

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Property Name	Tenant	Lease Expiration	Property Location	Date Acquired	Purchase Price	Square Feet	Annual Rent
Videojet Technologies Chicago (1)	Videojet Technologies, Inc.	11/2011	Wood Dale, IL	9/1999	$ 32,630,940	250,354	$ 3,376,743
Alstom Power Richmond (4) (1)	Alstom Power, Inc.	7/2007	Midlothian, VA	7/1999	$ 11,400,000	99,057	$ 1,244,501
Matsushita (4) (1)	Matsushita Avionics Systems Corporation	1/2007	Lake Forest, CA	3/1999	$ 18,431,206	144,906	$ 1,998,768
AT&T Pennsylvania (1)	Pennsylvania Cellular Telephone Corp.	11/2008	Harrisburg, PA	2/1999	$ 12,291,200	81,859	$ 1,468,529
Eisenhower Boulevard (formerly, PwC) (1)	IBM (formerly, PricewaterhouseCoopers, LLP)	12/2008	Tampa, FL	12/1998	$ 21,127,854	130,091	$ 2,093,382

(1) Property is security for a debt facility.
(2) The previous owner has provided a guarantee of the Capital One leases for a specified period subsequent to the acquisition of the buildings, whereby the previous owner agrees to pay any rental shortfall, but also has the right to repurchase one of the buildings under certain terms.
(3) Excludes space subject to earn-out agreement.
(4) Includes the actual costs incurred or estimate to be incurred by Company to develop and construct the building in addition to the purchase price of the land.
(5) The related lease agreement and annual rent for the Americredit Phoenix, Kerr McGee and Nissan Properties do not take effect until construction of the building is completed and the tenant is occupying the building.
(6) Property is subject to capital lease obligation.
(7) In connection with the acquisition of the property, the Company assumed the obligation as landlord to provide the tenant $3.4 million for tenant improvements, of which $1.1 million had not been incurred at December 31, 2002.
(8) Property is subject to operating ground lease obligation.
(9) Dana Kalamazoo and Dana Detroit were purchased for an aggregate purchase price of $41,950,000.
(10) At December 31, 2002, 111,000 square feet, or approximately 70%, of the property was vacant and unleased as a result of the Company negotiating a lease termination agreement with the former tenant whereby the Company received approximately $1.0 million in cash and a 1.3 acre tract of land adjacent to the property which is used for parking.
(11) Windy Point I and Windy Point II were purchased for an aggregate purchase price of $89,275,000.

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4. INVESTMENTS IN JOINT VENTURES

At December 31, 2002, the Company, through its ownership in Wells OP, owns interests in certain properties through joint ventures with affiliates as outlined below:

Joint Venture	Joint Venture Partners	Ownership Percentage	Properties Held by Joint Venture
Fund XIII-REIT Joint Venture	Wells OP	61%	AmeriCredit Building
	Wells Real Estate Fund XIII, L.P.		ADIC Buildings
			John Wiley Building
Fund XII-REIT Joint Venture	Wells OP	55%	Siemens Building
	Wells Real Estate Fund XII, L.P.		AT&T Oklahoma Buildings
			Comdata Building
Fund XI-XII-REIT Joint Venture	Wells OP	57%	EYBL CarTex Building
	Wells Real Estate Fund XI, L.P.		Sprint Building
	Wells Real Estate Fund XII, L.P.		Johnson Matthey Building
			Gartner Building
Fund IX-X-XI-REIT Joint Venture	Wells OP	4%	Alstom Power Knoxville Building
	Wells Real Estate Fund IX, L.P.		Ohmeda Building
	Wells Real Estate Fund X, L.P.		Interlocken Building
	Wells Real Estate Fund XI, L.P.		Avaya Building
			Iomega Building
Wells/Freemont Associates Joint Venture	Wells OP	78%	Fairchild Building
(the Freemont Joint Venture)	Fund X-XI Joint Venture		
Wells/Orange County Associates Joint Venture	Wells OP	44%	Cort Building
(the Orange County Joint Venture)	Fund X-XI Joint Venture		
Fund VIII-IX-REIT Joint Venture	Wells OP	16%	Quest Building
	Fund VIII-IX Joint Venture		

Details of the properties owned by the Company through Wells OP s joint venture investments are as follows.

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Property Name	Tenant	Lease Expiration	Property Location	Date Acquired	Purchase Price	Square Feet	Annual Rent
John Wiley Indianapolis (1)	John Wiley & Sons, Inc.	10/2009	Fishers, IN	12/2002	$ 17,450,000	141,047	$ 1,940,892
	United Student Aid Funds, Inc.	7/2005					$ 223,401
	Robert Half International, Inc.	4/2005					$ 55,500
ADIC (1)	Advanced Digital Information Corporation	10/2011	Parker, CO	12/2001	$ 12,954,213	148,204	$ 1,247,137
AmeriCredit (1)	AmeriCredit Financial Services Corporation	6/2011	Orange Park, FL	7/2001	$ 12,500,000	85,000	$ 1,336,200
Comdata (1)	Comdata Network, Inc.	5/2016	Brentwood, TN	5/2001	$ 24,950,000	201,237	$ 2,458,638
AT&T Oklahoma (1)	AT&T Corp.	8/2010	Oklahoma City, OK	12/2000	$ 15,300,000	103,500	$ 1,242,000
	Jordan Associates, Inc.	12/2008				25,000	$ 294,504
Quest (1)	Quest Software, Inc.	1/2004	Irvine, CA	7/2000	$ 7,193,000	65,006	$ 1,287,119
Siemens (1)	Siemens Automotive Corp.	8/2010	Troy, MI	5/2000	$ 14,265,000	77,054	$ 1,374,643
Gartner (1)	The Gartner Group, Inc.	1/2008	Ft. Myers, FL	9/1999	$ 8,320,000	62,400	$ 830,656
Johnson Matthey (1)	Johnson Matthey, Inc.	6/2007	Wayne, PA	8/1999	$ 8,000,000	130,000	$ 854,750
Sprint (1)	Sprint Communications Company, L.P.	5/2007	Leawood, KS	7/1999	$ 9,500,000	68,900	$ 1,102,400
EYBL CarTex (2)	EYBL CarTex, Inc.		Fountain Inn, SC	5/1999	$ 5,085,000	169,510	
Cort Furniture (1)	Cort Furniture Rental Corporation	10/2003	Fountain Valley, CA	7/1998	$ 6,400,000	52,000	$ 834,888
Fairchild (1)	Fairchild Technologies U.S.A., Inc.	11/2004	Fremont, CA	7/1998	$ 8,900,000	58,424	$ 945,564
Avaya (1)	Avaya, Inc.	1/2008	Oklahoma City, OK	6/1998	$ 5,504,276	57,186	$ 536,977
Iomega (1)	Iomega Corporation	4/2009	Ogden, UT	7/1998	$ 5,025,000	108,250	$ 539,958
Interlocken (3)	GAIAM, Inc.	5/2005	Broomfield, CO	3/1998	$ 8,275,000	51,975	$ 574,464
	ODS Technologies, L.P. Infocenter	9/2003					$ 205,835
		5/2005					$ 69,840
Ohmeda (1)	Ohmeda, Inc.	1/2005	Louisville, CO	2/1998	$ 10,325,000	106,750	$ 1,004,517
Alstom Power Knoxville (1)	Alstom Power, Inc.	11/2007	Knoxville, TN	3/1997	$ 7,900,000	84,404	$ 1,059,522

(1) Property is 100% leased as of December 31, 2002.
(2) The tenant vacated the space in November 2002 and filed for corporate dissolution in December 2002.
(3) Property is 75% leased as of December 31, 2002.

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The investment objectives of each joint venture in which Wells OP is a partner are consistent with those of the Company. Wells OP is acting as the initial administrative venturer, as defined in the respective joint venture agreements, of each of the joint ventures included above, and as such, is responsible for establishing policies and operating procedures with respect to the business and affairs of each of these joint ventures. However, approval of the other joint venturers is required for any major decision or any action that materially affects these joint ventures or their real property investments.

Wells OP s investment balance and percentage ownership in joint ventures at December 31, 2002 and 2001 are summarized as follows:

	2002		2001	
	Amount (000s)	Percent	Amount (000s)	Percent
Fund VIII, IX, and REIT Joint Venture	**$ 1,089**	**16%**	$ 1,189	16%
Fund IX, X, XI, and REIT Joint Venture	**1,246**	**4**	1,290	4
Wells/Orange County Associates	**2,641**	**44**	2,740	44
Wells/Fremont Associates	**6,340**	**78**	6,576	78
Fund XI, XII, and REIT Joint Venture	**16,361**	**57**	17,188	57
Fund XII and REIT Joint Venture	**29,343**	**55**	30,300	55
Fund XIII and REIT Joint Venture	**26,895**	**61**	18,127	68
	$ 83,915		$ 77,410	

The following is a reconciliation of Wells OP s investment in joint ventures for the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001:

	2002 (000s)	2001 (000s)
Investment in joint ventures, beginning of year	**$ 77,410**	$ 44,236
Equity in income of joint ventures	**4,700**	3,721
Contributions to joint ventures	**9,275**	35,086
Distributions from joint ventures	**(7,470)**	(5,633)
Investment in joint ventures, end of year	**$ 83,915**	$ 77,410

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Condensed combined financial information for all joint ventures as of December 31, 2002 and 2001, and for the years ended December 31, 2002, 2001 and 2000 is as follows:

Condensed Combined Balance Sheets

	2002 (000s)	2001 (000s)
Assets:		
Real estate assets	**$ 178,637**	$ 166,507
Cash	**4,780**	4,827
Accounts receivable	**2,073**	2,139
Other assets	**556**	692
Total adjustments	**$ 186,046**	$ 174,165
Liabilities and partners equity		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	**1,071**	1,152
Distributions payable	**3,777**	3,968
Total liabilities	**4,848**	5,120
Partners equity	**181,198**	169,045
Total liabilities and partners equity	**$ 186,046**	$ 174,165

Condensed Combined Statements of Income

	2002 (000s)	2001 (000s)	2000 (000s)
Revenues:			
Rental income	$ 19,167	$ 15,931	$ 10,895
Tenant reimbursements (1)	1,849	2,251(1)	1,768(1)
Other income	46	105	79
Total revenues	**21,062**	18,287	12,742
Expenses:			
Depreciation	6,470	5,516	3,489
Operating expenses (1)	2,898	2,399(1)	1,774(1)
Management and leasing fees	1,123	978	675
Total expenses	**10,491**	8,893	5,938
Net Income	**$ 10,571**	$ 9,394	$ 6,804

(1) Amounts have been restated to reflect tenant reimbursements of $2,251,000 in 2001, and $1,768,000 in 2000 as revenue and gross operating costs as expenses as described in the Restatement Adjustments and Disclosures section of Note 2.

The Company has historically presented the condensed balance sheets, statements of income, statements of partners capital, and statements of cash flows for each joint venture investment in the notes to the consolidated financial statements, although such disclosure is not required. In prior years, the joint venture investments had a more significant impact on the financial position and results of operations of the Company. However, with the continued acquisition of properties in the current year, the significance of the joint venture investments has been diluted. Management has determined that inclusion of the information presented in prior years is unnecessary due to the insignificance of the joint ventures as a percentage of total assets and net income.

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5. INVESTMENTS IN BONDS AND OBLIGATIONS UNDER CAPITAL LEASES

In connection with the purchase of a ground leasehold interest in the Ingram Micro Distribution Facility pursuant to a Bond Real Property Lease dated December 20, 1995 (the Ingram Bond Lease), Wells OP acquired an Industrial Development Revenue Note (the Ingram Bond) dated December 20, 1995 in the principal amount of $22 million. As part of the same transaction, Wells OP also acquired a Fee Construction Mortgage Deed of Trust Assignment of Rents and Leases (the Ingram Bond Deed of Trust), also dated December 20, 1995, which was executed by the Industrial Development Board in order to secure the Ingram Bond. The Ingram Bond Lease expires on December 31, 2026. Beginning in 2006, the Company has the option to purchase the land underlying the Ingram Micro Distribution Facility for $100 plus satisfaction of the indebtedness.

As part of the transaction to acquire a ground leasehold interest in the ISS Atlanta Buildings, Wells OP was assigned Development Authority of Fulton County Taxable Revenue Bonds totaling $32.5 million, which were originally issued in connection with the development of the ISS Atlanta Buildings (the ISS Bonds). The ISS Bonds entitle Wells OP to certain property tax abatement benefits. Upon payment of the outstanding balance on the ISS Bonds, on or before the expiration of the ground lease on December 1, 2015, fee title interest to the underlying land will be transferred to Wells OP.

The net carrying value of the ISS Atlanta Buildings and Ingram Micro Building is $62.4 million at December 31, 2002. Depreciation of the assets under capital leases is included with depreciation expense in the consolidated statements of income.

6. BORROWINGS

The Company has financed its investments, acquisitions, and developments through various lenders as described below. On December 31, 2002 and 2001, the Company had the following amounts outstanding:

Facility	2002 (000s)	2001 (000s)
$110 million Bank of America Line of Credit, accruing interest at LIBOR plus 175 basis points (3.31% at December 31, 2002), requiring interest payments monthly with principal due at maturity (May 11, 2004), collateralized by the Videojet Technologies Chicago Building, the AT&T Pennsylvania Building, the Matsushita Building, the Metris Minnesota Building, the Motorola Plainfield Building, and the Delphi Building	$ 58,000	$
$98.138 million SouthTrust Bank Line of Credit, accruing interest at LIBOR plus 175 basis points (3.31% at December 31, 2002), requiring interest payments monthly and principal due at maturity (June 10, 2003); collateralized by the Novartis Building, the Cinemark Building, the Dial Building, the ASML Building, the Alstom Power Richmond Building, the Avnet Building, the Agilent Atlanta Building, and the Eisenhower Boulevard Building (formerly the PWC Building)	61,399	7,655
$90 million note payable to Landesbank Schleswig-Hostein Gironzentrale, Kiel, accruing interest at LIBOR plus 115 basis points, currently locked at 2.53% through July 2, 2003 (2.53% at December 31, 2002), requiring interest payments monthly, with principal due at maturity (December 20, 2006), collateralized by the Nestle Building	90,000	

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Facility	2002 (000s)	2001 (000s)
$34.2 million construction loan payable to Bank of America, accruing interest LIBOR plus 200 basis points (3.57% at December 31, 2002), requiring interest payments monthly and principal due at maturity (July 30, 2003), collateralized by the Nissan Property (1)	**23,149**	469
$13.7 million construction loan payable to Bank of America, accruing interest at LIBOR plus 200 basis points (3.57% at December 31, 2002), requiring interest payments monthly, with principal due at maturity (January 29, 2004), collateralized by the Kerr-McGee Property (1)	**4,038**	
$8.8 million note payable to Prudential, accruing interest at 8%, requiring interest and principal payments monthly with any unamortized principal due at maturity (December 15, 2003), collateralized by the BMG Buildings	**8,709**	
$2.9 million note payable to Prudential, accruing interest at 8.5%, requiring interest payments monthly with principal due at maturity (December 15, 2003), collateralized by the BMG Buildings	**2,900**	
Total borrowings	**$ 248,195**	$ 8,124

(1) The Company has entered into an interest rate swap for this construction loan. Refer to Note 7 for details of the interest rate swap agreements.

The Company s weighted average interest rate at December 31, 2002 for the aforementioned borrowings was approximately 3.3%. Cash paid for interest, including amounts capitalized was $4.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2002.

The following table summarizes the scheduled aggregate principal repayments, for the five years subsequent to December 31, 2002:

For the year ending December 31:	Amount (000s)
2003	$ 96,157
2004	62,038
2005	
2006	90,000
2007	
Thereafter	
Total	$ 248,195

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The debt agreements contain requirements with regard to certain operating and financial covenants, including, but not limited to, maintaining insurance on the properties, distribution limits, and other financial ratios. For the year ended December 31, 2002, the Company was in violation of a debt covenant which limits the amount of the Company s dividend payments to the Company s funds from operations for the period. The lender provided a waiver for this violation for the year ended December 31, 2002. The Company s compliance with this covenant in periods subsequent to December 31, 2002 will be dependent upon the future operations and dividends of the Company. Management projects that distributions will not exceed funds from operations for the year ended December 31, 2003.

7. INTEREST RATE SWAP AGREEMENTS

The Company has entered into interest rate swap agreements with Bank of America in order to hedge its interest rate exposure on the Bank of America construction loans for the Nissan Property (the Nissan Loan) and the Kerr McGee Property (the Kerr McGee Loan). The interest rate swap agreements involve the exchange of amounts based on a fixed interest rate for amounts based on a variable interest rate over the life of the loan agreement without an exchange of the notional amount upon which the payments are based. The notional amount of both interest rate swaps is the balance outstanding on the construction loan on the payment date.

The interest rate swap for the Nissan Loan became effective January 15, 2002 and terminates on June 15, 2003. The Company, as the fixed rate payer, has an interest rate of 3.9%, plus 200 basis points. Bank of America, the variable rate payer, pays at a rate equal to U.S. dollar LIBOR on the payment date. The result is an effective interest rate of 5.9% on the Nissan Loan.

The interest rate swap for the Kerr McGee Loan became effective September 15, 2002 and terminates on July 15, 2003. The Company as the fixed rate payer has an interest rate of 2.27%, plus 200 basis points. Bank of America, the variable rate payer, pays at a rate equal to U.S. dollar LIBOR on the payment date. The result is an effective interest rate of 4.27% on the Kerr McGee Loan.

For the year ended December 31, 2002, the Company made interest payments totaling approximately $0.2 million under the terms of the interest rate swap agreements. At December 31, 2002, the combined estimated fair value of the interest rate swaps for the Nissan Loan and the Kerr McGee Loan was approximately $(0.4 million).

8. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Take Out Purchase and Escrow Agreement

The Advisor and it s affiliates have developed a program (the Wells Section 1031 Program) involving the acquisition by a subsidiary of Wells Management Company (Wells Exchange) of income-producing commercial properties and the formation of a series of single member limited liability companies for the purpose of facilitating the resale of co-tenancy interests in such real estate properties to be owned in co-tenancy arrangements with persons (1031 Participants) who are seeking to invest the proceeds from a sale of real estate held for investment in another real estate investment for purposes of qualifying for like-kind exchange treatment under Section 1031 of the Code. The acquisition of each of the properties acquired by Wells Exchange will be financed by a combination of permanent first mortgage financing and interim loan financing obtained from institutional lenders.

Following the acquisition of each property, Wells Exchange will attempt to sell co-tenancy interests to 1031 Participants, the proceeds of which will be used to repay a prorata portion of the interim financing. In

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consideration for the payment of a take out fee to Wells OP, and following approval of the potential property acquisition by the Company s board of directors, it is anticipated that Wells OP will enter into a take out purchase and escrow agreement or similar contract providing that, in the event that Wells Exchange is unable to sell all of the co-tenancy interests in that particular property to 1031 Participants, Wells OP will purchase, at Wells Exchange s cost, any co-tenancy interests remaining unsold at the end of the offering period.

Ford Motor Credit Transaction

As a part of the initial transaction in the Wells Section 1031 Program, and in consideration for the payment of a take out fee in the amount of $0.1 million to the Company, Wells OP entered into a take out purchase and escrow agreement dated April 16, 2001. However, Wells OP was not required to satisfy any of the requirements under the agreement as all co-tenancy interests were sold prior to the extended deadline. The pay off of the loan on April 12, 2002 by Wells Exchange-Federal Drive-Colorado Springs, LLC triggered the release of Wells OP from its prior obligations under the take out agreement. The $0.1 million take out fee was recognized as income in 2001.

Meadow Brook Corporate Park Transaction

The second transaction in the Section 1031 Exchange Program involves the acquisition by Wells Exchange-Meadow Brook Park, Birmingham, LLC (Wells Exchange-Meadow Brook Park), a wholly owned subsidiary of Wells Management Company, and resale of co-tenancy interests in two single tenant office buildings each containing approximately 98,216 rentable square feet located in Birmingham, Alabama (Meadow Brook Corporate Park) currently under lease agreements with Allstate Insurance Company and Computer Sciences Corporation. Wells Exchange-Meadow Brook Park is currently engaged in the offer and sale of co-tenancy interests in the Meadow Brook Corporate Park to 1031 Participants.

In consideration for the payment of a take out fee in the amount of $0.2 million, which was recognized as income in the year ended December 31, 2002, Wells OP entered into a take out purchase and escrow Agreement relating to the Meadow Brook Corporate Park. Pursuant to the terms of the take out purchase and escrow agreement, Wells OP is obligated to acquire, at Wells Exchange-Meadow Brook Park s cost ($0.4 million in cash for each 2.9994% co-tenancy interest), any co-tenancy interests in the Meadow Brook Corporate Park that remain unsold on September 30, 2003.

The obligation of Wells OP under the Take Out Purchase and Escrow Agreement relating to Meadow Brook Corporate Park is secured by a line of credit with Bank of America, N.A. (BOA). If, for any reason, Wells OP fails to acquire any of the co-tenancy interests in the Meadow Brook Corporate Park which remain unsold as of September 30, 2003, or if there is otherwise an uncured default under the interim loan, BOA is authorized to draw down on Wells OP s line of credit in the amount necessary to pay the outstanding balance of the interim loan in full, in which event the appropriate amount of unsold co-tenancy interests in the Meadow Brook Corporate Park would be deeded to Wells OP. Wells OP s maximum economic exposure in the transaction is $14 million, in which event Wells OP would acquire the Meadow Brook Corporate Park for $14 million in cash plus assumption of the first mortgage financing in the amount of $13.9 million. If Wells Exchange-Meadow Brook Park successfully sells 100% of the co-tenancy interests to 1031 participants, Wells OP will not acquire any interest in the Meadow Brook Corporate Park. If some, but not all, of the co-tenancy interests are sold by Wells Exchange-Meadow Brook Park, Wells OP s exposure would be less, and it would end up owning an interest in the property in co-tenancy with 1031 Participants who had previously acquired co-tenancy interests in the Meadow Brook Corporate Park from Wells Exchange-Meadow Brook Park.

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Letters of Credit

At December 31, 2002, Wells OP had three unused letters of credit totaling approximately $19.7 million outstanding from financial institutions, consisting of letters of credit of approximately $14.5 million; $4.8 million; and $0.4 million with expiration dates of February 28, 2004; August 12, 2003; and February 2, 2004; respectively. These amounts are not recorded in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2002. These letters of credit were required by three unrelated parties to ensure completion of the Company s obligations under certain earn-out and construction agreements. Management does not anticipate a need to draw on these letters of credit.

Properties Under Contract

At December 31, 2002, the Company has a contract to acquire a third building at the Company s ISS Atlanta Buildings development upon completion of construction for a fixed purchase price of $10.0 million. The property is currently under construction, with an expected completion date in June 2003.

Commitments Under Existing Lease Agreements

Certain lease agreements include provisions that, at the option of the tenant, the Company may be obligated to expend certain amounts of capital to expand an existing property, construct on adjacent property, or provide other expenditures for the benefit of the tenant, which would then be leased to the tenant upon completion, in favor of additional rental revenue. No such options have been exercised by tenants.

Properties Under Construction

Wells OP has entered into an agreement with an independent third-party general contractor for the purpose of designing and constructing a three-story office building containing 268,290 rentable square feet on the Nissan Property. The construction agreement provides that Wells OP will pay the contractor a fee of $25.3 million for the design and construction of the building, plus $5.6 million for acquisition of the land. Construction commenced in January 2002 and the building was completed in February 2003. Construction was funded through a construction loan with Bank of America (see Note 6). As of December 31, 2002, approximately $25.7 million of costs had been incurred to construct the property, with minimal additional costs incurred subsequently to complete the building.

Wells OP has entered into an agreement with an independent third-party general contractor for the purpose of developing, designing, and constructing the Kerr-McGee Building. The building s completion is projected for July 2003. Construction is being funded through the construction loan with Bank of America (see Note 6). The total anticipated aggregate of all costs and expenses to be incurred by Wells OP with respect to the acquisition of the Kerr-McGee Property and the planning design, development, construction, and completion of the Kerr-McGee Building will total approximately $15.8 million, plus $2.1 million for acquisition of the land. At December 31, 2002, $5.4 million had been incurred.

Wells OP has entered into an agreement with an independent third-party general contractor for the purpose of designing and constructing the Americredit Phoenix Building. Construction commenced in September 2002 with budgeted costs of $24.7 million with scheduled completion in May 2003. The cost of the underlying land was $2.7 million. Construction is being funded through the use of investor proceeds. As of December 31, 2002, approximately $6.3 million of costs had been incurred to construct the property, with an additional $15.7 million of additional costs anticipated to compete the building.

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Earn-out Agreements

As part of the acquisition of the IRS Building, the Company entered into an agreement whereby the Company is obligated to pay the seller an additional $14.5 million if the Company or the seller locates a suitable tenant and leases the vacant space of the building within 18 months after the date of acquisition of the property, or March 2004. If the space is not leased within this time, the Company is released from any obligation to pay this additional purchase consideration. The 26% of the building that was unleased at the time of acquisition remains unleased at December 31, 2002.

Leasehold Property Obligations

The ASML, Motorola Tempe, Avnet, and Bellsouth Ft. Lauderdale Buildings are subject to certain ground leases with expiration dates of 2082, 2082, 2083, and 2049, respectively. Required payments, under the terms of the leases are as follows at December 31, 2002, in thousands:

	Amount (000s)
2003	$ 726
2004	726
2005	726
2006	726
2007	726
Thereafter	92,366
Total	$95,996

Ground rent expense for the years ended December 31, 2002, 2001, and 2000 was approximately $0.7 million, $0.7 million, and $0.5 million, respectively. The net book value of the related land improvements subject to operating leases is $50.3 million at December 31, 2002.

Pending Litigation

In the normal course of business, the Company and its subsidiaries may become subject to litigation or claims. In November 2002, Shoreview Associates LLC (Shoreview), the owner of an office building located in Ramsey County, Minnesota that Wells OP had contracted to purchase, filed a lawsuit against Wells OP in state court in Minnesota alleging that Shoreview was entitled to the $750,000 in earnest money that Wells OP had deposited under the contract. Wells OP has filed a counterclaim in the case asserting that it is entitled to the $750,000 earnest money deposit. Procedurally, Wells OP had the case transferred to U.S. District Court in Minnesota, and Shoreview has moved to transfer the case back to state court. The dispute currently remains in litigation. After consultation with legal counsel, management does not believe that a reserve for a loss contingency is necessary.

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9. SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY

General

Under the Company s Articles of Incorporation, the total number of shares of stock authorized for issuance is 1 billion, consisting of 750 million common shares, 100 million preferred shares, and 150 million shares-in-trust, each as defined by the Company s Articles of Incorporation as amended and restated on June 26, 2002.

The common shares shall have a par value of $0.01 per share and shall entitle the holders to one vote per share on all matters upon which shareholders, subject to the express terms of any series preferred shares, are entitled to vote pursuant to the Articles of Incorporation.

The Company is authorized to issue one or more series of preferred shares. Prior to the issuance of such shares, the board of directors shall fix the number of shares outstanding to be included in each series, and the designation, preferences, terms, rights, restrictions, limitations and qualifications and terms and conditions of redemption of the shares of each class or series. As of December 31, 2002, the Company has not issued any preferred shares.

In order to ensure that certain ownership restrictions are not violated and the Company s REIT status is not violated, the Articles of Incorporation of the Company authorize the Company to issue certain shares-in-trust and exchange these for such shares causing violation. Such shares shall be deemed transferred to and held in a trust established on behalf of the violator and administered by the trustee, as defined in the Articles of Incorporation. Such shares-in-trust shall be issued and outstanding stock of the Company and are entitled to the same rights and privileges as all other shares of the same class or series, except that the trust will receive all distributions on such shares, the trustee will be entitled to the vote associated with the shares-in-trust, and shares-in-trust are not transferable. Upon liquidation, such shares-in-trust shall be treated consistently with all other shares of the same class or series. As of December 31, 2002, the Company has not issued any shares-in-trust.

2000 Employee Stock Option Plan

On June 28, 2000, the shareholders approved the 2000 Employee Stock Option Plan of Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. (the Employee Option Plan), which provides for grants of non-qualified stock options to be made to selected employees of Wells Capital and Wells Management, subject to the discretion of the Compensation Committee and the limitations of the Employee Option Plan. A total of 750,000 shares have been authorized and reserved for issuance under the Employee Option Plan. At December 31, 2002, no stock options have been granted or exercised under the Employee Stock Option Plan; therefore, 750,000 shares are available for issue.

The exercise price for the employee options shall be the greater of (1) $11.00 per share, or (2) the Fair Market Value, as defined in the Employee Option Plan, of the shares on the date the option is granted. The Compensation Committee has the authority to set the term and vesting period of the stock option except that no option shall have a term greater than five years from the later of (1) the date the Company s shares are listed on a national securities exchange, or (2) the date the stock option is granted. In the event that the Compensation Committee determines that the potential benefits of the stock options may be inappropriately diluted or enlarged as a result of a certain corporate transaction or event, the Compensation Committee may adjust the number and kind of shares or the exercise price with respect to any option. Upon exercise, the employee agrees to remain in the employment of Wells Capital or Wells Management for a period of one year after the date of grant. No stock option may be exercised if such exercise would jeopardize the Company s status as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code. No option may be sold, pledged, assigned or transferred by an employee in any manner other than by will or the laws of descent or distribution.

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Independent Director Stock Option Plan

On June 16, 1999, the shareholders approved the Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. Independent Director Stock Option Plan (the Independent Director Plan), which provides for grants of stock to be made to independent non-employee directors of the Company. A total of 100,000 shares have been authorized and reserved for issuance under the Independent Director Plan. At December 31, 2002, 41,000 options have been granted, with 59,000 available to be granted.

Options to purchase 2,500 shares of common stock at the greater of (1) $12 per share or (2) the Fair Market Value, as defined in the Independent Director Plan, are granted upon initially becoming an independent director of the Company, or at the date of the approval of the Independent Stock Option Plan for existing independent directors. Of these shares, 20% are exercisable immediately on the date of grant. An additional 20% of these shares become exercisable on each anniversary following the date of grant for a period of four years. Additionally, effective on the date of each annual meeting of shareholders of the Company, beginning in 2000, each independent director will be granted an option to purchase 1,000 additional shares of common stock. These options are 100% exercisable at the completion of two years of service after the date of grant. All options granted under the Independent Director Plan expire no later than the date immediately following the tenth anniversary of the date of grant and may expire sooner in the event of the disability or death of the independent director or if the independent director ceases to serve as a director. In the event that the potential benefits of the stock options may be inappropriately diluted or enlarged as a result of a certain corporate transaction or event, a corresponding adjustment to the consideration payable with respect to all stock options shall be made. No option may be sold, pledged, assigned or transferred by an independent director in any manner other than by will or the laws of descent or distribution.

A summary of the Company s stock option activity for the years ended December 31, 2002, 2001, and 2000 is as follows:

	Number	Exercise Price	Exercisable
Outstanding at December 31, 1999	17,500	$ 12	
Granted in 2000	7,000	12	
Outstanding at December 31, 2000	24,500	12	7,000
Granted in 2001	7,000	12	
Outstanding at December 31, 2001	31,500	12	10,500
Granted in 2002	9,500	12	
Outstanding at December 31, 2002	41,000	12	21,500

For SFAS 123 purposes, the fair value of each stock option for 2002, 2001, and 2000 has been estimated as of the date of the grant using the Black-Scholes minimum value method. The weighted average risk-free interest rates assumed for 2002, 2001 and 2000 were 4.57%, 5.05% and 6.45%, respectively. Projected future dividend yields of 7.0%, 7.8% and 7.3% were estimated for the options granted in 2002, 2001, and 2000, respectively. The expected life of an option was assumed to be six, six, and four years for 2002, 2001, and 2000, respectively. Based on these assumptions, the fair value of the options granted during the years ended December 31, 2002, 2001, and 2000 is $0. All options granted have an exercise price of $12 per share. The weighted average contractual remaining life for options that are exercisable at December 31, 2002 was approximately 8.7 years.

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Independent Director Warrant Plan

The Independent Director Warrant Plan (the Independent Director Warrant Plan), was approved by the shareholders on June 28, 2000, providing for the issuance of one warrant to purchase common stock for every 25 shares of common stock purchased by the independent director. A total of 500,000 warrants have been authorized and reserved for issuance under the Independent Director Warrant Plan. The exercise price of the warrants shall be $12 per share. No warrant may be sold, pledged, assigned or transferred by an independent director in any manner other than by the laws of descent or distribution. At December 31, 2002, approximately 5,000 warrants have been earned under the Independent Director Warrant Plan, but no warrants have been issued under the Independent Director Warrant Plan.

Dividend Reinvestment Plan

During 1999, the Company s board of directors authorized a dividend reinvestment plan (the DRP), through which common shareholders may elect to reinvest an amount equal to the dividends declared on their common shares into additional shares of the Company s common stock in lieu of receiving cash dividends. The shares may be purchased at a fixed price per share and participants in the DRP may purchase fractional shares so that 100% of the dividends will be used to acquire shares of the Company s stock. With respect to such shares, the Company will pay selling commissions of 7%, a dealer manager fee of 2.5%, organization and offering costs of up to 3% of the reinvestment, acquisition and advisory fees and expenses of 3.5% of the purchase price, which is consistent with the costs paid in connection with the current offering of shares of the Company s common stock. The board of directors, by majority vote, may amend or terminate the DRP for any reason upon 10 days notice to the participants of the DRP.

Share Redemption Program

As the Company s stock is currently not listed on a national exchange, there is no market for the Company s stock. As a result, there is risk that a shareholder may not be able to sell the Company s stock at a time or price acceptable to the shareholder. During 2000, the Company s board of directors authorized a common stock redemption plan for investors who held the shares for more than one year, subject to the limitation that aggregate shares redeemed under the plan could not exceed the lesser of (i) the amount reinvested in the Company s common shares through the DRP, less shares already redeemed, or (ii) 3% of the average common shares outstanding during the preceding year. The Company has no obligation to repurchase shares under its share redemption program. Shares redeemed under the share redemption program are purchased by the Company at the amount contributed by the shareholder, including any commissions paid at issuance. During 2002, 2001, and 2000, the Company repurchased 1.5 million; 0.4 million; and 0.1 million of its own common shares at an aggregate cost of $15.3 million; $4.1 million; and $1.4 million, respectively. These transactions were funded with cash on hand and did not exceed any of the foregoing limitations. At the time of such redemption, Wells Investment Securities, Inc. (WIS) has refunded to the Company the 2.5% commission earned upon the issuance of such shares. The board of directors, by majority vote, may amend or terminate the Company s share redemption program at any time.

Dealer Warrant Plan

Under the terms of each offering of the Company s stock, warrants to purchase shares of the Company s stock were delivered to WIS. Currently such warrants are issued in book form only and warrant certificates are not issued. For each warrant, the warrant-holder shall have the right to purchase one share from the Company at a price of $12 during the time period beginning one year from the effective date of the respective offering and ending on the date five years after the effective date. Warrants outstanding as of December 31, 2002 for the first, second, third, and fourth offerings to date are approximately 0.5 million, 0.7 million, 4.7 million, and 1.1 million, respectively. As of December 31, 2002, no warrants have been exercised under the plan.

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10. SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF NONCASH ACTIVITIES

Outlined below are significant non-cash transactions for the years ended December 31, 2002, 2001, and 2000:

	2002 (000s)	2001 (000s)	2000 (000s)
Deferred project costs applied to real estate assets	**$ 47,491**	$ 14,321	$ 5,114
Deferred project costs contributed to joint ventures	**$ 366**	$ 1,395	$ 628
Deferred project costs applied to lease acquisition costs	**$ 16**	$	$
Deferred project costs due to affiliate	**$ 7,708**	$ 1,114	$ 191
Deferred offering costs due to affiliate	**$**	$	$ 1,291
Reversal of deferred offering costs due to affiliate	**$**	$ 965	$
Other offering expenses due to affiliate	**$ 8,263**	$ 943	$
Assumption of obligation under capital lease and related bonds	**$ 32,500**	$ 22,000	$
Assumption of debt at property acquisition	**$ 90,000**	$	$

	2002 (000s)	2001 (000s)	2000 (000s)
Acquisition of intangible lease liability	**$ 32,697**	$	$
Dividends Payable	**$ 6,046**	$ 1,059	$ 1,025
Due from affiliates	**$ 1,774**	$ 1,693	$ 250
Write off fully amortized deferred financing costs	**$ 623**	$	$

11. INCOME TAX BASIS NET INCOME

The Company s income tax basis net income for the years ended December 31, 2002, 2001, and 2000 is calculated as follows:

2002	2001	2000

	(000s)	(000s)	(000s)
GAAP basis financial statement net income	**$ 59,854**	$ 21,724	$ 8,553
Increase (decrease) in net income resulting from:			
Depreciation expense for financial reporting purposes in excess of amounts for income tax purposes	**17,160**	7,347	3,511
Rental income accrued for income tax purposes in excess of (less than) amounts for financial reporting purposes	**3,578**	(2,735)	(1,822)
Expenses deductible when paid for income tax purposes, accrued for financial reporting purposes	**(71)**	26	38
Income tax basis net income, prior to dividends paid deduction	**$ 80,521**	$ 26,362	$ 10,280

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At December 31, 2002, the tax basis carrying value of the Company s total assets was approximately $2,237.2 million.

12. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Advisory Agreement

The Company has entered into an Advisory Agreement with the Advisor, which entitles the Advisor to specified fees upon the completion of certain services with regard to the offering of shares to the public and investment of funds in real estate projects. The current Advisory Agreement dated January 30, 2002 has been temporarily extended by the board of directors until May 19, 2003.

The Company pays a percentage of shareholder contributions to the Advisor for acquisition and advisory services and acquisition expenses. These payments, as stipulated in the Company s current offering prospectus, are limited to 3.5% of shareholder contributions, subject to certain overall operating expense limitations contained in the prospectus. Aggregate fees incurred through December 31, 2002 and 2001 were $75.5 million and $29.1 million, respectively, and approximated 3.5% of shareholder contributions received. As of December 31, 2002, $67.8 million had been paid to the Advisor through December 31, 2002, with $7.7 million payable to the Advisor.

Under the terms of the Advisory Agreement, the Company reimburses the Advisor for organization and offering costs not to exceed 3% of the offering proceeds raised. To the extent that organization and offering costs exceed 3% of gross offering proceeds, offering costs will be paid by the Advisor and not by the Company. As of December 31, 2002 the Advisor had paid fund to date organization and offering expenses on behalf of the Company in the aggregate amount of approximately $40.0 million, which did not exceed the 3% limitation. The Advisor had been reimbursed $31.7 million as of December 31, 2002.

Additionally, the Advisory Agreement provides that if the Advisor provides a substantial amount of the associated services, as determined by the Independent Directors, the Advisor shall earn a disposition fee in the event that properties are disposed of, in the amount of 50% of a competitive real estate commission or 3.0% of the sales price of the property. At December 31, 2002, no such fees had been paid to the Advisor as no properties had been disposed of to date. The disposition fee will be paid only if shareholders have received total dividends in an amount equal to the sum of their aggregate invested capital, plus an 8% return on invested capital.

The Advisory Agreement also provides that the Advisor shall earn an amount equal to 10% of the net sales proceeds remaining after shareholders have received dividends equal to the sum of the shareholders invested capital plus an 8% return of invested capital. The Advisor will not earn this fee in the event that the Company s shares are listed on a national stock exchange. As of December 31, 2002, no such fees have been paid.

If the Company s shares are listed on a national stock exchange at any future date, the Advisor shall be entitled to an incentive fee in an amount equal to 10.0% of the amount by which (1) the market value of the outstanding stock of the Company as defined in the Advisory Agreement, exceeds (2) the sum of 100% of invested capital and the total dividends required to be paid to the shareholders in order to pay the shareholders an 8.0% return on invested capital from inception through the date of listing. No such amounts have been incurred as of December 31, 2002. In the event the fee is paid to the Advisor following listing, no other performance fee will be paid to the Advisor.

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Administrative Services Reimbursement

The Company has no direct employees. The employees of the Advisor and Wells Management Company, Inc. (Wells Management), an affiliate of the Advisor, perform a full range of real estate services including leasing and property management, accounting, asset management and investor relations for the Company. The related expenses are allocated among the Company and the various Wells Real Estate Funds based on time spent on each entity by individual administrative personnel. The Company was allocated salaries, wages, and other payroll related costs by the Advisor and Wells Management totaling $2.0 million, $0.7 million, and $0.2 million for the years ended December 31, 2002, 2001, and 2000, respectively. These amounts are included in general and administrative expenses in the consolidated statements of income.

Property Management and Leasing Agreements

The Company entered into a property management and leasing agreement with Wells Management. In consideration for supervising the management and leasing of the Company s properties, the Company will pay management and leasing fees to Wells Management equal to the lesser of (a) 4.5% of the gross revenues generally paid over the life of the lease or (b) 0.6% of the net asset value of the properties (excluding vacant properties) owned by the Company. These management and leasing fees are calculated on an annual basis plus a separate competitive fee for the one-time initial lease-up of newly constructed properties generally paid in conjunction with the receipt of the first month s rent. Management and leasing fees incurred for services provided by Wells Management were $5.0 million, $2.5 million, and $1.1 million for the years ended December 31, 2002, 2001, and 2000, respectively.

Dealer Manager Agreement

The Company has entered into a dealer manager agreement, whereby, WIS, performs the dealer manager function for the Company. For these services, WIS earns fees of 7% of the gross proceeds from the sale of the shares of the Company, which is reallocated to participating broker-dealers. Additionally, WIS earns a dealer manager fee of 2.5% of the gross offering proceeds at the time the shares are sold, of which up to 1.5% may be reallowed to the broker-dealer. WIS has elected, although is not obligated, to reduce the dealer manager fee amount in each period by 2.5% of the gross redemptions under the Company s redemption plan. The amount of such reduction was $0.4 million, $0.1 million, and $0.0 million for the years ended
December 31, 2002, 2001, and 2000, respectively. During the years ended December 31, 2002, 2001, and 2000, the Company incurred commissions and dealer manager fees of $127.3 million, $49.2 million, and $17.0 million, respectively.

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Due From Affiliates

Due from affiliates included in the consolidated balance sheets at December 31, 2002 and 2001 represents the Company s share of the cash to be distributed from its joint venture investments for the fourth quarter of 2002 and 2001 and other amounts payable to the Company from other related parties:

	2002 (000s)	2001 (000s)
Fund VIII, IX, and REIT Joint Venture	**$ 48**	$ 47
Fund IX, X, XI, and REIT Joint Venture	**21**	36
Wells/Orange County Associates	**85**	84
Wells/Fremont Associates	**168**	164
Fund XI, XII, and REIT Joint Venture	**361**	430
Fund XII and REIT Joint Venture	**688**	681
Fund XIII and REEIT Joint Venture	**403**	251
Affiliates of the Advisor	**187**	
	$ 1,961	$ 1,693

Conflict of Interest

The Advisor also is a general partner in various Wells Real Estate Funds. As such, there are conflicts of interest where the Advisor, while serving in the capacity as general partner for Wells Real Estate Funds, may be in competition with the Company in connection with property acquisitions or for tenants in similar geographic markets.

13. OPERATING LEASES

Virtually all of the Company s real estate assets are leased to tenants under operating leases for which the terms and expirations vary. The leases frequently have provisions to extend the lease agreement, options for early termination after paying a specified penalty, and other terms and conditions as negotiated. The Company retains substantially all of the risks and benefits of ownership of the real estate assets leased to tenants. Amounts required as security deposits vary depending upon the terms of the respective leases and the creditworthiness of the tenant, but generally are not significant amounts. Therefore exposure to credit risk is limited to the extent that the receivables exceed this amount. Security deposits related to tenant leases are included in accounts payable and accrued expenses in the consolidated balance sheets.

The future minimum rental income from the Company s investment in real estate assets under non-cancelable operating leases, excluding properties under development, at December 31, 2002 is as follows:

Amount

	(000s)
Year ending December 31:	
2003	$ 195,677
2004	197,680
2005	197,852
2006	192,666
2007	183,494
Thereafter	759,559
	$ 1,726,928

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No individual tenant accounted for greater than 10% of the rental income for the year ended December 31, 2002. At December 31, 2002, approximately 12% of the future rental amounts are attributable to one tenant, the National Aeronautics and Space Administration.

14. QUARTERLY RESULTS (UNAUDITED)

Presented below is a summary of the unaudited quarterly financial information for the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, in thousands, except per share data:

	2002 Quarters Ended			
	March 31	**June 30**	**September 30**	**December 31**
Revenues	**$ 23,608**	**$ 29,402**	**$ 34,913**	**$ 51,705**
Net income	**$ 10,780**	**$ 13,756**	**$ 15,285**	**$ 20,033**
Basic and diluted earnings per share (a)	**$ 0.11**	**$ 0.11**	**$ 0.09**	**$ 0.10**
Dividends per share (a)	**$ 0.19**	**$ 0.19**	**$ 0.19**	**$ 0.18**

	2001 Quarters Ended			
	March 31	**June 30**	**September 30**	**December 31**
Revenues	$ 12,232	$ 12,468	$ 13,839	$ 17,737
Net income	$ 3,275	$ 5,039	$ 6,109	$ 7,301
Basic and diluted earnings per share (a)	$ 0.10	$ 0.12	$ 0.11	$ 0.10
Dividends per share (a)	$ 0.19	$ 0.19	$ 0.19	$ 0.19

(a) The totals of the four quarterly amounts for the years ended December 31, 2002, and 2001, do not equal the totals for the years then ended. This difference results from rounding differences between quarters.

15. ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

The Company is dependent on the Advisor for certain services which are essential to the Company, including the sale of the Company s shares of common stock available for issue, asset acquisition and disposition decisions and other general administrative responsibilities. Additionally, the Company is dependent upon Wells Management to provide certain property management and leasing services. In the event that these companies were unable to provide the respective services to the Company, the Company would be required to obtain such services from other sources.

The Company is dependent upon the ability of its current tenants to pay their contractual rent amounts as they become due. The inability of a tenant to pay future rental amounts would have a negative impact on the Company. One tenant, the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, represents approximately 12% of the future rental income under non-cancelable leases at December 31, 2002. No other tenants exceed 10% of future rental income. Except for the tenant that has filed for corporate dissolution as discussed in Note 4, the Company is not aware of any reason that its current tenants would not be able to pay their contractual rental amounts as they become due.

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16. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Sale of Shares of Common Stock

From January 1, 2003 through January 24, 2003, the Company has raised approximately $84.6 million through the issuance of 8.5 million shares of common stock of the Company.

Redemptions of Common Stock

From January 1, 2003 through January 24, 2003, the Company has redeemed approximately 0.5 million shares of common stock of the Company at an aggregate cost of $4.8 million pursuant to its share redemption program. The Company s current plan allows for redemptions of approximately 4.0 million shares at an aggregate cost of $40.0 million for the year ending December 31, 2003. See Note 9 for a description of the limitations of the Company s share redemption plan.

Property Acquisitions

On January 9, 2003, Wells OP purchased two three-story office buildings containing approximately 187,735 aggregate rentable square feet located in Mayfield Heights, Ohio, for a purchase price of $22.0 million, excluding closing costs and acquisition and advisory fees paid to the Advisor. The entire 102,484 rentable square feet of East Point I is leased to Progressive Casualty Insurance Company. East Point II contains approximately 85,251 rentable square feet, of which 70,585 is currently leased to Austin, Danaher Power Solutions LLC and Moreland Management Co. Approximately 14,666 rentable square feet (17%) of East Point II is vacant.

In connection with the acquisition of the property, the Company entered into an earn-out agreement whereby the Company is required to pay the seller certain amounts for each new lease fully executed after the date of acquisition of the property but on or before March 31, 2004, or on or before July 31, 2004, if the tenant thereunder is a leasing prospect as defined by the agreement. Payments shall be the anticipated first year s annual rent less operating expenses with the sum divided by 0.105 and the result reduced by tenant improvement costs related to the space.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

(A MARYLAND CORPORATION)

SCHEDULE III REAL ESTATE ASSETS AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION

DECEMBER 31, 2002

(dollars in thousands)

	Location	Ownership Percentage	Encumbrances	Initial Cost: Land	Initial Cost: Buildings and Improvements	Cost Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition	Gross Amount at Which Carried at December 31, 2002: Land	Gross Amount at Which Carried at December 31, 2002: Buildings and Improvements	Gross Amount at Which Carried at December 31, 2002: Construction in Progress	Gross Amount at Which Carried at December 31, 2002: Total	Accumulated Depreciation	Date of Construction	Date Acquire
	Tampa, FL	100	(a)	$ 1,460	$19,839	$ 826	$ 1,521	$20,604	$ 0	$22,125	$3,294	1998	12/31/
	Harrisburg, PA	100	(b)	662	11,836	676	690	12,484	0	13,174	1,905	1998	2/4/
	Wood Dale, IL	100	(b)	5,000	28,162	1,381	5,208	29,335	0	34,543	3,911	1991	9/10/
Y													
	Plano, TX	100	(a)	1,456	20,377	908	1,517	21,224	0	22,741	2,618	1999	12/21/
	Lake Forest, CA	100	(b)	4,577	0	13,965	4,768	13,774	0	18,542	3,072	1999	3/15/
R	Midlothian, VA	100	(a)	948	0	9,963	988	9,923	0	10,911	1,542	1999	7/22/
	Tulsa, OK	100	None	1,150	11,570	541	1,198	12,063	0	13,261	1,404	2000	2/11/
	Scottsdale, AZ	100	(a)	3,500	10,785	736	3,646	11,375	0	15,021	1,276	1997	3/29/
	Tempe, AZ	100	(a)	0	17,393	731	0	18,124	0	18,124	2,040	1995	3/29/
	Tempe, AZ	100	None	0	16,036	670	0	16,706	0	16,706	1,887	1998	3/29/
	Tempe, AZ	100	(a)	0	13,272	551	0	13,823	0	13,823	1,421	2000	6/12/0
	Troy, MI	100	(b)	2,160	16,776	1,811	2,250	18,497	0	20,747	2,117	2000	6/29/
'	South Plainfield, NJ	100	(b)	9,653	20,495	5,857	10,055	25,950	0	36,005	3,020	2000	11/1/
	Minnetonka, MN	100	(b)	7,700	45,152	2,211	8,021	47,042	0	55,063	3,882	2000	12/21/
	Houston, TX	100	None	7,100	37,915	1,889	7,396	39,508	0	46,904	3,260	1994	12/21/
	Quincy, MA	100	None	10,600	38,963	4,348	11,042	40,933	1,936	53,911	2,438	1990	7/30/20
	Houston, TX	100	None	2,735	17,915	990	2,847	18,793	0	21,640	1,002	2000	9/7/20
	Irving, TX	100	23,149	5,546	0	25,727	5,567	0	25,706	31,273	0	2002	9/19/20
D	Millington, TN	100	22,000	320	20,667	936	333	21,590	0	21,923	1,156	1997	9/26/20
	Cary, NC	100	None	7,000	10,650	1,110	7,276	11,484	0	18,760	612	2000	9/28/20
	Tamarac, FL	100	None	3,500	9,755	792	3,642	10,405	0	14,047	451	2001	12/21/20
	Schaumburg, IL	100	None	4,360	29,299	2,735	4,537	31,857	0	36,394	1,380	1999	12/31/20
I	Schaumburg, IL	100	None	3,600	52,016	3,156	3,746	55,026	0	58,772	2,384	2001	12/31/20

Sarasota, FL	100	None	1,700	19,866	1,291	2,203	20,654	0	22,857	821	1999	1/11/20
Houston, TX	100	None	845	21,186	887	879	22,039	0	22,918	735	1999	3/15/20
Duluth, GA	100	(a)	2,000	13,047	605	2,080	13,572	0	15,652	452	2001	3/28/20
Farmington Hills, MI	100	None	2,208	21,703	973	2,298	22,586	0	24,884	753	1999	3/29/20
Kalamazoo, MI	100	None	963	13,318	753	1,002	14,032	0	15,034	608	1999	3/29/0
Lakewood, CO	100	None	1,487	9,076	430	1,548	9,445	0	10,993	283	2002	4/10/20
Alpharetta, GA	100	(a)	1,500	13,652	616	1,561	14,207	0	15,768	426	2001	4/18/20

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				Initial Cost			Gross Amount at Which Carried at December 31, 2002							
iption	Location	Ownership Percentage	Encumbrances	Land	Buildings and Improvements	Cost Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition	Land	Buildings and Improvements	Construction in Progress	Total	Accumulated Depreciation	Date of Construction	Date Acquired	Life whic Depreci is Comp
SOUTH FT. UDERDALE	Ft. Lauderdale, FL	100	None	$ 1,100	$ 5,792	$ 280	$ 1,145	$ 6,027	$ 0	$ 7,172	181	2001	4/18/2002	20 to 25
RIAN/ W DALLAS	Allen, TX	100	None	4,000	31,695	1,453	4,163	32,985	0	37,148	880	1982	5/1/2002	20 to 25
ENT ON	Boxborough, MA	100	None	3,500	31,751	1,296	3,642	29,498	3,407	36,547	787	2002	5/3/2002	20 to 25
DENVER	Aurora, CO	100	None	1,325	14,570	6,069	1,397	20,567	0	21,964	548	1997	5/29/2002	20 to 25
PHOENIX	Phoenix, AZ	100	None	2,500	23,381	1,054	2,602	24,333	0	26,935	568	2001	6/4/2002	20 to 25
TLANTA	Atlanta, GA	100	32,500	2,700	38,065	1,659	2,810	39,614	0	42,424	792	2001	7/1/2002	20 to 25
FICARE SAN TONIO	San Antonio, TX	100	None	2,450	12,240	598	2,550	12,738	0	15,288	255	2000	7/12/2002	20 to 25
R MCGEE USTON	Houston, TX	100	4,038	1,738	0	5,754	2,118	0	5,374	7,492	0	2003	7/29/2002	20 to 25
EENVILLE	Greenville, SC	100	11,609	1,600	25,601	1,087	1,665	26,623	0	28,288	522	1987	7/31/2002	20 to 25
FT NTA	Suwanee, GA	100	None	2,700	8,976	475	2,810	9,341	0	12,151	156	2001	7/31/2002	20 to 25
A DALLAS	Irving, TX	100	None	9,100	110,831	4,892	9,470	115,353	0	124,823	1,923	1999	8/15/2002	20 to 25
COURT TIN	Austin, TX	100	None	5,860	33,143	1,587	6,098	34,492	0	40,590	575	2001	8/15/2002	20 to 25
RICREDIT OENIX	Chandler, AZ	100	None	2,632	0	6,362	2,671	0	6,323	8,994	0	2003	9/12/2002	20 to 25
ONG ND	Holtsville, NY	100	None	4,200	38,716	2,104	4,374	40,646	0	45,020	643	200	9/16/2002	20 to 25
BANK RSIPPANY	Parsippany, NJ	100	None	8,700	92,944	4,137	9,053	96,728	0	105,781	1,290	1985	9/27/2002	20 to 25
X LORADO RINGS	Colorado Springs, CO	100	None	2,100	23,988	1,061	2,185	24,964	0	27,149	333	2001	9/27/2002	20 to 25
DES MOINES	Des Moines, IA	100	None	850	25,727	1,082	885	26,774	0	27,659	357	2002	9/27/2002	20 to 25
IT DALLAS	Plano, TX	100	None	3,030	23,640	1,089	3,153	24,606	0	27,759	328	2001	9/27/2002	20 to 25
TATE DIANAPOLIS	Indianapolis, IN	100	None	1,275	9,680	443	1,327	10,071	0	11,398	134	2001	9/27/2002	20 to 25
ILER	Westlake, TX	100	None	2,585	22,588	1,010	2,689	23,494	0	26,183	313	2001	9/30/2002	20 to 25

RYSLER LLAS														
A	Washington, DC	100	None	80,000	299,188	11,909	82,881	308,216	0	391,097	1,850	1991	11/22/2002	20 to 25
ERPILLAR SHVILLE	Nashville, TN	100	None	4,900	58,923	1,124	5,101	59,846	0	64,947	380	2000	11/26/2002	20 to 25
TAL ONE CHMOND	Glen Allen, VA	100	None	2,855	25,541	442	2,972	25,866	0	28,838	172	1999	11/26/2002	20 to 25
LE S ANGELES	Glendale, CA	100	90,000	23,200	134,447	2,751	23,605	136,793	0	160,398	457	1990	12/20/2002	20 to 25
			$ 302,695	$ 268,630	$ 1,652,148	$ 147,783	$ 279,185	$ 1,746,630	$ 42,746	$ 2,068,561	$ 63,594			
% REIT perties														
OM POWER NOXVILLE	Knoxville, TN	4%	None	$ 583	$ 744	$ 6,745	$ 608	$ 7,464	$ 0	$ 8,072	$ 2,250	1997	3/26/97	20 to 25
YA	Oklahoma City, OK	4	None	1,003	4,386	242	1,051	4,580	0	5,631	840	1998	6/24/98	20 to 25
RLOCKEN	Broomfield, CO	4	None	1,570	6,734	748	1,650	7,369	33	9,052	1,388	1996	3/20/98	20 to 25
EGA	Ogden City, UT	4	None	597	4,675	876	642	5,506	0	6,148	963	1998	7/01/98	20 to 25
EDA	Louisville, CO	4	None	2,614	7,762	528	2,747	8,157	0	10,904	1,604	1998	2/13/98	20 to 25
CHILD	Fremont, CA	78	None	2,130	6,853	374	2,219	7,138	0	9,357	1,285	1998	7/21/98	20 to 25
T NITURE	Fountain Valley, CA	44	None	2,100	4,464	288	2,188	4,664	0	6,852	838	1988	7/31/98	20 to 25
L CARTEX	Fountain Inn, SC	57	None	330	4,792	213	344	4,991	0	5,335	732	1998	5/18/99	20 to 25
NT	Leawood, KS	57	None	1,696	7,851	398	1,767	8,178	0	9,945	1,145	1998	7/2/99	20 to 25

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				Initial Cost			Gross Amount at Which Carried at December 31, 2002							
ion	Location	Ownership Percentage	Encumbrances	Land	Buildings and Improvements	Cost Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition	Land	Buildings and Improvements	Construction in Progress	Total	Accumulated Depreciation	Date of Construction	Date Acquired	D
	Tredyffrin, PA	57	None	$ 1,925	$ 6,131	$ 336	$ 2,005	$ 6,387	$ 0	$ 8,392	$ 873	1973	8/17/99	2
	Ft. Myers, FL	57	None	896	7,452	347	933	7,762	0	8,695	1,035	1998	9/20/99	2
	Troy, MI	55	None	2,144	12,049	695	2,233	12,655	0	14,888	1,586	2000	5/10/00	2
	Irvine, CA	16	None	2,221	5,545	57	2,221	5,602	0	7,823	1,111	1997	7/1/00	2
	Oklahoma City, OK	55	None	2,100	13,228	646	2,188	13,786	0	15,974	1,149	1999	12/28/00	2
	Brentwood, TN	55	None	4,300	20,650	1,095	4,479	21,566	0	26,045	1,438	1986	5/15/2001	2
DIT	Orange Park, FL	61	None	1,610	10,890	563	1,677	11,386	0	13,063	683	2001	7/16/2001	2
	Parker, CO	61	None	1,954	11,000	758	2,048	11,664	0	13,712	505	2001	12/21/2001	2
EY	Indianapolis, IN	61	None	1,300	15,042	723	1,354	15,711	0	17,065	56	1999	12/12/2002	2
POLIS														
roperties			$ 0	$ 31,073	$ 150,248	$ 15,632	$ 32,354	$ 164,566	$ 33	$ 196,953	$ 19,481			
operties			$302,695	$ 299,703	$ 1,802,396	$ 163,415	$ 311,539	$ 1,911,196	$42,779	$ 2,265,514	$ 83,075			

(a) These properties collateralize the $98.138 million SouthTrust Bank line of credit that accrues interest at LIBOR plus 175 basis points (3.31% at December 31, 2002) and requires interest payments monthly and principal due at maturity (June 10, 2003). The principal amount outstanding as of December 31, 2002 was $61.399 million.

(b) These properties collateralize the $110 million Bank of America line of credit that accrues interest at LIBOR plus 175 basis points (3.31% at December 31, 2002) and requires interest payments monthly and principal due at maturity (May 11, 2004). The principal amount outstanding as of December 31, 2002 was $58 million.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

(A Maryland Corporation)

SCHEDULE III REAL ESTATE ASSETS AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION

DECEMBER 31, 2002

(dollars in thousands)

	Cost	Accumulated Depreciation
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 1999	$ 180,118	$ 5,732
2000 additions	293,450	11,232
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2000	473,568	16,964
2001 additions	294,740	20,821
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2001	768,308	37,785
2002 additions	1,497,206	45,290
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2002	**$ 2,265,514**	**$ 83,075**

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PRIOR PERFORMANCE TABLES

The following Prior Performance Tables (Tables) provide information relating to real estate investment programs sponsored by Wells Capital, Inc., our advisor, and its affiliates (Wells Public Programs) which have investment objectives similar to Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. (Wells REIT). (See Investment Objectives and Criteria.) Except for the Wells REIT, all of the Wells Public Programs have used capital, and no acquisition indebtedness, to acquire their properties.

Prospective investors should read these Tables carefully together with the summary information concerning the Wells Public Programs as set forth in the Prior Performance Summary section of this prospectus.

Investors in the Wells REIT will not own any interest in the other Wells Public Programs and should not assume that they will experience returns, if any, comparable to those experienced by investors in other Wells Public Programs.

Our advisor is responsible for the acquisition, operation, maintenance and resale of the real estate properties. For both the Wells REIT and other Wells Public Programs. The financial results of other Wells Public Programs, thus, may provide some indication of our advisor s performance of its obligations during the periods covered. However, general economic conditions affecting the real estate industry and other factors contribute significantly to financial results.

The following tables are included herein:

Table I Experience in Raising and Investing Funds (As a Percentage of Investment)

Table II Compensation to Sponsor (in Dollars)

Table III Annual Operating Results of Wells Public Programs

Table IV (Results of completed programs) has been omitted since none of the Wells Public Programs have been liquidated.

Table V Sales or Disposals of Property

Additional information relating to the acquisition of properties by the Wells Public Programs is contained in **Table VI**, which is included in Part II of the registration statement which the Wells REIT has filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Copies of any or all information will be provided to prospective investors at no charge upon request.

The following are definitions of certain terms used in the Tables:

Acquisition Fees shall mean fees and commissions paid by a Wells Public Program in connection with its purchase or development of a property, except development fees paid to a person not affiliated with the Wells Public Program or with a general partner or advisor of the Wells Public Program in connection with the actual development of a project after acquisition of the land by the Wells Public Program.

Organization Expenses shall include legal fees, accounting fees, securities filing fees, printing and reproduction expenses and fees paid to the sponsor in connection with the planning and formation of the Wells Public Program.

Underwriting Fees shall include selling commissions and wholesaling fees paid to broker-dealers for services provided by the broker-dealers during the offering.

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TABLE I

EXPERIENCE IN RAISING AND INVESTING FUNDS

(UNAUDITED)

This Table provides a summary of the experience of the sponsors of Wells Public Programs for which offerings have been completed since December 31, 1999. Information is provided with regard to the manner in which the proceeds of the offerings have been applied. Also set forth is information pertaining to the timing and length of these offerings and the time period over which the proceeds have been invested in the properties. All figures are as of December 31, 2002.

	Wells Real Estate Fund XII, L.P.	**Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc.**
Dollar Amount Raised	$ 35,611,192(3)	$ 1,458,206,058(4)
Percentage Amount Raised	100%(3)	100%(4)
Less Offering Expenses		
Underwriting Fees	9.5%	9.5%
Organizational Expenses	3.0%	3.0%
Reserves(1)	0.0%	0.0%
Percent Available for Investment	87.5%	87.5%
Acquisition and Development Costs		
Prepaid Items and Fees related to Purchase of Property	0.0%	0.0%
Cash Down Payment	84.0%	81.7%
Acquisition Fees(2)	3.5%	3.5%
Development and Construction Costs	0.0%	2.3%
Reserve for Payment of Indebtedness	0.0%	0.0%
Total Acquisition and Development Cost	87.5%	87.5%
Percent Leveraged	0.0%	0.0%
Date Offering Began	03/22/99	(4)
Length of Offering	24 mo.	(4)
Months to Invest 90% of Amount Available for Investment (Measured from Beginning of Offering)	26 mo.	(4)
Number of Investors as of 12/31/02	1,337	37,270

(1) Does not include general partner contributions held as part of reserves.

(2) Includes acquisition fees, real estate commissions, general contractor fees and/or architectural fees paid to affiliates of the general partners.

(3) Total dollar amount registered and available to be offered was $70,000,000. Wells Real Estate Fund XII, L.P. closed its offering on March 21, 2001, and the total dollar amount raised was $35,611,192.

(4) This amount includes only the Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. s second and third offerings. The total dollar amount registered and available to be offered in the second offering was $222,000,000. Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. began its second offering on December 20, 1999 and closed its second offering on December 19, 2000. It took Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. 10 months to invest 90% of the amount available for investment in the second offering. The total dollar amount raised in its second offering was $175,229,193. The total dollar amount registered and available to be offered in the third offering was $1,350,000,000. Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. began its third offering on December 20, 2000 and closed its third offering on July 26, 2002. It took Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. 21 months to invest 90% of the amount available for investment in the third offering. The total dollar amount raised in its third offering was $1,282,976,862.

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TABLE II

COMPENSATION TO SPONSOR

(UNAUDITED)

The following sets forth the compensation received by Wells Capital, Inc., our advisor, and its affiliates, including compensation paid out of offering proceeds and compensation paid in connection with the ongoing operations of Wells Public Programs having similar or identical investment objectives the offerings of which have been completed since December 31, 1999. All figures are as of December 31, 2002.

	Wells Real Estate Fund XII, L.P.	Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc.(1)	Other Public Programs(2)
Date Offering Commenced	03/22/99	12/20/99	
Dollar Amount Raised	$ 35,611,192	$ 1,458,206,058	$ 284,902,808
Amount paid to Sponsor from Proceeds of Offering:			
Underwriting Fees(3)	$ 362,416	$ 59,280,729	$ 1,646,381
Acquisition Fees			
Real Estate Commissions			
Acquisition and Advisory Fees(4)	$ 1,246,392	$ 51,037,212	$ 13,223,204
Dollar Amount of Cash Generated from Operations Before Deducting Payments to Sponsor(5)	$ 520,102	$ 113,853,928	$ 7,980,284
Amount Paid to Sponsor from Operations:			
Property Management Fee(2)	$ 158,647	$ 3,250,927	$ 2,342,594
Partnership Management Fee			
Reimbursements	$ 205,071	$ 1,130,152	$ 3,186,612
Leasing Commissions	$ 158,647	$ 3,250,927	$ 2,342,594
General Partner Distributions			
Other			
Dollar Amount of Property Sales and Refinancing Payments to Sponsors:			
Cash			
Notes			
Amount Paid to Sponsor from Property Sales and Refinancing:			
Real Estate Commissions			
Incentive Fees			
Other			

(1) This amount includes only the Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. s second and third offerings. The total dollar amount registered and available to be offered in the second offering was $222,000,000. Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. closed its second offering on December 19, 2000, and the total dollar amount raised in its second offering was $175,229,193. The total dollar amount registered and available to be offered in the third offering was $1,350,000,000. Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. closed its third offering on July 26, 2002, and the total dollar amount raised in its third offering was $1,282,976,862.

(2) Includes compensation paid to the general partners from Wells Real Estate Fund I, Wells Real Estate Fund II, Wells Real Estate Fund II-OW, Wells Real Estate Fund III, L.P., Wells Real Estate Fund IV, L.P., Wells Real Estate Fund V, L.P., Wells Real Estate Fund VI, L.P., Wells Real Estate Fund VII, L.P., Wells Real Estate Fund VIII, L.P., Wells Real Estate Fund IX, L.P., Wells Real Estate Fund X,

L.P. and Wells Real Estate Fund XI, L.P. during the past three years. In addition to the amounts shown, affiliates of the general partners of Wells Real Estate Fund I are entitled to certain property management and leasing fees but have elected to defer the payment of such fees until a later year on properties owned by Wells Real Estate Fund I. As of December 31, 2002, the aggregate amount of such deferred fees totaled $2,881,491.

(3) Includes net underwriting compensation and commissions paid to Wells Investment Securities, Inc. in connection with the offering which was not reallowed to participating broker-dealers.

(4) Fees paid to the general partners or their affiliates for acquisition and advisory services in connection with the review and evaluation of potential real property acquisitions.

(5) Includes $2,263 in net cash used in operating activities and $522,365 in payments to sponsor for Wells Real Estate Fund XII, L.P., $106,221,922 in net cash provided by operating activities and $7,632,006 in payments to sponsor for Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. and $108,482 in net cash provided by operating activities and $7,871,802 in payments to sponsor for other public programs.

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TABLE III

(UNAUDITED)

The following two tables set forth operating results of Wells Public Programs the offerings of which have been completed since December 31, 1997. The information relates only to public programs with investment objectives similar to those of Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. All figures are as of December 31 of the year indicated.

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TABLE III

OPERATING RESULTS OF PRIOR PROGRAMS

(UNAUDITED)

WELLS REAL ESTATE FUND XI, L.P.

	2002	2001	2000	1999	1998
Gross Revenues[1]	$ 839,691	$ 960,676	$ 975,850	$ 766,586	$ 262,729
Profit on Sale of Properties					
Less: Operating Expenses[2]	92,876	90,326	79,861	111,058	113,184
Depreciation and Amortization[3]	0	0		25,000	6,250
Net Income GAAP Basis[4]	$ 746,815	$ 870,350	$ 895,989	$ 630,528	$ 143,295
Taxable Income: Operations	$ 965,422	$ 1,038,394	$ 944,775	$ 704,108	$ 177,692
Cash Generated (Used By):					
Operations	(105,148)	(128,985)	(72,925)	40,906	(50,858)
Joint Ventures	1,473,190	1,376,673	1,333,337	705,394	102,662
	$ 1,368,042	$ 1,247,688	$ 1,260,412	$ 746,300	$ 51,804
Less Cash Distributions to Investors:					
Operating Cash Flow	1,294,485	1,247,688	1,205,303	746,300	51,804
Return of Capital		4,809		49,761	48,070
Undistributed Cash Flow From Prior Year Operations		55,109			
Cash Generated (Deficiency) after Cash Distributions	$ 73,557	$ (59,918)	$ 55,109	$ (49,761)	$ (48,070)
Special Items (not including sales and financing):					
Source of Funds:					
General Partner Contributions					
Increase in Limited Partner Contributions					16,532,801
	$ 73,557	$ (59,918)	$ 55,109	$ (49,761)	$ 16,484,731
Use of Funds:					
Sales Commissions and Offering Expenses				214,609	1,779,661
Return of Original Limited Partner s Investment				100	
Property Acquisitions and Deferred Project Costs				9,005,979	5,412,870
Cash Generated (Deficiency) after Cash Distributions and Special Items	$ 73,557	$ (59,918)	$ 55,109	$ (9,270,449)	$ 9,292,200
Net Income and Distributions Data per $1,000 Invested:					
Net Income on GAAP Basis:					
Ordinary Income (Loss)	91	101	103	77	50
Operations Class A Units	(168)	(158)	(155)	(112)	(77)
Operations Class B Units					
Capital Gain (Loss)					

Tax and Distributions Data per $1,000 Invested:					
Federal Income Tax Results:					
Ordinary Income (Loss)	93	100	97	71	18
Operations Class A Units	(109)	(100)	(112)	(73)	(17)
Operations Class B Units					
Capital Gain (Loss)					
Cash Distributions to Investors:					
Source (on GAAP Basis)					
Investment Income Class A Units	90	97	90	60	8
Return of Capital Class A Units	4				
Return of Capital Class B Units					
Source (on Cash Basis)					
Operations Class A Units	94	97	90	56	4
Return of Capital Class A Units				4	4
Operations Class B Units					
Source (on a Priority Distribution Basis)(5)					
Investment Income Class A Units	75	75	69	46	6
Return of Capital Class A Units	19	22	21	14	2
Return of Capital Class B Units					

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	2002	2001	2000	1999	1998
Amount (in Percentage Terms) Remaining Invested in Program Properties at the end of the Last Year Reported in the Table	100%	100%			

(1) Includes $142,163 in equity in earnings of joint ventures and $120,566 from investment of reserve funds in 1998; $607,579 in equity in earnings of joint ventures and $159,007 from investment of reserve funds in 1999; $967,900 in equity in earnings of joint ventures and $7,950 from investment of reserve funds in 2000; $959,631 in equity in earnings of joint ventures and $1,045 from investment of reserve funds in 2001; and $837,509 in equity in earnings of joint ventures and $2,182 from investment of reserve funds in 2002. As of December 31, 2002, the leasing status was 100% including developed property in initial lease up.

(2) Includes partnership administrative expenses.

(3) Included in equity in earnings of joint ventures in gross revenues is depreciation of $105,458 for 1998; $353,840 for 1999; $485,558 for 2000; $491,478 for 2001; and $492,404 for 2002.

(4) In accordance with the partnership agreement, net income or loss, depreciation and amortization are allocated $254,862 to Class A Limited Partners, $(111,067) to Class B Limited Partners and $(500) to General Partners for 1998; $1,009,368 to Class A Limited Partners, $(378,840) to Class B Limited Partners and $0 to the General Partners for 1999; $1,381,547 to Class A Limited Partners, $(485,558) to Class B Limited Partners and $0 to General Partners for 2000; $1,361,828 to Class A Limited Partners, $(491,478) to Class B Limited Partners and $0 to the General Partners for 2001; and $ 1,239,219 to Class A Limited Partners, $ (492,404) to Class B Limited Partners and $ 0 to the General Partners for 2002.

(5) Pursuant to the terms of the partnership agreement, an amount equal to the cash distributions paid to Class A Limited Partners is payable as priority distributions out of the first available net proceeds from the sale of partnership properties to Class B Limited Partners. The amount of cash distributions paid per unit to Class A Limited Partners is shown as a return of capital to the extent of such priority distributions payable to Class B Limited Partners. As of December 31, 2002, the aggregate amount of such priority distributions payable to Class B Limited Partners totaled $1,057,338.

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TABLE III

OPERATING RESULTS OF PRIOR PROGRAMS

(UNAUDITED)

WELLS REAL ESTATE FUND XII, L.P.

	2002	2001	2000	1999
Gross Revenues(1)	$ 1,727,330	$ 1,661,194	$ 929,868	$ 160,379
Profit on Sale of Properties				
Less: Operating Expenses(2)	179,436	105,776	73,640	37,562
Depreciation and Amortization(3)	0	0	0	0
Net Income GAAP Basis(4)	$ 1,547,894	$ 1,555,418	$ 856,228	$ 122,817
Taxable Income: Operations	$ 1,929,381	$ 1,850,674	$ 863,490	$ 130,108
Cash Generated (Used By):				
Operations	(176,478)	(73,029)	247,244	3,783
Joint Ventures	2,824,519	2,036,837	737,266	61,485
	$ 2,648,041	$ 1,963,808	$ 984,510	$ 65,268
Less Cash Distributions to Investors:				
Operating Cash Flow	2,648,041	1,963,808	779,818	62,934
Return of Capital				
Undistributed Cash Flow From Prior Year Operations	2,156	164,482		
Cash Generated (Deficiency) after Cash Distributions	$ (2,156)	$ (164,482)	$ 204,692	$ 2,334
Special Items (not including sales and financing):				
Source of Funds:				
General Partner Contributions				
Increase in Limited Partner Contributions		10,625,431	15,617,575	9,368,186
	$ (2,156)	$ 10,460,949	$ 15,822,267	$ 9,370,520
Use of Funds:				
Sales Commissions and Offering Expenses		1,338,556	1,952,197	1,171,024
Return of Original Limited Partner s Investment				100
Property Acquisitions and Deferred Project Costs		9,298,085	16,246,485	5,615,262
Cash Generated (Deficiency) after Cash Distributions and Special Items	$ (2,156)	$ (175,692)	$ (2,376,415)	$ 2,584,134
Net Income and Distributions Data per $1,000 Invested:				
Net Income on GAAP Basis:				
Ordinary Income (Loss)				
Operations Class A Units	94	98	89	50

Operations Class B Units	(151)	(131)	(92)	(56)
Capital Gain (Loss)				
Tax and Distributions Data per $1,000 Invested:				
Federal Income Tax Results:				
Ordinary Income (Loss)				
Operations Class A Units	91	84	58	23
Operations Class B Units	(95)	(74)	(38)	(25)
Capital Gain (Loss)				
Cash Distributions to Investors:				
Source (on GAAP Basis)				
Investment Income Class A Units	93	77	41	8
Return of Capital Class A Units				
Return of Capital Class B Units				
Source (on Cash Basis)				
Operations Class A Units	93	77	41	8
Return of Capital Class A Units				
Operations Class B Units				
Source (on a Priority Distribution Basis)(5)				
Investment Income Class A Units	70	55	13	6
Return of Capital Class A Units	23	22	28	2
Return of Capital Class B Units				
Amount (in Percentage Terms) Remaining Invested in Program Properties at the end of the Last Year Reported in the Table	100%	100%		

(1) Includes $124,542 in equity in earnings of joint ventures and $35,837 from investment of reserve funds in 1999; $664,401 in equity in earnings of joint ventures and $265,467 from investment of reserve funds in 2000; $1,577,523 in equity in earnings of joint ventures and $83,671 from investment of reserve funds in 2001; and $1,726,553 in equity in earnings of joint ventures and $777 from investment of reserve funds in 2002. As of December 31, 2002, the leasing status was 100% including developed property in initial lease up.

(2) Includes partnership administrative expenses.

(3) Included in equity in earnings of joint ventures in gross revenues is depreciation of $72,427 for 1999; $355,210 for 2000; $1,035,609 for 2001; and $1,107,728 for 2002.

(4) In accordance with the partnership agreement, net income or loss, depreciation and amortization are allocated $195,244 to Class A Limited Partners, $(71,927) to Class B Limited Partners and $(500) to the General Partners for 1999; $1,209,438 to Class A Limited Partners, $(353,210) to Class B Limited Partners and $0 to General Partners for 2000; $2,591,027 to Class A Limited Partners, $(1,035,609) to Class B Limited Partners and $0 to the General Partners for 2001; and $2,655,622 to Class A Limited Partners, $(1,107,728) to Class B Limited Partners, $ 0 to General Partners for 2002.

(5) Pursuant to the terms of the partnership agreement, an amount equal to the cash distributions paid to Class A Limited Partners is payable as priority distributions out of the first available net proceeds from the sale of partnership properties to Class B Limited Partners. The amount of cash distributions paid per unit to Class A Limited Partners is shown as a return of capital to the extent of such priority distributions payable to Class B Limited Partners. As of December 31, 2002, the aggregate amount of such priority distributions payable to Class B Limited Partners totaled $1,524,597.

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TABLE V

SALES OR DISPOSALS OF PROPERTIES

(UNAUDITED)

The following Table sets forth sales or other disposals of properties by Wells Public Programs within the most recent three years. The information relates to only public programs with investment objectives similar to those of Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. All figures are as of December 31, 2002.

			Selling Price, Net Of Closing Costs And GAAP Adjustments					Cost Of Properties Including Closing And Soft Costs			
Property	**Date Acquired**	**Date Of Sale**	**Cash Received Net Of Closing Costs**	**Mortgage Balance At Time Of Sale**	**Purchase Money Mortgage Taken Back By Program**	**Adjustments Resulting From Application Of GAAP**	**Total**	**Original Mortgage Financing**	**Total Acquisition Cost, Capital Improvement, Closing And Soft Costs(1)**	**Total**	**Excess (Deficiency) Of Property Operating Cash Receipts Over Cash Expenditures**
3875 Peachtree Place, Atlanta, GA	12/1/85	08/31/00	$ 727,982	-0-	-0-	-0-	$ 727,982(2)	-0-	$ 582,337	$ 582,337	-0-
Crowe s Crossing Shopping Center, DeKalb County, GA	12/31/86	01/11/01	$ 6,487,000	-0-	-0-	-0-	$ 6,487,000(3)	-0-	$ 9,255,594	$ 9,255,594	-0-
Cherokee Commons Shopping Center, Cherokee County, GA	10/30/87	10/01/01	$ 8,434,089	-0-	-0-	-0-	$ 8,434,089(4)	-0-	$ 10,450,555	$ 10,450,555	-0-
Greenville Center, Greenville, SC	6/20/90	9/30/02	$ 2,271,187	-0-	-0-	-0-	$ 2,271,187(5)	-0-	$ 4,297,901	$ 4,297,901	-0-
Tanglewood Commons Outparcel, Clemmens,	5/30/95	10/07/02	$ 524,398	-0-	-0-	-0-	$ 524,398(6)	-0-	$ 506,326	$ 506,326	-0-

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(1) Amount shown does not include *pro rata* share of original offering costs.
(2) Includes Wells Real Estate Fund I s share of taxable gain from this sale in the amount of $205,019, of which $205,019 is allocated to capital gain and $0 is allocated to ordinary gain.
(3) Includes taxable gain from this sale in the amount of $11,496, of which $11,496 is allocated to capital gain and $0 is allocated to ordinary gain.
(4) Includes taxable gain from this sale in the amount of $207,613, of which $207,613 is allocated to capital gain and $0 is allocated to ordinary gain.
(5) Includes taxable loss from this sale in the amount of $910,227.
(6) Includes taxable gain from this sale in the amount of $ 13,062 of which $13,062 is allocated to capital gain and $0 is allocated to ordinary gain.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

SUMMARY OF UNAUDITED PRO FORMA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This pro forma information should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes of Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc., a Maryland Corporation (the Wells REIT), included in its annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2002. In addition, this pro forma information should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes of certain acquired properties included in various Form 8-Ks previously filed.

The following unaudited pro forma balance sheet as of December 31, 2002 has been prepared to give effect to the first quarter 2003 acquisition of the East Point Buildings and the 150 West Jefferson Building (collectively, the Recent Acquisitions) by Wells Operating Partnership, L.P. (Wells OP) as if the acquisitions occurred on December 31, 2002.

Wells OP is a Delaware limited partnership that was organized to own and operate properties on behalf of Wells REIT. As the sole general partner of Wells OP, Wells REIT possesses full legal control and authority over the operations of Wells OP. Accordingly, the accounts of Wells OP are consolidated with the accompanying pro forma financial statements of Wells REIT.

The following unaudited pro forma statement of income for the year ended December 31, 2002 has been prepared to give effect to the 2002 acquisition of the Vertex Sarasota Building (formerly, the Arthur Andersen Building), the Transocean Houston Building, the Novartis Atlanta Building, the Dana Corporation Buildings, the Travelers Express Denver Buildings, the Agilent Atlanta Building, the BellSouth Ft. Lauderdale Building, the Experian/TRW Buildings, the Agilent Boston Building, the TRW Denver Building, the MFS Phoenix Building, the ISS Atlanta Buildings, the PacifiCare San Antonio Building, the BMG Greenville Buildings, the Kraft Atlanta Building, the Nokia Dallas Buildings, the Harcourt Austin Building, the IRS Long Island Buildings, the KeyBank Parsippany Building, the Allstate Indianapolis Building, the Federal Express Colorado Springs Building, the EDS Des Moines Building, the Intuit Dallas Building, the Daimler Chrysler Dallas Building, the NASA Buildings, the Caterpillar Nashville Building, the Capital One Richmond Buildings, the John Wiley Indianapolis Building and the Nestle Los Angeles Building (collectively, the 2002 Acquisitions) and the Recent Acquisitions as if the acquisitions occurred on January 1, 2002. The Kerr McGee Property and the AmeriCredit Phoenix Property had no operations during the year ended December 31, 2002.

These unaudited pro forma financial statements are prepared for informational purposes only and are not necessarily indicative of future results or of actual results that would have been achieved had the acquisition of the 2002 Acquisitions and the Recent Acquisitions been consummated as of January 1, 2002. In addition, the pro forma balance sheet includes allocations of the purchase price for certain acquisitions based upon preliminary estimates of the fair value of the assets and liabilities acquired. Therefore, these allocations may be adjusted in the future upon finalization of these preliminary estimates.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

PRO FORMA BALANCE SHEET

DECEMBER 31, 2002

(in thousands, except share amounts)

(Unaudited)

ASSETS

	Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. (e)	Pro Forma Adjustments			Pro Forma Total
			Recent Acquisitions		
		Other	East Point	150 West Jefferson	
REAL ESTATE ASSETS, at cost:					
Land	$ 279,185	$ 0	$ 2,163(c)	$ 9,375(c)	$ 291,196
			89(d)	384(d)	
Buildings, less accumulated depreciation of $63,594	1,683,036	0	19,916(c)	84,519(c)	1,791,746
			815(d)	3,460(d)	
Construction in progress	42,746	0	0	0	42,746
Total real estate assets	2,004,967	0	22,983	97,738	2,125,688
INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURES	83,915	0	0	0	83,915
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	45,464	380,046(a)	(22,079)(c)	(93,894)(c)	294,591
		(14,946)(b)			
RENT RECEIVABLE	19,321	0	0	0	19,321
DEFERRED PROJECT COSTS	1,494	14,946(b)	(904)(d)	(3,844)(d)	11,692
DUE FROM AFFILIATES	1,961	0	0	0	1,961
PREPAID EXPENSES AND OTHER ASSETS, NET	4,407	0	0	0	4,407
DEFERRED LEASE ACQUISITION COSTS, NET	1,638	0	0	0	1,638
INTANGIBLE LEASE ASSET	12,060	0	0	0	12,060
INVESTMENT IN BONDS	54,500	0	0	0	54,500

Total assets	$ 2,229,727	$ 380,046	$ 0	$ 0	$ 2,609,773

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LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY

(in thousands, except share amounts)

	Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. (e)	Pro Forma Adjustments Other	Recent Acquisitions East Point	Recent Acquisitions 150 West Jefferson	Pro Forma Total
LIABILITIES:					
Notes payable	$ 248,195	$ 0	$ 0	$ 0	$ 248,195
Obligations under capital lease	54,500	0	0	0	54,500
Intangible lease liability	32,697	0	0	0	32,697
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	24,580	0	0	0	24,580
Due to affiliate	15,975	0	0	0	15,975
Dividends payable	6,046	0	0	0	6,046
Deferred rental income	11,584	0	0	0	11,584
Total liabilities	393,577	0	0	0	393,577
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES					
MINORITY INTEREST OF UNIT HOLDER IN OPERATING PARTNERSHIP	200	0	0	0	200
SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY:					
Common shares, $.01 par value; 750,000,000 shares authorized, 217,790,874 shares issued and 215,699,717 outstanding at December 31, 2002	2,178	427(a)	0	0	2,605
Additional paid-in capital	1,929,381	379,619(a)	0	0	2,309,000
Cumulative distributions in excess of earnings	(74,310)	0	0	0	(74,310)
Treasury stock, at cost, 2,091,157 shares at December 31, 2002	(20,912)	0	0	0	(20,912)
Other comprehensive loss	(387)	0	0	0	(387)
Total shareholders equity	1,835,950	380,046	0	0	2,215,996
Total liabilities and shareholders equity	$ 2,229,727	$ 380,046	$ 0	$ 0	$ 2,609,773

(a) Reflects capital raised through issuance of additional shares subsequent to December 31, 2002 through 150 West Jefferson acquisition date, net of organizational and offering costs, commissions and dealer-manager fees.

(b) Reflects deferred project costs capitalized as a result of additional capital raised described in note (a) above.

(c) Reflects Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. s purchase price for the land, building and liabilities assumed.

(d) Reflects deferred project costs applied to the land and building at approximately 4.094% of the cash paid for purchase.

(e) Historical financial information derived from annual report on Form 10-K.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

PRO FORMA STATEMENT OF INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002

(in thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

	Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. (h)	Pro Forma Adjustments: 2002 Acquisitions	Recent Acquisitions: East Point	Recent Acquisitions: 150 West Jefferson	Pro Forma Total
REVENUES:					
Rental income	$ 107,526	$ 98,599(a)	$ 1,531(a)	$ 11,665(a)	$ 219,321
Tenant reimbursements	18,992	9,584(b)	63(b)	5,527(b)	34,166
Equity in income of joint ventures	4,700	648(c)	0	0	5,348
Lease termination income	1,409	0	0	0	1,409
Interest and other income	7,001	0	0	0	7,001
	139,628	108,831	1,594	17,192	267,245
EXPENSES:					
Depreciation	38,780	34,362(d)	829(d)	3,519(d)	77,490
Interest expense	4,638	9,657(e)	0	0	14,295
Property operating costs	26,949	25,244(f)	990(f)	7,752(f)	60,935
Management and leasing fees	5,155	3,196(g)	72(g)	774(g)	9,197
General and administrative	3,244	0	0	0	3,244
Legal and accounting	1,008	0	0	0	1,008
	79,774	72,459	1,891	12,045	166,169
NET INCOME	$ 59,854	$ 36,372	$ (297)	$ 5,147	$ 101,076
EARNINGS PER SHARE, basic and diluted	$ 0.41				$ 0.39
WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES, basic and diluted	145,633				257,084

(a) Rental income is recognized on a straight-line basis.

(b) Consists of operating costs reimbursements.

(c) Reflects Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. s equity in income of the Wells Fund XIII-REIT Joint Venture related to the John Wiley Indianapolis Building. The pro forma adjustment results from rental revenues less operating expenses, management fees and depreciation.

(d) Depreciation expense on the buildings is recognized using the straight-line method and a 25-year life.

(e) Represents interest expense on lines of credits used to acquire assets, which bear interest at approximately 3.99% for the year ended December 31, 2002 and assumed mortgages on the BMG Direct, BMG Music and Nestle Buildings, which bear interest at 8.5%, 8% and 3.39% for the year ended December 31, 2002, respectively.

(f) Consists of operating expenses.

(g) Management and leasing fees are calculated at 4.5% of rental income and tenant reimbursements.

(h) Historical financial information derived from annual report on Form 10-K.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

SUPPLEMENT NO. 7 DATED MAY 15, 2003 TO THE PROSPECTUS

DATED JULY 26, 2002

This document supplements, and should be read in conjunction with, the prospectus of Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. dated July 26, 2002, as supplemented and amended by Supplement No. 1 dated August 14, 2002, Supplement No. 2 dated August 29, 2002, Supplement No. 3 dated October 25, 2002, Supplement No. 4 dated December 10, 2002, Supplement No. 5 dated January 15, 2003, and Supplement No. 6 dated April 14, 2003. When we refer to the prospectus in this supplement, we are also referring to any and all supplements to the prospectus. Unless otherwise defined in this supplement, capitalized terms used in this supplement shall have the same meanings as set forth in the prospectus.

The purpose of this supplement is to describe the following:

(1) Status of the offering of shares in Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. (Wells REIT);

(2) Revisions to the Description of Real Estate Investments section of the prospectus to describe the following real property acquisitions;

(A) Acquisition of a three-story office building in Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey (Citicorp Englewood Cliffs, NJ Building);

(B) Acquisition of a 32-story office building in Minneapolis, Minnesota (US Bancorp Minneapolis Building);

(C) Acquisition of an 83-story office building in Chicago, Illinois (Aon Center Chicago Building); and

(D) Acquisition of a three-story office building in Auburn Hills, Michigan (GMAC Detroit Building);

(3) Status of the development of the Nissan Project, the Kerr-McGee Property and the AmeriCredit Phoenix Building;

(4) Description of unsecured line of credit in the amount of $500 million;

(5) Revisions to the Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations section of the prospectus;

(6) Unaudited financial statements of the Wells REIT for the three month period ended March 31, 2003;

(7) Financial statements relating to the recently acquired US Bancorp Minneapolis Building and the Aon Center Chicago Building; and

(8) Unaudited pro forma financial statements of the Wells REIT reflecting the acquisition of the Citicorp Englewood Cliffs, NJ Building, the US Bancorp Minneapolis Building, the Aon Center Chicago Building and the GMAC Detroit Building.

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Status of the Offering

We commenced our initial public offering of common stock on January 30, 1998. Our initial public offering was terminated on December 19, 1999. We received approximately $132.2 million in gross offering proceeds from the sale of 13.2 million shares in our initial public offering. We commenced our second offering of common stock on December 20, 1999. Our second public offering was terminated on December 19, 2000. We received approximately $175.2 million in gross offering proceeds from the sale of 17.5 million shares in our second public offering. We commenced our third public offering of common stock on December 20, 2000. Our third public offering was terminated on July 26, 2002. We received approximately $1.3 billion in gross offering proceeds from the sale of 128.3 million shares in our third public offering.

Pursuant to the prospectus, we commenced our fourth public offering of common stock on July 26, 2002. As of May 15, 2003, we had received additional gross proceeds of approximately $1.3 billion from the sale of approximately 126.8 million shares in our fourth public offering. Accordingly, as of May 15, 2003, we had received aggregate gross offering proceeds of approximately $2.9 billion from the sale of approximately 285.9 million shares in all of our public offerings. After payment of approximately $98.6 million in acquisition and advisory fees and acquisition expenses, payment of $319.4 million in selling commissions and organization and offering expenses, and common stock redemptions of approximately $42.7 million pursuant to our share redemption program, as of May 15, 2003, we had raised aggregate net offering proceeds available for investment in properties of approximately $2.4 billion, out of which approximately $2.3 billion had been invested in real estate properties, and approximately $74.3 million remained available for investment in real estate properties.

Description of Properties

As of May 15, 2003, we had purchased interests in 78 real estate properties located in 23 states. Below is a description of our recent real property acquisitions.

Citicorp Englewood Cliffs, NJ Building

On April 30, 2003, Wells Operating Partnership, L.P. (Wells OP), a Delaware limited partnership formed to acquire, own, lease and operate real properties on behalf of the Wells REIT, purchased a three-story office building containing approximately 410,000 rentable square feet located on an approximately 27-acre tract of land at 111 Sylvan Avenue in Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey (Citicorp Englewood Cliffs, NJ Building) for a purchase price of $70.5 million. The Citicorp Englewood Cliffs, NJ Building was purchased from US Fund Sylvan Avenue, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership not in any way affiliated with the Wells REIT, Wells OP or Wells Capital, Inc., our advisor. In order to finance the acquisition of the Citicorp Englewood Cliffs, NJ Building, Wells OP obtained approximately $50 million in loan proceeds by drawing down on its existing line of credit with SouthTrust Bank, N.A.

The Citicorp Englewood Cliffs, NJ Building, which was originally built in 1953 and renovated in 1998, is leased under a net lease (i.e., operating costs and maintenance costs are paid by the tenant) entirely to Citicorp North America, Inc. (Citicorp North America), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Citicorp, Inc. (Citicorp). Citicorp, which is a guarantor of the Citicorp North America lease, is a financial services holding company whose four main business segments include consumer financial services, corporate and institutional financial services, investment management services, and private investment services. Citicorp provides its services in approximately 100 countries worldwide.

The Citicorp North America lease commenced in June 1998 and expires in November 2010. The current annual base rent payable under the Citicorp North America lease is approximately $6.0 million. Citicorp North America has the right, at its option, to extend the initial term of its lease for two additional five-year periods at the then-current market rental rate. Under the Citicorp North America lease, the tenant is responsible for maintaining the Citicorp Englewood Cliffs, NJ Building and for the payment of

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all operating expenses relating to the property and Wells OP, as the landlord, is responsible for maintaining and repairing the structural portions and mechanical systems of the Citicorp Englewood Cliffs, NJ Building.

Since the Citicorp Englewood Cliffs, NJ Building is leased to a single tenant on a long-term basis under a net lease that transfers substantially all of the operating costs to the tenant, we believe that financial information about the guarantor of the lease, Citicorp, is more relevant to investors than financial statements of the property acquired.

Citicorp currently files its financial statements in reports filed with the SEC, and the following summary financial data regarding Citicorp is taken from its previously filed public reports:

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS DATA:

	FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED		
	12/31/2002	12/31/2001	12/31/2000
	(IN MILLIONS)		
Revenues	$ 66,401	$ 67,266	$ 64,503
Operating Income	$ 16,166	$ 15,221	$ 12,915
Net Income	$ 10,709	$ 9,642	$ 8,110

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET DATA:

	AS OF THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED		
	12/31/2002	12/31/2001	12/31/2000
	(IN MILLIONS)		
Total Assets	$ 727,337	$ 646,944	$ 551,607
Long-Term Debt	$ 78,372	$ 81,053	$ 80,335
Stockholders Equity	$ 73,540	$ 63,453	$ 47,865

For more detailed financial information regarding Citicorp, please refer to the financial statements of Citicorp, Inc., which are publicly available with the SEC at http://www.sec.gov.

Wells Management Company, Inc. (Wells Management), an affiliate of the Wells REIT and our advisor, will manage the Citicorp Englewood Cliffs, NJ Building on behalf of Wells OP and will be paid management and leasing fees in the amount of up to 4.5% of the gross revenues from the Citicorp Englewood Cliffs, NJ Building, subject to certain limitations.

US Bancorp Minneapolis Building

On May 1, 2003, Wells OP purchased a 32-story office building containing approximately 929,694 rentable square feet located at 800 Nicollet Mall, Minneapolis, Minnesota (US Bancorp Minneapolis Building) for a purchase price of $174 million from MN-Nicolet Mall, L.L.C. (Nicolet Mall), a Delaware limited liability company not in any way affiliated with the Wells REIT, Wells OP or our advisor.

The US Bancorp Minneapolis Building was built in 2000 and is located on an approximately 1.2-acre tract of land in downtown Minneapolis, Minnesota. The US Bancorp Minneapolis Building is leased to 29 different tenants.

U.S. Bancorp Piper Jaffray Companies, Inc. (US Bancorp Piper Jaffray) leases approximately 718,171 rentable square feet of the US Bancorp Minneapolis Building (77.2%). US Bancorp Piper Jaffray is currently a wholly-owned subsidiary of U.S. Bancorp. U.S. Bancorp, which is a guarantor of the US Bancorp Piper Jaffray lease, is a financial services holding company having its corporate

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headquarters in Minneapolis, Minnesota. U.S. Bancorp reported a net worth, as of December 31, 2002, of approximately $18.1 billion. US Bancorp Piper Jaffray provides investment products and services, including securities, mutual funds and annuities, and insurance products, to individuals, institutions and businesses. In February 2003, U.S. Bancorp announced a plan to spin-off its capital markets business unit, including US Bancorp Piper Jaffray, in late 2003. In connection with the spin-off, shareholders of U.S. Bancorp will receive a stock dividend of the shares in US Bancorp Piper Jaffray, as a result of which US Bancorp Piper Jaffray will become an independent company and will no longer be a wholly-owned subsidiary of U.S. Bancorp. U.S. Bancorp will remain as a guarantor of the US Bancorp Piper Jaffray lease after the spin-off.

The US Bancorp Piper Jaffray lease commenced in June 2000 and expires in May 2014. The current annual base rent payable under the US Bancorp Piper Jaffray lease is approximately $10.8 million. US Bancorp Piper Jaffray has the right, at its option, to extend the initial term of its lease for one additional six-year period, and two additional five-year periods. US Bancorp Piper Jaffray also has options to lease additional available space in the US Bancorp Minneapolis Building in 2004, 2006, 2008, 2010, and 2012, as well as a right of first refusal to lease additional available space beginning in June 2003. Under the US Bancorp Piper Jaffray lease, US Bancorp Piper Jaffray is responsible for its pro rata share of operating and maintenance costs. Wells OP, as the landlord, is responsible for maintaining and repairing the structural portions and mechanical systems of the US Bancorp Minneapolis Building.

The other 28 tenants lease approximately 205,056 rentable square feet (22.1%) of the US Bancorp Minneapolis Building for an aggregate annual base rent payable of approximately $3.7 million. Approximately 6,467 rentable square feet (0.7%) of the US Bancorp Minneapolis Building is currently vacant.

Wells Management will be paid management and leasing fees in the amount of up to 4.5% of gross revenues from the US Bancorp Minneapolis Building, subject to certain limitations. Wells OP has entered into a two-year management agreement with Equity Office Management, L.L.C. (Equity Office Management), an affiliate of the seller of the US Bancorp Minneapolis Building, to serve as the on-site property manager for the US Bancorp Minneapolis Building. The property management fees payable to Equity Office Management will be paid out of or credited against the fees payable to Wells Management. Equity Office Management is not in any way affiliated with the Wells REIT, Wells OP or our advisor.

Aon Center Chicago Building

On May 9, 2003, Wells REIT Chicago Center, Chicago, LLC (REIT Chicago Center), a single member Delaware limited liability company wholly-owned by Wells OP, purchased an 83-story office building containing approximately 2,577,000 rentable square feet located at 200 East Randolph Street in Chicago, Illinois (Aon Center Chicago Building) for a purchase price of approximately $465.2 million, from BRE/Randolph Drive, L.L.C. (BRE/Randolph), a Delaware limited liability company. BRE/Randolph is not in any way affiliated with the Wells REIT, REIT Chicago Center, Wells OP or our advisor. In order to finance the acquisition of the Aon Center Chicago Building, REIT Chicago Center obtained (1) approximately $350 million in loan proceeds by having Wells OP draw down on its existing $500 million unsecured line of credit described below, and (2) approximately $112.3 million in seller financing from BRE/Randolph. The seller financing in favor of BRE/Randolph (a) was provided on an interest free basis, (b) is due and payable in full on January 31, 2004, (c) is secured by a first priority mortgage on the Aon Center Chicago Building, and (d) is guaranteed by Wells OP.

The Aon Center Chicago Building, which was built in 1972 and is located on an approximately 3.7-acre tract of land in downtown Chicago, is the third tallest building in North America. The Aon Center Chicago Building is leased or subleased to approximately 40 different tenants. BP Corporation North America Inc., Aon Corporation, Kirkland & Ellis, DDB & Needham Chicago Inc., Daniel J. Edelman, Inc., PricewaterhouseCoopers, Deloitte and Touche USA LLP, and Jones Lang LaSalle

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Americas, Inc. lease or sublease, in the aggregate, approximately 1,759,000 rentable square feet (68.3%) of the Aon Center Chicago Building. The other tenants lease approximately 622,000 rentable square feet (24.1%) of the Aon Center Chicago Building for an aggregate annual base rent payable of approximately $7.9 million. Approximately 196,000 rentable square feet (7.6%) of the Aon Center Chicago Building is vacant. REIT Chicago Center, as the landlord for the Aon Center Chicago Building, is responsible for maintaining and repairing the structural portions and mechanical systems of the Aon Center Chicago Building.

Approximately 775,796 rentable square feet of the Aon Center Chicago Building (30.1%) is leased to BP Corporation North America Inc. (BP Corporation) is a wholly-owned subsidiary of BP p.l.c. (BP), a British public limited company which is one of the leading oil companies in the world. BP Corporation controls operations in North America for BP.

The BP Corporation lease is a net lease which commenced in December 1998 and expires in December 2013. The current annual base rent payable under the BP Corporation lease is approximately $15.6 million. BP Corporation has the right, at its option, to extend the initial term of its lease for four additional five-year periods at 95% of the then-current market rental rate. BP Corporation also has an option to lease an additional floor in the Aon Center Chicago Building, as well as a right of first offer to lease additional available space, subject to various restrictions. Further, BP Corporation has a right of first offer to purchase the Aon Center Chicago Building upon a subsequent sale of the Aon Center Chicago Building by REIT Chicago Center, subject to various restrictions.

BP Corporation has subleased approximately 515,083 rentable square feet of the Aon Center Chicago Building (20.0%) to Aon Corporation (Aon). The Aon sublease commenced in September 2001 and expires in December 2013. The current annual base rent payable to BP Corporation under the Aon sublease is approximately $6.9 million. Aon, which has its headquarters located in the Aon Center Chicago Building, is a holding company whose subsidiaries provide insurance brokerage, consulting, and insurance underwriting services. Aon has approximately 550 offices in 120 countries worldwide. Aon reported a net worth, as of December 31, 2002, of approximately $3.9 billion.

Approximately 351,243 rentable square feet of the Aon Center Chicago Building (13.6%) is leased to Kirkland & Ellis. Kirkland & Ellis is a law firm with approximately 900 attorneys and offices in Chicago, Washington, D.C., New York, Los Angeles, San Francisco, and London. Kirkland & Ellis handles matters of litigation, corporate, intellectual property and technology, bankruptcy, tax, and counseling for national and international clients.

The Kirkland & Ellis lease is a net lease which commenced in January 1987 and expires in December 2011. The current annual base rent payable under the Kirkland & Ellis lease is approximately $4.8 million. Kirkland & Ellis has the right, at its option, to extend the initial term of its lease for one additional ten-year period at the then-current market rental rate. Kirkland & Ellis also has an option to lease additional available space in the Aon Center Chicago Building, and a right of first offer to lease additional space on the 47th, 50th, 51st, 52nd, and 66th floors. Kirkland & Ellis has exercised a right of first offer to lease additional available space in the Aon Center Chicago Building on the 65th and 67th floors beginning in 2004 and 2005 respectively.

Approximately 263,978 rentable square feet of the Aon Center Chicago Building (10.2%) is leased to DDB & Needham Chicago Inc. (DDB), which has its corporate headquarters in the Aon Center Chicago Building. DDB is an advertising and marketing firm with offices in approximately 96 countries worldwide. DDB is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Omnicom Group, Inc. (Omnicom), which is a guarantor of the DDB lease. Omnicom is one of the largest advertising and corporate communications companies in the world. Omnicom reported a net worth, as of December 31, 2002, of approximately $2.57 billion.

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The DDB lease is a net lease which commenced in July 1997 and expires in June 2018. The current annual base rent payable under the DDB lease is approximately $4.3 million. DDB has the right, at its option, to extend the initial term of its lease for one additional five-year period at the then-current market rental rate. DDB also has an option and a right of first offer to lease space on the 34th floor in the Aon Center Chicago Building. In addition, the DDB lease provides DDB with the right to reduce its leased space by between 10,000 and 50,000 square feet if DDB experiences reduced advertising account revenue.

Approximately 126,735 rentable square feet of the Aon Center Chicago Building (4.9%) is leased to Daniel J. Edelman, Inc. (Edelman), the parent company of Edelman Public Relations Worldwide. Edelman Public Relations Worldwide is a large privately held public relations firm with 38 offices worldwide and has its corporate headquarters in the Aon Center Chicago Building.

The Edelman lease is a net lease which commenced in March 1995 and expires in February 2010. The current annual base rent payable under the Edelman lease is approximately $1.9 million. Edelman has the right, at its option, to extend the initial term of its lease for two additional five-year periods at 95% of the then-current market rental rate. Edelman also has a right of third offer to lease additional space on the 78th floor of the Aon Center Chicago Building.

Approximately 121,788 rentable square feet of the Aon Center Chicago Building (4.7%) is leased to PricewaterhouseCoopers (PwC), an accounting services firm with offices in approximately 142 countries worldwide. PwC s five main business units include Audit, Assurance and Business Advisory Services; Business Process Outsourcing; Corporate Finance and Recovery Services; Human Resource Services; and Global Tax Services.

The PwC lease is a net lease which commenced in January 1994 and expires in December 2003. The current annual base rent payable under the PwC lease is approximately $1.7 million. PwC currently subleases its entire leased premises to Deloitte and Touche USA LLP (Deloitte), a professional services organization which provides assurance and advisory, tax, and consulting services in over 140 countries worldwide.

Deloitte s sublease expires in December 2003 at the same time as the expiration of the PwC lease. Deloitte has entered into a new net lease for 134,966 rentable square feet, which commences on the earlier of (1) the termination of the PwC lease, or (2) January 1, 2004, and expires in June 2005. The initial annual base rent payable under the Deloitte lease will be approximately $3.9 million. Deloitte has the right, at its option, to extend the initial term of its lease for two additional five-year periods at the then-current market rental rate.

Approximately 119,215 rentable square feet of the Aon Center Chicago Building (4.6%) is leased to Jones Lang LaSalle Americas, Inc. (Jones Lang), which has its corporate headquarters in the Aon Center Chicago Building. Jones Lang is a real estate services and investment company with offices in approximately 34 countries worldwide. Jones Lang s operations include space acquisition and disposition, facilities and property management, project and development management services, leasing, buying and selling properties, consulting and capital markets expertise. Jones Lang reported a net worth, as of December 31, 2002, of approximately $367 million.

The Jones Lang lease is a net lease which commenced in March 1996 and expires in February 2006. The current annual base rent payable under the Jones Lang lease is approximately $1.4 million. Jones Lang has the right, at its option, to extend the initial term of its lease for two additional five-year periods at the then-current market rental rate. Jones Lang also has a right of first offer to lease additional space on the 42nd floor of the Aon Center Chicago Building.

Wells Management will be paid management and leasing fees in the amount of up to 4.5% of gross revenues from the Aon Center Chicago Building, subject to certain limitations. REIT Chicago Center has entered into a five-year management agreement with Brea Property Management of Illinois, LLC (Brea) pursuant to which Brea will serve as the on-site property manager for the Aon Center Chicago Building.

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Brea will be paid management fees out of or credited against the fees payable to Wells Management. Brea is not in any way affiliated with the Wells REIT, REIT Chicago Center, Wells OP or our advisor.

GMAC Detroit Building

On May 9, 2003, Wells OP purchased a three-story office building containing approximately 119,122 rentable square feet located at 900 Squirrel Road in Auburn Hills, Michigan (GMAC Detroit Building) for a purchase price of approximately $17.8 million, from KDC-SW, Auburn Hills 1, L.P., a Texas limited partnership (KDC-SW). KDC-SW is not in any way affiliated with the Wells REIT, Wells OP or our advisor. KDC-SW is an affiliate of the sellers of the Federal Express Colorado Springs Building, the EDS Des Moines Building, and the Intuit Dallas Building, which were purchased by Wells OP in September 2002.

The GMAC Detroit Building was built in 2001 and is located on an approximately 7.3-acre tract of land in Auburn Hills, Michigan, 30 miles north of downtown Detroit. The GMAC Detroit Building is leased to General Motors Acceptance Corp and Delmia Corp. Approximately 16,182 rentable square feet (13.6%) of the GMAC Detroit Building is vacant. Wells OP entered into an earn-out agreement with the seller at closing, pursuant to which Wells OP is required to pay the seller certain amounts for each new lease executed before November 8, 2004 for any portion of the currently vacant space.

Approximately 60,034 rentable square feet of the GMAC Detroit Building (50.4%) is leased to General Motors Acceptance Corp (GMAC), a wholly-owned subsidiary of General Motors Corporation (GM). GMAC provides financing, mortgage and insurance services directly and through its subsidiaries to consumers and businesses on a global basis. GMAC reported a net worth, as of December 31, 2002, of approximately $17.8 billion.

The GMAC lease commenced in January 2002 and expires in March 2007. The current annual base rent payable under the GMAC lease is approximately $1.4 million. GMAC has the right, at its option, to extend the initial term of its lease for two additional five-year periods at 95% of the then-current market rental rate. Under the GMAC lease, Wells OP, as the landlord, is responsible for maintaining and repairing the structural portions and mechanical systems of the GMAC Detroit Building and for paying operating expenses and maintenance costs relating to the GMAC Detroit Building, subject to reimbursement obligations described below. Beginning in the lease year after 95% of the GMAC Detroit Building is occupied, GMAC will be responsible for its pro rata share of increases in operating and maintenance costs which exceed the expenses incurred by Wells OP in the first lease year in which 95% of the GMAC Detroit Building is occupied.

Approximately 42,906 rentable square feet of the GMAC Detroit Building (36.0%) is leased to Delmia Corp. (Delmia). Delmia designs digital manufacturing software products for process planning, detailing, verification and simulation of digital factories. Delmia, which has its corporate headquarters in the GMAC Detroit Building, is a subsidiary of Dassault Systemes, S.A. (Dassault), a French corporation. Dassault, which is a guarantor of the Delmia lease, provides product lifecycle management software using three-dimensional digital technology. Dassault reported a net worth, as of December 31, 2002, of approximately $735 million.

The Delmia lease commenced in January 2003 and expires in July 2013. The initial annual base rent payable under the Delmia lease is approximately $0.9 million. Delmia has the right, at its option, to extend the initial term of its lease for two additional five-year periods at 95% of the then-current market rental rate. Delmia also has a right of first refusal to lease additional available space in the GMAC Detroit Building during the first 2 years of the Delmia lease and a right of first offer on available space for the remainder of the Delmia lease. Delmia, at its option, may terminate the Delmia lease at the end of the 66^{th} month by paying a termination fee of approximately $1 million plus other costs and commissions. Under the Delmia lease, Wells OP, as the landlord, is responsible for maintaining and repairing the structural portions and mechanical systems of the GMAC Detroit Building and for paying operating expenses and maintenance costs relating to the GMAC Detroit Building, subject to reimbursement obligations described below. Beginning in 2004, Delmia will be responsible for its pro rata share of increases in operating and maintenance costs which exceed the expenses incurred by Wells OP in 2003.

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Wells Management will be paid management and leasing fees in the amount of up to 4.5% of gross revenues from the GMAC Detroit Building, subject to certain limitations. Wells OP has entered into an agreement with Trammell Crow Company (Trammell Crow) to serve as the on-site property manager for the GMAC Detroit Building. The property management fees payable to Trammel Crow will be paid out of or credited against the fees payable to Wells Management. Trammell Crow is not in any way affiliated with the Wells REIT, Wells OP or our advisor.

Status of the Nissan Building

In March 2003, the construction of the Nissan Building , a three-story approximately 268,290 rentable square foot office building in Irving, Texas, was substantially completed. The aggregate cost and expenses incurred by Wells OP with respect to the acquisition and construction of the Nissan Building totaled approximately $41.7 million, which is within the budgeted amount for the property. Nissan Motor Acceptance Corporation occupied the building under a net lease agreement commencing on April 1, 2003. The construction was financed through a loan that was paid off in March 2003, when the building was substantially completed.

Status of the AmeriCredit Phoenix Building

In April 2003, the construction of the AmeriCredit Phoenix Building, a three-story approximately 153,494 rentable square foot office building in Chandler, Arizona, was substantially completed. The aggregate cost and expenses incurred by Wells OP with respect to the acquisition and construction of the AmeriCredit Phoenix Building totaled approximately $25.6 million. The revised total cost, which reflects an increase of approximately $0.9 million from the budgeted amount for the property, is due to certain recently requested additional tenant improvements and requirements by the City of Chandler. AmeriCredit Financial Services, Inc. occupied the building under a net lease agreement commencing on April 15, 2003.

Status of the Kerr-McGee Building

As of May 15, 2003, Wells OP had expended approximately $11.0 million towards the construction of the four-story approximately 100,000 rentable square foot office building in Houston, Texas. The Kerr-McGee Building is approximately 65% complete and is currently expected to be completed in July 2003. We estimate that the aggregate cost and expenses to be incurred by Wells OP with respect to the acquisition and construction of the Kerr-McGee Building will total approximately $15.8 million, which is within the budgeted amount for the property.

Description of $500 Million Line of Credit

Wells OP established an unsecured secured line of credit in the amount of $500 million with Bank of America, N.A. (BOA) and a consortium of other financial institutions ($500 Million Line of Credit). This unsecured line of credit replaces the $110 million secured line of credit with BOA. The interest rate on the $500 Million Line of Credit is an annual variable rate equal to the London InterBank Offered Rate (LIBOR) for a 30-day period plus up to 1.625% or certain other alternative rates. Wells OP paid up-front commitment fees in an amount equal to approximately $2.3 million in connection with the $500 Million Line of Credit. In addition, Wells OP is required to pay a quarterly facility fee of .25% per annum on the entire amount of the $500 Million Line of Credit. As of May 15, 2003, the interest rate on the $500 Million Line of Credit was 4.4% per annum, and the outstanding principal balance on the $500 Million Line of Credit was $350 million.

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Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations section contained in Supplement No. 6 dated April 14, 2003 and should also be read in conjunction with our accompanying financial statements and notes thereto.

Forward Looking Statements

This supplement contains forward-looking statements, within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, including discussion and analysis of our financial condition, anticipated capital expenditures required to complete certain projects, amounts of anticipated cash distributions to stockholders in the future and certain other matters. Readers of this supplement should be aware that there are various factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from any forward-looking statements made in this supplement, which include changes in general economic conditions, changes in real estate conditions, construction costs which may exceed estimates, construction delays, increases in interest rates, lease-up risks, inability to obtain new tenants upon the expiration of existing leases, inability to invest in properties on a timely basis or in properties that will provide targeted rates of return and the potential need to fund tenant improvements or other capital expenditures out of operating cash flow.

REIT Qualification

We have made an election under Section 856 of the Internal Revenue Code to be taxed as a REIT beginning with our taxable year ended December 31, 1998. As a REIT for federal income tax purposes, we generally will not be subject to federal income tax on income that we distribute to shareholders. If we fail to qualify as a REIT in any taxable year, we will be subject to federal income tax on taxable income at regular corporate rates and will not be permitted to qualify for treatment as a REIT for federal income tax purposes for four years following the year in which our qualification is lost. Such an event could materially, adversely affect our financial position and results of operations. However, management believes that we are organized and operate in a manner which will enable us to qualify for treatment as a REIT for federal income tax purposes during the year ending December 31, 2003. In addition, we intend to continue to operate to remain qualified as a REIT for federal income tax purposes.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

During the three months ended March 31, 2003, we received aggregate gross offering proceeds of $426.8 million from the sale of 42.7 million shares of our common stock. After incurring costs of $14.4 million in acquisition and advisory fees and acquisition expenses, $45.0 million in selling commissions and organization and offering expenses and common stock redemptions of $12.9 million pursuant to our share redemption program, we raised net offering proceeds of $354.5 million during the three months ended March 31, 2003.

During the three months ended March 31, 2002, we received aggregate gross offering proceeds of $255.7 million from the sale of 25.7 million shares of our common stock. After incurring costs of $8.9 million in acquisition and advisory fees and acquisition expenses, $27.1 million in selling commissions and organizational and offering expenses and common stock redemptions of $3.0 million pursuant to our share redemption program, we raised net offering proceeds of $216.7 million during the three months ended March 31, 2002.

The significant increase in capital resources available to us is due to significantly increased sales of our common stock during the first quarter of 2003. After payment of the costs described above associated with the sale of shares of common stock and acquisitions of properties, we have $108.6 million available for investment in real estate assets as of March 31, 2003.

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As of March 31, 2003, we owned interests in 74 real estate properties either directly or through our interests in joint ventures located throughout the United States. Our real estate investment policies are to identify and invest in high-grade commercial office and industrial buildings located in densely populated metropolitan markets which are newly constructed, under construction or which have been previously constructed and have operating histories. However, we are not limited to such investments. We expect to continue to acquire commercial properties which meet our standards of quality in terms of the real estate and the creditworthiness of the tenants.

We have developed specific standards for determining creditworthiness of potential tenants of our properties in order to reduce the risk of tenant default. Although authorized to enter into leases with any type of tenant, we anticipate that a majority of our tenants will be large corporations or other entities which have a net worth in excess of $100 million or whose lease obligations are guaranteed by another corporation or entity with a net worth in excess of $100 million.

Creditworthy tenants of the type we target are becoming more and more highly valued in the marketplace and, accordingly, there is increased competition in acquiring properties with these creditworthy tenants. As a result, the purchase prices for such properties have increased with corresponding reductions in cap rates and returns on investment. In addition, changes in market conditions have caused us to add to our internal procedures for ensuring the creditworthiness of our tenants before entering into any commitment to buy a property. We continue to remain steadfast in our commitment to invest in quality properties that will produce quality income for our stockholders.

Dividends during the three months ended March 31, 2003, were $39.7 million compared to $17.6 million during the three months ended March 31, 2002. For each $10 share of our common stock, our board of directors declared dividends for the period December 16, 2002 through March 15, 2003, at an annualized percentage rate of return of 7.0% compared to an annualized percentage rate of return of 7.75% for the period December 16, 2001 through March 15, 2002. The reduction of the annualized percentage rate of return for the dividends resulted from the higher value placed on our type of properties and the additional time it now takes in the acquisition process for us to assess tenant creditworthiness and, therefore, invest proceeds in properties.

Our board of directors has declared dividends for the period March 16, 2003, through June 15, 2003, at an annualized percentage rate of return of 7.0%. Second quarter dividends are calculated on a daily record basis of $0.001902 (0.1902 cents) per day per share on the outstanding shares of our common stock payable to stockholders of record as shown on our books at the close of business on each day during the period commencing on March 16, 2003, and continuing on each day thereafter through and including June 15, 2003.

The payment of dividends in the future will generally be dependent upon the cash flows from operating the properties currently owned and acquired in future periods, our financial condition, amounts paid for properties acquired, the timing of property acquisitions, capital expenditure requirements and distribution requirements in order to maintain our REIT status under the Internal Revenue Code.

Subsequent to March 31, 2003, we obtained an additional variable rate unsecured line of credit in the amount of $500 million to provide us with increased flexibility for funding acquisitions at times when real estate investments are available at appropriate prices but sufficient offering proceeds to fund such acquisitions have not been raised.

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Cash Flows From Operating Activities

Our net cash provided by operating activities was $38.7 million and $13.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively. The increase in net cash provided by operating activities was due primarily to the net income generated by $1.4 billion of additional properties acquired during 2002 and $115.8 million of properties acquired during the three months ended March 31, 2003. We do not recognize in operations the full effect from the properties during the year of acquisition, as the operations of the properties are only included in operations from the date of acquisition. Operating cash flows are expected to increase as we acquire additional properties in future periods and as we obtain the benefit of a full quarter of operations for properties acquired during the three months ended March 31, 2003.

Cash Flows Used In Investing Activities

Our net cash used in investing activities was $151.9 million and $112.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively. The increase in net cash used in investing activities was due primarily to greater investments in properties and the payment of the related deferred project costs resulting from raising a greater amount of offering proceeds. Our investments in real estate assets and intangible lease assets and payment of acquisition and advisory costs totaled $153.6 million and $113.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively. The cash outflow from the investments in properties and the payment of deferred project costs were partially offset by distributions from joint ventures of $1.8 million and $1.7 million during the three months ended March 31, 2003, and 2002, respectively. The increase in distributions from joint ventures is primarily due to additional investment in joint ventures during the fourth quarter of 2002.

Cash Flows From Financing Activities

Our net cash provided by financing activities was $185.8 million and $210.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively. The raising of additional capital increased to $426.8 million during the three months ended March 31, 2003, as compared to $255.7 million during the three months ended March 31, 2002. The amounts raised were partially offset by the payment of commissions and offering costs totaling $49.2 million and $27.9 million and redemptions of $13.0 million and $3.0 million during the three months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively.

Additionally, we obtained funds from debt financing arrangements totaling $5.2 million and $2.9 million and made debt repayments of $144.4 million and $0 during the three months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively, based on the availability and need of cash for investment in real estate assets during the period. Primarily as a result of the increased cash flow from operations, during the three months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002, we paid dividends of $39.7 million and $17.6 million, respectively.

Results of Operations

As of March 31, 2003, our 74 real estate properties were 98% leased. Our results of operations have changed significantly for the three months ended March 31, 2003, as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2002, generally as result of the acquisition of approximately $1.4 billion of real estate assets during the year ended December 31, 2002, and an additional $115.8 million of real estate assets acquired during the three months ended March 31, 2003. We expect that rental income, tenant reimbursements, depreciation expense, operating expenses, management and leasing fees and net income will each increase in future periods as a result of owning the assets acquired during the three months ended March 31, 2003, for an entire quarter and as a result of anticipated future acquisitions of real estate assets. Due to the average remaining terms of the long-term leases currently in place at our properties,

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management does not anticipate significant changes in near-term rental revenues from properties currently owned.

Rental income increased by $36.6 million, during the first quarter of 2003, from $16.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2002, to $53.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2003. Tenant reimbursements were $9.6 million and $4.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively, for an increase of $5.2 million. The increases were primarily due to the rental income and tenant reimbursements for properties acquired subsequent to March 31, 2002, which totaled $35.0 million and $5.3 million, respectively, for the three months ended March 31, 2003. Revenues in future periods are expected to increase compared to historical periods as additional properties are acquired.

Our equity in income of joint ventures was $1.3 million and $1.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively. Equity in income of joint ventures is not anticipated to change significantly in future periods unless we invest additional proceeds in future joint venture investments.

Depreciation expense for the three months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002, was $19.2 million and $5.7 million, respectively comprising approximately 36% and 34% of rental income for the respective three month periods. The change in the percentages between periods is generally due to a change in the applicable cost of the real estate assets compared to the revenues generated by the real estate assets. Depreciation expense relating to assets acquired after March 31, 2002, was $12.9 million. Depreciation expense is expected to increase in future periods as additional properties are acquired, however should remain consistent as a percentage of revenues unless the relationship between the cost of the assets and the revenues earned changes.

Property operating costs were $15.2 million and $5.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively, representing approximately 24% of the sum of the rental income and tenant reimbursements for each three month period. Property operating costs for the properties acquired subsequent to March 31, 2002, were $9.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2003. Property operating costs are expected to increase as more properties are acquired, but expenses should remain relatively consistent as a percentage of the sum of rental income and tenant reimbursements.

Management and leasing fees expenses were $2.3 million and $0.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively, representing approximately 4% of the sum of the rental income and tenant reimbursements for each three month period. Management and leasing fees for properties acquired after March 31, 2002, were $1.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2003. Management and leasing fees are expected to increase as additional properties are acquired but, as a percentage of the sum of rental income and tenant reimbursements, should remain relatively consistent with historical results.

General and administrative expenses increased from $0.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2002, to $1.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2003, representing approximately 2% of the total revenues for each three month period. General and administrative expenses are expected to increase in future periods as our assets continue to increase as additional properties are acquired, but are expected remain relatively constant as a percentage of total revenues.

Interest expense was $2.6 million and $0.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively. Interest expense of $1.0 and $0.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively, was attributable to interest on the bonds related to the Ingram Micro and ISS Buildings, which is offset by the interest income associated with the bonds, which results in no net impact on our operating results. The remaining $1.6 million and $0.2 million is due to the interest on our

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outstanding borrowings for each period. We had significantly more borrowings outstanding during the three months ended March 31, 2003, as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2002, resulting in a significant increase in the interest expense between the two periods. Interest expense in future periods will be dependent upon the amount of borrowings outstanding during those periods and current interest rates. Historical results may not be indicative of interest expense in future periods.

Earnings per share for the three months ended March 31, 2003, decreased to $0.10 per share compared to $0.11 per share for the three months ended March 31, 2002. This decrease is primarily a result of the higher cost of investments in real estate assets resulting in lower revenues and higher depreciation expense as a percentage of the cost of those assets, as described above.

Funds From Operations

Funds from Operations (FFO), as defined by the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts (NAREIT), generally means net income, computed in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP) excluding extraordinary items (as defined by GAAP) and gains (or losses) from sales of property, plus depreciation and amortization on real estate assets, and after adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships, joint ventures and subsidiaries. Management believes that FFO is helpful to investors as a measure of the performance of an equity REIT. However, our calculation of FFO, while consistent with NAREIT s definition, may not be comparable to similarly titled measures presented by other REITs. FFO does not represent cash generated from operating activities in accordance with GAAP and should not be considered as an alternative to net income as an indication of our performance or to cash flows as a measure of liquidity or ability to make distributions.

The following table reflects the calculation of FFO for the three month periods ended March 31, 2003 and 2002:

	For the three months ended March 31,	
	2003	**2002**
Funds from operations:		
Net income	**$ 24,364**	$ 10,780
Add:		
Depreciation of real estate assets	**19,218**	5,744
Amortization of deferred leasing costs	**78**	73
Depreciation and amortization unconsolidated investments in joint ventures	**785**	706
Funds from operations (FFO)	**$ 44,445**	$ 17,303
Weighted average shares		
Basic and diluted	**233,247**	95,130

In order to recognize revenues on a straight line basis over the terms of the respective leases, we recognized straight line rental revenue of $0.8 million and $1.0 million during the three months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively.

Amortization of the intangible lease assets and liabilities resulted in a net increase in rental revenue of $0.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2003.

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Inflation

The real estate market has not been affected significantly by inflation in the past three years due to the relatively low inflation rate. However, there are provisions in the majority of tenant leases, which would protect us from the impact of inflation. These provisions include reimbursement billings for operating expense pass-through charges, real estate tax and insurance reimbursements on a per square foot basis, or in some cases, annual reimbursement of operating expenses above a certain per square foot allowance. However, due to the long-term nature of the leases, the leases may not re-set frequently enough to cover inflation.

Application of Critical Accounting Policies

Our accounting policies have been established to conform with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to use judgment in the application of accounting policies, including making estimates and assumptions. These judgments affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting periods. If management s judgment or interpretation of the facts and circumstances relating to various transactions had been different, it is possible that different accounting policies would have been applied; thus, resulting in a different presentation of the financial statements. Additionally, other companies may utilize different estimates that may impact comparability of our results of operations to those of companies in similar businesses.

The critical accounting policies outlined below have been discussed with members of our audit committee. There have been no significant changes in the critical accounting policies, methodology, or assumptions in the current period.

Below is a discussion of the accounting policies that management considers to be critical in that they may require complex judgment in their application or require estimates about matters that are inherently uncertain.

Investment in Real Estate Assets

We are required to make subjective assessments as to the useful lives of our depreciable assets. We consider the period of future benefit of the asset to determine the appropriate useful lives. These assessments have a direct impact on net income. The estimated useful lives of our assets by class are as follows:

Building	25 years
Building improvements	10-25 years
Land improvements	20-25 years
Tenant Improvements	Lease term

In the event that inappropriate useful lives or methods are used for depreciation, our net income would be misstated.

Valuation of Real Estate Assets

We continually monitor events and changes in circumstances that could indicate that the carrying amounts of the real estate assets, both operating properties and properties under construction, in which we have an ownership interest, either directly or through investments in joint ventures, may not be recoverable. When indicators of potential impairment are present which indicate that the carrying amounts of real estate assets may not be recoverable, we assess the recoverability of the real estate assets by determining whether the carrying value of the real estate assets will be recovered through the undiscounted future operating cash flows expected from the use of the asset and its eventual disposition. In the event that such expected undiscounted future cash flows do not exceed the carrying value, we adjust the real estate assets to the fair value and recognize an impairment loss. We have determined that there has been no impairment in the carrying value of real estate assets held by us and any unconsolidated joint ventures at March 31, 2003.

Projections of expected future cash flows requires us to estimate future market rental income amounts subsequent to the expiration of current lease agreements, property operating expenses, discount rates, the number of months it takes to re-lease the property and the number of years the property is held for investment. The use of inappropriate assumptions in the future cash flow analysis would result in an incorrect assessment of the property s future cash flows and fair value and could result in the overstatement of the carrying value of our real estate assets and net income.

Intangible Lease Asset/Liability

We determine whether an intangible asset or liability related to above or below market leases was acquired as part of the acquisition of the real estate assets. The intangible assets and liabilities are recorded at their estimated fair market values at the date of acquisition and amortized over the remaining term of the respective lease to rental income.

The determination of the estimated fair values of the intangible lease asset or liability requires the use of significant assumptions with regard to the current market rental rates, rental growth rates, discount rates and other variables. If inappropriate estimates with regard to these variables are used, misclassification of assets or liabilities and incorrect calculation of depreciation amounts would occur, which would misstate our net income.

Commitments and Contingencies

Take Out Purchase and Escrow Agreement

Wells Capital, Inc., our advisor, and its affiliates have developed a program (Wells Section 1031 Program) involving the acquisition by a subsidiary of Wells Management Company (Wells Exchange) of income-producing commercial properties and the formation of a series of single member limited liability companies for the purpose of facilitating the resale of co-tenancy interests in such real estate properties to be owned in co-tenancy arrangements with persons (1031 Participants) who are seeking to invest the proceeds from a sale of real estate held for investment in another real estate investment for purposes of qualifying for like-kind exchange treatment under Section 1031 of the Internal Revenue Code. The acquisition of each of the properties acquired by Wells Exchange will be financed by a combination of permanent first mortgage financing and interim loan financing obtained from institutional lenders.

Following the acquisition of each property, Wells Exchange will attempt to sell co-tenancy interests to 1031 Participants, the proceeds of which will be used to repay a prorata portion of the interim financing. In consideration for the payment of a take out fee to us and following approval of the potential property acquisition by our board of directors, it is anticipated that we will enter into a take out purchase and escrow agreement or similar contract providing that, if Wells Exchange is unable to sell all of the co-tenancy interests in that particular property to 1031 Participants, we will purchase, at Wells Exchange s cost, any co-tenancy interests remaining unsold at the end of the offering period.

In consideration for the payment of a take out fee in the amount of approximately $0.2 million, on December 31, 2002, Wells OP entered into a take out purchase and escrow agreement providing, among other things, that we would be obligated to acquire, at Wells Exchange s cost ($0.4 million in cash plus $0.4 million of assumed debt for each 2.9994% interest of co-tenancy

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interest unsold), any unsold co-tenancy interests in two buildings known as Meadow Brook Corporate Park located in Birmingham, Alabama, which remain unsold at the expiration of the offering of Wells Exchange on September 30, 2003.

Our obligations under the take out purchase and escrow agreement are secured by reserving against our existing line of credit with Bank of America, N.A. (Interim Lender). If, for any reason, we fail to acquire any of the co-tenancy interests in Meadow Brook Corporate Park which remain unsold as of September 30, 2003, or there is otherwise an uncured default under the interim loan or the line of credit documents, the Interim Lender is authorized to draw down our line of credit in the amount necessary to pay the outstanding balance of the interim loan in full, in which event the appropriate amount of co-tenancy interest in Meadow Brook Corporate Park would be deeded to us. Our maximum economic exposure in the transaction was initially $14.0 million in cash plus assumption of the first mortgage financing in the amount of $13.9 million. As of March 31, 2003, due to the number of co-tenancy interests sold in Meadow Brook Corporate Park through such date, our maximum exposure has been reduced to $6.7 million in cash plus the assumption of the first mortgage financing in the amount of $6.7 million.

Letters of Credit

At March 31, 2003, we had three unused letters of credit totaling approximately $19.7 million outstanding from financial institutions, consisting of letters of credit of approximately $14.5 million, $4.8 million and $0.4 million with expiration dates of February 28, 2004; August 12, 2003; and February 2, 2004, respectively. These amounts are not recorded in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet as of March 31, 2003. These letters of credit were required by three unrelated parties to ensure completion of our obligations under certain earn-out and construction agreements. We do not anticipate a need to draw on these letters of credit.

Properties Under Contract

At March 31, 2003, we have a contract to acquire a third building at our ISS Atlanta Buildings development upon completion of construction (expected in June 2003) for a fixed purchase price of $10.0 million.

Commitments Under Existing Lease Agreements

Certain lease agreements include provisions that, at the option of the tenant, we may be obligated to expend certain amounts of capital to expand an existing property, construct on adjacent property or provide other expenditures for the benefit of the tenant, in favor of additional rental revenue. At March 31, 2003, tenants have exercised no such options.

Properties Under Construction

As of March 31, 2003, we have executed construction agreements with unrelated third parties for the purpose of constructing two buildings. The table below details the status of the properties under construction as of March 31, 2003:

Property	Total Projected Cost	Construction Costs to Date	Expected Future Costs	Expected Completion Date	Primary Source of Funds
Kerr-McGee	$ 15.8 million	$ 9.7 million	$ 6.1 million	July 2003	Debt
AmeriCredit Phoenix	$ 24.7 million	$ 18.9 million	$ 5.8 million	April 2003	Investor Proceeds

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Earn-out Agreements

As part of the acquisition of the IRS Building, we entered into an agreement to pay the seller an additional $14.5 million if we or the seller locates a suitable tenant and leases the vacant space of the building within 18 months after the date of acquisition of the property, or March 2004. If the space is not leased within this time, we are released from any obligation to pay this additional purchase consideration. The 26% of the building that was unleased at the time of acquisition remains unleased at March 31, 2003.

In connection with the acquisition of East Point I and II Buildings, we entered into an earn-out agreement whereby we are required to pay the seller certain amounts for each new, fully executed lease after the date of acquisition of the property but on or before March 31, 2004. Payments shall be the anticipated first year s annual rent less operating expenses with the sum divided by 0.105 and the result reduced by tenant improvement costs related to the space.

Leasehold Property Obligations

The ASML, Motorola Tempe, Avnet, and Bellsouth Ft. Lauderdale Buildings are subject to certain ground leases with expiration dates of 2082, 2082, 2083 and 2049, respectively.

Pending Litigation

In the normal course of business, we may become subject to litigation or claims. In November 2002, we contracted to purchase an office building located in Ramsey County, Minnesota, from Shoreview Associates LLC (Shoreview), who filed a lawsuit against us in Minnesota state court alleging that Shoreview was entitled to the $0.8 million in earnest money that we had deposited under the contract. We have filed a counterclaim in the case asserting that we are entitled to the $0.8 million earnest money deposit. Procedurally, we had the case transferred to U.S. District Court in Minnesota, and Shoreview has moved to transfer the case back to state court. The dispute currently remains in litigation. After consultation with legal counsel, we do not believe that a reserve for a loss contingency is necessary.

Related Party Transactions and Agreements

We have entered into agreements with our advisor and its affiliates, whereby we pay certain fees or reimbursements to our advisor or its affiliates for acquisition and advisory fees and expenses, organization and offering costs, sales commissions dealer manager fees, property management and leasing fees and reimbursement of operating costs. See Note 5 to our consolidated financial statements included in this report for a discussion of the various related party transactions, agreements and fees.

Conflicts of Interest

Our advisor is also a general partner in and advisor to various Wells Real Estate Funds. As such, there are conflicts of interest where our advisor, while serving in the capacity as general partner for Wells Real Estate Funds, may be in competition with us in connection with property acquisitions or for tenants in similar geographic markets.

Subsequent Events

Sale of shares of our Common Stock

From April 1, 2003 through May 15, 2003, we raised approximately $271.6 million through the issuance of approximately 27.2 million shares of our common stock.

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Property Acquisitions

On April 30, 2003, we purchased the Citicorp Englewood Cliffs, NJ Building, a three-story office building containing approximately 410,000 rentable square feet located in Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey, for a purchase price of $70.5 million, excluding closing costs and acquisition and advisory fees and expenses paid to our advisor. The building is leased entirely to Citicorp North America, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Citicorp, Inc.

On May 1, 2003, we purchased the US Bancorp Minneapolis Building, a 32-story office building containing approximately 929,694 rentable square feet located in Minneapolis, Minnesota, for a purchase price of $174 million, excluding closing costs and acquisition and advisory fees and expenses paid to our advisor. The building is approximately 99% leased under leases to various tenants with varying terms, including US Bancorp Piper Jaffray Companies, Inc. which leases approximately 77% of the building.

On May 9, 2003, we purchased the Aon Center Chicago Building, an 83-story office building containing approximately 2.6 million rentable square feet located in Chicago, Illinois, for a purchase price of $465.2 million, excluding closing costs and acquisition and advisory fees and expenses paid to our advisor. The building is approximately 92% leased under leases to various tenants with varying lease terms, including BP Corporation North America, Inc, DDB & Needham Chicago, Inc. and Kirkland & Ellis, which collectively lease approximately 54% of the building.

On May 9, 2003, we acquired the GMAC Detroit Building, a three-story office building containing approximately 119,122 square feet located in Auburn Hills, Michigan, for a purchase price of approximately $17.8 million, excluding closing costs and acquisition and advisory fees and expenses paid to our advisor. The building is approximately 86% leased to the GMAC Corporation and Delmia Corporation. For the remaining approximately 14% unleased portion of the building, we are required to pay the seller certain amounts for each new, fully executed lease entered into after the date of acquisition of the building but on or before November 8, 2004. Payments are calculated by dividing the sum of the anticipated first year s annual rent less operating expenses by 0.095 and the result reduced by tenant improvement costs related to the space.

Line of Credit

On April 23, 2003, we entered into the $500 Million Line of Credit, an unsecured revolving credit facility with a consortium of banks, including Bank of America, N.A. (BOA). The agreement expires in April 2005 and replaced the $110 million line of credit with BOA. We paid up-front commitment fees totaling $2.3 million to the lenders based on each financial institution s relative commitment level. The agreement contains alternative borrowing arrangements that provide for interest costs based on LIBOR plus up to 1.625% or certain other alternative rates. Additionally, we are required to pay a quarterly facility fee of .25% per annum on the entire amount of this credit facility.

Financial Statements

Audited Financial Statements

The statements of revenues over certain operating expenses of the US Bancorp Minneapolis Building and the Aon Chicago Center Building for the year ended December 31, 2002, which are included in this supplement, have been audited by Ernst & Young LLP, independent auditors, as set forth in their reports appearing elsewhere herein, and are included in reliance upon such reports given on the authority of such firm as experts in accounting and auditing.

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Unaudited Financial Statements

The financial statements of the Wells REIT, as of March 31, 2003, and for the three month period ended March 31, 2003, which are included in this supplement, have not been audited.

The statements of revenues over certain operating expenses of the Aon Chicago Center Building for the three months ended March 31, 2003, which are included in this supplement, have not been audited.

The pro forma balance sheet of the Wells REIT, as of March 31, 2003, the pro forma statement of income for the year ended December 31, 2002, and the pro forma statement of income for the three months ended March 31, 2003, which are included in this supplement, have not been audited.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(in thousands, except share amounts)

	March 31, 2003	December 31, 2002
	(unaudited)	
Assets:		
Real estate assets, at cost:		
Land	**$ 291,140**	$ 279,185
Building and improvements, less accumulated depreciation of $82,812 at March 31, 2003, and $63,594 at December 31, 2002	**1,811,220**	1,683,036
Construction in progress	**24,102**	42,746
Total real estate assets	**2,126,462**	2,004,967
Investments in joint ventures	**83,286**	83,915
Cash and cash equivalents	**118,030**	45,464
Rents receivable	**19,928**	19,321
Deferred project costs	**5,124**	1,494
Due from affiliates	**2,167**	1,961
Prepaid expenses and other assets, net	**5,997**	4,407
Deferred lease acquisition costs, net	**1,561**	1,638
Intangible lease assets	**14,147**	12,060
Investment in bonds	**54,500**	54,500
Total assets	**$ 2,431,202**	$ 2,229,727
Liabilities, Minority Interest and Shareholders Equity:		
Borrowings	**$ 108,986**	$ 248,195
Obligations under capital leases	**54,500**	54,500
Intangible lease liabilities	**32,033**	32,697
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	**23,131**	24,580
Due to affiliates	**5,292**	15,975
Dividends payable	**7,252**	6,046
Deferred rental income	**11,164**	11,584
Total liabilities	**242,358**	393,577
Minority interest of unit holder in operating partnership	**200**	200
Commitments and Contingencies		
Shareholders Equity:		
Common shares, $.01 par value; 750,000,000 shares authorized, 260,469,726 shares issued and 257,083,636 outstanding at March 31, 2003, and 750,000,000 shares authorized, 217,790,874 shares issued and 215,699,717 shares outstanding at December 31, 2002	**2,605**	2,178

Additional paid-in capital	**2,310,731**	1,929,381
Cumulative distributions in excess of earnings	**(90,802)**	(74,310)
Treasury stock, at cost, 3,386,090 shares at March 31, 2003 and 2,091,157 shares at December 31, 2002	**(33,860)**	(20,912)
Other comprehensive loss	**(30)**	(387)
Total shareholders equity	**2,188,644**	1,835,950
Total liabilities, minority interest and shareholders equity	**$ 2,431,202**	$ 2,229,727

See accompanying notes.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (UNAUDITED)

(in thousands, except per share amounts)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2003	**2002**
Revenues:		
Rental income	**$ 53,343**	$ 16,738
Tenant reimbursements	**9,601**	4,415
Equity in income of joint ventures	**1,261**	1,207
Interest income and other income	**1,154**	1,248
	65,359	23,608
Expenses:		
Depreciation	**19,218**	5,744
Property operating costs	**15,220**	5,040
Management and leasing fees	**2,333**	900
General and administrative	**1,576**	529
Interest expense	**2,648**	615
	40,995	12,828
Net income	**$ 24,364**	$ 10,780
Earnings per share		
Basic and diluted	**$ 0.10**	$ 0.11
Weighted average shares outstanding		
Basic and diluted	**233,247**	94,845
Dividends declared per share	**$ 0.18**	$ 0.19

See accompanying notes.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002

AND FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2003 (UNAUDITED)

(in thousands, except per share amounts)

	Common Stock			Cumulative		Treasury Stock			
			Additional	Distributions					Total
			Paid-In	in Excess	Retained			Other Comprehensive	Shareholders
	Shares	Amount	Capital	of Earnings	Earnings	Shares	Amount	Income	Equity
Balance, December 31, 2001	83,761	$ 838	$ 738,236	$ (24,181)	$	(555)	$ (5,550)		$ 709,343
Issuance of common stock	134,030	1,340	1,338,953						1,340,293
Treasury stock purchased						(1,536)	(15,362)		(15,362)
Dividends ($0.76 per share)				(50,129)	(59,854)				(109,983)
Sales commissions and dealer manager fees			(127,332)						(127,332)
Other offering costs			(20,476)						(20,476)
Components of comprehensive income:									
Net income					59,854				59,854
Change in value of interest rate swap								(387)	(387)
Comprehensive income									59,467
Balance, December 31, 2002	217,791	2,178	1,929,381	(74,310)		(2,091)	(20,912)	(387)	1,835,950
Issuance of common stock	**42,679**	**427**	**426,362**						**426,789**
Treasury stock purchased						**(1,295)**	**(12,948)**		**(12,948)**
Dividends ($0.18 per share)				**(16,492)**	**(24,364)**				**(40,856)**
Sales commissions and dealer manager fees			**(40,221)**						**(40,221)**
Other offering costs			**(4,791)**						**(4,791)**
Components of comprehensive income:									
Net income					**24,364**				**24,364**
Change in value of interest rate swap								**357**	**357**
Comprehensive income									**24,721**

Balance, March 31, 2003	**260,470**	**$ 2,605**	**$ 2,310,731**	**$ (90,802)**		**(3,386)**	**$ (33,860)**	**$ (30)**	**$ 2,188,644**

See accompanying notes.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

(in thousands)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2003	**2002**
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income	**$ 24,364**	$ 10,780
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Equity in income of joint ventures	**(1,261)**	(1,207)
Depreciation	**19,218**	5,744
Amortization of deferred financing costs	**415**	175
Amortization of intangible lease assets/liabilities	**(485)**	
Amortization of deferred lease acquisition costs	**78**	73
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Rents receivable	**(607)**	(1,694)
Due from affiliates		(13)
Deferred rental income	**(420)**	906
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	**(1,449)**	(157)
Prepaid expenses and other assets, net	**(1,140)**	(1,092)
Due to affiliates	**(21)**	(1)
Net cash provided by operating activities	**38,692**	13,514
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Investment in real estate assets	**(129,981)**	(104,052)
Contributions to joint ventures	**(78)**	
Investment in intangible lease assets	**(2,651)**	
Deferred project costs paid	**(20,966)**	(9,461)
Distributions received from joint ventures	**1,786**	1,691
Deferred lease acquisition costs paid		(400)
Net cash used in investing activities	**(151,890)**	(112,222)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from borrowings	**5,151**	2,947
Repayment of borrowings	**(144,360)**	
Dividends paid to shareholders	**(39,650)**	(17,556)
Issuance of common stock	**426,789**	255,703
Treasury stock purchased	**(12,952)**	(3,042)
Sales commissions and dealer manager fees paid	**(40,221)**	(24,580)
Other offering costs paid	**(8,993)**	(3,327)
Net cash provided by financing activities	**185,764**	210,145

Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	**72,566**	111,437
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	**45,464**	75,586
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	**$ 118,030**	$ 187,023

See accompanying notes.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2003

(UNAUDITED)

1. Organization

General

Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. (the Company) is a Maryland corporation that qualifies as a real estate investment trust (REIT). The Company was incorporated in 1997 and commenced operations on June 5, 1998.

The Company engages in the acquisition and ownership of commercial real estate properties throughout the United States, including properties which are under construction, are newly constructed or have operating histories. At March 31, 2003, the Company has invested in commercial office and industrial real estate assets, either directly or through joint ventures with real estate limited partnership programs sponsored by Wells Capital, Inc. (the Advisor) or its affiliates.

The Company s business is conducted through Wells Operating Partnership, L.P. (Wells OP), a Delaware limited partnership, and its subsidiaries, and Wells REIT-Independence Square, LLC (Wells REIT-Independence), a single member Georgia limited liability company. Wells OP was formed to acquire, develop, own, lease and operate properties on behalf of the Company, directly, through wholly-owned subsidiaries or through joint ventures. Wells REIT-Independence was formed to acquire the NASA building located in Washington, D.C. The Company is the sole general partner in Wells OP and the sole member of Wells REIT-Independence and possesses full legal control and authority over the operations of Wells OP and Wells REIT-Independence. Wells OP, and its subsidiaries, and Wells REIT-Independence comprise the Company s subsidiaries.

Four offerings of the Company s stock have been initiated as follows:

Offering #	Date Commenced	Termination Date	Gross Proceeds	Shares Issued

1	January 30, 1998	December 19, 1999	$ 132.2 million	13.2 million
2	December 20, 1999	December 19, 2000	$ 175.2 million	17.5 million
3	December 20, 2000	July 26, 2002	$ 1,283.0 million	128.3 million
4	July 26, 2002	Offering will terminate on or before July 25, 2004	$ 1,014.3 million (through March 31, 2003)	101.5 million (through March 31, 2003)
Total as of March 31, 2003			$ 2,604.7 million	260.5 million

After incurring costs from all offerings of $90.0 million in acquisition and advisory fees and expenses, $246.6 million in selling commissions, $44.8 million in organization and offering expenses to the Advisor, investment in real estate assets and joint ventures of $2,080.8 million and common stock redemptions pursuant to the Company s share redemption program of $33.9 million, the Company was holding net offering proceeds of approximately $108.6 million available for investment in properties at March 31, 2003.

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The Company s stock is not listed on a national exchange. However, the Company s Articles of Incorporation currently require if the Company s stock is not listed on a national exchange by January 30, 2008, the Company must begin the process of liquidating its investments and distributing the resulting proceeds to the shareholders. The Company s Articles of Incorporation can only be amended by a proxy vote of the Company s shareholders.

Basis of Presentation

The consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X and do not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for complete financial statements. Independent auditors have not examined these quarterly statements, but in the opinion of management, the statements for the unaudited interim periods presented include all adjustments, which are of a normal and recurring nature, necessary to present a fair presentation of the results for such periods. Results for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of full year results. For further information, refer to the financial statements and footnotes included in the Company s Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2002.

Income Taxes

The Company has elected to be taxed as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and has operated as such beginning with its taxable year ended December 31, 1998. To qualify as a REIT, the Company must meet certain organizational and operational requirements, including a requirement to currently distribute at least 90% of the REIT s ordinary taxable income to shareholders. As a REIT, the Company generally will not be subject to federal income tax on taxable income that it distributes to its shareholders. If the Company fails to qualify as a REIT in any taxable year, it will then be subject to federal income taxes on its taxable income for four years following the year during which qualification is lost, unless the Internal Revenue Service grants the Company relief under certain statutory provisions. Such an event could materially adversely affect the Company s net income and net cash available for distribution to shareholders. However, the Company believes that it is organized and operates in such a manner as to qualify for treatment as a REIT and intends to continue to operate in the foreseeable future in such a manner that the Company will remain qualified as a REIT for federal income tax purposes. No provision for federal income taxes has been made in the accompanying consolidated financial statements, as the Company made distributions in excess of its taxable income for the periods presented.

Recent Pronouncements

On January 1, 2002, the Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 141 *Business Combinations,* and Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 142 *Goodwill and Intangibles.* These standards govern business combinations, asset acquisitions and the accounting for acquired intangibles. The Company determines whether an intangible asset or liability related to above or below market leases was acquired as part of the acquisition of real estate assets. The resulting intangible lease assets and liabilities are recorded at their estimated fair market values at the date of acquisition and amortized over the remaining term of the respective lease to rental income. Amortization of the intangible lease assets and liabilities resulted in a net increase in rental revenue of $0.5 million for the three months ended March 1, 2003.

In January 2003, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Interpretation No. 46 (FIN 46), *Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities,* which clarifies the application of Accounting Research Bulletin (ARB) No. 51, *Consolidated Financial Statements,* relating to consolidation of certain entities. FIN 46 requires the identification of the Company s participation in variable interest entities (VIEs), which are defined as entities with a level of invested equity that is not sufficient to fund future activities to permit them to operate on a stand alone basis, or whose equity holders lack certain characteristics of a controlling financial interest. For entities identified as VIEs, FIN 46 sets forth a model to evaluate potential

consolidation based on an assessment of which party to the VIE, if any, bears a majority of the exposure to its expected losses, or stands to gain from a majority of its expected returns. FIN 46 is effective for all new VIEs created or acquired after January 31, 2003. For VIEs created or acquired prior to February 1, 2003, the provisions of FIN 46 must be applied for the first interim or annual period beginning after June 15, 2003. FIN 46 also sets forth certain disclosures regarding interests in VIEs that are deemed significant, even if consolidation is not required. As the Company s joint ventures do not fall under the definition of VIEs provided above, we do not believe that the adoption of FIN 46 will result in the consolidation of any previously unconsolidated entities.

2. Real Estate Assets

Significant Events

During the three months ended March 31, 2003, the Company acquired ownership interests in two properties for a total purchase price of $115.8 million, exclusive of related closing costs and acquisition and advisory fees paid to the Advisor as described below.

East Point I & II Buildings

On January 9, 2003, the Company purchased two three-story office buildings containing approximately 187,735 aggregate rentable square feet located in Mayfield Heights, Ohio, for a purchase price of $22.0 million. Progressive Casualty Insurance; Austin, Danaher Power Solutions; and Moreland Management Company occupy approximately 92% of the rentable square feet in the two buildings. The remaining approximately 8% of the rentable square feet is vacant. At closing, the Company entered into an earn-out agreement with the seller with regard to the vacant space that requires the Company to pay the seller certain amounts for each new, fully-executed lease after the date of acquisition but on or before March 31, 2004, relating to the vacant space. Payments are calculated by dividing the anticipated first year s annual rent less operating expenses 0.105, with the result being reduced by tenant improvement costs related to the space.

150 West Jefferson Detroit Building

On March 31, 2003, the Company purchased a 25-story office building containing approximately 505,417 rentable square feet located at 150 West Jefferson Avenue, downtown Detroit, Michigan, for a purchase price of $93.8 million. The building is 99% occupied under leases to various tenants with varying lease terms, including Miller, Canfield, Paddock, & Stone; Butzel Long PC; and MCN Energy Group, Inc., which collectively occupy approximately 62% of the building.

Nissan Building

In March 2003, the Company substantially completed the construction of the Nissan Building located in Dallas, Texas, and transferred total construction costs for the project from construction in progress to building and improvements. Nissan Motor Acceptance Corporation will occupy the building under a lease commencing on April 1, 2003. The construction was financed through a loan that was paid off in March 2003, when the building was substantially complete.

3. Investment in Joint Ventures

The information below summarizes the operations of the seven unconsolidated joint ventures that the Company, through Wells OP, had ownership interests as of March 31, 2003.

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CONDENSED COMBINED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2003	**2002**
	(000s)	**(000s)**
Revenues:		
Rental income	**$ 5,284**	$ 4,728
Tenant reimbursements	**470**	641
Other income	**8**	13
Total revenues	**5,762**	5,382
Expenses:		
Depreciation	**1,768**	1,604
Operating expenses	**966**	831
Management and leasing fees	**329**	262
Total expenses	**3,063**	2,697
Net income	**$ 2,699**	$ 2,685
Net income allocated to the Company	**$ 1,261**	$ 1,207

4. Borrowings

The Company has financed certain investments, acquisitions and developments through various borrowings as described below. On March 31, 2003, and December 31, 2002, the Company had the following amounts outstanding:

Facility	March 31, 2003	December 31, 2002
	(000s)	**(000s)**
$110 million Bank of America Line of Credit; accruing interest at LIBOR plus 175 basis points (3.05% at March 31, 2003); requiring interest payments monthly with principal due at maturity (May 11, 2004); collateralized by the Videojet Technologies Chicago Building, the AT&T Pennsylvania Building, the Matsushita Building, the Metris Minnesota Building, the Motorola Plainfield Building and the Delphi Building	**$**	$ 58,000
$98.1 million SouthTrust Bank Line of Credit; accruing interest at LIBOR plus 175 basis points (3.05 % at March 31, 2003); requiring interest payments monthly and principal due at maturity (June 10, 2003); collateralized by the Novartis Building, the Cinemark Building, the Dial Building, the ASML Building, the Alstom Power Richmond Building, the Avnet Building, the Agilent Atlanta Building and the Eisenhower Boulevard Building (formerly the PwC Building)		61,399
	90,000	90,000

$90 million note payable to Landesbank Schleswig-Hostein Gironzentrale, Kiel; accruing interest at LIBOR plus 115 basis points; currently locked at 2.53% through July 2, 2003 (2.53% at March 31, 2003); requiring interest payments monthly, with principal due at maturity (December 20, 2006); collateralized by the Nestle Building		
$34.2 million construction loan payable to Bank of America; accruing interest at LIBOR plus 200 basis points; requiring interest payments monthly and principal due at maturity (July 30, 2003); collateralized by the Nissan Building(1)		23,149
$13.7 million construction loan payable to Bank of America; accruing interest at LIBOR plus 200 basis points (3.30% at March 31, 2003); requiring interest payments monthly, with principal due at maturity (January 29, 2004); collateralized by the Kerr-McGee Property(2)	**7,435**	4,038
$8.8 million note payable to Prudential; accruing interest at 8%; requiring interest and principal payments monthly with any unamortized principal due at maturity (December 15, 2003); collateralized by the BMG Buildings	**8,651**	8,709

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Facility	March 31, 2003	December 31, 2002
	(000s)	(000s)
$2.9 million note payable to Prudential; accruing interest at 8.5%; requiring interest payments monthly with principal due at maturity (December 15, 2003); collateralized by the BMG Buildings	**2,900**	2,900
Total borrowings	**$ 108,986**	$ 248,195

(1) The Company repaid this loan in March 2003, upon substantial completion of the construction of the property. At that time, the Company terminated the interest rate swap at a cost of $0.3 million, which was reclassified from other comprehensive income to interest expense.

(2) The Company has entered into an interest rate swap for this construction loan. The swap has the effect of fixing the interest rate at 4.27% through July 15, 2003.

5. Related-Party Transactions

Advisory Agreement

The Company has entered into an Advisory Agreement with the Advisor, which entitles the Advisor to specified fees upon the completion of certain services with regard to the offering of shares to the public and investment of funds in real estate projects. The current Advisory Agreement dated January 30, 2002, has been temporarily extended by the board of directors until May 19, 2003.

Under the terms of the agreement, the Advisor receives the following fees and reimbursements:

Acquisition and advisory fees and expenses of 3.5% of gross offering proceeds, subject to certain limitations;

Reimbursement of organization and offering costs paid on behalf of the Company, not to exceed 3% of gross offering proceeds;

Disposition fee of 50% of the lesser of a competitive real estate commission or 3% of the sales price of the property, subordinated to the payment of dividends to shareholders equal to the sum of the shareholders invested capital plus an 8% return on invested capital;

Incentive fee of 10% of net sales proceeds remaining after shareholders have received dividends equal to the sum of the shareholders invested capital plus an 8% return of invested capital; and

Listing fee of 10% of the excess by which the market value of the stock plus dividends paid prior to listing exceeds the sum of 100% of the invested capital plus an 8% return on invested capital.

Acquisition and advisory fees and expenses incurred for the quarters ended March 31, 2003 and 2002, totaled $14.5 million and $8.8 million, respectively. Organizational and offering costs incurred for the quarters ended March 31, 2003 and 2002, totaled $4.8 million and $1.8 million, respectively. The Company incurred no disposition, incentive or listing fees during the quarters ended March 31, 2003 and 2002.

Administrative Services Reimbursement

The Company has no direct employees. The employees of the Advisor and Wells Management Company, Inc. (Wells Management), an affiliate of the Advisor, perform a full range of real estate services including leasing and property management, accounting, asset management and investor relations for the Company. The related expenses are allocated among the Company and the various Wells Real Estate Funds based on time spent on each entity by individual administrative personnel. These expenses are included in general and administrative expenses in the consolidated statements of income. These expenses totaled $1.0 million and $0.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively.

Property Management and Leasing Agreements

The Company has entered into a property management and leasing agreement with Wells Management. In consideration for supervising the management and leasing of the Company s properties, the Company will pay management and leasing fees to Wells Management equal to the lesser of (a) 4.5% of the gross revenues generally paid over the life of the lease or (b) 0.6% of the net asset value of the properties (excluding vacant properties) owned by the Company. These management and leasing fees are calculated on an annual basis plus a separate competitive fee for the one-time initial lease-up of newly constructed properties generally paid in conjunction with the receipt of the first month s rent. These expenses totaled $2.2 million and $0.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively.

Dealer Manager Agreement

The Company has entered into a dealer manager agreement with Wells Investment Securities, Inc. (WIS), an affiliate of the Advisor, whereby WIS performs the dealer manager function for the Company. For these services, WIS earns fees of 7% of the gross proceeds from the sale of the shares of the Company, most of which are reallowed to participating broker-dealers. Additionally, WIS earns a dealer manager fee of 2.5% of the gross offering proceeds at the time the shares are sold, of which up to 1.5% may be reallowed to participating broker-dealers. WIS has elected, although is not obligated, to reduce the dealer manager fee amount in each period by 2.5% of the gross redemptions under the Company s share redemption plan. During the three months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002, the Company incurred commissions of $29.9 million and $17.9 million, respectively, of which more than 99% was reallowed to participating broker-dealers. Dealer manager fees of $10.3 million and $6.3 million were incurred for the quarters ended March 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively. Of these amounts, $5.0 million and $2.0 million were reallowed to participating broker-dealers for the quarters ended March 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively.

Due From Affiliates

Due from affiliates included in the consolidated balance sheets primarily represents the Company s share of the cash to be distributed from its joint venture investments for the first quarter of 2003 and the fourth quarter 2002 and other amounts payable to the Company from other related parties.

Conflicts of Interest

The Advisor also is a general partner in various Wells Real Estate Funds. As such, there are conflicts of interest where the Advisor, while serving in the capacity as general partner for Wells Real Estate Funds, may be in competition with the Company in connection with property acquisitions or for tenants in similar geographic markets.

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6. Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows Supplemental Information

	For the three months ended March 31,	
	2003	**2002**
SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION:		
Interest paid during the period, including amounts capitalized	**$ 3,188**	$ 493
SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Deferred project costs applied to real estate assets	**$ 10,853**	$ 4,080
Deferred project costs due to affiliate	**$ 1,224**	$ 496
Deferred offering costs due to affiliate	**$**	$ 245
Other offering expenses due to affiliate	**$ 4,061**	$ 142
Acquisition of intangible lease liability	**$ 385**	$
Dividends payable	**$ 7,252**	$ 3,657
Due from affiliates	**$ 1,968**	$ 1,805

7. Commitments and Contingencies

Take Out Purchase and Escrow Agreement

The Advisor and its affiliates have developed a program (the Wells Section 1031 Program) involving the acquisition by a subsidiary of Wells Management Company (Wells Exchange) of income-producing commercial properties and the formation of a series of single member limited liability companies for the purpose of facilitating the resale of co-tenancy interests in such real estate properties to be owned in co-tenancy arrangements with persons (1031 Participants) who are seeking to invest the proceeds from a sale of real estate held for investment in another real estate investment for purposes of qualifying for like-kind exchange treatment under Section 1031 of the Internal Revenue Code. The acquisition of each of the properties acquired by Wells Exchange will be financed by a combination of permanent first mortgage financing and interim loan financing obtained from institutional lenders.

Following the acquisition of each property, Wells Exchange will attempt to sell co-tenancy interests to 1031 Participants, the proceeds of which will be used to repay a prorata portion of the interim financing. In consideration for the payment of a take out fee to the Company and following approval of the potential property acquisition by the Company s board of directors, it is anticipated that the Company will enter into a take out purchase and escrow agreement or similar contract providing that, if Wells Exchange is unable to sell all of the co-tenancy interests in that particular property to 1031 Participants, the Company will purchase, at Wells Exchange s cost, any co-tenancy interests remaining unsold at the end of the offering period.

In consideration for the payment of a take out fee in the amount of approximately $0.2 million, on December 31, 2002, Wells OP entered into a take out purchase and escrow agreement providing, among other things, that Wells OP would be obligated to acquire, at Wells Exchange s cost ($0.4 million in cash plus $0.4 million of assumed debt for each 2.9994% interest of co-tenancy interest unsold), any unsold co-tenancy interests in two buildings known as Meadow Brook Corporate Park located in Birmingham, Alabama, which remain unsold at the expiration of the offering of Wells Exchange on September 30, 2003.

The obligations of Wells OP under the take out purchase and escrow agreement are secured by reserving against Well OP s existing line of credit with Bank of America, N.A. (the Interim Lender). If, for any

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reason, Wells OP fails to acquire any of the co-tenancy interests in Meadow Brook Corporate Park which remain unsold as of September 30, 2003, or there is otherwise an uncured default under the interim loan or the line of credit documents, the Interim Lender is authorized to draw down Wells OP s line of credit in the amount necessary to pay the outstanding balance of the interim loan in full, in which event the appropriate amount of co-tenancy interest in Meadow Brook Corporate Park would be deeded to Wells OP. Wells OP s maximum economic exposure in the transaction was initially $14.0 million in cash plus assumption of the first mortgage financing in the amount of $13.9 million. As of March 31, 2003, due to the number of co-tenancy interests sold in Meadow Brook Corporate Park through such date, Wells OP s maximum exposure has been reduced to $6.7 million in cash plus the assumption of the first mortgage financing in the amount of $6.7 million.

Letters of Credit

At March 31, 2003, the Company had three unused letters of credit totaling approximately $19.7 million outstanding from financial institutions, consisting of letters of credit of approximately $14.5 million, $4.8 million and $0.4 million with expiration dates of February 28, 2004; August 12, 2003; and February 2, 2004, respectively. These amounts are not recorded in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet as of March 31, 2003. These letters of credit were required by three unrelated parties to ensure completion of the Company s obligations under certain earn-out and construction agreements. The Company does not anticipate a need to draw on these letters of credit.

Properties Under Contract

At March 31, 2003, the Company has a contract to acquire a third building at the ISS Atlanta Buildings development upon completion of construction (expected in June 2003) for a fixed purchase price of $10.0 million.

Commitments Under Existing Lease Agreements

Certain lease agreements include provisions that, at the option of the tenant, the Company may be obligated to expend certain amounts of capital to expand an existing property, construct on adjacent property or provide other expenditures for the benefit of the tenant, in favor of additional rental revenue. At March 31, 2003, no tenants have exercised such options.

Properties Under Construction

As of March 31, 2003, the Company had executed construction agreements with unrelated third parties for the purpose of constructing two buildings. The table below details the status of the properties under construction as of March 31, 2003:

Property	Total Projected Cost	Construction Costs to Date	Expected Future Costs	Expected Completion Date	Primary Source of Funds
Kerr-McGee	$ 15.8 million	$ 9.7 million	$ 6.1 million	July 2003	Debt

AmeriCredit	Phoenix	$ 24.7 million	$ 18.9 million	$ 5.8 million	April 2003	Investor Proceeds

Earn-out Agreements

As part of the acquisition of the IRS Building, the Company entered into an agreement to pay the seller an additional $14.5 million if the Company or the seller locates a suitable tenant and leases the vacant space of

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the building within 18 months after the date of acquisition of the property, or March 2004. If the space is not leased within this time, the Company is released from any obligation to pay this additional purchase consideration. The 26% of the building that was vacant at the time of acquisition remains unleased at March 31, 2003.

In connection with the acquisition of the East Point I and II Buildings, the Company entered into an earn-out agreement whereby the Company is required to pay the seller certain amounts for each new, fully executed lease after the date of acquisition of the property but on or before March 31, 2004. Payments shall be the anticipated first year s annual rent less operating expenses with the sum divided by 0.105 and the result reduced by tenant improvement costs related to the space.

Leasehold Property Obligations

The ASML, Motorola Tempe, Avnet and Bellsouth Ft. Lauderdale Buildings are subject to certain ground leases with expiration dates of 2082, 2082, 2083 and 2049, respectively.

Pending Litigation

In the normal course of business, the Company may become subject to litigation or claims. In November 2002, the Company contracted to purchase an office building located in Ramsey County, Minnesota, from Shoreview Associates LLC (Shoreview), who filed a lawsuit against the Company in Minnesota state court alleging that Shoreview was entitled to the $0.8 million in earnest money the Company had deposited under the contract. The Company has filed a counterclaim in the case asserting that the Company is entitled to the $0.8 million earnest money deposit. Procedurally, the Company had the case transferred to U.S. District Court in Minnesota, and Shoreview has moved to transfer the case back to state court. The dispute currently remains in litigation. After consultation with legal counsel, management does not believe that a reserve for a loss contingency is necessary.

8. Subsequent Events

Sale of Shares of Common Stock

From April 1, 2003 through April 30, 2003, the Company has raised approximately $179.2 million through the issuance of 17.9 million shares of common stock of the Company.

Property Acquisitions

On April 30, 2003, the Company purchased the Citicorp Englewood Cliffs, NJ Building, a three-story office building containing approximately 410,000 rentable square feet located in Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey, for a purchase price of $70.5 million, excluding closing costs and acquisition and advisory fees and expenses paid to the Advisor. The building is leased entirely to Citicorp North America, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Citicorp, Inc.

On May 1, 2003, the Company purchased the US Bancorp Minneapolis Building, a 32-story office building containing approximately 929,694 rentable square feet located in Minneapolis, Minnesota, for a purchase price of $174.0 million, excluding closing costs and acquisition and advisory fees and expenses paid to the Advisor. The building is approximately 99% leased under leases to various tenants with varying terms, including US Bancorp Piper Jaffray Companies, Inc., which leases approximately 77% of the building.

On May 9, 2003, the Company purchased the Aon Center Chicago Building, an 83-story office building containing approximately 2.6 million rentable square feet located in Chicago, Illinois, for a purchase price of approximately $465.2 million, excluding closing costs and acquisition and advisory costs paid to the Advisor. The building is approximately 92% leased under leases to various tenants with varying lease

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terms, including BP Corporation North American, Inc., DDB Needham Chicago, Inc. and Kirkland & Ellis, which collectively lease approximately 54% of the building.

On May 9, 2003, the Company acquired the GMAC Detroit Building, a three story office building containing approximately 119,122 square feet located in Auburn Hills, Michigan, for a purchase price of approximately $17.8 million, excluding closing costs and acquisition and advisory fees and expenses paid to the Advisor. The building is approximately 86% leased to the GMAC Corporation and Delmia Corporation. For the remaining approximately 14% of the building, the Company is required to pay the seller certain amounts for each new, fully executed lease entered into after the date of acquisition of the building but on or before November 8, 2004. Payments are calculated by dividing the sum of the anticipated first year s annual rent less operating expenses by 0.095, with the result being reduced by tenant improvement costs related to the space.

Line of Credit

On April 23, 2003, the Company entered into a $500 million unsecured revolving credit facility with a consortium of banks. The agreement expires in April 2005 and replaced the $110 million line of credit with Bank of America. The Company paid up-front commitment fees totaling $2.3 million to the lenders based on each financial institution s relative commitment level. The agreement contains alternative borrowing arrangements that provide for interest costs based on LIBOR plus up to 1.625%, or certain other alternative rates. Additionally, the Company is required to pay a quarterly facility fee of .25% per annum on the entire amount of this credit facility.

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Report of Independent Auditors

Shareholders and Board of Directors

Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statement of revenues over certain operating expenses of the US Bancorp Minneapolis Building for the year ended December 31, 2002. This statement is the responsibility of the US Bancorp Minneapolis Building s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the statement of revenues over certain operating expenses is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the statement of revenues over certain operating expenses. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the statement of revenues over certain operating expenses. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying statement of revenues over certain operating expenses was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission, as described in Note 2, and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the US Bancorp Minneapolis Building s revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the statement of revenues over certain operating expenses referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the revenues and certain operating expenses described in Note 2 of the US Bancorp Minneapolis Building for the year ended December 31, 2002 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

/s/ ERNST & YOUNG LLP

Atlanta, Georgia

May 5, 2003

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US Bancorp Minneapolis Building

Statement of Revenues Over Certain Operating Expenses

For the year ended December 31, 2002

(in thousands)

Revenues:	
Base rent	$ 12,495
Tenant reimbursements	9,699
Parking revenues	980
Total revenues	23,174
Expenses:	
Real estate taxes	5,839
Other operating expenses	2,022
Utilities	1,476
Cleaning	971
Management fee	690
Administrative	646
Total expenses	11,644
Revenues over certain operating expenses	$ 11,530

See accompanying notes.

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US Bancorp Minneapolis Building

Notes to Statement of Revenues Over Certain Operating Expenses

For the year ended December 31, 2002

1. Description of Real Estate Property Acquired

On May 1, 2003, Wells Operating Partnership, L.P. (Wells OP) acquired the US Bancorp Minneapolis Building, a 929,694 square foot Class A office tower located in Minneapolis, Minnesota, from MN-Nicollet Mall, LLC (Nicollet Mall). Total consideration for the acquisition was approximately $174 million, excluding acquisition costs. Wells OP is a Delaware limited partnership formed to acquire, own, lease, operate, and manage real properties on behalf of Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc., a Maryland corporation. As the sole general partner of Wells OP, Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. possesses full legal control and authority over the operations of Wells OP.

2. Basis of Accounting

The accompanying statement of revenues over certain operating expenses is presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States and in accordance with the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission for real estate properties acquired. Accordingly, the statement excludes certain historical expenses that are not comparable to the proposed future operations of the property such as certain ancillary income, amortization, depreciation, interest and corporate expenses. Therefore, this statement is not comparable to the statement of operations of the US Bancorp Minneapolis Building after its acquisition by Wells OP.

3. Significant Accounting Policies

Rental Revenues

Rental revenue is recognized on a straight-line basis over the terms of the related leases. The excess of recognized rentals over amounts due pursuant to lease terms is recorded as straight-line rent receivable. The impact of the straight-line rent adjustment increased revenue by approximately $1.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2002.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

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US Bancorp Minneapolis Building

Notes to Statement of Revenues Over Certain Operating Expenses

For the year ended December 31, 2002

4. Description of Leasing Arrangements

The office and retail space is leased to tenants under leases with terms that vary in length. Certain leases contain reimbursement clauses and renewal options. Nicollet Mall s interests in all lease agreements were assigned to Wells OP upon its acquisition of the US Bancorp Minneapolis Building.

5. Future Minimum Rental Commitments

Future minimum rental commitments for the years ended December 31 are as follows (in thousands):

2003	$ 14,589
2004	14,645
2005	14,603
2006	13,890
2007	13,161
Thereafter	85,650
	$ 156,538

One tenant, US Bancorp Piper Jaffray Companies, Inc., contributed approximately 73% of rental income for the year ended December 31, 2002. Subsequent to December 31, 2002, this tenant will contribute approximately 86% of the future minimum rental income of those leases in place as of that date.

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Report of Independent Auditors

Shareholders and Board of Directors

Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statement of revenues over certain operating expenses of the Aon Center Chicago Building for the year ended December 31, 2002. This statement is the responsibility of the Aon Center Chicago Building s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the statement of revenues over certain operating expenses is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the statement of revenues over certain operating expenses. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the statement of revenues over certain operating expenses. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying statement of revenues over certain operating expenses was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission, as described in Note 2, and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Aon Center Chicago Building s revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the statement of revenues over certain operating expenses referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the revenues and certain operating expenses described in Note 2 of the Aon Center Chicago Building for the year ended December 31, 2002 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

/s/ ERNST & YOUNG LLP

Atlanta, Georgia

May 9, 2003

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Aon Center Chicago Building

Statements of Revenues Over Certain Operating Expenses

For the year ended December 31, 2002

and the three months ended March 31, 2003 (unaudited)

(in thousands)

	2003	2002
	(unaudited)	
Revenues:		
Base rent	$ 9,478	$ 37,923
Tenant reimbursements	8,411	37,119
Parking revenues	436	1,679
Other revenues	526	1,332
Total revenues	18,851	78,053
Expenses:		
Real estate taxes	5,128	21,501
Other operating expenses	837	4,749
Cleaning	1,103	4,629
Security	682	4,143
Utilities	1,279	4,025
Administrative	635	2,965
HVAC	385	2,224
Total expenses	10,049	44,236
Revenues over certain operating expenses	$ 8,802	$ 33,817

See accompanying notes.

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Aon Center Chicago Building

Notes to Statements of Revenues Over Certain Operating Expenses

For the year ended December 31, 2002

and the three months ended March 31, 2003 (unaudited)

1. Description of Real Estate Property Acquired

On May 9, 2003, Wells REIT-Chicago Center, Chicago LLC (the Company) acquired the Aon Center Chicago Building, an approximately 2.6 million square foot Class A office tower located in Chicago, Illinois, from BRE/Randolph Drive, LLC (Randolph Drive). Total consideration for the acquisition was approximately $465.2 million. The Company, a Georgia limited liability company, was created on April 30, 2003. Wells Operating Partnership, L.P. (Wells OP) is the sole member of the Company. Wells OP is a Delaware limited partnership formed to acquire, own, lease, operate, and manage real properties on behalf of Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc., a Maryland corporation. As the sole general partner of Wells OP, Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. possesses full legal control and authority over the operations of Wells OP.

2. Basis of Accounting

The accompanying statements of revenues over certain operating expenses is presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States and in accordance with the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission for real estate properties acquired. Accordingly, the statements exclude certain historical expenses that are not comparable to the proposed future operations of the property such as certain ancillary income, amortization, depreciation, interest and corporate expenses. Therefore, the statements will not be comparable to the statements of operations of the Aon Center Chicago Building after its acquisition by the Company.

3. Significant Accounting Policies

Rental Revenues

Rental revenue is recognized on a straight-line basis over the terms of the related leases. The excess of recognized rentals over amounts due pursuant to lease terms is recorded as straight-line rent receivable. The impact of the straight-line rent adjustment increased revenue by approximately $1.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2002 and $195,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2003.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

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Aon Center Chicago Building

Notes to Statements of Revenues Over Certain Operating Expenses

For the year ended December 31, 2002

and the three months ended March 31, 2003 (unaudited)

4. Description of Leasing Arrangements

The office and retail space is leased to tenants under leases with terms that vary in length. Certain leases contain reimbursement clauses and renewal options. Randolph Drive s interests in all lease agreements were assigned to the Company upon its acquisition of the Aon Center Chicago Building.

5. Future Minimum Rental Commitments

Future minimum rental commitments for the years ended December 31 are as follows (in thousands):

2003	$ 36,822
2004	39,539
2005	36,693
2006	32,778
2007	32,652
Thereafter	185,071
	$ 363,555

Two tenants, Amoco Corporation and Kirkland & Ellis, contributed approximately 46% and 11%, respectively, of rental income for the year ended December 31, 2002. At December 31, 2002, three tenants, Amoco Corporation, DDB Needham and Kirkland & Ellis, will contribute approximately 54%, 12% and 11%, respectively, of the future minimum rental income of those leases in place as of that date.

6. Interim Unaudited Financial Information

The financial statement for the three months ended March 31, 2003 is unaudited, however, in the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting solely of normal, recurring adjustments) necessary for the fair presentation of the financial statement for the interim period have been included. The results of the interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results to be obtained for a full fiscal year.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

SUMMARY OF UNAUDITED PRO FORMA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This pro forma information should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes of Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc., a Maryland Corporation (the Wells REIT), included in its annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2002 and its quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the three months ended March 31, 2003. In addition, this pro forma information should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes of certain acquired properties included in various Form 8-Ks previously filed.

The following unaudited pro forma balance sheet as of March 31, 2003 has been prepared to give effect to the second quarter 2003 acquisitions of the Citicorp Englewood Cliffs, NJ Building, the US Bancorp Minneapolis Building and the GMAC Detroit Building by Wells Operating Partnership, L.P. (Wells OP) and the acquisition of the Aon Center Chicago Building (collectively, the Recent Acquisitions) by Wells REIT Chicago Center, Chicago, LLC, a single member limited liability company of which Wells OP is the sole member, as if the acquisitions occurred on March 31, 2003.

Wells OP is a Delaware limited partnership that was organized to own and operate properties on behalf of Wells REIT. As the sole general partner of Wells OP, Wells REIT possesses full legal control and authority over the operations of Wells OP. Accordingly, the accounts of Wells OP are consolidated with the accompanying pro forma financial statements of Wells REIT.

The following unaudited pro forma statement of income for the three months ended March 31, 2003 has been prepared to give effect to the first quarter 2003 acquisitions of the East Point Cleveland Buildings and the 150 West Jefferson Detroit Building (collectively, the 2003 Acquisitions) and the Recent Acquisitions as if the acquisitions occurred on January 1, 2002.

The following unaudited pro forma statement of income for the year ended December 31, 2002 has been prepared to give effect to the 2002 acquisition of the Vertex Sarasota Building (formerly, the Arthur Andersen Building), the Transocean Houston Building, the Novartis Atlanta Building, the Dana Corporation Buildings, the Travelers Express Denver Buildings, the Agilent Atlanta Building, the BellSouth Ft. Lauderdale Building, the Experian/TRW Buildings, the Agilent Boston Building, the TRW Denver Building, the MFS Phoenix Building, the ISS Atlanta Buildings, the PacifiCare San Antonio Building, the BMG Greenville Buildings, the Kraft Atlanta Building, the Nokia Dallas Buildings, the Harcourt Austin Building, the IRS Long Island Buildings, the KeyBank Parsippany Building, the Allstate Indianapolis Building, the Federal Express Colorado Springs Building, the EDS Des Moines Building, the Intuit Dallas Building, the Daimler Chrysler Dallas Building, the NASA Buildings, the Caterpillar Nashville Building, the Capital One Richmond Buildings, the John Wiley Indianapolis Building and the Nestle Los Angeles Building (collectively, the 2002 Acquisitions), the 2003 Acquisitions and the Recent Acquisitions as if the acquisitions occurred on January 1, 2002. The Kerr McGee Property and the AmeriCredit Phoenix Property had no operations during the year ended December 31, 2002.

These unaudited pro forma financial statements are prepared for informational purposes only and are not necessarily indicative of future results or of actual results that would have been achieved had the acquisition of the 2002 Acquisitions, 2003 Acquisitions and the Recent Acquisitions been consummated as of January 1, 2002. In addition, the pro forma balance sheet includes allocations of the purchase price for certain acquisitions based upon preliminary estimates of the fair value of the assets and liabilities acquired. Therefore, these allocations may be adjusted in the future upon finalization of these preliminary estimates.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

PRO FORMA BALANCE SHEET

MARCH 31, 2003

(in thousands, except share amounts)

(Unaudited)

ASSETS

		Pro Forma Adjustments					
			Recent Acquisitions				
	Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc.(a)	Other	Citicorp Englewood Cliffs, NJ	US Bancorp Minneapolis	Aon Center Chicago	GMAC Detroit	Pro Forma Total
REAL ESTATE ASSETS, at cost:							
Land	$ 291,140	$ 0	$ 10,300(d)	$ 10,700(d)	$ 23,258(d)	$ 1,900(d)	$ 337,948
			124(e)	438(e)	10(e)	78(e)	
Buildings, less accumulated depreciation of $82,812	1,811,220	0	60,587(d)	162,797(d)	445,956(d)	15,919(d)	2,504,723
			732(e)	6,665(e)	195(e)	652(e)	
Construction in progress	24,102	0	0	0	0	0	24,102
Total real estate assets	2,126,462	0	71,743	180,600	469,419	18,549	2,866,773
INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURES	83,286	0	0	0	0	0	83,286
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	118,030	192,164(b)	(20,929)(d)	(173,497)(d)	(7,833)(d)	(17,819)(d)	82,559
		(7,557)(c)					
RENT RECEIVABLE	19,928	0	0	0	0	0	19,928
DEFERRED PROJECT COSTS	5,124	7,557(c)	(856)(e)	(7,103)(e)	(205)(e)	(730)(e)	3,787
DUE FROM AFFILIATES	2,167	0	0	0	0	0	2,167
PREPAID EXPENSES AND OTHER ASSETS, NET	5,997	0	0	0	0	0	5,997
DEFERRED LEASE ACQUISITION COSTS, NET	1,561	0	0	0	0	0	1,561

INTANGIBLE LEASE ASSET	14,147	0	0	0	0	0	14,147
INVESTMENT IN BONDS	54,500	0	0	0	0	0	54,500
Total assets	$ 2,431,202	$ 192,164	$ 49,958	$ 0	$ 461,381	$ 0	$ 3,134,705

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LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY

(in thousands, except share amounts)

	Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc.(a)	Pro Forma Adjustments					Pro Forma Total
			Recent Acquisitions				
		Other	Citicorp Englewood Cliffs, NJ	US Bancorp Minneapolis	Aon Center Chicago	GMAC Detroit	
LIABILITIES:							
Borrowings	$ 108,986	$ 0	$ 49,958(d)	$ 0	$ 461,381(d)	$ 0	$ 620,325
Obligations under capital lease	54,500	0	0	0	0	0	54,500
Intangible lease liability	32,033	0	0	0	0	0	32,033
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	23,131	0	0	0	0	0	23,131
Due to affiliate	5,292	0	0	0	0	0	5,292
Dividends payable	7,252	0	0	0	0	0	7,252
Deferred rental income	11,164	0	0	0	0	0	11,164
Total liabilities	242,358	0	49,958	0	461,381	0	753,697
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES							
MINORITY INTEREST OF UNIT HOLDER IN OPERATING PARTNERSHIP	200	0	0	0	0	0	200
SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY:							
Common shares, $.01 par value; 750,000,000 shares authorized, 217,790,874 shares issued and 215,699,717 outstanding at December 31, 2002	2,605	216(b)	0	0	0	0	2,821
Additional paid-in capital	2,310,731	191,948(b)	0	0	0	0	2,502,679
Cumulative distributions in excess of earnings	(90,802)	0	0	0	0	0	(90,802)
Treasury stock, at cost, 2,091,157 shares at December 31, 2002	(33,860)	0	0	0	0	0	(33,860)
Other comprehensive loss	(30)	0	0	0	0	0	(30)
Total shareholders equity	2,188,644	192,164	0	0	0	0	2,380,808
Total liabilities and shareholders equity	$ 2,431,202	$ 192,164	$ 49,958	$ 0	$ 461,381	$ 0	$ 3,134,705

(a) Historical financial information derived from quarterly report on Form 10-Q.
(b) Reflects capital raised through issuance of additional shares subsequent to March 31, 2003 through GMAC Detroit acquisition date, net of organizational and offering costs, commissions and dealer-manager fees.
(c) Reflects deferred project costs capitalized as a result of additional capital raised described in note (b) above.
(d) Reflects Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. s purchase price for the land, building and liabilities assumed.
(e) Reflects deferred project costs applied to the land and building at approximately 4.094% of the cash paid for purchase.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

PRO FORMA STATEMENT OF INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002

(in thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

	Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc.(a)	Pro Forma Adjustments: 2002 Acquisitions	2003 Acquisitions	Recent Acquisitions: Citicorp Englewood Cliffs, NJ	US Bancorp Minneapolis	Aon Center Chicago	GMAC Detroit	Pro Forma Total
REVENUES:								
Rental income	$ 107,526	$ 98,599(b)	$ 13,196(b)	$ 6,359(b)	$ 13,665(b)	$ 42,592(b)	$ 1,336(b)	$ 283,273
Tenant reimbursements	18,992	9,584(c)	5,590(c)	14(c)	9,699(c)	37,119(c)	39(c)	81,037
Equity in income of joint ventures	4,700	648(d)	0	0	0	0	0	5,348
Lease termination income	1,409	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,409
Interest and other income	7,001	0	0	0	0	0	0	7,001
	139,628	108,831	18,786	6,373	23,364	79,711	1,375	378,068
EXPENSES:								
Depreciation	38,780	34,362(e)	4,348(e)	2,453(e)	6,778(e)	17,846(e)	663(e)	105,230
Interest expense	4,638	9,657(f)	0	1,993(f)	0	22,414(i)	0	38,702
Property operating costs	26,949	25,244(g)	8,742(g)	63(g)	10,955(g)	45,627(g)	609(g)	118,189
Management and leasing fees	5,155	3,196(h)	846(h)	287(h)	1,051(h)	3,587(h)	62(h)	14,184
General and administrative	3,244	0	0	0	0	0	0	3,244
Legal and accounting	1,008	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,008
	79,774	72,459	13,936	4,796	18,784	89,474	1,334	280,557
NET INCOME	$ 59,854	$ 36,372	$ 4,850	$ 1,577	$ 4,580	$ (9,763)	$ 41	$ 97,511
EARNINGS PER SHARE, basic and diluted	$ 0.41							$ 0.35
WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES, basic and diluted	145,633							278,027

(a) Historical financial information derived from annual report on Form 10-K.
(b) Rental income is recognized on a straight-line basis.
(c) Consists of operating costs reimbursements.
(d) Reflects Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. s equity in income of the Wells Fund XIII-REIT Joint Venture related to the John Wiley Indianapolis Building. The pro forma adjustment results from rental revenues less operating expenses, management fees and depreciation.
(e) Depreciation expense is recognized using the straight-line method and a 25-year life.
(f) Represents interest expense on lines of credits used to acquire assets, which bear interest at approximately 3.99% for the year ended December 31, 2002 and assumed mortgages on the BMG Direct, BMG Music and Nestle Buildings, which bear interest at 8.5%, 8% and 3.39% for the year ended December 31, 2002, respectively.
(g) Consists of operating expenses.
(h) Management and leasing fees are generally calculated at 4.5% of rental income and tenant reimbursements.
(i) Represents interest expense on loan used to acquire Aon Center Chicago Building, which bears interest at approximately 4.858% for the year ended December 31, 2002.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

PRO FORMA STATEMENT OF INCOME

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2003

(in thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

	Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. (a)	Pro Forma Adjustments						
			Recent Acquisitions					
		2003 Acquisitions	Citicorp Englewood Cliffs, NJ	US Bancorp Minneapolis	Aon Center Chicago	GMAC Detroit	Pro Forma Total
REVENUES:							
Rental income	$ 53,343	$ 2,941(b)	$ 1,590(b)	$ 3,421(b)	$ 10,855(b)	$ 563(b)	$ 72,713
Tenant reimbursements	9,601	1,378(c)	6(c)	2,799(c)	8,411(c)	23(c)	22,218
Equity in income of joint ventures	1,261	0	0	0	0	0	1,261
Interest and other income	1,154	0	0	0	0	0	1,154
	65,359	4,319	1,596	6,220	19,266	586	97,346
EXPENSES:							
Depreciation	19,218	888(d)	613(d)	1,694(d)	4,462(d)	166(d)	27,041
Property operating costs	15,220	1,946(f)	74(f)	2,682(f)	10,572(f)	270(f)	30,764
Management and leasing fees	2,333	194(g)	72(g)	280(g)	867(g)	26(g)	3,772
General and administrative	1,576	0	0	0	0	0	1,576
Interest expense	2,648	0	388(e)	0	5,075(h)	0	8,111
	40,995	3,028	1,147	4,656	20,976	462	71,264
NET INCOME	$ 24,364	$ 1,291	$ 449	$ 1,564	$ (1,710)	$ 124	$ 26,082
EARNINGS PER SHARE, basic and diluted	$ 0.10						$ 0.09
WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES, basic and diluted	233,247						278,027

(a) Historical financial information derived from quarterly report on Form 10-Q.
(b) Rental income is recognized on a straight-line basis.
(c) Consists of operating costs reimbursements.
(d) Depreciation expense is recognized using the straight-line method and a 25-year life.
(e) Represents interest expense on lines of credits used to acquire assets, which bear interest at approximately 3.106% for the three months ended March 31, 2003.
(f) Consists of operating expenses.
(g) Management and leasing fees are generally calculated at 4.5% of rental income and tenant reimbursements.
(h) Represents interest expense on loan used to acquire Aon Center Chicago Building, which bears interest at approximately 4.40% for the three months ended March 31, 2003.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

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WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

SUPPLEMENT NO. 8 DATED JUNE 15, 2003 TO THE PROSPECTUS

DATED JULY 26, 2002

This document supplements, and should be read in conjunction with, the prospectus of Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. dated July 26, 2002, as supplemented and amended by Supplement No. 1 dated August 14, 2002, Supplement No. 2 dated August 29, 2002, Supplement No. 3 dated October 25, 2002, Supplement No. 4 dated December 10, 2002, Supplement No. 5 dated January 15, 2003, Supplement No. 6 dated April 14, 2003, and Supplement No. 7 dated May 15, 2003 . When we refer to the prospectus in this supplement, we are also referring to any and all supplements to the prospectus. Unless otherwise defined in this supplement, capitalized terms used in this supplement shall have the same meanings as set forth in the prospectus.

The purpose of this supplement is to describe the following:

(1) Status of the offering of shares in Wells Real Estate Investment Trust, Inc. (Wells REIT);

(2) The declaration of dividends for the third quarter of 2003; and

(3) Notice received from the NASD of its determination to institute an enforcement action against Wells Investment Securities, Inc. (Wells Investment Securities), our Dealer Manager, and Leo F. Wells, III for alleged NASD Rule violations relating to the educational and due diligence conferences sponsored by Wells Investment Securities in 2001 and 2002.

Status of the Offering

We commenced our initial public offering of common stock on January 30, 1998. Our initial public offering was terminated on December 19, 1999. We received approximately $132.2 million in gross offering proceeds from the sale of 13.2 million shares in our initial public offering. We commenced our second offering of common stock on December 20, 1999. Our second public offering was terminated on December 19, 2000. We received approximately $175.2 million in gross offering proceeds from the sale of 17.5 million shares in our second public offering. We commenced our third public offering of common stock on December 20, 2000. Our third public offering was terminated on July 26, 2002. We received approximately $1.3 billion in gross offering proceeds from the sale of 128.3 million shares in our third public offering.

Pursuant to the prospectus, we commenced our fourth public offering of common stock on July 26, 2002. As of May 31, 2003, we had received additional gross proceeds of approximately $1.4 billion from the sale of approximately 137.3 million shares in our fourth public offering. Accordingly, as of May 31, 2003, we had received aggregate gross offering proceeds of approximately $3.0 billion from the sale of approximately 296.3 million shares in all of our public offerings. After payment of approximately $102.2 million in acquisition and advisory fees and acquisition expenses, payment of $329.2 million in selling commissions and organization and offering expenses, and common stock redemptions of approximately $43.6 million pursuant to our share redemption program, as of May 31, 2003, we had raised aggregate net offering proceeds available for investment in properties of approximately $2.5 billion, out of which approximately $2.0 billion had been invested in real estate properties, and approximately $50.6 million remained available for investment in real estate properties.

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Dividends

On June 11, 2003, our board of directors declared dividends for the third quarter of 2003 in the amount of a 7.0% annualized percentage rate return on an investment of $10.00 per share to be paid in September 2003. Our third quarter dividends are calculated on a daily record basis of $0.001902 (0.1902 cents) per day per share on the outstanding shares of common stock payable to stockholders of record of such shares as shown on the books of the Wells REIT at the close of business on each day during the period, commencing on June 16, 2003, and continuing on each day thereafter through and including September 15, 2003.

NASD Enforcement Action

On June 6, 2003, the enforcement division of NASD, Inc. (NASD) informed Wells Investment Securities, our Dealer Manager, and Leo F. Wells, III, our President and a director, that the NASD has made a determination to institute disciplinary proceedings against both Wells Investment Securities and Mr. Wells, as registered principal of Wells Investment Securities, for alleged violations of various NASD Conduct Rules entirely related to providing non-cash compensation of more than $100 to associated persons of NASD member firms in connection with their attendance at the annual educational and due diligence conferences sponsored by Wells Investment Securities in 2001 and 2002.

While the NASD has not yet instituted a formal action against Wells Investment Securities or Mr. Wells and, in its notice, only cited alleged rule violations in general terms, Wells Investment Securities and Mr. Wells are in the process of ascertaining the specific factual details forming the basis for these allegations. Based upon what we know at this time, however, we believe that these alleged rule violations will relate primarily to (1) the failure to obtain full reimbursement from some of the registered representatives for travel expenses of guests and the cost of golf in connection with attendance at our 2001 educational conference, and (2) the payment for meals of guests of attendees at our 2001 and 2002 educational conferences. We are unable to predict at this time the potential outcome of any such enforcement action against Wells Investment Securities and Mr. Wells or the potential effect such an enforcement action may have on the operations of Wells Capital, Inc., our advisor, and, accordingly, on our operations, if any.

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PART II

INFORMATION NOT REQUIRED IN PROSPECTUS

Items 31 through 35 and Item 37 of Part II are incorporated by reference to the Registrant s Registration Statement, as amended to date, Commission File No. 333-85848

Item 36 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(a) Financial Statements:

The following financial statements of Registrant are filed as part of this Registration Statement and included in the Prospectus:

Audited Financial Statements

(1) Report of Independent Public Accountants,

(2) Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2001 and December 31, 2000,

(3) Consolidated Statements of Income for the years ended December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999,

(4) Consolidated Statements of Shareholders Equity for the years ended December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999,

(5) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999,

(6) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, and

(7) Schedule III Real Estate Investments and Accumulated Depreciation as of December 31, 2001.

Unaudited Financial Statements

(1) Consolidated Balance Sheets as of March 31, 2002 and December 31, 2001,

(2) Consolidated Statements of Income for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and March 31, 2001,

(3) Consolidated Statements of Shareholders Equity for the year ended December 31, 2001 and for the three months ended March 31, 2002,

(4) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and March 31, 2001, and

(5) Condensed Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

The following financial statements of the Registrant are filed as part of this Registration Statement and included in Supplement No. 1 to the Prospectus:

Unaudited Financial Statements

(1) Consolidated Balance Sheets as of June 30, 2002 and December 31, 2001,

(2) Consolidated Statements of Income for the three months ended June 30, 2002 and June 30, 2001 and for the six months ended June 30, 2002 and June 30, 2001,

(3) Consolidated Statements of Shareholders Equity for the year ended December 31, 2001 and for the six months ended June 30, 2002,

(4) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the six months ended June 30, 2002 and June 30, 2001, and

(5) Condensed Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

The following unaudited pro forma financial statements of the Registrant are filed as part of this Registration Statement and included in Supplement No. 1 to the Prospectus:

(1) Summary of Unaudited Pro Forma Financial Statements,

(2) Pro Forma Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2002,

(3) Pro Forma Statement of Income for the year ended December 31, 2001, and

(4) Pro Forma Statement of Income for the six months ended June 30, 2002.

The following unaudited pro forma financial statements of the Registrant are filed as part of this Registration Statement and included in Supplement No. 2 to the Prospectus:

(1) Summary of Unaudited Pro Forma Financial Statements,

(2) Pro Forma Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2002,

(3) Pro Forma Statement of Income for the year ended December 31, 2001, and

(4) Pro Forma Statement of Income for the six months ended June 30, 2002.

The following financial statements relating to the acquisition of the Harcourt Austin Building are filed as part of this Registration Statement and included in Supplement No. 3 to the Prospectus:

(1) Report of Independent Auditors,

(2) Statements of Revenues over Certain Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2001 (audited) and the six months ended June 30, 2002 (unaudited), and

(3) Notes to Statements of Revenues over Certain Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2001 (audited) and the six months ended June 30, 2002 (unaudited).

The following financial statements relating to the acquisition of the IRS Long Island Buildings are filed as part of this Registration Statement and included in Supplement No. 3 to the Prospectus:

(1) Report of Independent Auditors,

(2) Statements of Revenues over Certain Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2001 (audited) and the six months ended June 30, 2002 (unaudited), and

(3) Notes to Statements of Revenues over Certain Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2001 (audited) and the six months ended June 30, 2002 (unaudited).

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The following financial statements relating to the acquisition of the KeyBank Parsippany Building are filed as part of this Registration Statement and included in Supplement No. 3 to the Prospectus:

(1) Report of Independent Auditors,

(2) Statements of Revenues over Certain Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2001 (audited) and the six months ended June 30, 2002 (unaudited), and

(3) Notes to Statements of Revenues over Certain Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2001 (audited) and the six months ended June 30, 2002 (unaudited).

The following unaudited pro forma financial statements of the Registrant are filed as part of this Registration Statement and included in Supplement No. 3 to the Prospectus:

(1) Summary of Unaudited Pro Forma Financial Statements,

(2) Pro Forma Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2002,

(3) Pro Forma Statement of Income for the year ended December 31, 2001, and

(4) Pro Forma Statement of Income for the six months ended June 30, 2002.

The following financial statements of the Registrant are filed as part of this Registration Statement and included in Supplement No. 4 to the Prospectus:

Unaudited Financial Statements

(1) Consolidated Balance Sheets as of September 30, 2002 and December 31, 2001,

(2) Consolidated Statements of Income for the three months ended September 30, 2002 and September 30, 2001 and for the nine months ended September 30, 2002 and September 30, 2001,

(3) Consolidated Statements of Shareholders Equity for the year ended December 31, 2001 and for the nine months ended September 30, 2002,

(4) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2002 and September 30, 2001, and

(5) Condensed Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

The following financial statements relating to the acquisition of the NASA Buildings are filed as part of this Registration Statement and included in Supplement No. 4 to the Prospectus:

(1) Report of Independent Auditors,

(2) Statements of Revenues over Certain Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2001 (audited) and the nine months ended September 30, 2002 (unaudited), and

(3) Notes to Statements of Revenues over Certain Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2001 (audited) and the nine months ended September 30, 2002 (unaudited).

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The following financial statements relating to the acquisition of the Caterpillar Nashville Building are filed as part of this Registration Statement and included in Supplement No. 4 to the Prospectus:

(1) Report of Independent Auditors,

(2) Statements of Revenues over Certain Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2001 (audited) and the nine months ended September 30, 2002 (unaudited), and

(3) Notes to Statements of Revenues over Certain Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2001 (audited) and the nine months ended September 30, 2002 (unaudited).

The following unaudited pro forma financial statements of the Registrant are filed as part of this Registration Statement and included in Supplement No. 4 to the Prospectus:

(1) Summary of Unaudited Pro Forma Financial Statements,

(2) Pro Forma Balance Sheet as of September 30, 2002,

(3) Pro Forma Statement of Income for the year ended December 31, 2001, and

(4) Pro Forma Statement of Income for the nine months ended September 30, 2002.

The following revised financial statements of the Registrant are filed as part of this Registration Statement and included in Supplement No. 5 to the Prospectus:

(1) Consolidated Balance Sheets as of September 30, 2002 (unaudited) and December 31, 2001 (audited),

(2) Consolidated Statements of Income for the three months ended September 30, 2002 and September 30, 2001 (unaudited) and for the nine months ended September 30, 2002 and September 30, 2001 (unaudited),

(3) Consolidated Statements of Shareholders Equity for the year ended December 31, 2001 (audited) and for the nine months ended September 30, 2002 (unaudited),

(4) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2002 and September 30, 2001 (unaudited), and

(5) Condensed Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited).

The following financial statements relating to the acquisition of the Nestle Building are filed as part of this Registration Statement and included in Supplement No. 5 to the Prospectus:

(1) Report of Independent Auditors,

(2) Statements of Revenues over Certain Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2001 (audited) and the nine months ended September 30, 2002 (unaudited), and

(3) Notes to Statements of Revenues over Certain Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2001 (audited) and the nine months ended September 30, 2002 (unaudited).

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The following unaudited pro forma financial statements of the Registrant are filed as part of this Registration Statement and included in Supplement No. 5 to the Prospectus:

(1) Summary of Unaudited Pro Forma Financial Statements,

(2) Pro Forma Balance Sheet as of September 30, 2002,

(3) Pro Forma Statement of Income for the year ended December 31, 2001, and

(4) Pro Forma Statement of Income for the nine months ended September 30, 2002.

The following audited financial statements of Registrant are filed as part of this Registration Statement and included in Supplement No. 6 to the Prospectus:

Audited Financial Statements

(1) Report of Independent Auditors,

(2) Report of Independent Public Accountants,

(3) Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2002 and December 31, 2001,

(4) Consolidated Statements of Income for the years ended December 31, 2002, 2001 and 2000,

(5) Consolidated Statements of Shareholders Equity for the years ended December 31, 2002, 2001 and 2000,

(6) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 2002, 2001 and 2000,

(7) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, and

(8) Schedule III Real Estate Assets and Accumulated Depreciation as of December 31, 2002.

The following unaudited pro forma financial statements of the Registrant are filed as part of this Registration Statement and included in Supplement No. 6 to the Prospectus:

(1) Summary of Unaudited Pro Forma Financial Statements,

(2) Pro Forma Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2002, and

(3) Pro Forma Statement of Income for the year ended December 31, 2002.

The following financial statements of the Registrant are filed as part of this Registration Statement and included in Supplement No. 7 to the Prospectus:

(1) Consolidated Balance Sheets as of March 31, 2003 (unaudited) and December 31, 2002,

(2) Consolidated Statements of Income for the three months ended March 31, 2003 and March 31, 2002 (unaudited),

(3) Consolidated Statements of Shareholders Equity for the year ended December 31, 2002 and for the three months ended March 31, 2003 (unaudited),

(4) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the three months ended March 31, 2003 and March 31, 2002 (unaudited), and

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(5) Condensed Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2003 (unaudited).

The following financial statements relating to the acquisition of the US Bancorp Minneapolis Building are filed as part of this Registration Statement and included in Supplement No. 7 to the Prospectus:

(1) Report of Independent Auditors,

(2) Statements of Revenues over Certain Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2002 (audited)

(3) Notes to Statement of Revenues over Certain Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2002 (audited).

The following financial statements relating to the acquisition of the Aon Center Chicago Building are filed as part of this Registration Statement and included in Supplement No. 7 to the Prospectus:

(1) Report of Independent Auditors,

(2) Statement of Revenues over Certain Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2002 (audited) and the three months ended March 31, 2003 (unaudited), and

(3) Notes to Statements of Revenues over Certain Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2002 (audited) and the three months ended march 31, 2003 (unaudited).

The following unaudited pro forma financial statements of the Registrant are filed as part of this Registration Statement and included in Supplement No. 7 to the Prospectus:

(1) Summary of Unaudited Pro Forma Financial Statements,

(2) Pro Forma Balance Sheet as of March 31, 2003,

(3) Pro Forma Statement of Income for the year ended December 31, 2002, and

(4) Pro Forma Statement of Income for the three months ended March 31, 2003.

(b) Exhibits (See Exhibit Index):

Exhibit No.	Description

1.1	Form of Dealer Manager Agreement (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 1 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on June 10, 2002)
1.2	Form of Warrant Purchase Agreement (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 1 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on June 10, 2002)
3.1	Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation dated as of July 1, 2000 (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on August 31, 2000)

3.2	Articles of Amendment to Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation dated as June 26, 2002 (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 2 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on July 15, 2002)
3.3	Bylaws (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 4 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-32099, filed on January 23, 1998)
3.4	Amendment No. 1 to Bylaws (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 5 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-32099, filed on April 15, 1999)
4.1	Form of Subscription Agreement and Subscription Agreement Signature Page (included as Exhibit A to Prospectus)
5.1	Opinion of Holland & Knight LLP as to legality of securities (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 2 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on July 15, 2002)
8.1	Opinion of Holland & Knight LLP as to tax matters (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 2 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on July 15, 2002)
8.2	Opinion of Holland & Knight LLP as to ERISA matters (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 2 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on July 15, 2002)
10.1	Advisory Agreement dated January 30, 2002 (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on April 8, 2002)
10.2	Amended and Restated Property Management and Leasing Agreement among Registrant, Wells Operating Partnership, L.P. and Wells Management Company, Inc. (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 2 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on December 18, 2000)
10.3	Amended and Restated Joint Venture Agreement of The Fund IX, Fund X, Fund XI and REIT Joint Venture (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 2 of the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-32099, filed on July 9, 1998)
10.4	Joint Venture Agreement of Wells/Fremont Associates (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 3 of the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-32099, filed on August 14, 1998)
10.5	Joint Venture Agreement of Wells/Orange County Associates (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 3 of the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-32099, filed on August 14, 1998)
10.6	Amended and Restated Joint Venture Partnership Agreement of The Wells Fund XI-Fund XII REIT Joint Venture (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 1 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-83933, filed on November 17, 1999)

10.7 Joint Venture Partnership Agreement of Wells Fund XII-REIT Joint Venture Partnership (previously filed as Exhibit 10.11 and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 2 to Form S-11 Registration Statement of Wells Real Estate Fund XII, L.P. on Form S-11, Commission File No. 33-66657, filed on April 25, 2000)

10.8 Joint Venture Partnership Agreement of Fund VIII-IX-REIT Joint Venture (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on August 31, 2000)

10.9 Joint Venture Partnership Agreement of Wells Fund XIII-REIT Joint Venture Partnership (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 3 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on July 23, 2001)

10.10 Agreement of Limited Partnership of Wells Operating Partnership, L.P. as Amended and Restated as of January 1, 2000 (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Form 10-K of Registrant for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2000, Commission File No. 0-25739)

10.11 Amended and Restated Promissory Note for $15,500,000 for the SouthTrust Loan (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 4 of the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-32099, filed on January 15, 1999)

10.12 Amendment No. 1 to Mortgage and Security Agreement and other Loan Documents for the PwC Building securing the SouthTrust Loan (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 4 of the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-32099, filed on January 15, 1999)

10.13 Loan Agreement with SouthTrust Bank, N.A. for a $35,000,000 revolving line of credit dated May 3, 2000 (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 3 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-83933, filed on September 8, 2000)

10.14 Promissory Note for $35,000,000 to SouthTrust Bank, N.A. (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 3 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-83933, filed on September 8, 2000)

10.15 Allonge to Revolving Note relating to the SouthTrust Bank N.A. $32,393,000 revolving line of credit (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 2 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on December 18, 2000)

10.16 First Amendment to Revolving Loan Agreement and Other Loan Documents relating to the SouthTrust Bank N.A. $32,393,000 revolving line of credit (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 2 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on December 18, 2000)

10.17 Second Note Modification Agreement relating to the SouthTrust Bank N.A. $12,844,000 revolving line of credit (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 2 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on December 18, 2000)

10.18 Second Amendment to Amended and Restated Loan Agreement and Other Loan Documents relating to the SouthTrust Bank N.A. $12,844,000 revolving line of credit (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 2 to the

	Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on December 18, 2000)
10.19	Revolving Note relating to the SouthTrust Bank N.A. $19,003,000 revolving line of credit (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 2 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on December 18, 2000)
10.20	Revolving Loan Agreement relating to the SouthTrust Bank N.A. $19,003,000 revolving line of credit (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 2 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on December 18, 2000)
10.21	Amended and Restated Revolving Note relating to the SouthTrust Bank N.A. $7,900,000 revolving line of credit (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 2 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on December 18, 2000)
10.22	Amended and Restated Loan Agreement relating to the SouthTrust Bank N.A. $7,900,000 revolving line of credit (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 2 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on December 18, 2000)
10.23	Revolving Credit Agreement relating to the Bank of America, N.A. $85,000,000 revolving line of credit (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on April 8, 2002)
10.24	Construction Loan Agreement relating to the Bank of America, N.A. $34,200,000 construction loan (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on April 8, 2002)
10.25	Lease for the Eisenhower Blvd Tampa Building (formerly the PwC Building) (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 4 of the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-32099, filed on January 15, 1999)
10.26	Office Lease for the Matsushita Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 5 of the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-32099, filed on April 15, 1999)
10.27	Guaranty of Lease for the Matsushita Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 5 of the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-32099, filed on April 15, 1999)
10.28	Lease Agreement with Cinemark USA, Inc. for a portion of the Cinemark Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-83933, filed on March 15, 2000)
10.29	Lease Agreement with The Coca-Cola Company for a portion of the Cinemark Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-83933, filed on March 15, 2000)

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10.30	Lease Agreement for the Motorola Tempe Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 2 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-83933, filed on June 9, 2000)
10.31	First Amendment to Lease Agreement for the Motorola Tempe Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 2 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-83933, filed on June 9, 2000)
10.32	Ground Lease Agreement for the Motorola Tempe Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 2 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-83933, filed on June 9, 2000)
10.33	Lease Agreement for the Motorola Plainfield Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 1 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on December 1, 2000)
10.34	Lease Agreement with Stone & Webster, Inc. for a portion of the Stone & Webster Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on February 9, 2001)
10.35	Lease Agreement with Sysco Corporation for a portion of the Stone & Webster Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on February 9, 2001)
10.36	Lease Agreement for the Metris Minnesota Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on February 9, 2001)
10.37	Fourth Amendment to Lease Agreement for the Metris Minnesota Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on February 9, 2001)
10.38	Guaranty of Lease for the Metris Minnesota Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on February 9, 2001)
10.39	Lease Agreement for the Comdata Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 3 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on July 23, 2001)
10.40	First Amendment to Lease Agreement for the Comdata Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 3 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on July 23, 2001)
10.41	Lease Agreement for the State Street Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 4 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on October 23, 2001)

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10.42	Lease Agreement for the IKON Buildings (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 4 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on October 23, 2001)
10.43	First Amendment to Lease Agreement for the IKON Buildings (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 4 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on October 23, 2001)
10.44	Reinstatement of and Second Amendment to Lease Agreement for the IKON Buildings (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 4 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on October 23, 2001)
10.45	Agreement of Sale for the Nissan Property (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 4 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on October 23, 2001)
10.46	Lease Agreement for the Nissan Property (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 4 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on October 23, 2001)
10.47	Guaranty of Lease for the Nissan Property (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 4 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on October 23, 2001)
10.48	Development Agreement for the Nissan Property (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 4 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on October 23, 2001)
10.49	Design and Build Construction Agreement for the Nissan Property (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 4 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on October 23, 2001)
10.50	Indenture of Lease Agreement for Ingram Micro Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 4 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on October 23, 2001)
10.51	Guaranty of Lease Agreement for Ingram Micro Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 4 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on October 23, 2001)
10.52	Absolute Assignment of Lease and Assumption Agreement for Ingram Micro Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 4 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on October 23, 2001)
10.53	Bond Real Property Lease Agreement for the Ingram Micro Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 4 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on October 23, 2001)

10.54	Second Amendment to Lease Agreement for Matsushita Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 4 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on October 23, 2001)
10.55	Lease Agreement with TCI Great Lakes, Inc. for a portion of the Windy Point I Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 5 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on January 23, 2002)
10.56	First Amendment to Office Lease with TCI Great Lakes, Inc. (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 5 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on January 23, 2002)
10.57	Lease Agreement with Zurich American Insurance Company for the Windy Point II Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 5 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on January 23, 2002)
10.58	Third Amendment to Office Lease with Zurich American Insurance Company (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 5 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on January 23, 2002)
10.59	Lease Agreement with Arthur Andersen LLP for the Vertex Sarasota Building (formerly the Arthur Andersen Building) (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 5 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on January 23, 2002)
10.60	Lease Agreement with Transocean Deepwater Offshore Drilling, Inc. for a portion of the Transocean Houston Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 6 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on April 22, 2002)
10.61	Lease Agreement with Newpark Drilling Fluids, Inc. for a portion of the Transocean Houston Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 6 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on April 22, 2002)
10.62	Lease Agreement for the Dana Detroit Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 6 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on April 22, 2002)
10.63	Second Amendment to Lease Agreement for the Dana Detroit Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 6 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on April 22, 2002)
10.64	Lease Agreement for the Dana Kalamazoo Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 6 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on April 22, 2002)

10.65	Second Amendment to Lease Agreement for the Dana Kalamazoo Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 6 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on April 22, 2002)
10.66	Purchase and Sale Agreement for the Experian/TRW Buildings (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 1 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on June 10, 2002)
10.67	Lease Agreement for the Experian/TRW Buildings (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 1 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on June 10, 2002)
10.68	Lease Amendment to Lease Agreement for the Experian/TRW Buildings (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 1 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on June 10, 2002)
10.69	Purchase and Sale Agreement and Escrow Instructions for the Agilent Boston Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 1 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on June 10, 2002)
10.70	Lease Agreement for the Agilent Boston Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 1 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on June 10, 2002)
10.71	Purchase and Sale Agreement for the TRW Denver Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 2 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on July 15, 2002)
10.72	Lease Agreement for the TRW Denver Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 2 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on July 15, 2002)
10.73	Purchase and Sale Agreement for the MFS Phoenix Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 2 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on July 15, 2002)
10.74	Lease Agreement for the MFS Phoenix Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 2 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on July 15, 2002)
10.75	Purchase and Sale Agreement for the ISS Atlanta Buildings (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 2 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on July 15, 2002)
10.76	Lease Agreement for the ISS Atlanta Buildings (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 2 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on July 15, 2002)
10.77	Amendment No. 5 to Lease Agreement for the ISS Atlanta Buildings (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 2 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on July 15, 2002)
10.78	Ground Lease Agreement for ISS Atlanta Buildings (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 2 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on July 15, 2002)

10.79	Purchase and Sale Agreement for the Nokia Dallas Buildings (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on October 25, 2002)
10.80	Lease Agreement for Building No. 1 of the Nokia Dallas Buildings (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on October 25, 2002)
10.81	Amendment to Lease Agreement for Building No. 1 of the Nokia Dallas Buildings (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on October 25, 2002)
10.82	Lease Agreement for Building No. 2 of the Nokia Dallas Buildings (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on October 25, 2002)
10.83	Amendment to Lease Agreement for Building No. 2 of the Nokia Dallas Buildings (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on October 25, 2002)
10.84	Lease Agreement for Building No. 3 of the Nokia Dallas Buildings (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on October 25, 2002)
10.85	Amendment to Lease Agreement for Building No. 3 of the Nokia Dallas Buildings (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on October 25, 2002)
10.86	Agreement of Sale for the KeyBank Parsippany Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on October 25, 2002)
10.87	Lease Agreement with KeyBank U.S.A., N.A. for a portion of the KeyBank Parsippany Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on October 25, 2002)
10.88	Lease Agreement with Gemini Technology Services for a portion of the KeyBank Parsippany Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on October 25, 2002)
10.89	Amendment to Lease Agreement with Gemini Technology Services for a portion of the KeyBank Parsippany Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on October 25, 2002)

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10.90	Purchase and Sale Agreement for NASA Buildings (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 2 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on January 24, 2003)
10.91	Lease Agreement with the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency and amendments thereto (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 2 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on January 24, 2003)
10.92	Lease Agreement with the United States of America (NASA) and amendments thereto (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 2 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on January 24, 2003)
10.93	Agreement of Purchase and Sale for Nestle Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 2 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on January 24, 2003)
10.94	Loan Agreement for $90,000,000 loan assumed with Landesbank Schleswig-Holstein Gironzentrale, Kiel (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 2 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on January 24, 2003)
10.95	Lease Agreement for Nestle Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 2 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on January 24, 2003)
10.96	Various amendments to Lease Agreement for Nestle Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 2 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on January 24, 2003)
10.97	Agreement of Purchase and Sale for 150 West Jefferson Detroit Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 3 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on April 14, 2003)
10.98	$500,000,000 Credit Agreement for an unsecured line of credit with Bank of America, N.A. and a consortium of other banks
10.99	Real Estate Sale Agreement for US Bancorp Minneapolis Building
10.100	Lease Agreement with US Bancorp Piper Jaffray Companies, Inc. and amendments thereto for a portion of US Bancorp Minneapolis Building
10.101	Agreement of Purchase and Sale for Aon Center Chicago Building
10.102	Lease Agreement with BP Corporation North America, Inc. and amendments thereto for a portion of the Aon Center Chicago Building
23.1	Consent of Holland & Knight LLP (included in exhibits 5.1 and 8.1)
23.2	Consent of Arthur Andersen LLP (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on April 8, 2002)
23.3	Consent of Ernst & Young LLP

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23.4	Consent of Ernst & Young LLP
24.1	Power of Attorney

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, the Registrant certifies that it has reasonable grounds to believe that it meets all the requirements for filing on Form S-11 and has duly caused this Post-Effective Amendment No. 4 to Registration Statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Norcross, and State of Georgia, on the 20th day of June, 2003.

WELLS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST, INC.

A Maryland corporation

(Registrant)

By: /s/ Leo F. Wells, III

Leo F. Wells, III, President

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this Post-Effective Amendment No. 4 to Registration Statement has been signed below on June 20, 2003 by the following persons in the capacities indicated.

Name	Title
/s/ Leo F. Wells, III Leo F. Wells, III	President and Director (Principal Executive Officer)
/s/ Douglas P. Williams Douglas P. Williams	Executive Vice President and Director (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)
/s/ John L. Bell * John L. Bell (By Douglas P. Williams, as Attorney-in-fact)	Director
/s/ Michael R. Buchanan * Michael R. Buchanan (By Douglas P. Williams, as Attorney-in-fact)	Director
/s/ Richard W. Carpenter * Richard W. Carpenter (By Douglas P. Williams, as Attorney-in-fact)	Director
/s/ Bud Carter * Bud Carter (By Douglas P. Williams, as Attorney-in-fact)	Director

/s/ William H. Keogler, Jr. *	Director
William H. Keogler, Jr. (By Douglas P. Williams, as Attorney-in-fact)	
/s/ Donald S. Moss *	Director
Donald S. Moss (By Douglas P. Williams, as Attorney-in-fact)	
/s/ Walter W. Sessoms *	Director
Walter W. Sessoms (By Douglas P. Williams, as Attorney-in-fact)	
/s/ Neil H. Strickland *	Director
Neil H. Strickland (By Douglas P. Williams, as Attorney-in-fact)	

* By Douglas P. Williams, as Attorney-in-fact, pursuant to Power of Attorney dated April 20, 2003 and included as Exhibit 24.1 herein.

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EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit No.	Description
1.1	Form of Dealer Manager Agreement (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 1 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on June 10, 2002)
1.2	Form of Warrant Purchase Agreement (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 1 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on June 10, 2002)
3.1	Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation dated as of July 1, 2000 (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on August 31, 2000)
3.2	Articles of Amendment to Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation dated as June 26, 2002 (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 2 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on July 15, 2002)
3.3	Bylaws (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 4 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-32099, filed on January 23, 1998)
3.4	Amendment No. 1 to Bylaws (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 5 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-32099, filed on April 15, 1999)
4.1	Form of Subscription Agreement and Subscription Agreement Signature Page (included as Exhibit A to Prospectus)
5.1	Opinion of Holland & Knight LLP as to legality of securities (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 2 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on July 15, 2002)
8.1	Opinion of Holland & Knight LLP as to tax matters (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 2 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on July 15, 2002)
8.2	Opinion of Holland & Knight LLP as to ERISA matters (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 2 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on July 15, 2002)
10.1	Advisory Agreement dated January 30, 2002 (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on April 8, 2002)
10.2	Amended and Restated Property Management and Leasing Agreement among Registrant, Wells Operating Partnership, L.P. and Wells Management Company, Inc. (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 2 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on December 18, 2000)
10.3	Amended and Restated Joint Venture Agreement of The Fund IX, Fund X, Fund XI and REIT Joint Venture (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 2 of the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-32099, filed on July 9, 1998)
10.4	Joint Venture Agreement of Wells/Fremont Associates (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 3 of the Registrant s

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	Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-32099, filed on August 14, 1998)
10.5	Joint Venture Agreement of Wells/Orange County Associates (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 3 of the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-32099, filed on August 14, 1998)
10.6	Amended and Restated Joint Venture Partnership Agreement of The Wells Fund XI-Fund XII REIT Joint Venture (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 1 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-83933, filed on November 17, 1999)
10.7	Joint Venture Partnership Agreement of Wells Fund XII-REIT Joint Venture Partnership (previously filed as Exhibit 10.11 and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 2 to Form S-11 Registration Statement of Wells Real Estate Fund XII, L.P. on Form S-11, Commission File No. 33-66657, filed on April 25, 2000)
10.8	Joint Venture Partnership Agreement of Fund VIII-IX-REIT Joint Venture (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on August 31, 2000)
10.9	Joint Venture Partnership Agreement of Wells Fund XIII-REIT Joint Venture Partnership (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 3 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on July 23, 2001)
10.10	Agreement of Limited Partnership of Wells Operating Partnership, L.P. as Amended and Restated as of January 1, 2000 (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Form 10-K of Registrant for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2000, Commission File No. 0-25739)
10.11	Amended and Restated Promissory Note for $15,500,000 for the SouthTrust Loan (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 4 of the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-32099, filed on January 15, 1999)
10.12	Amendment No. 1 to Mortgage and Security Agreement and other Loan Documents for the PwC Building securing the SouthTrust Loan (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 4 of the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-32099, filed on January 15, 1999)
10.13	Loan Agreement with SouthTrust Bank, N.A. for a $35,000,000 revolving line of credit dated May 3, 2000 (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 3 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-83933, filed on September 8, 2000)
10.14	Promissory Note for $35,000,000 to SouthTrust Bank, N.A. (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 3 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-83933, filed on September 8, 2000)
10.15	Allonge to Revolving Note relating to the SouthTrust Bank N.A. $32,393,000 revolving line of credit (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 2 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on December 18, 2000)
10.16	First Amendment to Revolving Loan Agreement and Other Loan Documents relating to the SouthTrust Bank N.A. $32,393,000 revolving line of credit (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 2 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on December 18, 2000)

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10.17	Second Note Modification Agreement relating to the SouthTrust Bank N.A. $12,844,000 revolving line of credit (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 2 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on December 18, 2000)
10.18	Second Amendment to Amended and Restated Loan Agreement and Other Loan Documents relating to the SouthTrust Bank N.A. $12,844,000 revolving line of credit (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 2 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on December 18, 2000)
10.19	Revolving Note relating to the SouthTrust Bank N.A. $19,003,000 revolving line of credit (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 2 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on December 18, 2000)
10.20	Revolving Loan Agreement relating to the SouthTrust Bank N.A. $19,003,000 revolving line of credit (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 2 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on December 18, 2000)
10.21	Amended and Restated Revolving Note relating to the SouthTrust Bank N.A. $7,900,000 revolving line of credit (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 2 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on December 18, 2000)
10.22	Amended and Restated Loan Agreement relating to the SouthTrust Bank N.A. $7,900,000 revolving line of credit (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 2 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on December 18, 2000)
10.23	Revolving Credit Agreement relating to the Bank of America, N.A. $85,000,000 revolving line of credit (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on April 8, 2002)
10.24	Construction Loan Agreement relating to the Bank of America, N.A. $34,200,000 construction loan (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on April 8, 2002)
10.25	Lease for the Eisenhower Blvd Tampa Building (formerly the PwC Building) (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 4 of the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-32099, filed on January 15, 1999)
10.26	Office Lease for the Matsushita Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 5 of the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-32099, filed on April 15, 1999)
10.27	Guaranty of Lease for the Matsushita Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 5 of the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-32099, filed on April 15, 1999)
10.28	Lease Agreement with Cinemark USA, Inc. for a portion of the Cinemark Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-83933, filed on March 15, 2000)

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10.29	Lease Agreement with The Coca-Cola Company for a portion of the Cinemark Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-83933, filed on March 15, 2000)
10.30	Lease Agreement for the Motorola Tempe Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 2 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-83933, filed on June 9, 2000)
10.31	First Amendment to Lease Agreement for the Motorola Tempe Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 2 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-83933, filed on June 9, 2000)
10.32	Ground Lease Agreement for the Motorola Tempe Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 2 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-83933, filed on June 9, 2000)
10.33	Lease Agreement for the Motorola Plainfield Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 1 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on December 1, 2000)
10.34	Lease Agreement with Stone & Webster, Inc. for a portion of the Stone & Webster Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on February 9, 2001)
10.35	Lease Agreement with Sysco Corporation for a portion of the Stone & Webster Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on February 9, 2001)
10.36	Lease Agreement for the Metris Minnesota Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on February 9, 2001)
10.37	Fourth Amendment to Lease Agreement for the Metris Minnesota Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on February 9, 2001)
10.38	Guaranty of Lease for the Metris Minnesota Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on February 9, 2001)
10.39	Lease Agreement for the Comdata Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 3 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on July 23, 2001)
10.40	First Amendment to Lease Agreement for the Comdata Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 3 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on July 23, 2001)
10.41	Lease Agreement for the State Street Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 4 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on October 23, 2001)

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10.42	Lease Agreement for the IKON Buildings (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 4 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on October 23, 2001)
10.43	First Amendment to Lease Agreement for the IKON Buildings (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 4 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on October 23, 2001)
10.44	Reinstatement of and Second Amendment to Lease Agreement for the IKON Buildings (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 4 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on October 23, 2001)
10.45	Agreement of Sale for the Nissan Property (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 4 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on October 23, 2001)
10.46	Lease Agreement for the Nissan Property (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 4 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on October 23, 2001)
10.47	Guaranty of Lease for the Nissan Property (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 4 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on October 23, 2001)
10.48	Development Agreement for the Nissan Property (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 4 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on October 23, 2001)
10.49	Design and Build Construction Agreement for the Nissan Property (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 4 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on October 23, 2001)
10.50	Indenture of Lease Agreement for Ingram Micro Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 4 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on October 23, 2001)
10.51	Guaranty of Lease Agreement for Ingram Micro Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 4 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on October 23, 2001)
10.52	Absolute Assignment of Lease and Assumption Agreement for Ingram Micro Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 4 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on October 23, 2001)
10.53	Bond Real Property Lease Agreement for the Ingram Micro Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 4 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on October 23, 2001)
10.54	Second Amendment to Lease Agreement for Matsushita Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 4 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on October 23, 2001)

10.55	Lease Agreement with TCI Great Lakes, Inc. for a portion of the Windy Point I Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 5 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on January 23, 2002)
10.56	First Amendment to Office Lease with TCI Great Lakes, Inc. (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 5 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on January 23, 2002)
10.57	Lease Agreement with Zurich American Insurance Company for the Windy Point II Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 5 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on January 23, 2002)
10.58	Third Amendment to Office Lease with Zurich American Insurance Company (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 5 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on January 23, 2002)
10.59	Lease Agreement with Arthur Andersen LLP for the Vertex Sarasota Building (formerly the Arthur Andersen Building) (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 5 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on January 23, 2002)
10.60	Lease Agreement with Transocean Deepwater Offshore Drilling, Inc. for a portion of the Transocean Houston Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 6 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on April 22, 2002)
10.61	Lease Agreement with Newpark Drilling Fluids, Inc. for a portion of the Transocean Houston Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 6 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on April 22, 2002)
10.62	Lease Agreement for the Dana Detroit Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 6 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on April 22, 2002)
10.63	Second Amendment to Lease Agreement for the Dana Detroit Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 6 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on April 22, 2002)
10.64	Lease Agreement for the Dana Kalamazoo Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 6 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on April 22, 2002)
10.65	Second Amendment to Lease Agreement for the Dana Kalamazoo Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 6 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-44900, filed on April 22, 2002)
10.66	Purchase and Sale Agreement for the Experian/TRW Buildings (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 1 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on June 10, 2002)
10.67	Lease Agreement for the Experian/TRW Buildings (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 1 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on June 10, 2002)

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10.68	Lease Amendment to Lease Agreement for the Experian/TRW Buildings (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 1 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on June 10, 2002)
10.69	Purchase and Sale Agreement and Escrow Instructions for the Agilent Boston Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 1 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on June 10, 2002)
10.70	Lease Agreement for the Agilent Boston Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 1 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on June 10, 2002)
10.71	Purchase and Sale Agreement for the TRW Denver Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 2 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on July 15, 2002)
10.72	Lease Agreement for the TRW Denver Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 2 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on July 15, 2002)
10.73	Purchase and Sale Agreement for the MFS Phoenix Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 2 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on July 15, 2002)
10.74	Lease Agreement for the MFS Phoenix Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 2 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on July 15, 2002)
10.75	Purchase and Sale Agreement for the ISS Atlanta Buildings (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 2 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on July 15, 2002)
10.76	Lease Agreement for the ISS Atlanta Buildings (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 2 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on July 15, 2002)
10.77	Amendment No. 5 to Lease Agreement for the ISS Atlanta Buildings (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 2 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on July 15, 2002)
10.78	Ground Lease Agreement for the ISS Atlanta Buildings (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 2 to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on July 15, 2002)
10.79	Purchase and Sale Agreement for the Nokia Dallas Buildings (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on October 25, 2002)
10.80	Lease Agreement for Building No. 1 of the Nokia Dallas Buildings (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on October 25, 2002)
10.81	Amendment to Lease Agreement for Building No. 1 of the Nokia Dallas Buildings (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on October 25, 2002)

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10.82	Lease Agreement for Building No. 2 of the Nokia Dallas Buildings (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on October 25, 2002)
10.83	Amendment to Lease Agreement for Building No. 2 of the Nokia Dallas Buildings (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on October 25, 2002)
10.84	Lease Agreement for Building No. 3 of the Nokia Dallas Buildings (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on October 25, 2002)
10.85	Amendment to Lease Agreement for Building No. 3 of the Nokia Dallas Buildings (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on October 25, 2002)
10.86	Agreement of Sale for the KeyBank Parsippany Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on October 25, 2002)
10.87	Lease Agreement with KeyBank U.S.A., N.A. for a portion of the KeyBank Parsippany Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on October 25, 2002)
10.88	Lease Agreement with Gemini Technology Services for a portion of the KeyBank Parsippany Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on October 25, 2002)
10.89	Amendment to Lease Agreement with Gemini Technology Services for a portion of the KeyBank Parsippany Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on October 25, 2002)
10.90	Purchase and Sale Agreement for NASA Buildings (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 2 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on January 24, 2003)
10.91	Lease Agreement with the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency and amendments thereto (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 2 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on January 24, 2003)
10.92	Lease Agreement with the United States of America (NASA) and amendments thereto (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 2 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on January 24, 2003)
10.93	Agreement of Purchase and Sale for Nestle Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 2 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on January 24, 2003)

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10.94	Loan Agreement for $90,000,000 loan assumed with Landesbank Schleswig-Holstein Gironzentrale, Kiel (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 2 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on January 24, 2003)
10.95	Lease Agreement for Nestle Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 2 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on January 24, 2003)
10.96	Various amendments to Lease Agreement for Nestle Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 2 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on January 24, 2003)
10.97	Agreement of Purchase and Sale for 150 West Jefferson Detroit Building (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 3 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on April 14, 2003)
10.98	$500,000,000 Credit Agreement for an unsecured line of credit with Bank of America, N.A. and a consortium of other banks, filed herewith
10.99	Real Estate Sale Agreement for US Bancorp Minneapolis Building, filed herewith
10.100	Lease Agreement with US Bancorp Piper Jaffray Companies, Inc. and amendments thereto for a portion of US Bancorp Minneapolis Building, filed herewith
10.101	Agreement of Purchase and Sale for Aon Center Chicago Building, filed herewith
10.102	Lease Agreement with BP Corporation North America, Inc. and amendments thereto for a portion of the Aon Center Chicago Building, filed herewith
23.1	Consent of Holland & Knight LLP (included in exhibits 5.1 and 8.1)
23.2	Consent of Arthur Andersen LLP (previously filed in and incorporated by reference to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-11, Commission File No. 333-85848, filed on April 8, 2002)
23.3	Consent of Ernst & Young LLP, filed herewith
23.4	Consent of Ernst & Young LLP, filed herewith
24.1	Power of Attorney, filed herewith