

Edgar Filing: PATIENT INFOSYSTEMS INC - Form 10-Q

PATIENT INFOSYSTEMS INC  
Form 10-Q  
May 15, 2002

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UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington D.C. 20549

FORM 10Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF  
THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended: March 31, 2002  
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OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF  
THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_  
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Commission file number: 0-22319  
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PATIENT INFOSYSTEMS, INC.  
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(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware  
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16-1476509  
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(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

46 Prince Street, Rochester, NY 14607  
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(Address of principal executive offices)  
(Zip Code)

(585) 242-7200  
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(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports  
required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of  
1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the  
registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such  
filing requirements for the last 90 days. Yes  No

As of May 15, 2002, 10,956,024 common shares were outstanding.

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION  
 Item 1. Consolidated Financial Statements

PATIENT INFOSYSTEMS, INC.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (UNAUDITED)

ASSETS	March 31, 2002
CURRENT ASSETS:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 46,330
Accounts receivable	261,011
Prepaid Insurance	47,771
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	30,675
Total current assets	385,787
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, net	435,013
Other assets, net	-
Intangible assets (net of accumulated amortization of \$335,579 and \$299,685)	287,145
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,107,945
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT	
CURRENT LIABILITIES:	
Accounts payable	\$ 96,596
Accrued salaries and wages	223,321
Borrowings from directors	4,323,500
Line of credit	2,500,000
Accrued expenses	527,003
Accrued interest	367,671
Deferred revenue	109,752
Total current liabilities	8,147,843
LINE OF CREDIT	-
STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT:	
Preferred stock - \$.01 par value: shares authorized: 5,000,000	
Series C, 9% cumulative, convertible	
issued and outstanding - 100,000	1,000
Common stock - \$.01 par value: shares authorized:	
20,000,000; issued and outstanding: March 31,	
2002 - 10,956,024; December 31, 2001 - 10,956,024	109,560
Additional paid-in capital	24,199,653
Accumulated deficit	(31,350,111)
Total stockholders' deficit	(7,039,898)

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TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT

\$ 1,107,945  
=====

See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

PATIENT INFOSYSTEMS, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2002	2001
	----	----
REVENUES		
Operations Fees	\$ 473,820	\$ 344,242
Development Fees	15,088	29,285
Licensing Fees	10,420	26,500
	-----	-----
Total revenues	499,328	400,027
	-----	-----
COSTS AND EXPENSES		
Cost of sales	487,853	707,292
Sales and marketing	178,375	224,919
General and administrative	350,136	546,182
Research and development	23,850	53,326
	-----	-----
Total costs and expenses	1,040,214	1,531,719
	-----	-----
OPERATING LOSS	(540,886)	(1,131,692)
OTHER EXPENSE, net (includes interest expense of \$121,015 and \$84,363 for the three months ended March 31, 2001 and 2002, respectively)	(120,635)	(84,201)
	-----	-----
NET LOSS	(661,521)	(1,215,893)
CONVERTIBLE PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDENDS	(22,500)	(22,500)
	-----	-----
NET LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO COMMON STOCKHOLDERS	\$ (684,021)	\$ (1,238,393)
	=====	=====
NET LOSS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED	\$ (0.06)	\$ (0.15)
	=====	=====

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WEIGHTED AVERAGE COMMON SHARES

10,956,024

8,220,202

=====

See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

PATIENT INFOSYSTEMS, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2002	Three En March
OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net loss	\$ (661,521)	\$ (1,2
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	109,701	3
Gain on sale of property	(400)	
Decrease in accounts receivable, net	12,780	
Decrease in prepaid insurance, expenses and other current assets	10,003	
(Decrease) increase in accounts payable	(14,422)	
Increase in accrued salaries and wages	46,703	
Increase in accrued expenses	112,439	
Decrease in deferred revenue	(13,388)	
	-----	
Net cash used in operating activities	(398,105)	(6
	-----	---
INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Property and equipment additions	(1,414)	
Proceeds from the sale of property	400	
	-----	
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,014)	
	-----	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Borrowing from directors	416,000	6
	-----	-
Net cash provided by financing activities	416,000	6
	-----	-
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	16,881	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	29,449	
	-----	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD	\$ 46,330	\$

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Supplemental disclosures of non-cash information		=====	
Dividend declared on Class C Convertible Preferred Stock	\$ 22,500	=====	\$

See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

PATIENT INFOSYSTEMS, INC.

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements for the period ended March 31, 2002

1. The accompanying consolidated financial statements for the three month periods ended March 31, 2002 and March 31, 2001 are unaudited and reflect all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position and operating results for the interim periods. These unaudited consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto, together with management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations contained in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001. Certain reclassifications of 2001 amounts have been made to conform to 2002 presentations. The results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2002 are not necessarily indicative of the results for the entire year ending December 31, 2002.
2. On March 28, 2002, the Company entered into an Amended and Restated Credit Agreement with Wells Fargo Bank Iowa, N.A., which extended the term of the \$2,500,000 credit facility to March 31, 2003, under substantially the same terms. Certain directors of the Company guaranteed this extension.
3. The Company borrowed \$416,000 for working capital from Mr. Pappajohn during the three month period ended March 31, 2002. From March 31, 2002 through May 15, 2002, the Company borrowed an additional \$240,000 from Mr. Pappajohn. A total of \$4,563,500 has been borrowed from Mr. Pappajohn and Dr. Schaffer, all of which is secured by the assets of the Company.

On March 25, 2002, Messrs. Pappajohn and Schaffer made a commitment to the Company to obtain the operating funds that the Company believes would be sufficient to fund its operations through December 31, 2002 based upon an operational forecast for the Company. As with any forward-looking projection, no assurances can be given concerning the outcome of the Company's actual financial status given the substantial uncertainties that exist. There can be no assurances given that Messrs. Pappajohn or Schaffer can raise either the required working capital through the sale of the Company's securities or that the Company can borrow the additional amounts needed.

4. The calculations for the basic and diluted loss per share were based upon loss attributable to common stockholders of \$684,021 and \$1,238,393 and a weighted average number of common shares of 10,956,024 and 8,220,202 for the three month periods ended March 31, 2002 and 2001 respectively. Options and warrants to purchase shares of common stock were outstanding but not included in the computation of diluted loss per share for the three month

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periods ended March 31, 2002 and 2001 because the effect would have been antidilutive due to the net loss in those periods.

5. The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. As shown in the accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements, the Company incurred a net loss for the three month period ended March 31, 2002 of \$684,021 and had an accumulated deficit of \$31,528,306 at March 31, 2002. These factors, among others, may indicate that the Company will be unable to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

The unaudited consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability of assets and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependant upon its ability to generate sufficient cash flow to meet its obligations. Management is currently assessing the Company's operating structure for the purpose of reducing ongoing expenses, increasing sources of revenue and is negotiating the terms of additional debt or equity financing.

6. On June 29, 2001, SFAS No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets" was issued by the FASB. SFAS No. 142 changes the accounting for goodwill from an amortization method to an impairment-only approach. Amortization of goodwill, including goodwill recorded in past business combinations, will cease upon adoption of this statement. The Company has adopted SFAS No. 142 on January 1, 2002 and there was no material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements resulting from the adoption.

Statement of Financial Accounting Standards("SFAS") 144 establishes a single accounting model for the impairment or disposal of long-lived assets, including discontinued operations. SFAS No. 144 superseded SFAS No. 121, "Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and for Long-Lived Assets to Be Disposed Of", and APB Opinion No. 30, "Reporting the Results of Operations - Reporting the Effects of Disposal of a Segment of a Business, and Extraordinary, Unusual and Infrequently Occurring Events and Transactions." The provisions of SFAS No. 144 are effective in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2001, with early adoption permitted, and in general are to be applied prospectively. There was no material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements resulting from the adoption of SFAS No. 144 in 2002.

### Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

Management's discussion and analysis provides a review of the Company's operating results for the three month periods ended March 31, 2002 and March 31, 2001 and its financial condition at March 31, 2002. The focus of this review is on the underlying business reasons for significant changes and trends affecting the revenues, net earnings and financial condition of the Company. This review should be read in conjunction with the accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements.

In an effort to give investors a well-rounded view of the Company's current condition and future opportunities, this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q includes forecasts by the Company's management about future performance and results.

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Because they are forward-looking, these forecasts involve uncertainties. These uncertainties include the Company's ability to continue its operations as a result of, among other things, continuing losses, working capital short falls, uncertainties with respect to sources of capital, risks of market acceptance of or preference for the Company's systems and services, competitive forces, the impact of, changes in government regulations, general economic factors in the healthcare industry and other factors discussed in the Company's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission including the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001.

### Results of Operations

#### Revenues

Revenues consist of revenues from operations, development fees and licensing fees. Revenues increased to \$499,328 from \$400,027 during the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively, or 24.8%.

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
Revenues	2002	2001
-----	----	----
Operations Fees		
Disease Management and Compliance	\$ 231,078	\$ 137,177
Demand Management	164,740	138,944
Surveys	48,465	50,121
Other	29,537	18,000
	-----	
Total Operations Fees	473,820	344,242
Development Fees	15,088	29,285
Licensing Fees	10,420	26,500
	-----	
Total Revenues	\$ 499,328	\$ 400,027
	-----	

Operations revenues are generated as the Company provides services to its customers. Operations revenues increased to \$473,820 from \$344,242 during the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively. Operations revenues continue to be the primary source of revenue for the Company. Operations revenues increased because the Company began providing services to new customers and because its volume of services to existing customers increased.

The Company has established relationships with several new customers and entered into a joint marketing relationship with one of its strategic partners. While the Company is now receiving increased revenues from these relationships are, no assurances can be given that such revenues will increase or continue at their current rate. The Company has identified other possible new customers, but there can be no assurance that such prospects will contribute revenue in the near term, if at all.

Development fee revenues decreased from \$29,285 to \$15,088 for the three month periods ended March 31, 2001 and 2002, respectively. This decline was due to decreased emphasis by the Company on generating revenue for the development of new programs. Development fee revenue represents the amounts that the Company charges its customers for the development of customized programs for which it anticipates on-going operations revenues. The Company has entered into new development agreements but anticipates that revenue from program development

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will remain relatively low in the future.

License fee revenues recognized from the Case Management Support System was \$10,420 and \$26,500 for the three month periods ended March 31, 2002 and 2001 respectively. The Company has not entered into any new licensing agreements for its Case Management Support System and the revenue for the current period reflects revenue from the existing agreements.

### Costs and Expenses

Cost of sales include salaries and related benefits, services provided by third parties, and other expenses associated with the implementation and delivery of the Company's standard and customized population, demand and disease management programs. Cost of sales for the three months ended March 31, 2002 was \$487,853 as compared to \$707,292 for the three month period ended March 31, 2001. The decrease in these costs primarily reflects savings derived from organizational changes in the Company's operational departments. The Company's gross margin, being total revenues over cost of sales, was positive for the three month period ended March 31, 2002. The Company anticipates that revenue must increase significantly before it will recognize further economies of scale. No assurance can be given that revenues will increase or that, if they do, they will continue to exceed costs and expenses.

Sales and marketing expenses consist primarily of salaries, related benefits, travel costs, sales materials and other marketing related expenses. Sales and marketing expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2002 were \$178,375 as compared to \$224,919 for the three month period ended March 31, 2001. Spending in this area has decreased due to the termination of staff. The Company anticipates expansion of the Company's sales and marketing staff and expects it will continue to invest in the sales and marketing process, and that such expenses related to sales and marketing may increase in future periods.

General and administrative expenses include the costs of corporate operations, finance and accounting, human resources and other general operating expenses of the Company. General and administrative expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2002 were \$350,136, as compared to \$546,182 for the three month period ended March 31, 2001. These expenditures have been incurred to maintain the corporate infrastructure necessary to support anticipated program operations. The decrease in these costs during the period reflected a lower amount of debt issuance cost amortization. The amortization expense recorded was \$8,934 and \$192,750 for the three month periods ended March 31, 2002 and 2001 respectively. Without these charges, general and administrative costs would have decreased from \$353,432 to \$341,202 for the three month periods ended March 31, 2001 and 2002, respectively.

Research and development expenses consist primarily of salaries and related benefits and administrative costs associated with the development of certain components of the Company's integrated information capture and delivery system, as well as development of the Company's standardized disease management programs and the Company's Internet based technology products. Research and development expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2002 were \$23,850, as compared to \$53,326 for the three months ended March 31, 2001.

The Company recorded other expenses of \$120,635 for the three month period ended March 31, 2002 as compared to \$84,201 for the three month period ended March 31, 2001, principally due to the increase of interest expenses on debt.

### Income (loss)

The Company had a net loss attributable to the common shareholders after preferred stock dividends, of \$684,021 for the three month period ended March 31, 2002 compared to \$1,238,393 for the three month period ended March 31, 2001.

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This represents a net loss per common share of \$.06 for the first quarter of 2002, as compared to a net loss of \$.15 per common share in the first quarter of 2001.

### Liquidity and Capital Resources

At March 31, 2002 the Company had a working capital deficit of \$7,039,898 as compared to \$3,855,878 at December 31, 2001. Through March 31, 2002, these amounts reflect the effects of the Company's continuing losses as well as increased borrowings, \$2,500,000 of which was considered to be a long-term liability at December 31, 2001 but is classified as a current liability at March 31, 2002. Since its inception, the Company has primarily funded its operations, working capital needs and capital expenditures from the sale of equity securities or the incurrence of debt.

On March 28, 2002, the Company entered into an Amended and Restated Credit Agreement with Wells Fargo Bank Iowa, N.A., which extended the term of the \$2,500,000 credit facility to March 31, 2003, under substantially the same terms. Certain directors of the Company guaranteed this extension.

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The Company has expended substantial amounts to expand its operational capabilities and strengthen its infrastructure, which at the same time has increased its administrative and technical costs. In addition, the Company's cash has been steadily depleted as a result of operating losses. The Company anticipates that its losses will continue and, but for the continuing loans from Mr. Pappajohn, the Company has no available capital. Accordingly, the Company has been required to seek capital to maintain its operations. The Company is continuing its efforts to identify additional capital privately, which may involve the sale of convertible preferred stock or further debt equity. No assurance can be given that the Company will successfully raise the necessary funds. Any additional financing, which includes the issuance of additional securities of the Company, may be dilutive to the Company's existing stockholders. If the Company is unable to identify additional capital, it will be required to cease operations.

### Inflation

Inflation did not have a significant impact on the Company's costs during the three periods ended March 31, 2002 and March 31, 2001. The Company continues to monitor the impact of inflation in order to minimize its effects through pricing strategies, productivity improvements and cost reductions.

### Forward Looking Statements

When used in this and in future filings by the Company with the Securities

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and Exchange Commission, in the Company's press releases and in oral statements made with the approval of an authorized executive officer of the Company, the words or phrases "will likely result," "expects," "plans," "will continue," "is anticipated," "estimated," "project," or "outlook" or similar expressions (including confirmations by an authorized executive officer of the Company of any such expressions made by a third party with respect to the Company) are intended to identify "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. The Company wishes to caution readers not to place undue reliance on any such forward-looking statements, each of which speak only as of the date made. Such statements are subject to certain risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from historical earnings and those presently anticipated or projected. These uncertainties include the Company's ability to continue its operations as a result of, among other things, continuing losses, working capital short falls, uncertainties with respect to sources of capital, risks of market acceptance of or preference for the Company's systems and services, competitive forces, the impact of, changes in government regulations, general economic factors in the healthcare industry and other factors discussed in the Company's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission including the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001. The Company has no obligation to publicly release the result of any revisions, which may be made to any forward-looking statements to reflect anticipated or unanticipated events or circumstances occurring after the date of such statements.

### Accounting Pronouncements

On June 29, 2001, SFAS No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets" was issued by the FASB. SFAS No. 142 changes the accounting for goodwill from an amortization method to an impairment-only approach. Amortization of goodwill, including goodwill recorded in past business combinations, will cease upon adoption of this statement. The Company has adopted SFAS No. 142 on January 1, 2002 and there was no material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements resulting from the adoption.

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### Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

The Company is exposed to changes in interest rates primarily in its cash transactions. The interest paid on the Company's outstanding line of credit is based upon the prime rate. The Company has the option of reducing its interest expenses by rolling the outstanding line of credit balance into notes that carry a rate equal to LIBOR plus 1.75%.

## PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

### Item 2. Changes in Securities and Use of Proceeds

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Borrowing from directors

The Company borrowed \$416,000 for working capital from Mr. Pappajohn during the three month period ended March 31, 2002. From March 31, 2002 through May 15, 2002, the Company borrowed an additional \$240,000 from Mr. Pappajohn. A total of \$4,563,500 has been borrowed from Mr. Pappajohn and Dr. Schaffer, all of which is secured by the assets of the Company.

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Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

Exhibits:

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- (a) (11) Statements of Computation of Per Share Earnings
- (b) No reports on Form 8-K were filed during the quarter ended March 31, 2002

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Dated: May 15, 2002

PATIENT INFOSYSTEMS, INC.  
(Registrant)

Date: May 15, 2002

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/s/ Roger L. Chaufournier

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Roger L. Chaufournier  
Director, President and  
Chief Executive Officer

Date: May 15, 2002

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/s/ Kent A. Tapper

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Kent A. Tapper  
Principal Accounting Officer

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Exhibit 11. Statement of Computation of Per Share Earnings

PATIENT INFOSYSTEMS, INC.

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2002	2001
	----	----
Net loss	\$ (661,521)	\$ (1,215,893)
Convertible preferred Stock dividends	(22,500)	(22,500)
Net loss attributable to Common Stockholders	\$ (684,021)	\$ (1,238,393)
	-----	-----
Weighted average common shares	10,956,024	8,220,202
	-----	-----
Net loss per share - Basic and diluted	\$ (0.06)	\$ (0.15)
	=====	=====